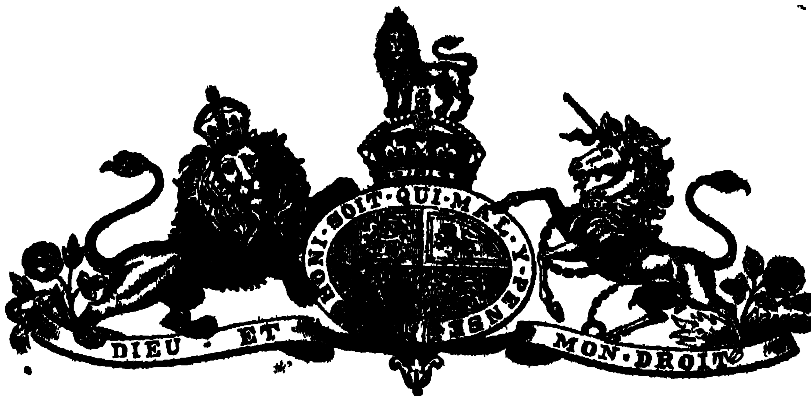
INDIA-GAZZ

APR TO JUNE

1912

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 14.} **SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1912.**

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	397—410
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General Department of Commerce and Industry Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General North West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	443—471
PART III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations .	27
PART VI.—Proceedings of the Council of the Governor General of India assembled for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations—	
Proceedings of 22nd March 1912—	
Questions and Answers . . .	557—563
Budget for 1912-13	564
Suspension of Rules of Business .	564
Gold Currency	565—577
Gold Standard Reserve	577—586
Indian Companies Bill	586—592
Appendix	592
Proceedings of 25th March 1912—	
Questions and Answers	593—594
Bengal, Behar, and Assam Laws Bill	594—596
Budget for 1912-13 . . .	596—638
Appendix	639
SUPPLEMENT No. 14—	
Indian Customs Revenue	899—900
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 30th March 1912 . .	901—908
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday, the 4th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period .	909—910
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 30th March 1912	911—912
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 16th March 1912 . . .	913
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways .	914—915

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd April, 1912.

No. 19.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. C. L. Fyffe, of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 1st April, 1912.

No. 410.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that—

(*a*) the district of Darjeeling is transferred to the Rajshahi Division, which has been incorporated in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal by Proclamation published under Notification No. 290, dated the 22nd March 1912, and

(*b*) save as aforesaid, the Divisions of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, of the Province of Bihar and Orissa and of the Province of Assam, as actually existing immediately before the date of this notification for administrative, revenue and general purposes, shall continue until further orders.

No. 411.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause *First* of section 4 of the Bengal Board of Revenue Regulation, 1822 (III of 1822), as applied by section 4 of the Bengal, Bihar and Orissa and Assam Laws Act, 1912 (VII of 1912), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Board of Revenue for the province of Bihar and Orissa shall consist of two members.

No 412.—In exercise of the powers conferred by clause *First* of section 4 of the Bengal Revenue Commissioners Regulation, 1829 (I of 1829), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Board of Revenue for the Province of Bihar and Orissa shall ordinarily be stationed at the head-quarters for the time being of the Local Government.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 3rd April, 1912.

No. 280.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel F. O'Kinealy, I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

PUBLIC.

The 4th April, 1912.

No. 893.—Under the provisions of section 9 of the statute 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that His Excellency's Council shall assemble at Simla in the jurisdiction of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab.

H. WHEELER,

Offg Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 29th March 1912.

No. 2274-*F. E.*—Mr. F. J. Pruce, an officer of the Indian Finance Department attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, furlough for 6 months with effect from the 11th March 1912.

No. 2280-*F. E.*—Mr J. L. DeVine, Assistant Comptroller General, in charge of Paper Currency, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 1 month and 15 days and, in continuation, furlough for 1 year 10 months and 15 days with effect from the 22nd March 1912.

Mr. G C. Wolfe has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General in charge of Paper Currency, Calcutta, with effect from the 22nd March 1912.

The 1st April, 1912.

No. 2303-*F. E.*—Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur was appointed substantively as Deputy Comptroller General with effect from the 9th April 1910.

The 3rd April, 1912.

No. 2312-*F. E.*—The following promotions and reversions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

In modification of the Notification in this Department No. 1256-F. E., dated the 23rd February 1912, Mr. L. B. Ward is confirmed provisionally in class V (old scale) of the general list with effect from the 7th October 1911.

With effect from the 18th February 1912, Mr. Narayan Chandra Roy to revert to class II of Chief Accountants.

The 4th April, 1912.

No. 2340-*F. E.*—Mr. G. H Bailey is appointed Audit Officer, Temporary Works, Delhi, with effect from 1st April 1912 and until further orders.

Mr. Balkishen, an Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, is appointed Chief Superintendent, class II, temporary, with effect from the 17th February 1912 and is posted to the office of the Audit Officer, Royal Visit Accounts, with effect from the same date.

R. W. GILLAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2343 *F. E.*—The Hon'ble Sir James Meston, K C S.I., I C S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months 19 days and, in continuation, furlough for 3 months 11 days, with effect from the 28th March 1912.

Mr. R. W. Gillan, C.S.I., I.C.S., has been appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department with effect from the 28th March 1912 and until further orders.

F. W. JOHNSTON,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2344-*F. E.*—Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, I.C S., is appointed to officiate as Comptroller and Auditor General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, with effect from the 26th March 1912.

R. W. GILLAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 4th April, 1912.

No. 281-*Accts.*—In Finance Department (Military Finance) Gazette Notification No. 222-Accts. Camp, dated the 14th March 1912, *for* "18th April 1912" *read* "15th April 1912".

No. 282-*Accts.*—Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 9th April 1912.

No. 283-*Accts.*—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 26th March 1912, consequent on the return of Mr. A. E. O'Hara from deputation.

Babu Satyendra Nath Auditya, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to his own grade.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

CUSTOMS.

Simla, the 6th April, 1912.

No. 2681—21.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 9 of the Indian Tariff Act, 1894 (VIII of 1894), the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the Notifications of the Government of India in the Finance and Commerce Department, No. 1327-S.R., dated the 20th March 1899, and No. 2026-S.R., dated the 25th March 1904, so far as they impose, under sections 8-A. and 8-B., of the said Act, additional and special import duties on sugar produced in or exported from Denmark.

POST OFFICE.

The 6th April, 1912.

No. 2694 62.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in rule 150 of the rules issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry No. 7397-225, dated the 5th August 1908, as subsequently amended, namely:—

For the words "'Certificate of posting for letters' or 'Certificate of posting for parcels', as the case may require", in the second paragraph of this rule *substitute* "Certificate of posting".

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 6th April, 1912.

No. 2714-2.—Mr. H. F. Howard, I.C.S., a Collector in Class II of the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 9th May 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

INDUSTRIES.

The 6th April, 1912.

No. 2722-8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Association, to appoint Mr. H. W. Carr of Messrs. Balmer Lawrie and Company to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. W. Warrington.

No. 2773-8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Assam Branch, Indian Tea Association, to appoint Mr. R. N. Farquharson of the Assam Company, Nazira Post Office, Sibsagar, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. W. Skinner.

A. C. McWATTERS,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th April 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 292.—The Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 13th March 1912:—

To be Aide-de-Camp.

Captain A. A. Tod, 2nd Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own).

STAFF.

No. 293.—Major-General F. J. Aylmer, V.C., C.B., British Service, to be Adjutant General in India, *vice* Lieutenant-General Sir A. A. Barrett, K.C.B., K.C.V.O., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 25th March 1912.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 294.—Major V. de V Hunt, Indian Army, has been granted combined leave for one year, the first month and twenty-nine days being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 14th March 1912.

No. 295.—Captain R. Scott, Indian Army, has been granted three months' privilege leave, combined with furlough for nine months, under the military leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army; with effect from the 13th March 1912.

Pension service—14th year commenced on 28th May 1911.

No 296—With reference to Army Department Notifications No. 741, dated the 2nd September 1910, No. 164, dated the 3rd March 1911, and No. 760, dated the 8th September 1911, Captain G. C. B. Musgrave, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, a further extension of leave on medical certificate, to the 7th August 1912.

No. 297.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 257, dated the 7th April 1911, Major F. G. A. Wimberley, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave for seven days, one day being furlough and six days extraordinary leave without pay.

No. 298.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 337, dated the 28th April 1911, Major P. N. Leslie, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave till joining for duty.

No. 299.—With reference to Army Department Notifications No. 336, dated the 28th April 1911, and No 103, dated the 9th February 1912, Major R. H. Palin, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, a further extension of furlough for four days.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 300.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 5th March 1912, page 1663.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,
5th March 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

COMMANDS AND STAFF.

* * * * * * * *

The undermentioned Officers are appointed to the personal Staff of Lieutenant-General Sir D. Haig, K.C.I.E., K.C.V.O., C.B. Dated 1st March 1912:—

* * * * * * * *

As Aides-de-Camp:

Captain Harry B. D. Baird, 12th Cavalry, Indian Army.

* * * * * * * *

"London Gazette," dated the 15th March 1912, pages 1922 and 1923.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,

March 15, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Army Departments:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 20th July 1911.

William Hamilton Padday, 36th Sikhs.

Dated 18th January 1912.

Kenneth Barge, 17th Cavalry.

Dated 21st January 1912.

James Gabriel Lancaster Ranking, Civil employ.

Ralph Bagnall, 74th Punjabis.

William Robert Clavey Griffith, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Donald George Sandeman, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's).

Montagu Claude Gribbon, 67th Punjabis.

William Noel Atkinson, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Stanley van Buren Laing, 76th Punjabis.

Lawrence Gall, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force).

James Gordon Rae, 123rd Outram's Rifles.

Hubert Charlton Rome, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Cyril de Montfort Wellborne, Civil employ.

Walter Gerard Palmer, 113th Infantry.

Guy Channer, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Claude Matthew Thompson, Survey of India.

James de Swinton Spooner, 83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Henry Whitten Hickie, 84th Punjabis.

Geoffery Bowyer Somers Lewis, 37th Dogras.

Otho Charles Ward, 124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Claude Mackinnon Hawes, 20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

Arthur Stanley Meek, Political employ.

John North Dalrymple Dick-Lauder, 16th Cavalry.

William Holland Hastings, 92nd Punjabis.

John Gage Lecky, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Geoffrey Howson, 4th Cavalry.

Frederic Baring Leman, 86th Carnatic Infantry.

Claud John Eyre Auchinleck, 62nd Punjabis.

Robert Foster Dill, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Thomas Henry Stainton, 119th Infantry (The Mooltan Regiment).

Hugh Clervaux Chaytor, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Charles Alexander Chandos Mackenzie, 20th Deccan Horse.

Oswald Harvey Radford, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Reginald Baron Boyce, 12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Hubert Rowley Hadow, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Ivan Dayrell Meredith Hogg, The 101st Grenadiers.

George Eyre Bruce, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Thomas William Kirkwood, 17th Cavalry.

Robert Daubeney Ottley Hill, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Roger Edward Harenc, 4th Cavalry.

Guy Giffard Oliver, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

David George Bromilow, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Deputy Commissaries with the honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 8th July 1911.

James Ruck.

Henry Thomas Gasson.

Deputy Commissaries with the honorary rank of Captain to be Commissaries with the honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 2nd October 1911.

James Ruck.

Henry Thomas Gasson.

Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Deputy Commissaries with the honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 2nd October 1911.

Ernest Price.

Dated 6th November 1911.

George Farrington.

Conductors to be Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Dated 8th July 1911.

George Ellard Brand.

Dated 2nd October 1911.

Charles Henry Briant.

Dated 6th November 1911.

Benjamin Selman.

NOTE.—The grant of the temporary rank of Major to Captain William Marshall Fordham, Indian Army, whilst employed as Military Attaché, Tehran, notified in the London Gazette of the 26th January 1912, has effect from 11th October 1911.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army:—

Lieutenant to be Lieutenant.

Owen Gough, 12th Cavalry, from the East Lancashire Regiment. Dated 9th December 1911, but to rank from 9th January 1910.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Brevet Colonel Edward Leigh Holloway. Dated 25th February 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Beaufoy Thornhill, K.C.I.E. Dated 7th January 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel William Hatton Hildebrand. Dated 17th February 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Cecil Pender Griffiths Griffin, D.S.O. Dated 1st March 1912.

NOTE.—The transfer of Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Henry Beaufoy Thornhill, K.C.I.E., to the Unemployed Supernumerary List, notified in the London Gazette of the 23rd January 1912, is hereby cancelled.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel Earnest Wickham Hore, M.B. Dated 7th December 1911.

Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Thomson, M.D. Dated 1st February 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Frank Cecil Clarkson. Dated 1st March 1912.

Captain Arthur Falconer Hayden, M.B., F.R.C.S. Dated 23rd January 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain James Johnstone. Dated 22nd November 1911.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Patrick Kelly. Dated 4th March 1912.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 301.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

To be Colonel.

2nd January 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel and Brevet-Colonel Thomas Aylet Harrison.
Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Henry Eustace, D.S.O.
Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Stanhope Cobbe, V.C., D.S.O.
Lieutenant-Colonel William Henry Millar.
Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Marling Cartwright.

14th January 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Benjamin Holloway.

Lieutenant-Colonel FitzJames Maine Edwards, D.S.O.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 302.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 20th March 1912 :—

Alfred Glen Cowper.

Edward Cordeiro.

Frederick George Hardaker.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 303.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar (Supernumerary 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar), Ram Datt Awasthi (E) is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 641, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Gauri Shankar (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Kadir Beg, retired; with effect from the 10th March 1912.

No 304.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar (Supernumerary 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar), Niaz Ali Khan (E) is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 645, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ilahi-bakhsh (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Ramzan Ali, superannuated; with effect from the 10th March 1912.

(E) Passed in English.

Madras Establishment.

No. 305.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 31st March 1912 —

No 1348, Mareddi Joseph.

No 1350, Gudalore Ranganaaykulu Nayudu.

No. 306.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 31st March 1912.—

No. 1397, Dumpooi Penchaloo Nayudu.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 307.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Henry Gibbons, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 308.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Havildar (Orderly Room Clerk) Muhammad Khan, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated the 1st April 1912.

No. 309.—The following direct appointment is made, with effect from the date specified :—

56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Muhammad Aslam Khan to be a Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Firoz Khan, seconded for service with the King's African Rifles; with effect from the 4th February 1912.

No. 310.—The following promotions are made :—

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Ressaidar Hira Singh to be Risaldar and Jemadar Albel Singh to be Ressaidar, *vice* Kalandar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th March 1912.

29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Risaldar Muhammad Husain Khan to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Har Phul to be Risaldar, Jemadar and Woordie-Major Badan Singh to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Mukat Ram to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Muhammad Afzal Husain, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st January 1912.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Risaldar Rup Chand to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Santa Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Udham Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Sundar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Hukum Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Jemadar Kanhaiya Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Nihal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Pakhar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

6th Jat Light Infantry.

Subadar Gugan, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Neki Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Shiulal (II) to be Jemadar, *vice* Rekha Ram, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

9th Bhopal Infantry.

Jemadar Partab Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Sawai Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sajjan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 25th February 1912.

11th Rajputs.

Havildar-Major Manbhari Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Dwarka Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th February 1912.

19th Punjabis.

Havildar Abdullah Shah to be Jemadar, *vice* Dilawar Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

23rd Sikh Pioneers.

Jemadar Kala Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Sohan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jiwan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

29th Punjabis.

Subadar Kesar Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Pahlwan Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Roshan Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mihr Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 11th March 1912.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Subadar Nur Khan, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Gangayya to be Subadar and Havildar Veerappen to be Jemadar, *vice* Rangayya, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 28th February 1912.

Havildar Duraisami to be Jemadar, *vice* Ponnusami, deceased; with effect from the 28th December 1911.

74th Punjabis.

Color-Havildar Wilayat Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Baz Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th December 1911.

75th Carnatic Infantry.

Jemadar Munisami to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Ramanjulu to be Jemadar, *vice* Muttusami, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 3rd February 1912.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

Color-Havildar Gurusami to be Jemadar, *vice* Govindarajulu, promoted; with effect from the 17th November 1911.

Havildar Venkatsami to be Jemadar, *vice* Gopalsami, promoted; with effect from the 23rd November 1911.

102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers.

Jemadar Bindraban Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Tota Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Harphul Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st February 1912.

117th Mahrattas.

Jemadar Sakharam Rao Jagtap, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Babu Farab to be Jemadar, *vice* Shiuram Rao Ghag, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 20th December 1911.

Jemadar Vittal Chande to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Bhau Malusre to be Jemadar, *vice* Ramji Mhapdi, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 20th December 1911.

124th Duchess of Connaught's Own Baluchistan Infantry.

Color-Havildar Ghulam Haider and Havildar Bhola Singh to be Jemadars, consequent on the regiment proceeding to China; with effect from the 24th May 1911.

Color-Havildar Nur Muhammad to be Jemadar, *vice* Bagh Ali, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th February 1912.

2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Subadar Man Sing Bohra to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ratan Sing Gurung to be Subadar and Havildar Fateh Sing Newar to be Jemadar, *vice* Narbahadur Gurung, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

Jemadar Gopal Sing Rawat to be Subadar and Havildar Dalpati Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Asram Gurung, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 311.—The following promotion is made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps:—

To be Risaldar.

Ressaidar Fateh Singh of the Ferozepore District.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 312.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Penry Montague Prichard, Unemployed Supernumerary List, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 313.—Colonel Douglas ffrench-Mullen, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bengal, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 25th March 1912.

CANTONMENTS.

TAXATION.

No. 314.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Landour Cantonment the provisions of sections 131 (*d*), (*e*), (*f*), 132 (*1*) and 133 of the United Provinces Municipalities Act, 1900 (United Provinces Act I of 1900), in the restricted and modified form set forth below:—

1. Additional power to make rules (section 131).

1. The cantonment authority may make rules:—

(1) for rendering licences necessary within the cantonment—

(i) for persons working as job porters for the conveyance of goods;

(ii) for animals, vehicles, jhampans, or the like let out on hire for a day or part thereof; and

(iii) for persons impelling or carrying such vehicles, jhampans or the like;

(2) for fixing the conditions on which such licences are to be granted and may be revoked; and

(3) for regulating the charges to be made for the services of such job porters as aforesaid, and for the hire of such animals, vehicles, jhampans or the like, and for the remuneration of persons who impel or carry such vehicles or jhampans.

2. Penalty for infringement of rules made under the above section (section 132).

In making any rule under the above section the cantonment authority may direct that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of the first conviction during which the offender is proved to have persisted in the offence.

3. Previous publication, etc., of rules (section 133).

(1) Every power to make rules conferred on the cantonment authority by the above sections, is subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(2) No such rule shall have effect until it has been confirmed by the Local Government and published in the Gazette.

(3) The Local Government may, in confirming a rule under sub-section (2), make such change in its form as it may deem fit.

(4) The Local Government may cancel its confirmation of any such rule, and thereupon the rule shall cease to have effect.

JUDICIAL.

No. 315.—The following correction is made in the First Appendix to the Rules published in Army Department Notification No. 911, dated the 3rd November 1911 :—

In note * to Form No. III, under the heading "Reserve", *for* "All others—5 years" *read* "All others—3 years".

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 4th April 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 2nd and 26th March 1912 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
84th Punjabis	Captain Chas. Swainson D'Aguilar.	21st March 1912.	Rawalpindi	...	......
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon William Henry Brumby.	1st March 1912.	Lingah (Persian Gulf).	...	Was on quarantine duty, Lingah.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 17th and 26th March 1912.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
James William Drever*.	Lieutenant-Colonel.	62nd Punjabis	3rd November 1911.	Intestate	10,289 9 5	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bengal.

* *Widow*—Mrs. Grace Hardie Drever.
Daughter—Annie Rose Drever.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

4

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 4th April 1912.

No. 18.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant M. P. Cooper, Royal Indian Marine,—1 month (private affairs).

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.
SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 4th April 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 30th March 1912 is published for general information.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	130	107
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	3	2
		Kaira District	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Rewa Kantha Agency	...	...
		Bulsar Port	1	...
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	15	12
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	5	4
		Bandra Port	2	2
		Mahim „	4	2
		Bassein „	1	1
		Thana „	1	1
		Thana District	2	4
	Central	Ahmednagar District	5	4
		West Khandesh	24	21
		East Khandesh District	43	43
		Nasik District	44	42
		Poona City	8	6
		Poona District	5	2
		Satara „	88	64
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	5	3
	Southern	Panvel Port	3	3
		Kolaba District	9	5
		Vengurla Port	2	2
		Ratnagiri District	4(a)	3(a)
		Belgaum „	68	51
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	31	20
		Kanara „	15	13
		Bijapur „	175	150
		Bijapur Agency	16	10
		Savantvadi State	...	...

(a) Figures for two weeks.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	88	65
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur ,,	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	11	9
		Cutch State	...	1
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	1	1
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	54	44
		Satara Agency	2	2
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		TOTAL	865	600
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	11(a)	5
		North Arcot ,,	46(c)	30(c)
		South Arcot ,,	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	26	23
		Mangalore Town and Port	22(b)	18(b)
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	4(b)	2(a)
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	13(a)	6
		Godavri ,,	2(b)	2(b)
		The Nilgiris ,,	7	2
		Salem District	20	15
		Sandur State	...	...
		TOTAL	151	103

(a) One imported. | (b) Two imported. | (c) Three imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	14	11
		Bankura	...	...
		Howrah Town	...	...
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	6 (c)	5 (c)
		Calcutta	145 (a)	133
	Patna	Patna Town	267	267
		Patna District	424	364
		Gaya Town	24	24
		Gaya District	188	172
		Shahabad District	412	251
	Tirhut	Saran District	1,594	1,486
		Champaran District	2	...
		Muzaffarpur District	201	190
		Darbhanga District	210	199
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	40	40
		Monghyr District	248	210
		Bhagalpur Town	87	55
		Bhagalpur District	63	48
		Sonthal Parganas District	...	...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	3,925	3,455
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	3	1
		Saharanpur District	46	34
		Muzaffarnagar District	86	71
		Meerut City	11	7
		Meerut District	10	5
		Bulandshahr District	19	24
		Aligarh District	11	5
	Agra	Muttra District	12	7
		Agra City	4 (b)	4 (b)
		Agra District	10	10
		Farrukhabad City	16	16
		Farrukhabad District	17	15
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	10	10
		Etawah District	26	26
		Etah District	8	8
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	1	2
		Bareilly District	4	4
		Bijnor District	42	40
		Budaun District	10	10
		Moradabad District	103	76
		Shahjahanpur City	1	1
		Shahjahanpur District	32	27
		Pilibhit District	53	53

(a) One imported.
(b) Two imported.
(c) Three imported.

In the return for the week ending 2nd March 1911 read 0—1 against Bankura.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Forts.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	47	47
		Cawnpur District	73	72
		Fatehpur ,,	28	19
		Hamirpur ,,	...	...
		Allahabad City	43	33
		Allahabad District	140	133
		Jhansi City	17	14
		Jhansi District	30	19
		Jalaun ,,	50	28
	Benares	Benares City	91	98
		Benares District	91	89
		Mirzapur ,,	1	1
		Jaunpur ,,	88	120
		Ghazipur ,,	434	435
		Ballia ,,	1,373	1,359
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	479	462
		Basti ,,	319	263
		Azamgarh ,,	1,074	1,060
	Kumaun	Naini Tal ,,	2	2
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	52	52
		Lucknow District	112	112
		Unao ,,	365	339
		Rae Bareli ,,	152	145
		Sitapur ,,	208	171
		Hardoi ,,	79	75
		Kheri ,,	85	31
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	..	...
		Fyzabad District	113	110
		Gonda ,,	45	26
		Bahraich ,,	95	76
		Sultanpur ,,	41	36
		Partabgarh ,,	53	53
		Bara Banki ,,	323	308
		TOTAL	6,628	6,214
PUNJAB	Delhi	Delhi City	1	...
		Delhi District	15	13
		Gurgaon ,,	82	84
		Rohtak ,,	192	140
		Karnal ,,	202	168
		Hissar ,,	187	131
		Ambala ,,	54	53
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	75	66
		Jullundur City	...	1
		Jullundur District	154	83
		Ludhiana ,,	84	61
		Ferozepore ,,	95	93

The number of cases and deaths in Benares City, and the Basti and Fyzabad Districts during the week ending 23rd March 1912 should be 121—109, 377—305 and 107—103 and not as shown in the return for that week.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore ...	Gurdaspur District	74	52
		Sialkot District	19	18
		Gujranwala District	67	49
		Lahore District	6	4
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	126	100
		Shahpur District	69	44
		Jhelum "	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	...	...
		Attock District	9	3
	Multan	Montgomery District	14	1
		Lyallpur "	21	2
		Jhang "	6	6
		Multan "	11	4
		Muzaffargarh District	...	...
	...	Patiala City	...	...
		Patiala State	168	161
		Jind State	45	28
		Kapurthala State	15	9
		Kalsia	11	5
		Malerkotla	...	...
		TOTAL	1,743	1,328
BURMA	Pegu ...	Rangoon Town	11	10
		Hanthawaddy District	...	...
		Pegu District	4	4
		Tharrawaddy District	...	...
		Prome District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	...	...
		Bassein District	2	2
		Myaungmya District	8	8
		Maubin "	16	13
		Pyapon "	2	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton District	3	2
		Amherst District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	4	4
	Magwe ...	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District	...	...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	...
		Mandalay District	...	...
		Bhamo District	5	5
	Sagaing ...	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	...
		Yamethin District	4	4
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	59	54
EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM	Dacca ...	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	234	212
		Nagpur District	96	71
		Kamptee Cantonment	39	37
		Bhandara Town	...	1
		Bhandara District	78	69
		Wardha Town	19	12
		Wardha District	11	8
		Chanda "	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	36	26
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	10	10
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	1	1
		Jubbulpore District	179	143
		Saugor Town	1	...
		Saugor District	20	14
		Damoh Town	16	9
		Damoh District	49	32
		Seoni Town	7	5
		Seoni District	48	44
		Mandla "	7	4
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	23	13
		Khandwa Town	...	...
		Nimar District	38	19
		Narsingpur Town	...	...
		Narsingpur District	54	43
		Badnur Town	3	1
		Betul "	...	...
		Betul District	12	10
		Chhindwara Town	1	1
		Chhindwara District	81	64
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	61	46
		Raipur District	14	13
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti Town	...	...
		Amraoti District	...	...
		Yeotmal "	...	...
		Akola "	...	...
		Buldana "	1	1
		Nandgaon State	1	1
		TOTAL	1,130	891
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	7	6
		Bangalore City	7	5
		Bangalore District	14	11
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	1	1
		Hassan "	4	5
		Kadur "	2	5
		Kolar "	12	10
		Kolar Gold Fields	6	4
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	11	7
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	64	54

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	22	19
		Raichur "	750	567
		Aurangabad "	12	4
		Nizamabad "	62	56
		Gulbarga "	4	3
		Bidar "	32	32
		Parbhani "	9	9
		Atrafibalda "	3	...
		Nander "	63	48
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	47	36
		Bir District	1	1
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	23	21
		Nalgonda "	7	7
		Warangal "	31	28
		Karimnagar District	5	5
		Mahbubnagar "	11	10
		TOTAL	1,085(a)	846(a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	17	10
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	5	2
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	2	2
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	...	...
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	...	2
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	109	71
		Rewa "	20	12
		Nagode "	2	2
		Maihar "	11	9

(a) From 18th to 24th March 1912.

In the return for the week ending 9th March 1912 *read* 5-5 against the Usmanabad District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	5	7
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	...	...
		Sohawal "	7	5
		Narsingarh State	...	...
		Orcha State	7	3
		TOTAL	185 (a)	128 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	6	6
		Mewar State	26	24
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	17	4
		Jaipur	13	7
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	..	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhora	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	4	3
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	69	65
		Jhalawar "	...	...
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	1	1
		TOTAL	136 (b)	110 (b)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	58	28
		TOTAL	58 (a)	28 (a)
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	16,028	13,940

(a) Figures for the week ending 23rd March 1912.
(b) Figures for the week ending 29th March 1912.

L. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 4th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The depression affecting northern India at the close of the previous week gave a few further falls of rain in the United Provinces, and resulted in continuous wet weather in northeast India until the 30th March. Rainfall was renewed in the latter area on the 2nd April after a break of two days. A fresh depression entered India from the west on the 30th—31st and gave precipitation in the extreme north and along the western Himalayas. It reached south Bengal on the 3rd and disappeared, but was followed by another disturbance which caused fairly general precipitation in the northeast of Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab, and a few falls in Kashmir and Rajputana.

Numerous thundershowers occurred in the south of the Peninsula on the 31st, and scattered falls of rain were reported on other days.

2. At the beginning of the week temperature was largely below normal in northern and central India, and cool conditions persisted over the greater part of this area throughout the week.

3. *Burma.*—A few light falls of rain were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Until the 30th rainfall was fairly general, except in the western parts where merely local falls occurred. Further rainfall was recorded on the 2nd and 3rd, chiefly in Bengal and Assam.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few falls of rain occurred in the United Provinces on the 28th and 29th.

Northwest India.—Precipitation was recorded each day from the 30th The first depression affected chiefly the North-West Frontier Province, Kashmir, the north of the Punjab and the Punjab Himalayas; but the second extended further southwards and gave fairly general rainfall in northeast Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province and the Punjab, as well as some precipitation in Kashmir and Rajputana.

The Peninsula.—Thundershowers began to occur on the 30th and were numerous on the 31st. They were recorded locally on the remaining days of the week with the exception of the 2nd.

4. The most important amounts of precipitation recorded were as follows :—

March 28th. Silchar 1·21", Shillong 1·48", Cherrapunji 2·29", Saugor Island 1·08", Calcutta 1·17", Jessore 1·63" and Balasore 2·65".

" 29th. Cox's Bazar 1·20", Jessore 1·45", Balasore 1·75", False Point 5·75", Dinajpur 1·32", Jalpaiguri 2·20", Naya Dumka 1·60" and Gorakhpur 0·78".

" 30th. Cox's Bazar 1·45", Jalpaiguri 1·25", Cochin 0·95", Ootacamund 0·82" and Waltair 1·44".

" 31st. Parachinar 0·86", Sonamarg 1·31" and Mercara 1·76".

April 1st. Sonamarg 1·12", Murree 1·45", Rawalpindi 1·25" and Khushab 1·14".

" 2nd. Tezpur 1·00" and Balasore 0·91".

" 3rd. Victoria Point 0·75", Parachinar 0·98", Murree 0·97" and Multan 0·47".

5. Precipitation during the week was markedly above normal in Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Mysore and the Madras Coast North; normal in Baluchistan and Hyderabad South, and nearly normal in Assam; while in the United Provinces, and Rajputana East, where normally no rain is received at this time, local falls were reported. Over the remainder of the country except in Kashmir and Malabar weather was dry.

During the period 1st December to 4th April, precipitation was in marked excess in the Bay Islands, Orissa, the Central Provinces East, Hyderabad South, Mysore, and Madras Southeast; normal or nearly normal in Assam, Bihar, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, Baluchistan, the Central Provinces West and Malabar; and in marked defect in Chota Nagpur, Sind, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Konkan and the Madras Deccan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 4th April 1912.			Rainfall data from 1st December 1911 to 4th April 1912.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage, departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage, departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·3	−0·3	32·6	9·7	+22·9	+236	+247
Lower Burma	0	0·2	−0·2	2·3	1·8	+ 0·5	+ 28	+ 44
Upper Burma	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	1·3	− 0·6	− 46	− 42
Assam	1·3	1·4	−0·1	7·8	7·6	+ 0·2	+ 3	+ 5
Bengal	1·8	0·4	+1·4	4·0	3·5	+ 0·5	+ 14	− 29
Orissa	2·8	0·2	+2·6	6·1	3·1	+ 3·0	− 97	+ 14
Chota Nagpur	0·5	0·1	+0·4	1·9	3·6	− 1·7	− 47	− 60
Bihar	1·0	0·1	+0·9	1·6	1·8	− 0·2	− 11	− 65
United Provinces, East	0·3	0	+0·3	1·6	1·9	− 0·3	− 16	− 32
United Provinces, West	0·1	0	+0·1	2·4	3·1	− 0·7	− 23	− 26
Punjab, East and North	0·5	0·2	+0·3	3·7	4·7	− 1·0	− 21	− 29
Punjab, Southwest	0·6	0·1	+0·5	2·6	2·4	+ 0·2	+ 8	− 13
Kashmir	0·9	0·8	+0·1	11·9	11·8	+ 0·1	+ 1	0
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·8	0·4	+0·4	3·5	4·4	− 0·9	− 20	− 33
Baluchistan	0·2	0·2	0	5·2	5·6	− 0·4	− 7	− 7
Sind	0	0	0	0·3	1·0	− 0·7	− 70	− 70
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0·7	0·8	− 0·1	− 13	− 13
Rajputana, East	0·1	0	+0·1	0·9	1·1	− 0·2	− 18	− 27
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	−100
Central India, West	0	0	0	0·2	0·6	− 0·4	− 67	− 67
Central India, East	0	0	0	0·5	2·2	− 1·7	− 77	− 77
Berar	0	0	0	0·7	1·7	− 1·0	− 59	− 59
Central Provinces, West	0	0	0	1·9	1·8	+ 0·1	+ 6	+ 6
Central Provinces, East	0	0·1	−0·1	4·1	2·5	+ 1·6	+ 64	+ 71
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	−100
Bombay Deccan	0	0·1	−0·1	0·6	0·5	+ 0·1	+ 20	+ 50
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	−0·1	1·7	1·4	+ 0·3	+ 21	+ 31
Hyderabad, South	0·1	0·1	0	2·2	1·0	+ 1·2	+120	+133
Mysore	0·3	0·1	+0·2	1·7	1·0	+ 0·7	+ 70	+ 56
Malabar	0·4	0·3	+0·1	3·9	3·6	+ 0·3	+ 8	+ 6
Madras, Southeast	0	0·1	−0·1	9·4	6·7	+ 2·7	+140	+ 42
Madras Deccan	0	0	0	0·3	0·7	− 0·4	− 57	− 57
Madras Coast, North	0·4	0·1	+0·3	2·5	3·0	− 0·5	− 17	− 28

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 4th April 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 30th March 1912.

Burma.—Light rain fell in the north of the Province. Cultivation of spring and summer rice and harvesting of tobacco, pulses and island crops are progressing normally. Standing crops on the whole are in good condition. There have been no important variations in price of unhusked rice which remains much above normal.

Eastern Bengal and Assam.—Abundant rain fell during the week in all districts from which reports have been received and facilitated ploughing for and sowing of rice and jute. Burning of *Jhums* in hill districts is nearing completion though it is retarded in one district by rain. Harvesting of sugarcane is nearly finished. Cattle disease is prevalent in five districts.

Bengal.—All parts of the Province have experienced heavy downpours of rain which have now been succeeded by fine weather giving an opportunity for extensive sowings of rice and jute. The tobacco and mango crops have been somewhat damaged by hail. The average retail price of common rice is slightly higher than last week. Cattle disease is prevalent in all divisions except Rajshahi.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain fell in all districts of the Province except Angul. The fall was rather heavy in Balasore, moderate in Purnea and parts of Monghyr and light in the remaining districts. Harvesting of spring crops and planting of sugarcane continue. Standing crops are doing well. Some damage has been done to spring crops by the recent rainfall in Bhagalpur and by hail in Purnea and Shahabad. The price of common rice has risen in Balasore and Ranchi, has fallen in Patna, Saran and Monghyr and has been stationary in the remaining districts. Cattle disease is reported from Angul, Puri, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—(Report not received.)

Punjab.—Heavy rain was received in parts of Sialkot and light to moderate rain elsewhere The rain has improved the unirrigated area and the condition of standing crops is now good to average. Harvesting of spring crops and sowing of extra spring crops, sugarcane and cotton continue. Damage by hail is reported from several districts. The damage appears to be serious only in two districts. Prices are generally high Cattle are generally healthy. Fodder is scarce in most districts.

North-West Frontier Province.—Good showers fell in Hazara, Peshawar and Kohat proving beneficial to standing crops. More rain is needed all over the Province. The condition of standing crops is generally average but unirrigated crops in Dera Ismail Khan are below average. Sowings of cotton, sugarcane and extra spring crops are in progress. Sugarcane is still being pressed in Bannu. The water supply is generally sufficient except in the Shigga and Pakha centres in the Marwat tahsil in the Bannu district and in certain *daman* villages in the Dera Ismail Khan district. Fodder is scarce in Dera Ismail Khan and sufficient elsewhere. The condition of cattle is generally good but poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to scarcity of fodder. The public health is generally good throughout the Province. Prices of food grains are stationary.

Jammu.—Rain good. Prices are stationary. Wheat sells from 10 to 16 and maize from 14 to 16 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Good rain fell several times during the week and was beneficial for spring crops. Zamindars are busy ploughing. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—(Report not received.)

Central India.—Light showers fell in Rampura—Bhanpura of Indore and in Bhopal. The weather is clear but the days and nights are hot. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress. Prospects are fair to good. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is scarce in the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, fluctuating in Indore and Bhopawar and steady elsewhere. Opium is in good condition.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress is increasing in parts of Dharampuri and Kukshi. Bhils and Bhilalas are getting to the end of their resources. Distress is slight in Ali Rajpur and general in Jobat. There is no wandering or emaciation nor any disinclination to resort to relief works. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. Suspensions and remissions are being granted. The supply of fodder is being pushed through affected areas in Dhar. Fodder is sufficient in Ali Rajpur and scarce in Jobat. Prices of food grains vary from 11 to 13

NOTE.—The report for the Province of Bihar and Orissa is for the week ending 1st April 1912.

seers per rupee. The numbers relieved on works on the last day of the week ending the 30th March 1912 were:—Dhar 4,536, Bhabra 1,192, Rajpur 505, Jhabua 1,678, Jobat 1,340 and Bori 340. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 655 and Bori 642. There were 131 persons on gratuitous relief in Dhar.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been clear and occasionally cloudy. The days are hot but the nights and mornings are still cool. Harvesting and threshing of spring crops are in rapid progress everywhere and a normal outturn for the Provinces as a whole is anticipated. Ploughing of land for next sowings is also in progress. Cattle are generally healthy. Prices are almost steady but exhibit a tendency to fall.

Feudatory States.—Prospects are generally good. Variations in prices are unimportant.

Bombay.—Harvesting is progressing generally. Cotton picking continues in parts of the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for cultivation of autumn crops is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and in parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue is being granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9 to 10 and maize at 10½ to 11 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending the 30th March 1912 were:—Panch Mahals on works 46,956, on gratuitous relief 46,754, total 93,710. Kathiawar on works 5,403. On test works in Kaira 2,688. On gratuitous relief in Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur 6,492. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 6,764 persons on test work and 4,542 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—There was no rain during the week. The spring harvest is almost over. Castor seed is being picked and the crop is good. Late rice is being weeded and irrigated in places and the crop is fair to good but somewhat damaged by insects in parts of the Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Cattle disease prevails in 15, fodder scarcity in 19 and water scarcity in 20 talukas. Prices:—Wheat 6¾, coarse rice 6¼ and *juar* 13¼ seers per rupee, showing a rise of ¼ seer in the price of wheat. White *juar* is selling at 12 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9½ seers in Raichur and the lowest 22 seers in Parbhani.

Mysore.—Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—The weather is cloudy. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal and are rising. The public health is fair. Cattle are in good condition. Water and fodder are adequate.

Madras.—The week was generally rainless. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices are generally stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	47,005	41,982	88,987	46,956	46,754	93,710	+4,723
Kathiawar	5,821	...	5,821	5,403	...	5,403	−418
Central India States	10,338	131	10,469	10,888	131	11,019	+550
Total	63,164	42,113	1,05,277	63,247	46,885	1,10,132	+4,855

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 16th March 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependants of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					BOMBAY.					
	Districts.									
1	Panch Mahals	1,606	3,21,000	45,466	560	38,996	39,556	85,022	......	......
2	Kaira ...	760	2,98,000	......	......	......	......	......	1,740	......
3	Ahmadnagar	6,586	9,45,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	4,545
4	Poona ...	2,274	3,29,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	685
5	Sholapur ...	3,097	3,77,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,262
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	3,609	......	......	......	3,609	1,706	3,652
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	2,720	152
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	270	155
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	97	3
	Total Bombay	14,323	2,270,000	49,075	560	38,996	39,556	88,631	6,533	10,454
					CENTRAL INDIA STATES.					
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	1,340	......	......	......	1,340	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur	......	......	1,931	......	......	......	1,931	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	......	......	2,340	......	......	......	2,340	......	......

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 3rd April 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 5.

March 25th to the 30th, 1912.

March 25th.

151. J. D. Riedel Aktiengesellschaft. *Process for the treatment of water for household and industrial purposes.*

152. General Dehydrator Company. *Method of, and system for, dehydrating and warming air.*

153. E. Ritter. *Improvements relating to the construction of hollow beams and the like.*

154. R. F. Sturrock. *Improvements in and relating to furnaces for boilers.*

155. N. V. Hybinette. *Improvements in the process of extracting copper from sulphide ores and other materials.*

156. J. S. Campbell. *Improvements in the treatment of seaweed in the production of artificial rubber, artificial leather and the like substances.*

March 26th.

157. K. W. Simmons. *An improved scotch block and derail.*

158. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in non-skid tyres for motor cars and other road vehicles.*

159. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in the treads of non-skid pneumatic tyres.*

160. E. G. Godfree. *An improved automatic toll recorder for telephone systems.*

161. A. M. Sayad, V. R. Kokatnur, G. M. Chiplunker, G. N. Sahasrabuddhe and D. L. Sahasrabuddhe. *Steam cooker.*

162. W. H. Morgan and W. V. Hartzell. *Improvements in and relating to means for securing railroad rails to metal ties.*

March 27th.

163. J. C. Liebenhals. *A combined token and tablet carrier for use on railways.*

March 30th.

164. Dayal Singh Man. *'Insecticide and ratkiller.'*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

59. L. Bigg-Wither. *Improvements in flexible hose pipes for use with vacuum brake apparatus.*

66. A. Minnick. *Track system.*

105. G. Nordenholt. *Improvements in decorticating machines.*

111. J. A. Cameron. *Moving picture machine.*

112. Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth and Co., Ld. *Improved means for handling coal.*

113. J. Anderson. *Improvements in feathering wind sails or propellers, applicable for wind mills, air ships and other purposes.*

116. A. D. Smith. *Improvements in automatic couplings for railway, tramway and other similar vehicles.*

117. The Consolidated Brake and Engineering Company, Limited, and E. S. Luard. *Improvements in or connected with brake mechanism for railway and like vehicles.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

30th March 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

71. H. A. Murphy and J. F. Simpson. *Improvements in or connected with the threading of loom and like shuttles.*

73. D. J. Barnard. *Improvements in or relating to grabs.*

75. H. A. Murphy and J. F. Simpson. *Improvements in connection with the threading of loom and like shuttles.*

76. G. Dubern. *An antiseptic process for the manufacture of ice.*

78. T. A. Dring. *Improvements in flying machines.*

79. Manganese Steel Rail Company. *Methods of producing wrought shapes of manganese steel.*

81. G. A. Hunason. *Improvements in and relating to rail joints.*

83. E. McLean. *Improvements in fan blowers.*

84. M. H. Mead. *Improvements in sericulture.*

SPECIFICATIONS FILED (1888 ACT).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 84 of 1911.—McElroy Shepherd Company. *Process and apparatus for mixing and applying concrete.* (Specification filed 27 February 1912).

No. 567 of 1911.—J. I. Solomon. *Improvements in the methods of artificially causing the production of pearls.* (Specification filed 20 March 1912).

No. 613 of 1911.—Major J. M. Wikeley. *An improved camp oven.* (Specification filed 19 March 1912).

No. 682 of 1911.—Burmah Oil Company, Limited, F. M. Rogers. *Improvements in grabs for extracting broken tools and the like from well borings.* (Specification filed 16 March 1912).

No. 803 of 1911.—V. Scappaticcio. *New and useful improvements in and relating to rope and cord making machines.* (Specification filed 18 March 1912).

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

188 of 1906. Williamson. (To 12 May 1913.)
240 of 1906. Solomon. (To 22 June 1913.)
376 of 1903. Siegwart. (To 11 May 1913.)
377 of 1903. Siegwart. (To 11 May 1913.)
222 of 1904. Ceipek. (To 30 June 1913.)
269 of 1904. Smith. (To 3 November 1913.)
51 of 1907. Jost. (To 24 April 1913.)
322 of 1907. Ward. (To 3 March 1913.)
464 of 1907. H. Mancharam & Son. (To 16 March 1913.)
485 of 1907. Wood and Carson. (To 30 May 1913.)
166 of 1908. Gregory. (To 23 May 1913.)
183 of 1908. Rossi (To 24 November 1913.)
213 of 1908. Stuart. (To 2 July 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1907.

386, (Sayer). 518, (Washington Licht Gesellschaft).

APPLICATION FOR PATENT UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

213 of 1908. A. R. Stuart. *A form of steel spring key in conjunction with a steel wedge for securing bull headed and double headed railway rails to the chairs which support them.*

305 of 1908. A. E. Pundt. *Vertical corrugated corners for kerosene cans.*

252 of 1909. R. S. Hawkins. *A new or improved fastening for railway wagon doors and the like.*

160 of 1910. A. W. C. Skelton. *An automatic buffer coupling.*

517 of 1910. J. D. High. *An iron chula to consume coal as fuel and specially adapted for Indian and English cooking.*

361 of 1910. R. Ismail. *Improvements in lever locks.*

444 of 1910. J. S. C. Beaton. *Improvements in air carburetting apparatus.*

325 of 1911. K. C. Dass and J. L. Dhar. *Self-calculating gold testor for the use of dealers in gold, gold-smiths, Jewellers and also for general scientific purposes.*

443 of 1911. Syed Ahmed *A cooker.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

March 25th to the 30th, 1912.

Class 13. Nos. 42 to 56. The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, Calico Printers, St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. March 20.

Class 13. Nos. 58 to 61. The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, Calico Printers, St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. March 25.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the

Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at :—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	"	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal :—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

**N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R a. p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
" " " Upper Sub-Class "	1 6 0
" " " Lower " " "	1 0 0
Tacheometric Plane tabling and Gradient Telemeter Level by Prof. C. J. Veale	1 13 0

E. H. DE V. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are :—

	POWDER.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one *delivery.*	*Retail rate* For any quantity below *6 lbs. in one delivery.*
	R a. p.	R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 2nd April 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st March 1912.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										
				COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.
				In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.					
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R		R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	2,94,83,085	23,61,44,295	26,56,27,380	4,33,27,005	2,65,27,785	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,61,41,706	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Cawnpore	..	2,43,24,830	2,43,24,830	2,96,98,298	59,40,060	..		..	...	...	..	...	3,56,38,358	
Lahore	..	3,43,80,460	3,43,80,460	1,71,00,138	88,97,130			..	...	...	..	...	2,59,97,268	
Bombay	1,37,90,165	13,20,48,165	14,58,38,330	3,09,24,748	15,48,41,857	...		...	..	...	...	...	18,57,66,605	
Karachi	..	1,27,69,930	1,27,69,930	21,88,400	14,44,665	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	36,33,065	
Madras	86,10,630	7,11,62,945	7,97,73,575	1,09,40,630	1,77,45,735	...	..	..	...	...	..	..	2,86,86,365	
Rangoon		5,09,10,590	5,09,10,590	2,07,42,698	1,79,19,030		..	...	...	..	..	...	3,86,61,728	
	5,18,83,880	56,17,41,215	61,36,25,095	15,49,21,917	23,33,16,262	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	..	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	61,45,25,095	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			*Nil.*	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									9,00,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			61,36,25,095	TOTAL RESERVE R									61,36,25,095	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st March 1912.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 31st March 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Offg. Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.														Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.												
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	14	...	14	14	...	14	...	190	11	5	14	220	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	6	...	6	13	...	13	...	100	...	7	6	113	...	18	30	...	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta the 3rd April 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st March 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 per cent. of 1896-97.	3½ per cent. Loans							4 per cent. Loans							4½ per cent. Loans			GRAND TOTAL.
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	...	Total.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	Total.	...	Transfer Loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. portion.	Total.	
Balance of 15th March 1912	40,84,800	1,33,87,500	7,13,21,500	1,83,26,300	93,36,400	19,97,700	...	11,33,69,400	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,75,33,233
Add— Amount of transferred to in London		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to 23rd February 1912	...	...	...			3,94,400	...	3,94,400										...	3,94,400
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 31st March 1912	...	10,000	...	1,000	...	29,500	...	40,500									...	...	40,500
	40,84,800	1,33,97,500	7,13,21,500	1,83,27,300	93,36,400	24,21,600	...	11,38,04,300	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,79,68,133
Deduct— Amount written off in the London Registers	4,60,100	2,500	1,88,000	3,000	11,000	...	...	2,04,500	...			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,64,600
Balance on 31st March 1912	36,24,700	1,33,65,000	7,11,33,500	1,83,24,300	93,25,400	24,21,600	...	11,35,99,800	6,933	5,000		500	30,000	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,73,03,533

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st Jan. 1912 Enfaced from India 12,178 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,331 lakhs.
" 1st Feb. 1912 " 15th Feb. " ditto 1 lakh, ditto 15 "
" 16th " " " 29th " " ditto 1 " ditto 3 "
" 1st Mar. " " 15th Mar. " ditto 3 lakhs, ditto 7 "
" 16th " " " 31st " " ditto 4 " ditto 7 "

12,187 lakhs. 12,363 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL:
Calcutta, the 2nd April 1912.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for January 1912 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Revenue and Receipts.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Imperial.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Special.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Total.	Receipts in January 1912.	Receipts from 1st April to 31st January 1912. Imperial.	Receipts from 1st April to 31st January 1912. Special.	Receipts from 1st April to 31st January 1912. Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
I.—Land Revenue	...	22,60,000	22,60,000	6,53,536	...	18,32,452	18,32,452
II.—Opium	...	23,000	23,000	2,267	...	16,019	16,019
IV.—Stamps	...	5,22,000	5,22,000	49,719	...	4,42,234	4,42,234
V.—Excise	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	30,305	...	2,58,020	2,58,020
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	4,000	4,000	75	...	2,773	2,773
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	5,000	1,33,000	1,38,000	15,669	4,203	1,23,479	1,27,682
IX.—Forest	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	4,104	...	1,14,116	1,14,116
X.—Registration	..	42,000	42,000	3,544	...	31,766	31,766
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	12,000	...	12,000	—1,368	395	...	395
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	1,03,000	1,03,000	10,331	...	87,320	87,320
XVIB.— Ditto —Jails	...	21,000	21,000	1,636	...	21,594	21,594
XVII.—Police	...	81,000	81,000	3,607	...	34,835	34,835
XIX.—Education	...	1,000	1,000	23	...	674	674
XX.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	...	...	211	211
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	...	...	32	...	147	147
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	16,000	16,000	1,549	...	15,847	15,847
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	12,000	12,000	1,407	...	16,319	16,319
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	12,117	...	93,059	93,059
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	4,00,000	4,00,000	8,00,000	9,402	2,25,516	2,25,515	4,51,031
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,36,000	1,36,000	13,348	...	1,05,909	1,05,909
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	4,17,000	43,04,000	47,21,000	8,11,303	2,30,114	34,22,289	36,52,403
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	64,18,778	...	...	5,18,84,468
TOTAL	...	...	...	72,30,081	...	...	5,55,36,871
Opening Cash Balance	...	...	...	(a)14,55,938	...	...	(b) 9,82,606
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	86,86,019	...	...	5,65,19,477

(a) On 1st January 1912. (b) On 1st April 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th March 1912.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for January 1912 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Expenditure.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Imperial.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Special.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Total.	Disbursement in January 1912.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st January 1912. Imperial.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st January 1912. Special.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st January 1912. Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	12,000	25,000	1,684	8,208	8,208	16,416
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	10,000	19,000	1,214	8,448	8,449	16,897
3.—Land Revenue	3,53,000	2,61,000	6,14,000	78,291	2,94,523	2,15,220	5,09,743
6.—Stamps	11,000	11,000	22,000	1,382	6,244	6,244	12,488
7.—Excise	7,000	8,000	15,000	1,400	4,930	4,930	9,860
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	112	515	515	1,030
11.—Forest	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	7,195	31,168	31,169	62,337
12.—Registration	5,000	5,000	10,000	807	4,259	4,259	8,518
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,94,000	1,59,000	4,53,000	24,238	1,74,476	67,960	2,42,436
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	3,79,000	1,88,000	5,67,000	53,600	3,12,316	1,55,698	4,68,014
19B.— Ditto —Jails	68,000	69,000	1,37,000	17,017	62,410	62,409	1,24,819
20.—Police	8,54,000	8,54,000	17,08,000	1,65,547	6,76,478	6,76,479	13,52,957
22.—Education	64,000	63,000	1,27,000	5,911	41,246	41,247	82,493
23.—Ecclesiastical	41,000	...	41,000	3,369	31,698	...	31,698
24.—Medical	1,23,000	1,07,000	2,30,000	10,372	54,187	40,996	95,183
25.—Political	16,80,000	15,04,000	31,84,000	2,59,568	12,35,234	11,32,480	23,67,714
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	45,000	45,000	90,000	5,027	38,672	27,113	65,785
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	59,000	...	59,000	4,154	55,277	...	55,277
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	62,000	62,000	1,24,000	10,029	55,017	55,017	1,10,034
30.—Stationery and Printing	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	5,374	26,710	26,711	53,421
32.—Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000	36,000	3,787	14,126	14,126	28,252
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36.—Reduction or avoidance of Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	4,29,000	2,19,000	6,48,000	16,383	1,02,459	1,02,459	2,04,918
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	35,000	35,000	70,000	1,506	11,817	11,816	23,633
45.—Civil Works	10,48,000	10,47,000	20,95,000	5,19,516	6,08,030	6,08,030	12,16,060
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	56,98,000	47,77,000	1,04,75,000	11,97,483	38,58,448	33,01,535	71,59,983
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	55,70,751	...	...	4,74,41,709
TOTAL	...	...	...	67,68,234	...	...	5,46,01,692
Balance on 31st January 1912	...	...	...	19,17,785	...	...	19,17,785
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	86,86,019	...	...	5,65,19,477

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th March 1912.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 39 OF 1912.

In the matter of G. H. Paul, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by G. H. Paul, son of P. J. Paul, of 18, 44th Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of March 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said G. H. Paul.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 18th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 40 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ahmed Chandoo, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ahmed Chandoo, clerk of Jamal Bros. and Co., residing at 39th Street, Rangoon, on the 18th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ahmed Chandoo.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 20th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 41 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Thein Maung, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Thein Maung, paddy broker, No. 4, Obo quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 18th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Thein Maung.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 19th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 42 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ko Yin Maung, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ko Yin Maung of No. 51, 25th Street, Rangoon, on the 22nd day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ko Yin Maung.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 22nd day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 43 OF 1912.

In the matter of S. S. Fernandez, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. S. Fernandez, trader, No. 43, Phayre Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. S. Fernandez.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 44 OF 1912.

In the matter of Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya, trader, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 45 OF 1912.

In the matter of Durga Shanker Nagar Dass, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Durga Shanker Nagar Dass, trader, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Durga Shanker Nagar Dass.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 30th March 1912.

No. 43-G.—Mr. E. L. Bagshawe, Superintendent, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India an extension of furlough for two months, with effect from the 16th of April 1912, in continuation of the leave notified in this Department's Notification No. 12-G., dated the 20th of May 1912.

No. 69-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Department o Commerce and Industry, letter No. 9640-9643-133, dated the 21st of October 1908 the following officiating promotions in the Traffic Branch Subordinate Establishment are sanctioned with effect from the date shown :—

Name.	Promoted.		Date of promotion.	
	From	To	From	To
Mr. I. M. D'Cruze .	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, Officiating.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, permanent.	24th February 1912.	......
Conductor S. H. Wells.	Telegraph Master	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, Officiating.	Ditto .	6th January 1913.

The 31st March 1912.

No. 44-G.—Mr. M. H. Reynolds, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted combined leave for twenty months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for three months under Article 260, combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 308 (b) of the above quoted Regulations with effect from the 17th of March 1912.

No. 45-G.—Mr. J. A. McCarthy, Deputy Superintendent General, has been granted combined leave for twelve months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for one month and one day under Article 260, combined with leave on medical certificate for the remaining period under Article 336 of the above quoted Regulations with effect from the 20th of March 1912.

F. E. DEMPSTER,
Director-General of Telegraphs.

DEPARTMENT OF MINES.

NOTIFICATION.

Dhanbaid, the 23rd March 1912.

No. 1354(a) G.—Result of the examination for coal mine managers' certificates of competency held at Dhanbaid on the 21st and 22nd February 1912.

In order of merit.

1st class.

1. Philip Thomas Mitchell.
2. Suratha Nath Bhattacharjee.
3. John Henry Evans.
4. Tarak Nath Mukherji.

2nd class.

1. Percy William Vanderbeck.
2. Edward Beadon Deveria White.
3. Boliram Pandarang Mokadam.
4. Moni Bhusan Roy.
5. Charles Phillip Cornish.
6. Fanindra Krishna Dutt.
7. James Harold Willoughby Payne.
8. Cyril Alexander Rayneaux.
9. Harry Mayer.
10. Manindra Chandra Kanungoe.
11. Richard Denis Engledow.

H. B. PERIE,
for Chief Inspector of Mines in India

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 25th March 1912.

No. 15.—The six months' combined leave to Mr. W. C. K. Berrie, Executive Engineer, with effect from 4th April 1912, sanctioned in this office Notification No. 12, dated 29th February 1912, is hereby cancelled.

The 2nd April 1912.

No. 16.—Mr. C. S. Ritchie, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, is granted, under Articles 233, 260 and 338 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one year two months and twenty-four days (*viz.*, privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days and furlough for the remaining period), with effect from the 1st April 1912, or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 28th March 1912.

No. 19.—Mr. V. Bayley, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 311 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough for the remaining period with effect from the 24th April 1912.

The 29th March 1912.

No. 20.—Captain L. M. Kent, R.E., Executive Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 8 months, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 4th April 1912 or any subsequent date.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lucknow, the 29th March 1912.

No. 6.—Mr. D. Cardew, District Locomotive Superintendent in class II, grade 4 (temporary) of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railway, is granted combined leave for 6 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period, under Articles 233 and 308 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 11th April 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

The 30th March 1912.

No. 8.—Mr. H. St. G. Gilmore, District Traffic Superintendent, class II, grade 1 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, has been granted, under Articles 233 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months (*viz.*, privilege leave for 2 months and 19 days and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period), with effect from the 4th April 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

LOWER GANGES BRIDGE.

NOTIFICATION.

Paksey, the 1st April 1912.

No. 3.—Captain H. E. C. Cowie, D.S.O., R.E., Executive Engineer, is granted under Articles 233 and 308 of Civil Service Regulations combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 2 months and 15 days and furlough for the remaining period with effect from 1st May 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

R. R. GALES,
Engineer-in-Chief,
Lower Ganges Bridge.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Pusa, Behar, the 30th March 1912.

No. 2572.—Babu Jatindra Nath Sen, First Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Chemist, is granted privilege leave for one month, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th April 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 2573.—Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherji, Second Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Chemist, is appointed to act as First Assistant to that Officer, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Sen on privilege leave.

B. COVENTRY,
Offg. Inspector General of Agriculture in India.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 30th March 1912.

No. 16.—Lieutenant Richard Martin Treloar is granted leave out of India for six months, with effect from the 20th March 1912.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 25th March 1912.

No. 504.—Captain C. R. S. Cox, 67th Punjabis, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta, in addition to his regimental duties with effect from the afternoon of the 12th March 1912, *vice* Captain R. Scott.

By order,

H. B. ST. JOHN, Major,
First Assistant.

II C

THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF BRITISH BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 30th March 1912.

No. 1703-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3 of the Glanders and Farcy Act (XIII of 1899) as amended by Act No. XII of 1910, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of British Baluchistan is pleased to apply the provisions of the said Act to the Tahsil of Sibi.

No. 1704-R.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 4 of the Glanders and Farcy Act as applied to the Sibi Tahsil by his Notification No. 1703-R., dated the 30th March 1912, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint the officers mentioned below to be Inspectors under the Act and to exercise and perform within the said Tahsil the powers conferred and the duties imposed on such officers by the said Act and by the Rules made thereunder:—

1. The Superintendent, Army Remount Department, Baluchistan Circle.
2. The Veterinary Officer of the Army Remount Department, Baluchistan Circle.

By order,

H. B. ST. JOHN, Major,

Secretary.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 27th March 1912.

No. 262-908.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Excise Act 1896 (XII of 1896), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased, in supersession of all previous orders on the subject, to impose a duty of Rs. 7-8 a seer on Ganja imported for consumption in Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

The 30th March 1912.

No. 282.—Consequent on the retirement from Government service of Diwan Bahadur Pandit G. R. Khandekar, Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, from the 1st April 1912, the following appointments are made with effect from the date of assuming charge:—

Mr. Dhanjishah Dinshah Mehta, Extra Assistant Commissioner, I, Ajmer, to be Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, *s. p. t.*

Munshi Phul Chand, Extra Assistant Commissioner, II, Ajmer, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner, I, Ajmer, *s. p. t.*

Munshi Mithan Lal, officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, II, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner, II, *s. p. t.*

Munshi Bhagwati Lal, officiating Extra Assistant Commissioner, III, Kekri, to be Extra Assistant Commissioner, III, Kekri *s. p. t.*

2. Pending Munshi Phulchand's return from privilege leave the following officiating appointments are sanctioned:—

Munshi Mithan Lal to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, I, Ajmer.

Munshi Harbilas Sarda, Registrar of the Court of Small Causes, Ajmer, to officiate as Extra Assistant Commissioner, II, Ajmer.

No. 283.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 12 of the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act (IX of 1887), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to appoint Munshi Madan Gopal, Clerk of the Court of the Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, to officiate as Registrar of the Court of Small Causes at Ajmer, and to confer upon him, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of that Court, the jurisdiction of a Judge of the Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits of which the value does not exceed twenty rupees, with effect from the date of assuming charge of the office of Registrar.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
179—1912	Misrilal Foolchand Dudda	Hindu	Marwadi Bazar, Mumbadevi	Broker in silver, cotton, etc., speculation	16th	March	1912	16th	March	1912
175—1912	Parbaji Eukati Jakoola	"	Nos. 20 and 22, 2nd Kamatipura Street.	Lately dealer in tobacco, bidees, etc., and now unemployed.	14th	"	"	"	"	"
180—1912	Balaram Kashinath Mohtre	"	Nos. 46 and 48, 1st Carpenter Street.	Fitter in the employ of Messrs. Richardson and Crudas.	16th	"	"	"	"	"
182—1912	Edwin Furgusson Barker	European	No. 15, Victoria Building Bazar Gate Street.	Lately driver in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company and now unemployed.	18th	"	"	18th	"	"
181—1912	Charles McNeile Jennings	Eurasian	No. 148, Frere Road	Inspector in the Bombay Port Trust, Hamallage Department.	"	"	"	"	"	"
183—1912	Govind Hari Savant	Hindu	Parel (Queen Mills Chawl)	Muccadum in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway workshop.	"	"	"	"	"	"
185—1912	Martin Lobo	Portuguese	Tadwadi (Jariwala's Chawl)	Lately butler in S. S. *Husain* and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
184—1912	Augustus Juvenal De Souza	"	No. 91, Gaiwadi	Clerk in the service of the Portuguese Consulate, Bombay.	"	"	"	19th	"	"
186—1912	Kashidas Gulabdas Sha	Hindu	Phuleshwar (opposite Bhuleshwar Tank).	Lately native medical practitioner and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
187—1912	Shibdyal Beharilal Purdesi and Kissenchand Beharilal Purdesi.	Hindu	2nd Carpenter Street, Null Bazar.	Formerly contractors of opium and charas and now cap sellers and also Decorators of aluminium pots.	20th	March	1912	20th	March	1912
188—1912	Oomer Adum Memon	Mahomedan	Nos. 202-204, Lohar Chawl	Lately carrying on business as dealers in old wearing apparel in partnership with Allimahomed Adum under the name of Oomer Adum and now unemployed.	22nd	"	"	22nd	"	"
189—1912	Nusserwanji Hormusji Hatheram	Parsee	Khetwadi (Soonawala's chawl)	Inspector in the Bombay Municipality.	23rd	"	"	23rd	"	"
190—1912	Shaik Abdula Shaik Ahmed *alias* Gopalsing Dhunsing *alias* Abdul Samat.	Mahomedan	30-32, Temker Molla	Engine Driver in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company	"	"	"	"	"	"
191—1912	Shwji Hirji Bhunsali	Hindu	Mandvi Bunder	Formerly carrying on business as dealers in old gunnies in partnership with Mowji Velji and Waghji Gocul under the name of Mowji Velji and now servant in the employ of Kurumsy Tricum.	"	"	"	"	"	"
192—1912	Jairam Gopal Nigoot	"	Dongri	Muccadum	"	"	"	"	"	"
193—1912	Shaik Suleman Jokhu	Mahomedan	Madanpura (Safrawadi)	Lately Jobber in the India Mills and now unemployed.	25th	"	"	25th	"	"
194—1912	Sebastian Francis Fernandes *alias* Francis Fernandes.	Portuguese	Frere Road (Batliwala's Building).	Lately clerk in the Military Accounts Department and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

195—1912	Peter Roughton	East Indian	Mazagon, Doker Street, No. 4	Fitter in the Bombay Port Trust, Prince's Dock.	"	"	"	"	"	"
196—1912	Deepchand Hardeodas Barasani and Pyarilal Deepchand Barasani.	Hindu	Kalbadevi Road	Lately dealers in milk and now unemployed.	26th	"	"	26th	"	"
197—1912	Dossabhai Fardoonji Gazder	Parsee	79, Bazar Gate Street	Lately tally clerk in the British India Steam Navigation Company and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
198—1912	Haji Oosman Haji Abdul Rehman Memon.	Mahomedan	Gogari Molla	Dealer in timber.	28th	"	"	28th	"	"
199—1912	Vithal Doolabh Dhobi	Hindu	Dhobi Talao	Lately Proprietor of the Bombay Victoria Washing Company and now Washerman.	"	"	"	"	"	"
200—1912	Allibhoy Abdool Kayoon Vorah	Mahomedan	Lal Bag	Lately servant in the employ of Abdul Husein Rajubally and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
201—1912	Daya Pitember Sootar and Bhugwan Daya Khatri.	Hindu	Barbhai Molla	Carrying on business as manufacturers of wooden bedsteads under the name of Bhugwan Daya and Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"
203—1912	Vithal Nathoo Sikligar	"	No. 49, Khoka Bazar	Fitter in the employ of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	30th	"	"	30th	"	"
204—1912	Kaliandas Vithaldas Kapadia	"	Nos. 80—84, Barbhai Molla	Manager in the firm of D. Hormusji and Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 1st day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

TREASURE TROVE.

Under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878, notice is hereby given that, on the 17th day of May 1911, a treasure consisting of eight articles* described below and valued at R31-1-3 was found during the execution of repairs to a tank (Yendal Kanmoi) in the Tirukalyanam village of Tiruvadanai Deputy Tahsildar's division, Ramnad district. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear before the Collector of Ramnad either personally or by an agent duly authorised by law on the 1st August 1912 at his office at Madura in order that the matter may be enquired into and determined according to law.

** Description of the Treasure.*

Serial number.	Description.	Weight in seers.	Approximate value. R a. p.
1.	Image of Amman Swami	17	6 6 0
2.	Ditto	24	9 0 0
3.	Image of Swami	18	6 12 0
4.	(Copper) seat (பீடம்)	15	5 10 0
5.	Broken pieces (76)	9	1 2 0
6.	Dhupakkal	3¼	0 14 9
7.	Dheepakkal	3½	0 14 0
8.	Copper tripod	1⅛	0 6 6
		TOTAL	31 1 3

A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM,
Ag. Collector.

RAMNAD COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, MADURA,
8th March 1912.

THE YEARLY EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FOURTH GRADE OF ACCOUNTANTS.

Monday, the 3rd June. being a Gazetted holiday, the yearly Examination qualifying for admission to the Subordinate Accounts Branch for 4th grade Public Works Department will be held at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th June 1912.

SUBJECTS.

	Full marks.	Minimum pass marks.
Writing (neatness, clearness and rapidity)	100	50
Dictation (spelling, punctuation, etc.)	100	50
Arithmetic (the whole)	240	160
Mensuration (*a*) (the whole)	60	30
Book-keeping (*b*) (mercantile)	100	50
TOTAL	600	...

Minimum required in all papers collectively, 400.

(*a*) Todhunter's "Mensuration for Beginners."
(*b*) "Book-keeping" by Ball and Hamilton.
"Book-keeping by double and single entry", by W. Inglis (Chambers' Educational Course).

1. The examination is held annually at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on the first Monday in June. The examination will be conducted, either at the College, or by an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), in Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma only. The examination will be *ipso facto* vitiated, if it be not held (begun and completed) on the dates fixed; but the officer who will conduct the examination may make his own arrangements with the candidates in regard to the *place* and *hour* of examination.

Candidates will not be examined in any of the Calcutta offices.

A candidate already in permanent Government employ* may be allowed to compete in the examination, even if he is more than 25 years of age, and may be appointed to an accountantship, if he passes it; but if he is not already in pensionable service, he will be eligible only for appointment to the non-pensionable establishment on State Railways.

* This term includes employment under Local Boards and Foreign bodies, if such is pensionable by the British Government.

2. The candidate should apply to an Accountant-General not later than 30 days previous to the date fixed for the examination and obtain his consent to conduct the examination, if examination at the College is not convenient. The application must bear the address of the candidate, must be accompanied by a fee of R10 and the following certificates and registration form duly filled in, and must be forwarded by him not direct to the Principal, but through the Accountant-General.

Certificates may be submitted in original, or true copies attested by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch, but none will be returned:—

(1) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)

(2) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).

(3) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's hand-writing.

(4) Registration statement containing the following information:—

(*a*) Name in full.

(*b*) Father's name.

(*c*) Nationality or class, *i.e.*, European, Anglo-Indian or Indian, of candidate; and, if Indian, caste or tribe.

(*d*) Date of birth.

(*e*) Place of birth.

(*f*) Present address.

(*g*) Examinations passed.

(*h*) Thumb mark of candidate, left hand, to be made in the presence of a responsible person who knows candidate.

(*k*) Signature and address of above-mentioned witness.

NOTE.—A candidate already in Government service should, in like manner, submit his application, through his immediate official superior to an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), qualified to hold the particular examination, and should state whether he desires to be examined at the office of the Accountant-General concerned or at the College.

It will rest with the Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project) to whom the candidate submits his application, to decide, on a consideration of the certificates submitted, whether the candidate should be allowed to appear for the examination, or whether his application should be rejected. The Accountant-General or the other officers referred to will then forward to the Principal, for registration, the names of the accepted candidates, together with their registration statements, which should be signed by the Accountant-General. The registration statements should be carefully preserved by the Principal. The names of these candidates should be entered in a statement showing their ages and their addresses, and also showing where each candidate is to be examined, whether at the College or at the office of the Accountant-General. This statement, together with the fees, should be transmitted to the Principal not later than 15 days after the dates fixed in paragraph 2 for the submission of applications of candidates.

3. Examination papers that are issued for examination need not be returned.

4. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate who has failed in an examination, and presents himself for examination on a subsequent occasion, must undergo the full examination and furnish fresh fee and certificates.

5. If from any cause a candidate fails to appear for the examination, the fee paid will not be refunded.

6. It must be distinctly understood that the passing of this examination does not give any claim to an appointment and that, in making appointments, preference will be given to qualified persons who are already employed in the Department.

7. Passed candidates should apply, not to the Principal of the College, nor to the Comptroller-General but direct to the Accountant-General or Government Examiner of Railway Accounts in the province or railway under whom they may desire to be employed.

8. The Civil Engineering College acts solely as an examining body in reference to admission to the 4th grade of Accountants, Public Works Department.

9. Candidates for the 4th grade Accountantship examination, who are not Government servants and over 25 years of age, are allowed to appear at the examination of the Sibpur College centre only, but, even if successful, they are debarred from employment in the service of Government, and their names will be excluded from the list of passed candidates which is furnished to the Comptroller and Auditor General.

10. Candidates over 25 years of age should apply in writing to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College not later than 30 days previous to the examination; the application to be accompanied by the fee of rupees ten, and the Registration statement prescribed in rule 2 (4).

B. HEATON,
Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
Sibpur, the 25th March 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 2nd April 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	76,00,521	1	11	2,17,88,275	8	8
Public Deposits at Branches	1,41,87,754	6	9			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				17,06,23,933	5	2
Bank Post Bills, etc.				10,29,102	14	6
Sundries				16,77,529	13	3
RUPEES				23,31,18,841	9	7

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities				2,46,71,305	0	0
Other authorized Investments				60,99,933	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				4,46,96,002	0	2
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,86,06,181	9	4
Bills discounted and purchased				2,78,62,867	11	8
Balances with other Banks				15,19,641	8	11
Bullion				..		
Dead Stock				21,99,785	14	9
Stamps				13,690	11	8
Sundries				4,73,411	10	6
				15,61,42,819	3	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	* 4,60,56,253	4	4	7,69,76,022	6	7
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	† 3,09,19,769	2	3			
RUPEES				23,31,18,841	9	7

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R3,17,685 0 0
† Do. do. do. R5,83,050 0 0

R9,00,735 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 4th April 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 39·45.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 26th March 1912.

No. 42.—The services of Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant F. F. Bedell, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for employment in the Railway Department with effect from the 21st December 1911.

The 29th March 1912.

No. 43.—The services of Third Class Assistant Surgeon A. L. Hudson, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Director, Indo-European Telegraph Department, with effect from the 4th March 1912.

B. SETON, Lieut.-Col., I.M.S.,
for Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers:—

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Messrs. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W.C.

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Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall Mall, London.

Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.

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Mr. Karl Hiersemann } Leipzig.

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AGENTS IN INDIA.

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The Calcutta School Book and Useful Literature Society, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.
Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Limited, Calcutta.
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Manager, *East Coast News*, Vizagapatam.*
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra.)*
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Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.*
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

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Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d*. (3*a*.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of December 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

II D

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of February 1912. No. 11. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (5*a*.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7*s* 6*d*. (12*a*.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3*a*. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A -C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18*s*. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2*s*. 6*d*.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33*s*. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11*s*. 3*d*. (4*a*.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (11*a*.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12*a*. or 3*s*. (7*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D. Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8*a*. or 2*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d* (2*a*.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (3*a*.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (9*a*.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (2*a*.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals*. (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Prices and Wages in India, 28th issue. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12a. or 2s. 3d. (5a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in October and November 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (b) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (6a.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911 compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R. S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Host Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (3*a*.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3*s*. 0*d*. (6*a*.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command. Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1*s*. 11*d*. (3*a*.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9*d*. (3*a*.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (1*a*.) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (1*a*.)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4*s*. 3*d*. (6*a*.)

Field Service Regulations, Part II Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (1*a*.)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1*a*.)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6*a*. or 2*s*. (2*a*.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1*a*. (1*a*.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-4 or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As 10 or 10*d*. (2*a*.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a*. 3*p*. or 11½*d*. (2*a*.)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a*. or 11*d*. (2*a*.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1*s*. 7*d*. (3*a*.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1*s*. 4*d*. (3*a*.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-0 or 2*s*. 1*d*. (2*a*.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1*s*. 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
- **Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908.** R4-4.
- **Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.)** R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B. A., at R1.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.

Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R[illegible]

Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.

Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.

Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.

Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.

Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.

Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.

Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.

Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.

Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.

Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.

Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.

Tirthacintamoni. Fasc 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.

Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.

Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.

Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.

Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.

Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.

Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.

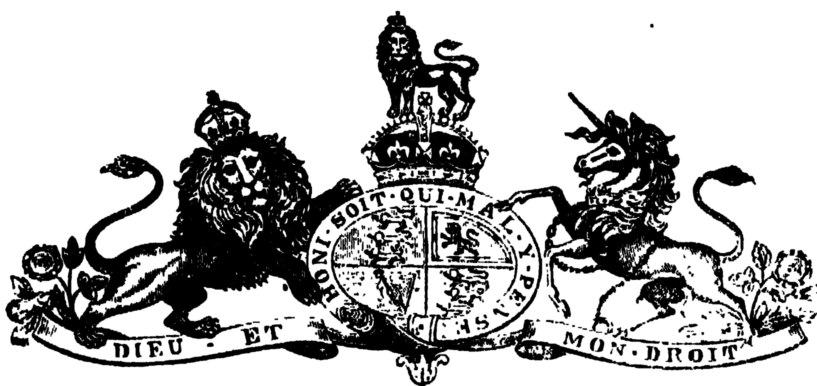
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.

Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

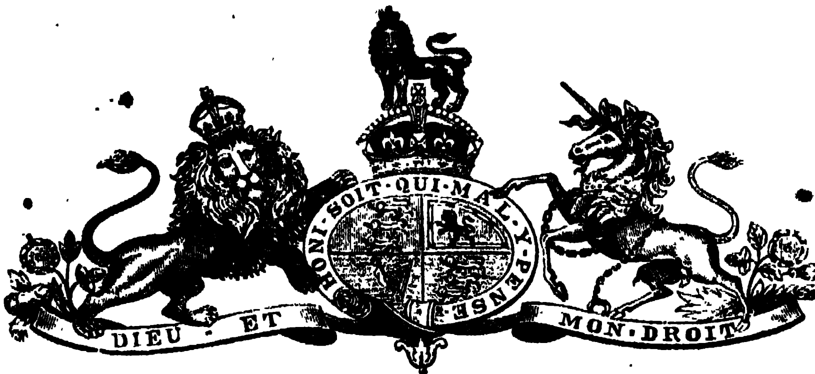
Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 189203, 189204, 189205 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1865 for R15,000 being R5,000 each, originally standing in the name of the Controller General and last endorsed to Kali Pado Mookerji, deceased, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the legal representatives of the deceased proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—PRANDHAN BANERJI, B.A., LL.B., Vakil.

Residence—Vakil for the sons of Kali Pado Mookerji, deceased, Lucknow.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART VI.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA, ASSEMBLED FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDIAN COUNCILS ACTS, 1861 TO 1909 (24 & 25 VICT., c. 67, 55 & 56 VICT., c. 14, AND 9 EDW. VII, c. 4).

The Council met at Government House, Calcutta, on Friday, the 22nd March 1912.

PRESENT:

His Excellency BARON HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor General of India, presiding, and 53 Members, of whom 46 were Additional Members.

QUESTION AND ANSWERS.

The Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham, on behalf of the Hon'ble Mr. Armstrong, asked:

"Will Government be pleased—

(1) To state the amount of the cash balances held in the Home Treasury at the close of each month since March 1911 ?

(2) To state—

(*a*) how much of the balances were invested, and

(*b*) in what form the investments were made ?

(3) To issue a statement monthly in future giving the amount of the cash balances held in the Home Treasury at the close of the preceding month and the particulars asked for in question 2 ?

(4) To state which Banks in England have been approved for the purpose of lodging with them Treasury money without requiring a deposit of securities as cover for money so lodged ?

(5) To state whether in view of the experiences of the year 1908, when the balance of trade turned against India and necessitated large drawings on the Gold Standard Reserve, Government have considered it necessary to take further measures for better securing the stability of the gold standard ?

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Sir Cecil Graham ; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

(6) To state whether by increasing the cash balances in the Home Treasury it has been the intention to supplement the Gold Standard Reserve as a guarantee for the stability of Exchange ?

(7) If the answer to question (6) is in the affirmative, to state whether the method of supplementing the Gold Standard Reserve by means of increased cash balances in the Home Treasury has been adopted as a substitute for the method formerly intended as explained by the Hon'ble Sir James Meston in 1910 when he stated that he had every hope that the Secretary of State would supplement the Reserve if needed by gold borrowings ?

(8) To state whether Government have considered that the maintenance of very large cash balances in the Home Treasury constitutes a heavy burden on the Indian tax-payer ?

(9) If the answer to question (6) is in the affirmative, to state whether Government have considered that borrowing in gold to supplement the Gold Standard Reserve to meet adverse Exchange conditions when they arise would be less expensive for Indian tax-payers than cash balances largely created from revenue ?

(10) To state whether the sum of about two millions sterling derived from the opium-revenue which was to be remitted to the Home Treasury during the year 1910-11 for reduction of floating debt, as announced in the last Budget Statement, has been applied in reducing the floating debt ?

(11) To state how much floating debt has been issued during the current financial year, and how much repaid ?

(12) To state for what purpose floating debt was issued during the current financial year ?

(13) To state—

(*a*) the average rate of interest derived from the employment of the Home Treasury cash balances in the market and with Banks during the current year to the latest date for which the information is available ;

(*b*) the average rate of interest at which India bills were floated during the current year ? "

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, with His Excellency the President's permission, laid the following answers on the table :

" (1) A statement* is laid on the table which gives the figures up to December 1911. It excludes sums held in cash on behalf of the Gold Standard Reserve.

(2) (*a*) and (*b*). The balances at the end of December last were invested as follows :—

(*a*) on loan to approved borrowers on security, £10,650,000.

(*b*) placed in deposit with approved banks, £3,715,000.

(3) The suggestion that statements of the kind asked for should be published monthly will require careful consideration. The Government of India will consult the Secretary of State on the subject.

(4) Deposits have been made from time to time with the following seven Banks :—

London County and Westminster, National Provincial Bank of England, Union of London and Smith's Bank, London Joint Stock Bank, London City and Midland Bank, Glyn, Mills, Currie and Company, Barclay and Company.

(5) The subject of the Gold Standard Reserve is one which receives continual attention from the Government of India and the Secretary of State in Council, but the Secretary of State is of opinion that the experience of the year 1908 afforded satisfactory evidence of the strength of the Gold Standard Reserve as it is now regulated.

* *Vide* Appendix.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson; Mr. Gokhale; Mr. Wheeler.*]

(6) (7). The answer is in the negative. In this connection the Hon'ble Member's attention is invited to the replies given in the Council in Simla on the 18th September last to his second question on the subject of the cash balances held in the Home Treasury, in which the causes operating to swell the balances in recent years were fully explained.

(8) (9) The causes which, as explained in the reply of the 18th September last and elsewhere, have recently raised the total balance of the Government of India in England and in India to an unusually high figure, do not throw a burden on the Indian taxpayer, nor is such a burden thrown on him by reason of the fact that, in course of meeting the convenience of trade, a considerable portion of the balance has been temporarily transferred to the Home Treasury.

(10) The sum is to be applied to the discharge of the temporary debt of the year 1912-13. Particulars of the temporary debt to be discharged in 1912-13 are given in the Financial Statement.

(11) No new floating debt was issued during the current year, although £4½ millions of bills were renewed. The amount repaid was £½ million.

(12) As explained above, there was no issue of floating debt during the current year.

(13) (*a*). The approximate average rate of interest for the year ending 31st March 1912 on loans to approved borrowers on security is calculated to be 2·60, and on deposits with approved banks, 2·43 per cent. per annum.

(*b*) The average rate of interest on India Bills renewed during the current year is 2·97 per cent. per annum."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale asked:

2. "Will the Government be pleased to state what steps, if any, have been taken during the year to provide the country with a system of independent audit, in regard to which the Hon'ble the Finance Member asked last year 'for time to mature proposals'"?

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson replied:

"The whole question has been thoroughly examined in consultation with the Comptroller-General, and proposals are now being prepared for submission to the Secretary of State."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale asked:

"With reference to the statement made by the Hon'ble the Home Member on 26th February last, in reply to my question about the appointment of qualified men outside the ranks of the Indian Medical Service to senior Clinical Professorships in Medical Colleges, namely, 'it is because the best qualified Professors have hitherto only been found among the members of Indian Medical Service that these posts till now have been filled from that service,' will the Government be pleased to state what steps were taken by them to ascertain if competent outsiders were available? Are not appointments to Professorial Chairs invariably advertised, before selections are made, in the United Kingdom? Will the Government state if this practice was ever followed in the past in regard to Professorships in Indian Medical Colleges?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler replied:

"No Clinical Chairs in Government Medical Colleges have so far been thrown open to candidates outside the ranks of the Indian Medical Service, and no outside candidates have accordingly been hitherto invited to apply.

Government have no information as to the practice followed in the United Kingdom in filling Professorial Chairs, and in any case the conditions there prevailing are not identical with those in this country. Recently candidates

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

were invited by advertisement for the Chair of Anatomy in the Medical College, Calcutta, and a similar procedure is now being followed with respect to the Chair of Physics in the same institution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "Will Government make inquiries about the practice in the United Kingdom?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler: "Should occasion arise, they will doubtless do so."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya asked:

"(*a*) Has the attention of Government been drawn to the recommendation of the Public Service Commission of 1886 that in the High Courts of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay the number of Judges selected from the judicial branch of the Provincial Service or from advocates and pleaders of the High Courts should be increased?

"(*b*) Will the Government be pleased to state if any member of the Provincial Civil Service has been appointed a Judge of the High Court at Calcutta since the recommendation above referred to was made?

"(*c*) If no one has been appointed, does the Government propose to take into consideration the claims of the members of the Bengal Provincial Civil Service when the next vacancy has to be filled up on the High Court Bench?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler replied:

"(*a*) The Government of India are aware of the Public Service Commission's recommendation referred to by the Hon'ble Member.

(*b*) No member of the Provincial Service has yet been appointed to the Calcutta High Court Bench, but advocates and pleaders have been frequently selected.

(*c*) The claims of all persons eligible for appointment are considered on the occurrence of a vacancy, and this practice will continue to be followed."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar asked:

"Is it a fact that in 1908 a Committee presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. M. W. Fox-Strangways, who is now officiating as Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, was appointed to inquire into and report on the steps necessary for the reorganization of the Educational Services in the Central Provinces, and that that Committee made certain recommendations?

"If so, will Government be pleased to state what those recommendations were, what was the view of the Local Government in regard thereto, and what action the Government of India have taken in the matter?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"The Hon'ble Member is probably alluding to a Committee which, under the presidency of Mr. Fox-Strangways, considered the improvement of Secondary Education, and to another Conference held at Panchmarhi in June, 1908, on the same subject. These Committees made certain recommendations regarding the Educational Services. The Government of India do not consider it expedient to make known at present the precise recommendations of the two Committees and of the Chief Commissioner. The Chief Commissioner has made recommendations which are under the consideration of the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar asked:

"Is it a fact that the position of the Indian staff of the Government College at Jubbulpur as regards pay and status still continues to be in the same

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Mudholkar; Sir Harcourt Butler; Mr. Dadabhoy; Mr. Wheeler; Mr. Bhurgri; Sir Robert Carlyle.*]

condition as it was when the Quinquennial Report on Education of 1907 brought this matter to the notice of Government, and is Government aware that professors of proved ability after long service are in receipt of monthly salaries of Rs. 400, Rs. 270 and similar sums ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied :

"A reference has been made to the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, and the information required will be supplied in due course."

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy asked :

"Is the Government aware that the amended Central Provinces Civil Courts Act provides for the hearing of certain classes of appeals, both civil and criminal, by Benches composed of two Judges; that after the Act came into force, no additional Judge has been appointed; and that there is at present a congestion in the business of the Judicial Commissioner's Court ?

"If so, does Government propose to appoint a fourth Judge for the Court to ensure proper despatch in business ?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler replied :

"Section 5 (2) of the Central Provinces Courts Act, 1904 (II of 1904), as amended by Act XI of 1910, authorises the making of rules to provide for the exercise of any of the powers of the Court of the Judicial Commissioner by a bench of two or more Judges of the Court. No additional Judge has been appointed since the date upon which the amending Act came into force.

The Government of India have received no representation from the Chief Commissioner as to the existence of any congestion of business in the Judicial Commissioner's Court, and have no proposal before them for the appointment to the Court of a fourth Judge."

The Hon'ble Mr. Bhurgri asked :

"With reference to the reply given by Government to my question about the Sukkur Weir on the 7th instant, do Government propose to call for the information from the Inspector-General of Irrigation, and lay it on the Council table ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle replied :

"Government have now received the report of the Inspector-General of Irrigation, but they do not propose to lay before the Council any information with regard to the scheme until they have given it their careful consideration."

The Hon'ble Mr. Bhurgri asked :

"(*a*) Will Government be pleased to state if there are any special Muhammadan Deputy Educational Inspectors of Schools in any of the provinces of India ?

"(*b*) If so, are there any special schools for Muhammadans alone maintained by Government ?

"(*c*) If so, will Government be pleased to state the number of such Deputy Inspectors in each province, the nature of the duties they perform, and also the number of such special schools under their charge ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied :

"The information required has been called from Local Governments, and will be laid on the table in due course."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[*Raja of Dighapatia ; Sir Harcourt Butler; Mr. Wheeler.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:—

"Is it intended to revise the Local Self-Government Acts of the various Provinces with a view to extend the principle of election into their constitution as recommended by the Decentralisation Commission ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"Local Governments have been consulted on the recommendations of the Royal Commission, and the matter will be considered by the Government of India when their replies have been received."

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:

"Has the Government thought of the advisability of constituting a Local Government Board for a more efficient control of local bodies as suggested by Lord Morley in his despatch to the Government of India dated the 27th November, 190[illegible]. If so, what action does the Government intend to take in the matter ?

"Is it intended to make the Indian villages the basal unit in the Local Self-government scheme as proposed by Lord Morley in the same despatch ? If so, what steps are being taken in this connection ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"The question of the advisability of creating a Department in each province to deal exclusively with matters connected with Local Government, which was the suggestion contained in the Secretary of State's despatch, has been referred to Local Governments for opinion, and their replies are under the consideration of the Government of India.

"The Royal Commission on Decentralization dealt at length with the question of village reorganization, and their recommendations have been referred to local Governments for opinion. The whole question will be considered on receipt of their replies."

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:

"Will the Government lay on the table a complete list of newspapers in India, if any, still in receipt of Government subsidies with the amount of subsidy drawn by each ?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler replied:

"The following is a complete list of newspapers in India, still in receipt of subsidies from Government with the amount of subsidy drawn by each annually:—

	Rs.
Bombay—Jagad Vritta newspaper—annual subsidy . .	15,000
Bengal—Sulav Samachar newspaper—annual subsidy . .	62,500
Eastern Bengal and Assam—Biswa Barta newspaper—annual subsidy	32,000"

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:

"Would the Government be pleased to state in what respects the new University of Dacca will differ from the University of Calcutta, and what will be its jurisdiction and the nature of its affiliation and examinations ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"The Government of India are not prepared to make any announcement as to the constitution of the University at Dacca until they have received the views of the Government of Bengal."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Raja of Dighapatia ; Sir Harcourt Butler ; Nawab Saiyid Muhammad ; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson ; Raja Partab Bahadur Singh ; Mr. Wheeler.*]

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:

"Does the Government propose to consider the advisability of founding some scholarships tenable in Europe for Indian students to equip themselves for the work of research in Archæology and Oriental studies generally ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"The training of Indian students in archæological research and in oriental studies generally is receiving the earnest attention of the Government of India. No announcement can be made at present."

The Hon'ble the Raja of Dighapatia asked:

"Do the Government propose to devote any portion of the special grant for education announced at the last Delhi Durbar for the improvement of the hostels attached to the private colleges ? If so, would there be any special conditions attached to such grants ?

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied:

"Out of the grant of 50 lakhs announced at Delhi for education, 5 lakhs have been distributed for hostels. The utilization of the sums so assigned rests with the Local Governments."

The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Muhammad asked:

"(*a*) Are the Government aware that the rules for the discussion of the Financial Statement in the Provincial Councils are not uniform in the various provinces ?

"(*b*) Have the Government perused the comments of the Hon'ble Non-Official Members in the Madras Legislative Council made last year on the manner in which the Rules have been interpreted and worked in that Presidency ?

"(*c*) Are the Government aware that the Government of the United Provinces have adopted a different course and taken the members in their confidence when framing their preliminary estimates ?

"(*d*) Will the Government be pleased to state whether they propose to call for a report on the subject and lay down or suggest modifications in the present procedure, which will be in accordance with the Reform proposals ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson replied:

"The Rules for the discussion of the Financial Statement are not absolutely uniform in the different provinces. I am not however aware of any precise difficulty in the mind of the Hon'ble Member, and I would suggest that he should refer it in the first instance to his Local Government. There is no intention of calling for a report on the present procedure."

The Hon'ble Raja Partab Bahadur Singh asked:

"Will the Government be pleased to state if a despatch regarding the re-organisation of the Provincial Judicial Service in the United Provinces has been sent to the Secretary of State for India ? If so, will the Government be pleased to state when the said despatch was sent and the approximate time within which the reply of the Secretary of State is expected ?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler replied:

"The Secretary of State has not yet been addressed."

BUDGET FOR 1912-13; SUSPENSION OF RULES OF BUSINESS.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson; the President.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

BUDGET FOR 1912-13.

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "My Lord, the Financial Statement which I laid before this Council on the 1st of March has now passed through the various stages prescribed by our regulations, and on the whole it has met with a reception which cannot be otherwise than gratifying to the Government of India. What I now lay upon the table is the Statement in its final form as the Budget of next year. It has been again examined in close detail, and revised wherever necessary in the light of later information and in accordance with such alterations as Local Governments have made in their Provincial figures after the discussions in their Legislative Councils. The explanatory memorandum has also been thoroughly checked and brought up to date. There will be no debate upon the Budget to-day; but on Monday there will be the usual closing discussion which marks the end of the Calcutta session.

Revised, 1911-12.

"In our Revised estimate for the current year, the corrections which have been made on receipt of the February figures have had the effect of raising the Imperial surplus to just over £3 millions. The Land-revenue is coming in better than we expected in the Punjab, United Provinces, Burma and Bombay; and the Imperial share of the improvement is £142,000. The striking expansion of Railway traffic has compelled us to enhance our estimate under that head by £133,000 since the beginning of the month. Salt continues progressive; Customs, Stamps and Excise receipts have all been on the upgrade; and the March sales of opium in Calcutta again exceeded our forecast. The total net betterness is £343,000. The only appreciable item on the other side of the account appears in the Home charges, where there is an excess of £98,000, part of which I foreshadowed in the Financial Statement.

Budget, 1912-13.

"For next year there have been several unimportant corrections with which I need not weary the Council. We have had to raise our forecast of Salt-revenue in sympathy with the improvement which is now at work; and we have made slight additions, for the same reason, to our Stamps and Excise estimates. On the other hand, the Land-revenue has had to come down in consequence of some unexpected advance collections in the current month; and the more exact figures which we have now obtained indicate that the imposition of the Proprietary Estates Village Service Cess in Madras has progressed so far that its remission will cost us more in 1912-13 than our preliminary estimate had suggested. The net result of these and a few other corrections leaves our Imperial surplus for next year at £1,478,300, being within five lakhs of the figure which I took in the Financial Statement.

Ways and Means. 1911-12 and 1912-13.

"Turning to Capital expenditure and Ways and Means generally, I have to record a further improvement of £853,000 in this year's closing balance. Part of this is due to the improvement in the Imperial Surplus (£343,000); part to additional savings in the Provincial grants (£249,000); and most of the remainder to further lapses in State Railway Capital outlay (£245,000). The closing balance of 1912-13 will not, so far as I can judge, obtain the whole benefit of this improvement, as we have had to raise some of the Provincial grants and provide for larger outgoings of Imperial loans and advances. But the balances will be £584,000 better than my estimate of the 1st March. In view of the continued high sales of Council Bills in the current month, we have raised our figure of remittances by £600,000. In no other respect has there been any important alteration in the figures already placed before the Council."

SUSPENSION OF RULES OF BUSINESS.

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "My Lord, I ask Your Lordship to suspend rule 10 of the Rules for the discussion of matters of general public interest in order to admit of the discussion of the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey's Resolutions before the legislative business."

His Excellency the President: "I suspend the rule."

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

GOLD CURRENCY.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey moved the following Resolution:

"That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the Indian Mints be now thrown open to the free coinage of gold in coins of suitable denominations."

He said :—"My Lord, last year in my Budget speech I recommended the throwing open of the Indian mints to the free coinage of gold, and I proposed the minting of gold coins of the value of Rs. 10 each. My friend the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson was good enough to say that Government would give due consideration to that proposal. The country has not heard anything further as yet from Government as to their intention in the matter, though we have had a great deal of animated discussion in England and in India upon my proposal. Those who have attacked my proposal most vehemently, like the *Statist* for example, have totally misapprehended it to be something new and unheard of before. As a matter of fact, however, there has never been the least doubt that the goal of our currency policy is a gold standard with a gold currency, The only reason which weighed with the successive Committees and Commissions which had been appointed to report on our currency in not recommending the immediate introduction of a gold currency, was the want of gold and the difficulty of securing it except by raising a very big gold loan. Let me quote the words of the Indian Currency Committee of 1898. They observed:

'We are in favour of making the British sovereign a legal tender and a current coin in India. We also consider that, at the same time, the Indian mints should be thrown open to the unrestricted coinage of gold on terms and conditions such as governed the three Australian Branches of the Royal Mint.'

"That was in 1898. At the Council meeting of the 25th August 1899, the Hon'ble Mr. Clinton Dawkins, the then Finance Member, in asking permission to postpone the motion for leave to introduce a Bill further to amend the Indian Coinage Act, 1870, and the Indian Paper Currency Act, 1882, said :

'The Bill is intended, I may say very shortly, to give effect to the recommendations contained in the report of the Indian Currency Committee which has been endorsed by the Secretary of State and are generally accepted by the Government of India. Those recommendations include making the sovereign legal tender at the rate of R15 to 1 sovereign and will provide for the coinage of gold in India.'

"And again, on the 8th September 1899, while introducing the said Bill, he said :

'The measure of transcendant importance before us is to place the currency of India on a gold basis and a stable exchange. To provide for actual striking of gold coinage at an Indian mint is really a corollary, and no practical inconvenience will arise from a short delay. We could not proceed to strike coin until we receive the necessary machinery that has been ordered from England.'

"He further went to say :

'Into the arguments of a gold standard and gold currency, I think no one will expect me to enter. The arguments for and against have been exhausted and Government is proceeding on the condition that no other measure would save India from disastrous embarrassment.'

"That was in 1899. Then again, in 1900, Sir Clinton Dawkins in the Financial Statement made these remarks :—

'It has been decided to constitute a branch of the Royal Mint at the Bombay Mint for the coinage of gold. The terms of the Proclamation, to be issued, under the Imperial Coinage Act, have been settled, and we are merely awaiting now, until the Royal Mint has satisfied itself as regards the Mint premises and appliances at Bombay. A representative of the Royal Mint is starting this week for Bombay to report. The gold from the Mysore mines is indeed already reaching us in anticipation of coinage, and we count upon receiving an annual increment to our stock of gold of from 1¼ to 2 millions from this source. And may I perhaps express satisfaction in passing that we have been able to assist the Indian gold-mining industry by saving it the freight and charges incidental to the transmission of its gold to London.'

"Sir Clinton Dawkins, when he made this announcement, was speaking not only on behalf of the Government of India but also on behalf of the Secretary

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

of State. For we find that in 1900 the Secretary of State for India was so thoroughly convinced of the necessity of introducing and popularising gold coins that in a despatch dated the 24th of May of that year he remarked:

'To make the use of gold coins more popular, and especially among the class of people for whom a coin valued at Rs. 15 is an unduly large unit, it may be desirable for your Government to coin gold pieces of three or five rupees at the Calcutta Mint which should be made legal tender but would be issued altogether irrespectively of the Branch of the Royal Mint at Bombay.'

"The Government of India circulated the despatch and asked for the opinion of the Chambers of Commerce. In reply the Chairman of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, on the 10th July 1900, said:

'The matter having received the careful consideration of the Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce, I am to say that they approve of the proposal as they consider it would assist in popularising the gold coinage in India.'

"He further said in conclusion:

'While on this subject the Committee desire respectfully to suggest that, with the view to making the present gold currency more popular in India, Government should consider the advisability of issuing new gold coins stamped as follows:

£1 or Rs. 15.
Sh. 10 or Rs. 7½.'

"The Bombay Chamber of Commerce, in their letter to the Government of India dated the 1st February 1907, wrote:

'They fully appreciate the difficulties which Government have experienced in providing and financing the large reserves of silver which it has been found necessary to hold in anticipation of fresh coinage; and they instruct me to suggest the desirability of adopting measures to secure a larger use of gold in the currency circulation. An increased use of gold coins as currency would, in their opinion, tend to reduce the quantity of silver bullion or ingot reserves which need be held and would also minimise the difficulties connected with the provision thereof.'

"The Government of India were satisfied with this representation, and in their letter dated the 4th May 1907, in reply to the Chamber of Commerce, said:

'The question raised by the first of these proposals (namely, the more extensive circulation of gold) is one to which your Committee rightly attach the highest importance. The Government of India have never concealed from themselves the inconvenience attending a gold standard which is not accompanied by an effective gold circulation, and they are in full accord with the view that a more general use of gold among the people would simplify the task of directing a managed currency.'

"The Hon'ble Mr. Webb, the Chairman of the Karachi Chamber of Commerce, in his very able memorandum on the Indian currency, has clearly shown the disadvantages of the State management of the currency and has given very instructive facts and figures in support of the gold currency. From these it will be seen that the expert Committees and the Commissions, the Secretary of State, the Government of India and the commercial communities have all been unanimous in their opinion that the introduction of gold currency is the only solution of the difficulties that are inseparable from the present State-managed gold standard system.

"My Lord, events that have happened within the last twelve months confirm me in the view which I took last year of the urgent need of throwing open the mints to the free coinage of gold. Indeed, every day that passes involves a loss to this country and adds to the difficulties in the way of the introduction of a gold currency. That is why I have ventured to bring forward this Resolution. We have now a favourable opportunity, and if we take advantage of it, our success is assured. We are getting in the Government Treasury more gold than we can conveniently hold. Practically the whole of our gold standard reserve is either in gold or invested in gold securities. We hold in gold as much even of our reserves against the paper currency as can be held in gold consistently with our liability to meet our obligations to pay silver coins in exchange for currency notes, and the reserve of silver coins has reached such a low level, only 14 crores of rupees against 47 crores mentioned

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

by the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson the other day, that unless we make provision for gold coinage, more silver coins shall have to be minted at an early date. Since 1907 no new additions have been made to the country's rupee currency, and the demands during the last five years of the expanding trade of the country have been undoubtedly met partly by the circulation of gold coins, thus rendering it possible to do without coining more rupees. Unless Government facilitate the reception of gold coins by the public by some such measure as those suggested in my Resolution, they will have to coin rupees as the only means of meeting the demand for metallic currency. This view is supported by the remarks of my friend the Hon'ble the Finance Member in his speech on the Financial Statement for 1912-13. The Hon'ble Member said :—

'The adverse balance of trade in 1908 has forced us to draw on our Gold Standard Reserve in defence of exchange; and against the gold thus released we had received and withdrawn from circulation in India the enormous quantity of 120 million rupees. Mainly through this cause our rupee reserves at the beginning of 1909-10 were enormously strong; between our currency chests and the silver branch of the Gold Standard Reserve we had altogether 47 crores at our command, and in the strength of that accumulation we have been meeting all demands upon us ever since. The absorption of rupees in the intervening three years has been about 32 crores; and by whatever test the figures are tried, it is clear that the demand has been less active than in the earlier years of the century, when the resources of our mints were severely strained to meet the calls of trade for silver currency.'

" These are the remarks of the Hon'ble Member.

" The absorption of 32 crores of rupees in three years gives an average of about 11 crores per year. When we consider the absorption of rupees in years previous to 1907, we come to the conclusion that 11 crores is not a high figure. From 1900 to 1907 the net addition of rupees to our currency was 84¾ crores of rupees, giving an annual average absorption of about 10½ crores of rupees.

" Against 47 crores of rupees at the command of Government in 1909, we have only 17 crores at the present moment—14 crores in the currency chest and 3 crores in the Gold Standard Reserve. The circulation of our currency notes amounts to over 55 crores of rupees, and I am sure my friend the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson will agree with me when I say that the amount of 17 crores of rupees is by no means larger than the minimum necessary to enable Government to meet its obligation of paying rupees on presentation of currency notes. If this is the present position, may I ask the Hon'ble Member how he proposes to meet the future demand of metallic currency except by coining new rupees, unless my Resolution is accepted, and our mints are thrown open to the free coinage of gold? If you coin more rupees, you will be thereby making it still more difficult than it is to introduce gold currency which is the goal we have in view. If, on the other hand, you throw open the mint to the free coinage of gold, I feel sure that in the present circumstances the country will avail itself of the right very freely and thus reduce, if not prevent, the necessity for coining more token rupees. There is a further argument why we should try to avoid as much as possible any unnecessary addition to our rupee currency. In dealing with the question of high prices, my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale pointed out to this Council four years ago, how the unusually high additions to our total silver coinage during the three years 1905—07 must have had a considerable share in sending up the general level of prices. I am inclined to agree with my friend that a sudden inflation of the country's currency has a tendency in that direction, and I hope that he will in connection with this Resolution develop this part of the argument. Let me make myself clear on one point. I do not suggest that Government should give up the right to coin rupees or refuse to give rupees when people demand the same. I do not propose to touch the gold standard reserve which must remain as it is as the ultimate guarantee of our currency policy. My proposal does not interfere with the existing arrangements in any way but is merely supplementary to them. I made this perfectly clear last year; nevertheless some of my critics have urged against my proposal that Government is asked to part with their reserve of gold, that the gold will disappear into the hoards of the people, and that Government will have difficulty in maintaining the gold standard without raising a gold loan; there is not the

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

least basis for these fears. Let the Government of India accumulate gold to the maximum limit of its capacity, but let the surplus gold which it cannot absorb be coined and circulated if the public chooses to do so. With our expanding trade and the balance in our favour, gold will continue to be imported in ordinary time, and if the facilities of minting are provided in India, it will go into circulation.

"The only plausible argument advanced against the proposal is that the Indian people are too poor for a gold currency. I cannot understand this argument, because if the people are rich enough for a gold standard they cannot be too poor for its normal adjunct, a gold currency. As things are, they have all the disadvantages of a gold system without its advantages. Then, again, I do not propose to demonetise silver, and silver coins will be available, if my suggestion is carried out, as they are now, and whoever requires them will get them as at present.

"Then, again, it is asked, why should there be gold coining in India when whoever may require gold coins may import English sovereigns? Why does Australia coin her own gold? It is quite open to her to import sovereigns. Again, why do all other civilised countries of the world have their own gold coins? So far as India is concerned, it is to her advantage to a greater extent than to many of the other countries. We produce in India 3 million pounds worth of gold from our mines. It is anomalous that this gold should be exported to London to be minted there and sovereigns should be imported into this country. Why should we not coin our own gold if there is demand for it instead of bearing the charges of carriage both ways and suffering the loss of interest on capital during the time occupied in the double transit? The last but not the least of all the advantages of having our own gold coins will be that there will be less of State management in our currency. The trade will be financed automatically by the import and export of gold, as the case may be, just as the commerce of all other countries is financed. India is the only great country in the world, barring China, the management of whose currency is completely in the hands of Government. However well-managed it may be, it can never be as good as an automatic currency which adjusts itself to public demands. After the mints are opened to the free coinage of gold, all that the State will have to do is to pay rupees in exchange for gold coin when such demand arises. All countries, including England, have to pay silver subsidiary coins in exchange for gold coins when they are required for the use of the country. This step will prevent, or in any case reduce, the addition to our existing silver coins, and that will be a great gain.

"As to the denomination of that coin, I prefer a ten-rupee gold coin for various reasons mentioned in my last year's speech. I know that there is a great deal to be said in favour of minting sovereigns in India on the ground that they will be interchangeable with Great Britain, and they can be imported and exported as the balance of trade necessitates. Of course, if the Indian mints could be thrown open to the unrestricted coinage of gold on terms and conditions such as govern the three Australian branches of the Royal Mint, I have no objection to sovereigns being coined in India. A subsidiary ten-rupee gold coin of Indian design might be minted as a supplementary coin, but if the Royal Mint raises any difficulties to recognising our mints as their branches, we should have a ten-rupee coin and not a fifteen-rupee coin. After all it is a matter of detail, and I leave it to Government to fix a suitable denomination.

"I am sorry I have troubled the Council with this long speech. This Resolution after all asks for no more than what the Fowler Committee recommended and what had received the sanction of Lord Curzon's Government and the then Secretary of State.

"The adoption of the step which I have ventured to urge in this Resolution as in my speech last year will, to use the forcible words of Sir James Meston, 'obliterate all the mistakes, all the inconveniences, all the artificialities, of our present position.' My Lord, I believe that the time is come for taking this final step in the long evolution of our currency system."

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Dadabhoy.*]

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy: "My Lord, I beg to support the motion. Circumstanced as we are to-day, I vote for a limited gold currency such as is contemplated in this Resolution. I confess, in spite of the effect the currency measures of Government have had in steadying sterling exchange about the point which the legislation of 1893 had in view, I still incline to the view that it has not been an unmixed good to us, that a silver standard with a silver currency, such as we had early in the nineties of the last century, was beneficial to the country, and, further, that the financial difficulties of a falling exchange could have been minimised by a more equitable adjustment of our financial relations with England. But it is an opinion, supported though it was and is by high authorities, which counts for little in the realities of the present situation. For good or for evil, the Government have adopted a gold standard, and the success from their point of view of the operations has been so great as to dissolve all hopes of a reversal of the present currency policy. It is wise therefore to accept the inevitable, and to help the development of a sound scheme of gold currency for the country. Besides, the mighty changes in the Far East might also ultimately result in a further demonetisation of silver there. In such a contingency—likely enough with an awakened and reformed China—it would be idle for India alone to think of maintaining a silver standard with a silver currency. And the ultimate adoption of a gold standard by China would deprive India of all the advantage of the former unrestricted coinage of silver in her mints. Further, the scheme of currency which has been adopted by Government finds its natural development in a gold currency for India. These considerations influence my action to-day, and I support my friend Sir Vithaldas Thackersey's Resolution.

"The scheme which he proposes and which he has ably explained to Hon'ble Members, is a natural development of the currency policy of the Government. We have so long striven to maintain by artificial supports the convertibility of the rupee into sterling currency at 1*s.* 4*d.* Sir Vithaldas now suggests a step beyond that. He desires to have some of the artificialities removed and to support the gold standard we have adopted with a limited gold currency. This is undoubtedly a much more natural, effective and harmless course, and its merit will impress all.

"My Lord, Government has not taken seriously to the idea of a gold currency apparently for two reasons—(1) the danger arising from the hoarding habits of the people, and (2) the heavy expense of a gold currency. Sir David Barbour, in his minute of 21st June 1892, made a point of the first. The Herschell Committee and the Fowler Committee could not recommend the immediate introduction of a complete gold currency for similar reasons. The idea of the impracticability of an Indian gold currency was in fact general. The *Bombay Gazette*, in 1898, observed:

'The difficulties in the way of establishing a gold coinage in India may, for all practical purposes, be regarded as insuperable. Notwithstanding the supplies from the Rand and the potentialities of Klondyke, the gold available for monetary purposes is not equal to the demand.'

"The currency policy of the Government has all through been shaped with a view to avoid the danger noted by Sir David Barbour and recognised by almost all financial authorities. But that danger is, in view of the changed habits of the people, exaggerated. The Finance Minister, in his introductory speech of 1st March current, on the strength of the Comptroller General Mr. Gillan's report on the Paper Currency Department, opines that the people are shaking off their fondness for metallic money and their habit of hoarding, and are taking kindly to paper currency. He points with legitimate satisfaction to the freer use of notes by the people:

'In March 1909 the volume of the note circulation was 45¼ crores. In August 1911 it overtopped 60 crores, and it is now rarely under 55 crores.'

"And then, referring to the heavy imports of gold, he observes:

'I am convinced that these masses of imported sovereigns will not disappear into hoards or the melting pot; and that, as the people become more familiar with them, their use as

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Mr. Dadabhoy; Mr. Mudholkar.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

genuine currency will very largely extend. The habit will probably come with a rush, as other changes have come in India.'

"Again:

'If the free circulation of gold is not so much nearer as some of us would wish, it is certainly no further off.'

"The statements of the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson are necessarily cautious, but they testify unmistakably to a wholesome change in popular habits which makes the danger of the introduction of a gold currency less acute.

"The expense of a complete system of gold currency will undoubtedly be enormous. The public have no basis of calculation on such a technical subject, and we have no official estimate of the cost before us to justify an expression of our opinion. The total rupee circulation, according to the estimate of Mr. F. C. Harrison, is 120 crores. But that was several years ago, and there have been additions and withdrawals in the interval. In any view, to replace the silver currency with gold is obviously an ambitious project, and however desirable the consummation might be, I would not support such a proposal, especially in the absence of more definite data and a detailed estimate of the cost. But Sir Vithaldas suggests for adoption a much more modest and feasible course. Hon'ble Members will be pleased to note that he does not recommend the *substitution* of the silver currency with a gold currency. He distinctly says he does not want to demonetise silver. In his scheme silver coins will be available as at present. He does not seek to disturb the existing currency arrangements of Government, and the rupee will remain convertible into the sovereign at an exchange of 1*s*. 4*d*. as heretofore. The Gold Standard Reserve will not be touched. The fear expressed by Mr. Robert Hardie and other experts before the Currency Committee that with a gold currency India would be exceptionally liable to a heavy drain of gold abroad, because her foreign indebtedness was excessively heavy, would be groundless in the suggested arrangement. The only important change my friend proposes is that people should be free to have private gold coined at their convenience at the Mints, and that the gold which Government does not require for the Gold Standard Reserve may be minted and put into circulation. This course is the least inconvenient conceivable. The gold of the public which is thus coined will flow into circulation, and not be locked up in hoards. The gold currency which will thus be created will be supplementary to the silver currency, and will to some extent ease the stringency of the market. Moreover, there is no reason why the three million pounds worth of gold produced annually in India should leave her shores for being converted into sovereigns. The Indian mints could surely do the work with advantage.

"About this time last year the Hon'ble Finance Minister very properly condemned silver speculation; in his Financial Statement this year he has referred to the discomfiture of the speculators with evident satisfaction. Naturally he is nervous about the effect of the operations of the bulls upon the transactions of Government. I do not blame him for that. On the contrary, we are all glad he is so watchful. This is a commendable attitude in the Finance Minister. But, instead of depending upon uncertain circumstances for an avoidance of the difficulties created by silver speculations, I humbly submit it will be far more satisfactory for Government to discourage such speculation by the introduction of a gold currency on the lines suggested by the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas. That is an additional and cogent reason why the Resolution should be adopted.

"The only difficulty I apprehend is about the unpopularity of a gold coin of small size. Sovereigns would be decidedly preferable. But Sir Vithaldas rightly leaves the question of the denomination of the coin in the hands of Government.

"I support the Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar: "My Lord, I also rise to accord my suport to the Resolution moved by Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersay. To those who arpacquainted with the currency controversies of the nineties it would appear

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Mudholkar.*]

curious that the demand for a gold coinage for India should come from Indian members. But there is nothing extraordinary in the position now taken up by them. This Resolution and the other which is to follow it are the necessary and logical outcome of the policy inaugurated in 1893 and developed and carried out in 1899. We are not concerned with discussing the propriety of the great change effected then in our currency system. We are concerned only with the outstanding fact that in view of the decline of the price of silver which began in the early part of the seventies, and under which the price of the rupee went down to nearly 13 pence the Government, anxious to secure stability of exchange, first closed our mints to the free coinage of silver and six years later established the Indian currency on a gold standard basis by fixing a statutory value of 16 pence for the rupee. The token value of the rupee is thus about 33 per cent. more than its intrinsic value. Whatever its effect on the value of the silver savings of the people in the burden of debts and taxes and on Indian industries and exports, a revolution has been effected in our currency. Our chief circulating medium, the rupee, is a token coin and nothing more. The question arises, is this a desirable state of things? If our currency system is based on a gold standard, the only logical and safe course to adopt is to have gold coins and to provide for the coinage of gold. Under the new system the English sovereign is legal tender, but there is no provision for the coinage of gold in Indian mints. This state of things is certainly not in accordance with the views and objects under which the policy of 1899 was adopted. Sir Clinton Dawkins, Finance Member of the Government of India, in explaining the position of the Government in the Financial Statement for 1900-01, stated:

'It has been decided to constitute a branch of the Royal Mint at the Bombay Mint for the coinage of gold. The terms of the proclamation to be issued under the Imperial Coinage Act have been settled, and we are merely waiting now until the Royal Mint has satisfied itself as regards the Mint premises and appliances in Bombay. A representative of the Royal Mint is starting this week for Bombay to report. The gold from the Mysore mines is indeed already reaching us in anticipation of coinage, and we count upon receiving an annual increment to our stock of gold of from 1½ to 2 millions from this source.'

'It is thus clear what the real scope of the policy adopted in 1899 was Why the action which had been decided upon was abandoned we do not know. The immediate establishment of a complete system of gold currency sufficient to meet the demands of the country was not thought practicable then or can be considered so now. But, as our currency is based on a gold standard, the obvious course would seem to be to provide for the coinage of gold. I should not be under stood as advocating a diversion of the gold standard reserve to this purpose. Why a portion of it may not be so applied is a matter worthy of consideration; but that is not necessary to be discussed just now. What is to be borne in mind is that a beginning in the coining of gold is necessary and the Government might well accept the very cautious suggestion made by the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas. Sir James Meston, in his speech delivered on the 27th of March last year, advanced some arguments in support of the Government's policy of keeping the gold standard reserve in London:

'What we do is to maintain the value of the rupee by keeping the gold where gold is most wanted and is likely to be most useful to us. Now' (I would ask the Council to mark these words) 'if gold were effectively wanted in India, that is, if India could keep gold in circulation and export gold privately in large quantity when exchange threatens to fall, then in those circumstances our duty would be accomplished and our task would be lightened. But we know that these circumstances do not obtain. We have not yet a substantial gold circulation in India.'

"Now, my Lord, is it the fault of the country that there is not any substantial circulation of gold coins in India? It cannot be disputed that when there is any considerable amount required for payment or transport, gold is often preferred to silver. My Lord, there is one very important consideration which demands the action now suggested. If the stability of exchange justified the adoption of the new system, the necessity for a stability of the value of the rupee in relation to other commodities demands that the gold basis and gold standard should be more than a name. When the mints were opened to the

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Mr. Mudholkar; Mr. Gokhale.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

free coinage of silver there was a self-adjusting process automatically as it were regulating the number of rupees in circulation. But what has been the policy since 1893? In the decade ending with 1884, the value of new rupees coined was annually about six crores. In the nine years following it was 8·3 crores. Between 1900—1908 over a hundred crores were coined, the average for the first five years being 8·3 and for the last three years 20·7. Such fluctuations in the currency must necessarily produce fluctuations in prices. The situation is complicated by the fact that the token value of the rupee has no relation to the value of the metal. The existence of a gold currency would certainly obviate fluctuations or uncertainties.

"The merit of the proposal is that it does not lay any claim to originality. It only asks the Government to take the action which was resolved upon in 1900."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "My Lord, I beg to support this Resolution. My Hon'ble friend Sir Vithaldas Thackersey has referred to certain remarks which I had made on this subject in this Council a few years ago, and he has invited me to-day to develop my view still further. I do not know that there is much to develope, but I will briefly state what I think of one aspect—an important aspect—of the matter. In dealing with the question of high prices in 1908-1909 I had to give some thought to this question of the coinage of rupees, and this was how I expressed my views on the occasion:

'It seems to me that the only way now out of our difficulties is to follow the example of France and the United States, and while admitting the rupee to unlimited tender, stop the coinage of new rupees and coin gold pieces instead. Of course I express this opinion with great diffidence, for there are serious considerations on the other side and the whole subject is enveloped in great obscurity. But I fear that the present half-way house will not do, and unless we place our currency on an automatic and self-adjusting basis, the clouds that are already overhead will thicken and not roll away.'

"The clouds that I specially referred to were clouds of high prices and also of certain apprehensions in connexion with the adequacy or otherwise of our gold standard reserve to maintain the level of exchange. My Lord, so far as the question of prices is concerned, that is a matter which is under some sort of inquiry at present, and I do not therefore want to go into it at any length. The fact that there were no additions made during the last three years to our total silver currrency has undoubtedly tended to ease the situation as regards prices. But if we are again on the eve of large additions to our silver currency, I fear the question will be further complicated and the complications might possibly grow most serious. The view that I take of this matter is briefly this. The quantitative theory of money, as every student of political economy knows, holds good in the case of backward countries like India much more than in the case of advanced countries which have a highly developed system of credit instruments. Now, in that view of things, prices are a function, to use a mathematical phrase, of three variables; they depend upon three factors—the volume of currency, the supply of commodities, and the demand for commodities. Any two factors being the same, they vary with the third factor, either directly or inversely, as the relation may be. For instance, they vary directly with the volume of currency; they also vary directly with the demand for commodities; and they vary inversely with the supply of commodities. Now, assuming for the moment that the demand and supply continue normal, prices will vary according to the volume of currency. Of course it takes a fairly long period for these adjustments to take place, but I am stating only the tendency of things. Whether the total volume of currency that exists in circulation at any particular moment is adequate or otherwise depends upon a number of considerations, and the demands of new industrial developments in the country increases in production, increased facilities for exchange and various other factors of that kind. But I am not going into that just now; I am simply considering the single phenomenon of prices in relation to the volume of currency, leaving everything else out as normal. Now, what is the difference if you have an automatic self-adjusting currency such as we may have with gold or we had with silver before the year 1893, and

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Gokhale; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*]

the kind of artificial currency that we have at present? Situated as India is, you will always require, to meet the demands of trade, the coinage of a certain number of gold or silver pieces, as the case may be, during the export season, that is for six months in the year. When the export season is brisk money has to be sent into the interior to purchase commodities. That is a factor common to both situations whether you have an artificial automatic gold currency as now or a silver currency. But the difference is this. During the remaining six months of the slack season there is undoubtedly experienced a redundancy of currency, and under a self-adjusting automatic system there are three outlets for this redundancy to work itself off. The coins that are superfluous may either come back to the banks and to the coffers of Government; or they may be exported, or they may be melted by people for purposes of consumption for other wants. But where you have no self-adjusting and automatic currency where the coin is an artificial token of currency such as our rupee is at the present moment, two out of three of these outlets are stopped. You cannot export the rupee, without heavy loss, you cannot melt the rupee without heavy loss, and consequently the extra coins must return to the banks and the coffers of Government, or they must be absorbed by the people. In the latter case, the situation is like that of a soil which is water-logged, which has no efficient drainage, and the moisture from which cannot be removed. In this country the facilities for banking are very inadequate, and therefore our money does not swiftly flow back to the banks or Government treasuries. Consequently the extra money that is sent in to the interior often gathers here and there like pools of water, turning the whole soil into a marsh. I believe the fact cannot be gainsaid that the stopping of two outlets out of three tends to raise prices by making the volume of currency redundant. If we had a gold currency in place of the present artificial silver currency, when there is a redundancy, the people could re-melt gold coins into bullion or export gold coins, without loss; but the rupee being what it is the people cannot melt or export it, because of the difference between its token and intrinsic values, and every rupee coined remains as a net addition to the currency. It has been estimated that an average of about three crores of rupees used to be melted annually by the people under the old system for purposes of ornaments, etc. Where the cost of carrying bullion from the ports into the interior exceeded the slight loss that was incurred by melting rupees people, melted rupees. And the present disability will remain as long as our currency remains artificial. As a matter of fact, those who suggested that our currency should be placed on its present basis had foreseen this, and they had recommended that the present should only be a temporary arrangement. The Fowler Committee and other authorities have advocated a gold standard and a gold currency, not a silver currency, as the permanent arrangement for this country. The time has come when we should consider whether we should not enter on the next stage of our currency policy and go in for the coinage of gold pieces, admitting silver, however, for the present to unlimited legal tender. But a time must come when silver will have to be restricted in amount as legal tender, and gold will then have to be the principal coin of the country. My Lord, I support this Resolution.

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: Sir Vithaldas has dealt with consummate ability with a question of first class importance. I am quite sure that his speech has been listened to by every one in the Council, as it certainly has been listened to by me, with the very greatest interest.

"Both in regard to this Resolution and the second Resolution which stands in his name, Sir Vithaldas, it will be realised, has a great advantage over me. He does not speak in the name of a Government; he does not speak even in the name of any large financial corporation. He may be voicing the opinion of many others, but he speaks for himself and for himself alone. This of course enables him to speak with absolute freedom and without any reserve.

"My own position is the exact opposite. On all financial questions, but more especially on the two questions which the Hon'ble Member has raised, I can

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

only speak as a member of the Government of India, and I have naturally, and quite properly, to speak with considerable reserve, as I have to consider, not only the opinion and responsibility of the Government of India as a whole, but also the responsibility of the Secretary of State in Council.

"I mention this because I think the point is sometimes lost sight of and it is not always remembered that if a Finance Minister speaks with considerable caution and is not so ready to pledge himself as some people would wish, his attitude is influenced not by any desire to escape responsibility and certainly not from any disinclination to be absolutely frank with this Council, but by a proper consciousness that he is neither empowered nor entitled to speak with absolute freedom.

"My Hon'ble friend Sir Vithaldas Thackersey has given the Council a most interesting speech on a subject which he has made particularly his own. The Resolution which he has moved is intended, I take it, partly to focus the discussions on this important subject, and partly to jog the memory of Government. I wish to assure him at the outset that the matter has been constantly in our thoughts since I gave him my promise a year ago to renew the consideration of the scheme which Sir Vithaldas pressed with his usual ability and moderation upon the Government of India.

"The interval which has elapsed since the question of coining gold was last before this Council has not been time lost. The ball which Sir Vithaldas set rolling has been in vigorous play throughout the year. No subject of a purely financial character has, in my time, attracted so much attention or so much skilled criticism. It has been thoroughly ventilated in the public Press, both in England and in India; the views of all classes interested in the subject have been received by Government; and every phase of it has been examined in full and free informal discussion. What I propose to do to-day, in answering my Hon'ble friend, is to review as briefly as possible the opinions that we have collected; to examine the main arguments for and against the coinage of gold; and to remove some of the misconceptions which have grown up round the subject. As at present situated I cannot do more, for we have still to obtain the opinions and the orders of our final authority, the Secretary of State; but I am sure that, in their responsible task of deciding the issues which we are placing before them, the Secretary of State for India and his advisers will be greatly helped by the proceedings of to-day. The proposal which my Hon'ble friend wishes us to revive is that which the Indian Currency Commission of 1898 recommended as part of the machinery for the maintenance of our gold standard. I need not quote the precise words of the Committee. They will be found in paragraph 54 of the report and are familiar to all students of the subject. The proposal in brief was that the Indian mints should be thrown open to the unrestricted coinage of gold on terms and conditions such as govern the three Australian branches of the Royal Mint. This proposal was cordially accepted by the Government of India and, as Sir Vithaldas reminded us a year ago, steps were taken to give effect to it. Our preparations, however, came to an end somewhat suddenly in 1902. There had been much discussion on technical details; and while time was passing, the agents for the Kolar Gold Mines had concluded arrangements for the disposal of their gold in England. The Government of the day were doubtful whether it was prudent to pursue the scheme in the absence of any steady supply of local gold; and the treasury at Home were disposed to advise against it in the belief that India would obtain all the gold it required through the ordinary channels of import. The question was thus laid aside in 1902. No definite reasons were given at the time so far as I can ascertain; but the reasons were those which I have now briefly described, and no other.

"During the last ten years, spasmodic suggestions had been made for reviving the proposal; but it was not until my friend's Resolution of last year that the Government of India were formally moved to review the situation and consider the propriety of reverting to the policy recommended by Sir Henry Fowler's Committee. When we went thoroughly into the subject, as I promised Sir Vithaldas that we should do, it seemed to us that there had been such

GOLD CURRENCY.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*]

a change of conditions as would fully justify us in reviving the question, and not in treating it as a subject which had been laid aside for good in 1902.

"Hon'ble gentlemen will pardon me for not following them into the difficult and very large question of the redundant rupee and the influence of currency on prices. It is true that we get no gold of Indian production, simply because we can do nothing with it if it is offered to us. It is also true that sovereigns still come in freely by trade channels when the balance of international exchange is in our favour. But in other respects the position has altered greatly in the last decade. Our currency system has been through the fiery trial of 1907-1908, and the need for strengthening our gold holdings has been brought home to us. Also, to the mind of many observers, what I may call the currency habits of the people seem to be changing. Gold is being more freely taken in payment for agricultural produce. There may be no striking increase in the active circulation of gold, but it is certainly becoming more familiar and is being more readily accepted. Rupees, as many believe, are being replaced by gold in hoards. Our note circulation is also making great strides. Its rapid increase, specially since the notes of the lower denominations were made universal, goes far to indicate that the people of this country are ready for a handier form of currency than silver and for a higher unit than the rupee. All these changes in India justify us in considering once again whether we should not embark on the coinage of gold. What particular coin we should manufacture is perhaps a matter of detail rather than of principle; some authorities would like to see a distinctive Indian coin, like the gold mohur or pagoda; others regard this suggestion as an antiquarian rather than of practical value, and would like to see the Indian sovereign or a ten-rupee gold piece; others again would be content if our mints were empowered to manufacture the ordinary sovereigns with which we are all familiar. I think myself that the balance of advantage lies in the third course; it gives us the coin which my esteemed friend, Sir Shapurji Broacha, has so happily described as the cement of the empire; and it simplifies immensely the issue of our gold in international trade. For the purpose of discussion then, I assume that we shall, at the outset at least, coin sovereigns if we are allowed to coin gold at all. The proposal before us is thus in its simplest form, that one of our Indian mints should be opened to the free coinage of the sovereign on terms and conditions similar to those which control the mints in Australia and Canada.

"Now, since the debate of last year, this proposal, simple though it is, has been subjected to considerable misrepresentations. It has been suggested, for example, that the scheme contemplates a large loan by us for the purchase of gold; that we should force gold upon an unwilling people on an enormous scale; and that we should thereby produce, as I think we should certainly do, a serious fall in the value of silver and considerable hardship to the poorer classes in India. It is also suggested that, between buying gold and paying interest on our coinage loans, we should be throwing away large sums of money which are required for education, and for the extension of railways and irrigation. Taxation would be multiplied; the gold would disappear as soon as we coined it; and our exchange position would be as bad as ever. The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas has repudiated this description of his proposal with some warmth, and I entirely sympathise with him. No such proposal was ever dreamt of by any sane and responsible man in this country. There has never been any intention of borrowing or of buying gold, or of forcing it upon the people or of coining a single sovereign except from bullion which is brought to us voluntarily for the purpose. The proposal, which I have already described as simple and unambiguous, is merely to open a gold mint on a small scale with a gold refinery attached to it, so that we may be able to handle either raw gold from the mines, or ornaments and other alloys that may be offered to us.

"This being the proposal which Sir Vithaldas had, I think, in mind, and which was also in my mind when I promised to consider it, let us examine the arguments of honest critics for and against it. I take first the arguments against it. They are numerous; but I think they may be suitably

GOLD CURRENCY.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

classified into three sets of objections, namely, that a gold coinage is unnecessary; that it would be ineffective in support of exchange; and that it would be wasteful or even harmful. The first of these objections is the argument that gold already comes in freely from Australia, Egypt and elsewhere, and that there is no necessity for adding to it in this country. Support is given to this objection by the very large accumulation of sovereigns which have grown up in our currency reserve during the last year and a half of busy trade. It is also argued that with a sufficiently strong gold reserve in London and a sufficiently strong silver reserve in India, we could get along without a visible gold currency at all. This view is taken by many who believe that the scheme known as the Lindsay scheme, after the late Mr. A. M. Lindsay, the distinguished economist and banker of Calcutta, is the solution for all currency difficulties in a silver-using country. I think that these objections merit the most careful consideration. I do not say that they are insuperable. But they are reasonable and have the weight of high authority behind them.

"The second set of objections is based upon the view that a gold coinage would have no influence in supporting exchange for the simple reason that, at a time of crisis, the sovereign would disappear. It would stand at a high premium, and there will be no persuading the people to release their hoardings of it for the purposes of export. Until the sovereign becomes much more familiar and enters much more largely into active circulation, I think this objection is, largely true. The question is whether it is advisable to take means to increase the circulation in order to prevent the wholesale disappearance of the sovereign when exchange shows signs of weakness.

"The third and most uncompromising group of objections to our gold currency comes from those who consider that the minting of gold in India would be wasteful, expensive and harmful. Many competent observers consider that it would be wasteful because our new sovereigns would be melted or would disappear into hoards as soon as they are issued. I do not think my Hon'ble friend shares that view, and I believe that experience alone will prove its truth or its falsehood. I would only remark that the hoarding and the melting of rupees was a constant trouble in the days when our mints were open to silver. And I personally believe that, if sovereigns can be made to replace silver or ornaments in the hoards of the people, we shall have advanced a decided step in the direction not only of greater prosperity but of greater stability in our exchange affairs. Some of our other critics, however, urge that the sovereign is an expensive coin, because we get no profits from it, such as we do from the rupee, and because we should have to bear the loss of wear and tear. To this objection I cannot attach very much importance, knowing, as I do know, the comparatively small cost at which the gold currency of the United Kingdom was rehabilitated by the late Lord Goschen. The last argument in this group to which I need refer is the suggestion that our gold coinage would draw off a larger quantity of gold from the European markets than India obtains at present, and that consequently business and trade would suffer in the gold-using countries. This argument I must admit to be one of the most serious in the whole controversy; because, if it is true, it sets the whole of the interests of the gold-using countries against our proposal. It is a matter on which various opinions may honestly be held whether the opening of the mint to gold would in practice have the effect of enlarging our gold imports. It would certainly have the effect of bringing in a larger quantity of bullion and a smaller quantity of sovereigns if there were a marginal profit on the former; but would it have the effect of increasing the aggregate quantity of gold of all sorts which comes in to adjust the balance of trade?

"I have now stated with perfect frankness the arguments against the gold coinage for India. The arguments *for* such a coinage are in my Hon'ble friend's mind, and some of them have been skilfully displayed in his opening speech. As I understand the position, he believes that the coinage of gold would enable large quantities of bullion which are now in the country to be converted into legal tender. He believes that, with greater familiarity, the sovereigns would pass more freely into active circulation. He hopes and I also

GOLD CURRENCY; GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson; Sir Vithaldas Thackersey; the President.*]

sincerely hope, that, if this consummation is reached, it would diminish the pressure upon us for the coinage of fresh rupees and simplify our exchange difficulties. These in their turn are weighty considerations and they are considerations which affect the practical outlook of the business man, who does not delude himself into the idea that the mere opening of the mints to gold would immediately provide a door for the export of superfluous currency in the form of sovereigns when exchange goes against us. I do not myself see any near prospects of that measure of assistance; but I readily admit that the coinage of gold, if it leads to a substantial and growing increase of the active circulation, will carry us some way in that direction, and consequently in the direction of greater security and of greater stability.

"I have now, as I undertook to do, laid before the Council the pros and cons of this important and attractive subject. As I explained, I can at the moment do no more; because the whole question, with the views of the Government of India upon it, awaits the final decision of the Secretary of State.

"If his decision should meet the wishes of my Hon'ble friend, no one will be more gratified than the present Finance Minister."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey: "My Lord, I must recognize that the reply of the Hon'ble Finance Member is very satisfactory; and I may say that he has said more in support, he has brought forward more cogent arguments in support, of opening the mints to the free coining of gold, than I was able to do in my opening speech. I am perfectly satisfied with his assurance that he is doing his best to get the sanction of the Secretary of State, and therefore, with Your Lordship's permission, I beg to withdraw my motion for the present."

His Excellency the President: "The Resolution is by permission withdrawn."

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey then moved the further Resolution:

"That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that a substantial portion of the Gold Standard Reserve be held in gold in India."

He said:

"My Lord, this question has been threshed out so often in the past that I will not attempt to weary the Council with any lengthy remarks on this subject. All the Chambers of Commerce have times out of number demanded that our Gold Standard Reserve should be held in gold in India. They have more than once pointed out the danger of either diverting any amount of this to any other purpose or to investing it permanently in gold securities. They have further pointed out that, in case of panic or war, the gold may not be available to us when we badly want it, and in that case it might be difficult, if not absolutely impossible, for India to maintain a Gold Standard. In these days, when the sensitiveness of the money market has become proverbial, it is easily conceivable how great will be the loss that the people of this country would suffer, and to what great extent the prestige of Government would be lessened, if there was the slightest reason to doubt that the gold in the Gold Standard Reserve may not be readily available to maintain the exchange. All the labour of years in creating confidence in the outside world will be lost in a second. And for what purpose is all this risk incurred? My friend the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, who has always proved himself a capable and sound financier, and whose elevation to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the United Provinces is a matter of deep gratification to all of us, presented last year to this Council what he called the other side of the shield. He said that gold was located in London to simplify the duty of the Government of India in maintaining the gold value of the

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

rupee, as when required to support our exchanges it would be immediately available. It had been mentioned, moreover, in the reply from the Government of India to the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in May 1907 that holding liquid gold in India would entail loss of interest which we at present earn by investment in gold securities. I will, therefore, with Your Lordship's permission, deal also with this argument. The reply to the first argument is that the location of gold in India will not at all make the duty of the Government of India any more difficult in maintaining the gold value of the rupee. The call on this reserve is made only when it is required for export, and it will be as easy for the Government of India to deliver gold in India to those who want it in exchange for rupees as it is easy for the Secretary of State to deliver gold in London. If gold is required by the Secretary of State when he cannot sell Council Bills, it can be exported almost immediately. As to the second argument about earning interest, I need only repeat what has been so often and so unanimously said by all the Chambers of Commerce in India and by others who can speak with authority on this subject, that Government are taking a very great risk by this procedure. So long as things move smoothly and no storm breaks, this kind of investment may bring us some income; but it must not be forgotten, as the Bombay Chamber of Commerce wrote to Government in 1907, that the Gold Standard Reserve is being maintained for the sake of serious emergencies, and that, should such emergencies arise, it might very easily happen that it will be extremely difficult to realise rapidly the securities in England. Indeed, the state of the money market brought about by the very emergency would probably be considerably aggravated if it entailed the realising of a large quantity of British securities, whereas if the reserve was a metallic one the position could be at once relieved. My Lord, India is not the only country which has to maintain a metallic reserve of gold. The United States Treasury has the largest stock of gold held by any country in the world. On 31st December 1910, it amounted to over 233 millions sterling—over eleven times our Gold Standard Reserve. Does the United States Government invest it in gilt-edged securities? In the same way France and Russia have large Gold Reserves—certainly many times more than our reserve. Why do they not invest them? They rightly realise that their credit and honour and existence stand upon the Gold Reserve, and they know that it may be required at any time in an emergency. I wish to speak with great respect of the Secretary of State's advisers. They are eminent and honourable men, but it is only necessary to mention the positions they occupy in the world of London finance to show that, human nature being what it is, they cannot be expected to be wholly free from a certain bias. Lord Inchcape is a Director of the National Provincial Bank of England—a very powerful Bank. Sir Felix Schuster, Baronet, is a Director of the German Bank of London, Limited, and also a Governor of the Union of London and Smith's Bank, Limited. Mr. Lawrence Currie is a managing partner in Glyn, Mills and Currie, Limited—a large and powerful private banking house. All these institutions are on the list of approved bankers and private individuals with whom according to the Hon'ble Finance Member all our cash balance is invested in London. Are the financiers of this Government less alert than the Secretary of State's advisers? But, my Lord, against the advice of these three eminent London financiers, the Secretary of State has before him the unanimous recommendation of independent experts well qualified to give sound advice on this subject who constituted the Indian Currency Committee over which Sir Henry Fowler presided. This recommendation was to the effect that any profit made on the coinage of rupees should be kept in gold as a Special Reserve. The Secretary of State is therefore incurring a very grave responsibility in disregarding independent advice.

"But, my Lord, this does not exhaust our cause for complaint. In addition to our Gold Standard Reserve, the Secretary of State has withdrawn 8½ million pounds of our Paper Currency Reserve and many million pounds more out of our Treasury balances over and above his budget requirements. The cash balances in the hands of the Secretary of State in London in January

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

1912 amounted to 17½ million pounds sterling, and this year till the 20th instant the Secretary of State has drawn 3½ million pounds in excess of this year's requirements for Home charges, and still we have 10 days to run in this financial year. What is the object in withdrawing such large amounts from India? In reply to the Hon'ble Mr. Armstrong's question in Simla in September last inquiring whether much larger cash balances were now held in the Home Treasury than formerly, and if so, the reasons for this, the Hon'ble Finance Member gave, amongst other explanations, 'the heavy sales of Council Bills and telegraphic transfers in excess of the requirements of the Home Treasury.' My Lord, this explanation explains nothing. It is only a paraphrase of the question. In busy seasons, while India clamours for money, and while the Bank rate of interest on the security of Government paper goes up to 8 per cent per annum, while the industry and commerce of the country suffer by the high rate of interest and sometimes find difficulty in getting money at all, the Secretary of State keeps millions and millions of our cash invested by him at a nominal rate of interest with the London bankers and financiers. A more unsatisfactory policy it is difficult to conceive. If even a portion of the amount lying in London had been available with our bankers here, the present stringency of the money market would not have arisen and the commerce and industry of the country would greatly have benefited. Apart from the interests of commerce and industry, which must be dear to us, is it to the interest of Government itself and to the credit of India that such a monetary stringency should be allowed to happen when we have the means of relieving it? Is it to India's credit that on the security of its own promissory notes the holders should have to pay in the busy season a high rate of 8 to 9 per cent. per annum, which is more than double the rate paid by Government? How can we expect under such circumstances that Government paper should be more popular? In England, every one, from the Chancellor of the Exchequer down to the humble banker and financier, is seriously concerned about the steps to be taken to make the British Consols more popular. At present that is the principal topic in England. We in India export our available capital to London and starve our banking institutions to the detriment of the popularity of our own paper. If means can be adopted by which we can prevent the enormous rise of the rate of interest in the busy season, I am sure, and that is the opinion of many bankers, that the price of Government paper would stand at a much higher figure than now. Apart from this consideration, we have to bear in mind that this periodical tightness of the money market is a great hindrance to our industrial progress. Violent fluctuations are always to be deprecated. In Great Britain, while the Bank rate varies from 3 per cent. to 5 per cent. in the busy season, a difference of 2 per cent., in India it varies from 3 per cent. to 8 per cent., a difference of 5 per cent. I find from the reply to-day that about 2½ per cent. is the average rate of interest with the London financiers.

"My Lord, this craving for India's money in London is so great and the Secretary of State is so much influenced by the London money market that his Council to-day may be said to be one of the biggest financial houses in London. It is impossible to describe the financial operations of the Secretary of State's Council in better words than those used by Lord Morley himself who, on May 10th last, was the principal guest at the annual dinner of the English Association of Bankers. It is a reported speech. He said (after dinner). (This is not an after dinner topic, but I may as well speak of it, if you will allow me.) He said:—

'I think that even many of you, experienced men as you are, will be rather astonished at the magnitude of the India Office figures. The cash balance at the present term is £18,750,000—not rupees, but pounds—and of that £8,350,000 is placed on deposit at 2 to 3 months' credit, and nearly £10,000,000 is lent to first class firms on unimpeachable security from three to five weeks' notice. The maturing and re-lending of these sums cause a cash business which amounts to £60,000,000 a year. There are other details with which I will not burden you, but the India Office is responsible in the year 1910-11 for £160,000,000 (240 crores of rupees). There are other details of further management of accumulated funds of Gold Standard Reserve in this country, which amounts to upwards of £17,000,000, and of Paper Currency Reserve, which amounts to £7,500,000.'"

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Mr. Gokhale; Mr. Dadabhoy.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "My Lord, I wish to express my entire concurrence with my Hon'ble friend in all he has said. He has stated the case with that clearness and practical ability which always distinguish his utterances, and I do not think anything more need be added to what he has said. I heartily support his Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy: "My Lord, I cordially support this Resolution. The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas has very forcibly and lucidly pointed out the injustice that follows to India from the investment of, at a nominal rate of interest, the bulk of the gold of the Gold Standard Reserve, while money is scarce here and the Bank rate of interest upon demand loans reaches at times the high figure of 9 per cent. It is admitted that liquid capital is what is most needed in this country, and one of the principal reasons for the Government anxiety at the falling exchange 20 years ago was that it retarded the flow of sterling capital here. Now that sterling exchange has steadied and Government holds a large amount of cash in the Gold Standard Reserve, much larger than is necessary to ensure success to the currency measures, the request does not appear extravagant that a substantial part of the Reserve should be held in India. The greater portion of the Reserve now helps to ease the stringency of the London market, and obviously such operations are not required for the support of exchange. Why should not then effect be given to the proposal? The industrial and commercial interests of India are a matter of supreme concern to the Government. When therefore it lies in their power to promote them by relieving the stringency of the Indian money market by timely and temporary advances to the banks out of the superfluity of the Gold Standard Reserve, it is only reasonable to expect that Government will listen to our prayer. The Hon'ble mover has drawn our attention to some of the disagreeable features of the present situation, as also to the heavy odds against which we have to fight in inducing a change of policy in respect of the management of the Reserve. We all sincerely hope and trust Government will resist the adverse and interested influences, and do to India that justice which is her due.

"My Lord, the proposal does not involve any serious departure from that cautious policy which has secured to us a steady exchange. The scheme of which the Reserve is an integral part does not require the maintenance of a bigger reserve in London than £5,000,000. The highest figure suggested by experts was £10,000,000. In 1893, when the closure of the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver initiated a new policy of currency reform, the idea of a Gold Standard Reserve was not entertained by Government. In fact, as has been pointed out by many, we had a gold standard years after. The proposals which were ultimately adopted by Government after the failure of the currency legislation of June 1893 to make the rupee convertible at 1*s.* 4*d.*, had been first made public in 1876 by Mr. A. M. Lindsay, as pointed out by the Hon'ble Finance Minister this morning. After the slump in the sterling value of the rupee laid on the shoulders of this Government extraordinarily heavy financial liabilities, Mr. Ottomar Haupt of Paris, following the recent precedent of Austria-Hungary, suggested in the *Financial Times* certain relief measures, the principal feature of which was the closure of the mints. Then came the expert Committees, but apparently all to no good purpose. In January 1893, however, the Madras Chamber of Commerce submitted to this Government for consideration Mr. Lindsay's scheme, whereby a gold standard could be adopted without a gold currency by the maintenance in London of a small reserve on the strength of which bills could be drawn upon India. This scheme was finally adopted by Government. It will be noted that in the original scheme a large reserve like the one we now have was not contemplated. The author, Mr. Lindsay, followed Ricardo both as regards the general plan and the amount of reserve. In Scotland and Ireland, where similar exchange difficulties had been experienced in the latter half of the eighteenth century and removed by arrangements with the Bank of England for the maintenance of gold funds, the reserve was never large. The Parliamentary Committee of 1804, consisting of Pitt, Fox, Foster and others, inquired into the whole question of the Irish currency, and recommended the creation

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Dadabhoy; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*]

of a small gold fund in London for the purpose of assuring fixity to exchange. Two members of the Indian Currency Committee, Lords Farrer and Welby, suggested in an Appendix to the Committee's Report the creation of a Gold Standard Reserve. But a large fund was not contemplated. So far as the legitimate functions of the Reserve were concerned, the consensus of expert opinion, no doubt, was that it should be held in London. But this does not militate against Sir Vithaldas's proposal. The Hon'ble mover does not propose that the whole of the Reserve should be transferred to India. His recommendation of transfer relates only to a substantial portion. And to this there could not be any reasonable objection. The present strength of the Reserve is already superfluous. We do not require such a large gold holding in London for the stability of the sterling exchange. The contingency is extremely unlikely that an adverse exchange would force the hands of the Secretary of State to exhaust the whole of a Reserve of five millions pounds sterling, and would compel this Government to send back the gold belonging to the Reserve transferred here from London according to the suggestion of Sir Vithaldas. Moreover, as a matter of fact, a substantial portion of the Reserve is now employed, as the Hon'ble Member has shown, in financing the London Banks. This is a purpose so obviously extraneous to the central object that the removal of that portion to India would not have the slightest influence, either present or prospective, upon sterling exchange. We do not object to Government putting as much spare cash as it can command to the Reserve. Our only grievance is, although built up at our cost, the country is deprived of the use of the Reserve in times of acute tightness."

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "I congratulate my Hon'ble friend Sir Vithaldas on this second excursion into the regions of pure finance and on the vigour and lucidity with which he has handled a subject of no small intricacy and difficulty. He has, as I have already said, the advantage of me in the freedom with which he can speak on subjects upon which my position, and the position of the Government of India, in relation to the Secretary of State in Council, compels me to caution and even to silence. He must not therefore misjudge me if I cannot follow him over all the field which he has opened for us in the speech to which we have just listened. It would, for example, be wholly out of place for me to discuss his views regarding the financial advisers of the Secretary of State, and the influence which they exercise on the disposition of our Indian resources. The responsibility of the Secretary of State in Council is one and undivided, and I at any rate cannot discuss his policy as if it were the policy of individuals. I can only undertake to place before the Secretary of State the expert financial opinion which the Hon'ble gentleman represents in India, and to ask that it receives due consideration along with the expert opinion which His Lordship obtains in England.

"Nor, even if I had the same freedom as my Hon'ble friend, would it be possible for me in the time at my disposal to examine with sufficient care the wide variety of topics over which he has ranged. Let me take, for example, the question of our high balances. I am quite at one with Sir Vithaldas in holding that high treasury balances, whether held in England or in India, are in ordinary circumstances wrong and wasteful.

"High balances in ordinary circumstances are an indication that we have borrowed more than is actually necessary. But it would require a somewhat detailed analysis to place the Council in a position to judge whether the recent history of our treasury balances justifies this rather severe condemnation. I should have to point out to what extent money has been accumulated in London to meet large payments for the redemption of railway debentures which shortly fall due; I should have to connect our opium windfall with the India Bills which I hope we are now on the eve of withdrawing; and I should no doubt have to add a number of other qualifications before I could answer with confidence the point which my Hon'ble friend has taken. Similarly with his arguments in favour of lending out our balances to banks in India; his is also a question to which there are two sides, and an examination of it

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

would involve a lengthy and probably a somewhat dull dissertation on the metallic basis of credit in our Indian money market. To take only one other instance of the wide range of my friend's speech, I should have to go in some detail into the theory of the convertibility of our currency notes, if I were going to attempt an adequate reply to his suggestion for a wider dispersal of our gold resources as a reserve against our paper currency.

"I must, however, avoid these and other fascinating bye-paths into which the Hon'ble Member invites me to stray. And I must return to the literal phrasing of his motion, namely, that a substantial portion of the Gold Standard Reserve should be held in India. Now, I take it that, if Sir Vithaldas had his own way, he would transfer 10 or 15 millions sterling from London to Calcutta. It would come out in sovereigns, and we should then have to decide whether to keep it in sovereigns or to lend it out, as in London, to the banks and on approved short term securities. My Hon'ble friend has not said definitely which of these two courses he would follow; but from the general tenor of his arguments, I gather that he would not be averse to assisting the industry of India on reasonable terms. He has drawn attention, in the most reasonable and proper manner, to the great fluctuations in the rates of interest in this country, and to the prejudicial effect which these fluctuations must have on trade and business. He believes that a more liberal handling of the Government balances would steady the position; and I may, therefore, for the sake of argument, assume that he would not be unwilling to see our Gold Standard Reserve, or some part of it, lent out on approved security. Now, if this happened, it is quite possible that the market would be materially assisted for the moment; a fillip would be given to business; and for a time the severity of the bank rate might be mitigated. But let us see precisely what this would mean, and what would be the consequence when conditions changed. Our gold would be dissipated; it would have passed not only out of our own hands, but out of the hands of the larger banks, and would have flowed down the infinite number of small channels through which our currency trickles to the millions of producers in the country. So far all has gone well; but a bad year comes—and in India there is a tragic periodicity about bad years—and the whole situation changes; or there is a crisis in international finance, and the markets for our exports are temporarily closed. The occasion would thus present itself for the use of our gold. We should be asked to export it promptly and in large quantities to prevent a wholesale collapse of exchange. But where should we turn for it in response to this demand? We should have to realise our securities; we should have to call it in from the banks. The sovereign would already be, as it always is when the balance of trade is against us, at a premium; it would have practically disappeared from circulation; and large quantities would be obtainable only with the greatest difficulty. By calling in our stock, we should at once raise the premium on gold; we should increase alarm and we should precipitate a panic. The very people on whom we were foreclosing would be those who could worst afford to meet our claims. Exchange would go down with a rush, and commercial disaster might follow. I can imagine no more calamitous position than to have our Gold Standard Reserve, or any substantial part of it, out of our own hands in this country at a time of real difficulty.

"But let us take the other alternative. Let us assume that we are able to resist the desire of the market for our gold, and to maintain it in fluid form. We should then have large quantities of sovereigns shut up in the vaults of Fort William, dormant and inaccessible. In this condition they would remain until required for export in support of exchange. Now, what would happen when they are so required? Presumably, the demands for bills on London would be greater than the supply, and our import merchants would come to us and buy our sovereigns, in order to send them to London in the absence of bills at a reasonable price. They would obtain sovereigns from us; they would then have to arrange for freight; they would have to insure the consignments; and they would have to bear the burden of interest in the interval between the purchase of the gold and its delivery to their creditors in Europe. They would thus pay all expenses of freight, insurance and interest, besides the risk of loss

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson; Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

or delay in transit. Would your import merchant prefer this process to the alternative process of coming to our Comptroller General and buying a telegraphic transfer on London, which could be cashed with absolute security by his creditor next day?

"I think there is little doubt which of these two alternatives the ordinary business man would prefer. It would almost certainly be the latter; and the latter is precisely what the Government of India offer to the mercantile public under existing arrangements, while the former is what my friend Sir Vithaldas would substitute for it. It seems to me that there is no real comparison between the inconvenience on the one hand of having gold locked up here, six thousand miles from the point where it is wanted and where it can be effectively employed, and the convenience on the other hand of holding a large quantity of gold or securities which presumably closely approach gold in their stability, which we are in a position to sell by cable the moment that it is wanted and at the place where it is going to be used.

"Sir Vithaldas has supported his arguments by a number of subsidiary considerations in favour of moving our gold from London to India. He points out, for example, that other great countries keep large reserves of liquid gold in their strongholds. I am not quite clear of the extent to which he is thinking of gold which is stored by Government to provide for the encashment of convertible notes, and I think it will be found that, in the countries which he mentions, a considerable proportion of their holdings is necessitated by the size of their paper currency. He also urges that our gold would be useless to us in London in the event of war or panic. If by panic he means an acute financial crisis, I can only repeat what I have said before in another connection, that the Secretary of State has deliberately accepted full responsibility for making the reserve available when required for the purpose for which it was created. In the event of war, I do not see how our gold would be in any degree more useful in India than in London. If the trouble were in this country, we should have all the anxiety and expense of protecting it. If the war were in Europe, it might be perfectly impossible to ship gold from India to the European markets, and it would remain useless in our hands. Finally, Sir Vithaldas has alluded to the feeling that the gold reserve is our own money and that, as a matter of national pride, it should be in our own country as a visible possession. I know that such a sentiment exists, and I am far from despising sentiment even in financial matters; but I cannot seriously think that it should be weighed for a moment against the practical convenience and value of holding our gold in the place where it can best serve the interests of India. It is for this reason that I much regret that I am unable to accept the Hon'ble Member's motion."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey: "My Lord, I very much regret that Government are not willing to accept my Resolution. I shall not long detain the Council in reply to the several arguments advanced by the Hon'ble Finance Member, because the impression left on my mind at the end of his speech was, that the arguments he advanced against the proposition were so weak that I need not go into the details of them. I only therefore touch two or three points in his speech. He said that the policy that was followed in London was the policy of the Secretary of State in Council and not of individual members. I did not at all say in my speech that it was not so. The policy, of course, is the Secretary of State's policy; but what I pointed out was that the Secretary of State was advised by people who had also other than India's interests to guard. The statement* which the Hon'ble Member has placed before us in reply to my Hon'ble friend Mr. Armstrong's question clearly confirms my contention. It shows that over 10½ million pounds sterling have been lent to approvers, not necessarily joint stock banks, and that about 3¾ millions have been deposited with approved banks. On 3 out of the 6 approved banks as mentioned in the statement the

* *Vide* Appendix.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

Secretary of State's advisers sit as Directors or as Governors. I leave it to the Council to judge whether a man can act in two positions very justifiably. If we put the managers of the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal and the Bank of Madras on Your Lordship's Council, I am quite sure they will give strong reasons why our money should be brought here, and they will point out to the Hon'ble the Finance Member excellent securities on which those funds can be lent. I have not the slightest doubt that our money in England is being lent on good securities; but I say that we can lend money also on good securities in India with great advantage to ourselves. I will just read a few lines, from a report published in the *Times of India*, of an incident during an instructive discussion of Indian commerce following a well supported dinner of the London Chamber of Commerce at the Trocadero in February last, which shows how things move :

'Soon after we had a somewhat amusing reminder that, in monetary matters at least, the sense of reciprocal obligation to India is not so strong as it might be on the part of those who represent city banking interests on the India Council. Giving as a reason for the inadequacy of the flow of British capital into India, the existence even now of the old prejudices having their origin in the instability of the rupee, Sir Felix Schuster, member of the Secretary of State's Council, said that the duty of Government was to support the policy their predecessors laid down by building up their currency reserves in times of prosperity, so that exchange might stand severe tests such as that through which it passed two or three years ago. Someone (I think it was Mr. G. W. R. Forrest) called out, "yes, build up the gold reserve in India." The shaft went home, and Sir Felix, thrown off his habitual guard, made a remark he would much rather have left unsaid, as was clear from the incompleteness of his sentence : 'Not only in India,' he retorted, 'but on our side as well ; we can do with it here, and I sometimes wonder ...... ' (he left the sentence incomplete).

"My Lord, we say we can do with it here to the greater advantage of India.

"Then the second point in the Hon'ble Member's speech was that if we brought all our gold to India, when the balance of trade went against us, we should have to export gold, and that would be a great inconvenience to merchants. I admit the cogency of the argument so far, but, during the last 11 or 12 years, how many times have we had to send gold to England? It was only in one year, in 1908, and every other year we have been accumulating our gold standard reserve. Only once in 11 or 12 years if there is any occasion for merchants to export gold, that cannot be called any great inconvenience compared with the great benefit which India would derive with a gold reserve here. Then he said that merchants would prefer telegraphic transfers instead of exporting gold. I did not propose that we should export gold always. In the usual way the Secretary of State would draw on India his Council Bills, and the money necessary to be sent out to England for home charges would be drawn in the usual way, and for that purpose you have not to export gold. It is only when the balance of trade goes against us that the occasion will arise, and that is very rarely, say once in 15 or 20 years. Again, we are told that the Secretary of State has taken full responsibility for the present policy. Well, that does not satisfy us. Whoever may take the full responsibility, the everyday loss is ours, and we are not quite satisfied by simply an assertion that those who manage our currency and our reserve, assure us that in time of war or emergency our gold will be made available. We say we want it here, it is our gold, and it ought to remain here. I have already pointed out in my speech that all civilized countries in the world have gold reserves, and I will give you a few figures : United States treasury 233 million pounds, Russia 130 million pounds, France 131 million pounds, Australia 55 million pounds, Bank of England 31 million pounds, and so on. The real reason is that the gold reserve in the London Bank is so low that they cannot afford to send our gold here. We must recognise this ; it is no use arguing against facts. The London gold reserve is only 31 million pounds, and the London financiers fear that they might be inconvenienced. My personal opinion is that they won't feel the pinch, if we withdraw our gold gradually. At the same time they will feel the pinch more if we have to withdraw our gold in times of emergency, and it is for England's sake also that our gold should be here. At least twice or thrice, the Bank of England

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

had to go to France for gold. Well, I think it would increase the prestige of Great Britain to come to India for gold rather than to go to France or any other foreign country for gold in times of emergency. My Lord, although Government may not be able to accept this proposition as a whole, I hope the Government of India will take seriously into consideration the position in which the industries are placed in India in the busy season owing to the rise in the rate of interest. I have already said that the Bank rate goes up to 8 or 9 per cent. I will read to you a paragraph from the speech of the Hon'ble Sir James Begbie, who is the senior banker in India, and whose excellent work has been recognised by Government only the other day by honouring him. He said:

'You also know that as regularly as one season succeeds another, Bank rate rises from the minimum in the monsoon months to its maximum in the winter and spring months, and that the maximum may be anything from seven to nine per cent., nine per cent. being the highest point for a good many years past. It is inevitable under conditions in India that this regular waxing and waning of Bank rate should occur, but is it inevitable that the movement should be so extreme and especially that the rate should be so constantly forced to such high levels? I think not. The greatest factor in forcing up the rate is the great volume of money that is taken off the market by Government and locked away in the Treasury vaults. That money is released in bulk only through payments for Council bills, that is, after the public have either voluntarily sold their produce for export or been obliged to part with it under the pressure of a high Bank rate as frequently happens.'

"I hope the Government of India will seriously consider this position, and devise some policy by which the Bank rate may not go so high. Even our high cash balance in India might be utilized for the purpose, but I think the rate of interest in India ought not to rise above 5½ or 6 per cent.

"My Lord, I think the question is of such great importance that I hope the Council will accept my Resolution."

The Council divided:

Ayes—24.

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon'ble Raja of Partabgarh, the Hon'ble Raja of Mahmudabad, the Hon'ble Maulvi Shams-ul-Huda, the Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia, the Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan, the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu, the Hon'ble Mr. Sinha, the Hon'ble Mr. Haque, the Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Muhammad, the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao, the Hon'ble Raja of Kurupam, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, the Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar, the Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham, the Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis, the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy, the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi, the Hon'ble Malik Umar Hyat Khan, the Hon'ble Maung Mye, the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, the Hon'ble Mr. Bhurgri and the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.

Noes—33.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle, the Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler, the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, the Hon'ble Mr. Clark, the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, the Hon'ble Major General Sir M. H. S. Grover, the Hon'ble Mr. Maclagan, the Hon'ble Mr. Porter, the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp, the Hon'ble Mr. Enthoven, the Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler, the Hon'ble Mr. Brunyate, the Hon'ble Sir A. H. McMahon, the Hon'ble Mr. Lyon, the Hon'ble Mr. Saunders, the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, the Hon'ble Mr. Gordon, the Hon'ble Surgeon General Sir C. P. Lukis, the Hon'ble Mr. Fremantle, the Hon'ble Mr. Vincent, the Hon'ble Mr. Carr, the Hon'ble Mr. Arthur, the Hon'ble Mr. Fyffe, the Hon'ble Mr. Phillips, the Hon'ble Mr. Meredith, the Hon'ble Mr. Gates, the Hon'ble Mr. Slacke, the Hon'ble Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, the Hon'ble Mr. Dempster, the Hon'ble Sir T. R. Wynne, and the Hon'ble Mr. Kesteven.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE; COMPANIES.

Mr. Clark.] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

So the Resolution was rejected.

[*At this stage, the Hon'ble* SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON, *Vice-President of the Council, took the Chair.*]

INDIAN COMPANIES BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark: "Sir, I move for leave to introduce a Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to trading companies and other associations.

"Government, Sir, hold that the time is now ripe for a further revision and consolidation of company legislation in this country. The existing law on the subject in India is contained in the Indian Companies Act of 1882, which was modelled on the English law in force in 1877. Since 1882, the Indian law has been added to by four amending Acts dealing with matters of relatively minor importance, while the substantial additions which have been made to the English law by a long series of Acts passed between 1879 and 1908 have not, with the exception of the matters contained in the four amending measures to which I have just referred, found a place in the Indian law. In England, since 1882, there have been no less than thirteen amending Acts, culminating in 1907 with a comprehensive amending Act based on the recommendations of a strong Committee among the members of which were some of the most eminent company lawyers of the day. This Act was followed by the Companies Consolidation Act of 1908, which consolidated the English law into a convenient code. The differences which now consequently exist between the Indian and the English law, in themselves form strong ground for legislation. Ever since we have had any company legislation in India, the advantages of having our company law as similar as possible to the English law has been recognised by the Indian Legislature. The Indian Act of 1857 was a reproduction of the English Joint Stock Companies Act of 19 and 20 Victoria. The Indian Act of 1866 copied the English Act of 1862; and the Indian Act of 1882 (the present Act) followed, as I have already said, the additions made in the English law up to 1877. The advantages of such assimilation are evident. The English law has been studied and commented on comprehensively, and in adopting it, we also inherit the wisdom of the many learned persons who have devoted their time to its exposition: and when it is necessary to carry a case up to the Privy Council, it is manifestly convenient that the law which is to be argued in England should be substantially the same as the English law. Assimilation of the law also tends to produce a feeling of greater security in the breast of the British investor whose capital we wish to attract to this country. As the Board of Trade pointed out in a Memorandum on the Company Laws of the Empire laid before the Imperial Conference of 1907, assimilation 'would tend to increase the confidence of the home investor in companies registered in India and in the Colonies, and the result might well be a greater willingness on the part of capital from home to flow into Indian and Colonial undertakings and enterprises.'

"Since 1882, there has been a great increase in the number of joint stock companies in India. In 1885-86, there were only 757 companies at work with a paid up capital of 21 crores. In 1910-11, there were 2,251 companies with a paid up capital of 64 crores; in other words, the number of companies and their paid up capital has trebled since the legislation of 1882 came into force. I think it will be generally recognised that with this great increase in business, with the evidence before us of the frequent amendments in company legislation which it has been found necessary to make in England, Government cannot be held to have been premature in having taken up the amendment of the company law of India.

"From what I have said, Hon'ble Members will have anticipated that the Bill follows very closely the provisions of the English Act of 1908. We have not only adopted its principles but have aimed at reproducing as far as possible its language and arrangement. We have, however, preserved the provisions of

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark.*]

the Indian Act in certain instances where the law of this country can claim to be more advanced than its elder sister, and we have added two entirely new provisions of some importance to which I shall presently refer.

"The Government of India took up the matter in 1909 and a circular letter was addressed to all Local Governments and Administrations asking for their opinions as to the suitability of the provisions of the English Act for adoption in India. The proposal to legislate has met with practically unanimous support from the authorities consulted. Such criticisms as have been made have been mostly in the direction of suggesting that the English law does not go far enough and that Government should take greater powers of control. A somewhat different point of view has been put forward by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and it is one which deserves careful consideration. The Committee of the Bengal Chamber suggest that it is questionable whether such an elaborate procedure as is prescribed by the Act of 1908 is necessary or desirable in India, and they thought that in the Indian Bill it should be possible to omit some of the details prescribed in the English Act. The Committee, however, preferred not to make any definite proposals as to matters which might be omitted until they had seen the actual Bill. The Government of India recognise the importance of the point, but it has seemed better to leave the question over until they have received the detailed suggestions of the Chamber after they have had the opportunity of fully examining the Bill.

"I now turn to the other class of criticism, namely, that the English law does not go far enough in the direction of State control. Suggestions of very varying scope have been made to us, some of which go so far as almost to require Government to undertake that a company should pay satisfactory dividends to its shareholders. As I said in connection with the Assurance measures which have just passed through this Council, I fully recognise that in India the State must be prepared to accept heavier responsibilities than in western countries, but I hope I shall carry with me the approval of Council when I say that, in such legislation as this, the ideal to be aimed at is the minimum of State interference compatible with the due protection of the investor. We have included two, and only two, provisions working in this direction which do not appear in the British Act. Two may seem a small number, but they are both provisions of some considerable importance.

"Clause 109 of the English Act provides that the Board of Trade may appoint one or more competent inspectors to investigate the affairs of any company on the application of a certain proportion of the shareholders. In the Indian Bill we propose to go further, and to provide also that where the Registrar, on perusal of any document which the company is required to submit to him, considers that any further information or explanation is necessary, and where, after calling on the company to submit such information, he either does not receive it or is of opinion that an unsatisfactory state of affairs is disclosed, he shall report the circumstances of the case in writing to the Local Government, and it shall be open to the Local Government to appoint an inspector. By making this provision for an inspector to be appointed without any action being taken on the part of the shareholders, we hope to some extent to guard against abuses creeping in through apathy and lack of initiative on the part of the shareholders, who in India cannot be expected to be so alive to their own interests as in an European country.

"The other matter is in connection with auditors. In sections 112 and 113 of the English Act, the appointment, remuneration, powers and duties of auditors are fully provided for, but nothing is said as to the qualifications of the men who are to act as auditors. In India the question of their qualifications is one of supreme importance. The Bombay Chamber of Commerce referred to it in their letter on the subject of this legislation, and I had the further advantage of discussing it with their Committee, as the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey will remember, when I was last in Bombay. What we propose is, in adopting the English provisions, also to provide in the Bill that no person, other than a person holding a certificate from a Local Government entitling him in that behalf, shall be appointed auditor of a company. In

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

this country it would clearly be going too far to lay down that no one should act as an auditor who is not a Chartered or Incorporated Accountant. Such a provision would mean an undue restriction on business. But we hope by requiring such certification by a Local Government to establish a standard which will at least facilitate the elimination of the incompetent by the refusal or the cancellation of the certificate. I may also say that Government have under consideration a scheme for starting schools of accountancy for the training of auditors at suitable centres under the control of Local Governments and for the establishment of examinations in connection with the proposed Government certificate. My Hon'ble Friend the Member for Education is interesting himself in this matter, and we hope that a scheme on these lines will not only produce in time a sufficiency of thoroughly qualified accountants to meet the increasing demands for such work in India, but will also result in opening up a lucrative field of employment for Indians who should be well adapted for the work but at present enjoy few facilities to become qualified.

"These are the only two matters in which Government as at present advised propose to go further under this head than the English law, but I ought to point out that, by the mere adoption of that law as it stands, we are greatly improving the present safeguards, especially in the direction of affording shareholders closer control over companies in the earlier stages of their formation. I will briefly mention the more important of these provisions. The first is the 'statutory meeting' which every company limited by shares and registered after the commencement of the Act is required to hold within a period of six months from the date on which it is entitled to commence business At least ten days before this meeting is held, the Directors have to forward to every member of the company a report called the 'statutory report', which must be certified to by not less than two Directors of the company and must contain certain specified items of information regarding the position and constitution of the company. These provisions thus compel the Directors to let the shareholders know the exact financial position in the early stages of the company's history. The provisions in regard to the appointment and qualifications of Directors have been made much more stringent, and causes dealing with the prospectus of a company require much fuller information to be given than heretofore including among other items the names of Directors and their interest in the company, the estimated amount of preliminary expenses, th amount paid or intended to be paid to the promoter, and the minimum subscription on which Directors may proceed to allotment. Other clauses prescribe restrictions on proceeding to allotment and on the commencement of business. I have already referred to the subject of auditors, whose appointment, remuneration, powers, duties and liabilities are now very strictly prescribed, and I may also mention another provision by which all companies situated outside British India, but operating therein, are required to make certain information available and to have a recognised agent in India to accept service of process or any notice which may have to be served on the company.

"While, generally speaking, we have followed the English law with an almost slavish exactitude, there are one or two points on which it has been necessary to depart from it. The most important of these is in regard to the winding up of companies by order of the Court. We have decided to retain in the main the procedure of the existing Indian law in place of the provisions introduced into the British law by the Companies Winding-up Act of 1890. In the United Kingdom, important functions are exercised by the Board of Trade, by Official Receivers and by Committees of Inspection; but Government consider that it would be premature to attempt to create a corresponding machinery in this country. They therefore have left the discretion in the matter of winding-up in the hands of the Court. They have also retained the provisions of the existing Indian law in respect of the annual balance-sheet, which can fairly claim to be more complete than the provisions of the English law. The other matters on which modifications have been made in the English law are of minor importance.

"I am afraid, Sir, that I am taking up a very large amount of the time of Council, but there are two matters of considerable importance with which we

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark; Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

have not attempted to deal in the Bill, and I think I ought to say a few words about their omission. The first of these is the question of Managing Agents, a problem peculiar to this country. The activities of these very useful persons, and their relations to the companies whose affairs they manage, have from time to time been open to attack, and it has been suggested that this Bill should more strictly regulate and define their position. Government have not seen their way to take action on this difficult matter which brings us up against the law of contract; but when I say that, I do not wish to suggest for a moment that we are shutting the door against legislation, if practicable suggestions are made to us before this Bill becomes law. I should like, however, to place one consideration before Council. A Managing Agent either is a Director or is not a Director of the company he manages. In the former case, which I believe is the commonest, he will come under the provisions of the Bill for Directors, and the definition of 'Director' in the Bill makes it clear that, whatever the title chosen for the governing body, the rules which apply to Directors apply also to persons who stand in the position of Directors. In the first case, therefore, he will be subject to the safeguards and penalties prescribed in the case of Directors. In the latter case, where the Managing Agent is not a Director, his relationship with the company is governed by contract, and the Bill makes it necessary that every material contract should be disclosed in the prospectus. At any rate, therefore, full publicity is secured as to the nature of the relationship.

"The other even more thorny question with which we have not seen our way to deal is that of Banks or of businesses which with varying degree of accuracy prefer to call themselves Banks. This is not a specially Indian problem; the recent failure of the Charing Cross Bank in England, and the appalling abuse of the depositors' confidence which it disclosed, will be fresh in the memory of Council. The evil which wants a remedy is that poor and uneducated people are attracted by the word 'Bank,' thinking that it necessarily implies security and stability, and unscrupulous persons accordingly apply the term to any speculative business in order to attract investors and depositors. But how is the use of the term to be restricted and how is banking business to be defined for the purpose? Government will be very willing to consider any suggestions, but I must confess that the more I think of it, the more difficult the problem appears of how to define a banking business, how to control it when you have defined it, and how to avoid interfering with the legitimate business of firms carrying on partly banking and partly other operations. I understand that informed opinion in the United Kindom, where the question was stirred up again by the Charing Cross Bank smash, is against attempting to legislate, and we may well hesitate to rush in where more experienced legislators fear to tread.

"This, Sir, in more senses than one is a big measure. The Bill deals with big interests, and in the mere matter of bulk runs to 323 clauses and 31 pages of Schedules. It may well be that in such a mass of material those interested will find subjects for criticism and objection. I can only say that Government have no desire to hurry this legislation through; that every scope will be given for criticism; and that all opinions will be duly weighed; and I shall hope later on to have the advantage of personal discussion upon it in the different commercial centres of India. No legislation can prevent fraud or altogether indemnify the investor from the dangers of an incurable optimism: all you can hope for is to make the path of dishonesty more stony and the vagaries of ignorance less liable to disaster. I should be sorry if the impression were created that Government is undertaking this legislation owing to their being any widespread canker in Indian commercial circles; though bad cases have occurred from time to time, here as in other countries, there is no ground for such a supposition. But we ought to have the best Act we can, and I am sure that, as in other recent commercial legislation, I can count on the assistance of the important Chambers of Commerce and of all those interested in commercial law, in helping us to get it."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey: "Mr. Vice-President, I heartily congratulate Government on introducing this Bill in this Council. I

COMPANIES.

[Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey; Mr. Mudholkar; Sir Cecil Graham; Mr. Clark.] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

have no opportunity of going through the several sections referred to by the Hon'ble Member, and therefore I am not prepared at present to go into the details of the Bill; but on the principle of the Bill, I think commercial communities are at one that this Bill is not brought forward a day too soon."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar: "Sir, I had an opportunity of expressing my views in regard to the proposed legislation a year or so ago. On that occasion I expressed my concurrence in the proposal that the amendment of the Indian Companies Act should be undertaken. I have studied the English law and I consider that the new provisions introduced into the English Companies Consolidated Act are very desirable, and should be brought into our code also. There are of course several matters in regard to which slight alterations may have to be made, necessitated by the difference in the circumstances of the two countries. But there is no doubt that the English Companies Act of 1908 provides more safeguards than the old law, and that such safeguards are required in India also. It is not necessary to refer to these things specifically on this occasion. We shall have to go into these matters when the time comes. But with regard to the necessity for legislation on the lines which Government propose, I agree with the Hon'ble Member. The Conference which I have the honour to represent, the Indian Industrial Conference in which Indians and Europeans join on more occasions than one, dealt with the subject and expressed its view that the time has come for assimilating the Indian law to the improved English law. With these general observations, I heartily congratulate the Government and the Hon'ble Member on the steps which they propose taking in the matter."

The Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham: "Sir, I should like to join other Hon'ble Members in congratulating the Government and the Hon'ble Member in charge, for having brought this Bill in. The whole of the commercial community, I think, are at one in wishing for this legislation; but as the Hon'ble Member has pointed out, the Chambers of Commerce preferred to wait and defer expressing their opinion on the details until the actual Bill was before them. However, the Hon'ble Member has promised us plenty of time to go thoroughly into the details and see how far the English Act will fall in line with the conditions governing commerce and business in India. There is only one thing I should like to ask the Hon'ble Member, and that is if he has any information he can give us as to how the English Act has worked in England so far."

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark: "Sir, I am very much obliged to Hon'ble Members for the cordial reception they have given to this Bill.

"As regards the question which the Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham has raised, we are expecting to receive a report from the Board of Trade in London on the subject of the English Act as applied to India, and I imagine that in that report they will inform us as to whether any of the provisions of the Act of 1908 have been found not to work well. We had to introduce the Bill before receiving the report so as to avoid any risk of not getting it introduced this session."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark introduced the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark moved that the Bill together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto be published in the Gazette of India in English and in the local official Gazettes in English and in such other languages as the Local Governments think fit.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Monday, the 25th March 1912.

W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;
The 30th March 1912.

APPENDIX.

Balances in the Home Treasury at the end of each month.

		£
April	1911	15,766,171
May	„	18,222,451
June	„	18,989,029
July	„	16,431,712
August	„	16,552,602
September	„	17,459,711
October	„	15,131,632
November	„	15,000,691
December	„	15,292,638

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNCIL OF THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA, ASSEMBLED FOR THE PURPOSE OF MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE INDIAN COUNCILS ACTS, 1861 TO 1909 (24 & 25 VICT., c. 67, 55 & 56 VICT., c. 14, AND 9 EDW. VII, c. 4).

The Council met at Government House, Calcutta, on Monday, the 25th March 1912.

PRESENT :

His Excellency BARON HARDINGE OF PENSHURST, P.C., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.V.O., G.M.S.I., G.M.I.E., Viceroy and Governor General of India, *presiding*, and 59 Members, of whom 51 were Additional Members.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

The Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia asked :

" Is it a fact that the *Pioneer* till very recently charged double its ordinary rates for all official advertisements ? If so, how long since has this arrangement been discontinued ? "

The Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock replied :

"The rate charged by the *Pioneer* for Government advertisements is 8 annas per line, and no change has recently been made in this respect. It is understood that the rates charged by the same newspaper for private casual advertisements vary between 4 annas and 9 annas per line according to the position in the paper in which the advertisements are inserted."

The Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia asked :

" Is it the intention of the Government to appoint qualified Indians in the work of scientific investigation of tropical diseases now being carried on by the Central Research Institutes at Kasauli and in other similar institutes in the country ?

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied :

" The Government of India will always employ the best man available for any inquiry of a scientific nature, no matter what his race or creed may be. Dr. Korke, who is an Indian, has recently been appointed to inquire into Kala-azar."

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS; BENGAL, BIHAR AND ASSAM LAWS.

[*Raja of Dighapatia ; Sir Harcourt Butler ; Raja Pratab Bahadur Singh ; Sir Robert Carlyle ; Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis ; Mr. Syed Ali Imam.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

The Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia asked :

"Does the Government propose to publish annually a statement showing in each Province the mortality under different heads and the measures taken to improve the several sanitary conditions of each Province ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler replied :

"The Hon'ble Member is referred to the statements appended to sections III and VII of the Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India, and to the annual reports of the Provincial Sanitary Commissioners, in which he will find the information he requires."

The Hon'ble Raja Pratab Bahadur Singh asked :

"(*a*) Will the Government be pleased to state how much area in each resceved forest is open for pasturage of cattle ?

"(*b*) Are Government aware that there are pressing demands for pasture lands ?

"(*c*) If so, do Government propose to increase the pasturable area free or on receipt of fee per head of cattle grazing in the said area ?

"(*d*) Do Goverment propose to encourage the reservation of land in each village for pasturage of cattle and not assess revenue upon it ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle replied :

"(*a*) Figures are not available for each reserved forest, but I lay a statement* on the table giving some details by Provinces.

"(*b*) The Government of India are aware that there are tracts in which it would be very desirable, if possible, to increase the pasturable area.

"(*c*) The question of increasing the pasturable area where this is practicable and desirable is essentially one for Local Governments to deal with, and the Government of India can lay down no general rules in the matter.

"(*d*) Steps are already taken in several Provinces to provide grazing grounds free of assessment for village cattle, but the introduction of such arrangements and the manner in which they should be carried out are questions primarily for the consideration of Local Governments. It may be noticed that the Government of India have recently sanctioned an experiment proposed by the Government of the United Provinces by which revenue on 80,000 acres of waste-land in Oudh has been remitted on the condition that this area was maintained for the grazing of migratory herds of cattle."

The Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis asked :

"Do the Government intend to have settlements for thirty years or for longer terms in the Central Provinces, especially in the fully developed districts ?"

The Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle replied :

"The Government of India do not consider that any districts in the Central Provinces are at present so developed as to justify the extension of the term of settlement in them for a longer period than twenty years."

BENGAL, BIHAR AND ASSAM LAWS BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam : "My Lord, I beg to move for leave to introduce a Bill to make certain provisions regarding the application of the

* *Vide* Appendix.

BENGAL, BIHAR AND ASSAM LAWS.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Syed Ali Imam; the President; Babu Bhupendra nath Basu.*]

law in force in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, the Province of Bihar and Orissa and the Province of Assam.

"The Proclamations which appeared in the *Gazette of India Extraordinary* last Saturday relate to important re-distributions of territories which at present constitute the Provinces of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam. As these territorial re-distributions have to take effect from the 1st of April next, it has become a matter of extreme urgency to provide for the adaptation and application of the laws in force in those territories. Under the provisions of the Indian Councils Acts, the existing laws continue to remain in force in the newly created Provinces so long as they are not repealed or altered. With a view to make these very laws applicable to the changed conditions created by the said Proclamations, some modifications are necessary merely for the exercise of powers that exist under the different laws in force. The Bill which I am now moving for leave to introduce provides for this and is framed on the lines of the Bengal and Assam Laws Act of 1905. It continues the laws in force in the territories affected by the Proclamations and merely provides for their administration by the new authorities which will come into existence next Monday. The Bill aims at the application of the existing law without making any amendment or alteration of substance. It is obvious that a measure of this kind must receive the sanction of the Legislature before the Proclamations take effect. Under the circumstances, should the motion before the Council be adopted, I shall ask for the provisions of the Bill to be at once taken into consideration with a view to its being passed at to-day's sitting. It is of a purely formal and non-controversial character. In fact, I have excluded, even at the risk of some possible temporary inconvenience, all matters which might lead to controversy and have left them to be dealt with by future legislation. It will be seen therefore that with two small exceptions, to which I will presently call attention, the Bill is no more than a draftsman's Bill.

" Clause 4 of the Bill constitutes a Board of Revenue for the Province of Behar and Orissa. It does no more than place the territories of the new Province on the same footing on which they stand at present under the Bengal Board of Revenue for the purposes of this branch of the administration.

" Clause 7 taken with Schedule E makes certain amendments in Acts which confer immunities or vest functions in authorities now existing in the Province of Bengal. A glance at the Schedules will show that they are so obviously appropriate that I need not take up the time of the Council in explaining or justifying them further.

"The Bill otherwise makes no change in the existing law."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam introduced the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam moved the President to suspend the rules of business to admit of the Bill being taken into consideration.

The President declared the rules to be suspended.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam moved that the Bill be taken into consideration.

The Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu: " My Lord, with reference to the Bill which has just now been placed before us, there is one question which strikes me. Under clause 4, a new Board of Revenue is going to be created for the Province of Bihar and Orissa, and clause 6 provides that all proceedings which at the commencement of this Act are pending in respect of any territory mentioned in the Schedule shall not be affected by the provisions of the Bill. I take it that the learned Law Member is aware that the entire revenue-administration of the Province of Bihar and Orissa is at the present moment under the control of the Board of Revenue, which is exercising jurisdiction over the old Province of Bengal, and that many matters affecting Bihar, Orissa and Chota Nagpur are pending for final decision before the Board here in respect of which some proceedings have been taken, and there are matters which have been partly heard. Do I understand that section 6 will

BENGAL, BIHAR AND ASSAM LAWS; BUDGET.

[*Babu Bhupendranath Basu; Mr. Syed Ali Imam; Mr. Gokhale.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

protect these proceedings being taken *de novo* before the new Board of Revenue that is going to be created in Bihar, or will they be allowed to be heard by the Board before which they are pending?"

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam: "My Lord, section 6 of the Bill provides for this, that any such proceedings as have been referred to, will continue to remain unaffected by this Act, if this Bill is passed into law. And the answer to that question is that there will be no change in respect of those proceedings. Section 4 provides for the creation of a new Board of Revenue for Bihar and Orissa and stands on a separate footing altogether from section 6."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam moved that the Bill be passed.

The motion was put and agreed to.

BUDGET FOR 1912-13.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "My Lord, I propose to make a few observations to-day on the general state of our finances, but, before doing that, I would like, with Your Lordship's permission, to make one or two references of a personal nature. My Lord, this is the last time when my Hon'ble friend, Sir James Meston, will sit in this Council, at any rate as Financial Secretary, and I would like to take this opportunity to thank him publicly, and in Your Excellency's presence, for all the valuable assistance which he has uniformly given to non-official members during the last three years. Ever accessible, ever courteous, ever helpful, the Hon'ble Member has enabled many of us to perform our duty in this Council better than we could otherwise have done. He has believed whole-heartedly in the new order inaugurated by the recent reforms; and he has also believed in the capacity of non-official members to rise equal to their new responsibilities. And if this Council has not wholly disappointed expectations, the result, at any rate on the financial side of our discussions, is in no small measure due to the sympathetic and generous attitude of the Hon'ble Member towards us. My Lord, our best wishes accompany Sir James Meston in his new and exalted sphere, and I earnestly trust that, when his five years of office are over, he will return again to this Council as Finance Minister. I think, my Lord, there is a great deal to be said in favour of the view that membership of the Government of India should be the last rung of the official ladder in this country, and that those members of the Civil Service who are marked out for Lieutenant-Governorships should complete their tenure of office as heads of Provinces before they come and join the Viceroy's Executive Council.

"My Lord, I would next like to say a word about my Hon'ble friend, Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson. We have all heard that he proposes shortly to go on six months' leave to recruit his health, and we all fervently hope that he will come back at the end of that period with his health fully restored and that he will continue to preside over his Department for the full period of his appointment. My Lord, the *personnel* of this Council on its non-official side will have undergone considerable changes before the Hon'ble Member's return, because in the interval there will be a new election, and, while some of us may possibly not want to come back, the constituencies may not want to send some others back, and therefore it would not be inappropriate if we, non-official members, seek to give brief expression on the present occasion to the great admiration and the very high regard in which we hold Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson. My Lord, with his mind saturated with the best traditions of English public life of which he was a close observer for many years, the Hon'ble Member's presence in this Council has been simply invaluable to us at a time when our own tradition is slowly evolving here. We have never found Sir Guy Wilson wrapped up in official reserve. He has often presented new points of view to us and he has himself been always anxious to enter into our feelings and our thoughts. And his delightful and

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Gokhale*]

high-minded courtesy has made it a pleasure to have anything to do with him. His great familiarity with the principles of Western finance has enabled him to manage our finances wisely and skilfully, and his attachment to the Gladstonian tradition of economy has left its impress on the administration of this country. In regard to our general affairs too, it is well-known that Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson's influence has been strongly on the side of popular progress. My Lord, the country needs men of his type in the Government—men of warm sympathies, of sturdy independence, and deep devotion to its truest and best interests; and once again I earnestly express the hope that Sir Guy will come back fully restored to health and will continue his services to India to the furthest limit of time to which they can be stretched.

"My last word, my Lord, will be about this great and beautiful city. Speaking at the Calcutta Club the other day, Your Lordship expressed the great regret with which you viewed the prospect of this city soon ceasing to be your winter head-quarters in future. May we non-official members of this Council ask to be permitted to respectfully join in that regret! I say nothing on this occasion about the great, the momentous changes which were announced by His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor at Delhi. Looking into the future with the eye of faith and of hope, I do believe that these changes, whatever temporary inconvenience or dislocation they may occasion, will do good in the end both to the Province of Bengal and to the country taken as a whole. But, whatever the future may hold in its womb, the thought that this Council, which has grown from the smallest beginnings to its present dimensions in this city, meets here to-day for the last time, is a thought that must make the heart heavy. My Lord, it is not merely the infinite kindness and hospitality which we members, coming from other Provinces, have always received from the people of Calcutta, it is not merely the friends that we have made here, that we shall miss; it is the entire influence of Calcutta and all that Calcutta stands for that will now be lost to us. Some of us, my Lord, have been coming to this city now for many years,—I for one have come here continuously now for eleven years,—and we have learnt to feel the same enthusiasm for this wonderful land which the people of Bengal feel. Its waving fields, its noble streams, its rich and wonderful vegetation of every kind, throw on us now the same spell that the people of this Province experience, and the warm-heartedness of its society, its culture, its spiritual outlook on life, and the intensity of its national aspiration have produced a deep and abiding impression upon our lives. My Lord, we bid adieu to this city with profound regret, and with every good wish for its continued prosperity that the heart of man can frame. And we fervently trust that, great as has been its past, its future will be even greater.

"My Lord, I will now say a few words on the general state of our finances. We are, as everybody who knows anything about our finances knows, on the eve of a very considerable disturbance in our accepted standards both of revenue and expenditure. There is no question whatever that the financial position of the country, taken as a whole, is both sound and strong; but the fact that we are on the eve of this disturbance makes it necessary that there should be a careful and comprehensive examination of the whole position. On the one side, my Lord, our opium-revenue will soon be extinguished; on the other side, heavy and continuously increasing additions will be necessary to our expenditure, on certain services, specially education and sanitation. Then, my Lord, I hope, I most earnestly hope, that our military expenditure, the burden of which we have so long borne patiently, and which is really far beyond our capacity to bear, will be materially lightened as a result of the labour on which Sir William Nicholson and his Committee will soon enter. I therefore suggest that this is just the juncture when a comprehensive inquiry into the whole financial position may be undertaken by a strong Royal Commission. There are three outstanding features of the position. A top-heavy administration, much too costly for our resources, a crushing weight of military burdens, and a scheme of taxation which, though not much more

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Gokhale.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

burdensome in its total incidence than in other countries, presses much more heavily on the poorer than on the middle and the upper classes of the community. These are the outstanding features of our financial position. India, it must always be borne in mind, is a very poor country and the largest revenue that we can possibly raise must be small, judged by the standards of the West. The question, therefore, as to how to adjust our revenue to our growing requirements in certain directions is one of prime importance. My Lord, I, for one, shall be glad when our opium-revenue disappears; not only because I feel it to be a stain on us, but also because its presence in an uncertain state is very inconvenient from the standpoint of economy. The uncertainty that invests it is a great disturbing factor in our budget, and the large surpluses which it brings to the Government, however convenient they may be for certain purposes, cannot but be demoralizing in their effect on economy, because the strongest Finance Minister, with the utmost insistence that he can lay on rigid economy, cannot resist a certain amount of wasteful expenditure in the presence of such large surpluses. When the opium-revenue disappears—and I understand that it will not take long now before it disappears—we shall be in a position to know where exactly we stand, and then it is that certain questions will require to be taken into serious and careful consideration, so that a definite financial policy may be laid down for the country which should be adhered to in all essentials, independently of the particular views or inclinations of individual Finance Members. The questions that require specially to be considered are how to readjust our old taxation so that its incidence should press less severely on certain classes—the poorest classes of the country; how to widen, if necessary, the present basis of taxation so that more money may be found for education, sanitation, and similar services; in what directions expenditure must be kept down, and in what directions expenditure must be increased. We want an enquiry into these things by a strong Commission so that the future may be shaped in accordance with a definite policy laid down, after taking a comprehensive view of the whole question. For instance, my Lord, I hold that we can raise much larger revenue than we do at present from our Customs without its proving burdensome to any section of the community. The possibility of raising revenue from certain sources, which at present yield nothing, must also be publicly examined. Then there is the question of reducing the State demand on land, especially in raiyatwari tracts, and the extension of the permanent settlement to areas where it does not at present exist, subject to the condition that agricultural incomes above a certain minimum should be liable to pay the income-tax. There is also the question as to how larger recurring grants for local bodies may be provided so that they should be better able than at present to perform their duties satisfactorily, and how provision may be made for steadily expanding allotments to education, sanitation and medical relief. I therefore urge that when the opium-revenue is about to disappear, the occasion should be utilized to appoint a strong Royal Commission to consider the whole subject of the basis of our taxation and the probable future course of our expenditure. One important reason why such an inquiry is necessary is the extreme rapidity with which the *personnel* of the Government changes in this country. A Finance Minister, or any other member of Government, holds office for only five years; he takes some time to make himself acquainted with the problems of his department or the state of things in the country, and by the time he is in a position to handle important questions well, the time also comes for him to think of leaving. If members of Government were to remain in this country after their retirement, the knowledge and experience which they acquired in their respective offices would still be available to us. What happens at present is that every successor has to begin not where his predecessor ended, but his predecessor also began, and thus a large amount of most useful and necessary knowledge is repeatedly lost and has to be repeatedly acquired over and over again, with the result that we seem to be living more or less from hand to mouth, and without a large settled policy adopted as a result of wide and thorough knowledge and ample discussion.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Gokhale; Mr. Dadabhoy.*]

"I, therefore urge, my Lord, that when the opium-revenue is about to be extinguished, as we understand it will soon be, the Government should take steps to appoint a Royal Commission so that the whole financial position of the country may be carefully examined."

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy: "My Lord, a 'No-change' budget, as the Finance Minister characterises the one under review, does not call for much comment. Two observations made by the Finance Minister in introducing it on the 1st March current are, however, important. The necessity of the recent addition to taxation is apparently problematical, but it is confidently stated that 'time will justify' the taxes, 'when our opium-revenue ultimately dwindles and our other resources are strained by the growing demand for more schools and healthier homes.' It is perhaps claiming too much for them that, besides recouping the complete loss of the opium-revenue, they would place adequate funds at the disposal of Government for meeting the educational and sanitary needs of the country. But one thing is clear. The prospective loss of the opium-revenue is a dark cloud on our horizon, and the necessity for an appeal to the Home Government for a substantial contribution is as acute as ever. We have moved this Government more than once on the subject, and we would have been glad to have from them a pronouncement as to the course they intend to pursue.

"The other proposition of the Finance Minister that in India the line between plenty and want is very narrow and 'the need for caution in our forecasts and for economy in our expenditure' is incessant, true as it is, is hardly compatible with the expenditure in connection with the expedition against the Abors and the friendly mission to the Mishmi country. According to the map given in the *Imperial Gazetteer*, both the Abors and the Mishmis live beyond India and their country is included in Tibet. The policy perhaps we are not free to discuss in this Council, but we certainly can complain of the cost. If the expedition and the mission be for the protection of Imperial interests, as they must be, in fairness the expenditure should be charged to the Home Government. Then, a full and clear explanation regarding the 2½ lakhs of rupees spent out of Indian revenues in meeting a part of 'the cost of sending a regiment to strengthen the consular guards in Southern Persia' and the expenditure of 18 lakhs during the year in 'the arms traffic operations,' is necessary. These latter operations have so far cost India a little over 51 lakhs of rupees. A part of the operations would appear to have been carried on in the Persian Gulf. If the above amount includes any part of the cost of it, the justification of the expenditure is not clear.

"Heretical though the view may be, in my humble opinion, a modification of the principle of 'lapse' in accounts would appear to be desirable in India. Schemes of improvement, large and small, are awaiting execution, and the progress, in the generality of cases, is only limited by the funds which the Government finds it convenient to allot. It also happens at times that the amount sanctioned in any particular year is not fully spent through the supervention of adventitious circumstances. The unspent balance, according to the rules, lapses at the end of the year, and goes either to swell the surplus or to reduce the deficit. The next year's sanction depends upon a host of considerations unconnected with the closing year's history, and allowance is not made for the lapsed grant. This is hardly satisfactory. No doubt, according to article 293 of the Civil Account Code, Volume I, the grant so lapsed could be revived by specific sanction; but this is rarely done. In the Military Department, the usual practice, I understand, is for the subsequent year's allotment to be proportionately increased without a specific revival of the lapsed grant. A similar relaxation of the rules would be welcome in the other departments. Progress would be accelerated in that way.

"My Lord, administration of impartial justice is one of the bulwarks of British rule in India. Government cannot be over-careful in that line. But with the growth of judicial work with time quickness in disposal has naturally come to animate the policy of the department. Complaints from the litigant public of quality being sacrificed to quantity are not unusual, and the grievance

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Dadabhoy.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

is felt the more in that second appeals are restricted. The ideal ought to be, and is, to combine despatch with patient hearing. This can be done by increasing the strength of the judicial service. During the 51 years between 1856 and 1907, civil litigation increased nearly 256 per cent., the total number of suits in the latter year being 1,867,995 against 730,000 in the former. But there has not been a proportionate increase in the strength of the service. This is a direction in which improvement is desirable.

"The appointment of trained and practising lawyers as District and Sessions Judges is also a necessity which is becoming more clamant with greater diffusion of knowledge among the people of the systems of recruitment prevalent in the advanced countries of the West. The time has gone by when, owing to political reasons and the absence of trained lawyers, the superior ranks of the Judicial Service had to be reserved for the members of the Imperial Civil Service. Simultaneously with the success of Indian lawyers in the highest judicial posts the office of the District and Sessions Judge has lost much of its charm for the Civil Service, and it is patent to all that the best men of that service do not evince any particular desire to adopt the judicial career. Three years ago, in January 1909, in reply to a question of mine in Council, Government were pleased to announce their preparedness to appoint trained lawyers as Judicial Commissioners and Additional Judicial Commissioners as occasion arose. Such appointments were subsequently made in Oudh and elsewhere. It was further understood that the question of the appointment of trained and practising lawyers as District and Sessions Judges would be considered afterwards. I understand the subject is receiving the attention of Government. My only point now is that any correspondence which may pass on the subject between this Government and the Secretary of State should be placed on the table, with the object of enabling Hon'ble Members to submit their views on the issues raised, as also on the particular reform proposed by Government.

"My Lord, in order to relieve the congestion of judicial business on the civil side the suggestion has been now and again made that honorary village munsifs should be appointed for the disposal of suits of small value in the same way as honorary magistrates. The experiment might be tried, if retired judicial officers and lawyers can be induced to take up the work. The honorary magistracy has developed remarkably with a total strength of 3,000 incumbents in 1910 as against 'an honorary magistrate here or there' fifty years previously. Honorary village munsifs might not be unpopular with the safeguard suggested above. Provision might also be made for the submission by them to stipendiary judicial officers of questions of law for opinion.

"But, in my opinion, the establishment of Arbitration Courts, composed of honorary Judges, would be far more satisfactory. At first reference to them of pending suits might be left optional with the parties, and afterwards, when the people come to have confidence in them, such reference might be made at the discretion of the regular Courts. The personnel of the Arbitration Courts may be settled in consultation with the people. The office can with advantage be made elective.

"The development of the elective system in the country demands the creation of Election Courts for the speedy disposal of election disputes, with powers similar to those enjoyed by Courts of that class in England. It is now open to an aggrieved candidate to seek his remedy in the Civil Court under the Specific Relief Act, but the lengthy procedure of the ordinary Civil Court makes the remedy unreal. I humbly submit a special Court for the trial of election disputes will be far more effective and will inspire greater confidence among the people. There should also be a more stringent law regarding elections generally on the same lines as the English law.

"Last year, my Lord, I invited the attention of Government to the congestion of work in the Judicial Commissioner's Court at Nagpur, in consequence of the provision in the amended Central Provinces Civil Courts Act for the hearing of appeals of over Rs. 10,000 in value by benches of two Judges as in High Courts and Chief Courts, and to the necessity of the appoint-

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Dadabhoy.*]

ment of a fourth Judge. The subject has not received at the hands of Government the favourable consideration it deserves. No provision has been made for the creation of the post. Meanwhile the congestion continues. A reference to the Local Government will show this. May I express the hope that Government will be pleased to provide for the appointment of a third Additional Judicial Commissioner for the Central Provinces in the course of the next year?

"My Lord, the efforts of the Government to meet the educational needs of the country are fully appreciated, and the announcement made by Your Excellency at the last Convocation of the Calcutta University that 'the Government of India have decided to make a solid advance in the direction of teaching and residential universities' has filled us with hope. We in the Central Provinces feel the want of such a university. As a humble representative of the Province, I beg to move the Government for the establishment at an early date of a teaching university at Nagpur.

"The intellectual improvement of the Indian youth is a great object which the Government has very properly set in the forefront of its reforming programme. The reclamation of misguided young offenders is an equally noble object. On a recent occasion I had to refer to the successful efforts made in the West in this behalf. I submit, my Lord, the time has come when this Government should make an equally earnest attempt at reclamation by 'specialisation and individualisation' such as underlie the Borstal system of prison discipline. The chief merit of that system is that the youth is not treated as a criminal, and it seeks to—

'combine strict discipline with moral and religious training, and generous rewards for growth in self-control and progress in handicrafts, physical exercise and education.'

"The cost is much larger than in the ordinary prison, it is true, but it is a good investment from the national point of view. It has been remarked by high authorities that 'the danger is greater in Indian prisons of moral contamination due to the lack of special accommodation.' The necessity of special treatment is thus all the greater here. Reformatories exist, no doubt; but how many young offenders pass through them? It must be admitted that reclamation is attempted in the West in a highly scientific way which provides an object-lesson for us. The Borstal system, according to expert opinion, can be very easily applied to India provided special accommodation and funds are available.

"My Lord, the dissemination of up-to-date knowledge in the industrial arts is another direction which provides ample scope for Government activity. Government must be alive to its necessity. The Indian has now to seek the special knowledge abroad, but there too, owing to the nervousness and exclusiveness of the Western manufacturers, facilities are few. The correspondence between this Government and the Secretary of State on the subject of instruction in glass-making must have impressed Government with the necessity of making suitable arrangements in India for the technical and industrial training of the people. The letter to the Secretary of State of the London Board of Education, of 27th January 1911, exposes the difficulties of the present position. The Board point out:—

'No English manufacturers would think of admitting Indian students temporarily to their works . . The Educational Adviser to Indian students has suggested to the Board that German firms are sometimes willing to admit Indian students on condition that the students when they return to India act as agents in that country for the goods of the firm concerned.'

"The inquiry is legitimate as to the Government decision on the Board's suggestion that the appointment of

'competent instructors under suitable conditions of service, either from this country, from the Continent, or from the United States of America . . . . will prove a better way of developing the glass-making industry in India.'

"In this connection it is gratifying to learn that the Punjab Government has decided to help the Ambala Glass Works with annual subventions for a

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Dadabhoy.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

period of five years. It is not so much for the particular industry supported as for the departure the action marks in the policy of Government that the occasion is important. I earnestly hope the Government of India will be pleased to systematise advances and subsidies to well-managed Indian manufacturing concerns which may be languishing for financial support. The money will be well spent.

"Equally reassuring is the news that an expert has been deputed to the United Provinces for investigating into the condition of the local sugar industry. This is a right move and full of great possibilities. The Indian sugar industry requires nursing. The people should now respond cordially to the Government effort.

"My Lord, I have before now drawn the attention of this Government to the existence of heavy import-duties upon Indian manufactures in the United States of America. To take two instances. An *ad valorem* duty of 15 per cent. is charged upon tanned or dressed goat and sheep skins imported from India, while raw hides are imported free. Upon Indian carpets and rugs the duty is 50 per cent. *ad valorem!* Such heavy duties are clearly protective. And yet we have to keep *our* doors open. I understand the whole question of American import-duties at present forms the subject of diplomatic discussion between the United Kingdom and the United States of America. I humbly submit the occasion should be availed of to secure an adequate reduction in the duties upon Indian manufactures.

"I will now advert to a deficiency in the management of the great State industry—the Railways. The Hon'ble the Finance Minister remarks: 'The passenger traffic has grown exceedingly.' But in the Budget estimate of 1912-1913, according to his statement,

'Provision for working expenses has also been put a little higher on account of necessary renewals of permanent-way, rolling-stock and strengthening of bridges.'

"On 8th instant the Hon'ble Sir T. Wynne, ever ready to meet the wishes of the people, informed us that a sum of 175 lakhs, set aside for rolling-stock, 'will provide 182 locomotives and 6,100 goods wagons.' An adequate number of additional carriages is apparently not provided. Indian passengers, especially the lower class passengers who contribute the largest amount to the railway income, justly claim a more liberal provision in this respect. Their comfort must be looked to by the railway authorities.

"The most refreshing part of the Financial Statement is the record of the progress in Irrigation. The allotments made in next year's budget for the execution of all the three projects—the Tendula, Mahanadi and Wainganga Canals—afford genuine cause for satisfaction to the people of the Central Provinces.

"My Lord, according to the testimony of independent witnesses, the Punjab Canal Colonies have amply justified the expectations of Government. Government might well be congratulated upon the scheme. Quite a million men have been removed from congested areas to two millions acres of irrigated land, and that within the brief space of 12 years. The plan, in my humble opinion, should be extended to the other Provinces. There is need for this sort of activity in the Central Provinces.

"My Lord, we have now come to a turning-point in British Indian history; to-day we come to the end of a chapter in British Indian history, the close of a brilliant record of steady expansion, of slow evolution and of sustained effort at consolidation. After 150 years of vigorous government India emerges unified, compact and strong, yearning after new life, throbbing with the pulsations of new thought and new aspirations. She stands purified, with the touch of her lord. HOPE is written large on her horizon. Anarchy and sedition, disorder and turbulence have skulked before the Royal Presence. Their Imperial Majesties' Visit has stirred to its inmost depths the great heart of the nation, and has communicated a soothing and dynamic force to discontented and dull India. The Durbar boons, thanks to Your Excellency's wise counsel and statesman-like perception of the needs of the situation, have conciliated educated India. Now begins an era of peace and concord, of intellectual and moral progress, of healthy co-operation between the rulers and the ruled.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Dadabhoy; Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

"I wish to say, my Lord, before I resume my seat, that I associate myself with the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in what he said with reference to the Hon'ble the Finance Minister."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey: "My Lord, I cordially endorse every word that has been said by my Hon'ble friend Mr. Gokhale in appreciation of the excellent services rendered by our friend the Hon'ble Sir James Meston to this Council. We all wish him Godspeed and a great success in his new position.

"Coming to the Budget, I beg to congratulate the Hon'ble the Finance Member on the very satisfactory Financial Statement which he has presented to us. We are obliged to him for his kind reference in his speech, while presenting the Financial Statement, to our friend the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale and for the terms in which he has officially appreciated the valuable work done by him in this Council during the long period of his membership. We, the non-official members, take this as a great compliment paid to all non-official members of Your Lordship's Council. The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale has served in this Council for continuously over 12 years, and I am sure everyone of us here present, official and non-official, will agree with me when I say that in the success—the great admitted success—of the working of this expanded Council during the last three years, no small share has been contributed by the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale who is respected alike by the officials and non-officials. The breadth of mind shown by the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson reminds me of the liberal-mindedness which we see so often in the House of Commons when Ministers on the Government bench appreciate in official documents the services of the members sitting on the opposite bench. I join in the hope expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale that after his holiday the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson will return to this Council with renewed vigour and take up his portfolio which he has filled with such ability to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

"As to the Budget, I must admit that the Hon'ble the Finance Member has shown great judgment in distributing a substantial portion of last year's surplus among several useful objects. While I appreciate what has been done for us in this direction, I once more beg to raise my voice against the policy adopted by the Hon'ble Member two years ago of taxing the people more than the circumstances would justify. In March 1910, we, the non-official members, strongly protested against the levying of new taxes and proved by facts and figures that the revenue budget for 1910-11 was under-estimated. The time that has since elapsed has established the absolute correctness of our contention. I maintain, my Lord, that the additional taxes then imposed were not necessary, and even the budget of 1912-13, in spite of the liberal extra grants to Provincial Governments, might have been framed without a deficit, in the absence of additional taxes. I hope, my Lord, that this will serve as a lesson for the future, and though we have had to pay dearly for it, it will have been usefully learnt, if it prevents a recurrence of similar action on the part of Government. After all, the views of those who are of the people and move among them and have practical experience of the daily life of the country are entitled to receive greater consideration in such matters than was shown on that occation.

"My Lord, I do not wish to speak at any great length to-day, but there is one subject to which I wish to invite the attention of this Council, namely, the method of assessing factories for the purposes of income-tax in the different Provinces and the injustice involved in it. In reply to a question by my Hon'ble friend Sir Sassoon David last year, Government was pleased to lay before this Council a statement showing the percentage allowed in different Provinces for depreciation on machinery and buildings in ascertaining the net profits of factories for income-tax purposes, and the method by which the capital cost is estimated in each case. This statement, as I will presently proceed to show, places the factories of one Province at a disadvantage compared with those of another Province. In Bengal and East Bengal and Assam, a deduction of five per cent. is allowed both on machinery and buildings, while in Bombay a deduction of five per cent. is allowed only on machinery, and that too after deducting the allowance made in previous years, and no deduction is allowed on buildings,

BUDGET.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

although the Bombay Millowners' Association often protested against this invidious treatment. But since this statement was laid on the table and a respectful protest was made to the Government of India, the Government of India, in their letter dated the 18th January last, only two months ago, intimated to the Bombay Millowners' Association that in future the Local Government would have no objection to allowing a deduction of 2½ per cent. on the value of buildings properly defined. They further intimated in their said letter that the Government of India did not think it advisable to standardise the method of income-tax assessment in view of the varying local circumstances obtaining in each Province. My Lord, this is a most unsatisfactory reply to a very reasonable request of the Bombay Millowners' Association contained in their letter of the 9th May 1911, that whatever the system of assessment is ultimately adopted by the Government of India, it should be standardised throughout India, if not for all kinds of factories, at least all textile factories. I am afraid the Government of India have not seriously considered the consequences and the injustice that are entailed by this want of uniformity. All factories in India are governed by the same law and in these days of keen competition, when the profits of the industry are low and sometimes there is an actual loss, any favour shown to the industries of one Province places the industries of the other Provinces at a disadvantage in the consuming market. My Lord, what justification can the Government of India show for the anomalies contained in the statement I have referred to? Owing to the value of land being high, the mills in Bombay are built two, three, and four-storeys high, while the factories in Calcutta are mostly shed buildings of only the ground floor. Would it be reasonable to suppose that the four-storeyed buildings of the mills of Bombay, having heavy machinery working on the upper floors, often of wood, would last double the number of years that the ground floor buildings of Calcutta factories would last? And yet in the Government of India letter we are asked to accept as reasonable half the amount allowed to the Calcutta millowners. Again, in Bombay, for machinery depreciation, allowances for previous years are taken into account in the calculation, while in all other Provinces they are not. Here again the Government of India in reply said that they did not see any injustice in that method of calculation. Would it be reasonable to suppose that the machinery working in Bombay, the greater portion of which is worked on upper floors where the liability to wear and tear is necessarily greater owing to the impossibility of preventing vibration on these floors, would last longer than the machinery worked on the solid ground floor of Calcutta mills? And yet this is what it comes to, if you accept the existing method of fixing the basis for income-tax purposes in Bombay and Bengal. In Madras a maximum of 10 per cent. on the value of machinery is allowed to be deducted. Surely the life of machinery in Bombay cannot be said to be double that of the same kind of machinery working in Madras. The factory owners of the United Provinces, our friends, the Cawnpore millowners, are certainly very happy people, because there, the statement says, that though as a general rule five per cent. on the cost of machinery is allowed, that rule is not invariably followed, meaning perhaps that extra deductions over five per cent. are made when millowners properly approach the department concerned. There, too, the peculiar method of taking into account the depreciation allowances of previous years, which is in vogue in Bombay, is not at all followed. My Lord, I hope I have clearly proved to this Council that the present practice is most unjust to the factory owners of certain Provinces, inasmuch as it hands them over, in the absence of a definite Imperial policy, to the mercy of assessing officers. In reply to the letter of the Bombay Millowners' Association dated the 20th February 1912 (only a month ago), again requesting the Government of India to standardise throughout the country whatever system of assessment is ultimately adopted, the Government of India said, as recently as the 12th of this month, that the millowners should address the Local Government concerned. May I ask the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Department, how the Local Government can standardise the method of assessment throughout India?

"My Lord, for years past the millowners of Bombay Presidency have been suffering under this disadvantage in competition with our friends in the other

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D Thackersey; Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.*]

Provinces; and every opportunity has been taken advantage of to put our grievances before the proper authorities. We have written to the Income-tax Collector, have waited upon him in deputation, have respectfully represented our grievances to the Local Government, we have petitioned the Government of India in the past, and the last occasion on which we addressed them was on the 20th February of this year; and to-day, at the special request of the Bombay Millowners' Association, I, as their representative, bring forward this grievance before this Council, the highest deliberative assembly in the land. The only step that now remains to be taken is to bring forward a Resolution on this subject in this Council, and I propose to bring forward such a Resolution on a future occasion unless our grievance is set right in the interval.

"My Lord, before I conclude, I should like to express our sense of deep gratitude to Your Lordship for the care which has been taken in consulting our convenience, in arranging the sessions of this Council this year. We have gone through a large amount of work during this cold weather with a minimum of inconvenience to the members coming here from long distances. The present arrangement, while it has met with the unanimous approval of those of us who have other avocations of life but are at the same time willing to serve their country, has also I believe met with the approval of members like my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, whose sole laudable ambition is to serve the country at any sacrifice. The details of the arrangement have been excellently carried out by the Legislative Department, for which great credit is due to it."

The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan: "My Lord, it is a prosperity Budget that we have to deal with to-day, and I offer to my esteemed friend, Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, my heartiest congratulations for having had such a windfall in a year of abnormal expenditure like 1911, during which the long looked-for Royal Visit came off so successfully. While on the subject of the Royal Visit, permit me, as one of the inhabitants of Bengal, to offer to Your Lordship the heartfelt gratitude of myself and my fellow-inhabitants in this Province for the unique favour granted to us by the Royal Presence of the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress in Calcutta. The great and good effect of the Royal Visit to India I need not dilate upon, as it has been appreciated all over the country by every section of the community; but I take this opportunity of congratulating Your Lordship on the success of the great Durbar at Delhi and the Royal Visit to Calcutta, and I am sure that along with the name of our beloved Sovereign King-Emperor George V, Your Excellency's name will also go down to posterity for having organized this visit which has already had far-reaching beneficial results. Considering the grand and unique occasion of the Royal Delhi Durbar of 1911, it was most satisfactory to learn from the Hon'ble the Finance Minister the other day that the expenditure had been kept well within the estimated figures.

"Now, my Lord, I shall make some observations on certain items of expenditure in the Budget, also on the objects for which they are to be spent. First and foremost in the present Budget, we find the large educational grants which to all of us interested in the advancement of India have been most welcome. The handsome grants towards the spread of primary education are most praiseworthy, but I hope, Sir, that this money will be spent with a certain amount of caution, and that there may not be a repetition of the fact that was brought to light in some parts of Bengal, namely, that large sums were spent on school buildings in rural areas, but that those buildings have either been left unfinished or unused for the want of teachers or students to fill them. As I have already said on the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's Primary Education Bill, which I had unfortunately to oppose and which was thrown out by this Council only a few days ago, India is not yet ready for compulsory primary education, nor is it a wise policy to force education among the illiterate masses in a manner that might seem to them not only unnecessary but arbitrary, and might be further misconstrued as being an uncalled-for solicitude on the part of the Government. They have got to be educated: but let that education come as a beacon-

BUDGET.

[*Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

light and not as an overpowering glare confusing the very minds we wish to enlighten. The Hon'ble Member for Education, while speaking in the second stage of the Budget, mentioned the amount of the provision he had made for the proposed university at Dacca. A good deal of bitter criticism has been offered towards the formation of the Dacca University, and I believe that the way it was necessary for the scheme to see the light of day opened the door for such comments; but I must admit that many of the arguments put forward in the Press against this scheme have struck me as being very much off the mark. I have nothing to say against the proposed Dacca University scheme, but I hope that as hitherto we have been accustomed to have degree-giving universities and not teaching universities, and as it is the intention of the Government to multiply the number of universities in India and to make them less cumbersome than they are at present, and to make the new universities really educating institutions, and as we have, as citizens of the Indian Empire, a right to be consulted by the Government before they push on a new policy which, I frankly admit, has a great deal in its favour, the Government will see the necessity of inviting public discussion on the subject of the utility and importance of teaching universities generally. The present policy of having a large number of universities was foreshadowed by Lord Curzon when he presided over the Educational Conference at Simla some years ago now, as well as on the 2nd November 1903, when the Universities Bill was introduced in the Legislative Council and the Viceroy in the course of the debate said, 'to show the way by which our universities, which are now merely examining boards, can ultimately be converted into teaching universities, in fact to convert higher education in India into a reality instead of a sham.' These weighty words of Lord Curzon are now being translated into action by Your Lordship's Government. But while welcoming this movement, I feel that the Government should convince the general public that the time has come to crystallize the ideas set forth in the Universities Reform Scheme of 1904.

"Now I turn towards the provisions made in the Budget for medical relief and sanitation. I listened to the Hon'ble Surgeon General Sir Pardy Lukis's speech in Council the other day with the greatest interest, and it is most gratifying to know that the Government intend to combat malaria in right earnest, and that experiments how best to fight our obnoxious friend, the mosquito, who is also present in the Imperial Council, will be thought and carried out at no distant date. A word of thanks, my Lord, for granting Calcutta a Tropical School of Medicine, and I hope that in the next year's budget Bengal will be given large grants for tuberculosis hospitals, as that disease is increasing every year.

"My Lord, I next turn to the large amount we are going to spend in building the new seat of the Imperial Government at Delhi. Delhi has hereto meant to most of us a phantasmagoria of past glories of a doubtful character. But now it will mean something serious to us, something substantial to us; for, on the advice of Your Lordship's Government and the Secretary of State for India, our Sovereign has declared that Delhi should henceforth be the Imperial capital. Sir Louis Dane, on the day of the laying of the foundation-stone of new Delhi by the King-Emperor, said words to this effect, that Delhi had regained what she had lost, alluding to the fact of its having been made the capital of India again. We know that Delhi has gained, but I hope not in the sense that the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab meant. Let us not lay too much stress on the fact of Delhi's having been the past capital of India, for it was never the capital of India in the sense that we, under British rule, have begun to realize what India means. It is true some sort of Delhi was the capital of the Kauravas and the Pandavas; it is true, round about Delhi, Hindu kings, whose jurisdictions were limited, had their capitals: it is true that the capital of the most bigoted Moghul Emperor Aurangzeb and his weak-minded successors was Delhi: but may I ask, is it not equally true that the Moghul Empire in India never extended to the limits that British India extends? For the above reasons I say, let us brush aside the allusions to these past capitals of sombre associations, and let us rather advocate the fact that since, according to the Government of India

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan.*]

despatch, Calcutta has become 'geographically unsuited' to be any longer the capital of British India, and since the Government of India feel that it is prejudicial for a Provincial Governor and a Viceroy to live side by side in Calcutta, and since our King-Emperor has ordained that Delhi is to be the new capital of British India, it has become imperative to rear up an Imperial capital in every sense of the term, wiping away and uprooting the demoralizing atmosphere of the latter-day Moghul Delhi, of the Delhi of the Mutiny days, and establish a new city reproducing within its walls the best principles of British rule, fostering healthy public opinion in it (for, unsurrounded by such opinion, the Government of India will be in a very perilous position), and showing in every possible way that the change is good for the British rule in India, which is our mainstay. When all this is accomplished, the Government will have amply justified the expenditure it is now incurring on building new Delhi and deserved the approbation of all, even of those who have withheld their support.

"My Lord, although it is rather out of place in the Budget debate, yet I cannot help saying something on the changes announced at Delhi so far as Bengal is concerned, especially the creation of a Governor in Council for the Bengal Presidency; but before I allude to this, I feel that I must say a few words regarding the necessity of evicting the Punjab Government from Simla. In the despatch of August 25th, 1911, the Government of India say: 'It is essential that the Supreme Government should not be associated with any particular Provincial Government. It is generally recognised that the capital of a great Central Government should be separate and independent.' As this is the view of the Government of India, I am simply asking them to be consistent. I would say most emphatically that as Simla is the summer capital of the Government of India as well as of the Punjab, the Punjab Government should not, for the reasons laid down in the despatch, be at Simla for nearly seven months in the year, at a time when the Government of India is also there for the same period. Although I am the descendant of a Punjabi family myself, yet I feel that in all fairness to the other Provinces, as well as for the sake of consistency, the Government of India should remove the summer seat of the Punjab Government from Simla.

"Now, my Lord, I come to the creation of a Governor in Council for Bengal which I have welcomed, and for which I will now briefly give my reasons. My Lord, it is true that I supported Lord Curzon's Partition scheme, and it is equally true that I sincerely regret that it has had to be undone: but with awakened China on our North-Eastern Frontier and an awakening Behar on the West, and considering that we are going to have a Governor in Council, I say let us cheerfully accept the new arrangement. My Lord, if the removal of the Viceregal presence from Calcutta connotes the development of the autonomy of Bengal, it will mean a great deal. The appointment of Lord Carmichael as our first Governor is an event that we in Bengal cannot pass over silently, and we are very grateful to Your Lordship for having given us such a tried and experienced servant of the Crown to be the first Governor of new Bengal. Madras's loss is Bengal's gain, and while we sympathise with our Madrasi friends at losing Lord Carmichael, we welcome His Lordship here; for we feel sure that we shall have a tried statesman at the head of affairs, and one who has already endeared himself to Indians within the short period of his rule in Madras. My Lord, while on this subject, I cannot help saying that the Government of India, now that they have, from their standpoint, done what they have thought best and most beneficial to Bengal, will I hope be pleased to remember that in this Presidency we want always as rulers the best and most trustworthy servants of the Crown, and not merely party politicians; and if this is borne in mind and carried into action, as in the appointment of Lord Carmichael, I am sure that time will justify Your Lordship's repartition of Bengal, although some of us may resent it just now.

"An Executive Council for Behar strikes me as being an extravagant luxury, for the present at any rate, but all the same I congratulate my Behari friends on having scored best in the Delhi Boons, and sincerely wish them all success in the new Province and under the new régime. Doubts have been expressed

BUDGET.

[*Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan ; Mr. Subba Rao.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

as to the wisdom of the addition of Orissa and Chota Nagpur to Behar, particularly Orissa, and I admit I share those doubts myself. But I trust that the interests of the people of these parts will be properly safeguarded in the new Province, and I hope that the new Province with its four agrarian codes and heterogeneous population will administratively be the success which it is expected to be.

" In conclusion, my Lord, as you will be leaving Calcutta before long, never again to reside here permanently, as a citizen of Calcutta, as well as a representative of the landholders of Bengal, I beg, in bidding you good-bye, to assure Your Lordship, on behalf of the community I represent, our deep-felt loyalty to the Crown, and I hope that Your Excellency will not forget the zamindars in this Province, who, although few in number and in the minority, deserve encouragement and preservation, and who, if given proper facilities, will not belie the trust hitherto reposed in them by the Imperial Government.

" A few more words and I am done. My Lord, this is the last session of the Imperial Council in Calcutta, and as a Bengal member I share the keen regret that we feel at realizing that we shall henceforth be deprived of having in our midst the high officials of the Government of India and the representatives of British India. I also take this opportunity of thanking the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale for his kind words about Calcutta. My Lord, I know the changes have been made with the best of intentions, and although we in Bengal feel we have paid a big price for our Governorship, yet, if our loss means a gain to the rest of India, it is our patriotic duty to bear the sacrifice; and from the bottom of my heart I wish Your Lordship Godspeed in the great and bold experiment, and hope its success will mean the dawn of a new era of prosperity to the motherland so very dear to us all. "

The Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao : " My Lord, I may be permitted to say that the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale has well and truly and without the slightest exaggeration voiced our feelings when he expressed our warm appreciation of the sympathetic and friendly attitude of the Hon'ble Sir James Meston and the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson towards the non-official members of this Council.

" I take this opportunity of expressing our satisfaction that the Hon'ble the Finance Minister has been able to see his way to abolish, though gradually, the proprietory estates village service cess in Madras which my Hon'ble friend, the Raja of Kurupam, and myself urged on the Government in the very first session of the Council.

" My Lord, in introducing the Financial Statement, the Hon'ble Finance Minister referred in appropriate terms to the Royal Visit just concluded and also to the estimated expenditure and the savings effected in that connection. In our view, my Lord, the value of the Royal Visit cannot be estimated in lakhs or crores of rupees. As described by Your Lordship so truly and aptly, it is ' a priceless incident in the history of India.' The message sent through Your Lordship by the princes and the people of India to the people of England testifies to the profound impression made on the people of this country by the King-Emperor and shows how deeply they appreciate the recognition by His Majesty of their status as his equal subjects with the British. Never, before, my Lord, was the enthusiasm of the people stirred to such depths and the bonds that unite England and India drawn closer than on this occasion. They are touched by the abiding solicitude evinced by His Majesty for the welfare of all classes of people in this country. They cherish with reverence the gracious message of hope and harmony which he delivered for the future development of this land. They treasure with affection the words of His Gracious Majesty—

' It is my wish, too, that the homes of my Indian subjects may be brightened and their labour sweetened by the spread of knowledge with what follows in its train, a higher level of thought, of comfort and of health.'

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Subba Rao.*]

"Next to the Great Proclamation of 1858, this historic event marks an important era in the annals of this ancient land. It is associated with important administrative changes planned with great foresight and courageous statesmanship. As a sequence of these changes, 'the greatest blunder since the battle of Plassey,' in the words of Lord Macdonnell, has been rectified, and the great wrong done to the people of Bengal righted.

"My Lord, the intelligent public had long been asking that the Government of India should lay down before them a definite goal in the government of the country, instead of pursuing a shifting policy of drift, and hoped that the advent of the King-Emperor would be associated with such an announcement. The people at large have therefore welcomed the policy intimately associated with the change of capital from Calcutta, notwithstanding the clamour of vested interests. As a first and necessary step in the onward path of self-government, they have welcomed the announcement contained in the despatch of Your Lordship's Government in which they point out that—

'It is certain that in course of time the just demands of Indians for a larger share in the government of the country will have to be satisfied, and the question will be, how this devolution of power can be conceded without impairing the authority of the Governor General in Council. The only possible solution of the difficulty would appear to be gradually to give the Provinces a larger measure of self-government, until at last India would consist of a number of Administrations autonomous in all Provincial affairs, with the Government of India above them all, and possessing power to interfere in cases of misgovernment, but ordinarily restricting their functions to matters of Imperial concern. In order that this consummation may be attained, it is essential that the Supreme Government should not be associated with any particular Provincial Government. The removal of the Government of India is, therefore, a measure which will, in our opinion, materially facilitate the growth of local self-government on sound and safe lines.'

"There is absolutely no ground, my Lord, for apprehension that the result of this policy 'can only be to lead through disruption to disaster,' as prophesied by Lord Curzon. The connection of Britain is so beneficial and necessary to this country that it is the ambition of India to grow under the ægis of Britain to a self-governing member of the British Empire, like the colonies. There is absolutely no cause to attempt to wriggle out this position so clearly defined. This is but a bare minimum of the immediate requirements of the country for its healthy and progressive development in the future.

"It is because this first step in the direction of popular autonomy is courageously laid down by the Government of India that the transfer to Delhi, however disadvantageous and however costly, is welcomed by the intelligent public in all parts of the country, even by distant Madras, which is now further removed from the new capital. We hope, my Lord, that this policy will be steadily and courageously pursued by the Government of India.

"Already, my Lord, attempts are made in some Provinces not to bring some of the items in the Provincial Budget under the scrutiny of Provincial Legislative Councils and carry out the intentions of the Government of India, who point out in the Resolution of the 15th November 1909 that 'members will in future take a real and active part in shaping the financial proposals of the year.' Thus some items are not allowed to be examined by the Legislative Council, as in Madras, when the Finance Committee meets or when the Financial Statement is discussed, on the ground that they are under correspondence with the Government of India or the Secretary of State. So also items entered in the revised budget estimates escape the scrutiny of the Council. Similarly, the details of the expenditure of the large sums of money placed at the disposal of Provincial Governments under the head of Education and Sanitation do not pass under the review of the Legislative Council. I urge that these sums should not be handed over to Provincial Governments until definite proposals approved by local Legislative Councils are placed before the Education Department. I submit, my Lord, that opportunity should be taken, when revising the regulations and rules under the Councils Act, to remove all doubts, so that Legislative Councils may have full powers to deal with all the items in the Budget.

"I shall now turn to that large and important department of the State, the Army, which costs us something like thirty crores of rupees, and over which

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Subba Rao ; Raja of Partabgarh.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

His Excellency Sir O'Moore Creagh presides with such distinction. I may take the liberty to mention that, in connection with the Royal Visit, we fondly hoped also that an announcement would be made, throwing open in some measure commissions in the Army to qualified Indians, especially after the Proclamation of the late King-Emperor in November 1908 recognising 'the valour and fidelity of my Indian troops' and expressing his 'high appreciation of their martial instincts, their splendid discipline and their faithful readiness for service.' My Lord, the martial talent in the country finds no scope under the present arrangements of the Government, who seem to consider so far that their duty is confined only to the intellectual and economic development of the people. They are absolutely excluded from all positions of trust and responsibility in the Army, and the highest places to which they can hope to rise are those of Subadar-Major and Risaldar-Major. Without referring to the military opinion on the subject, I may say that even Mr. Chirol, the author of *Indian Unrest*, favours a cautious scheme for opening careers to Indian in the Army. He says :—

'It is a strange anomaly that at a time when we have no hesitation in introducing Indians into our Executive Councils, those who serve the King-Emperor in the Indian Army can only rise to quite subordinate rank . . Under the present conditions the Indian Army does not offer a career that can attract Indians of good position, though it is just among the landed aristocracy and gentry of India that military traditions are continued with the strongest traditions of loyalty....Some of the best military opinion in India favours, I believe, an experimental scheme for the gradual promotion of Native officers, carefully selected and trained, to field rank in a certain number of regiments which would ultimately be entirely officered by Indians just in the same way as a certain number of regiments in the Egyptian Army have always been wholly officered by Egyptians.'

"My Lord, the question has been hanging fire since the time when His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught was in command in this country. An Imperial Cadet Corps was established during the time of Lord Curzon and a training school started at Dehra Dun for the purpose. But so far, no steps have been taken to utilise the military talent in the country and give Indians commissions in the country. I trust that during the term of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, who has been identified with India during the past forty years, we shall have the privilege of associating his name with this much-needed and long-delayed reform."

The Hon'ble Raja of Partabgarh: "My Lord, the year that is drawing to a close has been exceptionally fortunate for India and its teeming millions. It has been rendered auspicious and important by reason of the most gracious visit of our Sovereign and the Queen-Empress and the Coronation Durbar held at Delhi. This epoch-making event has evoked demonstrations of loyalty and devotion which stand unparallelled in the annals of this land. The impression which the Royal Visit has left upon the country will largely conduce to the social and material progress of its people. The generous announcements made at the grand Durbar have touched to the quick the heart of India and had the effect of further strengthening our ties of loyalty to the British throne. My Lord, we are fully cognizant of the manifold blessings which our country enjoys under the British rule, and our sense of devotion to the person of our King is inborn.

"The transfer of the capital to Delhi will be beneficial and advantageous to the public interest, and will facilitate to a very high degree inter-communications between the Imperial and Provincial Governments.

"We had bounteous crops and good rains and can safely hope for a bright future.

"My Lord, it is a happy sign of the times that our attention is now being turned to industries other than agriculture. There is no doubt that agriculture has been our chief industry and will remain so, but depending, as we do, on the mercy of the monsoons in matters agricultural, the development of other industries will save millions of our poor countrymen from starvation in the years of bad monsoons.

"Education and sanitation are receiving our fullest attention and are chiefly the most crying needs at the present time. No country in the British Empire stands in greater need of sanitary reforms and progress than

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [Raja of Partabgarh.]

India. While other countries have adopted improved methods of sanitation, we have lagged behind. In the meantime several forces are at work which are decimating our population. There are, of course, clear indications that the Government of India have come to realize the gravity of the situation and have applied their serious thought to the solution of this problem. The creation of a Bacteriological Department, the inauguration of an Indian Research Fund and the holding of Sanitary Conferences—all point to the desire on the part of the Government to combat the evil. The allotment of 85 lakhs of rupees, of which 10 lakhs are earmarked for the Central Research Institute for works in public hygiene and for the establishment of a school of tropical medicine in Calcutta, is a practical proof of such desire. The money spent on research work is no doubt well spent. India is already so sorely smitten by plague and malaria that the appearance of a new disease such as yellow fever or kala-azar would indeed be a terrible misfortune. But above all we want a well-organised and properly trained sanitary staff. I would also venture to submit that in order to achieve more satisfactory results the people themselves should be made to realize the importance of domestic sanitation and hygiene, and a scheme should be discussed for the removal of the utter ignorance of sanitary laws which pervade the masses.

"My Lord, Your Excellency's weighty pronouncement at the last Convocation of the Calcutta University in regard to the future policy of the Government in the matter of education, the liberal grant of 50 lakhs for truly popular education announced at the Royal Durbar, and the assurance to supplement the same in future years on a generous scale, are the surest guarantee of our national progress and are clear indications of the fact that some day, distant though it may be, ignorance and darkness in the country will give place to knowledge and light. Your Lordship's recent visits to Calcutta hostels with those of last year have been immensely appreciated and admired as showing Your Excellency's deep interest in the welfare of our rising generation. We can but express our profound gratitude for the enormous good to our land within the short space Your Lordship has been the controller of our destinies.

"My Lord, dealing with the Provincial interest, I beg to submit that the United Provinces want the protecting help of the Supreme Government in the matter of the development of their natural resources. They want a more liberal grant of money for irrigation works to protect areas which are liable to drought. But above all they want what is their due—a liberal grant of a fair share of their income to be spent on education and sanitation. Both these schemes which tend to the intellectual and physical development of the people have suffered for want of funds. The Government and the people both are unanimous in their demand of a just apportionment of land-revenue raised in those Provinces to bring them on a level of equality with the sister Provinces. I trust the Government of India will give their due consideration to the claims of the United Provinces.

"My Lord, on behalf of the Talukqdars of Oudh, whose suffrages I have the honour to represent, I beg to express my sincere gratification and warm gratitude for Your Lordship's assurance to respect their rights and maintain their privileges, and I, as their spokesman, beg to assure Your Excellency that in future, as in the past, they will continue to co-operate with the Government in all measures calculated to promote the well-being of the country.

"My Lord this year marks the close of the first triennial term for which this Council was constituted under the new scheme, and it is our special pride to look back to-day upon past years during which a new era has dawned upon the country due to the policy of harmony and conciliation enunciated by the Government of India. In conclusion I beg to congratulate the Hon'ble Finance Minister on the caution and foresight displayed by him in dealing with the financial problems of this country and on the surpluses he has been able to announce. The policy of economy which he has inaugurated must result in a substantial saving which can be well utilized

BUDGET.

in the realization to a full measure of Your Lordship's cherished desire, namely, the improvement of education and sanitation.

"Last but not the least I beg to express my sincere appreciation of the super-excellent services done to the finance of India by the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, whose richly deserved elevation to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the United Provinces has been hailed with feelings of unbounded joy all over the country by the Press and the public alike.

"My Lord, since it is the last sitting of the Council in this old capital of ours, I cannot help offering my sincere wishes for the growth and development of Calcutta under the fostering care of its new Governor, and at the same time hope that our new capital which has been created by the Royal Command at Delhi will very soon expand into a city worthy of the Imperial seat in India."

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya : "My Lord, I cordially join the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in expressing our high appreciation of, and gratitude to, the Hon'ble Sir James Meston for all the assistance we have received from him in doing our work in this Council. If I may add anything to what has been said by him, it is only to give expression to the great satisfaction with which the appointment of the Hon'ble Member has been hailed in the United Provinces and the deep gratitude the people there feel to Your Excellency's Government for having given us so able, sympathetic and broad-minded a Lieutenant-Governor as the Hon'ble Member. We all join, my Lord, with the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in the hope that, after serving the full term of Lieutenant-Governorship in the United Provinces, Sir James Meston will come back to the Government of India as Finance Member to help forward the scheme of financial improvement on which he has laboured so long and so well. I also join in expressing our gratitude to the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson for all the assistance he has given us, and I trust that he will come back to us fully restored to health to promote the interests of India for the full term of his office.

"My Lord, the proposal that has been put forward by the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale regarding the appointment of a Royal Commission to make a comprehensive examination of our financial position and to recommend a definite financial policy is one which deserves the earnest consideration and support of the Government. My Lord, I hope it will have that support, and that a Royal Commission will in due time be appointed to deal with the fundamental questions of finance which Mr. Gokhale has suggested. But even before that is done, and in the immediate present, there is one pressing financial reform to which I would invite Your Lordship's attention. Last year both the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale and myself urged the necessity of revising the financial arrangements which exist between the Imperial and the Provincial Governments, and of putting them on a sound basis. It is undeniable that the unitary system which has prevailed so long has proved to be unsatisfactory in so far as the development of the Provinces is concerned. Under this system the Government of India have commanded the resources of the entire country. They have made allotments in such measure as they have thought proper to the various Local Governments to meet Provincial needs. The allotments have been made on no principle. The result is that four-sevenths of the total revenues of the country are being spent on Imperial purposes and about three-sevenths only for Provincial purposes. Thus the Army Department and other objects which have been considered Imperial have received all the financial support which they have asked for, and have flourished ; the needs of the people in matters which directly affect their welfare have not received half as much support as they deserved. This has sadly stood in the way of ameliorating the condition of the people. And so long as this system lasts, it will not be possible to do full justice to the most pressing popular requirements. The time has therefore come, I submit, when the Government of India should replace this unitary system by a federal system of Provincial finance. A great deal has been done to pave the way for this reform in the principles which have been laid down by the Government of India

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya.*]

India to regulate financial settlements between the Government of India and the Local Governments. The first of these principles, as it was stated before the Royal Commission by the Secretary to the Government of India, is—

'that the Government of India shall retain certain administrative services which it is inexpedient to hand over to Provincial Governments, and that they shall reserve the revenue from those services and such a share of the other public revenues *as shall be adequate to the expenditure falling upon them.*'

"Now, my Lord, the expenditure falling upon the Government of India is principally confined to the army and to a few services which are directly under it. This expenditure has reached such a high limit that it cannot require large additions from year to year. To meet this expenditure the Government of India might reserve to itself the revenue which is derived from what are called the Imperial heads, and to meet the expenditure, which would not be met in this manner, require the various Provincial Governments to make a rateable contribution based on a definite and reasonable principle. Having secured this, it should leave the whole income from heads which are at present shared to the Provincial Governments. Under the existing system, the Government of India has at its disposal an unduly large share of growing revenues, and the Provinces have consequently an inadequate share of such revenues at their command. The result is that after meeting Imperial expenditure the Government of India is in the unsatisfactory position of having large surpluses on its hands and of finding it necessary to distribute them to the various Provinces. And this it does without any definite principle. The result of this has been that some of the Provinces have received a larger measure of support from the Government of India than other Provinces. My Province unfortunately has suffered most under this system, and I submit that, not only in the interest of the United Provinces, but in the interests of all the Provinces of India as a whole,it is necessary that the system should be altered. Not until this is done, my Lord, will there be sufficient funds available to Provincial Governments to devote to the systematic improvement of the condition of the people, and that condition loudly calls for more attention. We are all deeply thankful to Your Lordship's Government for the grants that have been made for education and sanitation. It has given us great satisfaction to know, my Lord, that these subjects are dear to Your Excellency's heart, and while we feel grateful to Your Lordship for what has been done in this direction, we hope and trust that more and more will be done as time goes on. But it is my conviction, my Lord, that, until the present system of financial arrangement is altered in the way suggested above, it will not be possible to secure adequate and continuous support to the cause of education and sanitation for all the various Provinces of India. The grants that have been made are large, and, being so, they have called forth much gratitude. But the needs of education and sanitation are very much larger. That the Government of India is fully alive to this fact is clear in all the utterances that have been made on its behalf, notably in the important utterance made by the Hon'ble Member for Education. He has said that the Government of India are profoundly dissatisfied with the present rate of the progress of education, and desire that that rate should be greatly accelerated; that they are determined to combat ignorance and to extend the blessing of education through the length and breadth of this ancient land; but this can only be done if adequate provision is made for funds to do so, and that provision will not be possible unless Local Governments are put in charge permanently of larger shares of growing revenues to be specially devoted to the purposes of education and sanitation. My Lord, I need not dwell upon the great need of doing more in both these directions. The progress that has been made and the progress which we hope will be made with the grants made for the purpose, is as nothing compared to what remains to be done. The people are sunk in ignorance, and they are exposed therefore to the evils of ignorance and its concomitants—poverty, misery and suffering. In the field of sanitation there is even a greater deal to be done, and we should not hope to see it done merely with the help of non-recurring grants made when a surplus in the hands of the Government of Indir make it possible for it to made such grants. No, my Lord, if the situation is to

BUDGET.

[*Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya ; Raja of Kurupam.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

be materially improved, what is needed is that larger shares of growing revenues should be allotted to Provincial Govenments, to spend regularl from year to year and independently of whether the Government of India may or may not have any surplus in their hands in any particular year. There is only one other suggestion which I beg to lay before Your Excellency and the Council to-day for ameliorating the condition of the people, and that is that the Government should strengthen the people a little to fight their own economic and social battles. As I have said before, it is no doubt a matter of deep thankfulness that the Government of India are finding more funds to help them to do so, and we hope that as time goes on the Government will find more and more funds for the purpose. But, my Lord, no amount of funds which may be found will bring about the desired result unless the co-operation of the people is enlisted in the cause both of education and sanitation. In order that this might be done, I beg to suggest the formation of village-panchayats throughout the country. That is a measure the importance of which cannot be exaggerated. At the present moment the people are in a very sorry plight. In numerous places they are exposed to malaria; in numerous villages they do not get even good water to drink; in all but a few places there is no system of drainage worth speaking of. It is not at all surprising that, living as they do, the people fall easy victims to plague, cholera and other devastating diseases, that they die so largely from preventible deaths. When we look at Calcutta, when we look at the head-quarters of Government in the different Provinces, and compare their sanitary condition with the condition of the villages around them in which the great bulk of the people dwell, we may well be reminded of the great duty we owe to the people to secure to them the elementary benefits of sanitation. It is high time that more should be done in that direction than is being done. I submit, my Lord, that one great effectual step which can be taken towards this end is to create village-panchayats, to give them some initiative, and to place some funds in their power and thus to help and encourage them to combat the evils of ignorance and insanitation. My Lord, the Government has been labouring in many directions to help the people; the Government has started Agricultural Banks; it has helped to organise Co-operative Credit Societies for the benefit of the agricultural classes, and much good has resulted from these societies. But the ignorance of the people proves to be a great difficulty at every step. If malaria is to be fought, if quinine is to be distributed, difficulty is experienced in doing it because of the ignorance of the people. The most elementary measures of sanitation are sometimes viewed with suspicion and distrust. All this will be avoided if there are constituted regular village-panchayats to which the elders of the village, men in whom the people of the village have confidence, should be appointed. It should be their duty to explain to the people the advantages of the measures which the Government may introduce for their benefit, and also to represent to the Government the needs of the people, and to adopt and carry out with the consent of the people such measures as may be needed to protect them from disease and to promote their welfare.

"My Lord, I beg to lay this humble suggestion for the consideration of the Government. I hope it will be considered and adopted to the great benefit of the people and the great advantage of good government."

The Hon'ble Raja of Kurupam said: "My Lord, it is my pleasant duty to congratulate the Hon'ble Finance Member and Your Excellency's Government on the very satisfactory Budget that he has placed before this Council. It records a year of phenomenal progress and prosperity. It shows that the revenue for the year was better by nearly 3½ millions, that the expenditure has decreased by about 1¼ millions, leaving a surplus of over 2¾ millions. This is a result which, as the Hon'ble Finance Member points out in his very interesting speech, could not have been attained, but for the dramatic change in the seasonal outlook in the closing months of the past year, as if nature herself had resolved to make the year of the Royal visit one of unalloyed happiness for the rejoicing millions of this continent.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Raja of Kurupam.*]

"It is my next duty to express for myself and on behalf of my constituency our deep thankfulness to the Government for the abolition of the proprietary village service cess. The discontinuance of this cess at this time is all the more gratifying to us in that it has been effected at a time when, according to the Hon'ble Finance Member, the position of the Government is not such as to justify any important remission of taxes. During the last five years, both in the local Council and in this Council, I have pointed out the unjustifiableness of continuing this cess; and I have no doubt that its abolition will be felt as a special boon by the zamindari raiyat and all those interested in his well-being.

"It is a matter for sincere gratification that the Government have been able to effect considerable economies in all directions, in pursuance of the assurance given by them when the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale brought forward his resolution about retrenchment in public expenditure; and the Government is to be congratulated on their having taken the Council into their confidence by giving an account of what they have been doing in this direction till now.

"The next remark I wish to make is about the very judicious way in which the Government have utilised the year's large surpluses. Education, medical and sanitary services, agriculture, have all received proper recognition. It is the policy definitely put forward by the Government with regard to the first of these, that is, education, which, I believe, will be most appreciated and approved by the country. It is a matter for sincere rejoicing that the Government have committed themselves to a policy of extending popular education. They have set apart the very handsome amount of 125 lakhs for next year for educational service. The public are really thankful to the Government for their liberality in this respect, though, of course, great headway has yet to be made in this direction. It is to be earnestly hoped that the Local Governments will make vigorous efforts to utilise the large sums placed at their disposal by carrying out a definite programme of educational and sanitary reform without needless delay. I cannot leave this subject without thanking the Hon'ble Finance Member for the very handsome compliment which he paid the other day to our much respected countryman, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, for his invaluable services in the cause of popular education. It is to be devoutly hoped that the vigorous extension of elementary education among the masses will speedily pave the way for the attainment of the object which my friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, has so much at heart, by showing the benefits of education to the masses and thereby creating in them a real desire for it, by bringing into existence the kind of vernacular literature which will be most suitable to them, and by the creation of an adequate supply of trained teachers fitted for the responsible work of instructing the popular mind. I venture to add that the money which the Madras Government has proposed to spend on the establishment of Government model schools in our Presidency may be far more usefully spent on elementary education, in view of the extreme disfavour with which that scheme has been received by a large mass of enlightened opinion in the Presidency. It is very widely believed that the change in the educational policy of the Government, indicated by the establishment of expensive Government model schools, would be highly detrimental to indigenous educational endeavour.

"In this connection I cannot help bringing to the notice of the Government the very wide dissatisfaction prevalent in regard to the existing grant-in-aid code. I earnestly hope that nothing will be done to discourage private effort in education, and that, in respect of grants, the Government will adopt a more liberal policy. The mention of my Presidency leads me to make just one more remark in regard to the favour which the Government have shown to that Presidency in the present Budget. I am sure that the substantial grant of 25 lakhs in aid of the Madras water and drainage works, though but a third of what the Madras Corporation applied for, will go far to allay the feeling which has grown up among us that the claims of our Presidency do not receive the same recognition from the Government of India as those of other Provinces. I venture to express the hope that this grievance of the Southern Presidency

BUDGET.

[*Raja of Kurupam ; Mr. Mudholkar.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

will not long remain unredressed, that the needs and claims of its people, whose level headedness and steadfast loyalty have been so conspicuously displayed in the troubled times now happily past, will be more and more recognised, and that greater encouragement and better opportunities of advancement will be given to those who are bearing the burden of the administration in the Province.

" The announcement of the methods by which the cost of the new capital at Delhi is to be met, that is, partly from loans and partly from surplus revenues, has evoked some severe criticism both in and out of the Council. It has been said that the effect would be to conceal the real cost of the construction of the capital from the public. While it is difficult to understand how this concealment can be successfully effected, I fail to see how the method proposed can be otherwise than suitable and beneficial, as it will best enable the Government to adjust means to ends without serious interference with the normal course of expenditure in other directions. And I venture to add that, in my humble opinion, the idea that the future generations should alone be saddled with the cost of the new capital is, to say the least of it, not a very commendable one.

" My Lord, probably the most important legislative measure of the present session is the Co-operative Societies Bill which became law the other day. The alterations embodied in the new Act, such as the abolition of the statutory distinction between urban and rural societies, and the relaxation of certain restrictions imposed by the old Act, will largely facilitate the rapid spread of Co-operative Credit Societies, with the result of perceptibly raising the condition of the vast numbers of agriculturists and artisans of limited means throughout the country.

" My Lord, one word more and I have done. Dealing with the Budget Estimate for 1912-1913, the Hon'ble the Finance Member has told us that our prospects to-day are excellent and that we have every hope that the brightness of our outlook will continue. I am sure that every one in the Council will join in the hope that the coming year will fulfil these expectations, and that the next year's Budget will be as good a record of progress and prosperity as this year's has been. "

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar: " My Lord, this is the second year since the constitution of the enlarged Legislative Councils on the new basis that this Council has the satisfaction of congratulating the Government and the Hon'ble the Finance Member on a prosperity budget. We have not only the opium windfall a second time due to unprecedentedly high prices obtained on restricted sales, but an improvement in revenue almost all round accompanied by substantial reductions in expenditure in very many directions. During the discussion on the Financial Statement I tendered my acknowledgments to Government for the efforts which are being made by the several departments to cut down unnecessary items. The emphatic and reassuring declaration made by Your Lordship in your speech of last year is bearing fruit.

" At the same time, my Lord, it is not superfluous to point out that while we have to be thankful for what has been accomplished, we must not forget that much still remains to be done and that we can never afford to relax our vigilance.

The close watch, scrutiny and control of the Head of the Government and of the Finance Department are as needed as ever, and the serious responsibility which lies on the members of this Council has ever to be borne in mind by them. With all the vigilant guard which was kept by the Hon'ble the Finance Member and his able and gifted lieutenant, whose well, deserved elevation to the chiefship of a Province has given unalloyed pleasure to all his colleagues in this Council, the natural tendency of expenditure to increase and of waste and irregular payments to creep in could not be completely repressed. The Explanatory Memorandum and the Appropriation Report issued the other day afford some curious instances. The expenditure under the head ' General Administration in India,' which stood at 201 lakhs in 1908-09, now stands at 233 lakhs. The increase to 211 lakhs in 1910-11 is explained on

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Mudholkar.*]

the ground that additional expenditure was necessitated by the new Council schemes and the formation of a new Department of Education. Passing over 1911-12, when a crore and 20 lakhs were required, most of it in connection with the Royal visit, the Delhi Durbar and the Coronation celebrations, we find that the Budget for the coming year estimates these charges at 233 lakhs, that is, 22 lakhs more than the actuals of 1910-11. The greater part of it is explained, but still there remains a portion which seems avoidable expenditure. There would seem to be too frequent a resort to putting officers on special duty. The necessity of the propriety of many of these special appointments are not obvious to the uninitiated. I can understand the appointments made in connection with the Prices Inquiry; but very many of the others both in the Imperial Secretariat and in the Provinces stand in need of justification. Let us bear in mind how greatly strengthened our Secretariats have been. Not to go very far back; the expenditure under this head stood at 186 lakhs in 1906-07, that is, after the '*strengthening*' operations of the period of efficiency 1899 to 1905. In 1909-10 it advanced further by 13 lakhs. In 1910-11 came the formation of a new Department; and 1912-13 will see the creation of a new Province. With the great increase in the permanent staff which has taken place, appointments on special duty seem hardly to be called for. My Lord, there is a belief that some of these appointments are made simply to enable an officer to mark time till a suitable post is available for him. The matter is one which would I hope receive close examination from the Finance Department.

"Another quarter to which I might be permitted to direct the attention of the Council is the heading 'Cost of Collection.' The expenditure debitable to land-revenue has risen from 548 lakhs in 1908-09 to 595 lakhs in 1912-13—an increase of 47 lakhs. The land-revenue has increased from 3,080 lakhs to 3,344 lakhs. The proportion of the increase of expenditure is higher than that of the revenue. The increase in the coming year over last year would be a little less than 24 lakhs.

"Similarly, in the Police charges there is an increase of 69 lakhs. I bear in mind the explanation given in the memorandum of the Hon'ble Sir James Meston. But with the improvement that has taken place in the state of the country there is room for considerable reduction, especially in the strength of the Criminal Intelligence Department.

"My Lord, considerable saving in every department can be effected without impairing efficiency by a larger employment of indigenous agency. In the statement which was placed on the table of the Council on the 10th of January last we find that the number of Europeans and Eurasians in receipt of salaries of Rs. 500 a month and over was 4,466 in 1910, while there were only 924 Hindus and Muhammadans. With the great spread of education that has taken place a far larger number than 924 can certainly be found capable of holding those higher appointments.

"In connection with this matter, my Lord, I might be permitted to mention that the country hoped that on the occasion of the Royal Visit steps would be taken for throwing open the posts of commissioned officers in the army to Indians of loyalty, position and merit. I had advanced a similar request in the speech which I made at the time of the Budget discussion in 1902. This is a reform which has been long talked of. When His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught was in this country at the head of the Bombay Army, His Royal Highness suggested the establishment of an Indian Sandhurst. Nearly a quarter of a century has passed since then, and Indians are, so far as their position in the army is concerned, practically where they were then. The admission of selected Indians to higher posts in the army is demanded as much in the interest of economy as on the grounds of justice and high policy.

"There is one more subject to which I would with Your Lordship's permission briefly refer. The question of railway finance and railway working has of late attracted considerable attention from the commercial community and publicists. Last year I submitted some considerations to the Council on the subject. Since then, and especially during the last three months, railway

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Mudholkar.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

matters have been very much to the front. This is a healthy sign. Railways occupy a most important place in our social economy. The capital liability on account of State railways at the end of March 1911 was something like 482 crores. The interest charges alone came to about 8¾ crores, and little less than 5 crores were paid yearly in the shape of annuities for the purchase values of the company-made lines taken over by the State. Their value in affording protection from famine and in the development of interprovincial and outside trade is admitted to be of the utmost degree. Their expansion and improvement are recognised as eminently necessary by all thoughtful people. At the same time it is clearly perceived that expansion can in the first place safely proceed on a scale which is not beyond the capacity of the country, and that secondly it must be based on business principles and proceed on the reasonable certitude of the outlay proving remunerative in the not distant future. My Lord, it has become necessary to state these truisms because of the attempts that are being made by some outside commercial and financial magnates to accelerate construction without sufficient reference to the financial capabilities of the country and the remunerative character of the projects. In view of the pressure which is brought to bear upon Government, it is incumbent upon the non-official members of this Council as representing the interest of the permanent residents of the country to scrutinise every project from that point of view. The main lines have already been constructed. The expansion that is required is more in the direction of branch lines and feeder lines and of increasing the capacities of the arterial railways. The present traffic congestion emphasizes the immediate necessity of the last.

"While on one hand we have to guard ourselves against being hustled by outside pressure, we have on the other to meet the claims of various inland tracts and districts for being brought within easy reach of railway communications and of having their natural resources developed. The object can best be achieved by offering more liberal terms than the present to private enterprise, and encouraging the formation of companies with rupee capital. The claims of tracts exposed to visitations of famine can be adequately met from the funds available for protective railways out of the famine insurance grant.

"Irrespective of the branch and feeder lines for which private companies have received concessions and of the extensions which are being carried on on existing lines, there were more than 170 railways and tramways projected up to the end of December 1910. The remunerative capacity of some of these is open to question and of the rest varies greatly. Indeed, there are some big projects about which serious misgivings are entertained. If these projects were to be carried out by private companies on their own responsibility, Government might well trust them to take care of themselves. But for many of the larger projects the entire responsibility will fall on the State sooner or later if not from the beginning, and in regard to the majority of the rest some liability will have to be incurred. The determination of the railway programme is in the competence of Government; but it will be good for all if an opportunity is provided for the various interests in the country to urge their views in regard to the same.

"The necessity of a thorough discussion of the existing railway policy between the men of the people and the Government has become obvious in other directions also. Though the State owns the trunk lines, and the liability for their cost and maintenance is upon the country, it does not receive many of the advantages which results from unity of ownership. The Companies to whom the privilege of working the greater number of these lines is granted are in their desire to promote their individual interests—a natural enough procedure—carrying on competition in such a way as to nullify the main objects of State ownership. In the Resolution in regard to railway freights my friend the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey and I pointed out the hardships and the loss to which interprovincial trade and indigenous industries were subjected by the traffic arrangements of the rival way. I would here indicate merely some of the financial disadvantages resulting from the system.

"In the movement of goods it is not the shortest and most convenient route by which a Company where traffic originates despatches a consignment. It adopts that which would give it the longest lead, though this might be a

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Mudholkar ; Maung Mye.*]

circuitous one when a more direct and shorter route over another railway was available. Thus the most direct and shortest route for the coal of Raniganj or Jheria to Lahore is by the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway *viâ* Mogalserai and Saharanpur. But the East Indian Railway adopts the route *viâ* Allahabad and Delhi, which means an addition of 35 miles, and the Bengal-Nagpur Railway adopts the Bilaspur-Katni route though this involves transit over 380 additional miles. This means an additional haulage charge which is Rs. 2·2 per mile for a goods-train on the East Indian Railway and Rs. 2-5 on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway. In addition to this extra burden which falls on the country there is an unnecessary longer employment of goods wagons on the East Indian Railway. One day for going and one for returning are lost in the case of each truck ; on the Bengal-Nagpur Railway 18 to 19 days for the two journeys. There is a favourite complaint about the deficiency of the rolling stock, and here we have one of the causes which bring about shortage of waggons.

"Each Company regards itself as a separate unit and budgets for its requirement without reference to the fact that the rolling stock being the property of the State ought to constitute the common property of all. Crores have been spent in recent years in making additions to the rolling stock—the allotment in 1909-10 was 6½ crores, in 1910-11 466 lakhs. There is here a considerable scope for economy if we keep ever present before us the fact that the State is the owner of these railways.

"There are several other matters connected with railway finance and the more economic working of our railways which, though very important, cannot be satisfactorily treated without dealing with the general question of railway policy; and into this question it would not be convenient to go in a discussion on the Budget. I have left them out for a more suitable opportunity.

"Well, I have pointed out some of the shortcomings; but I must again give my testimony to the excellent work which has been done by the Railway Department of the Government."

The Hon'ble Maung Mye: "My Lord, this is the first session of the Imperial Legislative Council which I have had the honour of attending, and I do not want to take up much of the Council's time ; but I have a few remarks to make on financial and educational matters connected with the Province which I have the good fortune to represent. Burma is a backward Province. It cries out for development. We have often heard people say that capitalists are unwilling to invest their capital in Burma for want of better communications and transport facilities, and in consequence the natural resources of the Province remain undeveloped. Burma has a very unfavourable financial settlement, and the grant of 20 lakhs for roads, though we are grateful for it, is a trifle compared to what we have lost on the financial settlement and is wholly inadequate for our requirements.

"The Government of India has given 60 lakhs of recurring grants and 65 lakhs of non-recurring grants for education and 85 lakhs for sanitation, agriculture and research—210 lakhs in all. Out of this we only get about 11 and Bengal about 56 lakhs.

"Money does not go so far in Burma as in India. If grants are distributed merely in proportion to population, we do not get enough. My people pay heavy taxes. We pay Rs. 5-4 per head of population ; the United Provinces Rs. 2 and the two Bengals and Behar pay only Re. 1-4 per head of population. We are paying more per head and should get more per head in return.

"Now I come to educational matters. We are anxious that a university should be established in Burma. We want this done particularly now that Calcutta is becoming a mere Provincial town. The Government of India is going away and the Beharis and Oorias are going to Patna. Then the Dacca University will take away the Eastern Bengalis. So only a very small number of Bengalis will be left to manage the Calcutta University.

"It is not proper that Burma should be under Calcutta any longer. We are a separate people and we want to develop on our own lines. It is true there are not many colleges in Burma, but there were only two colleges in

BUDGET.

[*Maung Mye; Nawab Saiyid Muhammad; Raja of Dighapatia.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

Bombay when a university was started there. Local interest in higher education would grow very fast if we had a university of our own.

"There is a growing feeling in Burma that we do not come much under the notice of the Government of India and Burma suffers much from her geographical misfortune. Perhaps if the members of the Government visited Burma, they would understand the state of affairs better.

"We had hoped that the Royal boons would have done something for us, and while the Government of India is giving away lakhs of rupees to the other Provinces, it is only right and proper that Burma should also get a Royal boon of recurring and non-recurring grants for a university. Burma came late under the British Government. She wants more care and attention from the Government of India."

The Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Muhammad: "My Lord, I congratulate the Hon'ble the Finance Minister for the excellent Budget he has presented to the Council, and also for the sympathetic tone which pervades his statements. The Budget is, if I may say so, in keeping with the spirit of the year, and it is a singular coincidence that the prosperity has been attained simultaneously with the august visit of Their Imperial Majesties, in India. My Lord, it is matter of immense pleasure and satisfaction that the unique and historical event which it was India's good fortune to witness at Delhi, I mean Their Imperial Majesties' Coronation Durbar, was a great success. The people of this country rejoice that they had an opportunity of manifesting their loyalty to their beloved Sovereign in person, and they feel sure that His Majesty has carried with him happy recollections and the gratitude of his Indian subjects.

"My Lord, since the Financial Statement has emerged from the committee stage, Field Marshal Sir William Nicholson's Committee has started for India to inquire into the Army expenditure of this country. I trust the Government of India will see the absolute necessity of allowing a wider scope to this Committee and afford all facilities for the thorough and exhaustive investigation into the finances of the Indian Army. Already great forces are at work against any possible reduction, but I sincerely hope that Your Excellency's Government will find the Nicholson Committee helpful in readjusting the military finances of this country.

"The next point, my Lord, is the congestion with railways. This has no doubt been very prejudicial to the trade as appears from the published proceedings both of the Bengal and Bombay Chambers of Commerce. Some have urged to bring out a traffic expert, while others want more money. The former seems a very reasonable request, and there is enough scope for a real expert on our railway systems. As for more funds, the Railway Budget showed a substantial lapse in the current year's allotments and no less than Rs. 152·24 lakhs is expected to lapse under the head 'Provision for the purchase of stores in England.' I have no doubt that the Hon'ble Member for the Commerce and Industry Department will be able to satisfy us on this point; but nevertheless it is clear that the Railway Board have not fully utilised the funds placed at their disposal.

"My Lord, I take this opportunity to acknowledge, on behalf of my Presidency, the educational and sanitary policies of Your Excellency's Government which has met with widespread approbation all over the country. It is our fervent hope that this policy will develop gradually and Your Excellency's name will be handed down to posterity as the promoter of an era of new life in India in which education and sanitation are destined to play a most important part."

The Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia: "My Lord, before offering any remarks on the Budget, I beg respectfully to observe that the visit of Their Imperial Majesties to their Indian Empire has opened a new era for the people of this country and has practically driven away sedition and unrest from the soil. The memory of Their Imperial Majesties' visit to this city of ours will for ever be treasured up in the hearts of all men, women and children of this Province.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Raja of Dighapatia ; Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis.*]

"Now turning to the Budget, I beg to offer my heartiest congratulations to the Finance Minister for the cheerful Budget he has been able to present before the Council this year. He very modestly calls it a 'no-change Budget,' but we look upon it as a Budget of benevolence, reflecting very great credit and thoughtfulness on the part of those who are responsible for it.

"No doubt we were looking forward to the remission of at least some of the taxes that were imposed the year before last in anticipation of the opium deficit—preferably that on petroleum, which affects the poorest in the land; yet we have nothing to complain of, nay, we are grateful to the Government of India for the manner in which the surplus from opium windfall has been distributed, and also for the large grants made for education out of the ordinary surplus.

"It will be noted with very great satisfaction that ever since the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson has taken charge of the portfolio of the Finance Department, military expenditure is steadily going down every year, while grants to education and sanitation are mounting up by leaps and bounds, and we have every reason to hope that they will go up still higher, as we have been assured by the Finance Minister himself that the amelioration of sanitation and the wide and comprehensive diffusion of education would form the chief feature of Your Excellency's Viceroyalty.

"I hope it will be possible for the Government of Bengal to devote a considerable portion of the money allotted for sanitation towards the improvement of the waterways and the supply of pure drinking water, wherever it may be necessary.

"Last year I mentioned about the necessity of constructing a railway line connecting Nattore, Rajshaye and Godagari. I must confess I am disappointed to find no provision for this railway has been made in the present Budget, though I have reasons to believe that this line is not altogether outside the programme. I would therefore urge the Government to include it at least in next year's Budget. I had occasion to point out in my Budget speeches of previous years that this line is an urgent necessity as far as Northern Bengal is concerned.

"In spite of the difficulties in the way, I would beg the Government of India to reconsider the question of the construction of the line between Dacca and Archa (a place opposite to Goalundo). As Dacca is going to be the second capital of the new Presidency of Bengal and the seat of the Provincial Government for about two months in the year, it would be easily seen how very necessary this line will be in near future, specially when river navigation is getting more and more difficult at least in some parts of the year.

"It was widely expected that something would be done at the last Durbar to inaugurate the policy of granting commissions in the Indian Army to qualified scions of Indian Chiefs and Nobles, and naturally it came as a disappointment when no such announcement was made. I, therefore, venture to hope that, with a view to further retrenchment in the military expenditure without in any way materially impairing efficiency, something might be done in this direction.

"As one coming from Bengal, I cannot help feeling the deepest sorrow at the thought that this should be the last meeting of the Imperial Council in this historic chamber and in this historic city, which is intimately associated with the foundations of the British Empire in India, and without meaning any disrespect to any one I deplore the necessity for the change of capital."

The Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis: "My Lord, the moral effect of Their Imperial Majesties' visit has far exceeded my anticipations of last year, thanks to Your Excellency's thoughtful and excellent arrangements at Delhi and elsewhere. The Royal Presence evoked an enthusiasm throughout the land which proved once for all that the heart of the nation was sound, and that the abnormal developments of the past six years were but passing phases of an artificial movement wholly foreign to the genius of the people. We owe it to our beloved Sovereign that seditious troubles are at an end, and we cheerfully and thankfully lay to our heart the message of hope which His Imperial Majesty

has so considerately communicated to us. The boons announced at Delhi, and the substantial grant for the promotion of education and the annual stipends to scholars, so characteristic of the King-Emperor, give point to that message; they lay solid foundations for the intellectual and moral progress of the people.

"My Lord, from the Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler's reply to the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale's question about the details of the Durbar grant of 50 lakhs for the support of education, it appears that, out of the 45 lakhs proposed to be distributed at once, technical education and industrial education have between them only 2 lakhs, or less than 4½ per cent. Even in this small grant the share of industrial education must be the lesser of the two. I am convinced more than ever that small industrial schools suited to local needs and conditions are of paramount importance to our material advancement. Through the operation of causes which we need not examine here, our village industries and the small industries of towns are prostrated; there is a general movement of the people from the villages to the towns for employment. Towns are bound to grow; concentration of population in towns is perhaps a necessary concomitant of modern civilisation. But the decadence of the villages and of village industries is an economic evil, especially in an agricultural country like India, which it is only meet Government should make an earnest effort to remedy. There is a pithy Indian saying, 'the stomach was made before the mind.' The indigenous industrial arts should be revived and developed as a solution of the difficulty of the empty stomach. I beg to acknowldge with thanks that a systematic effort is now being made in the Central Provinces to revive the cottage industries, and a sympathetic and energetic Director of Industries has been appointed. But Local Governments must necessarily depend to a large extent upon the Central Government for liberal subventions.

"My Lord, notwithstanding the strong pronouncement of policy made in Parliament by the Under Secretary of State on the occasion of the last discussion of the Indian Budget, we cannot abandon our faith in the efficacy and the absolute necessity of tariff protection for India. We must place before the Government our view of the case, and with my sense of British justice and Britain's genuine desire to consult the wishes of the Indian people in matters of policy also, I cannot believe that our prayers will always be unheeded by the Home Government, and that the future will not bring us the relief we so earnestly seek. In this connection I respectfully request Government to reconsider their decision about the maintenance of the excise-duty upon cotton-goods made in India. The duty should be suspended at least in seasons of stress.

"Speaking of agriculture, in view of the high price of agricultural cattle and their preservation, I beg to repeat my suggestion that the question demands consideration. Government sometime ago undertook a cattle survey as a preliminary to the consideration of this question; but we would like to know where the matter now stands.

"My Lord, irrigation has done much for agriculture. I am glad to note Government do not mean to slacken their pace in this direction. Light feeder railways which the Government is encouraging in certain parts have become popular in some Provinces and are likely to prove useful to the country in three ways. They help railway expansion, train the people in railway management, and attract their small savings for which they provide an excellent investment. In view of this consideration, I would request Government that better terms of guarantee will help this sort of enterprise still further.

"My Lord, I beg to thank Your Lordship for the recommendation you have made for the Legislative Council for our Province, and now I beg to associate myself with the appeal which the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy has made to-day for the establishment of a teaching and residential university at Nagpur and the appointment of a fourth Judge in the Judicial Commissioner's Court. A teaching university will go a great way to ensure the intellectual progress of the Provincial people. The Indian

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis; Babu Bhupendranath Basu.*]

public cordially echo the hope expressed by Your Excellency at the last Convocation of the Calcutta University 'that teaching and residential universities may be multiplied throughout India.' I have heard complaints of congestion of business in the Judicial Commissioner's Court, and it is desirable to have another Judge to work it off.

"My Lord, in the investigation which the Government proposes to make into the financial condition of the local bodies, I hope Government will be pleased to consider the advisability of sanctioning a longer term than is allowed at present for repayment of advances for sanitary improvement. Much could be done to help progress by the suggested change in the maximum period. The special grants for the Central Research Institute for work in public hygiene and a School of Tropical Medicine supply incontrovertible proof of the anxiety of this Government for the suppression of plague, malaria and other epidemics; but it must be frankly admitted that the bulk of the work in connection with sanitary improvement must be done by the local bodies. In this view the necessity of the change will be evident.

"My Lord, I cannot conclude without expressing the sorrow I feel on this occasion of our last meeting in this hall so full of historic memories. I happen to be the oldest Member of the Council, and the break in all our past associations here causes me pain. At the same time the severance of the direct connection of the Imperial Government with Calcutta is synchronous with the introduction of large reforms for which Bengal has clamoured long. The change in the status of the Provincial Government and the annulment of the Partition ought to placate public opinion in Bengal. Thanks are due to Your Excellency for pacifying public opinion in the matter. Lastly, my Lord, I beg to associate myself with what my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale has said about Calcutta, the Hon'ble Sir James Meston and the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson."

The Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu: "My Lord, in congratulating the Hon'ble the Finance Minister on his Budget, I do not pay a merely customary tribute: we have had a large surplus and our revenues are being devoted in a much larger measure than before to purposes which will be fruitful of good to the people of India. I have neither the skill nor the ability to pursue my friend through the bewildering maze of figures, but the thread he has furnished in his introductory speech gives a clue which even a layman like myself may follow. It will be a matter of deep regret to me and to the people of Bengal that we shall miss in future his genial presence in our midst and cease to listen to a voice which will persuade us even against our better understanding.

"My Lord, I acknowledge with gratitude the large and liberal grants on education and sanitation, for they are both all-important. I shall not go into the enormous and appalling figures which represent the preventible death-rate of our country: very recently I had occasion to refer to the question, but surely in a population of 300 millions and in a continent extending from the Persian Gulf to the borders of China 4,129 hospitals and dispensaries, public and private, to meet the requirements of the civil and military population are none too many. Much remains to be done in the cause of sanitation, and though I sympathize to a very large extent with my friend Surgeon General Sir Charles Lukis in his despair to fight against mosquitos whose names are more terrible than their sting, I respectfully submit it ought not to be beyond the resources of science and civilization to wage a successful war with those insects on whose wings follow malaria, yellow fever, plague, sleeping sickness and kala-azar.

"In the brief space of time allotted to us for discussion on this occasion I pass on to a subject which to-day, now that we are meeting for the last time in this Council Chamber, is pressing on my mind. My Lord, only two years ago I was prevented in this very Council chamber from discussing the question of the partition of Bengal; but though I was silenced,

BUDGET.

[*Babu Bhupendranath Basu*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

the voice of my countrymen outside was not silenced, and the sense of injury and wrong rankled in their minds. The outward manifestation of public feeling was naturally growing less, but, what was worse, a deep seated sense of unredressed wrong was spreading. We felt that the Government of the day had failed to understand the problem: Would India have some ruler who would have the insight to feel and the courage to act? That was the question. My Lord, in our ancient mythology there is a story of a saintly woman being petrified for the sin which she committed unconsciously, and when she pleaded against the curse, it was said to her that she must wait until deliverance came from somebody who would be born hereafter. We, my Lord, like this petrified saintly woman of old, had to wait for that deliverance of ours. Then came Your Excellency's administration. We had at the head of affairs in India a fresh mind unaffected by bias and untinged by prejudice. There were difficulties in the way, difficulties created by lapse of time, and behind them all loomed the question of prestige. Then followed the announcement that His Imperial Majesty would hold the Coronation Durbar in India. We in India have always connected the celebration of such a great and auspicious event with some generous measure of public beneficence, and we felt a sort of vague hope that our King-Emperor, who had witnessed the distress in Bengal as the Prince of Wales, might do something to restore peace to our unhappy Province. It is no longer a secret, my Lord, that for the realisation of this hope I undertook last year a journey to England, impelled, may be, by the same unreasoning longing which in our country attracts from distant parts weary pilgrims seeking deliverance from fatal illness for a dear relative to some sacred shrine reputed to possess life-giving properties, a deliverance which, alas! the silent image seldom grants. My Lord, I do not for a moment profess that my visit has had any affect on the policy of Government; but it is some satisfaction to me and our people that I was able to place before the highest authority, so far as India is concerned, a presentment of the case from our point of view. My Lord, I am not one of those who would feel any exultation in the modification of the partition of Bengal, even if it had not been accompanied by measures which will have a far-reaching consequence on the destiny of my Province; but we Hindus of Bengal truly rejoice at the opportunities which will be again afforded to us to advance arm in arm with our Moslem brethren as fellow-workers and comrades, helping each other forward and onward. My Lord, in Your Excellency's presence, I feel some natural embarrassment in giving expression to the deep sense of gratitude we feel towards Your Lordship in having had the courage to undo what was an undoubted wrong. In doing so, Your Lordship has not only conferred a lasting benefit upon the Indian people, but has demonstrated to the world at large the greatness and might of British rule in India, that in the interests of justice it can rise above all petty considerations of prestige and even of settled facts. You have shown that British rule in India is compatible with the sentiment of self-respect in the people, and that it is not founded on the shifting foundations of power but on the solid bedrock of justice, and as time goes on and your great act comes to be viewed in its true perspective, your countrymen and ours will all alike honour a ruler who had taken such a prominent part in welding together the different parts of the Empire in bonds which will grow with time and not break under the strain of diverging interests. To quote the words of the Hon'ble Mr. Montagu: 'At last, and not too soon, a Viceroy has had the courage to state the trend of British policy in India and the lines on which England proposes to advance.'

"My Lord, I cannot pass from this question of the readjustment of the boundaries of my Province without referring to some incidental matters connected with it. It has been said that Your Excellency's scheme about the proposed Dacca University will be likely to reproduce conditions against which the people of Bengal fought with such desperate and passionate energy. I am glad to see Your Lordship shaking your head against that proposition. It would be a pity indeed if it did so. My Lord, I hope I betray no confidence when I say that Your Excellency has been pleased to give us the assurance that no such thing shall happen, that the fear of a dialectic difference in

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Babu Bhupendranath Basu; Mr. Mazharul Haque.*]

Bengal being created need not be entertained and that the proposed university at Dacca would only embrace colleges within its municipal limits; that it will only be a teaching university; and that in matter of Provincial appointments to the public service, no question will arise either in East or West Bengal as between the claims of Dacca and the Calcutta Universities. These assurances of Your Excellency when widely known will dissipate the fears that were entertained at one time, and the latest pronouncement that nothing will be done until the Government of Bengal has been consulted will remove any lingering doubts that still hover round the appointment of a separate educational officer. My Lord, Ido not grudge to my friends of Bihar and Orissa their good fortune getting a full fledged Provincial Government with an Executive Council. I am afraid my friends of Bihar resented the reference made to them by my Hon'ble friend the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan, and they were telling me just now that my friend the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur owes his seat in this Council principally to the votes of the Bihar zamindars. That may be true or may not be correct. I do not know. But, my Lord, my friends of Bihar will no longer be voters in my Province. I may remind my friends of the story of the discarded wife which we had at one time heard in the eastern part of my Province. I will remind them of a poem which I learnt in my youth;

"No more thou comest with a lover's speed,
My once beloved bride to see,
Be she alive, or be she dead,
I think her worth all the same to me."

"And now that Bihar has gone from us and her votes do not count, I believe my friends occupy pretty much the position that the girl did in this ballad. But I believe I shall not offend my brethren of Bihar if I say that this good fortune of theirs is due to their association with Bengal. Bihar was making rapid progress during the last ten years, and my belief is that her progress would have been surer and quicker if that association had lasted a little longer.

The Hon'ble Mr. Mazharul Haque: "No."

The Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu:—"My friend says 'No', but I do not wish to raise a controversy. If he is pleased, we have no reason to complain. We Bengalis wish them all success in their new career.

"But, my Lord, if we do not grudge to Bihar her good fortune, we may certainly grieve that, in the redistribution of Bengal that has followed the Royal announcement, the deep and abiding sentiment of Bengal that all the Bengali-speaking tracts should be placed under one Government has not been given effect to. I believe in the hurry in which the scheme had necessarily to be worked out, this could not be done, and I feel sure that under Your Excellency's administration, after things have settled down, this question will be taken up and our legitimate grievances on this score removed. And now, my Lord as I am coming to a close, it will be idle to conceal that a feeling of great sadness comes over me. For I shall be the last member for Bengal to address this Council from the capital of my Province. Who knows, my Lord, what the future may have in store for us? Associations extending over a hundred and fifty years or more are not easily broken, and though no material harm may come to us, as I hope it will not, the people of Bengal will not cease to mourn, for many a long day, the loss of the diadem which was set upon the fair forehead of their beloved city. It has grown from a hamlet into the position of being the second city in the British Empire, and from its banks have spread the blessings of peace and prosperity over the British dominion in the East. Amidst the many losses that the change of capital will entail upon us none will be greater, none sadder, none more keenly felt than that we shall cease to welcome in our midst the representatives of the wealth and culture of all

BUDGET.

[*Babu Bhupendranath Basu ; Mr. Mazharul Haque ; Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

India, as members of this Imperial Council; for their presence even for a short time serves to extend the boundaries of our horizon and lift us out of the narrow limits of a Provincial life. It is with no light heart that we shall regard the loss of this invaluable privilege of coming into contact with the best minds in the Indian Empire. We shall also lose, my Lord, the beneficent presence of the Government of India; we shall lose the inestimable benefit which flows from personal contact with His Majesty's first representative in India, and for the moment, my Lord, we shall lose one whom we have come to regard as the greatest benefactor of our people. You are going, my Lord, to a seat redolent of memories of ancient greatness to which Calcutta can lay no claim. But, my Lord, we the people of Bengal shall always cling with love to our city enbosomed in the Ganges, whose water flows in their ceaseless task of pure ablutions round her radiant shores and nestled among foliage unrivalled even in India.

"I bid your Lordship, the members of your executive Council and my colleagues, official and non-official members of this Council, good bye and God-speed; and may British rule in India be as glorious and as brilliant in the future amidst its new surrounding as it has been in the past in this now historic city of ours.

"My Lord, I can say no more, and wish no better for the Government which has done for us so much in the past and from which, God willing, we expect much more in the future."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mazharul Haque: "My Lord, I have no desire to make a speech, but I would be failing in my duty if I did not express the grateful thanks of the people of Bihar for the great privilege which has been bestowed upon them. Your Excellency has restored to us our forgotten individuality, raised our status and given us a new life. The name of Hardinge is not only being blessed by us of the present generation, but it will be remembered and blessed by our children and our children's children. It has now become possible for us to develop and work our own salvation on our own lines.

"My Lord, the temptation to follow my Hon'ble friend the Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan in his sarcastic references to my Province is great, but for once I shall resist it. I can quite understand his bitter disappointment, as henceforth it will not be possible for any one but a Bihari to exploit the new Province, and the determining factor in questions affecting Bihar will be the voice of her own people without any officious interference from unsympathetic people who have no scruples to take her votes but when the time comes refuse to help her. I should like to know what the landholders of Bihar will have to say to-morrow about the speech of my Hon'ble friend. Well, it does not matter; we are very well able to take care of ourselves. My Hon'ble friend has characterised the grant of an Executive Council to Bihar as an extravagant luxury. Well, everything which is a necessity for Bengal becomes a luxury when given to some other Province. Jealousy and conceit could go no further.

"My Lord, once more I thank Your Lordship for the great boon you have conferred upon the people of Bihar."

The Hon'ble Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha: "My Lord, under the rules in force for the discussion of the Financial Statement, the important points involved in it are discussed in the earlier stages, and they have already been so discussed this year. This last day's debate is now utilised for making some general observations, and for many years now the privilege has been extended to members to place before Government such views as cannot be urged by means of Resolutions. Naturally therefore a discussion of this kind is apt to be more or less rambling, but I trust that the same latitude will be conceded to me as to my colleagues to make a few general observations, especially with reference to the remarks of my friend, the Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan, whose speech, if I may say so without impertinence, was the most

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha.*]

rambling that I have ever heard in my life. It had a great deal to do with things absolutely irrelevant and not at all germane to the Budget, or to the financial policy of the Government of India. It was, on the other hand, a curious compound and an extraordinary jumble of bad history, perverse geography, ill-assorted ethnography, and confused topography—coupled with a distorted outlook on current political problems. Speaking seriously, I think his speech will cause profound disappointment to the people of Bihar, especially to the landholders of that Province, who had voted for him as their representative in this Council. My esteemed friend, the Hon'ble Mr. Haque, has already replied very pertinently to his absolutely uncalled-for remarks about the Bihar Executive Council. The Hon'ble Maharaja Bahadur has evidently forgotten that Bihar has had an Executive Council since the inauguration of that institution in the Lower Provinces about eighteen months ago, and to have taken away that privilege from the Biharis would have inflicted a very grievous wrong upon them. The Maharaja Bahadur seems also to have failed to realise the fact that it is in the Executive Councils as now constituted that scope is given to such little talent as the zamindars possess, by their being appointed as members of these bodies. I therefore think that he should have welcomed this institution for Bihar instead of condemning it.

"One more remark, my Lord, which I desire to make is this. The Maharajadhiraja Bahadur has declared himself to be a strong supporter of the now totally discredited scheme of partition effected by Lord Curzon six years ago. I wish I could honestly congratulate the Maharaja upon his support to Lord Curzon, but I am sorry I cannot. That partition as effected constituted two divisions of Bengal, and Bihar and Orissa into one Province. The Maharaja seems to think that the new Province as now constituted is heterogeneous, but I would like to know if it is any more heterogeneous as it stands to-day than it was with the two Bengal divisions thrown in? But that is the way how the Maharaja with his clear vision looks at this question. I shall pass on now, my Lord, to associating myself with the Hon'ble Mr. Haque in offering to Your Excellency and to Your Excellency's Government the very best and sincerest thanks of the people of Bihar for what is really a Royal boon to them in the truest sense of the term. I think I echo the views of the Biharis in saying that no people are really so happy and glad as those of Bihar are, on account of the separation of their Province from Bengal, and for which they had been crying aloud for many years; but unfortunately the Government of Lord Curzon did not see their way to accept what was the only ideal scheme for the partition of the Lower Provinces. This has now been accepted by Your Lordship's Government, and my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Haque, therefore, has rightly said that Your Lordship's name will go down to posterity as the best benefactor of not only Bihar but of the whole country, for having brought about the memorable administrative changes announced by our King-Emperor.

"My Lord, one word on the question of our finances. As the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale has pointed out, our financial condition at present requires very careful consideration, on account of the fact that very soon the opium-revenue will have disappeared from our resources. It is therefore, especially in view of the demands now being made, the very proper demands, which the Government have to some extent conceded, for education and sanitation; absolutely necessary that our finances should be properly husbanded and that so far as possible all such economy should be effected as can be done, without in any way diminishing the efficiency of our administration. For this purpose, my Lord, my humble submission is that two things are absolutely expedient: the wider employment of Indians in the public services and a careful handling of our military expenses and charges. In regard to the wider employment of my countrymen, I gave notices of two or three Resolutions to be moved in this Council. I was given to understand, however, that the Government of India were in communication with the Secretary of State on these subjects, and I therefore withdrew them. I do hope that, in due course, the Government will be able to inaugurate a policy which will be conducive to the much larger employment of Indians.

BUDGET.

[*Mr. Sachchidananda Sinha ; Mr. Gates.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

It seems to me that the time has come when the Government of India should have a Royal Commission appointed to go into the whole question. The Public Service Commission made its recommendations nearly 25 years ago; and these, unfortunately, were far from satisfactory. We have taken long strides since then, in almost all departments of human activity, and I think, my Lord, that the time is come when the Government of India may very properly ask the Government at home to institute a Royal Commission to go into the whole question of the larger employment of Indians, including that of the recruitment of the judiciary from the legal profession.

"Similarly, my Lord, in regard to the Army charges, the subject has been discussed in this Council time after time, and by none more ably than by our great leader Mr. Gokhale. It is well known that the large additions made to the cost of the Indian Army in 1885-86 were certainly due to the fear of a Russian invasion at the time. Now, thanks to the Anglo-Russian Convention, which was mainly brought about due to Your Lordship's influence, and for which we are all very grateful to Your Excellency, this fear of a Russian invasion of the country has certainly disappeared. In view, therefore, of our many necessary requirements now, and the larger demands for education and sanitation, I request the Government of India to consider favourably the question of, at any rate, reducing the cost of the Army to the extent of the additions made in 1885-86, which will I think result in a saving of some 3 crores. And in this connection I would like to say that last year I gave notice of a Resolution to be moved in this Council that the commissioned ranks in the Army should be thrown open to Indians. I was then informed that the matter was under the consideration of Government, and that it was likely His Majesty the King-Emperor would himself make an announcement at the Durbar on the subject, and it was in that view that I withdrew my Resolution. Well, my Lord, expression has been given to-day to the view of the non-official members on this subject by the Raja of Dighapatia, and I may frankly say that great disappointment has been caused in the country on account of that boon not having been announced at the Durbar. I do sincerely hope that it will not be long before Your Lordship's Government will be able to make that long-looked for announcement.

"My Lord, one word about this being the last meeting of the session in Calcutta. I fear I am not so enthusiastic an admirer of Calcutta and of Bengal as my friend Mr. Gokhale. I follow him generally so implicitly that to me it is a real pleasure to find myself in disagreement with him on at least one question. He has pronounced this morning a glowing panegyric on this so-called beautiful city and on the scenery of Bengal. He said he had been for eleven winters in Bengal, and evidently he has come under the spell of this province and its metropolis—'the city of palaces' and of huts! He thinks so very highly of Bengal scenery, possibly because the Hon'ble Member comes from a part of the country which is very arid and very treeless—I mean the Dekkhan. Mr. Gokhale this morning blessed the administrative changes announced at the Durbar, on the ground that he thought they would be ultimately beneficial to the country as a whole, so far as he could foresee with the eye of faith and hope. It struck me that he must have surveyed the scenery of Bengal with the eye of faith also, or he could not have persuaded himself to speak as he did! But although I do not quite appreciate Bengal scenery to the extent Mr. Gokhale does, I think I may join him in saying that we are all sorry to go away from Calcutta, especially we of Bihar, who have been connected with it since 1765—a long association that—and we are certainly sorry to part with our Bengali friends. I fully reciprocate the sentiments of my friend the Hon'ble Mr. Basu and I assure him that we are all sorry to part with Bengal. But I feel sure that we part as the best of friends, and shall continue to work together wholeheartedly for the welfare and the regeneration of our common motherland."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gates: "My Lord, I have only a few remarks to make with regard to the portion of the Budget which falls in my sphere. We are glad to see that the disappointing results of the Provincial Financial

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Gates; Sir James Meston.*]

Settlement of Burma have been recognised, and we are grateful for the grant of 20 lakhs for communications. This grant can be spent, as could a much larger sum, to great advantage."

The Hon'ble Sir James Meston: "My Lord, the points of purely financial interest which have arisen in the course of the debate to-day are comparatively few. Even those which did emerge are either of so large and comprehensive a character that it would be impossible to do justice to them at the fag-end of the Calcutta session, or they have been dealt with in a spirit of moderation which leaves the representatives of the Finance Department very little to say in reply. The speech of the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy, it is true, bristles with points both great and small, but the number and complexity of them and the pace at which he pressed them home reminded me, while he spoke, of one of his great prototypes who—

' seemed to be
Not one but all mankind's epitome;'

and on looking through my notes at the topics which he raised, I shrink from the encyclopædic task of answering them. Sir Vithaldas Thackersey alluded at some length to the very technical question of the assessment to income-tax of textile mills and factories in Bombay. The Hon'ble gentleman complains that Bombay is at a disadvantage as compared with the mills in other Provinces, and he is particularly dissatisfied with an answer which the Government of India gave in a recent letter to the Bombay Millowners' Association to the effect that they were not prepared to standardise the methods of the assessment of income-tax on factories throughout India. The main reason for that is that the assessment and collection of income-tax are left, in this country, to the Local Governments within certain defined rules and limitations; and in view of the extraordinarily varying conditions of different parts of the country, I hardly see how it could be otherwise. The character of the buildings, their durability, the nature of the machinery, the local practices regarding depreciation, and half-a-dozen other factors, differ in different parts of India, and no cast-iron rules could well be laid down for regulating them. The Hon'ble Member, however, specifically complained of two points—first, that no depreciation was allowed on buildings in Bombay, whereas it is permitted elsewhere; and, second, that the depreciation allowances generally are less liberal in Bombay than they are in other parts of India. The first of these points I hardly think is quite exact, as the practice in Bombay has been, in assessing factory buildings, to allow for the actual cost of repairs and maintenance without specifying any rigid proportion of allowance on that account. The Local Government have, however, now, at the instance of the agitation recently got up by the Millowners' Association, agreed to accept a regular 2½ per cent. reduction instead of the actual cost of repairs. The second complaint made by Sir Vithaldas Thackersey was that Bombay pays more than Calcutta and Cawnpore, and he suggests that the Bombay payments be levelled down to their level. Another alternative, however, had presented itself already to the Government of India, and that was that Bombay should be left alone and that Cawnpore and Calcutta should be levelled up. I hope that that will be equally congenial to my Hon'ble friend. The whole of the Bombay correspondence has been sent to all the other Local Governments for consideration; and perhaps before my Hon'ble friend brings the Resolution which he threatens on the subject, he will find that his Association is not at a disadvantage as compared with the other parts of India.

"Before I sit down will Your Lordship permit me to express my sincere thanks for the kind and graceful thoughts which inspired the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in the things which he said about me personally and to add my thanks to the other Hon'ble Members who followed him. It has been a great pride and a great privilege to be a member of the first reformed Legislative Council in India during its whole triennial period, and that pride is enhanced in the case of all of us officials who have so served—it is enhanced a thousand-

BUDGET.

[*Sir James Meston; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

fold—by the knowledge that we have secured in some measure the affection and confidence of our non-official colleagues. It is to their courtesy, to their unfailing consideration among new and often trying conditions, that we owe much that we have endeavoured in some measure to give them in return."

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "My Lord, the debate on the last day of the session savours rather of a survival of the past than of real business. In the pre-reformed days of the Council, it was practically the only occasion on which members of Council could express their views on every subject, and it is quite natural that the tendency to do so should remain. The debate, however, must of necessity become every year less effective in view of the fact that this Council has realised that it possesses a far better agency to bring about improvement in the administration in the shape of well-considered, well-debated, and, if I may venture to say so, well-divided Resolutions.

"Resolutions of the importance and speeches thereon, of the capacity which have characterised this year's session, must do far more to advance the public interest than what can be but a somewhat desultory conversation on the last day that the Council meets. I do not therefore propose to deal at any length with the remarks of Hon'ble Members who have spoken on a variety of subjects.

"There are two points, however, of considerable importance which were raised by the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, which I think I should not pass over without any remark. The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale reminds me of Mr. Gladstone. On one occasion, when Mr. Gladstone was suffering from the effects of over-work, he was ordered by his physician complete rest. By way of carrying out the orders of his physician, he promptly bought a Turkish Grammar and proceeded to study that language.

"Mr. Gokhale to the intense regret of every one in this room is admittedly suffering somewhat from the effects of over-work. I have little doubt that his medical adviser has enjoined him to avoid all unnecessary effort. By way of carrying out those instructions, he takes advantage of fifteen brief minutes at his disposal to embark on a discussion on such a trifle as a review of the whole basis of taxation.

"I will say frankly, at once, that I am not prepared to follow his example. I retreat and give him all the honours of war, for I am not prepared in the few minutes at my disposal on the last day of the session and with the thermometer at about 100 to take up the cudgels either for or against a radical alteration in the basis of taxation.

"There is much to be said in favour of Mr. Gokhale's suggestion to refer Indian expenditure to a Royal Commission; but there is one point which I should like to mention in this connection, and that is that there is one grave objection, which must be borne in mind, to the adoption of that course. It is inconceivable that less than five years would elapse before the recommendations of such a Commission would be given effect to, and I much fear that meanwhile every attempt to introduce improvement or to effect economies would be held up with the excuse that the Royal Commission was sitting, and that its report had not yet been considered.

"My Lord, I would ask your permission to dwell for a moment on the retirement from his present office of one who has been for over three anxious years my invaluable colleague and my devoted friend.

"Sir James Meston's distinguished services are so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to allude to them. It is not, I think, too much to say that for the last three years Sir James has been the guide, philosopher and friend of the Government of India. He has been more. He has been a helpful, sympathetic and loyal friend to every member of this Council.

"His unswerving devotion to duty, his entire subordination of all self-interest to the good of India, his ready sacrifice of ease, leave and even health in the interests of the public service, and his extraordinary capacity for carrying through the most difficult tasks without friction and with complete success, are so well known to every one of us that it is hardly necessary for me to dwell on them.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson ; the President.*]

"Sir James Meston's services during the last three years of stress and anxiety have been conspicuous and successful, and it is impossible for me to exaggerate the deep obligation under which I lie towards him.

"I hope I may be permitted to say that we have placed the finances of India in a sounder and stronger position than they have perhaps before occupied; but if any credit does attach to the conduct of public business by the Finance Department during the last three and a half years, it should be attributed to Sir James Meston rather than myself.

"I believe I shall be voicing the feelings of every one present if I say that we wish him health, prosperity and success in the high position which, on the recommendation of Lord Hardinge, he has been called upon by his Sovereign to fill.

"I have been profoundly touched by the kind expressions which have been used to-day in regard to myself, and I am deeply grateful.

"Death has robbed me of more than one friend in this Council, and its coming reconstitution may lessen the number of those who have been my colleagues and my friends for three years. But be its composition what it may, the new Council cannot show me greater kindness or more unvarying consideration than that which I have received from you all, and for which I tender you my warm and heartfelt thanks."

His Excellency the President: "Following the example of some Hon'ble Members, I should like, as Head of the Government, to associate myself with the views of those who have expressed appreciation of Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson and Sir James Meston. I share the hope that Sir Guy will return invigorated by his stay abroad and restored to health, so that he may be able to complete his full term of service. As regards Sir James Meston, although it has been a great pleasure to me to appoint him to so high and important a post, Hon'ble Members can well understand, I am sure, what a loss he will be to me and the Government of India as Secretary in the Finance Department. I need not go into the question of his great but unassuming ability; but I am confident that his work and services will be to the great advantage of India in whatever position he is employed.

"There is only one point in other matters to which I would like to draw attention, and that is that, although I am determined to permit no measure in connection with the Dacca University that might be interpreted as a measure of partition, and although Mr. Basu has given expression to my own personal views, we have yet to know the view of the new Governor of Bengal on questions of detail, and still more those of the Secretary of State.

"We have now come to the end of another year, a year of historic memory, but it is the financial features of the year which have the first claim upon our thoughts. In the Budget I see a gratifying picture of India's economic strength. Famine came very near our doors in the autumn of last year; but its heavy hand has been withdrawn from all but a few afflicted tracts in Bombay. Plague still scourges a patient and much-enduring people in parts of the country; but the measures for repelling it are steadily growing in knowledge and efficiency and—what is worth even more—in cordiality of co-operation between our officers and those whom they endeavour to help. And so we have reached another milestone, and we pass onwards into the coming year, under the hand of Providence, in confidence and hope.

"The Finance Member, in opening his Budget, reviewed the progress of the last three years. I also have been tempted by his example to indulge in retrospect; but I have been looking a little further back than he has done. I have been looking back to the days when our Indian revenues were clouded by two great shadows—the fall in exchange and the fear of invasion from our North-West Frontier. The era of our modern finance began about twelve years ago. It was an era of prosperity, high surpluses and reforming activity; but it was dominated by these two great evils. Our exchange troubles, it is true, passed away in 1899, and I trust that under skilful guidance they will not return. Their consequences, however, remained in the high taxation that have been imposed to meet them; in the pinching

BUDGET.

[*The President.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

of our administration; and in the poverty of the Provincial Governments. All this had to be put to rights. Moderation had to be restored to our taxes. Money had to be furnished for our more backward departments, particularly for the improvement of the police. The finances of Local Governments had to be placed on a sounder and more stable basis. To these objects the energies of my predecessors were bent and much of their surplus revenues were dedicated. Meanwhile, a heavy toll was being taken on our revenues by the other incubus which I have mentioned. The defence of our frontier and the preparation of our Army for war formed the second outstanding feature of the period that I am reviewing. Lord Kitchener matured his scheme for the reorganization and redistribution of our military strength, and large sums of money were devoted to it for a series of years. Looking then at the position broadly, we see how two great cycles of expenditure filled the rich years between the famine of 1899 and the crisis of 1907. The sequels of our currency troubles provided one : our military anxieties provided the other. The two overlapped, and between them they swallowed up the fruits of our prosperity.

"The situation has now entirely changed; the dark shadows that lay over us have passed away. Our taxation has been lightened. The resources of Local Governments have been strengthened. Exchange is stable; and however much opinions may differ on points of detail, I believe that the basis of our currency policy is secured in public confidence. So also with our military dispositions. The momentous change that the Russian Agreement brought into our relations with our great Asiatic neighbour removed the menace on our frontier, and the rapid growth of our Army expenditure has now been checked and curtailed. At first these improvements were obscured by the financial collapse of 1907 and our slow recovery from its effects. But with care and economy, our finances are restored to health; the sky is clear so far as human eye can judge, and we are ready for our next advance. On what lines shall we proceed ? For what goal shall we strive ?

"To that question my answer is clear and unhesitating. We have secured the defence of the country. We have removed our great handicap in international trade. It is now our duty to turn all our energies to the uplifting of our people. To that task we are giving freely in the Budget which you have discussed to-day. Is it too much to hope that it will be the dominant policy of the coming years ? The Finance Member told the Council of the hopes that rose in my mind when first I took charge of my high office. By those hopes I still abide, and in them I am more than ever confirmed. It is only by the spread of knowledge and by the resolute struggle against avoidable disease and death that India can rise among the nations. It is with this ideal that I sincerely trust our finances will remain in touch. The path will not always be smooth; funds cannot always be available, or enthusiasm always fervid. But we have made a beginning and we cannot now turn back.

"I will not say more on the subject of finance, but before this Council adjourns and its members return to their homes, there are some other matters upon which I would like to avail myself of this opportunity to say a few words to the members of my Legislative Council.

"When closing the Budget debate last year I dwelt on the approaching visit of Their Imperial Majesties the King-Emperor and Queen-Empress to India and the measures that we were already taking to ensure the success of their visit. Since then Their Imperial Majesties have come and after a happy time, full of mutual esteem and affection towards their Indian subjects, have returned to their English home. I will not dwell here upon the splendid pageants of the Coronation Durbar or the cordial reception granted to Their Majesties in Bombay and Calcutta, but I will only say that the expression I used last year, namely, a tidal wave of enthusiasm, was a very inadequate description of the stream of loyal enthusiasm and respectful reverence which broke through every restraint and flooded the country and all classes of the population with joy and gladness at the presence of Their Majesties amongst them. It was one only more proof of the undeniable fact that this vast Empire will yield to none in its loyalty and homage to the Throne.

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [*The President.*]

"The past year may well be described as an *annus mirabilis*, and owing to the beneficent administrative changes announced by the King-Emperor at Delhi, it will leave a lasting mark upon the history of India. We are confident that the beneficial results of those changes will eventually exceed all expectation, will introduce an era of peace and contentment, and will be to the advantage of better government and more efficient administration.

"In five days' time the three new Provinces will come into existence with complete full powers, with the exception of the Province of Bihar and Orissa, which will have to wait a few weeks, in accordance with law, for the creation of an Executive Council. All I wish to say to the three reconstituted Provinces is—'Go forward and prosper, and justify the policy of the Government of India by the maintenance of peace and order within your boundaries.' The tranquillity that happily prevails in Bengal as compared with the situation of the past few years, and even of a year ago, is already a striking and undeniable proof of the wisdom of the policy of the Government of India.

"As regards the transfer of the capital to Delhi, we fully realise the heavy responsibility entailed in the creation of a new Imperial city that shall be worthy of this Empire and which shall meet the requirements of a great capital, with a careful, but not too parsimonious supervision of the expenditure required to achieve a really satisfactory result. The creation of this new city is a matter in which I am taking, and shall continue to take, a very keen personal interest, and I have been in correspondence with Lord Crewe to send here as soon as possible the best sanitary engineer, town-planner, architect and landscape gardener that he can find to draw up plans for the new city. These will leave England in a few days' time. When acceptable plans have been prepared, the moment will arrive to call in architects to provide suitable designs and estimates for the new Government buildings, and these will require very careful selection and supervision. My own personal inclination is towards an Oriental style of architecture which should be in unison with local surroundings and with climatic conditions.

"I am well aware that criticisms have been levelled at the Government of India for having cited a fixed sum as the probable cost of the new capital, and that certain people have mentioned ten to fourteen millions as more likely to be expended than the more modest sum of four millions named by Government. I do not know upon what basis these estimates have been framed, but I can only regard them as exaggerated and fantastic. A little thought as to what land, Government buildings, roads, drainage, water-supply, etc., will at the outset be required for the new city, would convince any unbiassed person that the cost will approximate far more nearly to the Government estimate than to these exaggerated figures. For example, when I was in Delhi a few days ago, I saw what appeared to me a desirable site, and I made inquiry into the cost of acquiring a space of 30 square miles embracing this area. I found that it would cost, roughly speaking, 30 to 35 lakhs. Now, irresponsible critics have probably not taken into account the cheapness of land at Delhi, which after all is a well-known fact, although most of the land in question is covered with rich and luxuriant crops. Lime, bricks and splendid stone, the same as that used by the Moghal Emperors, are to be found absolutely on the spot, while the Mekrana marble quarries are only 200 miles distant on a direct line of railway. These facts naturally conduce to reduce expenditure, but they again have been probably ignored by our amiable critics. Then again I know that the Government buildings and civil station at Dacca cost under 70 lakhs; I know also that the estimated expenditure on a handsome scale for Government buildings and civil station at Bankipore is under a crore. Are we wrong therefore in considering that we can do the same at new Delhi on a much more magnificent scale for six crores? Government have of course no intention of themselves building private residences, shops, business premises, etc. On the other hand, they hope to obtain a good return for land sold to private individuals on reasonable terms for building leases. I therefore do not at all regret that the Government of India mentioned a fixed sum of 4 million sterling, *i.e.*, six crores, as a probable cost of Delhi, which amount I have good reason to believe will, with proper care and super-

BUDGET.

[*The President.*] [25TH MARCH, 1912.]

vision, be in the end but little, if at all, exceeded by the time that the city is built. I hope that these facts may reassure people in India and serve to correct irresponsible statements made by interested persons.

"We all know the adage that Rome was not built in a day; and however hard we may work, it will take some years before the new city can be completed. In the meantime we are making arrangements for the temporary accommodation of the Government of India at Delhi during next cold weather and for the meeting there of this Council. Although I fear that owing to the fortune of war in the approaching electoral campaign some familiar friends and faces may be absent when we meet next year at Delhi, I trust that nobody of my Council will take too seriously to heart the grave forebodings of certain organs of the Press in which Delhi is described as being afflicted with the ten plagues of Egypt. I bid those who are timid to be stout of heart, to realise that, in spite of these blood-curdling stories, the death-rate of Delhi is no more than that of Lucknow, and to remember that Delhi is one of the towns of Northern India where the increase of population has during the last twenty years been both steady and progressive.

"I should now like to turn your thoughts for a few minutes to external affairs in which the interests of a very large and influential section of the community are sentimentally, though indirectly, affected. I do not wish to touch on the question of the war between Turkey and Italy beyond expressing our profound regret that hostilities should be in progress between two countries so friendly disposed towards Great Britain, and to add that I happen to know that His Majesty's Government have, in conjunction with other Powers, already taken steps to mediate with a view to securing an honourable peace. When, however, it appeared that there was a likelihood of hostilities being extended by the Italian naval forces to Jeddah and Yambo, I immediately drew the attention of His Majesty's Government to the very serious anxiety that would be created by an attack upon the ports leading to the holy cities of Islam, and by an interference with the pilgrim traffic to those ports. Representations were at once made to the Italian Government by the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs and satisfactory assurances were obtained.

"Having already mentioned the friendly disposition of Turkey towards Great Britain, I should like to inform the members of my Council of a significant incident which occurred only a few days ago, and of which I only learnt yesterday. The King received, on March 21st, a Special Mission from the Sultan of Turkey, consisting of the Turkish Ambassador, the Councillor and two Secretaries of the Turkish Embassy, and Reshid Bey (*Conseiller legiste*) of the Sublime Porte, who presented to His Majesty an autograph letter from the Sultan, and also the Order of the Hamedan-al-Osman and the Order of the Imtiaz conferred on the King as a fresh proof of the Sultan's desire to strengthen the friendly relations and cordial ties now existing between the two Empires, and as a special mark of His Imperial Majesty's sincere friendship towards the King. The point is that the almost unprecedented distinction of the simultaneous conferment of these two Orders by the Sultan on His Majesty the King-Emperor is a striking act of confidence and good-will which I am sure will be appreciated by the Muhammadans of India.

"In Persia the situation during the past two years has been as unsatisfactory as possible, in so far as British and Indian interests are concerned. In the south of Persia anarchy reigns supreme, the Persian Government having neither power nor authority, while order in the Gulf ports is maintained solely by the presence of the British East Indian Squadron in the Persian Gulf. British and Indian trade interests have suffered severe losses, many caravans having been robbed and the muleteers killed by tribesmen, so that no caravans can now proceed in safety along the main trade routes. Within only the last few days 150 Indian troops have had to be landed at Lingah to protect the Consulate and British and Indian lives and property from the threatened attack of 2,400 tribesmen. Six months ago, owing to an attack made upon the British Consulate at Shiraz, which I may add was very bravely repulsed by a small handful of Indian troops acting as Consular guards,

BUDGET.

[25TH MARCH 1912.] [The President.]

it was decided to strengthen the escorts at Bushire, Shiraz and Ispahan, and four squadrons of the Central India Horse were sent to Persia for distribution between these towns and for the protection of British and Indian life and property. Shortly afterwards, when the British Consul at Shiraz was proceeding with a caravan with specie belonging to the Imperial Bank of Persia, escorted by half a squadron of the Central India Horse, they were attacked by the very men who were employed by the Persian Government as road guards, and they lost a few men killed and wounded, amongst the latter being the British Consul. The ordinary course under such circumstances would be to demand from the Persian Government the punishment of the offenders and reparation. Such a course under existing circumstances is not likely to produce much result, and the only alternative course would be to take the law into one's own hands and to send a punitive expedition. To act on such lines there would in my opinion be serious objections, since it might involve us in a situation in Southern Persia from which it might be difficult to extricate ourselves and which might eventually lead to the partition of Persia. Such a policy is entirely opposed to the views of the Government of India, whose hope and desire are that the integrity and independence of Persia may remain unimpaired. In view, however, of the necessity of looking after our own interests, we propose, with the approval of the Secretary of State, to instruct our Resident at Bushire to open negotiations with the tribes for the punishment of those who led the attack upon our convoy and for the proper guarding and security of the British and Indian caravans passing along the main trade routes of the south. This explanation of our policy will, I trust, dispel the fears of those who have imagined that we had leanings towards the partition of Persia with Russia. We have, I maintain, acted with much patience under circumstances of grave provocation, and our one hope is that we may yet see peace and order restored in Southern Persia in the near future.

"There are, I know, certain critics who declaim against the Anglo Russian Agreement in connection with Persia, and ask of what use it can be in view of the presence of Russian troops in Northern Persia. To those critics I would reply that the fundamental basis of the Anglo-Russian Agreement is the independence and integrity of Persia; and so long as we are a signatory to that agreement, we are able to exercise a moral influence on our co-signatory, where we could not use material pressure. Russian troops have not entered Teheran, and within the last few weeks they have been withdrawn from Kasvin. It is my own conviction that, were this agreement not in force, the partition of Persia would already be an accomplished fact.

"Nearer home and actually on our north-east borders we have had to send a small punitive expedition against some tribes of Abors, who last spring murdered Mr. Williamson, an able young official, and his party under circumstances of great treachery. The remains of Mr. Williamson have been partly recovered, and some of those implicated in his murder have been captured. Advantage was taken of the presence of the expedition to survey a considerable tract of country which was absolutely unknown. The expedition having achieved its object is now returning home.

"Although the Government of India have been so fortunate as not to be engaged in any tribal war on the North-West Frontier during the past few years, we have quite recently been nearly in conflict with the Mahsuds. This tribe has during the past year suffered terribly from famine; and in order to give them employment and to save them from being driven by hunger to become a nuisance to their neighbours, we obtained authority from the Secretary of State to commence work on a proposed railway from Pezu to Tonk. Upon this line 2,500 Mahsuds have for some time been employed. A certain section of the tribe that was hostile has tried to create trouble and has destroyed one of our roads. This caused some unrest on the frontier, necessitating the moving up of troops to meet all eventualities. Happily the Mahsuds employed on the railway realised the advantages of their situation, drove off their fellow-tribesmen and repaired the road. I think we may congratulate ourselves that this small railway, of which the construction will be profitable in the future, has saved us from a tribal war on the frontier.

BUDGET.

[*The President.*] [25TH MARCH 1912.]

" Now turning to affairs nearer home, and in particular to the work of my Legislative Council during the past session, I think that I may say with some pride and satisfaction that the debates that have taken place have reached a higher standard of statesmanship and efficiency than has ever been previously attained. They have taken place with a self-restraint and a mutual courtesy and good fellowship that might well be a model to all legislative bodies. Many Resolutions of various kinds have been brought forward by non-official members, and their views have been set forth with explicit clearness and much force. The fact that a large majority of these Resolutions have been negatived by Government is no reason for regarding these discussions as sterile or a waste of time. On the contrary, I regard them as most beneficial, since not only do they present an opportunity for the Government to hear the views of Hon'ble Members from every part of the country and thereby to acquire much useful local information, but they enable the Government to explain clearly their own views and to give publicity to their reasons for not acceding to them. Government must clearly be a moderating influence and restraining force advancing steadily on the path of reform and development with every care for the varied interests of the millions entrusted to their care. If all the Resolutions that were proposed were accepted and became law to-morrow, they would assuredly give place to others, probably of a more advanced type; and with progress at this rate India would soon be in the melting-pot. Consequently I see every advantage in the discussions that have taken place in this Council. They are in my opinion extremely educative, and will, I am sure, bear fruit in due season.

"With these few words I wish you all a happy return to your homes, and I declare this session closed.

The Council adjourned *sine die.*

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India,

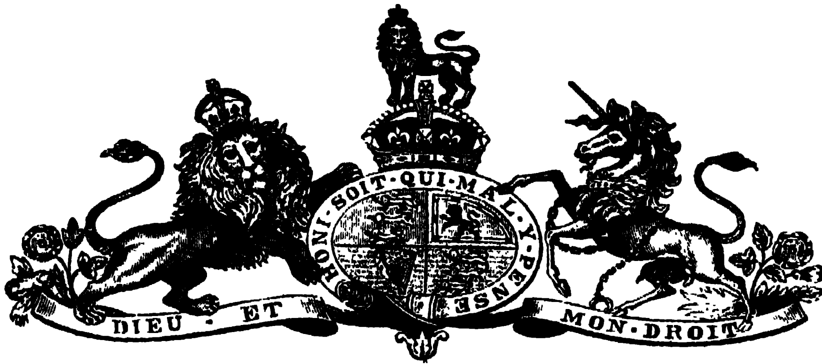
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;

The 1st April 1912.

APPENDIX.

For year 1909-1910.		Area of reserved forests.		
1	2	3	4	5
Province.	Total area of reserved forests.	Closed to all animals part of year (1909-1910).	Closed to browsers part of year (1909-1910).	Open to all animals all year (1909-1910).
Bengal . . .	4,248	32	63	146
United Provinces .	3,947	124	...	1,130
Punjab . . .	1,844	267	70	631
Burma . . .	25,691	4,026	6	1,029
Eastern Bengal and Assam.	6,483	...	...	729
Central Provinces .	21,436	538	17	8,480
Coorg . . .	520	341	...	...
North-West Frontier Province.	236	6	...	47
Ajmer . . .	142	80	...	5
Baluchistan . .	289	18	...	58
Andamans . . .	161	...	...	...
Madras . . .	18,769	147	2	736
Bombay . . .	14,104	1,127	9	2,800
Total .	97,870	6,706	167	15,791



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 14.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 6, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees.

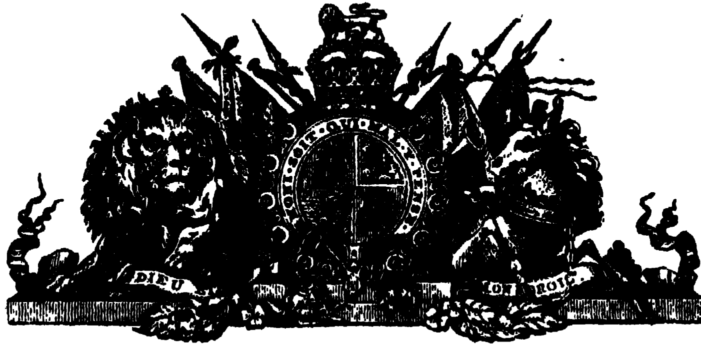
	In the twelve months, April to March, of									
	1902-03	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
Special Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	3,57	3,49	4,17	4,10	4,46	5,55	5,22	4,82	5,00	5,16
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	2,39	2,54	2,88	3,12	3,09	3,85	5,27	5,45	8,00	8,00
Spirits and liqueurs	69,63	75,16	76,59	90,32	77,98	92,66	95,27	95,57	1,06,87	1,10,81
Wines	3,91	3,80	3,74	3,96	3,83	3,99	3,97	4,12	5,71	5,74
Opium and its alkaloids*	4	3	4	3	4	4	3	3	8	6
Petroleum	53,77	44,00	45,88	36,65	37,77	44 64	53,26	46,88	60,63	75,68
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	39,41	40,27	41,12	29,34	40,79	51,70	63,64	53,47	1,62,40	97,88
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	17,04	2,32	13	1	1	...	1	1	1	.
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	3,33	21	9	1	...			..	1	...
Tobacco (a)	2,06	2,30	2,55	3,02	3,06	3,77	3,54	5,22	29,95	25,89
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	14,56	15,46	18,16	19,15	19,86	24,79	26,07	24,17	25,81	27,59
Sugar (ordinary duties)	25 13	29 27	32,49	39,91	43,82	44,76	51,56	56,76	62,88	52,32
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	10,01	11,54	11,35	11,47	12,16	14,68	13,37	14,54	16,57	16,80
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	53,16	45,75	56,47	64,92	64,10	66,98	52,20	60,02	59,90	66,98
" white	17,73	21,57	28,73	29,37	25,73	40,78	27,12	26,74	33,55	38,20
" coloured	22,99	27 92	31,64	33,20	33,49	38,04	33,14	30,93	40,71	42,94
Other goods	2,27	3,59	4,86	5,40	5,82	6,09	5,66	6,16	7,61	8,03
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	30 62	34,19	34,63	30,78	34,53	41,64	47,05	45,83	53,04	51,25
Oils (excluding petroleum)	1,42	93	96	1,24	1,84	2,71	1,36	1,24	1,39	1,16
Manufactured articles	61,37	70,81	81,60	82,78	84,83	97,77	94,25	92,69	1,13,88	1,23,55
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	8,28	9,18	10,29	12,12	11,38	14,95	16,09	14,95	14,61	14,80
TOTAL IMPORTS	4,42,72	4,44 33	4,88,37	5,00,90	5,08,59	6,03,39	5,98,08	5,89,80	8,08,61	7,72,84
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	18,66	20,77	23,82	27,07	29,00	34,00	35,44	40,06	42,80	48,66
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	1,26,56	1,20,31	1,31,86	1,15,11	1,05,32	1,02,33	81,81	1,04,63	1,30,88	1,36,16
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	8,72	9,53	10,22	9,12	9,84	10,95	9,47	10,47	10,56	12,13
GRAND TOTAL	5,96,65	5,94,94	6,54,27	6,52,30	6,52,75	7,50,67	7,24,80	7,44,76	9,92,85	9,69,79
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	1,60,50	1,59,13	1,73,04	1,79,11	1,76,85	2,17,64	1,91,13	2,11,21	2,51,41	2,67,52
Bengal — Exports	17,36	18,60	21,83	24 31	13,05	7,61	9,95	15,12	20,53	25,45
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Imports	—	—	—	—	55	80	95	1,00	1,20	1,43
Eastern Bengal and Assam — Exports	—	—	—	—	...	2	4	4	1	8
Bombay — Imports	1,73,45	1,77,46	1,86,36	1,90,35	1,93 58	2,26,52	2,24,75	2,16,52	3,56,54	2,91,77
Bombay — Exports	3,36	2,73	2,51	2,09	2,14	1,80	2,64	3,12	2,19	1,62
Sind — Imports	38,26	33,89	39,27	46,08	48,80	53,43	60,33	54,22	71,07	75,95
Sind — Exports	1,43	1,53	1,89	1,93	4,65	3,31	2,11	2,64	2,38	2,25
Madras — Imports	38,26	40,49	42,74	39,02	40,81	47,05	54,06	49,25	61,93	66,25
Madras — Exports	7,67	9,83	7,09	4,78	10,51	12,89	9,32	6,61	7,28	8,04
Burma — Imports	32,24	42 96	46,06	46,34	48,00	57,95	65,06	57,49	66,46	69,92
Burma — Exports	96,74	87,62	98,54	82,00	74,97	76,70	57,55	77,10	98,43	98,72

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "General Import Duties."

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence [illegible]

R. W. GILLAN,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India [illegible]

Calcutta, April 4, 1912



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1912.

PART I A.

Orders and Notifications by the Government of India.

The following order, issued by the Government of India in the Home Department, published in the *Gazette of India* dated the 6th April 1912, is republished for general information.

C. J. STEVENSON-MOORE,
Chief Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

NOTIFICATION.

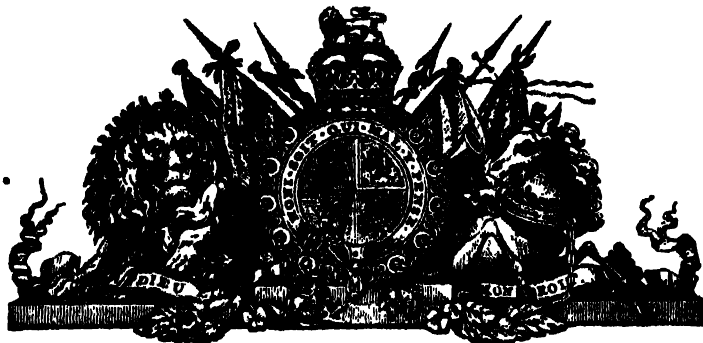
Calcutta, the 1st April 1912.

No. 410.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that—

(*a*) the district of Darjeeling is transferred to the Rajshahi Division, which has been incorporated in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal by Proclamation published under Notification No. 290, dated the 22nd March 1912, and

(*b*) save as aforesaid, the Divisions of the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal, of the Province of Bihar and Orissa and of the Province of Assam, as actually existing immediately before the date of this notification for administrative, revenue and general purposes shall continue until further orders.

H. WHEELER,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of India.



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1912.

PART I B.

Orders by the Governor of Bengal in Council.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta.

No. 772M.—The 9th April 1912.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 9, sub-section (2), clause (c) of the Calcutta Municipal Act, 1899, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the following gentlemen, who are Commissioners of the Corporation of Calcutta, to be members of the General Committee of the Corporation :—

The Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Bompas.
Mr. C. F. Payne.
Rai Surendra Nath Mitra Bahadur.
Dr. Rai Kailas Chandra Bose Bahadur, C.I.E.

24-Parganas.

No. 778M.—The 9th April 1912.—In exercise of the power conferred by clause (a) of section 59 of the Bengal Municipal Act, 1884 (Ben. Act III of 1884), the Governor in Council is pleased to approve the resolution passed by the Commissioners of the Bhatpara Municipality, in the district of 24-Parganas, under section 23 of that Act, electing Mr. D. Mudie to be Chairman of that Municipality.

H. L. STEPHENSON,
Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1912.

PART IC.

Educational Notices.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SIBPUR.

THE following courses of instruction are provided at this College:—

I.—ENGINEER DEPARTMENT.

[Affiliated to the Calcutta University.]

A four-year course leading to the Bachelor of Engineering Degree in Civil Engineering.

Admission qualification.—The Intermediate Examination of Science and Arts of the Calcutta University, or its equivalent.

Application for admission by regular students, on or before February 1st.

" " by special students, on or before July 1st.

Session to commence on first Monday in November.

II.—APPRENTICE DEPARTMENT.

Section I.—The Sub-Overseer Classes.

A course of two academic years leading to the Sub-Overseer Examination of the Joint Technical Examination Board.

Admission qualification—

To the 1st-year class—Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University Middle School Examination or equivalent.

To the 2nd-year class—The Final Examination of B Course of Zilla Schools.

Admissions— { To 1st year on 1st Monday in June.
To 2nd year on 1st Monday in May.

Section II.—The Overseer Classes.

A course of two academic years leading to the Overseer Examination of the Joint Technical Examination Board.

Offered in two branches—

(*a*) General Engineering, leading to Overseer Certificate.

(*b*) Mining, leading to the Government of India Diploma in the principles of Mining.

Admissions.—On 1st Monday in May.

Qualification.—The passing of the Sub-Overseer Examination.

Section III.—Practical Workshop Training.

[Lasting about 16 months.]

For General Branch only leading to the certificate of Foreman Mechanic or Upper Subordinate.

III.—WORKSHOPS.

Industrial Classes in the following shops:—

Carpenters'.	Fitters'.	Pattern-making.
Blacksmiths'.	Turners'.	Founding in Iron and Brass.

Also a class for the teaching of Industrial Chemistry.

For further information apply to the Office Superintendent and Bursar, Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, Botanic Garden P. O.

B. HEATON, *Principal, Civil Engineering College.*

SIBPUR, *the 11th January 1909.*

TECHNOLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

Classes in Dyeing and Tinctorial Chemistry.

New session commences in November. There will be a maximum of 20 admissions in each year. Applications for admission will be received till the end of July.

Regular students will for the present be required to pass one of the following examinations or an equivalent:—

Intermediate, Science or Arts of the Calcutta University with Chemistry.

Final Examination of Government Weaving Institute.

Preference will, however, be given to applicants who have passed the B.Sc. (Chemistry), B.A. (Chemistry) or Intermediate in Engineering.

Occasional students having a practical knowledge of dyeing may be admitted, provided that there is room for them in the classes to study the theory underlying the industry. Their educational qualifications must be such as will enable them to benefit by the instruction given. Each case will be decided on its merit.

Seventeen stipends tenable by regular students for one year only in the first instance and renewal for a second year, on recommendation of the Principal, wil be awarded at the following rates:—

	Europeans.	Indians.
	Rs.	Rs.
Resident at Civil Engineering College ...	25	14
Non-residents	18	10

No tuition fees will be charged.

A diploma will be awarded to regular students who complete the course in a satisfactory manner.

Each course will extend over two years; but students may, with advantage, extend their studies for a longer period.

P. BRÜHL, *Offg. Principal.*

SIBPUR, *the 23rd June 1911.*

THE YEARLY EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FOURTH GRADE OF ACCOUNTANTS.

MONDAY, the 3rd June, being a Gazetted holiday, the yearly examination qualifying for admission to the Subordinate Accounts Branch for 4th grade Public Works Department will be held at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th June 1912:—

SUBJECTS.	Full marks.	Minimum pass marks.
Writing (neatness, clearness, and rapidity)	100	50
Dictation (spelling, punctuation, etc.)	100	50
Arithmetic (the whole)	240	160
Mensuration (*a*) (the whole)	60	30
Book-keeping (*b*) (mercantile)	100	50
Total ...	600	...

Minimum required in all papers collectively, 400.

(*a*) Todhunter's "Mensuration for Beginners."
(*b*) "Book-keeping," by Ball and Hamilton.
"Book-keeping by double and single entry," by W. Inglis (Chambers' Educational Course).

1. The examination is held annually at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on the 1st Monday in June. The examination will be conducted either at the College, or by an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), in Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma only. The examination will be *ipso facto* vitiated if it be not held (begun and completed) on the dates fixed; but the officer who will conduct the examination may make his own arrangements with the candidates in regard to the *place* and *hour* of examination.

Candidates will not be examined in any of the Calcutta offices.

A candidate already in permanent Government employ* may be allowed to compete in the examination, even if he is more than 25 years of age, and may be appointed to an accountantship, if he passes it; but if he is not already in pensionable service, he will be eligible only for appointment to the non-pensionable establishment on State Railways.

*This term includes employment under Local Boards and foreign bodies, if such is pensionable by the British Government.

2. The candidate should apply to an Accountant-General not later than 30 days previous to the date fixed for the examination and obtain his consent to conduct the examination, if examination at the College is not convenient. The application must bear the address of the candidate, must be accompanied by a fee of Rs. 10 and the following certificates and registration form duly filled in, and must be forwarded by him, not direct to the Principal, but through the Accountant-General.

Certificates may be submitted in original, or true copies attested by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch, but none will be returned:—

(1) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)

(2) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).

(3) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's hand-writing.

(4) Registration statement containing the following information:—

(*a*) Name in full.

(*b*) Father's name.

(*c*) Nationality or class, *i.e.*, European, Anglo-Indian or Indian, of candidate; and, if Indian, caste or tribe.

(*d*) Date of birth.

(*e*) Place of birth.

(*f*) Present address.

(*g*) Examinations passed.

(*h*) Thumb mark of candidate, left hand, to be made in the presence of a responsible person who knows candidate.

(*i*) Signature and address of above-mentioned witness.

NOTE.—A candidate already in Government service should, in like manner, submit his application through his immediate official superior to an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), qualified to hold the particular examination, and should state whether he desires to be examined at the office of the Accountant-General concerned or at the College

It will rest with the Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project) to whom the candidate submits his application, to decide, on a consideration of the certificates submitted, whether the candidate should be allowed to appear for the examination, or whether his application should be rejected. The Accountant-General or the other officers referred to will then forward to the Principal, for registration, the names of the accepted candidates, together with their registration statements, which should be signed by the Accountant-General. The registration statements should be carefully preserved by the Principal. The names of these candidates should be entered in a statement showing their ages and their addresses, and also showing where each candidate is to be examined, whether at the College, or at the office of the Accountant-General. This statement, together with the fees, should be transmitted to the Principal not later than 15 days after the dates fixed in paragraph 2 for the submission of applications of candidates.

3. Examination papers that are issued for examination need not be returned.

4. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate who has failed in an examination, and presents himself for examination on a subsequent occasion, must undergo the full examination and furnish fresh fee and certificates.

5. If from any cause a candidate fails to appear for the examination, the fee paid will not be refunded.

6. It must be distinctly understood that the passing of this examination does not give any claim to an appointment, and that, in making appointments, preference will be given to qualified persons who are already employed in the Department.

7. Passed candidates should apply, not to the Principal of the College, nor to the Comptroller-General, but direct to the Accountant-General or Government Examiner of Railway Accounts in the province or railway under whom they may desire to be employed.

8. The Civil Engineering College acts solely as an examining body in reference to admission to the 4th grade of Accountants, Public Works Department.

9. Candidates for the 4th grade Accountantship examination, who are not Government servants and over 25 years of age, are allowed to appear at the examination of the Sibpur College centre only, but, even if successful, they are debarred from employment in the service of Government, and their names will be excluded from the list of passed candidates which is furnished to the Comptroller and Auditor-General.

10. Candidates over 25 years of age should apply in writing to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College not later than 30 days previous to the examination; the application to be accompanied by the fee of rupees ten, and the Registration statement prescribed in rule 2 (4).

B. HEATON, *Principal.*

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, SIBPUR, *the 25th March 1912.*

APPRENTICE DEPARTMENT.

SESSION 1912-13.

Admissions—

(1) To the third-year class—Candidates who have passed the Sub-Overseer Examination and whose age is between 17 and 19 years.

(2) To the second-year class—Candidates who have passed the B Final Examination and whose age is between 15 and 18 years.

(3) To the first-year class—Indian candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Calcutta University, or European candidates who have passed the Standard VII or the Middle School Examination of Code of European Schools or Junior Cambridge Local Examination and whose age is between 15 and 17 years.

The number of admissions to each class depends on available accommodation, admissions to the third-year class taking precedence over admissions to the second-year class and admissions to the first-year class being regulated by completed admissions to the next higher classes.

Applications for admission to the Apprentice Department must reach Principal's office not later than the following dates:—

To the third-year class—15th April 1912. No admissions will be made after 30th April.

To the second-year class—1st April 1912.

To the first-year class—3rd May 1912.

The session of the second-year class will commence on the 1st April and of the third-year class will commence on 17th April; of the first-year class on the 3rd June 1912.

Twelve vacancies will be reserved for Europeans and Anglo-Indians.

Applications for two Special Sub-Overseer scholarships of Rs. 15 each a month for Uriya students must reach the office of the Principal on or before 3rd May.

There will be the following minimum number of vacancies on the Reduced Fee List:—

For Indians	7
For Europeans	12
And on the Free List	1

Election to these vacancies will be made by the Board of Visitors at special meetings for European candidates in the month of May and for Indian candidates in the month of June.

Forms of application for admission to the Reduced Fee Lists may be had from Principal. All applications from European candidates much reach the Principal's office before 15th May.

The tuition fee of students of the Apprentice Department is Rs. 3 monthly for each month of the year, vacations included. Students of the Free and Reduced Fee Lists pay no tuition fees.

Every applicant before admission to the College will be examined by the College Surgeon as to his physical strength, fitness for manual labour and eyesight.

Before an applicant is admitted to the College, his parent or guardian must sign an agreement in the prescribed form.

Candidates who fail to secure admission to the first-year class of the Apprentice Department are informed that they are eligible for admission to the Sub-Overseer classes at—

The Bihar School of Engineering ...	Preference given to Biharis.
The Government Industrial School, Ranchi	In Bengal.
The Technical School, Burdwan ...	In Bengal.
Ditto, Midnapore ...	In Bengal.

The Dacca School of Engineering ... The Technical School, Comilla ... Ditto, Barisal ... Ditto, Pabna ... Ditto, Rajshahi ...	In Eastern Bengal and Assam.
The Victoria School, Kurseong ... Goethals' Orphanage, Kurseong ... St. Andrew's Colonial Homes, Kalimpong	For Europeans only.

For terms of admission apply to the Principal or Head Master of any of the abovementioned institutions concerned.

B. HEATON, *Principal, Civil Engineering College.*

SIBPUR, *the 18th March 1912.*

APPRENTICE DEPARTMENT.

The new Overseer courses of the Joint Technical Examination Board and the Mining courses.

WITH effect from the commencement of the session of 1912-1913 on 17th April next, arrangements are being made to offer in the Apprentice Department of the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, the new Overseer courses of the Joint Technical Examination Board (A) Civil Engineering, (B) Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. The Mining courses will continue as usual.

Any candidate who has passed the Sub-Overseer Examination from any institution affiliated to the Board eligible for admission to any of these three courses provided that his age be not over twenty-one years on 1st January 1912 and there is accommodation.

Applications for admission should be sent without delay to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College.

B. HEATON, *Principal.*

SIBPUR, *the 4th April 1912.*

NOTIFICATIONS.

The 5th April 1912.

No. 28D.—A special scholarship of Rs. 5 (five only) a month is granted to Miss Swarna Prabha Das, a student of class X of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca. The scholarship will run for one year, with effect from the 1st April 1912, subject to the usual conditions of good conduct and satisfactory progress.

No. 29D.—The value of the special scholarship granted by this Department Notification No. 55D., dated the 15th July 1911, to Saiyida Jannat Khatun, a student of class VI of the Eden High School for Girls, Dacca, is raised from Rs. 7 to Rs. 12 a month. The increase will take effect from the 1st April 1912.

G. W. KÜCHLER,

Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

ERRATUM.

COLUMN 5 of this office notification dated 23rd March 1912 regarding the re-election of four Research scholars to hold their scholarships for another year (page 170, Part IC, of the *Calcutta Gazette* dated 27th March 1912)—

The date from which Babu Guru Prasanna Das, L.M.S., has been re-elected to hold his Research scholarship for another year should be "December 1911," and not "December 1912.".

ISAN CHANDRA GHOSH,
Offg. Addl. Asst. Director of Public Instruction, Bengal.

NOTICE.

Technological Examinations of the City and Guilds of London Institute.

THE examinations in the undermentioned subjects will be held at the "Serampore Weaving Institute" on the days and dates noted against each. The hours of the examination will be in each case 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.:—

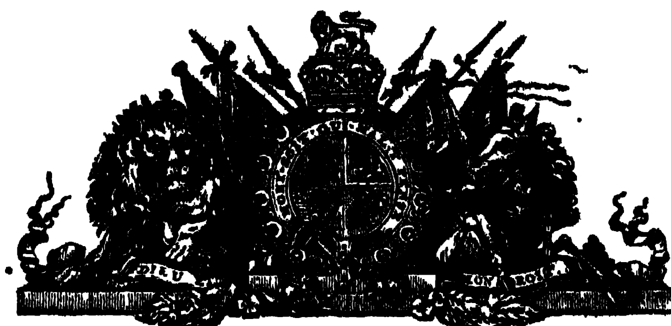
Cotton Dyeing, grade I	29th April 1912.
Cotton Spinning, " I	
Ditto, " II	30th " "
Wool Dyeing, " I	1st May "
Cotton and Linen Bleaching, grade I ...	
Cotton Spinning, final	
Cotton Weaving, grade I	4th " "
Ditto, " II	11th " "
Ditto, final	
Principles of Art and Pattern	18th " "
Desigu, grade II	

The examinations in the undermentioned subjects will be held in the "Government Commercial Institute" at 303, Bowbazar Street, Calcutta, on the dates noted against each, at 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.:—

Electrical Engineering, grade I ...	29th April 1912.
Ditto ditto, " II ...	
Mechanical ditto, " I ...	30th " "
Ditto ditto, " II ...	2nd May "

W. H. EVERETT, *Secy., City and Guilds of London Institute Committee.*

CALCUTTA, *the 25th March 1912.*



The Calcutta Gazette

WEDNESDAY, APRIL 10, 1912

PART II.

Advertisements.

LAND SALE NOTICES.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally *i e* at village Harirampore, pargana Chetua on the second day of May 1912, corresponding with 19th Baisak 1319 B S

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale —

Conditions of Sale

1st —The estate will be sold to the highest bidder The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity

2nd —The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities

3rd —If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs 100 the whole amount to be paid down at once

4th —If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs 100 one fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government) and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale

Number on the district roll	Name of estate and pargana	Approximate area in acres	Present assessment	Government revenue assessed	REMARKS
		A R P	Rs A P	Rs. A P	
2990	Harirampore, Chetua ...	6 2 33 1	45 2 6	33 13 11	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs 25 per cent

GANODA PRASAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estates situated in the district of Jessore, will be put up to sale at the Subdivisional Office of Jhenidah on the 3rd May 1912, corresponding to 20th Baisakh 1319 :—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate to be sold to the highest bidder above the upset price which will be fixed by the Collector at the time of sale. The purchaser of this estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in such estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force; and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of resident cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the amount of purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after the issue of advertisement, as in the case of the original sale.

Number on the district roll	Name of estate and pargana	Approximate area in acres	Government revenue assessed	Remarks.
			Rs. A. P.	
3377	Khedapara, pargana Mahamudshahi ...	37·74	84 13 3	*See* below
313	Gopalpur, pargana Mahamudshahi ...	3·24	6 14 0	*See* below
3975	Arunkhi, pargana Mahamudshahi ...	0·18	1 9 3	*Nil*

REMARKS.—With respect to Estate No. 3377, Khedapara, and No. 313, Gopalpur, the following blocks will only be sold :—

	Block No.	Area in acres	Government revenue
			Rs. A. P.
Tauzi No. 3377, Khedapara	1	24·62	50 3 0
Ditto	2	9·43	24 2 3
Ditto	4	3·69	10 8 0
Estate No. 313, Gopalpur	3	3·24	6 14 0

S. K. DAS GUPTA, *for* Collector.

Collector's Office, Jessore, the 20th March 1912.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate situated in the district of Midnapore within the subdivision of Ghatal will be put up to sale locally, *i.e.*, in village Srirampore, pargana Barda, on the 4th day of May 1912, corresponding with 21st Baisak 1319 B.S.

The purchasers will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	Remarks.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
2986	Srirampore, Barda ...	7 2 25·5	38 14 3	29 2 9	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally, *i.e.*, in village Pakurdana, pargana Chetua, on the second day of May 1912, corresponding with 19th Baisak 1319 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government) and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	Remarks.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
3033	Pakurdana, Chetua ...	4 1 6	35 5 9	26 8 6	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put to sale locally, *i.e.*, in village Iswarpore, pargana Barda, thana Ghatal, on the fourth day of May 1912, corresponding with 21st Baisak of 1319 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by the settlement proceedings and by the laws in force , and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole sum to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	Remarks.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
2982	Iswarpore, Barda ...	9 0 33	46 10 0	34 15 6	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally, *i.e.*, in the village Shampur, pargana Chandrakona, on the fourth day of May 1912, corresponding with 21st Baisak 1319 B. S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force, and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100 the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the date of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up for sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, and in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
2996	Shampur, Chandrakona ...	13 3 24 4	108 11 0	81 8 3	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally in village Masarpore, pargana Chandrakona, on the fourth day of May 1912, corresponding with 21st Baisak 1319 B. S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force and purchasers to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. It the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or if that day be a close holiday, then by noon of the first succeeding office day the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
2997	Masarpore, Chandrakona ...	4 2 25 7	30 6 0	22 12 0	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally, *i.e.*, in village Bhangadaha, pargana Barda, on the 3rd day of May 1912, corresponding with 20th Baisak 1319 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him, subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force ; and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the 15th day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or, if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
3004	Bhangadaha, Barda ...	6 0 30	31 9 0	23 10 9	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

ADVERTISEMENT OF SALE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the proprietary right of Government, as specified in the conditions of sale below, to the undermentioned estate, situated in the district of Midnapore, within the subdivision of Ghatal, will be put up to sale locally, *i.e.*, in village Harirampore, pargana Chetua, on the second day of May 1912, corresponding with 19th Baisak 1319 B.S.

The purchaser will be subject to the following conditions of sale :—

Conditions of Sale.

1st.—The estate will be sold to the highest bidder. The purchaser of the estate will be considered as the proprietor of the estate, and the entire proprietary right of Government in the estate will be transferred to him subject to the revenue fixed in perpetuity.

2nd.—The sale to be subject to the existing leases and to the rights conferred by settlement proceedings and by the laws in force ; and the purchaser to be bound to respect the rights of cultivators who have signed the schedule of assessment prepared by the Revenue authorities.

3rd.—If the purchase-money do not exceed Rs. 100, the whole amount to be paid down at once.

4th.—If the amount of purchase-money exceed Rs. 100, one-fourth of the amount bid to be immediately deposited. If the balance be not paid by noon of the fifteenth day after the sale, reckoning the day of sale as one, or, if that day be a close holiday, then by the noon of the first succeeding office day, the sale is to be cancelled (the sum deposited being forfeited to Government), and the estate to be again put up to sale at the risk of the defaulting purchaser, after issue of advertisement, as in the case of original sale.

Number on the district roll.	Name of estate and pargana.	Approximate area in acres.	Present assessment.	Government revenue assessed.	REMARKS.
		A. R. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
[illegible]	Harirampore, Chetua ...	6 0 35	49 7 3	37 1 6	The revenue of the estate has been fixed after deducting collection charges at the rate of Rs. 25 per cent.

GANODA PROSAD GHOSE, Subdivisional Officer, Ghatal.

Draft License.

THE HOOGHLY RIVER ELECTRIC LICENSE, 1912.

LICENSE for the supply of energy granted by the Government of Bengal under the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, to supply electrical energy in the area with the powers and upon the terms and conditions specified below :—

SHORT TITLE.

1. This license may be cited as "The Hooghly River Electric License, 1912."

INTERPRETATION.

2. The several words, terms and expressions to which by the Indian Electricity Act, 1910, or by the Rules thereunder meanings are assigned shall have in this license the same respective meanings, provided that in this license :

(1) the Act shall mean the Indian Electricity Act, 1910,

(2) the expression "the licensee" shall mean and include the said Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited, and their permitted assigns, and

(3) the expression "deposited map" shall mean the plan of the area of supply hereinafter specified which has been deposited with Government in pursuance of the Rules under the Act, which plan is signed for the purpose of identification by the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Public Works Department, and by the applicants under the name and style of Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation, Limited

SECURITY

3. The period within which under clause 1 (*b*) of the Schedule to the Act the licensee shall deposit or secure such sum as therein mentioned, and the sum so to be deposited or secured shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Government under the clause, be one year and rupees *nil* respectively.

AREA OF SUPPLY

4. The area above referred to within which the supply of energy is authorised by this license (the area of supply under the Act) is the whole of the area bounded as follows :—

By a line drawn across the River Hooghly at the centre of the Belgharria Feeder Road from high water mark on the left bank to high water mark on the right bank ; thence southwards along the high water mark on the right bank of the River Hooghly to a line drawn due north and south from the right bank to the left bank of the River Hooghly at the centre of the Nimackmahal Ghat Road ; thence along the high water mark on the left bank of the River Hooghly to the Belgharria Feeder Road.

The boundaries whereof are delineated in the deposited map.

POWER TO LAY MAINS OUTSIDE AREA OF SUPPLY.

5. The licensee may lay down or place electric supply lines for the conveyance and transmission of energy from a generating station situated or to be situated at Cossipore (outside the area of supply) to the boundary of the area of supply.

LIMITS OF PRICE TO BE CHARGED IN RESPECT OF THE SUPPLY OF ENERGY.

6. The prices to be charged by the licensee for energy supplied by him shall not exceed the following maxima, namely :—

For lighting purposes—

For any quantity up to 20 units, Rs. 20 only, and for each unit over 20 units annas eight only.

For purposes other than lighting, annas four per unit,

or, in the case of a method of charge approved by the Government in accordance with clause X of the Schedule to the Act, such maxima as the Government may fix on approving the matter.

PURCHASE OF UNDERTAKING.

7. (1) The option of purchase of the undertaking given by section 7 of the Act shall be exercisable on the 20th day of October 1918 and at the expiration of every subsequent period of 10 years, and the terms of such purchase to which the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council has been obtained shall be such as are prescribed by section 7 (1) of the Act with the concession of the provisoes to such sub-section and the addition immediately before the words "such value to be in case of difference or dispute determined by arbitration" with which the substantive portion of such sub-section concludes the words "calculated on the basis of the value of the undertaking as a going concern and" (2) in accordance with section 3, sub-section (2), clause (*d*) (ii), of the Act, it is hereby declared that the generating station to be used in connection with the undertaking shall not form part of the undertaking for the purpose of purchase under section 5 or section 7.

ADDITION TO, VARIATIONS FROM, AND EXCEPTIONS FROM THE SCHEDULE TO THE ACT.

8. In pursuance of section 3, sub-section (2), clause (*f*), of the Act, it is hereby expressly declared that clauses I, III, V, VI, VII, VIII, IX, XII and XVI of the Schedule to the Act shall be excepted from incorporation in this license

Copies of the map may be inspected and copies of Draft License obtained at the Company's Office, 8, Dalhousie Square, Calcutta. Any local authority, company or person desirous of making any representation with reference to this application should do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, within three months of this date.

F. RAWSON,

Agent and Manager, Calcutta Electric Supply Corporation.

8, Dalhousie Square, the 27th March 1912.

STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT PROMISSORY NOTES ENFACED FOR PAYMENT OF INTEREST IN LONDON,

Under deduction of amount retransferred to India, and outstanding in the books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st March, 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 per cent. of 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS—						4 PER CENT. LOANS—							4½ PER CENT. LOANS—		GRAND TOTAL.
		Of 1842-43.	Of 1854-55.	Of 1865.	Of 1879.	Of 1900-01.	Total.	Of 1832-33.	Of 1835-36.	Of 1842-43.	Of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. loan of 1879.	Total.	Transfer loan of 1879, 4½ per cent. portion.	Total.	
Balance of 15th March 1912 ...	40,84,800	1,23,87,500	7,13,21,500	1,83,26,300	93,36,400	19,97,700	11,33,69,400	6 933	5 000	......	500	36 600	1,500	50,533	28,500	28,500	11,75,28,323
ADD—																	
Amount of transferred to in London.	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6301A, dated 3rd November 1904, up to 23rd February 1912.	......	......	......	......	......	3,94,400	3,94,400	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	[illegible]4,400
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 31st March 1912.	......	10,000	......	1,000	......	29,500	40 500	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	40,500
	40,84,800	1,23,97,500	7,13,21,500	1,83,27,300	93,36,400	24,21,600	11,38,04,300	6,933	5,000	......	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	28,500	28,500	11,7[illegible],123
DEDUCT—																	
Amount written off in the London Registers.	4,00,100	2,500	1,88,000	3,000	11,000	......	2,04,300	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	6,04,600
Balance on 31st March 1912 ...	36,84,700	1,23,95,000	7,11,33,500	1,83,24,300	93,25,400	24,21,600	11,35,99,800	6 933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50 533	28,500	28,500	11,73,03,833

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 31st January 1912—Enfaced from India, 12,178 lakhs, re-transferred from London, 12,331 lakhs.
" 1st February 1912 to 15th February " " " " 1 lakh, " " " 15 "
" 16th " " to 29th " " " " 1 " " " " 3 "
" 1st March " to 15th March " " " " 3 lakhs; " " " 7 "
" 16th " " to 31st " " " " 4 " " " " 7 "
12,187 lakhs. 12,363 "

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE, BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 2nd April 1912.

D. MORRISON.
Offg. Superintendent.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 2nd April 1912.

LIABILITIES

		Rs	A	P
Capital paid up ...		2,00 00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund		1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	Rs 76,00,521 1 11	2,17,88,275	8	8
Ditto ditto at Branches	" 1,11,87,754 6 9			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches		17,06,23 983	5	2
Bank Post Bills, &c ...		10,29 102	14	6
Sundries		16 77,529	11	3
Rupees		23,31,18,841	9	7

ASSETS

		Rs.	A.	P.
Government Securities		2,46,71,805	0	0
Other authorized Investments		60,99,983	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities		4,46,96,002	0	2
Accounts of Credit on ditto ditto ...		4,86,06,181	9	4
Bills discounted and purchased		2,78,62,867	11	8
Balances with other Banks ...		15,19,641	8	11
Bullion ...		......		
Dead Stock		21,99,783	14	9
Stamps		18,690	11	8
Sundries		4,78,412	10	6
		15,61,42,819	8	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office*	Rs 4,60,56,258 4 4	7,69,76,022	6	7
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches†	" 3,09,19,769 2 3			
Rupees ..		23,31,18,841	9	7

* Includes Sovs & ½ Sovs, value Rs	3,17,685	0	0
† Do do do "	5,83,050	0	0
Rs	9,00,735	0	0

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 4th April 1912

Rate for Demand Loans, 6 per cent
Percentage, 39 15
H MITCHELL, Offg Chief Accountant

By order of the Directors,
L G DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer
(530—1)

In the matter of Execution Case No. 1457 of 1911 of 2nd Munsif's Court, Diamond Harbour

NOTICE is hereby given, under sections 5 and 13, Act XI of 1859, that the undermentioned estates and shares of estates in the district of the 24 Parganas will be put up for sale at the office of the Munsif of Diamond Harbour on the 11th March 1912 at 12 noon for arrears of rent and other demands which by law are realizable as arrears:—

Tauzi No.	Name of mahal and pargana	Sadar jama of whole estate.	Whether the whole estate is to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, specify a tion of such share or shares.	Names of proprietors of property to be sold	If only a share is to be sold, the sadar jama of such share.	If the whole estate is to be sold the arrears due from it.	If only a share is to be sold, the arrears due from it.
		Rs. A. P.				Rs A. P.		Rs. A. P.
284	Parganas Baridhati and Madanmola, mahal Mauuraz	7 236 4 9	Share	One-third	Shyma Charan Biswas, of Sakharitola Calcutta.	413 1 7	...	1,060 7 0

BAGALA PRASANNA BOSE, Offg. Munsif, 2nd Court.

Diamond Harbour, the 4th April 1912.

(535—1)

ORDER OF ADJUDICATION

[Section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

In the Court of the District Judge of Midnapore.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No 14 OF 1911

PURSUANT to a petition, dated 19th July 1911, Natabar Dutt, son of late Gangaram Dutt, zamindar of Mirbazar, town Midnapore, and on the application of the debtor himself and on reading the petition and hearing pleaders on both sides, it is ordered that the debtor be and the said debtor is hereby adjudged insolvent

Dated this 3rd day of April 1912.

S. N. MITRA, *for* District Judge.

(531—1—401)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[Notice under clause 7, section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 28 of 1911.

J. A. LARDNER, at present of Nowpara, thana Asansole, district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court dated the 25th March 1912, been adjudged to be an insolvent.

R N. DUTT, District Judge.

Burdwan Judge's Office, the 29th March 1912.

(536—1—403)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[*Notice under clause 7, section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.*]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 20 OF 1911.

UMESH CHANDRA ROY, of Asansole, thana Asansole, district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court dated the 26th March 1912, been adjudged to be an insolvent.

R. N. DUTT, District Judge.

Burdwan Judge's Office, the 29th March 1912.

(537—1—404)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[*Notice under clause 7, section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.*]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 13 OF 1911.

AHMED NEWAZ, of Murgram, thana Ketugram, district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court dated the 21st March 1912, been adjudged to be an insolvent.

R. N. DUTT, District Judge.

Burdwan Judge's Office, the 29th March 1912.

(538—1—405)

In the Court of the District Judge of Burdwan.

[*Notice under clause 7, section 16 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907.*]

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 1 OF 1911.

DURGA DAS NAG, of Ramganj mahalla in town and district Burdwan, has, by an order of this Court dated the 23rd March 1912, been adjudged to be an insolvent.

R. N. DUTT, District Judge.

Burdwan Judge's Office, the 29th March 1912.

(539—1—406)

In the Court of the District Judge of Dinajpur.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 10 OF 1912.

BADI DAS, son of Dole Das, deceased, of Mandalghat, police-station Jalpaiguri, district Jalpaiguri, has applied to this Court to be declared an insolvent. The 23rd April next has been fixed for the examination of the petitioner.

B. V. NICHOLL, District Judge.

Dinajpur, the 1st April 1912. (511—1—407)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors that the insolvency petition of Rajani Kanta Adak, son of Brojomohan Adak, of Subal Chak, thana Singhati, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 27 of 1912, and that the 16th April 1912 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

W. N. DELEVINGNE, District Judge.

Chinsurah, the 3rd April 1912. (540—1—409)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Kalipada Adak, son of Brajamohan Adak, of Subal Chalk, thana Singhati, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 26 of 1912, and that the 16th April 1912 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

A. C. MUKERJI, Sub-Judge, *for* District Judge.

Chinsurah, the 1st April 1912. (541—1—410)

In the Court of the District Judge of Hooghly.

INSOLVENCY PETITION No. 28 OF 1912.

NOTICE is hereby given, under clause (2) of section 12 of the Provincial Insolvency Act, III of 1907, to his creditors, that the insolvency petition of Tarinipada Adak, son of Brajamohan Adak, deceased, of Suba Chalk, thana Singhati, district Hooghly, has been admitted by this Court as No. 28 of 1912, and that 18th April 1912 has been fixed for the hearing thereof.

A. C. MUKERJI, Sub-Judge, *for* District Judge.

Chinsurah, the 30th March 1912. (542—1)—411

In the Court of the District Judge of Murshidabad.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 OF 1912.

In the matter of Satish Chandra Khan and Nritya Gopal Khan, sons of late Dina Bandhu Khan, of Manikyahar Satpara, Division Beldanga, district Murshidabad.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that the abovenamed petitioners have applied to this Court to be declared insolvents, and their case has been fixed for hearing on the 26th April 1912.

E. B. H. PANTON, District Judge.

Berhampore, the 1st April 1912. (534—1—402)

NOTICE.

In the Court of the District Judge of Noakhali.

INSOLVENCY CASE No. 3 OF 1912.

NOTICE is hereby given that Lal Mia, son of late Tamizuddin, of Rajul alipur, station Begumgunj, district Noakhali, has, on the 21st day of February 1912, applied to this Court for being adjudged an insolvent, and that the 23rd April 1912 has been fixed for hearing of the case.

G. N. ROY, District Judge.

Noakhali Judge's Court, the 4th April 1912.

(544—1—408)

DHIRENDRA KRISHNA RAY, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(512—4—399)

HARIDAS DAS, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(513—4—418)

NARENDRANATH BASU, M.A., B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the Calcutta High Court.

(514—4—414)

PHANINDRA NATH DAS, B.L., intends to be enrolled as a Vakil of the High Court, Calcutta.

(515—4—400)

Office of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

WANTED an Assistant Mistress for the Alexander Girls' School, Mymensingh. Salary Rs. 100 and free quarters.

The candidate should have a degree and professional training. She should be qualified either in Sanskrit or in English, and also have a knowledge of music, English and Indian.

Candidates should apply to the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle, Ramna, Dacca.

M. E. A. GARRETT,
Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

Dacca, the 30th March 1912.

Office of the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

WANTED an Assistant Mistress for Dr. Khastagir's High School for Girls, Chittagong. Salary Rs. 60.

Preference will be given to candidates who have passed the F.A. and have obtained a professional training.

Candidates should apply to the Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle, Ramna, Dacca.

M. E. A. GARRETT,
Inspectress of Schools, Dacca Circle.

Dacca, the 30th March 1912.

Advertisement.

WANTED an Assistant Inspectress of Schools for the Rajshahi Division in Class VIII of the Provincial Educational Service, on a salary of Rs. 200 per mensem.

Applications together with certificates of character, educational qualifications and experience should be addressed to the undersigned, Ramna, Dacca, on or before the 15th April 1912.

T. O. D. DUNN,
for Director of Public Instruction.

Ramna, Dacca, the 29th March 1912.

Advertisement.

WANTED a Sub-Overseer on Rs. 30 for the Kukrahati Circle of the Government Estate Majnamutha, in the district of Midnapore. Candidates who have passed the Sub-Overseership examination will have preference. The applicants will state their qualifications and past services, if any, in their applications which will be received by the undersigned up to the 1st May 1912. Candidates are advised to appear in person.

F. J. O'GEARY, Subdivisional Officer.

Contai, the 25th March 1912.

Notice.

WANTED a passed Accountant in the office of the District Engineer, 24-Parganas, on a salary of Rs. 80 per month rising to Rs. 120 by an annual increment of Rs. 5. The appointment will be at present temporary with prospects of being made permanent after one year's approved service. Applicants should state their age, previous services, if any, and present occupation and must be qualified under the Local Self-Government rules regarding qualifications for employment as an Accountant in a District Engineer's office. Applications will be received by undersigned up to the 12th April 1912.

BINOY KRISHNA BASU, District Engineer, 24-Parganas.

Alipore, the 30th March 1912.

Wanted

TWO clerks—one for the Certificate Office and the other for the Record Room—on a salary of Rs. 30 and 35 per month respectively.

None need apply who is not a Behari and who has not passed the Entrance Examination.

Knowledge of Hindi and Persian is essential.

Applications with copies of testimonials will be received by the undersigned up to the 15th April next

A. GARRETT, Collector.

Collector's Office, Monghyr, the 30th March 1912.

Wanted

A LAW-LECTURER for the Government Law College, Bankipore, to act for Mr. Moazzam Ali, B.A. (Oxon.), Bar.-at-Law, on leave. Special qualifications for lecturing on Jurisprudence, Roman Law, Equity, Real Property and other branches of English Law, prescribed for the University B.L. examination, are essential.

Apply with testimonials to the undersigned before the 15th April 1912.

ATMA RAM, Principal.

Government Law College, Bankipore, the 15th March 1912

WANTED a District Engineer for the Murshidabad District Board on a monthly salary of Rs. 300 rising to Rs. 400 by annual increment of Rs. 20. None need apply who is not qualified under Bengal Government Notification No. 3334L.S.-G., dated the 20th December 1901. Applications with necessary certificates and testimonials to be submitted on or before the 15th April 1912 in sealed and registered covers addressed to the Chairman, District Board, Murshidabad, and superscribed "Application for appointment of District Engineer." The selected candidate will be appointed on probation for one year.

R. C. HAMILTON,
Chairman, District Board, Murshidabad.

Berhampore, district Murshidabad, the 22nd March 1912. (465—3)

Notice.

WANTED an experienced Sub-Overseer on a salary of Rs. 30 *plus* Rs. 15 travelling allowance a month.

None need apply who is not qualified under the rules laid down in the Government Notification No. 3334L.S.-G., dated 20th December 1901.

Applications in the applicant's handwriting with copies of testimonials stating age will be received in this office up to the 15th April 1912, and the selected candidate will have to join the appointment at once.

E. J. BULL, C.E., M.E., A.M.I.M.E., etc.,
District Engineer, Saran.

Chapra, the 30th March 1912. (518—2)

WANTED at once an Assistant Accountant on Rs. 40 and a Second Assistant Accountant on Rs. 20 per mensem for the Sarail Ward's Estate. Preference will be given to passed candidates with experience in account work. Applications must reach the undersigned on or before the 20th April 1912.

M. M. HALLIDAY,
Manager, Sarail Ward's Estate.

Sarail, the 5th April 1912. (545—1)

WANTED an experienced Lady Doctor for the Buxar Charitable Dispensary and Hospital at the monthly salary of Rs. 60 excluding house allowance of Rs. 5 per mensem. Applications to be received by the Secretary, Dispensary Committee, Buxar, before the 20th April 1912.

NARAISH PARSHADA VARMA, Secretary.

Buxar, the 28th March 1912. (490—3)

Treasure Trove.

UNDER section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, 1878, notice is hereby given that, on the 17th day of May 1911, a treasure consisting of eight articles described below and valued at Rs. 31-1-8 was found during the execution of repairs to a tank (Yendal Kanmoi) in the Tirukalyanam village of Tiruvadanai Deputy Tahsildar's Division, Ramnad district. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear before the Collector of Ramnad either personally or by an agent duly authorised by law on the 1st August 1912 at his office at Madura

in order that the matter may be enquired into and determined according to law :—

Description of the Treasure.

Serial number.	Description.		Weight in sers.	Approximate value.		
				Rs.	A.	P.
1.	Image of Amman Swami	...	17	6	6	0
2.	Ditto	...	24	9	0	0
3.	Image of Swami	...	18	6	12	0
4.	(Copper) seat	...	15	5	10	0
5.	Broken pieces (76)	...	9	1	2	0
6.	Dhupakkal	...	3¼	0	14	9
7.	Dheepakkal	...	3¼	0	14	0
8.	Copper tripod	...	1¾	0	6	6
	Total	...	31	31	1	3

A. R. LOFTUS-TOTTENHAM, Acting Collector.

Ramnad Collector's Office, Madura, the 8th March 1912.

Treasure Trove.

NOTIFICATION

UNDER section 5 of Act VI of 1878, the Indian Treasure Trove Act, it is hereby notified that on or about the 1st January 1912 a treasure consisting of the undermentioned coins and valued at Rs. 73-12 was found while digging earth in the field of Palanisamigoundan in Kathanganni village, Dharapuram taluk, Coimbatore district.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Coimbatore on the 2nd September 1912 in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

Old silver coins, the inscriptions on which are not decipherable, numbering 242 and weighing Rs 73-12, and valued at Rs 73-12

(ILLEGIBLE), *for* Acting Collector

The 2nd April 1912.

Currency Notes.

THE following Currency Notes of the Calcutta Circle are stated to have been destroyed, and payment of their value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the numbers. Any other person claiming a right to them is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned :—

Notes wholly destroyed

Register No	No. of Notes.		Value	Name of claimant.
			Rs.	
W 107 of 1910-11. & V 495 of 1909-10.	VA/90 81399	...	100	The Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting Eastern Circle, Allahabad.
	VA/95 10809	...	100	
	VA/96 80145	...	100	
	„ 22865	...	100	
	VA/98 24518	...	100	
	„ 04670	...	100	
	„ 15963	...	100	
	„ 81422	...	100	
	„ 69736	...	100	
	VA/99 34541	...	100	
	„ 34543	...	100	
	„ 03398	...	100	
	„ 04073	...	100	

M. SUBRAHMANYAN,

for Assistant Comptroller-General In charge Paper Currency.

Paper Currency Department, the 22nd March 1912.

Notice.

No. 1964.

SEALED TENDERS for the supply by contract from 1st May 1912 to 31st March 1913 of Welsh unscreened steam coal of the estimated quantities specified below at the ports mentioned will be received by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine at his office in the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 3 P.M. (Standard time) on Tuesday, the 23rd April 1912, after which hour no tender will be received :—

				Estimated quantity Tons.
Colombo	...	...	...	500
Karachi	...	...	...	1,000
Rangoon	...	...	...	2,000

2. It will not be necessary for tenderers to tender for all ports, but for such port or ports as they may desire.

3. Tenders must be accompanied by a Bank of Bombay receipt for the amount to be deposited, or by Government Loan Paper, which is not to be endorsed to any Government officer, but to stand in the name of the owner, interest being made payable at the Bombay Treasury. Tenders must be sent by registered post; if forwarded in any other way they will not be received. Informal tenders will be rejected, and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any tender. The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

4. Any tender containing a conditional clause contrary to these requirements, or making stipulations not provided for either in this notice or the printed tender and schedule forms, will be summarily rejected.

5. Printed tender forms and any other information in connection with this contract can be obtained at this office, and the forms can also be had from the Deputy Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Calcutta, Port Officer, Karachi, and from the Principal Port Officer, Burma, Rangoon.

6. The attention of all tenderers is invited to the necessity of carefully observing the conditions mentioned in this notice.

7. Each tender is to be superscribed "Tender for Supply of Welsh Coal."

WALTER LUMSDEN, Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, 23rd March 1912.

Notice.

No. 1965.

SEALED Tenders for the supply by contract from 1st May 1912 to 31st March 1913 of INDIAN STEAM COAL of the estimated quantities specified below, at the Ports mentioned, will be received by the Director of the Royal Indian Marine at his office in the R. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, up to 3 P.M. (Standard Time) on Tuesday, the 23rd April 1912, after which hour no Tender will be received :—

				Estimated quantity. Tons.
Bombay	...	...	...	15,200
Calcutta	...	...	...	13,400
Colombo	...	...	...	650
Karachi	...	..	...	1,700
Madras	...	...	...	700
Rangoon	...	...	...	8,500

2. It will not be necessary for Tenderers to tender for all Ports, but for such Port or Ports as they may desire.

3. The coal tendered must have a calorific value of not less than 7,000 calories or 12,600 British Thermal Units with ash not exceeding 15 per cent., or the evaporative power of the coal must be not less than 7 lbs. of water per lb. of coal with ash not exceeding 15 per cent.

4. Tenders must be accompanied by a Bank of Bombay Receipt for the amount to be deposited or by Government Loan Paper, which is not to be endorsed to any Government officer, but to stand in the name of the owner, interest being made payable at the Bombay Treasury. Tenders must be sent by Registered Post; if forwarded in any other way they will not be received. Informal Tenders will be rejected and no reason will be assigned for the rejection of any Tender The Director of the Royal Indian Marine does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

5. Any Tender containing a conditional clause contrary to these requirements or making stipulations not provided for either in this notice or the printed Tender and Schedule Forms will be summarily rejected.

6. Printed Tender Forms, and any other information in connection with this contract, can be obtained at this office, and the forms can also be had from the Deputy Director of the Royal Indian Marine, Calcutta; Port Officer, Karachi; Presidency Port Officer, Madras; and from the Principal Port Officer, Burma, Rangoon.

7. The attention of all Tenderers are invited to the necessity of carefully observing the conditions mentioned in this notice.

8. Each Tender is to be superscribed "Tender for Supply of Indian Coal."

WALTER LUMSDEN, Director of the Royal Indian Marine.

Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Bombay, the 23rd March 1912.

Notice to Creditors.

In the goods of Mary Beatrice Harrison, deceased.

PURSUANT to sections 320 of Act X of 1865 and 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866; all persons having claims against the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on the 26th day of April 1911 at sea, and to whose estate Letters of Administration with copy of the Will annexed have been granted by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to William Macgregor Fraser, are hereby required to send full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them to us, the undersigned, as Solicitors to the said William Macgregor Fraser on or before the 3rd day of May 1912, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the estate will be distributed.

Dated this 2nd day of April 1912.

SANDERSON & Co.,
Royal Insurance Buildings,
Dalhousie Square, Calcutta,
Solicitors to the said William Macgregor Fraser.

(517—3—412)

POST OFFICE.

DESPATCH OF SEA-BORNE MAILS.

MAILS FOR	Day or date of closing of mails	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING — GENERAL POST OFFICE — Letter Mail — Unregistered articles — Without late fee	With late fee	Registered articles — Without late fee	With late fee	Burrabazar, Bow Bazar, Dhurrumtala, Fort William, New Market, Outram and Wellesley Town Sub-Post Offices — Unregistered articles	Registered articles
		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
United Kingdom, Aden, [illegible] Europe, America, West Africa and [illegible] and also South Africa if superscribed on the cover [illegible] United Kingdom. *N.B.*—The latest day for money orders [illegible] Wednesday, and for parcels 11 A.M. on Thursday	Thursday	7 1[illegible]	8 1[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible] 30	[illegible]	[illegible] 30
Ceylon	Daily	[illegible] 30	7 30	[illegible] 30	[illegible] 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 0
†Australia and New Zealand	Tuesday	[illegible] 30	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 30
†Straits Settlements, Siam, [illegible] China, Annam, Cambodia, Tonquin, China, Japan, etc., per S.S. *Kumsang*	[illegible] April	8 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	7 0	[illegible] 45	[illegible] 30
Straits Settlements	Saturday	[illegible] 0	8 0	[illegible] 0	7 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 30
Burma	Monday, Thursday, Saturday	7 0	8 0	[illegible]	7 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 30
Port Blair (*via* Rangoon)	13th April	[illegible] 0	8 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 30
South Africa per S.S. [illegible]	11th [illegible]	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 0	[illegible]	[illegible] 30

The late fee [illegible] to all places except Aden, Burma, Ceylon [illegible] the late fee [illegible] which is ½ anna for unregistered articles and 2 annas for registered [illegible] Letters [illegible] with [illegible] only [illegible] when a direct mail is closed by the Calcutta G. P. O. [illegible]

† On [illegible] correspondence for Australia, New Zealand, C[illegible] Japan [illegible] the Calcutta G. P. O. is [illegible] to Colombo [illegible] by the [illegible] available [illegible]

DESPATCH OF PRINCIPAL INLAND MAILS.

	LATEST HOURS OF POSTING — GENERAL POST OFFICE — Letter Mail — Unregistered articles — Without late fee	With late fee of ½ anna	Registered articles — Without late fee	With late fee of 2 annas	Burrabazar, Bow Bazar, Dhurrumtala, Fort William, New Market, Outram and Wellesley Town Sub-Post Offices — Unregistered articles	Registered articles
	A.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Arracan, Chittagong and Upper Assam	4 30		[illegible] 0		[illegible]	4 30
	P.M.	P.M.			A.M.	A.M.
Bombay, Central Provinces, Midnapur, Purulia, Chaibassa, etc., *via* Bengal Nagpur Railway	1 1[illegible]	1 30	1 0		11 4[illegible]	11 [illegible]0
					P.M.	P.M.
Northern Bengal, Darjeeling and Lower Assam	[illegible] 0	[illegible] 30	3 0	[illegible] 0	2 [illegible]	2 30
Places on the Loop Line, East Indian Railway	[illegible] 3[illegible]	[illegible] 0	6 0		[illegible] 40	4-30
Orissa and Madras Presidency	[illegible] 0	7 30	6 0		[illegible] 4[illegible]	[illegible]
Punjab, Bihar, United Provinces, Sind, Baluchistan and Rajputana	7 0	7 30 with a late fee of ½ anna; 8 30 with a late fee of 1 anna	[illegible] 0	7 0	6 45	4 30
Bombay Presidency and Central India *via* Jubbulpore	7 1[illegible]	7 1[illegible] with a late fee of ½ anna; 8 1[illegible] with a late fee of 1 anna	[illegible] 0	7 0	6 45	[illegible] 30
Cuttack, Midnapur, Eastern Bengal, Central Bengal and Murshidabad	7 30	8 with a late fee of ½ anna; 8 40 with a late fee of 1 anna	6 0	7 0	6 4[illegible]	[illegible] 30

Calcutta G. P. O., the 8th April 1912.

C. H. STUART, Presidency Post Master.

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NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government, to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Commercial Intelligence Department.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 3s. (3a.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of December 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of February 1912. No. 11. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a)

Comptroller General.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11 By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8a. or 9d. (5a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

Legislative Department.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 1a. 9p. (1a.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 5 or 7s. 6d. (12a.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3p. (1a.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor-General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3a. 3p. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C) Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 12 or 18s. (Re. 1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3a. 9p. (1a.)

Home Department.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. As. 11 or 1s. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India, January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Department of Education.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the Study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal Cloth. Rs. 22 or 33s. (Re. 1.)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Rs. 7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Dy. 4to. Board. Rs. 5 or 7s. 6d. (11a.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (5a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S. New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. Re. 1-12 or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super-Royal Board. Re. 1-8 or 2s. 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the Titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Foreign Department.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jails, Hospitals, on vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department, No. 21, corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-8 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

Finance Department.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. Rs. 2 or 3s. (9a.)

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Department of Commerce and Industry.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to mines for Manganese, Mica, and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8d. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11 with a review of the progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D.Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. Rs. 5-8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. Rs. 6-4 or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals.* **(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908.)**

Working of Mines—**(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

Mine, Managers and their Certificates—**(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended). Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Commercial Intelligence Department.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of Cotton Spinning and Weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

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Annual Statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911. Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

Department of Revenue and Agriculture.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. 1. Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. Rs. 5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce. (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A manual of Forest Mensuration by R. S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. Re. 1-4 or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal. 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Host Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series), on some important insect pests of the conifers of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. Re. 1-14 or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed. (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Public Works Department

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. Rs. 3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution Return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Army Department.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R.A.M.C.), (h), (ii), and (iii) (Lieutenants I.M.S.), (i) and (j) for promotion, (2) Majors of the Regular Army in Technical fitness for Command, Part 1. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects. Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. Re. 1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional) for 1911. Demy. 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy. 16mo. Board. 4a. or 6d. (1a.) (Out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

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Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

The quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 2-12 or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909 (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

Medical Training (Military). India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2. (1a.)

Hand-book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. Re. 1-6 or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

Railway Board.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments, corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. Rs. 2-3 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. Re. 1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Other Local Governments and Administrations.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 10a. or 10d. (2a.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. 3p. or 11½d. (2a.)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. or 11d. (2a.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1-8 or 1s. 7d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Re. 1 or 1s. 4d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Depatment for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1-9 or 2s. 1d. (2a.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. Re. 1-5 or 1s. 9d. (2a.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Roorkee Treaties and Civil Engineering—

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Thomason College Calendar for 1908. Rs. 5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College, Civil Engineer Class and Upper subordinate Class, Entrance Examination, and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-09, published by the Newul Kishore Press Lucknow. Re. 1-4.

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Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita. By Saudyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri, at Rs. 2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the Thirteenth Century A.D. By Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at Re. 1.

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Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit-Tibetan Vocabulary. By Alexander Cosma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana, at Rs. 5.

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Tattvacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamakha Natha Tarkavagis, at As. 10 each.

Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma, at As. 10 each.

Tattvacintamani Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha, at As. 10 each.

Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhman Sastri, at As. 10 each.

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Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur, at Re. 1 each.

Vidhan Parijata, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasanna Vidyaratna, at Re. 1-4.

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Maasir-I-Rahimi. Fasc. 2, by Maulavi M. Hidayet Husain, at Rs. 2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Re. 1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. Rs. 3.

NOTICE.

Advertisements, Notices, &c., intended for insertion in this Part of the "Gazette" cannot be received after noon on Monday.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treaties and Civil Engineering—

Section IX—Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson 1908. Rs 4 1

Section V—Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) Rs. 3-12

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. Rs. 5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College, Civil Engineer Class and Upper subordinate Class, Entrance Examination, and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-09, published by the Newul Kishore Press Lucknow. Re. 1-4.

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Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at Rs 2

Ditto, Vol. VII. Nos 1 8 at Rs 2

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Ditto No. 4. Lasu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma China Frontier By Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown, at Rs 3.

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Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc 1 by M M Jadunath Sarvabhauma, at As. 10 each.

Tattvacintamani Diditi Prokas. Fasc 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsanatirtha, at As. 10 each.

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Vidhan Parijata, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasanna Vidyaratna, at Re. 1-4

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Maasir-i-Rahimi. Fasc. 2, by Maulavi M Hidayet Husain, at Rs 2

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The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 15.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	411—481
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	473—499
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	29—30

	Pages.
Supplement No. 15—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food grains for the first-half of March 1912	917—935
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 30th March 1912	937—944
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday, the 11th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	945—946
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 6th April 1912	947—949
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 23rd and 30th March 1912	950—951

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 12th April, 1912.

No. 725.—The Hon'ble Mr. H. Wheeler, C.I.E., of the Indian Civil Service, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India in the Home Department, is confirmed in that appointment, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

M. S. D. BUTLER,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

PORT BLAIR.

The 12th April, 1912.

No. 144.—In the Home Department notification no. 54, dated the 8th February 1912, announcing the grant of leave to Mr. A. Brown, 1st Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, *for* "with effect from the 20th January 1912" *substitute* "with effect from the 22nd January 1912".

No. 145.—In the Home Department notification no. 120, dated the 26th March 1912, announcing certain officiating appointments in the Port Blair Commission, *for* "with effect from the 20th January 1912" *substitute* "with effect from the 22nd January 1912".

JAILS.

The 4th April, 1912.

No. 126.—The services of Captain C. H. Fielding, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Jail Department.

Notification no. 122-Jails of 26th March 1912 is hereby cancelled.

JUDICIAL.

The 12th April, 1912.

No 692.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 5 of the Lower Burma Courts Act, 1900 (VI of 1900), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Mr. C. P. R. Young, Barrister-at-Law, Government Advocate, Burma, to officiate as a Judge of the Chief Court, Lower Burma, *vice* the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Ormond from the 23rd April to the 5th September 1912, or until further orders.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 11th April, 1912.

No. 127.—The following programme of the proposed visitation tour of the Most Revd. the Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan in India and Ceylon is published for general information:

Date.	Day of the week.	Station.	Standard time.	Remarks.
10th April ...	Wednesday ...	Leave Sealdah ...	5·45	
11th " ...	Thursday ...	Arrive Chittagong ...	9·12	
12th " ...	Friday ...	Leave " ...	14·50	
13th " ...	Saturday ...	Arrive *Silchar* ...	8·58	Visiting Badarpur, Jellalpur, Dewan, etc.
19th " ...	Friday ...	Leave " ...	6·10	
	" ...	Arrive *Haflong* ...	13·23	
26th " ...	" ...	Leave " ...	13·23	
	" ...	Arrive Lumding ...	18·26	
27th " ...	Saturday ...	Leave " ...	4·30	
	" ...	Arrive *Cinnamara* ...	15·23	
30th " ...	Tuesday ...	Leave " ...	6·13	
	" ...	Arrive Titabar ...	7·14	
1st May ...	Wednesday ...	Leave " ...	3·0	
1st " ...	" ...	Arrive Nazira ...	5·48	
2nd " ...	Thursday ...	Leave " ...	5·53	
	" ...	Arrive Dum Dum ...	13·6	
3rd " ...	Friday ...	Leave " ...	10·0	
	" ...	Arrive *Dibrugarh* ...	13·30	Visiting Attabari Panitola, Margherita, etc.
9th " ...	Thursday ...	Leave " ...	9·30	
11th " ...	Saturday ...	Arrive Tezpur ...	5·0	
13th " ...	Monday ...	Leave " ...	5·0	
	" ...	Arrive Gauhati ...	14·0	
14th " ...	Tuesday ...	Leave " ...	8·30	
	" ...	Arrive *Shillong* ...	16·0	
21st " ...	" ...	Leave " ...	10·0	
22nd " ...	Wednesday ...	Arrive Sealdah ...	19·6	

Letters may be addressed to the Stations marked in italics. Matters of a routine nature requiring immediate attention should be addressed to the Ven'ble the Archdeacon of Calcutta, St. John's Parsonage, Calcutta.

The 12th April, 1912.

No. 133.—The Revd. Percy Gordon Levy has been appointed to be a Chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Calcutta) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 9th April, 1912.

No. 963.—*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel A. D'A. G. Bannerman of the Political Department of the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months and twenty-three days, with effect from the 19th March, 1912.

No. 970.—*Est.-B.*—Captain A. F. Hartley, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse), is appointed Assistant Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

The 10th April, 1912.

No. 799-*I.-B.*—*Erratum.*—In the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 245-C., dated the 12th December, 1911, for the words "Senior Assistant Surgeon Ardeshir Cowasji, Adam's Memorial Hospital, Abu, in Rajputana", *read* "Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Ardeshir Cowasji, Adam's Memorial Hospital, Abu, in Rajputana".

The 11th April, 1912.

No. 980-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel P. T. A. Spence, of the Political Department of the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for sixteen months, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th March, 1912.

No. 981-*Est.-A.*—Mr. W. S. Davis, of the Political Department of the Government of India, is posted as Political Agent, Bhopal, with effect from the 27th March, 1912.

No. 984-*Est.-A.*—Major J. H. Hugo, D.S.O., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is granted privilege leave for two months and eighteen days, combined with furlough for one year, with effect from the 17th March, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 985-*Est.-A.*—Major S. Hunt, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon in Bundelkhand, with effect from the 17th March, 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 12th April, 1912.

No. 2446-*F. E.*—In the notification in this Department No. 2344-F. E., dated the 4th April, 1912, published in Part I of the Gazette of India of the 6th April, 1912 *for* "26th March, 1912" *read* "27th March, 1912".

No. 2447-*F. E.*—Captain G. H. Willis, R.E., Deputy Mint Master, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and special leave for 3 months in continuation, with effect from the 13th January, 1912.

No. 2448-*F. E.*—The leave on medical certificate granted to Mr. T. P. Srinivasan by notification in this Department No. 6118-F. E., dated the 6th October, 1911, has been extended by a further period of 1 month and 10 days and, in continuation, by extraordinary leave without allowances for 4 months and 20 days, with effect from the 12th March, 1912.

No. 2449-*F. E.*—In the notification in this Department No. 2343-F. E., dated the 4th April, 1912, published in Part I of the Gazette of India of the 6th April 1912 *for* "furlough" *read* "special leave on urgent private affairs".

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 11th April, 1912.

No. 305-*Accts.*—The following reversions and officiating appointments of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the dates specified:

I.—*From the 2nd January 1912, consequent on Major R. deS. Dudgeon's return from leave out of India.*

Captain H. F. Shairp, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain C. J. G. Bird, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, sub. *pro tem*, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, sub. *pro tem.*

Captain R. H. S. Whitchurch, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub. *pro tem*, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub. *pro tem.*

II.—*From the 19th January 1912, the date of commencement of Major E. G. D. deLabilliere's leave.*

Captain H. F. Shairp, Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain C. J. G. Bird, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, sub. *pro tem*, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain R. H. S. Whitchurch, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, sub. *pro tem*, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

III.—*From the 15th February 1912, the date Major E. B. Peacock was appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary, Finance Department (Military Finance).*

Captain H. C. Szczepanski, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain C. W. Butler, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain J. F. Allen, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

IV.—*From the 28th February 1912, the date of commencement of the furlough portion of Captain W. V. Richards' combined leave.*

Captain H. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain E. D. S. Robertson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2788—66

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

EXPLOSIVES.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Simla, the 13th April 1912.

In accordance with the provisions of section 18 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, (IV of 1884), and of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 1964, dated the 2nd September 1887, the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following draft rules which His Excellency in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by sections 5 and 7 of the said Act, proposes to make to regulate the manufacture, possession, sale, transport and importation of explosives.

The draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on the expiration of two months from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Gazette of India.*

THE INDIAN EXPLOSIVES RULES, 1912.

CONTENTS.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

RULES.

1. Short title.
2. Supersession of previous notifications; and savings.
3. General exemptions.
4. Definitions.

CHAPTER II.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXPLOSIVES.

5. Classes of explosives.
6. Division of nitro-compounds.
7. Division of chlorate-mixtures.
8. Division of fulminates.
9. Division of ammunition.
10. Division of fireworks.

CHAPTER III.

IMPORTATION.

RULES.

11. When license to import is requisite.

12. Ports at which importation by sea is permitted.

13. Importation of explosives from Portuguese India.

Testing of explosives.

14. Testing of imported explosives.

15. Explosives exempted from testing.

16. Nature of test prescribed.

17. Exemption of re-imported explosives from testing.

18. Procedure on arrival of ship in port.

19. Despatch of samples to the testing authority.

20. Testing of samples by the testing authority.

Importation in anticipation of the grant of a license to import.

21. Importation by sea in anticipation of the grant of a license.

22. Importation by land in anticipation of the grant of a license.

23. Requirements to be fulfilled by importer and consignee prior to importation.

24. Disposal of explosives imported.

25. Delivery of samples by owner or person in charge of the magazine and the testing of such samples.

26. Distribution prohibited till license is granted.

CHAPTER IV.

TRANSPORT.

27. When license to transport is requisite.

Licenses for the general transport of explosives for blasting.

28. Application for license for general transport.

29. Procedure in granting a license for general transport.

30. Procedure in transporting explosives under license for general transport.

31. Procedure in issuing passes.

CHAPTER V.

MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION AND SALE.

Manufacture.

32. When license to manufacture is requisite.

33. Conditions to be observed by persons filling cartridges.

34. Conditions to be observed by persons adapting or preparing cartridges.

RULES.

Possession.

35. When license to possess is requisite.

36. Saving of general prohibition under the Act.

Sale.

37. When license for sale is requisite.

CHAPTER VI.

MAGAZINES.

38. Procedure in applying for license in Form J.

39. Issue of notices to objectors to the site of the magazine.

40. Notices to local authorities.

41. Publication and service of notices.

42. Inquiry into objections.

43. Report on completion of inquiry.

44. Procedure to be observed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives on receipt of rep rt.

45. Submission of application to the licensing authority.

46. Grant of license.

47. Procedure on grant of license.

48. Endorsement of license.

CHAPTER VII.

LICENSES AND PERMITS.

Grant of licenses.

49. Forms of licenses, licensing authorities and fees.
Validity of license.

50. Conditions under which licenses are held.

Amendment of licenses.

51. Amendment of licenses.

Renewal of licenses.

52. Renewal of licenses issued by the Governor General in Council.

53. Renewal of licenses in Form J.

54. Renewal of licenses not provided for in rule 52 or rule 53.

55. Renewal of license for general transport for blasting explosives.

56. Time for making application for the renewal of a license.

57. Fee chargeable on renewal of license.

Expiration of licenses.

58. Procedure on expiration or forfeiture of license.

59. Issue of temporary license when original has expired or been forfeited.

60. Death, etc., of licensee.

RULES.

Forfeiture of licenses.

61. Liability of license to forfeiture.

General provisions as to licenses.

62. Production of licenses or passes on demand.

63. Validity of license under the Arms Act.

64. Duplicate licenses in case of loss of license.

65. Mode of payment of fees.

66. Discretion of authority empowered to grant, amend or renew licenses.

67. Executive control over licensing authorities.

Permits for temporary possession of explosives.

68. Permit for temporary storage of explosives in a magazine in excess of licensed quantities.

69. Permit for temporary possession of fireworks by non-licensees elsewhere than in Burma.

70. Permit for temporary possession of fireworks by non-licensees in Burma.

71. Permit to possess fireworks in excess of licensed quantities.

CHAPTER VIII.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED IN TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

PART I.—GENERAL.

Packing and Marking.

72. Prohibition of consignment or conveyance of improperly packed explosives.

73. Packing of explosives.

74. Packing of authorised explosives.

75. Packing of explosives which are not authorised.

76. Labelling and marking of packages.

77. Relaxation of packing rules.

Consignment.

78. Despatch of explosives to carrier.

79. Receipt of explosives by carrier.

Precautions to be observed in loading and unloading explosives.

80. Loading and unloading to be by daylight.

81. Prohibition of naked lights, etc.

82. Prohibition of smoking.

83. Prohibition of nailed boots, etc.

84. Method of handling explosives.

RULES.

Loading.

85. Protection of explosives in transit.

86. Maximum consignments allowed.

87. Explosives of different kinds to be kept apart.

88. Danger from fire and water to be guarded against.

89. Protection from naked iron or steel.

Conveyance.

90. Explosives not to be sent by public carriage or vessel.

91. Carriage or vessel to be in charge of competent person or persons.

92. Intoxicated person not to have charge of carriage or vessel.

93. Driving or navigation to be careful.

94. Prohibition of delay in transit.

95. Avoidance of danger by fire, etc.

96. Explosives not to be carried across railway bridges.

Exemptions and Savings.

97. Saving as to the conveyance of ammunition.

98. Saving as to the conveyance of small consignments.

99. Saving as to conveyance by railway.

100. Saving of liability of carrier and owner and master of a ship for breach of these rules when consignee, etc., is in fault.

PART II.—RAILWAYS.

Consignment.

101. Conveyance by railway.

102. Certain explosives not to be consigned.

103. Certificate of packing.

104. Notice of the consignment.

105. Receipt of consignment.

106. Certificate in case of nitro-compounds and chlorates.

107. Discretion of Railway to refuse improperly packed explosives.

108. Disposal of consignment on arrival at station of departure.

Loading.

109. Maximum quantities to be conveyed in one vehicle.

110. Prohibition of conveyance with inflammable substances, etc.

111. Condition of vehicle.

112. Stowing of explosives.

113. Method of stowing of explosives.

114. Method of stowing of high explosives.

115. Locking of vehicles.

Delivery.

116. Delivery to consignee.

117. Disposal when consignee fails to take delivery.

118. Protection of explosives pending removal.

Power to open packages.

119. Opening of suspected packages.

120. Disposal of opened packages.

RULES.

Precautions to be observed during loading and unloading.

121. Time of loading and unloading.

122. Loading and unloading to be continuous.

123. Place of loading and unloading.

124. Loading and unloading of Government explosives.

125. Maximum number of vehicles to be dealt with at a time.

126. Time of transhipment.

Marshalling and Shunting.

127. Maximum number of vehicles to be hauled in one train.

128. Precaution in the case of high explosives.

129. Position of vehicles in the train.

130. Shunting.

131. Limit of speed in shunting.

132. Superintendence in shunting.

Brakes.

133. Brakes.

Conveyance by passenger train.

134. Conveyance of explosives by passenger train.

135. Conveyance of explosives by mixed train.

Exemptions.

136. Saving as to cartridges for small-arms.

CHAPTER IX.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Powers of search and destruction.

137. Powers of search and destruction.

Penalties.

138. Penalties.

Exemptions.

139. Saving as to acts done in emergency, etc.

1. SCHEDULE I.—PRESCRIBED TESTS.

2. SCHEDULE II.—CLASSES OF LICENSES, LICENSING AUTHORITIES, ETC.

3. SCHEDULE III.—PRESCRIBED FORMS.

4. SCHEDULE IV.—METHODS OF PACKING.

5. TABLE OF DISTANCES.

DRAFT RULES UNDER THE INDIAN EXPLOSIVES ACT, 1884, FOR THE MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION, SALE, TRANSPORT AND IMPORTATION OF EXPLOSIVES.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. These Rules may be called the Indian Explosives Rules, 1912. Short Title.

2. All previous notifications made by the Governor General in Council under the said sections are hereby superseded, but all licenses or duplicates granted or renewed, all fees Supersession of previous notifications; and saving

imposed or levied and all powers conferred by or under any notification so superseded, shall, so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively granted, renewed, imposed, levied or conferred hereunder.

General exemptions.

3. Nothing in these rules shall apply—

(i) to the manufacture, possession, sale, packing, transport or importation of toy fireworks, such as paper caps for toy pistols, under such conditions and in such quantities as the Local Government, or, in the case of transport by rail, the Railway Board, on the recommendation of the Chief Inspector of Explosives, may from time to time determine;

(ii) to the manufacture, possession or sale of gunpowder in any of the Agency Tracts in the Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari Districts of the Presidency of Madras;

(iii) to the possession or transport of any explosive in any port in which special rules made by the Local Government under the Act are for the time being in force in so far as they are expressly superseded by, or are inconsistent with, such special rules;

(iv) to the packing, transport or importation of capped safety cartridge cases, if otherwise empty, when packed, transported or imported in the same consignment with arms covered by a license granted under the Indian Arms Act, 1878; [XI of 1878.]

(v) to

(a) the manufacture, possession and sale of tri-nitro-toluol, or

(b) the transport and importation of the same when it is packed in staunch and substantial barrels or in cases constructed of wood not less than one inch in thickness.

Definitions.

4. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:—

[IV of 1884.] (1) "The Act" means the Indian Explosives Act, 1884.

(2) "Ammunition" means any explosive when the same is enclosed in any case or contrivance, or is otherwise adapted or prepared, so as to form—

(a) a cartridge or charge for small-arms, cannon or any other weapon, or for blasting, or

(b) a safety or other fuze for blasting or for shells, or

(c) a tube for firing explosives, or

(d) a percussion-cap, detonator, fog-signal, shell, torpedo, war-rocket, or any other contrivance other than a fire-work.

(3) "Authorised explosive" means an explosive included in a list of authorised explosives prepared by the Chief Inspector of Explosives with the Government of India and in force for the time being.

(4) "Chlorate-mixture" means any explosive containing a chlorate.

(5) "Detonator" means a capsule or case which is of such strength and construction, and contains fulminate in such quantity, that the explosion of one capsule or case would communicate the explosion to other like capsules or cases.

(6) "District authority" means—

(i) in a Presidency town, or its suburbs or in Rangoon, the Commissioner of Police;

(ii) elsewhere, the Magistrate of the District.

(7) "Fulminate", means any chemical compound or mechanical mixture whatever, which, from its great susceptibility to detonation, is suitable for employment in percussion-caps or any other appliance for developing detonation, or which, from its extreme sensibility to explosion and from its great instability (that is to say, readiness to undergo decomposition from very slight exciting causes), is especially dangerous.

(8) "Gunpowder" means gunpowder ordinarily so called.

(9) "Nitrate-mixture" means any preparation, other than gunpowder, which is formed by the mechanical mixture of nitrate with any form of carbon or with any carbonaceous substance not possessed of explosive properties, whether sulphur be or be not added to such preparation, and whether such preparation be or be not mechanically mixed with any other non-explosive substance:

and includes such explosives as—

Chilworth special powder,	Bobbinite, and
Ammonal,	Westfallite.

(10) "Nitro-compound" means any chemical compound which is possessed of explosive properties or is capable of combining with metals to form an explosive compound, and is

produced by the chemical action of nitric acid (whether mixed or not with sulphuric acid), or of a nitrate mixed with sulphuric acid, upon any carbonaceous substance, whether such compound is mechanically mixed with other substances or not.

(11) "Small-arm nitro-compound" means a nitro-compound adapted and intended exclusively for use in cartridges for small-arms.

(12) "Safety cartridge"—

(*i*) means a cartridge for small-arms, the case of which can be extracted from the small-arm after firing, and which is so closed as to prevent any explosion in one cartridge being communicated to other cartridges; and

(*ii*) includes a rifle-calibre machine-gun cartridge, if it is as described in clause (*i*) whether it is for use with a machine-gun having chambers identical with those of rifles or with a machine-gun having special chambers:

Provided that the diameter of the cartridge in either case (*i*) or case (*ii*) does not exceed one inch.

(13) "Safety fuze" means a fuze for blasting which burns and does not explode, and which does not contain its own means of ignition, and which is of such strength and construction, and contains an explosive in such quantity, that the burning of such fuze would not communicate laterally with other like fuzes.

(14) "Testing authority" means the Chemical Examiner or such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.

CHAPTER II.

CLASSIFICATION OF EXPLOSIVES.

5. (1) For the purposes of these rules, explosives shall be classified as follows, namely:— Classes of explosives.

Class 1	Gunpowder.
Class 2	Nitrate-mixture.
Class 3	Nitro-compound.
Class 4	Chlorate-mixture.
Class 5	Fulminate.
Class 6	Ammunition.
Class 7	Firework.

(2) When any explosive falls within more than one of the said classes, it shall be deemed to belong exclusively to the latest of such classes.

6. Nitro-compounds shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:— Division of nitro compounds.

(*a*) Division 1, comprising—

(*i*) such explosives as—

Ballistite,	Dynamite,
Blasting gelatine,	Gelatine dynamite,
Carbonite,	Gelignite,
Cordite,	Nitro-glycerine, and

Stonite, and

(*ii*) any chemical compound or mechanically mixed preparation which consists either wholly or partly, of nitro-glycerine or some other liquid nitro-compound; and

(*b*) Division 2, comprising—

(*i*) such explosives as—

Amberite No. 2,	Gun-cotton,
Ammonite,	Picric powder,
Bellite,	Roburite,
Coopal's powder,	Schultz's powder, and
E. C. sporting powder,	Tonite (or cotton powder),

and

(ii) any nitro-compound, as hereinbefore defined, which is not comprised in Division 1.

7. Chlorate-mixtures shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely :— Division of chlorate-mixtures.

(a) Division 1, comprising—

(i) such explosives as—

Permonite, and

Polarite, and

(ii) any chlorate preparation which consists partly of nitro-glycerine or of some other liquid nitro-compound, and

(b) Division 2, comprising—

(i) such explosives as—

Cheddite, and

Steelite, and

(ii) any chlorate-mixture, as hereinbefore defined, which is not comprised in Division 1.

8. Fulminates shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely :— Division of fulminates.

(a) Division 1 comprising such compounds as the fulminates of silver and of mercury, and preparations of those substances, such as are used in percussion-caps, and any preparation consisting of a mixture of a chlorate with phosphorus, or certain descriptions of compounds of phosphorus, with or without the addition of carbonaceous matter, and any preparation consisting of a mixture of a chlorate with sulphur, or with sulphuret, with or without carbonaceous matter; and

(b) Division 2, comprising such substances as the chloride and the iodide of nitrogen, fulminating gold and silver, diazobenzol, and the nitrate of diazobenzol.

9. Ammunition shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely :— Division of ammunition.

(a) Division 1, comprising exclusively—

Safety cartridges,

Safety fuzes for blasting,

Railway fog-signals, and

Percussion-caps; and

(b) Division 2, comprising any ammunition, as hereinbefore defined, which *does not contain* its own means of ignition and is not included in Division 1, such as—

Cartridges for small-arms, other than safety cartridges,

Cartridges and charges for cannon, shells, mines, blasting or other like purposes,

Shells and torpedoes containing any explosive,

Fuzes for blasting, other than safety fuzes,

Fuzes for shells,

Tubes for firing explosives, and

War-rockets,

which do not contain their own means of ignition; and

(c) Division 3, comprising any ammunition, as hereinbefore defined, which *contains* its own means of ignition and is not included in Division 1, such as—

Detonators,

Cartridges for small-arms, which are not safety cartridges,

Fuzes for blasting, which are not safety fuzes,

Fuzes for shells, and

Tubes for firing explosives,

containing their own means of ignition.

Explanations.—The expression "ammunition containing its own means of ignition" means ammunition having an arrangement, whether attached to or forming part of the ammunition, which is adapted to explode or fire the ammunition by friction or percussion.

The expression "percussion-cap" does not include a detonator.

10. Fireworks shall, for the purposes of these rules, be sub-divided as follows, namely:— Division of fireworks

(*a*) Division 1, comprising *firework compositions*, that is to say,—

(*i*) any chemical compound or mechanically mixed preparation of an explosive or inflammable nature, which is used for the purpose of making manufactured fireworks, and is not included in any of the foregoing definitions,

(*ii*) any star, and

(*iii*) (except as declared in the proviso to this rule) any coloured fire composition; and

(*b*) Division 2, comprising *manufactured fireworks*, that is to say, any explosive of Class 1, 2, 3, 4 or 6 and any firework composition, when such explosive or composition is enclosed in any case or contrivance, or is otherwise manufactured so as to form a squib, cracker, toy cap or amorce, serpent, rocket (other than a war rocket), maroon, lance, wheel, Chinese fire, Roman candle, or other article specially adapted for the production of pyrotechnic effects or pyrotechnic signals or sound signals:

Provided that a substantially constructed and hermetically closed metal case, containing not more than one pound of coloured fire composition of such a nature as not to be liable to spontaneous ignition, shall be deemed to be a "manufactured firework" and not a "firework composition".

CHAPTER III.

IMPORTATION.

11. No explosive shall be imported into British India by land or sea— When license to import is requisite.

(*i*) unless it is an authorised explosive,

(*ii*) except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules:

Provided that nothing in sub-clause (*ii*) of this rule shall apply to—

(*a*) an explosive conveyed or landed under rule 21 or rule 22;

(*b*) any explosive coming under the head of ammunition as defined by the Indian Arms Act, 1878, imported by any person lawfully entitled under that Act or the rules thereunder for the time being in force to possess such explosive, in such quantities as may be prescribed by that Act or the rules thereunder for the time being in force, or (when no quantities are prescribed) in reasonable quantities for his own private use:

Further provided that when an explosive is so imported, the Collector of Customs or any other officer empowered by the Local Government in this behalf may at any time detain such explosive until he receives the orders of the Local Government thereon.

12. An explosive shall not be imported by sea except into the ports of— Ports at which importation by sea is permitted.

Calcutta (including Moyapur and Diamond Harbour),

Rangoon,	Calicut,
Madras,	Karachi, and
Bombay,	Aden:

Provided that—

(*i*) crackers may be imported into the ports of Negapatam and Moulmein;

(*ii*) an explosive which has passed the test (if any) prescribed by these rules at Rangoon, Madras or Bombay, may be re-imported—

(*a*) from Rangoon into the ports of Akyab, Moulmein, Sandoway, Kyaukpyu, Tavoy, Mergui and Victoria Point,

(*b*) from Madras into the ports of Tuticorin, Cochin, Bimlipatam, Coconada, Negapatam, Mangalore, Gopalpore, Vizagapatam, Pamban and Masulipatam, or

(*c*) from Bombay into the ports of Cochin and Mangalore, and

(*iii*) an explosive which has passed the test prescribed by the rules for the time being in force made by the Governor of the Straits Settlements in Council under the Explosives Ordinance, 1899, or such other law for the time being in force in those Settlements, may be imported from Penang into the port of Victoria Point.

13. No explosives, other than those required *bonâ fide* for blasting purposes, shall be imported from Portuguese India. Importation of explosives from Portuguese India.

Testing of explosives.

14. No license for the importation of an explosive shall be granted unless such explosive is certified by the testing authority to have passed the test (if any) prescribed by rule 16 for such explosives. Testing of imported explosives.

15. No test shall be necessary :— Explosives exempted from testing.

(*i*) in the case of gunpowder, ammunition (Division 1), fulminates and fireworks ; or

(*ii*) in the case of a nitrate-mixture :

Provided that—

(*a*) the Local Government or the licensing authority may direct that any nitrate-mixture shall be subjected to such analysis by such officer as the Local Government may prescribe ; and

(*b*) where an analysis has been prescribed under sub-clause (*a*), such nitrate-mixture is certified by the officer appointed as aforesaid to have passed such analysis.

16. Any explosive not specified in rule 15 shall be subject to the test set forth in Schedule I as applicable to such explosive. Nature of test prescribed.

17. (1) When an explosive required by rule 16 to be tested— Exemption of re-imported explosives from testing.

(*a*) has been tested at any of the ports at which importation by sea is permitted under rule 12 and has been imported thence, or

(*b*) is re-imported or imported under and in accordance with provisos (*ii*) and (*iii*) to rule 12,

such explosive shall be exempted from any fresh test under these rules provided that it is accompanied by—

(*i*) a certificate of such testing, and

(*ii*) (in the case of a nitro-compound or a chlorate-mixture) a certificate or (provided the original is produced for verification) copy of a certificate that the explosive is of standard purity, and (in the case of dynamite or any nitro-glycerine compound) that there are no signs of liquefaction or of exuded nitro-glycerine.

(2) The certificate referred to in sub-clause (*ii*) of clause (1)—

(*a*) shall bear the signature of one of the officers mentioned in clause (2) of rule 106 or, if the explosives are imported from Penang, of the officer authorised in this behalf by the Government of the Straits Settlements, and

(*b*) shall ordinarily be valid for six months after date : provided that, in the case of dynamite and other nitro-glycerine compounds which are not used as propellants as defined in rule 73,

(*i*) such certificate shall lapse on the 31st July, and

(*ii*) a fresh certificate may be demanded for each consignment imported between the 1st April and the 31st July (both inclusive).

18. On the arrival in any port at which the importation of explosives is lawful of a ship having on board an explosive, such officer as the Chief Customs-officer of the port may authorise in this behalf shall, as soon as may be, proceed on board, and if analysis or testing is required by these rules, obtain samples of the explosive ; and the master of the ship shall give to such officer, without charge, such samples as he may require. Procedure on arrival of ship in port.

19. The officer taking samples of the explosive under rule 18 shall affix to each such sample the name of the ship and of the consignee and such other distinguishing marks as he may think necessary and shall forward the same to the testing authority. Despatch of samples to the testing authority.

20. The testing authority shall test or analyse the samples (as the case may be) and shall without delay forward to the licensing authority (through the Chief Customs-officer) a report under his signature certifying whether the explosive has satisfied the prescribed test or analysis. Testing of samples by the testing authority.

Importation in anticipation of the grant of a license to import.

21. Any authorised explosive may— Importation by sea in anticipation of the grant of a license.

(a) if it is certified by the manufacturer to be of British manufacture; or

(b) (not being of British manufacture) if it is imported from the United Kingdom and is covered by a certificate granted by one of His Majesty's Inspectors of Explosives in the United Kingdom showing that it has passed the United Kingdom tests; or

(c) (not being of British manufacture) if the Governor-General in Council, being satisfied that it has been manufactured under adequate official supervision, permits;

be imported by sea and landed, in anticipation of the grant of a license to import, at any port at which the landing of such explosive is permitted under rule 12 in accordance with such regulations as the Local Government may prescribe in this behalf.

22. Any authorised explosive may be imported into British India by land in anticipation of the grant of a license to import if it is certified by the manufacturer to be of British manufacture. Importation by land in anticipation of the grant of a license.

23. No explosive shall be imported or landed under rules 21 or 22 until the consignee has given notice of his intention to import such explosive to the Chief Customs-officer or the District authority in whose jurisdiction the place or magazine appointed under rule 24 is situated, and has given to such officer an undertaking (without security or with such security as that officer deems sufficient) that he will, in the event of the explosive failing to pass the prescribed test or analysis, comply with such directions as to its disposal as the Local Government may issue. Requirements to be fulfilled by importer and consignee prior to importation.

24. An explosive imported or landed under rules 21 and 22 shall, under such conditions as may be prescribed by the Local Government, be conveyed to and stored in a place set apart by the Local Government for this purpose or any private magazine declared by the Local Government to be suitable therefor: Disposal of explosives imported.

Provided that explosives not of British manufacture shall not be transported by rail until a license to import such explosives has been granted.

25. The person owning or being in charge of the magazine to which the explosive imported by land has been conveyed under rule 24 shall, if analysis or testing of the explosive is required by these rules, forthwith deliver without charge to such officer or person as may be appointed by the Local Government in this behalf such samples as he may require. Delivery of samples by owner or person in charge of the magazine and the testing of such samples.

The samples shall be tested or analysed in accordance with the procedure laid down in rules 19 and 20, the report of the testing officer being forwarded to the licensing authority through the officer or person from whom he received the samples.

26. The explosive shall not be removed or distributed from the place or magazine to which it has been conveyed under rule 24, until a license has been granted for its importation and until the person in charge of the magazine has received notice from the licensing authority that it may be so removed or distributed. Distribution prohibited till license is granted.

CHAPTER IV.

TRANSPORT.

27. Explosives required *bona fide* for blasting purposes shall not be transported except under and in accordance with a license granted under these rules: When license to transport is requisite.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to :—

(i) the transport by the holder of a license in form E of any of the explosives covered by his license, and of safety fuzes for blasting in such quantities as he may require for his private use,

(ii) the transport of explosives which are covered by a license for their importation and are being transported in accordance with such license from the port or other place of import to the place of destination,

(iii) the transport of explosives from the port or other place of import under rule 24 to the places indicated in that rule.

Licenses for the general transport of explosives for blasting.

28. An application for a license in Form 2 (for the general transport of explosives for blasting purposes) shall be in writing and shall state particulars as to the place from which, and the place or places to which, it is desired to transport explosives. Application for license for general transport.

29. When the place or places to which explosives are to be transported is or are outside the local limits of the authority of the licensing officer, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the District authority in whose jurisdiction such place is situated. Procedure in granting a license for general transport.

30. Every consignment of explosives transported under a license in Form 2 shall be accompanied by a pass issued by the licensee in the form prescribed in Form 2; and such pass shall (if the consignment be despatched by rail) be attached to the way-bill or invoice, as the case may be. Procedure in transporting explosives under license for general transport.

31. A copy of every pass issued under rule 30 shall forthwith be sent— Procedure in issuing passes.

(i) to the licensing authority; and

(ii) when the place to which the consignment is sent is outside the local limits of the authority of the licensing officer, to the officer indicated in rule 29.

CHAPTER V.

MANUFACTURE, POSSESSION AND SALE.

Manufacture.

32. An explosive shall not be manufactured except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for such manufacture:— When license to manufacture is requisite.

Provided that no license under this rule to manufacture shall be necessary—

(a) for the making of a small quantity of an explosive for the purpose of chemical experiment and not for practical use or for sale; or

(b) for the filling for private use, and not for sale, of any safety cartridges to the amount allowed by these rules to be possessed for private use; or

(c) in the case of any person who, holding a license under these rules to possess an explosive—

(i) fills with the said explosive, for sale or otherwise, cartridges for small-arms; or

(ii) by filling cartridges, making charges or drying, sifting, fitting or otherwise, adapts or prepares the said explosive for use exclusively in his mine or quarry or in some excavation or work carried on by him or under his control.

33 The following conditions shall be observed by every person filling cartridges for small-arms under clause (c) (i) of the proviso to rule 32:— Conditions to be observed by persons filling cartridges.

(a) there shall not be in the room in which such filling is being carried on more than five pounds of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound or such quantity of any other explosive as is prescribed by the Local Government in this behalf unless it is made up into safety cartridges;

(b) no work unconnected with the making of cartridges shall be carried on in the said room while such filling is being carried on;

(c) there shall not be in the said room, while such filling is being carried on, any fire or any artificial light, except a light of such construction, position and character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion;

(d) if filling is done on magazine premises, the said room shall be detached from the magazine, but shall be situated in the immediate neighbourhood thereof and at such distance therefrom as may be specified on the license by the authority granting the same; and

(e) the licensee shall give notice to the authority which granted his license that he intends to carry on such filling of cartridges as is allowed by this rule.

34. The following conditions shall be observed by every person adapting or preparing explosives under clause (c) (ii) of the proviso to rule 32:— Conditions to be observed by persons adapting or preparing cartridges.

(a) there shall not be in the workshop in which such adaptation or preparation is carried on more than one hundred pounds of gunpowder, or such quantity of any other explosive as is prescribed by the Local Government in this behalf;

(b) no work unconnected with such adaptation or preparation shall be carried on in the said workshop while such adaptation or preparation is being carried on;

(c) the said workshop shall be detached from the magazine or licensed premises, but shall be situated in the immediate neighbourhood thereof and at such distance therefrom as may be specified on the license by the authority granting the same;

(*d*) an explosive of one description shall not be converted into an explosive of another description, and an explosive shall not be unmade or resolved into its ingredients; and

(*e*) the licensee shall give notice to the authority which granted his license that he intends to carry on such adaptation or preparation as is allowed by this rule.

Possession.

When license possess is requisite

35. An explosive shall not be possessed except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for possession:—

Provided that no license under these rules shall be necessary for the possession—

(*a*) of any explosive by a carrier or other person for the purpose of transport, when the same is being kept or transported in accordance with the provisions of Chapter VIII regulating the transport of such explosive, or

(*b*) of any explosive on board any ship in fulfilment of the requirements of the Merchant Shipping Acts, or of any order or regulation thereunder for the time being in force; or

[XI of 1878.] (*c*) by any person who is lawfully entitled under the Indian Arms Act, 1878, or the rules for the time being in force thereunder, to possess any explosive coming under the head of ammunition as defined in that Act, of such explosives in such quantities as may be prescribed by the said Act or rules, or, when no quantities are so prescribed, in reasonable quantities for his own private use; or

(*d*) by any person, of explosives under and in accordance with the conditions of a permit granted under rule 68, rule 69, rule 70 or rule 71;

(*e*) (elsewhere than in Burma) by any person, of manufactured fireworks in any quantity—

(*i*) in a municipality, not exceeding fifty pounds,

(*ii*) elsewhere, not exceeding two hundred pounds,

when the same are obtained and intended by such person for immediate use and not for sale and are possessed by him for a period not exceeding fourteen days, and when they are kept in a substantial receptacle which is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access to the explosives;

(*f*) by any person for his own private use and not for sale, of—

(*i*) gunpowder in any quantity not exceeding thirty pounds; or

(*ii*) safety cartridges made with gunpowder and containing in all not more than one hundred and fifty pounds of gunpowder; or

(*iii*) cartridges (non-safety) for small-arms, made with gunpowder and containing in all not more than five pounds of gunpowder; or

(*iv*) cartridges for cannon or blasting, made with gunpowder, and not containing their own means of ignition, and containing in all not more than thirty pounds of gunpowder; or

(*v*) cartridges for small-arms, made with small-arm nitro-compound and containing in all not more than ten pounds of small-arm nitro-compound, or

(*vi*) a small-arm nitro-compound in any quantity not exceeding ten pounds; or

(*vii*) percussion-caps or safety fuzes for blasting; or

(*viii*) railway fog-signals and flare-lights when kept by a railway company for use on their railway;

Provided that the quantity of explosive kept by any person under clause (*f*) shall be in substitution of the like quantity by weight of any other explosive which might otherwise be so kept by him and, that the quantity of such other explosive shall be reduced accordingly; and, further, that, if the explosive so kept for private use under this clause is in any other form than that of cartridges for small-arms, the explosive of which the quantity is so to be reduced shall be some explosive other than safety cartridges made with gunpowder.

Saving of prohibition under the Act.

36. Nothing in rule 32 or rule 35 shall be deemed to authorise the manufacture or possession of an explosive in contravention of any prohibition notified under section 6 of the Act, and for the time being in force.

Sale.

37. An explosive shall not be sold except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license granted under these rules for such sale : When license for sale is requisite.

Provided that this rule shall not apply to the sale by any person of an explosive which he is lawfully entitled to possess for his own private use to any person who is lawfully entitled to possess the same.

CHAPTER VI.

MAGAZINES.

38. An applicant for a license to possess explosives in and to sell explosives from a magazine (other than a floating magazine) shall submit to the district authority an application in Form G in Schedule III, and shall comply with the conditions embodied therein. Procedure in applying for license in Form J.

39. Upon receipt of the said application the district authority shall forthwith cause notice to be published of such application and of the time and place at which he will be prepared to hear it, and calling upon any person objecting to the establishment of the magazine on the proposed site to give notice of such objection to him and to the applicant not less than seven clear days before the day fixed for hearing the application, together with his name, address and calling, and a short statement of the grounds of his objection. Issue of notices to objectors to the site of the magazine.

The day of hearing the application shall be a day following soon after the expiration of the period of one month referred to in rule 41.

40. Where the site of the proposed magazine lies within, or within one mile of the limits of, the jurisdiction of any municipal or port authority, the applicant shall prepare, for service on such authority, a notice of the application and of the said day of hearing. Notices to local authorities.

41. The notice under rule 39 shall be published and the notice under rule 40 served, at the expense of the applicant, by the district authority not less than one month before the said day of hearing. Publication and service of notices.

42. On the day fixed for the hearing, or any day to which such hearing may be adjourned from time to time, the district authority shall hear any objections preferred in accordance with rule 39, and by any authority referred to in rule 40, and shall make such inquiry as he may deem necessary. Inquiry into objections.

43. On completion of the inquiry the district authority shall forward the application (accompanied by a draft license in Form J of Schedule III) to the Chief Inspector of Explosives together with a report stating whether he— Report on completion of inquiry.

(*a*) disapproves of the proposed site for the magazine, or

(*b*) approves of the proposed site either unconditionally or subject to any such restrictions or precautions as he considers necessary.

44. The Chief Inspector of Explosives shall forward to the applicant a statement in Form H in Schedule III, showing the distances which should, in his opinion, be kept clear round the magazine. Such distances should ordinarily be those specified in the table annexed to these rules. Procedure to be observed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives on receipt of report.

45. The said form H shall be returned, with the third column duly filled in, by the applicant to the Chief Inspector of Explosives, who shall submit it to the licensing authority with his recommendations and with the draft license and a statement in Form I showing the distances which, after considering any representation made by the applicant when returning Form H to him, he considers should be kept clear round the magazine. Submission of application to the licensing authority.

46. The licensing authority may thereupon grant the license as applied for with such modifications or restrictions (if any) as may be deemed proper, or may reject the application. Grant of license.

47. A copy of every license granted under rule 46 shall be forwarded to the Chief Inspector of Explosives, and the original license shall be forwarded to the district authority if the license has not been granted by him. Procedure on grant of license.

48. The district authority when satisfied that all the conditions prescribed in the license in regard to the magazine have been complied with, shall forthwith endorse the license, and unless and until so endorsed the license shall not come into force. Endorsement of license.

If it is decided not to endorse a license the district authority shall forthwith inform the Chief Inspector of Explosives and the licensing authority (if the license has not been granted by the district authority).

CHAPTER VII.

LICENSES AND PERMITS.

Grant of Licenses.

49. (*1*) Licenses for the importation, transport, manufacture, possession and sale of an explosive may be granted by the licensing authorities set forth in Schedule II in the forms, for the purposes, subject to the conditions and on payment of the fees, specified therein. Forms of licenses, licensing authorities and fees.

(*2*) Licenses granted in accordance with the provisions of these rules shall be valid for such period as is specified in column 7 of Schedule II. Validity of license.

50. (*1*) Every license granted under these rules shall be deemed to be granted subject to the conditions contained therein. Conditions under which licenses are held.

(*2*) Such conditions shall comprise all those specified in the prescribed form and—

(*a*) (in the case of a license in Form J or Form K) such further conditions as the licensing authority may impose, or

(*b*) (in the case of a license in Form I) such further conditions as the licensing authority may think necessary in respect to the time and place of unloading, landing, delivery and conveyance of the explosive, and expedient for the public safety or in the interest of the State.

(*3*) Such conditions shall, in the case of a license granted by the Governor General in Council to manufacture any explosive in any quantity, include all the conditions prescribed under these rules and in the forms of license for possessing such explosive in such quantity.

Amendment of licenses.

51. (*1*) Provided that these rules are otherwise complied with, every license granted under them may be amended by the authority granting such license. Amendment of licenses.

(*2*) A licensee who desires to have his license amended shall submit it to the district authority with an application stating the nature of the amendment and the reasons for it. The district authority, in cases in which the original license was not granted by him, shall forward the license and the application with his recommendation to the licensing authority direct, or, if the license to be amended is in Form J or Form K, through the Chief Inspector of Explosives:

Provided that the Chief Inspector of Explosives shall be consulted before a license in Form J originally granted by the district authority is amended.

(*3*) No fee shall be charged for the amendment of a license.

Renewal of Licenses.

52. The Local Government may, from time to time, renew, on the same or on altered conditions, any license granted by the Governor General in Council for the manufacture of explosives: Renewal of licenses issued by the Governor General in Council.

Provided as follows:—

(*i*) no such renewal shall admit of the manufacture of any explosive other than that specified in the original license;

(*ii*) every such renewal shall first be approved by an Inspector of Explosives and

(*iii*) every such renewal shall be for a period not exceeding one year.

53. (*1*) The authority granting a license in Form J may renew such license on the same or altered conditions. Renewal of licenses in Form J.

(*2*) A licensee who desires such renewal shall, within the period specified in rule 56, submit the license to the Chief Inspector of Explosives with a written application stating the quantity and description of explosives for the storage of which he desires the license to be renewed.

(*3*) On receipt of such application the Chief Inspector of Explosives shall, if there is any proposed variation in the particulars of the license, and if he considers it necessary to do so, send to the applicant a statement in Form H in Schedule III hereto annexed, showing the distances which should, in his opinion, be kept clear round the magazine.

(*4*) The procedure prescribed in rules 45 to 48 shall then be followed, so far as it is applicable.

54. Every license for the manufacture, possession or sale of explosives not provided for in rule 52 or rule 53 may, unless the circumstances have so changed that the grant of a new license either would not be authorised under the Act and these rules, or is deemed objectionable by the licensing authority, be renewed on application made within the period specified in rule 56. Renewal of licenses not provided for in rule 52 or rule 53.

55. Every license for the general transport of explosives may be renewed by the authority granting such license. Renewal of license for general transport for blasting explosives.

56. Every application for the renewal of a license shall be made at a date not less than thirty days before the date on which the original license expires, and if the application is so made, the magazine or premises shall be held to be duly licensed or the transport license shall be held to be duly granted until such date as the licensing authority issues the renewed license or until an intimation that the renewal of the license is refused has been communicated to the applicant. Time for making application for the renewal of a license.

57. The fee chargeable for renewing any license shall be the fee originally chargeable under these rules on such license. Fee chargeable on renewal of license.

Expiration of licenses.

58. A person licensed to manufacture, possess or sell any explosive shall on the expiration or forfeiture of his license, forthwith give notice to the district authority of the description and quantity of explosives in his possession, and shall comply with any directions which the said district authority may think fit to give in regard to the possession or transport of the same. Procedure on expiration or forfeiture of license.

59. (*1*) On receiving a notice under rule 58 the said district authority may grant for a term not exceeding three months from the date of such expiration or forfeiture, as the case may be, a temporary license for the possession or sale of the actual stock of explosives which is held at the time of the issue of such license. Issue of temporary license when original has expired or been forfeited.

(*2*) The fee chargeable on such license shall bear the same proportion to the fee charged on the expired or forfeited license as the period covered by the temporary license bears to a full year.

60. (*1*) When any person holding a license under these rules dies, or is adjudicated an insolvent, or is otherwise disqualified by operation of law from continuing the business in respect of which the license was granted, any person carrying on such business shall forthwith apply to the proper licensing authority for the grant of a new license in his own name for the unexpired portion of the original license. Death, etc., of licensee.

(*2*) No person applying for a license under clause (1) shall, during such time as is reasonably necessary for making his application, and during the pendency thereof, be liable to any penalty under the Act or these rules for carrying on the business and acting under the license, so that he otherwise conforms with the provisions of the Act and these rules.

(*3*) The fee chargeable on such new license shall be one rupee:

Provided that no fee shall be charged on a new license in Form 2 or Form E of Schedule III.

Forfeiture of licenses.

61. Every license granted under these rules shall be liable to be forfeited by the licensing authority on breach of any of the conditions contained therein, and also by the Local Government if at any time the continuance of the license in the hands of the licensee is deemed objectionable. Liability of license to forfeiture.

General Provisions as to Licenses.

62. (*1*) Every person holding a license, or acting under a license, granted under these rules shall be bound to produce the same, or an authenticated copy kept at the magazine or place to which the license applies, when called upon to do so by an Inspector of Explosives, or any Magistrate, or any Police-officer not below the rank of a Police-officer in charge of a police-station; and Production of licenses or passes on demand.

(*2*) Any person in charge of a consignment of blasting materials under cover of a pass, issued by a holder of a license in Form 2 of Schedule III shall be bound to produce such pass when called upon to do so by any of the officers aforesaid.

(*3*) Copies of any license may, for the purposes of this rule, be authenticated free of charge by any of the officers aforesaid or by the authority which granted the license.

63. Any authority granting a license under these rules may, if such authority thinks fit, direct by an order written on the license that it shall have the effect of a like license granted by [XI of 1878.] the like authority under the Indian Arms Act, 1878. Validity of licenses under the Arms Act.

64. When a license granted under these rules is lost or destroyed through no fault of the licensee, a duplicate may be granted to the licensee on payment of a fee of eight annas. Duplicate licenses in case of loss of license.

65. All fees chargeable under these rules shall be collected by impressed stamps: Mode of payment of fees.

Provided that, when such fees have been made over to any local authority, they shall be collected in such manner as the local authority may from time to time direct.

6

66. Every authority empowered to grant, amend or renew a license may, in its discretion, — Discretion of authority empowered to grant, amend or renew licenses.

(a) refuse to grant, amend or renew such license, or

(b) refer the application for orders to the Government (if any) to which it is subordinate. — Executive control over licensing authorities.

67. All subordinate authorities acting under this chapter shall perform their duties subject to the control of their executive superiors and of the Local Government.

Permits for temporary possession of explosives.

68. (1) A permit may be granted to the holder of a license in Form J or Form K, to store in his magazine subject to the conditions of his license (except in this respect) and for a period not exceeding one month, any quantity of explosives in excess of that entered in his license. — Permit for temporary storage of explosives in a magazine in excess of licensed quantities.

(2) Such permit shall be granted by the authority who issued the license and only when it is proved to his satisfaction that the excess storage is due to unforeseen circumstances.

(3) An application for such a permit shall state clearly the necessity for the excess storage and shall be submitted to the district authority who shall forward it to the licensing authority through the Chief Inspector of Explosives, or, if he is himself the licensing authority, shall obtain the opinion of the Chief Inspector of Explosives before granting the permit.

69. Elsewhere than in Burma a permit may be granted to any person to possess, in a municipality, manufactured fireworks in any quantity exceeding fifty pounds but not exceeding two hundred pounds and for any period not exceeding fourteen days, provided that such fireworks are obtained and intended by such person for immediate use and not for sale and are kept in a substantial receptacle which is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access to them. — Permit for temporary possession of fireworks by non-licensees elsewhere than in Burma.

Such permit shall be granted by a Magistrate of the first class or a Police-officer not below the rank of Assistant or Deputy Superintendent of Police.

70. In Burma a permit may be granted to any person to possess manufactured fireworks in any quantity not exceeding two hundred pounds and for any period not exceeding fourteen days, provided such fireworks are obtained and intended by such person for immediate use and not for sale and are kept in a substantial receptacle which is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access to them. — Permit for temporary possession of fireworks by non-licensees in Burma.

Such permit shall be granted by a Magistrate of the first class or a Police-officer not below the rank of a District Superintendent of Police.

71. A permit may be granted to a holder of a license in Form A, Form B, Form C or Form D to possess, subject to the conditions in his license (except in this respect), any quantity of manufactured fireworks not exceeding one thousand pounds— — Permit to possess fireworks in excess of licensed quantities.

(a) in the Presidency of Madras—

for a period of two days at the time of the Dipavali festival—

by any Magistrate of the first class or any Police-officer not below the rank of an Assistant or Deputy Superintendent of Police;

(b) in the Presidency of Bombay—

for a period of seven days—

by a Magistrate of the first class or (in the city of Bombay), by the Commissioner of Police;

(c) in the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh—

for a period of seven days—

by the District Magistrate.

CHAPTER VIII.

PRECAUTIONS TO BE OBSERVED IN TRANSPORTING EXPLOSIVES.

Part I.—General.

Packing and Marking.

72. No explosive shall be tendered for conveyance or conveyed unless packed and marked in accordance with the provisions of Rules 73 to 77, or (in the case of explosives conveyed under rule 24) in accordance with the rules in force in the United Kingdom at the time of embarkation. Prohibition of consignment or conveyance of improperly packed explosives.

73. Whatever be the nature of the explosive and to whatever Class it belongs, the following general rules shall be observed :— Packing of explosives.

(*1*) The interior of every package shall be free from grit and otherwise clean.

(*2*) Save as is provided in Schedule IV, there shall not be any iron or steel in the construction of any package unless the same is covered with suitable material so as effectually to prevent the exposure of such iron or steel.

(*3*) Every package, when actually used for the packing of one explosive shall not be used for the packing of any other explosive or any other article or substance :

Provided that this rule shall not prevent the packing of inner packages containing a propellant in an outer package with inner packages containing gunpowder or other propellant :

Provided also that with ammunition (Division I) there may be packed in the same package any article which is not of an inflammable or explosive nature, or liable to cause fire or explosion.

(*4*) Nothing in this rule shall be deemed to prohibit the use of an additional package, whether inner or outer: provided that such additional package shall not be of such character as shall have been prohibited in writing by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

Explanation.—Unless the context otherwise requires,—

the expression "outer package" means a box, barrel, case or cylinder of wood, metal or other solid material, of such strength, construction and character that it will not be broken or accidentally opened, nor become defective or insecure whilst being conveyed, and will not allow any explosive to escape;

the expression "inner package" means a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent any explosive from escaping;

the expression "propellant" means an authorised explosive of the nitro-compound class adapted and intended exclusively for use as a propelling charge in cannon or small-arms.

74. The method of packing authorized explosives of various Classes, respectively, and the maximum amounts which may be packed in any one package shall be those indicated in Schedule IV. Packing of authorised explosives.

75. Explosives which are not authorized explosives shall be packed subject to such special precautions as may be prescribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives. Packing of explosives which are not authorized.

76. (*1*) On the outermost package there shall be affixed in conspicuous characters, by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark the word "Explosive", the name of the explosive, the number of the Class and of the Division to which it belongs, and the name of the manufacturer or sender. Labelling and marking of packages.

(*2*) In the case of a nitro-compound or of a chlorate-mixture there shall be added the date of manufacture or issue from the factory, or such sign indicating such date as may be approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.

Provided that—

(*a*) in the case of cartridges or charges for cannon, shells, mines, blasting or other like purpose, which do not contain their own means of ignition, the marking shall be as for the explosive when not so made up;

(*b*) in the case of ammunition (Division I) (safety fuzes excepted), there shall be added the words "Not liable to explode in bulk";

(*c*) in the case of pin-fire cartridges for pistols, there shall be added the words "Pin fire cartridges"; and

(*d*) in the case of safety fuzes or gunpowder, the word "Explosive" and the number of the Class and Division may be omitted.

(*3*) Where an outer package contains more than one explosive, the marking above required shall be affixed separately in respect of each explosive so contained.

77. To meet special cases the Chief Inspector of Explosives may, by order in writing, subject to such conditions (if any) as he may think fit to impose, relax any of the conditions imposed by rules 73 to 76. Relaxation of packing rules.

Consignment.

78. (1) No person shall forward to any warehouseman or carrier any explosive unless he has given notice to such warehouseman or carrier of his intention to forward such explosive and has received an intimation from such warehouseman or carrier that he is prepared to receive such consignment. Despatch of explosives to carrier.

(2) Such notice shall state—

(a) the name and quantity of the explosive to be conveyed; and

(b) the name and address of the consignee.

79. No warehouseman or carrier shall send such an intimation as is specified in rule 78 unless he is prepared to receive it, and Receipt of explosives by carrier.

(a) forthwith to despatch such explosive, or

(b) to deposit it in an authorised magazine or at a place at which some person is licensed to possess such explosive in such quantity.

Precautions to be observed in loading and unloading explosives.

80. No explosive shall be loaded on, or unloaded from, any carriage or vessel between sunset and sunrise. Loading and unloading to be by daylight.

81. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person shall, nor shall any person be allowed to, bring into, have or use in, dangerous proximity to such explosive any fire or any article or liquid or substance which is liable to cause or communicate fire or explosion (such as charcoal, matches or petroleum) or (unless the use of a light is unavoidable) any light: Prohibition of naked lights, etc.

Provided that when the use of a light for the purposes of loading or unloading is unavoidable a light may be used if it be of such construction and character and in such position as not to cause any danger from fire or explosion.

82. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person shall smoke, nor shall be allowed to smoke, on, in or dangerously near to the carriage or vessel containing such explosive. Prohibition of smoking.

83. During the loading or unloading of an explosive no person wearing boots or shoes with iron or steel nails, heels or tips, shall handle, nor shall be allowed to handle, such explosive. Prohibition of nailed boots, etc.

84. In the loading or unloading of an explosive the casks or packages containing the explosive shall be passed from hand to hand and shall not be rolled along, and they shall not be thrown down or dropped but shall be carefully deposited and stowed. Method of handling explosives.

Loading.

85. (1) Explosives shall be conveyed whenever possible in the interior of a carriage so enclosed on all sides with wood or metal, or in the hold of a vessel having a close deck so closed, as effectually to protect the explosives from communication of fire; and Protection of explosives in transit.

(2) When they cannot be so conveyed, they shall be completely covered with a painted cloth, tarpaulin or other suitable material so as effectually to protect the explosives from communication of fire.

86. The quantity of explosives conveyed in any one carriage or vessel shall not exceed two thousand pounds: Maximum consignments allowed.

Provided that where the explosives are conveyed under the conditions set forth in clause (1) of rule 85, the quantity of explosives may exceed two thousand pounds, but shall not exceed ten tons in any one carriage on a railway or two tons in any one other carriage or twenty tons in any one vessel.

87. No explosive, which contains its own means of ignition, shall be conveyed in any carriage or vessel which is being used for the conveyance of an explosive not of the same Class and Division, unless it is sufficiently separated therefrom to prevent any fire or explosion which may take place in one such explosive being communicated to another. Explosives of different kinds to be kept apart.

88. Due precautions shall be taken by means of a partition or otherwise, and by careful stowing, to secure any explosive from being brought into contact with, or endangered by, any other article or substance conveyed in the carriage or vessel which is liable to cause fire or explosion; and if the explosive is dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water from coming into contact with such explosive. Dangers from fire and water to be guarded against.

89. All iron or steel in the interior of the portion of the carriage or vessel with which the package containing any explosive is or may come in contact, shall be effectually covered with leather, wood, cloth or other suitable material. Protection from naked iron or steel.

Conveyance.

90. No explosive shall be conveyed in any carriage or vessel plying for or carrying public passengers. Explosives not to be sent by public carriage or vessel.

91. The carriage or vessel conveying an explosive shall be in charge of, and constantly attended by, some competent person, or by a sufficient number of competent persons. Carriage or vessel to be in charge of competent person or persons.

92. No person who is intoxicated shall, nor shall he be permitted to, have charge of, or be in, on or attending to, any carriage or vessel conveying explosives. Intoxicated person not to have charge of carriage or vessel.

93. The person in charge of a carriage or vessel conveying an explosive shall not drive, conduct or manœuvre such carriage or vessel in a dangerous or negligent manner. Driving or navigation to be careful.

94. If the quantity of explosive conveyed in the carriage or vessel exceeds 100 pounds the person or persons in charge of such carriage or vessel shall not stop or delay at any place for a longer time than may be reasonably necessary, nor stop unnecessarily at any place where such stopping would be attended by public danger. Prohibition of delay in transit.

95. No person shall, during the conveyance of an explosive, do any act or thing in relation to the explosive which is liable to cause fire or explosion and is not reasonably necessary for the conveyance of the explosive or for work immediately connected with such conveyance. Avoidance of danger by fire, etc.

96. No explosive shall be carried otherwise than by rail across any railway bridge across which reasonable facilities for the conveyance thereof by rail are afforded by the Railway Administration : Explosives not to be carried across railway bridges.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to—

(a) ammunition, Class 6, Division 1, in any quantity; or

(b) any quantity of gunpowder, or of a nitro-compound or of ammunition, Class 6, Divisions 2 and 3, or of fireworks, not exceeding five pounds.

Exemptions and Savings.

97. Nothing in rules 80 to 89 shall apply to ammunition (Division 1): provided that all due precautions shall be taken to prevent explosion. Saving as to the conveyance of ammunition.

98. Nothing in rules 78, 79 and 90 shall apply to the conveyance of— Saving as to the conveyance of small consignments.

(a) any quantity not exceeding five pounds of any explosive other than a fulminate or ammunition (Division 3) or fireworks (Division 1);

(b) detonators not exceeding 200 in number and not containing in the aggregate more than 3 ounces of fulminate:

Provided that—

(i) previous notice shall be given to the person in charge of the carriage or vessel in which the explosive is intended to be conveyed;

(ii) all due precautions shall be taken to prevent accidents by fire or explosion;

(iii) no other explosive shall be carried in the same compartment; and also

(iv) (in the case of detonators) the consignment shall be covered by a certificate, signed by the consignor, that the quantity of fulminate in the consignment does not exceed the amount specified in sub-clause (b).

99. Nothing in rules 78, 79, 90, 91 and 94 shall apply to the conveyance of any explosive by railway. Saving as to conveyance by railway.

100. Where a carrier, or the owner or the master of a vessel, is prevented from complying with these rules by the wilful act, neglect or default of the consignor or consignee of the explosive, or other person, or by the improper refusal of the consignee or other person to accept delivery of the explosive, such consignor, consignee, or other person who is guilty of such wilful act, neglect, default, or refusal shall be liable to the same penalty to which the carrier, owner, or master is liable for a breach of these rules, and his conviction shall exempt the carrier, owner, or master from any penalty under these rules. Saving of liability of carrier and owner and master of a ship for breach of these rules when consignee, etc., is in fault.

PART II.—RAILWAYS.

Consignment.

101. Rules 102 to 136 shall apply to the transport of explosives by railway. — Conveyance by railway.

102. No explosive which a Railway Administration shall, by any notice or regulation for the time being in force, notify that they will not receive, shall be brought, sent or forwarded to or upon any railway of the said Railway Administration. — Certain explosives not to be consigned.

103. The consignor shall certify that the explosive has been packed in accordance with the rules in force in the United Kingdom or in British India. — Certificate of packing.

104. No person shall send for carriage upon any railway any consignment of an explosive unless— — Notice of the consignment.

(1) he has given to the officer in charge of the railway station previous notice in writing (which, at the option of the Railway Administration, may extend to 48 hours) of his intention to send such consignment, and stating—

(a) the true name, description, quantity and mode of packing of the explosive proposed to be conveyed, and

(b) his own name and address, and also the name and address of the proposed consignee, and

(2) he has had an intimation in writing from an authorized officer of the railway that such consignment will be received.

105. Consignments of explosives shall be sent to the forwarding station and shall be received by the railway servants only at such times, between sunrise and sunset, as the Railway Administration may appoint. — Receipt of consignment.

106. The consignor shall (in the case of nitro compounds and chlorate mixtures) — — Certificate in case of nitro-compounds and chlorates.

(1) cause the outer packages to be marked with the date of manufacture, and

(2) attach to the consignment note a certificate, or (provided the original is produced for verification) copy of a certificate (so describing the packages as to render their identification certain), signed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives or an Inspector of Explosives, or, if the certificate is granted at the time when the explosive is imported, by the Chemical Examiner or Analyser—

(a) that the explosive is of standard purity, and

(b) that (if the explosive be dynamite or any nitro-glycerine compound) there are no signs of exuded nitro-glycerine or of liquefaction.

(3) The aforesaid certificate shall ordinarily be valid for six months after date: provided that, in the case of dynamite and other nitro-glycerine compounds which are not used as propellants as defined in rule 75—

(a) such certificate shall lapse on the 31st July, and

(b) a fresh certificate for each conveyance may, at the discretion of the Railway Administration concerned, be demanded during the period from the 1st April to the 31st July (both inclusive) if the original certificate has not been granted later than the 31st March.

107. The Railway Administration may refuse to receive any packages which they suspect to contain any explosive packed or sent in contravention of these regulations. — Discretion of Railway to refuse improperly-packed explosives.

108. Every package containing any explosive proposed to be conveyed on any railway shall immediately on arrival at the station be unloaded and placed in a safe place under the special direction of the officer in charge of the station. These packages should not be allowed to stand in the sun. — Disposal of consignment on arrival at station of departure.

Loading.

109. The quantity of explosives conveyed in any one vehicle shall not in any case exceed that specified in rule 86 and shall not (unless the vehicle is specially constructed and approved by the Railway Board for the carriage of explosives) exceed two-thirds of the normal load of such vehicle: — Maximum quantities to be conveyed in one vehicle.

Provided that (in the case of explosives of the kinds specified in rule 114) the quantity of explosives shall not—

(a) where such explosives are stowed in the manner described in clause (1) of that rule, exceed three tons, and

(b) where such explosives are stowed in the manner described in clause (2) of that rule, exceed five tons.

110. There shall not be conveyed in the same vehicle with any explosive any lucifer or other matches, fuzes, pipelights, acids, naphtha, paraffine, petroleum or any other volatile spirit substance liable to give off an inflammable vapour or liable to spontaneous ignition, or to cause or communicate fire or explosion. — Prohibition of conveyance with inflammable substances.

111. Vehicles used for the carriage of explosives shall be examined to see that they are spark-proof, and have been cleaned out before they are loaded. Hair-cloth, hides or other suitable materials shall be spread on the floor of the wagon and between each layer of packages, except when the packages are covered with gunny or felt, or contain safety cartridges for small-arms packed in tin-lined service pattern boxes. Condition of vehicle.

112. All packages containing explosives shall be secured in such a way as to prevent concussion when the train is in motion. Stowing of explosives.

113. Packages containing explosives other than those referred to in rule 114 shall not be stowed in more than three layers one above the other. But if the packages are in rectangular form and of uniform size (provided they are double packages, and are so secured as to prevent movement during transit) they may be stowed in any number of layers not exceeding five: Method of stowing of explosives.

Provided that this rule shall not apply to safety cartridges for small-arms packed in tin-lined service pattern boxes.

114. (1) Packages containing dynamite and other blasting explosives of the 3rd (nitro-compound) Class, or explosives of the 4th (chlorate-mixture), 5th (fulminate) Classes or of the 1st Division of the 7th (firework) Class shall be stowed in one layer only and secured so as to prevent movement during transit: Method of stowing of high explosives.

(2) Provided that, if the packages of explosives are in rectangular form and are properly secured so as to prevent movement during transit, they may be stowed in any number of layers not exceeding five.

115. Vehicles shall in every case be locked when loaded with explosives. Locking of vehicles.

Delivery.

116. The consignee shall remove the explosives from the receiving station during the twelve hours of daylight following its arrival. Delivery to consignee.

117. If the consignee does not remove the explosive within the time allowed by rule 116, the Railway Administration may return the explosive to the consignor at his risk and expense. Disposal when consignee fails to take delivery.

118. Pending removal by the consignee, or return to the consignor, the explosives shall be kept at a safe distance from the station buildings, and (if unloaded) shall be completely covered with tarpaulins or other suitable material and, if necessary, shall be protected by a police guard. Protection of explosives pending removal.

Power to open packages.

119. The Railway Administration may at any time open or require to be opened at the risk and expense of the consignor any package which is upon any railway and which is suspected to contain explosives packed or consigned in contravention of any of these rules. Opening of suspected packages.

120. The Railway Administration may return to the consignor at his risk and expense the contents of any package which is found during transit to have been packed or consigned in contravention of any of these rules. Disposal of opened packages.

Precautions to be observed during loading and unloading.

121. Notwithstanding anything in rule 80, a small consignment of explosives may be unloaded between sunset and sunrise. Time of loading and unloading.

For the purposes of this rule no consignment of more than half a wagon load booked to one station shall be deemed to be a small consignment.

122. Subject to the provisions of rules 80 and 121, the loading and unloading of explosives when once begun shall be diligently proceeded with until the same is completed. Loading and unloading to be continuous.

123. Vehicles containing explosives shall be loaded and unloaded on sidings at a safe distance from the station buildings. Place of loading and unloading.

124. All explosives under despatch or receipt by a Government arsenal, depôt or factory shall be loaded or unloaded by Government servants employed in such arsenal, depôt or factory. Loading and unloading of Government explosives.

125. Not more than five vehicles containing explosives shall be loaded or unloaded at any railway station, at any one time. Maximum number of vehicles to be dealt with at a time.

126. All operations connected with the transhipment of explosives at junction stations shall take place during daylight. Time of transhipment.

Marshalling and Shunting.

127. Not more than five vehicles containing explosives shall at any one time be hauled in the same train. Maximum number of vehicles to be hauled in one train.

128. No explosive of the 5th (fulminate) Class or of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, or of the 7th (firework) Class shall be carried in the same train with any explosive not of the Class and Division to which it belongs, unless it be sufficiently separated therefrom to prevent any fire or explosion which may take place in one such explosive being communicated to another. Precaution in the case of high explosives.

129. Vehicles containing explosives shall be placed at the end of the train away from the locomotive, and shall be close-coupled to one another as well as to the adjoining vehicles, and shall be preceded and followed by three vehicles not loaded with explosives or other article or substance of an inflammable nature : Position of vehicles in the train.

Provided as follows :—

(a) on the Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway, vehicles containing explosives and adjoining vehicles need not be close-coupled to one another; and

(b) on the Nilgiri and Karaikkal-Peralam Railways, only one vehicle need intervene between the locomotive and vehicles containing explosives.

130. When the train is being marshalled, vehicles loaded with explosives shall not be shunted by a locomotive, unless they are separated from the engine by not less than three vehicles containing no explosive nor easily inflammable substance : Shunting.

Provided that nothing in this rule shall apply to the shunting of vehicles specially constructed for the carriage of explosives.

131. During the shunting of vehicles containing explosives the speed of all movements shall not exceed five miles an hour ; and loose shunts are prohibited. Limit of speed in shunting.

132. No shunting shall be carried on save under the superintendence of a duly authorised officer, who shall see to the observance of rules 130 and 131. Superintendence in shunting.

Brakes.

133. If the vehicles employed in the transport of explosives are provided with brakes other than iron brakes, the brakes thereon shall on no account be worked while the vehicles are running with a train, nor shall brakes, other than iron brakes, on vehicles immediately adjoining such vehicles, be worked while such vehicles are so running. Brakes.

Conveyance by Passenger train.

134. Save as provided in rule 135, no explosives shall be conveyed by passenger train except— Conveyance of explosives by passenger train.

(a) safety-cartridges and percussion-caps and safety-fuzes (for blasting), and fog-signals for railway use ;

(b) explosives of the 3rd (nitro-compound) Class other than propellants in the form of cartridges up to the limit of 5 lbs :

Provided that no detonators are carried in the same compartment ;

(c) detonators to the number of 200 if the amount of fulminate of mercury in the package or packages containing the detonators does not exceed in the aggregate 3 oz. (and a certificate to this effect is tendered by the consignor) :

Provided that no other explosive is carried in the same compartment ;

(d) sporting gunpowder or non-safety cartridges packed in double cases as provided in Schedule IV, so long as the gunpowder is contained in one pound tin canisters packed in a stout wooden case with an outer covering of tin or zinc completely spark-proof, or in metal-lined cases of a pattern approved by the Chief Inspector of Explosives. But no outer case shall contain more than 25 lbs. of gunpowder, and the total consignment of gunpowder or non-safety cartridges by one train shall not exceed 80 lbs.

135. Any explosive may be conveyed by mixed train on any line or section on which goods trains are not running, subject to the following conditions :— Conveyance of explosives by mixed train.

(1) that not more than one vehicle containing explosives shall be hauled at any one time ;

(2) that such vehicle shall be specially constructed and approved by the Railway Board for the carriage of explosives ;

(3) that there are not less than three vehicles between such vehicle and the engine and between such vehicle and the passenger coaches ;

(4) that such vehicle is close-coupled to the adjoining vehicles ; and

(5) that, immediately on entering a section upon which goods trains are running, such vehicle is detached from the train.

Exemptions.

136. Nothing in rules 109, 125 and 127 shall apply to separate consignments of safety-cartridges for small-arms. Saving as to cartridges for small-arms.

CHAPTER IX.

SUPPLEMENTARY.

Powers of Search and Destruction.

137. (1) Any of the officers mentioned in clause (2) may, within the areas specified in that clause, but subject to the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, and of any rules for the time being in force thereunder, in cases to which that Act applies— [XI of 1878.] Powers of search and destruction.

(a) enter, inspect and examine any place, carriage or vessel in which an explosive is being manufactured, possessed, sold, transported or imported under a license granted under these rules, or in which he has reason to believe that an explosive has been or is being manufactured, possessed, sold, transported or imported in contravention of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884) or of these rules and may enter, inspect and examine any magazine or place in which explosives are stored under the provisions of rule 24;

(b) search for explosives therein;

(c) take samples of any explosives found therein, on payment of the value thereof if payment can be made at the time the samples are taken; and

(d) seize, detain, remove and, if necessary, destroy or otherwise render harmless any explosive found therein in respect of which he has reason to believe that any of the provisions of the said rules or Act have been contravened.

(2) The officers and areas referred to in clause (1) are:—

Officers.	Areas.
The Chief Inspector and Inspectors of Explosives ...	In all parts of British India.
All District Magistrates	Within their respective districts.
All Magistrates subordinate to the District Magistrate.	Within their respective jurisdictions.
The Commissioner of Police and all Police-officers of rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector, if specially deputed in this behalf by the Commissioner of Police.	In Presidency-towns or their suburbs and in Rangoon.
All Police-officers of rank not below that of Inspector or, if the Local Government so directs, of Sub-Inspector.	Within the respective areas over which their authority extends.

(3) Whenever the Chief Inspector or any Inspector of Explosives, or any Magistrate subordinate to the District Magistrate, or any Police-officer seizes, detains or removes any explosive under this rule, he shall report the fact to the district authority.

(4) Neither the Chief Inspector nor an Inspector of Explosives, nor any Magistrate subordinate to the District Magistrate nor any Police-officer shall under these rules destroy or otherwise render harmless any explosive without the previous sanction of the district authority unless the matter appears urgent and fraught with serious public danger.

(5) Whenever any officer destroys any explosive or otherwise renders it harmless, he shall take and keep a sample thereof, and shall, if required, give a portion of the sample to the person owning the explosive or having the same under his control at the time of seizure; and whenever any officer other than the district authority so deals with any explosive, he shall report the circumstance to the district authority.

Penalties.

138. Whoever commits any offence mentioned in the first column of the following table shall be punishable with fine which may extend to the amount indicated in that behalf in the second column of that table :— **Penalties.**

1	2
(1) Importing an explosive in contravention of rules 11, 13, 21, 22, 23 and 24.	Three thousand rupees.
(2) Contravening any of the provisions of rule 18, rule 25, or rule 26 relating to importation of explosives.	One thousand rupees.
(3) Transporting blasting material in contravention of rule 27.	One thousand rupees.
(4) Manufacturing an explosive in contravention of rule 32.	Three thousand rupees.
(5) Contravening any of the provisions of rules 33 and 34 relating to the manufacture of explosives.	One thousand rupees.
(6) Possessing an explosive in contravention of rule 35.	One thousand rupees.
(7) Selling an explosive in contravention of rule 37.	Five hundred rupees.
(8) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 1, article 2 or article 10 of Schedule II.	Three thousand rupees.
(9) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 4, article 5, article 6, article 7, article 8, article 9, article 16 or article 17 of Schedule II.	Five hundred rupees.
(10) Contravening a condition of a license granted under article 3, article 11, article 12, article 13, article 14 or article 15 of Schedule II.	One thousand rupees.
(11) Contravening any direction given under rule 58, for the disposal of an explosive.	One thousand rupees.
(12) Failing to produce a license (or authenticated copy thereof) or pass when called upon to do so under rule 62.	Two hundred rupees.
(13) Contravening any of the provisions of Chapter VIII relating to the transporting of explosives.	One thousand rupees.
(14) Furnishing a false certificate under rules 17, 21, 22, 98, 103, 106 and 134.	Two hundred rupees.

Exemptions.

139. Nothing in these rules shall render liable to any penalty the owner or master of any vessel, or any carrier, or ware-houseman or the person having charge of any carriage for any act done in breach of these rules, if he proves that by reason of stress of weather, inevitable accident, or other emergency, the doing of such act, was, under the circumstances, necessary and proper. **Saving as to acts done in emergency, etc.**

SCHEDULE I.

PRESCRIBED TESTS.

[*Vide rule 16.*]

I.—Heat Test as applied to Explosives of the Nitro-compound Class.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

Apparatus required.

1. A water bath, consisting of a spherical glass or copper vessel [(*a*) Fig. 1] of about 8 inches diameter, and with an aperture of about 5 inches, the bath is filled with water to within a quarter of an inch of the edge It has a loose cover of sheet copper about 6 inches in diameter (*b*), and rests on a tripod stand about 14 inches high (*c*), which is covered with coarse iron wire gauze (*e*), and is surrounded with a screen of thin sheet tin or copper (*d*). Within the latter is placed an Argand burner (*f*), with glass chimney. The cover (*b*) has four holes arranged as seen in Fig II, No. 4 to receive the regulator, No 3 the thermometer, Nos. 1 and 2 the test-tubes containing the gun-cotton or other materials to be tested. Around holes 1 and 2 on the under side of the cover are soldered three pieces of brass wire with points slightly converging (Fig. III), these act as springs and allow the test-tubes to be easily placed in position and removed.

Fig. I.

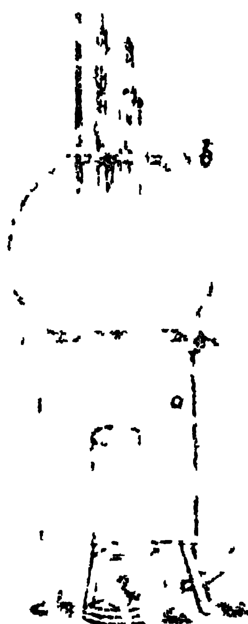


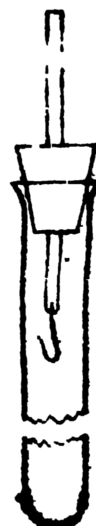
Fig. II.



Fig. III.



Fig. IV.



* 2 Scheibler's or Page's temperature regulator.

* 3. Two cells of Le Clanché's battery No. 1 } if Scheibler's regulator is used.
* 4. A few yards of insulated copper wire }

* This is not absolutely required, as the temperature of the bath can be kept constant by proper attention to the heating flame.

5. Test-tubes from 5¼ to 5½ inches long, and of such diameter that they will hold from 20 to 22 cubic centimetres of water when filled to a height of 5 inches.

6. India-rubber stoppers, fitting the test-tubes and carrying an arrangement for holding the test-paper, *viz.*, a narrow glass tube passing through the centre of the stopper, drawn out so as to form a hook, or terminating in a platinum wire hook (Fig. IV).

7. A thermometer, with range not less than from 30° to 212° Fahrenheit.

8. A minute clock.

Materials required.

(*a*) *Test-paper.*—The test-paper is prepared as follows:—45 grains of white maize starch (cornflour), previously washed with cold water, are added to 8¼ ounces of distilled water, the mixture is stirred, heated to boiling, and kept gently boiling for 10 minutes; 15 grains of pure potassium iodide (*i. e.*, which has been re-crystallized from alcohol) are dissolved in 8¼ ounces of distilled water. The two solutions are thoroughly mixed and allowed to get cold. Strips, or sheets, of best white English filter paper, weighing air dry, from 4·1 to 4·6 grammes per 100 square inches, previously washed with water and re-dried, are dipped into the solution thus prepared, and allowed to remain in it for not less than 10 seconds; they are then allowed to drain and dry in a place free from laboratory fumes and dust. The upper and lower margins of the strips, or sheets, are cut off, and the paper is preserved in well-stoppered or corked bottles *and in the dark.** The dimensions of the pieces of test-paper used are about $\frac{4}{10}$ inch by $\frac{8}{10}$ inch (10 mm. by 20 mm.).

(*b*) *Standard tint-paper.*—A solution of caramel in water is made of such concentration that when diluted one hundred times (10 cc. made up to 1 litre) the tint of this diluted solution equals the tint produced by the Nessler test in 100 cc. water containing 0·000075 grm. of ammonia or 0·00023505 grm. of chloride of ammonium. With this caramel solution lines are drawn on strips of white filter paper† by means of a clean quill pen. When the marks thus produced are dry the paper is cut into pieces of the same size as the test-paper previously described, in such a way that each piece has a brown line across it near the middle of its length, and only such strips are preserved in which the brown line has a breadth varying from ½ mm. to 1 mm. ($\frac{1}{50}$ of an inch to $\frac{1}{25}$ of an inch).

II.—Testing Dynamite, Blasting Gelatine, and other Explosives of the First Division of the Nitro-compound Class.

A.—DYNAMITE, ETC., ETC.

Nitro-glycerine preparations, from which the nitro-glycerine can be extracted in the manner described below, *must* satisfy the following test.

This test, however, though at present looked upon as the most important, as far as testing the purity of the nitro-glycerine is concerned, is in England only one of several which any given sample of nitro-glycerine preparation has to satisfy in order to establish its compliance with the definition in the Authorised List.

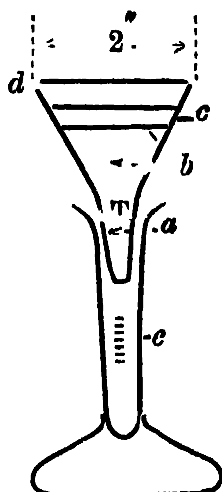
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* When a paper is freshly prepared, and as long as it remains in good condition, a drop of dilute acetic acid, put on the paper with a glass rod produces no coloration. In process of time, however, the stronger the light to which the paper is exposed, the sooner a drop of acid produces a brown or bluish coloration (a single hour of direct sunlight produces a marked effect), and whenever this is the case the paper should be rejected. After preparation the paper should be kept in the dark for a month before being taken into use. After that, if carefully kept in the dark, it will remain good for six months or more, but should be tested from time to time as above.

† This paper must be carefully washed with distilled water in the first instance, to remove any traces of bleaching matter, and dried.

Apparatus required.

A funnel 2 inches across (*d*), a cylindrical measure divided into grains (*e*) (See sketch.)



Mode of operation.

About 300 to 400 grains of dynamite (*b*) finely divided are placed into the funnel which has previously been loosely plugged by some freshly-ignited asbestos (*a*).

The surface is smoothed by means of a flat-headed glass rod or stopper, and some clean washed and dried Kieselguhr (*c*) is spread over it to the depth of about ¼ inch

Water is next carefully dropped from a wash bottle upon this Kieselguhr, and when the first portion has been soaked up more is added; this is repeated until sufficient nitro-glycerine has been collected in the graduated measure (*e*) below.

If any water should have passed through with the nitro-glycerine, it should be removed with a piece of blotting paper, and the nitro-glycerine, if necessary, filtered through a dry paper filter

Application of the Test.

The thermometer is fixed so as to be inserted through the lid of the water bath described under I, into the water (which is to be steadily maintained at a temperature of 160° Fahr *) to a depth of 2½ inches Fifty grains of nitro-glycerine to be tested are weighed into a test-tube in such a way as not to soil the sides of the tube A test-paper is fixed on the hook of the glass rod so that when inserted into the tube it will be in a vertical position A sufficient amount of a mixture of half distilled water and half glycerine to moisten the upper half of the paper is now applied to the upper edge of the test-paper by means of a camel's-hair pencil, the cork carrying the rod and paper is fixed into the test-tube and the position of the paper adjusted, so that its lower edge is about half-way down the tube; the latter is then inserted through one of the perforations of the cover to such a depth that the lower margin of the moistened part of the paper is about five-eighths of an inch above the surface of the cover. The test is complete when the faint brown line, which after a time makes its appearance at the line of boundary between the dry and moist part of the paper, equals in tint the brown line of the standard tint paper.

The nitro-glycerine under examination will not be considered to have satisfied the test unless the time necessary to produce the standard tint as above described is at *least* 15 minutes.

B.—BLASTING GELATINE, GELATINE DYNAMITE, AND ANALOGOUS PREPARATIONS.

Fifty (50) grains of blasting gelatine are to be intimately incorporated with one hundred (100) grains of French chalk.† The mixture is to be gradually introduced into a test-tube of the dimensions prescribed above for the dynamite heat test, with the aid of gentle tapping upon the table, between the introduction of successive portions of the mixture into the tube, so that when the tube contains all the mixture it shall be filled to the extent of 1¾ inches (one inch and three-quarters) of its height. The test-paper is then

* For explosives supplied for His Majesty's Military and Naval Services the temperature is fixed by the War Office at 180°.

†This can be readily effected by carefully working the two materials together with a wooden pestle in a wooden mortar.

The French chalk should be of good commercial quality, and, after being carefully washed with distilled water and dried in a water oven, it should be exposed under a bell jar to moist air until it has taken up about 0·5 per cent. of moisture. It should then be bottled for use; and with ordinary care the limits of 0·5 per cent. can be maintained in keeping.

to be inserted and the heat is to be applied in the manner prescribed above for the dynamite heat test, and the sample tested is to withstand exposure to 160° Fahr. for a period of ten (10) minutes, before producing a discoloration of the test-papers corresponding in tint to the standard colour test which is employed for governing the results of the dynamite heat tests.

(For Exudation and Liquefaction tests for Blasting Gelatine, etc., etc., *see* Appendix).

N. B.—Non-gelatinized nitro-glycerine preparations from which the nitro-glycerine cannot be expelled by water, are tested without any previous separation of the ingredients, the temperature being as above (160° Fahr.) and the time being seven (7) minutes.

C.—CORDITE AND BALLISTITE.

1. Apparatus required.

The apparatus necessary for the application of the heat test to cordite is identical with that described above for explosives of the nitro-compound class generally* with the addition of a mill and a nest of sieves† similar to those used at Waltham Abbey for preparing the cordite for testing (*see* instructions below).

2. Preparation of the sample to be tested.

Pieces half an inch long are cut from one end of every stick selected for the test; in the case of the thicker cordites, each piece so cut is further sub-divided into about four portions. These cut pieces are then passed once through the mill, the first portion of material which passes through being rejected on account of the possible presence of foreign matter from the mill. The ground material is put on the top sieve of the nest of sieves and sifted. The portion which has passed through the top sieve and been stopped by the second is taken for the test. If the mill is properly set the greater portion of the ground material will be of the proper size.

If the volatile matter in the explosive exceed 0·5 per cent the sifted material should be dried at a temperature not exceeding 140° Fahr. until the proportion does not exceed 0·5 per cent.

After each sample has been ground, the mill must be taken to pieces and carefully cleaned.

3. Application of the Test.

The thermometer is fixed so as to be inserted through the lid of the water bath described under paragraph I, so as to be immersed in the water to a depth of 2¾ inches. The water is maintained at a constant temperature of 180° Fahr. When this temperature is reached, 25 grains of the sifted cordite are put into one of the test-tubes, and collected at the bottom by gentle tapping. A test paper is fixed on to the hook of the glass rod, so that when inserted into the tube it will be in a vertical position. A mixture of equal parts of distilled water and pure glycerine (Price's) is now applied to the upper edge of the test paper by means of a camel's-hair pencil, in sufficient amount to moisten the upper half; the stopper carrying the rod and paper is fixed into the test-tube and the position of the paper adjusted so that its lower edge is about half way down the tube; the latter is then inserted through one of the perforations of the cover to the same depth as the thermometer. The lower margin of the moistened part of the paper should then be about five-eighths of an inch above the surface of the cover. The test is completed when the faint brown line, which after a time makes its appearance at the margin between the wet and dry portions of the test-paper, equals in depth of tint the brown line drawn on the standard tint paper.

4. The time which elapses between the insertion of the test-tube and the completion of the test must not be less than 15 minutes.

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* In the Waltham Abbey apparatus the cover (Fig. II) has all the holes around the circumference instead of having one in the centre and three around the circumference.

† A nest of two sieves with the holes drilled in sheet copper. The holes in the top sieve have a diameter = 14 B. W. G., those in the second = 21 B. W. G.

If too hard for the mill, it may be softened by exposure to the vapour of acetone, or reduced to the necessary degree of sub-division by means of a sharp moderately coarse rasp. Should it have become too soft in the acetone vapour for the mill, it should be cut up into small pieces which may be brought to any desired degree of hardness by simple exposure to air.

Explosives which consist partly of gelatinized collodion cotton and partly of ungelatinized gun-cotton are best reduced to powder by a rasp, or softened by exposure to mixed ether and alcohol vapour at a temperature of 90° to 100° Fahr.

N. B.—In the case of ballistite the treatment is the same except that when it is in a very finely granulated condition it need not be cut up.

III.—Testing Gun-cotton, Schultz's Gun Powder, E. C. Powder, and other explosives of the 2nd Division of the Nitro-compound Class.

A.—COMPRESSED NITRO-CELLULOSE, TONITE, ETC., ETC.

Sufficient material to serve for two or more tests is removed from the centre of the cartridge by gentle scraping, and, if necessary, further reduced by rubbing through a sieve with a clean hard brush.

The fine powder thus produced is spread out in a thin layer upon a paper tray 6 inches by 4½ inches which is then placed inside a water oven, kept, as nearly as possible, at 120° Fahr.

The wire gauze shelves in the oven should be about 3 inches apart. The sample is allowed to remain at rest for 15 minutes in the oven, the door of which is left wide open.

After the lapse of 15 minutes the tray is removed and exposed to the air of the room for two hours, the sample being at some point within that time rubbed upon the tray with a brush, in order to reduce it to a fine and uniform state of division.

Application of the Test.

The cover of the water bath is fitted with the gas regulator which is inserted through the centre hole (No. 4). The thermometer is fixed into hole No. 3. The water in the bath is then heated to 170° Fahr., and the regulator set to maintain that temperature. Twenty grains of the sample to be tested are weighed out, placed in the test-tube, and gently pressed down until the specimen occupies a space of not more than 1$\frac{5}{16}$ inches in a test-tube of the dimensions specified. A test-paper is affixed to the hook of the glass rod or tube, and moistened by touching the upper edge with a drop of distilled water containing 50 per cent. of Price's glycerine. The quantity of liquid used must be only sufficient to moisten about half of the paper. The cork carrying the rod and test-paper is then fixed into the test-tube, and the latter inserted into the bath to a depth of 2½ inches, measured from the cover, the regulator and thermometer being inserted to the same depth. The test-paper is to be kept near the top of the test-tube, but clear of the cork, until the tube has been immersed for about five minutes. A ring of moisture will about this time be deposited upon the sides of the test-tube a little above the cover of the bath; the glass rod must then be lowered until the lower margin of the moistened part of the paper is on a level with the bottom of the ring of moisture in the tube; the paper is now closely watched. The test is complete when the faint brown line which makes its appearance at the line of boundary between the dry and moist parts of the paper, equals in tint the brown line of the standard tint paper.

The interval of time between the first insertion of the tube containing the sample of gun-cotton in the water at 170° and the production of the standard tint constitutes the test, and this interval of time must be *not less* than 10 minutes, or the sample will not be considered to have satisfied the test.

B.—GELATINIZED AND SEMI-GELATINIZED NITRO-CELLULOSE PREPARATIONS.*

Twenty-five grains introduced into the test-tube* of the dimensions prescribed for the dynamite heat test, then proceed as for blasting gelatine, etc., taking the temperature at 180° Fahr., and the time as 15 minutes.

C.—NITRO-CELLULOSE NOT INCLUDED IN A. OR B., SCHULTZ'S POWDER, E. C. POWDER, ETC., ETC.

Sufficient of the sample, without further mechanical division, is dried in the oven as above, and then exposed for two hours to the air. The test as directed above for compressed nitro-cellulose, etc., is then applied, the minimum duration of test being the same, *viz.*, 10 minutes.

D.—PICRIC ACID.

(1) The material shall contain not more than 0·3 part of mineral or non-combustible matter in 100 parts by weight of the material dried at 160° Fahr.

* If in a compressed form it should be broken up in the same manner as cordite and ballistite.

(2) It should not contain more than a minute trace of lead.

(3) One hundred parts of the dry material shall not contain more than 0·3 part of *total* (free and combined) sulphuric acid, of which not more than 0·1 part shall be *free* sulphuric acid.

(4) Its melting point should be between 248° and 253° Fahr.

E.—AMMONITE, BELLITE, ROBURITE, AND EXPLOSIVES OF SIMILAR COMPOSITION.

These are required to stand the same heat test as compressed nitro-cellulose.

IV.—Testing Chlorate Mixtures.

The material must not be too sensitive * and must show no tendency to increase in sensitiveness on keeping.

The material must contain nothing liable to reduce the chlorate.

Chlorides calculated as potassium chloride must not exceed 0·25 per cent.

The material must contain no free acid, or substance liable to produce free acid.

Explosives of this Class containing nitro-compounds will be subject to the heat test as if they belonged to Class III.

V.—Testing Ammunition (Divisions 2 and 3).

Any explosive made up into ammunition (other than Division 1), for which a test is provided in the schedule is to be tested as if not so made up.

APPENDIX.

Exudation and Liquefaction Test for Blasting Gelatine, Gelatine Dynamite and analogous Preparations.

TEST FOR LIQUEFACTION.

A cylinder of blasting gelatine is to be cut from the cartridge to be tested, the length of the cylinder to be about equal to its diameter and the ends being cut flat.

The cylinder is to be placed on end on a flat surface without any wrapper, and secured by a pin passing vertically through its centre.

In this condition the cylinder is to be exposed for one hundred and forty-four (144) consecutive hours (six days and nights) to a temperature ranging from 85° to 90° Fahr. (inclusive), and during such exposure the cylinder shall not diminish in height by more than one-fourth of its original height, and the upper cut surface shall retain its flatness and the sharpness of its edge.

Note.—If the blasting gelatine and the gelatine dynamite to be tested be not made up in a cylindrical form, the above test is to be applied with the necessary modifications.

TEST FOR LIABILITY TO EXUDATION.

There shall be no separation from the general mass of the blasting gelatine or gelatine dynamite of a substance of less consistency than the bulk of the remaining portion of the materials under any conditions of storage, transport, or use, or when the material is subjected three times in succession to alternate freezing and thawing, or when subjected to the liquefaction test hereinbefore described.

* They will be considered too sensitive if they can be exploded however partially by means of a glancing blow with a broomstick on soft wood (such as deal).

SCHEDULE II.

Licenses (vide rule 49).

Number.	Form of License. (See Schedule III.)	Purpose for which granted.	Kinds and maximum quantities of explosives for which granted.	Authority entitled to grant license.	Fee.	Period for which license is valid.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
			Importation.			
1	1	To import by land ...	Any authorised explosive in any quantity.	The district authority of the district or town to which the explosives are consigned.	Rs. 10.	Such period as the licensing authority deems necessary.
2	1	To import by sea ...	Gunpowder, ammunition (Division 1) and fireworks only—in any quantity. Any explosive re-imported under clause (*ii*) of the proviso to rule 12.	The district authority having jurisdiction in the port of importation.	Rs. 10; but, where the explosives have been re-imported from any port for importation into which a license has been granted under these rules, one rupee only.	
			Any other authorised explosive.	The Local Government or such other officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf.		
			Transport.			
3	2	For the general transport of explosives required for blasting purposes by a holder of a license in form F, form J or form K, or by a person storing blasting explosives in a magazine licensed by a Port Trust or Municipality, from the place of storage or the magazine as the case may be to such place or places as the licensing authority may specify.	Any explosive in any quantity.	The district authority of the district or town from which the explosive is to be transported.	Free of charge ...	One year from the issue of the license or such less period as the licensing authority may prescribe.
			Manufacture, Possession and Sale.			
4	A	To manufacture, possess and sell at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	(*i*) Two hundred pounds in all of gunpowder, and small-arm nitro-compound, together with any quantity of explosives contained in ammunition (Division 1), or (*ii*) Two hundred pounds of manufactured fireworks, or (*iii*) Sixty pounds in all of gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compounds and manufactured fireworks together with any quantity of explosives contained in ammunition (Division 1), or (*iv*) Any such less quantity of any of the said explosives as the licensing authority may think fit to specify in the license.	The district authority.	Rs. Covering the maximum quantity of explosives allowed or any less quantity exceeding one-half such maximum ... ... 20 Covering half such maximum or any less quantity exceeding one-fourth ... 10 Covering one-fourth such maximum or any less quantity ... 5 Where the applicant holds and produces a license in Form XIII of Schedule VII of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909—free of charge.	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the license is issued.
5	B	To possess and sell at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.			Covering the maximum quantity of explosives allowed or any less quantity exceeding one-half such maximum ... 10 Covering half such maximum or any less quantity exceeding one-fourth ... 5 Covering one-fourth such maximum or any less quantity ... 2-8 Where the applicant holds and produces a license in Form XIII or Form XIV of Schedule VII of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909—free of charge.	
6	C	To possess at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.			Annas 8.	

Form of License.	Purpose for which granted.	Kinds and maximum quantities of explosives for which granted.	Authority entitled to grant license.	Fee.	Period for which license is valid.
2	3	4	5	6	7
D	To manufacture, possess and sell, or to possess and sell, or to possess (in a village or other rural area) at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	Two hundred pounds of manufactured fireworks or any such less quantity as the licensing authority may think fit to specify in the license.	The district authority.	Half the fees chargeable on the same explosive in the same quantity in articles (4) and (5) respectively. If the license is for possession only the same fee as in article (6).	
E	To possess (granted to contractors, cultivators and other persons only when the explosives are proved to the satisfaction of the licensing officer to be required *bonâ fide* for blasting purposes).	One hundred pounds of gunpowder, ten pounds of other explosives and one hundred detonators.	The district authority.		
E		One hundred pounds of gunpowder.	The district authority or any Magistrate of the first class or any Magistrate of the 2nd class specially authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf.	Free of charge.	
Such forms as the Governor General in Council may prescribe.	To manufacture [in cases not provided for in articles (4) and (7)].	Any explosive in any quantity.	The Governor General in Council.	Such fee as the Governor General in Council may prescribe.	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the license is issued.
	To possess ...	Fulminates ...			
F	To possess [in cases not provided for in articles (4), (5), (6), (7) (8), or (9)] at such place as may be approved by the licensing authority.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity not exceeding sixty pounds.	The district authority.	Rs. 5.	
J	To possess [in cases not provided for in articles (4), (5), (6), (7), (8), (9) or (12)] in a magazine.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity.	The Local Government or such officer as the Local Government may authorise in this behalf.	Rs. 15.	
J	To possess in and sell [in cases not provided for in articles (5) or (7)] from a magazine.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity.		Rs. 20.	
K	To possess (temporarily) in a floating magazine.	Any explosive (not being a fulminate) in any quantity.	The Local Government.	Rs. 20	Six months from the issue of the license or such less period as the licensing authority may prescribe.
L	To the holder of a license to possess any explosive to sell such explosive.	Any explosive in any quantity.	The district authority.	Rs. 5.	Up till the 31st day of December of the year for which the license is issued.
L	To sell from a magazine in connection with which a license has been granted under article (13) or (14).	Gunpowder, or small-arm nitro-compound or ammunition (Division 1) or fireworks in any quantity.			

SCHEDULE III.

PRESCRIBED FORMS.

FORM 1.

(Articles 1 and 2 of Schedule II)

[FEE—TEN RUPEES IN STAMPS]

License to import Explosives.

Name, etc., and address of license-holder	Number of packages	Explosive.			Purpose for which required.	Destination	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Weight.	Number.			
							From ——— to the ——— of ——— 191 .

The ——— of ——— 191 .

Seal.

(Signature)

——— of ———

CONDITIONS.

1. This license is given subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder. [IV of 1884.]

2. This license shall become void after expiry of the period named thereon.

3. On the outside of each package there shall be affixed in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or mark the word "Explosive," followed by the name of the explosives or other description of the contents and the name and address of the owners or senders.

FORM 2.

(*Article 3 of Schedule II.*)

[FREE OF CHARGE.]

General license to transport explosives required for blasting purposes.

(To be granted to holders of licenses in Forms F, J or K contained in Schedule III to the Indian Explosives Rules, 1912, or to those storing blasting explosives in a magazine licensed by a Port Trust or Municipality.)

A general license is hereby granted to____________________________________

____

to transport explosives required for blasting purposes from __________________

____

to the places* specified below, subject to the conditions hereinafter contained.

*Places of destination____

The license shall continue in force till the_______________________________

*The*______________________*191* .

(*Signature.*)

Seal.

Conditions of license.

[IV of 1884.] 1. The license is subject to the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and to the rules made thereunder.

2. It becomes void on the expiration of the term mentioned, or if a consignment breaks bulk before reaching the place of destination, or if the explosive is taken from or to any place other than the places mentioned in the license.

3. It authorises the licensee to deliver consignments of explosives required for blasting purposes from and to the places specified in the license: provided—

[IV of 1884.] (i) that the consignee has taken out a license for the possession of such explosives under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884;

(ii) that the quantity of explosives despatched to any consignee is not in excess of the quantity which such consignee is entitled to possess;

(iii) that each consignment of explosives is covered by a pass in the form appended hereto; and that (when the explosives are transported by rail) such pass shall be attached to the way-bill or invoice (as the case may be);

(iv) that a copy of the pass issued with each consignment is forthwith sent to the authority granting the license and (in cases where the explosives are being transported to a place beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of such authority) also to the Magistrate of the District to which the explosives are consigned or to the Commissioner of Police if the explosives are consigned to a Presidency-town or Rangoon;

(v) that any loss, shortage or theft of explosives in transit is reported without delay to the licensing authority.

FORM OF PASS. (*See condition 3 (iii) of License.*)

Pass granted by the holder of General Transport License (Explosives) No. for the transport of a consignment of explosives required for blasting purposes.

No. ______________

This pass covers______________packages containing (*Description of explosives and weight*),

while in transit from______________________to______________________

Name of consignee____

No. of consignee's license to possess explosives______________________

Date of despatch of consignment______________________________________

Approximate date on which consignment should reach its destination______________

(*Signed*)______________________

Holder of General Transport License No.______________

FORM A.

(Article 4 of Schedule II.)

[FEE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to manufacture, possess and sell gunpowder, or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted in a presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business, factory or shop.	Maximum quantity of explosive to be possessed at any one time.	Description and quantity of explosive to be manufactured during the year.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December 191 .

_______________Town or District, } (Seal.) (Signature.)

_______________191 . of_______

Conditions.

[IV of 1884.] 1. The license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records of manufacture and sales to any Magistrate or to any Police-officer not below the rank of Inspector, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do.

4. (*1*) The explosive shall be manufactured in a tent or lightly constructed building exclusively appropriated for the purpose and separated from any dwelling-house, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by the distance—

(*a*) in the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, of one hundred yards, or

(*b*) in the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, or of the 7th (firework) Class, of fifty yards.

(*2*) In the case of filling cartridges for small-arms the operation may, if preferred, be carried out in the upper room of a building to which the conditions in clause (*1*) as to distance need not apply:

Provided that no more than five pounds of explosive (except such as may be contained in safety cartridges) shall be in the room where the operation is being carried on.

(*3*) In all other cases the manufacture shall be carried on in a one-storeyed building.

5. The number of persons employed at any one time in manufacture in any one building or room shall not exceed six, and only persons actually manufacturing or superintending manufacture shall be allowed inside the place of manufacture.

6. No iron or steel implements shall be used in manufacture. Only copper, gun-metal or wooden tools are permissible.

7. All explosives, as manufactured, shall be removed without delay to a safe place of storage, and no explosive shall be allowed to accumulate in the place of manufacture.

8. Manufacture shall only be carried on between sunrise and sunset.

9. No smoking or lights shall be allowed in or near a room where explosives are being manufactured.

10. All sales of explosives under this license must be effected on the premises shown on the face of the license.

11. An explosive shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years, nor shall any child under that age be employed in manufacture.

12. The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes:—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling-house, and is separated by the distances prescribed in condition No. 4* from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives: and

(a) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe; and

(b) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock, or earth, or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives, and is placed inside a dwelling-house, or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A :

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

13. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following:—

(1) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely:—

(a) gunpowder;

(b) small-arm nitro-compound; or

(c) ammunition of the first Division of the 6th Class, the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A. lbs.	In Mode B. lbs.
gunpowder and small-arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

(2) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks, the maximum shall be—

manufactured fireworks	Two hundred.	Fifty.

(3) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufactured fireworks, etc., in all	Sixty.	Fifteen.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

Provided that in each of the three cases above-mentioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

14. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B,—

(a) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed, or so lined and covered, as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching of any grit, iron or steel or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosive;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;

* These distances may be reduced to one-half when the building is surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

(*b*) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom;

(*c*) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation or receptacle containing the same; and

(*d*) no person in any such room or part of a building or any such excavation, or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession, or attached to or on his boots or shoes:

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class.

15. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (firework) Class, and of any other explosive exceeding one pound, shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping;

and, when publicly exposed for sale or when sold, the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely-attached label or other mark:

Provided that two samples of each kind of firework may be exposed for sale without complying with the foregoing clauses of this condition, if such samples be placed in such a position that no light or fire is, or is likely to be, brought near them.

16. (*1*) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other:

(*2*) Provided as follows:—

(*a*) Gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*b*) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*c*) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space

17. *The licensee shall affix to his shop or place of business a signboard as required by condition (4) endorsed on Form XI or Form XIII of the forms prescribed by the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, and shall post up in his shop a copy of section 28 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878. [XI of 1878.]

18. *The licensee shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form XVI or XIX of the forms prescribed by the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, the following particulars, namely:—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold;

(*b*) the nature and amount of articles sold; and

(*c*) the date of sale:

and shall append his signature to the endorsement.

19. A similar endorsement shall be made upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under the Explosives Act for the possession of explosives.

FORM B.

(*Article 5 of schedule II.*)

[FEE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to possess and sell gunpowder, or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted in a Presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business, factory or shop.	Maximum quantity of explosive to be possessed at any one time.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191 .

________ *Town* or *District*, (Seal.) (Signature.)

________ *191* . ________ *of* ________

*These conditions are to be added only when the authority granting this license directs, in pursuance of rule 63, by an order written on the license, that this license shall have the effect of a like license granted under the Indian Arms Act, 1878. [XI of 1878.]

Conditions.

[IV of 1884.] 1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all sales, in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records of sales to any Magistrate or to any Police-officer not below the rank of Inspector, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do:

Provided that where the license extends only to the possession and sale of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed fifty pounds, the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

4. All sales of explosives under this license must be effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

5. An explosive shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years.

6. The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes:—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling-house, and is separated by the prescribed distances* from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives; and

(*a*) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe; and

(*b*) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock or earth or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives, and is placed inside a dwelling-house or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A:

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

7. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following:

(*1*) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely:—

(*a*) gunpowder,

(*b*) small-arm nitro-compound, or

(*c*) ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class,

the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A. lbs.	In Mode B. lbs.
gunpowder and small-arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class . .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

(*2*) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks, the maximum shall be—

manufactured fire-works . .	Two hundred.	Fifty.

(*3*) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufactured fireworks, etc., in all	Sixty.	Fifteen.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

* In the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, one hundred yards.
In the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or of the 7th (firework) Class, fifty yards:

Provided that these distances may be reduced to one-half when the building is surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

Provided that in each of the three cases above-mentioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

8. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B,—

(*a*) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined and covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching of any grit, iron or steel or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosive;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;

(*b*) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom;

(*c*) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation or receptacle containing the same; and

(*d*) no person in any such room or part of a building, or any such excavation or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession, or attached to or on his boots or shoes:

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class.

9. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (firework) Class and of any other explosive exceeding one pound shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping;

and, when publicly exposed for sale or sold, the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark:

Provided that two samples of each kind of firework may be exposed for sale without complying with the foregoing clauses of this condition, if such samples be placed in such a position that no light or fire is, or is likely to be, brought near them.

10. (*1*) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other:

(*2*) Provided as follows:—

(*a*) Gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*b*) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*c*) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

11. * The licensee shall affix to his shop or place of business a signboard as required by condition (4) endorsed on Form XII or Form XIV of the forms prescribed by the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, and shall post up in his shop a copy of section 28 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878. [XI of 1878.]

12. * The licensee shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under Form XVI or XIX of the forms prescribed by the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, the following particulars:—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold;

(*b*) the nature and amount of the articles sold; and

(*c*) the date of sale;

and shall append his signature to the endorsement.

13. A similar endorsement shall be made upon the license of every purchaser holding a license under the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, for the possession of explosives. [IV of 1884.]

* These conditions are to be added only when the authority granting this license directs, in pursuance of rule 63, by an order written on the license, that this license shall have the effect of a like license granted under the Indian Arms Act, 1878. [XI of 1878.]

FORM C.

(Article 6 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—EIGHT ANNAS IN STAMPS.]

License to possess gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, or an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, or (elsewhere than in villages or other rural areas) an explosive of the 7th (Firework) Class.

[Granted in a Presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed during the year.	Place with full details where explosive is to be possessed.	Maximum quantity of explosive to be kept at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191 .

__________*Town* or *District*, } Seal (Signature.)

__________ *191* . } __________*of*__________

Conditions.

[IV of 1884.] 1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock, in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books and records to any Magistrate or to any Police-officer not below the rank of Inspector, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do.

4. The explosives possessed by the licensee shall be kept in one or other or both of the following modes :—

Mode A, that is to say, in a building or excavation, which is detached from any dwelling-house, and is separated by the prescribed distances* from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without, and is exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives ; and

(*a*) such a building must be substantially constructed of brick, stone or concrete, or must be a securely constructed fireproof safe :

(*b*) such an excavation must be formed in solid rock, or earth, or in mine refuse not liable to ignition, and must not open into, from or out of any mine, quarry, tunnel or underground place, which is in use for the carrying on of any work or for the employment of any person.

Mode B, that is to say, in a substantial receptacle (whether or not a fireproof safe) which is closed and secured so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and is exclusively appropriated to the keeping of explosives and is placed inside a dwelling-house, or inside a building which is not itself qualified for the keeping of explosives in Mode A :

Provided that a fireproof safe shall not be used for the keeping of any explosive other than gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound and cartridges of the 2nd Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class (not containing their own means of ignition) and made with gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, such as cartridges or charges for cannon or blasting purposes.

5. The maximum quantity of explosives allowed to be kept at the same time shall be the following, namely :—

(1) if the only explosive kept be one or more of the following, namely :—

(*a*) gunpowder,

* In the case of gunpowder or small-arm nitro-compound, one hundred yards.

In the case of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 7th (Firework) Class, fifty yards :

Provided that these distances may be reduced to one-half when the building's surrounded by a traverse as high as the eaves of the building.

(*b*) small-arm nitro-compound, or
(*c*) ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class, the maximum shall be—

	In Mode A. lbs.	In Mode B. lbs.
gunpowder, and small-arm nitro-compound, in all	Two hundred.	Fifty.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class . .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

(2) if the only explosive kept be manufactured fireworks, the maximum shall be—

manufactured fireworks . . .	Two hundred.	Fifty.

(3) in any other case the maximum shall be—

mixed explosives, including gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and manufactured fireworks, etc., in all	Sixty.	Fifteen.
and, in addition, of explosives contained in ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class . . .	Any quantity.	Any quantity.

Provided that in each of the three cases above-mentioned the aggregate quantity kept on the premises in Mode A and Mode B together may not in any case exceed the maximum quantity which may be kept in Mode A.

6. With respect to a building or excavation used in Mode A, and a receptacle used in Mode B,

(*a*) the interior thereof, and the shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed, or so lined and covered, as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel, or the detaching of any grit, iron or steel, or similar substance, in such manner as to come into contact with the explosive;

and such interior, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean;

(*b*) in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom;

(*c*) all articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature, and all lights, shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive, and from any room or part of a building, excavation or receptacle containing the same; and

(*d*) no person in any such room or part of a building, or any such excavation, or any such receptacle, shall have any iron or steel in his possession, or attached to or on his boots or shoes:

Provided that this condition, so far as it relates to the exposure of iron or steel or similar substances, shall not be obligatory in the case where no explosive is kept other than ammunition of the 1st Division of the 6th Class.

7. Any quantity exceeding five pounds of an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class or of the 2nd Division of the 7th (Firework) Class, and of any other explosive exceeding one pound, shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

8. (*1*) Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other:

(*2*) Provided as follows:—

(*a*) Gunpowder, small-arm nitro-compound and safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*b*) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (Ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*c*) the various explosives of the 7th (Firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

9. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases, and under the vendor's signature, namely:—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(*b*) the nature and amount of the articles purchased and

(*c*) the date of purchase.

FORM D.

(Article 7 of Schedule II.)

[FEE— RUPEE IN STAMPS.]

License to manufacture, possess and sell, or to possess and sell, or to possess, fireworks in a village or other rural area.

(Granted by the District Magistrate.)

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence.	Place of business, factory or shop.	Maximum quantity of fireworks to be possessed at any one time.	Description and quantity of fireworks to be manufactured during the year.	Description and quantity of fireworks to be possessed and sold during the year.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December 191 .

_______________ *District,* } (Seal.) (Signature.)

_______________ *191* . } _______ *of* _______

Conditions.

[IV of 1884.] 1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all fireworks manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. The licensee shall exhibit his stock and his books of manufacture and sales to any Magistrate or to any Police-officer not below the rank of Inspector, whenever such Magistrate or officer may call upon him so to do :

Provided that where the license extends only to the possession and sale of manufactured fireworks and the quantity permitted to be kept at one time does not exceed fifty pounds, the licensee shall not be required to keep or exhibit records or accounts of the same.

4. Fireworks shall be manufactured in such place only as may be approved by the District Magistrate, due regard being had to the public safety.

5. All sales of fireworks under this license must be effected upon the premises shown on the face of the license.

6. Fireworks shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years nor shall any child under that age be employed in manufacture.

7. The manufactured fireworks possessed by the licensee must be kept in a building approved by the District Magistrate, due regard being had to the public safety :

Provided that any quantity not exceeding fifty pounds may be kept inside any other building, if placed in a receptacle exclusively appropriated to the keeping of fireworks.

8. The maximum quantity of fireworks allowed to be kept at the same time is two hundred pounds.

9. *The licensee shall affix to his shop or place of business a signboard as required by condition (4) endorsed on Form XI or XII of the Forms prescribed under the Indian Arms [XI of 1878.] Rules, 1909, and shall post up in his shop a copy of section 28 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878.

* This condition is to be added only when the authority granting this license directs, in pursuance of rule 63 by an order written on the license, that this license shall have the effect of a like license granted under the Indian [XI of 1878.] Arms Act, 1878.

FORM E.

(Articles 8 and 9 of Schedule II.)

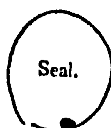
[FREE OF CHARGE.]

License to possess gunpowder or other explosives required bonâ fide for blasting purposes.

[Granted in a Presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate. If gunpowder only is to be possessed, the license may be granted by any Magistrate of the 1st class or by a Magistrate of the 2nd class specially authorised by the District Magistrate in this behalf.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Description and quantity of explosive to be possessed during the year.	Place, with full details, where explosive is to be possessed.	Maximum quantity of explosive (not exceeding 100 lbs. gunpowder and 10 lbs. of other explosives and 100 detonators) to be kept at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st of December 191 .

______ *District,*
______ *191* .



(Signature.)
______ *of* ______

Conditions.

[IV of 1884.] 1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The explosive shall be kept in a substantially constructed uninflammable building approved by such officer as the Local Government may prescribe, or in a fireproof safe separated from any dwelling-house, highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place by a distance of 50 yards and made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto, and to secure it from danger from without:

Provided that 50 lbs. of gunpowder may be kept inside a dwelling-house or in any building other than as last aforesaid in a receptacle exclusively appropriated to keeping explosives.

3. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosive and from any room or part of a building, fireproof safe, or receptacle containing the same, and no person entering such room or part of any building or such safe or receptacle shall have any iron or steel in his possession or attached to or on his boots or shoes.

4. Neither the building exclusively appropriated for the purpose of keeping the explosive, nor the fireproof safe or receptacle referred to above, shall have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof:

Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a building, fireproof safe, or receptacle in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

5. Gunpowder or other explosives exceeding one pound in quantity shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

6. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases and under the vendor's signature:—

(a) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(b) the nature and amount of the articles purchased; and

(c) the date of purchase.

FORM F.

(Article 12 of Schedule II.)

[FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

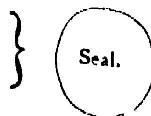
License to possess explosives generally (other than fulminates).

[Granted in a Presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee, and place of residence.	Place of business or shop.	Description of explosive.	Maximum quantity of explosive (not exceeding sixty pounds) to be possessed at any one time.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5
				The 31st December 191 .

______ *Town* or *District*, } (Signature.)

______ *191* .



———— of ————

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder. [IV of 1884.]

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all issues in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. The explosive shall be kept in a substantially constructed building which is exclusively appropriated for the purpose, and is detached from any dwelling-house, and is situated at a safe distance from any highway, street, public thoroughfare or public place, and is made and closed so as to prevent unauthorised persons from having access thereto and to secure it from danger from without.

4. The doors of the building shall open outwards and shall be faced on the outside with iron plating a quarter of an inch thick. They shall be closed by means of a lock or bolt on the inner side of such make or design as shall be approved by the licensing authority, and so placed that it shall be inaccessible from the outside except by means of its own key. The lock or bolt shall be made of some metal other than iron or steel.

5. All windows in the building shall be closed by shutters which open outwards but which cannot be opened from outside. The shutters shall be faced on the outside with iron plating a quarter of an inch thick.

6. All articles or substances of an explosive or highly inflammable nature shall be kept at a safe distance from the explosives and from any building or receptacle containing the same.

7. No building exclusively appropriated for the purpose of keeping the explosives, and no receptacle in which the explosives are kept, shall have any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof.

8. All explosives exceeding one pound in quantity shall be kept in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping.

9. Explosives of different descriptions which may be kept under this license shall be separated by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other.

10. The licensee shall at the time of purchase have the following particulars endorsed upon his license by the vendor from whom he purchases, and under the vendor's signature, namely:—

(*a*) the name and address of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased;

(*b*) the nature and amount of the articles purchased; and

(*c*) the date of purchase.

11. All losses, shortage of stock or thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police-station.

FORM G.

[*See rule 38.*]

Form of application for a license for possession of explosives (other than fulminates) in and sale from, a Magazine.

	The replies to be written in this column.
1. Applicant's Name . . . . " Calling . . . . " Address	
NOTE.—In cases where the application is made on behalf of a company, the name, calling and address of the company, and the name of the manager or agents, should be given.	
2. Situation of the proposed magazine— Presidency or Province . . . District . . . . . . Village	
3. Explosive proposed to be stored— Class . . . . . . Division (if any) . . . . Name and description . . . NOTE.—The Class and Division (if any) stated should be in accordance with the classification in Chapter II.	
4. Draft license containing the terms which the applicant proposes to have inserted, and specifying such of the matters stated below as are applicable. NOTE.—A draft license must be attached to this application and must be accompanied by a plan of the proposed magazine and of the site, with the boundaries thereof drawn to scale. The plan should also show the distance from the proposed magazine of the room (if any) to be used in connection therewith for the filling of cartridges for small-arms with explosives, in pursuance of rule 33 and of the workshop (if any) to be used in connection therewith for the adaptation or preparation of explosives, in pursuance of rule 34 ; and, if both a room and workshop are to be used, the distance of the room from the workshop. The matters referred to above, and required (so far as applicable) to be specified, are as follows :— (*a*) the boundaries of the land forming the site of the magazine, and either any belt of land surrounding the site which is to be kept clear, and the buildings and works from which it is to be kept clear, or the distance to be maintained between the magazine or any part thereof and other buildings and works (for buildings and works here referred to, see 1st column of table of distances appended to these rules); (*b*) the situation, character and construction of all the mounds, buildings and works on or connected with the magazine, and the distances thereof from each other; (*c*) the nature of the work, if any, to be carried on in connection with the magazine and the place at which such work is to be carried on, and the places in the magazine at which explosives, and any articles liable to spontaneous ignition, or inflammable or otherwise dangerous, are to be kept; (*d*) the situation of each building forming part of the magazine in which the explosive is to be kept, and the maximum amount of explosive to be kept in each such building; and (*e*) any special terms which the applicant may propose by reason of any special circumstances arising from the locality, the situation or construction of any buildings or works, or the nature of any process or otherwise.	

Remarks	

(*Signature of applicant*)

(*Postal address of applicant*)

(*Date of application*)

FORM H.

[*See rule 44.*]

Distances to be kept clear round a Magazine.

Distances from the Magazine proposed to be established at — Presidency or Province ________ District ________ Village ________

To be kept clear* from the undermentioned buildings and works.

Buildings and Works.	Distances to be kept clear, not less than	Reply.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 33.	yards.		
Workshop used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 34.†	"		
Private railway	"		
Highway or public footpath	"		
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	"		
Canal or navigable water	"		
Dock	"		
River wall or sea wall	"		
Pier or jetty	"		
Reservoir or bunded tank	"		
Room or workshop in connection with another magazine, store or licensed premises.	"		
Any other room or workshop or any shop	"		
Any other explosive magazine or store for explosives	"		
Furnace, kiln or chimney	"		
Public railway	"		
Dwelling-house, *with* the consent, in writing, of the occupier.	"		
Dwelling-house, *without* such consent	"		
Factory not belonging to Government	"		
Church, chapel or hospital	"		
Public institution or building	"		
Government building	"		
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India or any Department under that Government *with* the consent, in writing, of the Government of India or such Department.	"		
Ditto, *without* such consent	"		
Viceregal Residence	miles.		

NOTE.—The applicant for the license should state in the third column whether he is able to observe the distances assigned in the second column, or not. *In any case where he is unable to observe the full distance assigned, he should state what distance he can observe, and in the column of "Remarks" should set forth the grounds, if any, upon which he relies as justifying such reduction of distance, e.g., whether the magazine will be protected by mounds, or by natural features of the ground, or otherwise.*

(*Signature of applicant*) ________

(*Postal Address of Applicant*) ________

(*Date*)

* The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the magazine, but during the continuance of the license.

† This rule also applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises, when such magazines—

(1) belong to the same occupier, or

(2) are so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.

FORM I.

[*See rule 45.*]

Distances to be kept clear round a magazine.

*Distances to be maintained between the magazine and other buildings and works : —

From every	Not less than yards.
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 33 . .	
Workshop used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 34†.	
Private railway	
Highway or public footpath	
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	
Canal or navigable water	
Dock	
River wall or sea wall	
Pier or jetty	
Reservoir or bunded tank	
Room or workshop in connection with another magazine, store or licensed premises	
Any other room or workshop, or any shop	
Any other explosive magazine or store for explosives	
Furnace, kiln or chimney	
Public railway	
Dwelling-house, *with* the consent, in writing, of the occupier	
Dwelling-house, *without* such consent	
Factory not belonging to Government	
Church, chapel or hospital	
Public institution or building	
Government building	
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India, or any Department under that Government, *with* the consent, in writing, of the Government of India, or such Department	
Ditto, *without* such consent	
Viceregal Residence	

In the case of any building or work above-mentioned which is so screened from the magazine by the natural features of the ground or by good and sufficient artificial mounds of earth as not to be visible from any part of such magazine, the distance assigned above as that to be observed between such building or work and the magazine may be reduced by one-half.

In the case of any building or work above-mentioned which is so screened from the magazine by an intervening hill, that a line drawn from any part of such building or work to any part of such magazine would pass through such hill, the distance assigned by this schedule as that to be observed between such building and work and the magazine may be reduced by three-fourths; but if a Government Inspector notifies in writing that in his judgment the intervening hill, in respect of which such reduction is claimed, is not of a character to justify such reduction, this clause, authorising such reduction, shall be deemed not to apply in respect of the said building or work.

* The distances will be required to be kept clear not merely on the first establishment of the magazine but during the continuance of the license.

† This rule also applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises, when such magazines —

(1) belong to the same occupier, or

(2) are so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.

FORM J.

(*Articles 13 and 14 of Schedule II.*)

[FEE—FIFTEEN / TWENTY RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to possess explosives other than fulminates in, and to sell explosives from, a magazine.

[Granted by the Local Government or officer appointed by the Local Government in this behalf.]

Name of licensee, and residence.	Boundaries of the land forming the site of the magazine to which the license applies.	Situation, character and construction of the buildings and works connected with the magazine.	Description of explosives to be possessed.	Amount of explosives to be possessed at the same time in the magazine and within the boundaries of the site thereof.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6
					The 31st December 191 .

____
____________191 . } Seal.

(Signature.)

Secretary or

Conditions.

This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, [IV and the rules thereunder.

2. All explosives must be kept in the magazine indicated in this license.

3. The magazine is not to be used until this license is endorsed by the district authority in accordance with rule 48.

4. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock and of all sales or issues in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

5. There shall not be at the same time in the magazine any quantity of explosives exceeding the quantity specified in the license.

6. The magazine shall be used only for the keeping of the explosives specified in the license, and of receptacles for, or tools or implements for work connected with the keeping of, such explosives.

7. The interior of the magazine, and the benches, shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substances in such manner as to come into contact with the explosives; and such interior, benches, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean; and, in the case of any explosive being possessed which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water therefrom :

Provided that so much of this condition as relates to precautions against the exposure of any iron or steel and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substances shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

8. The magazine shall have attached thereto an efficient lightning conductor, which shall be tested at least once during the currency of the license, and a certificate showing the result and date of the last test shall be hung up in a conspicuous place in the magazine.

9. Before repairs are done to any room or magazine or part thereof, the same shall, as far as is practicable, be cleaned by the removal of all explosives or mixed ingredients thereof, and the thorough washing out of such room, magazine or part; and after such cleaning these conditions shall cease to apply to such room or part of the magazine until any explosive is again taken into it :

Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a magazine in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

10. Except after such cleaning, all tools and implements used in, or in making any repairs to, any part of the magazine shall be made only of wood, copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material :

Provided that this condition shall not be obligatory in a magazine in which no explosive other than an explosive of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

11. Due provision shall be made, by the use of suitable working clothes without pockets, or of suitable shoes, or by searching or otherwise, or by some such means, for preventing the introduction into the magazine of fire, lucifer matches or any substance or article likely to cause explosion or fire, or of any grit, iron or steel ; but this rule shall not prevent the introduction of an artificial light of such construction, position or character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion :

Provided that so much of this condition as applies to the exclusion of grit, iron or steel shall not be obligatory in a building in which no explosive other than an explosive of the first Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

12. No person shall smoke in any part of the magazine.

13. No person under the age of fourteen years shall be employed in or enter the magazine, except in the presence and under the supervision of some grown-up person, and no explosive shall be sold to any such person.

14. (1) Two or more descriptions of explosives which may lawfully be possessed in a licensed magazine may be possessed in the same magazine if they are separated from each other by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in the one communicating with the other :

(2) Provided as follows :—

(a) the various explosives of Classes 1 (gunpowder), 2 (nitrate-mixture), 3 (nitro-compound) and 4 (chlorate-mixture), safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, and such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as do not contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;

(b) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;

(c) such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;

(d) the various explosives of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space ;

(e) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

(3) Save as aforesaid, two or more descriptions of explosives shall not be kept in the same magazine.

15. The licensee, and every person employed in or about the magazine, shall take all due precautions for the prevention of accidents by fire or explosion in the magazine, and for preventing unauthorised persons from having access to the magazine or to the explosives therein, and shall abstain from any act whatever which tends to cause fire or explosion and is not reasonably necessary for the purpose of the work in such magazine.

16. (1) Blasting gelatine or any of its kindred gelatinous nitro-compounds shall not be kept in the magazine after the expiration of three years from the date of its, or their, importation into British India, except with the special sanction of an Inspector of Explosives.

(2) When such sanction has been given, a written certificate, showing the period covered by the sanction, must be obtained from an Inspector of Explosives at each inspection, and must be kept by the licensee at the magazine.

17. The licensee shall, at his own expense, provide for the safe custody of the magazine, a guard which shall be of such strength as the District Magistrate or the Commissioner of Police, as the case may be, may consider to be sufficient.

18. All losses, shortage of stock and thefts of explosives shall be reported without delay to the nearest police-station.

FORM K.

(*Article 15 of Schedule II.*)

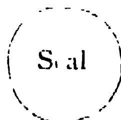
[FEE—TWENTY RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to possess explosives (other than fulminates) in a floating magazine.

(Granted by the Local Government.)

Name of licensee, and residence.	Description of limits within which the magazine shall be moored or anchored.	Situation, character and construction of the magazine.	Description of explosives to be possessed.	Amount of explosives to be possessed at the same time in the magazine.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4	5	6

(Signature.)



{ ——————
{ —————— 191 .

Secretary.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The whole vessel, barge or craft in or on board which the explosives are stored shall be deemed to constitute the magazine.

3. The magazine shall be used only for the keeping of such explosives as may be specified in the license, and of receptacles for, or tools or implements for work connected with, the keeping of such explosives.

4. The interior of the magazine, and the benches, shelves and fittings therein, shall be so constructed or so lined or covered as to prevent the exposure of any iron or steel in such manner, and the detaching of any grit, iron, steel or similar substance in such manner, as to come into contact with the explosives in such magazine; and such interior, benches, shelves and fittings shall, so far as is reasonably practicable, be kept free from grit and otherwise clean.

5. The magazine shall have attached thereto an efficient lightning conductor, which shall be tested previous to the storage of explosives.

6. No charcoal, whether ground or otherwise, oiled cotton, oiled rags or oiled waste and no article whatever which is liable to spontaneous ignition, shall be taken into the magazine.

7. Before repairs are done to or in any part of the magazine, it shall, so far as practicable, be cleaned by the removal of all explosives, and by a thorough washing out. After being so cleaned, it shall not be deemed to be a magazine until explosives are again taken into it.

8. There shall be constantly kept in the magazine, affixed in such manner as to be easily read, a copy of the license, and of any special rules that may be issued from time to time for the keeping of explosives in a floating magazine.

9. All tools and implements used in any repairs to or in any part of the magazine shall be made only of wood or copper or brass or some soft metal or material, or shall be covered with some safe and suitable material.

10. No fires, lights or lucifer matches, and no substance or article which is likely to cause explosion or fire, shall be permitted to be at any time in the magazine.

11. Due provision shall be made, by the use of suitable working clothes without pockets, or of suitable shoes, or by searching or otherwise, or by some such means, for preventing the introduction into the magazine of fire, lucifer matches or any substance or article which is likely to cause explosion or fire; and for preventing the introduction or

any grit, iron or steel into any part of the magazine where it would be likely to come into contact with explosives; and in any part of the magazine in which any explosive is kept which is liable to be dangerously affected by water, due precautions shall be taken to exclude water from such part; but this condition shall not prevent the introduction of an artificial light of such construction, position or character as not to cause any danger of fire or explosion; and so much of this condition as relates to the exclusion of grit, iron or steel shall not be obligatory in the case of a magazine in which no explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class is kept.

12. No person shall smoke in any part of the magazine.

13. (*1*) The licensee shall not employ any vessel, barge or craft to carry an explosive to or from the magazine unless the cabin, hold or other part of the vessel, barge or craft in which the explosive is or is to be carried—

(*a*) is constructed without any exposed iron or steel in the interior thereof,

(*b*) contains only explosives, and

(*c*) is closed or otherwise properly covered over:

Provided that clause (*a*) shall not apply in the case of any vessel, barge or craft which carries no explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, or which is specially exempted by an order of the Chief Inspector of Explosives or by an order of the Local Government endorsed on this license.

(*2*) The licensee shall see that the explosives to be placed on any vessel, barge or craft so employed are loaded, carried and unloaded with all due diligence and with such precautions and in such manner as will sufficiently guard against any accidental ignition.

14. The licensee shall see—

(*a*) that no fire, unprotected light or smoking is allowed while any explosive [other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class] is being received or delivered, or while the hatches or door of the magazine, or the hatches or coverings of any vessel, barge or craft alongside containing any such explosive, are open; and

(*b*) that no receipt or delivery of explosive is carried on, and that the hatches or door of the magazine are or is kept closed, when any vessel, barge or craft having on board a fire (other than engine-fires properly banked up) or an unprotected light is alongside a magazine containing an explosive other than explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class or in its immediate vicinity.

15. A person under the age of fourteen years shall not be employed in or enter the magazine, except in the presence and under the supervision of some grown-up person.

16. In the case of the magazine being approachable at low water by carriages, the words "vessel, barge, or craft," in Nos. 13 and 14 of these conditions, shall be taken to include a carriage.

17. (*1*) Two or more descriptions of explosives, which may lawfully be possessed in a licensed magazine, may be possessed in the same magazine, if they are separated from each other by an intervening partition of such substance and character, or by such intervening space, as will effectually prevent explosion or fire in one compartment from extending to another compartment.

(*2*) Provided as follows:—

(*a*) the various explosives of Classes 1 (gunpowder), 2 (nitrate-mixture), 3 (nitro-compound) and 4 (chlorate mixture), safety fuzes belonging to the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, and such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class, as do not contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*b*) the various explosives of the 1st Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*c*) such of the various explosives of the 2nd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class as contain any exposed iron or steel, may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*d*) the various explosives of the 3rd Division of the 6th (ammunition) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space;

(*e*) the various explosives of the 7th (firework) Class may be kept with each other without any intervening partition or space.

(*3*) Save as aforesaid, two or more descriptions of explosive shall not be kept in the same magazine.

FORM L.

(*Articles 16 and 17 of Schedule II.*)

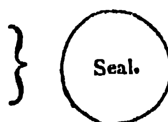
[FEE—FIVE RUPEES IN STAMPS.]

License to sell explosives.

[Granted in a Presidency-town or its suburbs or in Rangoon by the Commissioner of Police, and elsewhere by the District Magistrate.]

Name, etc., of licensee and place of residence.	Place of business or shop.	Description of explosive to be sold.	Date on which license expires.
1	2	3	4
			The 31st December 191 .

———— *Town or District,*
———— *191* .



(Signature)
———— *of* ————

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, and the rules thereunder.

2. The licensee shall keep records and accounts of all explosives in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Local Government may from time to time direct.

3. Explosives shall not be sold to any child apparently under the age of fourteen years.

4. All explosives exceeding one pound in weight, when publicly exposed for sale or sold, shall be in a substantial case, bag, canister or other receptacle, made and closed so as to prevent the explosives from escaping; and the outermost receptacle containing such explosives shall have affixed the name of the explosives, with the word "explosive" added thereto in conspicuous characters by means of a brand or securely attached label or other mark.

SCHEDULE IV.

REGULATIONS FOR PACKAGE OF EXPLOSIVES.

(*See rule 74.*)

Class.	Method of packing.	Amount in any one outer package.	Amount in any one inner package.
Class 1	When the quantity in any one consignment does not exceed 5 lbs. in amount, a single outer package; otherwise A double package, the inner and outer packages being as above defined.	100 lbs. Provided that where gunpowder and propellant are packed together the amount shall not exceed— 50 lbs.	100 lbs. 25 lbs.
Class 2	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 3, Division 1, other than propellants.	As for Class 1, provided that either the outer or inner package shall be thoroughly waterproof, and both shall be without metal in the construction thereof.	50 lbs.	5 lbs.
Class 3, Division 1, propellants.	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 3, Division 2, other than Picric Acid and Wet Guncotton.	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Picric Acid	As for Class 1	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Guncotton so wetted with water as to be absolutely uninflammable.	As for Class 1, provided that the inner or outer package, or both of them, shall be of such a nature, and so closed, as to prevent any material loss of moisture during conveyance.	Unlimited.	Unlimited.
Class 4, Division 1 ...	As for Class 3, Division 1, other than propellants.	50 lbs.	5 lbs.
Class 4, Division 2 ...	As for Class 1	50 lbs.	50 lbs.
Class 5	Packed in water. A treble package, the innermost package being a bag permeable to water, enclosed in a case containing sufficient water to ensure the explosive being kept constantly wet; and the outer package containing sufficient water constantly to surround the case. Both the case and the outer package shall be of such construction as will not allow water to escape. If the explosive is of such character that it cannot be packed in a thoroughly wet condition, it shall be packed in accordance with conditions pres ribed by the Chief Inspector of Explosives.	200 lbs.	25 lbs.
Class 6, Division 1, other than Pin-fire cartridges for pistols.	A single outer package: Provided that clause (2) of rule 73 shall not apply to explosives of this Division: Provided also that bulleted cartridges of a calibre exceeding 0·5 inch and belonging to this Division shall be packed in such a manner that the point of any bullet cannot come in contact with the cap of another cartridge.	Unlimited.	......
Pin-fire cartridges for pistols.	(*a*) Not exceeding 50 in number in any one consignment:—So packed in a single package that the bases lie alternately in opposite directions. The bases and pins shall be so fitted into perforations in millboard or other suitable material as to prevent the firing of any one of the said cartridges by an explosion in any other of the said cartridges. (*b*) Exceeding 50 in number:—In an inner and outer package, the cartridges being packed in inner packages with millboard as above required.	50 in number. 2,500 in number.	...... 50 in number.

Class.	Method of packing.	Amount in any one outer package.	Amount in any one inner package.
Class 6, Division 2 ...	Explosives made up into cartridges or charges for cannon, shells, torpedoes, mines, blasting or other like purposes shall be packed in such manner and in such quantity as is required for the same explosive when not so made up; provided that, where a double package is required, the enclosing case of such cartridges or charges may, if it satisfies the conditions required for an inner package, be held to be such inner package.	......	......
	Other ammunition of this Division:—A single outer package.	100 lbs.	......
Class 6, Division 3, other than Detonators and Electric Detonators.	As for Class 1 ... ... Provided that bulleted cartridges of a calibre exceeding 0·5 inch and belonging to this Division shall be packed in such a manner that the point of any bullet cannot come in contact with the cap of another cartridge.	50 lbs.	2 lbs. or 10 in number, whichever be the greater.
Detonators	(a) Not exceeding 1,000 in any one consignment:—As for Class 1, provided that the detonators and the spaces between the same and between the sides of the inner package and the said detonators shall all be filled, as far as practicable, with fine sawdust or other similar material; a layer of felt or other soft yielding material shall be placed between both ends of all the detonators and the interior of the inner pakage in which the same are placed, in such manner, and so secured, that both ends of the detonators will rest upon the said cotton wool or other material; every inner package, if of metal, to be lined throughout with paper or other soft material; and	1,000 in number.	100 in number.
	(b) Exceeding 1,000 detonators:— The detonators shall be packed in inner packages, with sawdust and cotton wool as above described. Such inner packages shall be placed inside a substantial case of wood or metal, made and closed so as to prevent any of the inner packages escaping therefrom, and such case shall be placed inside an outer package in such manner and so secured as to leave a clear space of not less than three inches between the case and every part of the interior of the said outer package, notwithstanding that such clear space may, if preferred, be filled with sawdust, straw, or other similar material, or may contain a light framework or battens of wood to keep the case aforesaid in position in the outer package; and (c) where the number of detonators exceeds 5,000, such outer package shall be provided with handles or other contrivance, by means of which it can be safely and conveniently carried.	10,000 in number.	100 in number.
Electric Detonators ...	As for Class 1, provided that where the number in any outer package exceeds 3,000, such outer package shall be provided with handles or other contrivance, by means of which it can be safely and conveniently carried.	5,000 in number.	100 in number.
Class 7, Division 1 ...	Double package, the inner package being hermetically closed and contained in an outer package as above defined.	20 lbs.	1 lb.
Class 7, Division 2 ...	Single outer package, provided that clause (2) of rule 73 shall not apply to explosives of this Class and Division.	100 lbs.	......

”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
445	460	475	485	500	510	525	540	550	565	575	590	605	615	630	640	655	670	680	695	705	720	735	745	760	770	785	800	810	825	835	850
385	400	415	430	445	460	475	490	505	520	535	550	565	580	595	610	625	640	655	670	685	700	715	730	745	760	775	790	805	820	835	850
1460	1525	1590	1655	1720	1785	1850	1915	1980	2045	2110	2175	2240	2305	2370	2435	2500	2570	2640	2710	2780	2850	2915	2980	3045	3110	3175	3240	3305	3370	3435	3500
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
2430	2465	2500	2535	2570	2605	2640	2675	2710	2745	2780	2815	2850	2885	2920	2955	2990	3025	3060	3100	3135	3170	3205	3240	3275	3310	3345	3380	3415	3450	3485	3520
2½	2½	2½	2¾	2¾	2¾	3	3	3	3¼	3¼	3¼	3½	3½	3½	3¾	3¾	3¾	4	4	4	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	4½	4½	4½	4¾	4¾	4¾	5

ent of India.

,000 detonators of "sextuple" strength; with detonators of greater strength the number would be of course less.)

A. H. LEY,

for *Secretary to the Government of India.*

	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Any other explosive magazine or store for explosives	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Furnace, kiln or chimney	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Public railway	”	”	”	”	210	215 *200*	225 *210*	235 *220*	240 *230*	250 *245*	255	265	270	280	285	290	300	305	310	315	325	330	345	355	370	380	395
Dwelling-house, *with* the consent, in writing, of the occupier	”	50 *35*	75 *50*	100 *75*	110 *90*	120 *100*	130 *110*	140 *125*	145 *140*	155 *150*	165 *160*	175	180	190	200	205	215	220	230	235	245	250	265	280	295	310	325
Dwelling-house, *without* such consent .	”	100 *65*	150 *100*	200 *150*	240 *175*	280 *200*	320 *255*	365 *310*	405 *360*	445 *415*	485 *470*	525	560	590	625	655	690	720	750	785	815	850	920	990	1060	1130	1200
Factory not belonging to Government .	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Church, chapel or hospital . . .	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Public institution or building . . .	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Government building	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
Factory or magazine occupied by the Government of India or any Department under that Government—	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
(1) *with* the consent, in writing, of the Government of India or such Department	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”	”
(2) Ditto ditto *without* such consent	”	880 *585*	1320 *880*	1760 *1320*	1780 *1540*	1805 *1760*	1825 *1790*	1850 *1820*	1870 *1850*	1890 *1880*	1910 *1905*	1930	1950	1970	1990	2005	2025	2040	2060	2075	2095	2110	2145	2180	2215	2255	2290
Viceregal Residence	*Miles.*	*1*	*1*	*1⅓*	*1⅓*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1½*	*1¾*	*1¾*	*1¾*	*1¾*	*1¾*	*2*	*2*	*2*

NOTE.—(*a*) This table furnishes the basis on which applications for licenses will be considered, but is susceptible to modifications under special circumstances on the advice of the Chief Inspector of Ex

(*b*) This rule applies to two or more magazines kept on the same premises—

(1) belonging to the same occupier, or,

(2) so kept by mutual consent of the respective occupiers.

(*c*) Detonators may be kept in an annexe near to or adjoining a magazine under the following conditions :—

(1) The amount of explosive contained in the detonators must not exceed 100 lbs. reckoned in the proportion of not less than 2¼ lbs. of explosives per 1,000 detonators :—(This proportion e

(2) The detonator annexe must be so constructed that not less than two feet of masonry and three feet of air space shall intervene between any detonators in such annexe and the interior

TABLE SHOWING DISTANCES WHICH SHOU[illegible]

In any case where any of the items enumerated in the first column of this Table is, in the opinion of an Inspector of Explosives, effectively screened from a magazine either by the natural f[illegible] intervening ground or mound, the distance from that item (except for quantities of one thousand pounds of explosives and under) will be reduced one-half: Provided that when a natural hill so inte[illegible] the distance from a Viceregal Residence to be less than one mile.

N.B.—*The figures in small italics are the distances to be observed when ordinary gunpowder only is to be stored or other explosive[illegible]*

		AMO[illegible]																								
		500 lbs.	1,000 lbs.	2,000 lbs.	3,000 lbs.	4,000 lbs.	5,000 lbs.	6,000 lbs.	7,000 lbs.	8,000 lbs.	9,000 lbs.	10,000 lbs.	11,000 lbs.	12,000 lbs.	13,000 lbs.	14,000 lbs.	15,000 lbs.	16,000 lbs.	17,000 lbs.	18,000 lbs.	19,000 lbs.	20,000 lbs.	22,000 lbs.	24,000 lbs.	26,000 lbs.	28,000 lbs.	30,000 lbs.
DISTANCES TO BE KEPT CLEAR FROM—																											
Room used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 33	Yds. ...	50 *35*	50 *35*	50	51	52	52	53	53	54	54	55	55	56	56	57	57	58	58	59	59	60	61	62	63	64	65
Workshop used in connection with the magazine, in pursuance of rule 34 [See note (*b*)].	"	"	75 *50*	100 *75*	101 *90*	102	104	105	105	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120	122	124	126	128	130
Private Railway	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Highway or public footpath	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Open air public meeting place (such as a market)	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Canal or navigable water	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Dock	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
River wall or sea wall	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"
Pier or jetty	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"	"

nd or by good and substantial artificial mounds of earth or mine refuse, of such height that a line drawn from any part of the magazine to any part of the item in question will pass through the a degree of protection which, in the opinion of an Inspector of Explosives, justifies a further reduction the distance shown in the Table will be reduced to one-quarter. In no case, however, is

of five thousand pounds of gunpowder, every half pound of such other explosive being reckoned as one pound of gunpowder.

LOWED IN THE MAGAZINE (IN POUNDS).

38,000 lbs.	40,000 lbs.	42,000 lbs.	44,000 lbs.	46,000 lbs.	48,000 lbs.	50,000 lbs.	52,000 lbs.	54,000 lbs	56,000 lbs.	58,000 lbs.	60,000 lbs.	62,000 lbs.	64,000 lbs	66,000 lbs	68,000 lbs	70,000 lbs.	72,000 lbs	74,000 lbs	76,000 lbs.	78,000 lbs	80,000 lbs	82,000 lbs.	84,000 lbs	86,000 lbs	88,000 lbs.	90,000 lbs	92,000 lbs.	94,000 lbs.	96,000 lbs.	98,000 lbs.	100,000 lbs.
69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
138	140	142	144	146	148	150	152	154	156	158	160	162	164	166	168	170	172	174	176	178	180	182	184	186	188	190	192	194	196	198	200
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POST OFFICE.

Simla, the 13th April, 1912.

No. 2877-79.—Mr. K. Homan, Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, on foreign service, is granted privilege leave for two months and one day combined with furlough out of India for three months and twenty-nine days, with effect from the 18th May 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

A. H. LEY,

for Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 12th April, 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 316.—The services of Major F. G. A. Wimberley, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 317.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel M. Stevens, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 318.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. T. H. Newnham, Indian Army, has been granted combined leave out of India for ten months and six days, pending retirement, the first twenty-six days being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 17th March 1912.

No. 319.—Major G. L. Cattell, Indian Army, is granted combined leave for eight months, the first three months being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army; with effect from the 19th March 1912.

Pension service—twenty-first year, commenced 27th January 1911.

No. 320.—Major G. C. Burn, Indian Army, has been granted combined leave out of India for eight months and sixteen days, the first three months being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 28th March 1912.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 321.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 12th March 1912, pages 1829 and 1831.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,

12th March 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

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Sahibzada Tale Muhammad Khan is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 13th March 1912.

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"London Gazette," dated the 22nd March 1912, pages 2095 and 2096.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
March 22, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 30th January 1912.

Herbert William Johnston, 67th Punjabis.
Francis Granville, C.I.E., Supernumerary List.
Charles Riversdale Elliot, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).
William Bernard James, M.V.O., 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).
Edward Watkin Wall, 17th Cavalry.
Leslie Warner Yule Campbell, 89th Punjabis.
Francis Henry Domenichetti, 88th Carnatic Infantry.
Francis Jollie, 28th Light Cavalry.
Benjamin John Henry Humfrey, Army Remount Department.
Guy Melfort Baldwin, D.S.O., Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's).
Octavius William Carey, 28th Punjabis.
Hugh Maclean Halliday, Supernumerary List.
Arthur Seymour Arnold, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.
George Templer Widdicombe, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
William Melvill Southey, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
Stephen Repton Stevens, 93rd Burma Infantry.
Frederic William Wodehouse, Supernumerary List.

Dated 1st February 1912.

Henry Augustus Frederick Magrath, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).
Maurice Randall Hurly, 92nd Punjabis.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 31st January 1912.

Holford Le Mesurier Fellowes, 47th Sikhs.
Macclesfield Heptinstall Anderson, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.
Alfred Harcourt Babington, Supply and Transport Corps.
Henry Stuart Strong, Supernumerary List.
Frederick Stewart Keen, 45th Rattray's Sikhs.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 17th October 1911.

Wilfred Arthur Selwyn de Gale, 5th Cavalry.
Eric Sortain Hancock, 90th Punjabis.

Dated 24th December 1911.

Godfrey Noel Grey Monck-Mason, 84th Punjabis.

Dated 28th January 1912.

Allan Harrington Burnett, 72nd Punjabis.
Alfred Henry Parsons, 9th Gurkha Rifles.
Wandril Maurice Churchill, 12th Cavalry.
Harold Richard Patrick Dickson, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

NOTE.—The promotion of Captain James Douglas Strong, 90th Punjabis, to that rank notified in the London Gazette of the 20th February, dates from 17th October 1911, and not from 16th October 1911, as therein stated.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 30th January 1912.

Bruce Gordon Seton, V.H.S.
Robert Henry Elliot, M.D., F.R.C.S.
Robert King Mitter, M.B.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 27th January 1912.

George Browse, M.B.
Herbert Armstrong Williams, D.S.O., M.B.
William Christopher Long.

Dated 28th January 1912.

James Drummond Graham, M.B.
Cuthbert Allan Sprawson, M.D.
Maxwell MacKelvie, M.B., F.R.C.S.E.
William Henry Cazaly, M.B.
Walter Valentine Coppinger, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.
William Mitchell Houston, M.B.
William David Acheson Keys, M.D.
Alexander Chalmers, M.B., F.R.C.S.I.
Samuel Robert Godkin, F.R.C.S.I.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 30th January 1912.

Andrew Monro Jukes, M.D.
Gwilym Gregory James, M.B.
William David Keyworth, M.B.
John Howard Horne, M.B.
Alfred John Lee, M.B.

NOTE.—The name of Major Manmatha Nath Chaudhuri, M.B., is as now stated; and not as in the London Gazette of the 15th September 1911, in which his promotion from the rank of Captain was notified.

NOTE.—The promotion of Captain Alexander Patrick Gordon Lorimer to that rank notified in the London Gazette of the 31st March 1911, is ante-dated from 7th November 1910, to 1st September 1909.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officers to the Indian Army:—

Captains to be Captains.

Walter Stephen Wilfrid Browne, by exchange from The King's (Liverpool Regiment). Dated 29th February 1912, but to rank from 9th December 1908. Captain Browne's rank as Lieutenant is post-dated to 9th March 1902.

On Transfer to the Supply and Transport Corps.

Edward Albert Porch, from the Prince of Wales's Own (West Yorkshire Regiment). Dated 22nd January 1912, but to rank from 20th May 1908. Captain Porch's rank as Lieutenant is post-dated to 20th August 1901.

Edward Michael Angelo John Hogan, from the Royal Irish Rifles. Dated 22nd January 1912, but to rank from 27th July 1910. Captain Hogan's rank as Lieutenant is ante-dated to 27th October 1903.

George Hamilton Wilkinson, from The Prince of Wales's Volunteers (South Lancashire Regiment). Dated 26th January 1912, but to rank from 4th April 1909. Captain Wilkinson's rank as Lieutenant is post-dated to 4th July 1902.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army :—

Colonel Thomas Hugh Smith. Dated 23rd February 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Penry Montague Prichard. Dated 16th March 1912.

Major Walter Fawcett Newnham. Dated 19th March 1912.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 322.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

8th April 1912.

Augustus de Thierry Mouillot, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 323.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captains to be Majors.

28th December 1911.

James Drummond Graham, M.B.
Cuthbert Allan Sprawson, M.D.
Maxwell Mackelvie, M.B., F.R.C.S.E.
William Henry Cazaly, M.B.
Walter Valentine Coppinger, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.
Leonard Joseph Montagu Deas, M.B., F.R.C.S.E.
William Mitchell Houston, M.B.
William David Acheson Keys, M.D.
Alexander Chalmers, M.B., F.R.C.S.I.
Samuel Robert Godkin, F.R.C.S.I.

(*Army Department Notification No. 107, dated the 9th February 1912, so far as it relates to promotions of certain Captains of the Indian Medical Service to the rank of Major, is hereby cancelled.*)

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 324.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 31st March 1912 :—

Robert Smith.

John St. Alban Kiddle.

John Michael Mary Brown.

Arthur Louis Gomes.

John Walker Gibbs.

Percy Newanham McGrath.

William Stanislaus Martin.

Charles Henry Lawrence Davies.

Hugh Maurice Lafrenais.

Francis Victor deVilhena Rebeiro.

Reginald Hugh Sausman Rodrigues.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 325.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Daniel O'Connell Murphy (*seconded*) to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain (*seconded*),

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Valentine Vincent Chiodetti to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain,

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Reginald Alexander Bœrmel (*seconded*) to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant (*seconded*), and

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Henry Lovell William Clark to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain William Alfred Boucher, superannuated ; with effect from the 12th March 1912.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 326.—Conductor Francis Maher, supernumerary on reversion to arsenal duty, is absorbed, *vice* Conductor Charles O'Donnell, promoted ; with effect from the 4th March 1912.

Southern Army.

No. 327.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Isaac William Seymore to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval ;

Conductor Samuel Knight, Military Accountant, *seconded*, to be Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, and

Conductor Rees Ross to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Patrick Relly, retired ; with effect from the 4th March 1912.

No. 328.—Conductor Arthur Thurston, supernumerary on reversion to arsenal duty, is absorbed, *vice* Conductor Rees Ross, promoted ; with effect from the 6th March 1912.

BARRACK DEPARTMENT, PUNJAB-BENGAL.

No. 329.—Staff-Sergeant Frank Percival Knight, Barrack Department, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation of establishment ; with effect from the 19th March 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 330.—The following promotions are made :—

2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Risaldar Ganga Dat to be Risaldar-Major and Ressaidar Bhaju Singh to be Risaldar, *vice* Wazir Chand, deceased ; with effect from the 6th February 1912.

3rd Skinner's Horse.

Ressaidar Sheo Chand to be Risaldar and Jemadar Malam Singh to be Ressaidar, *vice* Ratan Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Jemadar Raghbir Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Pahar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 15th February 1912.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Havildar Binda Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Tara Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 24th December 1911.

57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Bhagat Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Kapur Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Lakhu, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

93rd Burma Infantry.

Subadar Muhammad Bakhsh to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Punjab Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Isar Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st February 1912.

110th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Jemadar Rama Powar to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Vishnu Ghone to be Jemadar, *vice* Babaji Rao Sawant, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st January 1912.

112th Infantry.

Jemadar Mubarakh Shah to be Subadar and Color-Havildar Fateh Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Saiyid Abdul Aziz, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

1st Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Havildar Lalbir Thapa, on transfer from the 2nd Battalion, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force), to be Jemadar, *vice* Karsing Gurung, summarily discharged to pension; with effect from the 4th February 1912.

2nd Battalion, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Havildar Bhadru Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Dulsur Thapa, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st January 1912.

5th Cavalry.

NO. 331.—In Army Department Notification No. 221, dated the 8th March 1912, *for* "Shin Baksh Singh", *read* "Shiu Baksh Singh".

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

NO. 332.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified :—

Conductor Stephen Daly, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Madras List,—1st March 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

NO. 333.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel Lindsay Sherwood Newmarch, Supernumerary List,—23rd March 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Chenevix-Trench, C.I.E., Supernumerary List,—10th April 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NO. 334.—Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Greany, M.D., Indian Medical Service, Madras has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 27th April 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

NO. 335.—The undermentioned departmental commissioned officer, with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 19th April 1912 :—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Cajetan Marie DeSouza.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Punjab Light Horse.

No. 336.—Major Henry Thomas Pease, C.I.E., to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel A. Grey, C.I.E., V.D., resigned. Dated 1st April 1912.

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

No. 337.—Lieutenant Richard Beaumont Walker, V.D., to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st January 1912.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 338.—Second Lieutenant James Melville to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. Simson, promoted. Dated 15th June 1911.

Second Lieutenant Ernest George Abbott, to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. D. B. Watt, promoted. Dated 31st October 1911.

Second Lieutenant William McColin Kirkpatrick to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. W. Tyndall, promoted. Dated 24th November 1911.

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No. 339.—Lieutenant Charles Harrison Candy resigns his commission. Dated 1st March 1912.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 340.—Francis Archibald Wilson to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 16th February 1912.

Second Lieutenant Ernest Knowles to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 22nd February 1912.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 341.—Second Lieutenant Arthur Henderson MacKenzie to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 2nd January 1912.

Second Lieutenant Alexander Smart to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 3rd January 1912.

Second Lieutenant James Kelly Shaw to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 4th January 1912.

Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 342.—The correct name of Second Lieutenant Alexander Anson Gardiner is as now stated and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 499, dated the 9th June 1911.

Bengal and North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 343.—Lieutenant-Colonel Edward Anster Neville, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Baluchistan Volunteer Rifles.

No. 344.—Lieutenant Henry Robert Smith, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st March 1912.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 12th April 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant

Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 27th March and 9th April 1912:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
107th Pioneers ...	Captain Charles Septimus Pike.	1st March 1912.	Berne (Switzerland).	...	......
Royal Army Medical Corps.	Major Lionel Edmund Longworth Parker.	25th March 1912.	Poona ...	...	Was Sanitary Officer, 6th (Poona) Division.
27th Light Cavalry ...	Captain Robin Burn Strickland Dunlop.	3rd April 1912	Neemuch ...	...	......
Ordnance Department, Southern Army.	Sub-Conductor James William Goff.	5th April 1912	Calcutta ...	...	......

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 12th April 1912.

LEAVE.

No. 19.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Lieutenant R. W. V. Beatty, Royal Indian Marine,—six months (medical certificate).

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD).

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 11th April, 1912.

No. 1.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company for a line of railway on the 2′ 6″ gauge from Bodeli station on His Highness the Gaekwar's Dabhoi Railway to Chota Udaipur, a distance of about 24 miles.

This survey will be known as the Bodeli Chota Udaipur Railway.

No. 2.—Mr. A. P. LeM. Sinkinson, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway, in Class III, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is permitted, at his own request, to resign the service of Government, with effect rom the 21st February 1912.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

...DIA.

...UCATION.

[illegible]

...912.

...res and deaths reported in India ...for general information

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	138	113
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	..	..
		Broach Port	.	...
		Broach District	..	..
		Kaira District	1	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency		...
		Rewa Kantha Agency		..
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Bandar Port	...	...
		Surat District	14	9
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	1	1
		Bandra Port	3	1
		Mahim „	6	5
		Bassein „		...
		Thana „	...	...
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	Ahmednagar District	3	1
		West Khandesh	3	6
		East Khandesh District	45	10
		Nasik District	19	16
		Poona City	1	...
		Poona District	2	1
		Satara „	35	25
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	1	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	3	3
		Alibag Port	1(a)	1(a)
		Kolaba District	4	4
		Vengurla Port	.	...
		Ratnagiri District		2
		Belgaum „	39	29
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	14	15
		Kanara „	8	8
		Bijapur „	73	63
		Bijapur Agency	3	6
		Savantvadi State	...	...

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	70	65
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur „	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	9	7
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	17	14
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		TOTAL	519	447
Madras Presidency	...	Anantapur District	6(a)	5(a)
		North Arcot „	25(a)	12(a)
		South Arcot „	...	...
		Bellary Town	1	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	15	10
		Mangalore Town and Port	7	3
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	1	2(a)
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	7	5
		Godavari „	...	...
		The Nilgiris „	6(b)	2
		Kistna District	1(a)	1(a)
		Salem District	7	5
		Sandur State	...	...
		Vizagapatam District	1(a)	...
		TOTAL	77	45

(a) One imported. | (b) Two imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	3	3
		Bankura	...	...
		Howrah Town	3	3
		Howrah District.	3	3
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	1	1
		Calcutta	132 (a)	129
	Dacca ...	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District.	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	142	139
BIHAR AND ORISSA.	Patna ...	Patna Town	172	172
		Patna District	397	350
		Gaya Town	14	14
		Gaya District	162	118
		Shahabad District	335	271
	Tirhut...	Chapra Town	17	8
		Saran District	871	795
		Champaran District	3	1
		Muzaffarpur District	...	...
		Darbhanga District	163	145
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	80	39
		Monghyr District	121	103
		Bhagalpur Town	35	25
		Bhagalpur District	7	10
		Sonthal Parganas District	...	...
	Orissa ...	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	9(b)	4(b)
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	2,886	2,085
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut ..	Dehra Dun District	...	...
		Saharanpur District	33	29
		Muzaffarnagar District	48	43
		Meerut City	5	5
		Meerut District	2	3
		Bulandshahr District	10	12
		Aligarh District	2	2
	Agra ...	Muttra District	25	19
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	4	5
		Farrukhabad City	4	4
		Farrukhabad District	3	1
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	17	11
		Etawah District	65	65
		Etah District	11	11
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	1	1
		Bareilly District	3	3
		Bijnor District	28	28
		Budaun District	14	14
		Moradabad District	67	63
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	56	51
		Pilibhit District	57	57

(a) Three imported.
(b) Between 24th and 31st March 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	44	41
		Cawnpur District	25	25
		Fatehpur "	51	50
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	11	11
		Allahabad District	223	174
		Jhansi City	6	7
		Jhansi District	26	15
		Jalaun "	45	27
	Benares	Benares City	57	57
		Benares District	118	124
		Mirzapur "	15	14
		Jaunpur "	28	28
		Ghazipur "	276	277
		Ballia "	597	592
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	411	486
		Basti "	242	222
		Azamgarh "	915	865
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	34	35
		Lucknow District	38	38
		Unao "	359	248
		Rae Bareli "	140	119
		Sitapur "	154	120
		Hardoi "	77	76
		Kheri "	22	24
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	1	1
		Fyzabad District	148	145
		Gonda "	80	[illegible]
		Bahraich "	96	94
		Sultanpur "	15	15
		Partabgarh "	51	56
		Bara Banki "	296	298
		TOTAL	5,006	4,753
PUNJAB	Delhi	Delhi City	3	1
		Delhi District	23	14
		Gurgaon "	136	115
		Rohtak "	205	140
		Karnal "	217	203
		Hissar "	...	...
		Ambala "	97	97
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	108	60
		Jullundur City	2	2
		Jullundur District	237	99
		Ludhiana "	177	172
		Ferozepore "	135	135

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	3	3
		Gurdaspur District	100	81
		Sialkot District	70	68
		Gujranwala District	139	61
		Lahore District	26	10
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	206	165
		Shahpur District	51	32
		Jhelum "	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	...	...
		Attock District	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District	25	13
		Lyallpur "	4	3
		Jhang "	11	7
		Multan "	6	4
		Muzaffargarh District	...	...
	...	Patiala City	...	...
		Patiala State	278	218
		Jind State	49	22
		Kapurthala State	28	10
		Kalsia	11	4
		Dujana	18	7
		Malerkotla	...	...
		TOTAL	2,374	1,782
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	7	8
		Hanthawaddy District	...	...
		Pegu District	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	...	...
		Prome District	2	2
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	1
		Bassein District	...	...
		Myaungmya District	...	...
		Maubin "	...	...
		Pyapon "	2	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton District	7	7
		Amherst District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	5	5
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District	...	...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Mandalay District	1	1
		Bhamo District	7	7
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	...
		Yamethin District	...	...
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	33	34

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	101	98
		Nagpur District	9[illegible]	63
		Kamptee Cantonment	14	6
		Bhandara Town	1	1
		Bhandara District	25	23
		Wardha Town	2	4
		Wardha District	12	12
		Chanda Town	1	1
		Chanda District	1	1
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	87	23
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	5	5
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	1	1
		Jubbulpore District	182	142
		Saugor Town	1	1
		Saugor Cantonment	1	1
		Saugor District	32	23
		Damoh Town	36	29
		Damoh District	64	40
		Sooni Town	1	1
		Seoni District	25	23
		Mandla Town	3	2
		Mandla District	15	7
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	17	19
		Khandwa Town	...	...
		Nimar District	26	18
		Narsingpur Town	...	...
		Narsingpur District	67	51
		Badnur Town	1	...
		Betul "	...	...
		Betul District	8	4
		Chhindwara Town	1	1
		Chhindwara District	44	35
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	28	19
		Raipur District	9	9
		Bilaspur Town	2	...
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti Town	...	...
		Amraoti District	...	...
		Yeotmal "	...	...
		Akola "	...	...
		Buldana* "	1	...
		Nandgaon State	...	...
		TOTAL	855	663
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	5	4
		Bangalore City	2	2
		Bangalore District	6	6
		Mysore City	1	1
		Mysore District	1	1
		Hassan "	7	8
		Kadur "	7	4
		Kolar "	10	8
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	2
		Tumkur District	4	8
		Shimoga "	1	...
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	46	29

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	104	93
		Raichur "	13	14
		Aurangabad "	12	3
		Nizamabad "	15	11
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	11	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda "	6	3
		Nander "	3	17
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	27	20
		Bir District	1	1
		Adilabad District	5	6
		Medak "	75	80
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	82	82
		Karimnagar District	2	2
		Mahbubnagar "	27	8
		TOTAL	383(a)	340(a)

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	14	17
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	1	1
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	12	10
		Kurwai State	4	3
		Rajgarh State	1	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	1	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	95	63
		Rewa "	11	10
		Nagode "	12	7
		Maihar "	2	4

(a) Figures from 25th to 31st March 1912.

In the return for the week ending 30th March 1912 *read* 87-33 for nil against Malwa Prant of Gwalior.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	...	...
		Sohawal „	5	2
		Narsingarh State	...	...
		Orcha State	13	6
		TOTAL	171 (c)	128 (c)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	9	8
		Jaipur	6	5
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh „	...	...
		Alwar State	14	8
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	67	56
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	1	...
		TOTAL	97 (a)	77 (a)
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua „	...	...
		Jammu Province	79	41
		TOTAL	79 (b)	41 (b)
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	12,118	10,562

(a) Figures for the week ending 5th April 1912.
(b) Figures for the two weeks ending 6th April 1912.
(c) Figures for the week ending 30th March 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 11th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The depression which was affecting northwest India at the end of the previous week passed northeastwards out of the Indian area on the 4th, after giving some further falls of snow and rain in the extreme north. Weather continued unsettled in Baluchistan until the 10th, but only a few light falls of rain were reported.

Numerous falls of rain occurred in northeast India on the 8th and 9th, and during the last three days of the week a few showers were reported from the north of Burma. Elsewhere weather was practically dry.

2. Temperature remained unusually low over northern India during the greater part of the week, but on the 9th and 10th rose above normal in the northwest.

3. *Burma.*—A few falls of rain occurred in north Burma during the last three days.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—A few showers of rain were recorded daily until the 7th, and on the 8th and 9th numerous thunderstorms, accompanied in many cases by hail, occurred in Bengal and Assam.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Some light falls of hail and rain were reported from the United and Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—Light precipitation occurred in the extreme north on the 4th.

The Peninsula.—Scattered rainfall occurred in the Deccan on the 5th.

4. The chief amounts of rainfall recorded were as follows :—

April 4th. Silchar 1·65″, Peshawar 0·80″ and Murree 0·73″.

" 5th. Silchar 0·61″, Raichur 0·72″, Hyderabad (Deccan) 0·52″ and Pamban 0·64″.

" 6th. Narayanganj 1·68″ and Chaibasa 0·56″.

" 7th. Cockin 0·55″ and Kalat 0·50″.

" 8th. Maymyo 2·30″.

" 9th. Barisal 1·24″, Calcutta 1·54″, Jessore 2·02″ and Balasore 0·81″.

5. Precipitation during the week was in marked excess in Bengal, Orissa and Hyderabad South; normal in Chota Nagpur, Baluchistan, the Central Provinces East, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; and in marked defect in Burma, Assam, the Punjab, Kashmir, Malabar and Madras Southeast. Elsewhere except in the North-West Frontier Province weather was rainless. During the period 1st December to 11th April the total amount was markedly above normal in the Bay Islands, Orissa, the Central Provinces East and Hyderabad South; normal or nearly normal in Lower Burma, Assam, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, Baluchistan, the Central Provinces West and Malabar; and considerably below normal in Chota Nagpur, Sind, Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Konkan and the Madras Deccan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 11th April 1912.			Rainfall data from 1st December 1911 to 11th April 1912.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	0·3	−0·3	32·6	10·0	+22·6	+226	+236
Lower Burma	0	0·3	−0·3	2·3	2·1	+ 0·2	+ 10	+ 28
Upper Burma	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·8	1·5	− 0·7	− 47	− 46
Assam	0·9	1·8	−0·9	8·7	9·4	− 0·7	− 7	+ 3
Bengal	0·8	0·4	+0·4	4·8	3·9	+ 0·9	+ 23	+ 14
Orissa	0·3	0·2	+0·1	6·4	3·3	+ 3·1	+ 94	+ 97
Chota Nagpur	0·2	0·2	0	2·1	3·8	− 1·7	− 45	− 47
Bihar	0	0·1	−0·1	1·6	1·9	− 0·3	− 16	− 11
United Provinces, East	0	0·1	−0·1	1·6	2·0	− 0·4	− 20	− 16
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	−0·1	2·4	3·2	− 0·8	− 25	− 23
Punjab, East and North	0·1	0·2	−0·1	3·8	4·9	− 1·1	− 22	− 21
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·1	−0·1	2·6	2·5	+ 0·1	+ 4	+ 8
Kashmir	0·1	0·8	−0·7	12·0	12·6	− 0·6	− 5	+ 1
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·4	0·3	+0·1	3·9	4·7	− 0·8	− 17	− 20
Baluchistan	0·2	0·2	0	5·4	5·8	− 0·4	− 7	− 7
Sind	0	0	0	0·3	1·0	− 0·7	− 70	− 70
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0·7	0·8	− 0·1	− 13	− 13
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·9	1·2	− 0·3	− 25	− 18
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	−100
Central India, West	0	0	0	0·2	0·6	− 0·4	− 67	− 67
Central India, East	0	0	0	0·5	2·2	− 1·7	− 77	− 77
Berar	0	0	0	0·7	1·7	− 1·0	− 59	− 59
Central Provinces, West	0	0·1	−0·1	1·9	1·9	0	0	+ 6
Central Provinces, East*	0·2	0·2	0	4·3	2·7	+ 1·6	+ 59	+ 64
Konkan	0	0	0	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	−100
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0·1	0	0·7	0·6	+ 0·1	+ 17	+ 20
Hyderabad, North	0·1	0·1	0	1·8	1·5	+ 0·3	+ 20	+ 21
Hyderabad, South	0·3	0·2	+0·1	2·5	1·2	+ 1·3	+108	+120
Mysore	0	0·2	−0·2	1·7	1·2	+ 0·5	+ 42	+ 70
Malabar	0·2	0·6	−0·4	4·1	4·2	− 0·1	− 2	+ 8
Madras, Southeast	0·1	0·3	−0·2	9·5	7·0	+ 2·5	+ 36	+ 40
Madras Deccan	0·1	0·1	0	0·4	0·8	− 0·4	− 50	− 57
Madras Coast, North	0·1	0·1	0	2·6	3·1	− 0·5	− 16	− 17

* Information incomplete.

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 11th April 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 6th April 1912.

Burma.—Light rain fell in the north of the Province and in the extreme south. Reaping of spring rice, sowing of summer rice and harvesting of tobacco and island crops are progressing normally. Standing crops are healthy. The price of unhusked rice remains abnormal.

Assam.—Rain fell in almost all districts and has been favourable to the growth of tea in the plains and to potatoes in the hills. Sowing of jute and rice continues. Prospects of tea are good. Pressing of sugarcane is nearly finished. Cattle disease prevails in two districts. The price of common rice is almost stationary.

Bengal.—The weather is hot and stormy but more rain is wanted in the Rajshahi division. Ploughing and sowing of jute and rice are proceeding briskly. Sowings of jute in the eastern districts are reported to be exceptionally extensive. Harvesting of sugarcane, tobacco, linseed, wheat and barley is nearing completion and in each case an approximately normal outturn per unit of area is expected. The average price of common rice is practically the same as last week. Cattle disease is reported from the Jessore, Nadia, Midnapore, Malda and Noakhali districts.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain fell during the week in the Sonthal Parganas, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul, Sambalpur, Ranchi, Manbhum, Singhbhum and in parts of Saran and Purnea. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. Preparation of lands and harvesting of spring crops continue. Planting of sugarcane is going on. Standing crops and vegetables are doing well. The price of common rice has risen in Patna, Gaya, Saran, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Sambalpur, Hazaribagh and Manbhum, has fallen in Champaran and has been stationary in the remaining districts. Cattle disease is reported from Angul, Puri and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—The week was practically rainless. Harvesting of spring crops is nearing completion and threshing and winnowing are in full swing. Extra crops are flourishing. Fields are still being planted for the new sugarcane crop. Sporadic cattle disease is reported by very few districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is stationary.

Punjab.—Rain has fallen in most districts. The condition of standing crops is average to good. Harvesting of spring crops is beginning and sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—Good rain fell in Peshawar and showers elsewhere which were beneficial to standing crops. The condition of standing crops is generally average but in Dera Ismail Khan unirrigated crops are reported below the average. Harvesting of spring crops has commenced in the Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan districts and a normal outturn is expected. Sugarcane, cotton and extra spring crops are being sown. The water supply is generally sufficient except in *daman* villages in Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder is scarce in Dera Ismail Khan. There is no irrigation from the Paharpur canal in the Dera Ismail Khan district. The condition of cattle is generally good but is poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to scarcity of fodder. The public health is good. Prices of food grains are nearly stationary.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 16 and maize from 12 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Rampore tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Udhampur, Basohli and Bhimber tahsils.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell several times during the week and was beneficial to spring crops. The cold is decreasing. Zamindars are busy with sowings. Prices have risen slightly. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The weather is generally cloudy and hot. Slight rain fell in parts of western, central and eastern Rajputana. Harvest operations continue. The estimated outturn is fair to good, but is poor in certain tracks to the west and south and in Merwara. Cattle are generally healthy but are suffering for went of pasturage in parts of the Jaipur and Mewar Residencies and in isolated areas from disease. Pasturage of fodder is also scarce in parts of the western States' Residencies and in Merwara. Drinking water is scarce in many places in Kotah. The water level is low in the Hilly Tracts and Mewar. Prices are above normal in most States but are generally stationary in Ajmer-Merwara.

Central India.—The rainfall during the week was partial in Gwalior. The weather is seasonable. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress. The outturn is above average in Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Bhopal, average in Gwalior and the Malwa portions of Indore and below average in the Malwa portion of Bhopawar. Crops have been damaged slightly by hail in parts of Gwalior, Indore and Bundelkhand. Water is scarce in Malwa and Bhopawar. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are fluctuating in Indore and Bhopawar and are steady elsewhere. There is considerable export to Gujarat and Kathiawar. Opium is in good condition.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress is gradually increasing in Dhar. There is no wandering or emaciation. The condition of people is good and of cattle fair. The *mahua* crop which is a great help to the people in the hot weather months has not come up to expectation. Relief measures are adequate. Fodder is being obtained in Dhar under reduced railway rates from Mhow and Nimanpur. Prices of food grains are stationary at 11 to 13 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief works were Dhar 4,803, Jhabua 2,245 and Bori Thakurati 354. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 585 and Bori 644. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 127. Reports from Jobat and Ali Rajpur have not been received.

Central Provinces.—The days are getting hot but the nights and mornings continue to be cool. Six districts had a sprinkling of rain during the week not exceeding 53 cents. The rain was accompanied by hail in Mandla. Reaping of spring crops continues and has been practically completed in most districts. Threshing and winnowing are now in full swing. Prospects are generally good and a normal spring outturn is expected for the Provinces. Preparation of land for sowing of the next autumn crops continues. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices are almost stationary and indicate a downward tendency.

Feudatory States.—During the week six States received rain ranging from 12 cents to 1¼ inches. Prospects are favourable. Prices are almost steady.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of Sind and the Karnatak. Harvesting is still progressing in parts. Cotton picking continues in parts of the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for cultivation of autumn crops is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9½ to 10 and maize at 10½ to 11½ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 6th April were :—Panch Mahals, on works 46,835, on gratuitous relief 48,235, total 95,070. Kathiawar, on works 6,659. On test

works in Kaira 2,641. On gratuitous relief in Ahmednagar, Poona and Sholapur 6,680. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 5,359 on test works and 4,696 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—Slight showers fell during the week in the Bidar, Karimnagar and Gulbarga districts. Sixty-two cents were received in Nizamabad and 37 cents in Mahbubnagar. After the close of the week 40 cents were also received in Hyderabad. Late rice is being irrigated and the crop is fair to good. Some injury by insects is reported in parts of the Medak, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Harvesting is going on in parts. Fodder scarcity prevails in 21 talukas, cattle disease in 13 and water scarcity in 20. Prices :—wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13¼ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ¼ seer in the price of wheat and a rise of ¼ seer in that of rice. White *juar* is selling at 12 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9¼ seers in Raichur and the lowest 22 seers in Parbhani.

Mysore.—Slight rain fell in parts of the State. Prices of food grains are steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition and prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—The weather is cloudy. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal but stationary. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light rain fell in several districts. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy, sugarcane and dry crops is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of paddy and dry crops are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	46,056	46,754	93,710	46,835	48,235	95,070	+1,360
Kathiawar	5,403	...	5,403	6,6 9	...	6,659	+1,256
Central India States. . .	10,888	131	11,019	10,668	127	*10,795	—224
TOTAL .	63,247	46,885	1,10,132	64,162	48,362	1,12,524	+2,392

* Last week's figures for Jobat and Ali Rajpur have been included.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 23rd March 1912.

No	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated popu'at on of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	Number of persons on gratuitous and special relief: Dependents of relief workers relieved on works	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Panch Mahals	1,606	3,21,000	47,005	6[illegible]	41,650	42,279	89,284	....	..
2	Kaira	700	2,98 000	...	. ..	.	..	......	2,748	..
3	Ahmadnagar	6 586	9,45 000	...			...	..	..	
4	Poona .	2,274	3,20,000	..		.. ..	.. ..	..	.. ..	
5	Sholapur	3 097	8,77,000	.. ...	... .	... ..	... ..	... ..	. ..	
	Native States									
1	Kathiawar	(Not known)	...	5,821		.	..	5,821	1,752	
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)		. .	.	.. ..	. .	...	3,093	
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	..	... ..	. ..		. . ..	.....	268	
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	..	.	.	.	..	.. ...	87	
	Total Bombay	14,828	2 270 000	52,826	629	41,650	42,279	95,105	7,948	1
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat	140	15,561	1,252		......	.. ...	1,252	. ...	...
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)		1,868	.	..	. ...	1,868	.. ..	...
3	Jhabua .	84	25,207	3 640	..	. .	.. ...	3,640	..	..
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	3,578	. ..	.		3,578	100	
	Total Central India States	224	40,768	10,338	...	. . .	.	10,338	100	

E. D MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 30th March 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF. Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST. Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Panch Mahals	1,606	3,21,000	46,956	570	46,184	46,754	93,710	......	......
2	Kaira ...	760	2,98,000	......	......	......	......	......	2,688	......
3	Ahmadnagar	6,586	9,45,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	4,545
4	Poona ...	2,274	3,29,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	685
5	Sholapur ...	3,097	3,77,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,262
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	5,403	......	......	......	5,403	1,883	4,111
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	4,533	133
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	246	293
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	97	3
	Total Bombay	14,323	2,270,000	52,359	570	46,184	46,754	99,113	9,452	11,034
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	1,340	......	......	......	1,340	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	1,697	......	......	......	1,697	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	(Ditto)		3,315	......	......	......	3,315	......	......
4	Dhar ...	(Ditto)		4,536	......	......	......	4,536	......	131
	Total Central India States.	140	15,561	10,888	......	......	......	10,888	......	131

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 12th April 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

April 1st to the 6th, 1912.

April 1st.

165. H. Bille. *Apparatus for producing a perforated paper slip by electric current impulses.*

April 2nd.

166. S. G. Brown. *Improvements relating to syphon recorders.*

167. W. A. R. M. McRae and N. Malcolmson. *Improvements in or relating to the production of half-stuff paper pulp or paper.*

168. W. A. R. M. McRae and N. Malcolmson. *Improvements in or relating to the production of half-stuff paper pulp or paper.*

169. J. G. Robinson. *Improved pressure release valve for use in connection with locomotive and other steam engines.*

170. J. A. Collie. *An electric trembling bell for use with direct current street supply electricity.*

April 3rd.

171. H. D. H. DaCosta. *An improved method for the preparation of red ferrie Oxide paint and the like from other natural earth pigments from the crude ores.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

121. H. Heenan. *Improvements in, and in the manufacture of, apparatus for cooling or warming water or air and the like.*

122. Firm S. Oppenheimer. *Improved process for the manufacture of dried yeast.*

124. Lamtom Foreign Patent Company, Limited. *Improvements in glazing bars and the like.*

125. L. Blessing. *Improvements in railway sleepers and means for securing rails thereto.*

126. J. Say. *Improvements relating to slide valves for fluid pressure engines.*

129. H. J. J. Hummel. *Improvements in incandescence gas or vapour lamps.*

133. T. A. M. Brownlie. *Improvements in or relating to tube wells.*

134. C. Urban and Natural Color Kinematograph Co., Ld. *Improvements in Kinematograph apparatus for the production of colored pictures.*

135. J. Levick, Junior. *Improvements in or relating to flushing cisterns for railway carriage lavatories and other uses.*

137. R. D. Moore. *Railroad rails.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

4th April 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, price annas eight each.

35. Bagh Singh, Kishen Singh and Ladha Singh. *Manufacture of chalk pencils.*

42. A. N. Marr. *Improvements in or relating to machines or apparatus for drying sized yarns and warps.*

57. C. Lister. *Pre-spinner.*

63. A. F. Berry. *Improvements in or relating to electrical heating apparatus.*

85. E. S. G. Rees. *Improvements in ejector condensers, air pumps, or compressors.*

87. T. Lennox. *Shearing machines.*

88. J. B. Salmon & E. W. Roy. *Improvements in and relating to pneumatic tyres.*

91. Crompton & Company Limited. *An improved thermantidote.*

92. H. A. Wanklyn. *Improvements in puncture sealing material, and in methods of inserting same into pneumatic tyres or tubes.*

94. W. Bracewell. *A device for threading a weaver's shuttle.*

95. M. Binnes, H. Beswick and R. Billington. *Improvements in or relating to the wheels and tyres of motor road vehicles, velocipedes and the like.*

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 466 of 1911.—Mian Maula Bux, and C. Allsop. *Improvements in flour, sugar or grain crushing stone mills.* (Specification filed, 5 February 1912.)

No. 577 of 1911.—T. Bateman. *Improvements in means for operating ventilating fans.* (Specification filed 28 March 1912.)

No. 724 of 1911.—P. J. Packman. *Improvements in and relating to sound reproducing machines.* (Specification filed 25 March 1912.)

No. 776 of 1911.—J. F. F. W. Ure. *Improvements relating to pneumatic tyres* (Specification filed 2 April 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

3 of 1900. McCloughin. (To 9 April 1913.)
175 of 1901. Führer. (To 22 June 1913.)
235 of 1901. Roy. (To 15 April 1913.)
334 of 1901. Thiollier. (To 3 May 1913.)
153 of 1902. Baron. (To 29 May 1913.)
343 of 1902. Lodge, Muirhead and Robinson. (To 27 May 1913.)
439 of 1902. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. (To 27 May 1913.)
19 of 1903. Creed and Coulsen (To 21 May 1913.)
533 of 1905. Kharegat. (To 2 April 1913.)
346 of 1906. Lock. (To 10 April 1913.)
429 of 1906. Linotype and Machinery Ld. (To 10 April 1913.)
517 of 1906. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. (To 8 May 1913).
118 of 1907. Rees. (To 17 May 1913.)
156 of 1907. Still and Adamson. (To 30 July 1913).
202 of 1907. Johnston. (To 5 June 1913.)
268 of 1907. Pettigrew. (To 30 July 1913.)

476 of 1907. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co. (To 6 May 1913.)

478 of 1907. Bellini and Tosi. (To 6 May 1913.)

569 of 1907. Woodman. (To 22 April 1913.)

199 of 1908. Creed and Coulson. (To 6 June 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1904.

235, (Drury) 234, (Drury).

1907.

77, (Sutton). 436, (Luttrell). 451, (Friestedt). 508, (Mahomad Hyat and Brothers).

APPLICATION FOR PATENT UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

108 of 1909.—Sirdar Raja Babu. *Automatic collision preventor.*

301 of 1909.—J. Ashford. *Improvements in and relating to rollers fitted into or attached to sluice gates and the method of mounting the same.*

556 of 1909.—J. Ashford and S. Legett. *An improvement in and relating to sluice gates.*

270 of 1910.—D. H. Keelan. *A new or improved apparatus for interlocking point and siding lock keys with block instruments.*

285 of 1910.—Gulbazkhan Lalbazkhan. *The Gulbaz latrine incinerator.*

220 of 1911.—H. S. Wildebloode. *Means for improving the stability of aeroplanes.*

326 of 1911.—Ram Rattan Khullar. *Improvements on the Indian exercise called "Dand."*

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at :—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

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(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
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Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	"	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

***N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.**

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

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D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
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10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
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17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
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24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R a. p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
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E. H. DE V. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	John Brandon (son).* Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son).
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son).
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia *alias* Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son) George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter) Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter)
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

C. J. G. BIRD, Captain,
for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;
2nd April 1912.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th April 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th April 1912.

	Total amount of Notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).			Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.	Total.	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	1,69,31,030	23,87,10,080	25,56,41,110	3,78,88,070	2,62,45,410	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,04,20,356	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500.
Cawnpore	...	2,17,14,015	2,17,14,015	2,28,31,508	47,79,660	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,76,11,168	(b) Nominal value R4,69,26,571
Lahore	...	4,03,24,750	4,03,24,750	1,58,49,348	78,48,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,36,98,098	
Bombay	1,29,43,470	13,24,34,025	14,53,77,495	3,13,84,258	15,77,64,037	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,91,48,295	
Karachi	...	1,33,49,420	1,33,49,420	19,25,200	14,64,240	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33,89,440	
Madras	78,58,980	7,09,71,890	7,88,30,870	1,44,59,150	1,67,92,935	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,12,52,085	
Rangoon	...	5,15,60,980	5,15,60,980	1,90,71,173	1,83,59,055	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,74,30,228	
	3,77,33,480	56,90,65,160	60,67,98,640	14,34,08,707	23,32,54,087	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	60,29,49,710	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			57,71,930	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									19,23,000	
Total Circulation R			60,10,26,710	Total Reserve R									60,10,26,710	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th April 1912.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th April 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH APRIL 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.														Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.												
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	1	...	1	.	...	...	...	190	11	9	11	221	.	.	..	...	...	...
Bombay	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	100	...	7	6	113	..		26	...	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 9th April 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 9th April 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	72,58,463	9	1	2,06,39,145	7	9
Public Deposits at Branches	1,33,80,681	14	8			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				16,84,71,102	0	2
Bank Post Bills, etc.				10,22,744	7	10
Sundries				17,44,579	12	8
RUPEES				22,98,77,571	12	5

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities				2,55,80,290	0	0
Other authorized Investments				61,50,073	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				4,38,13,369	12	4
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,67,70,229	1	10
Bills discounted and purchased				2,84,15,926	0	9
Balances with other Banks				17,78,194	8	5
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock				21,94,184	3	8
Stamps				13,122	14	10
Sundries				4,87,038	4	9
				15,52,02,427	14	7
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	* 4,44,45,071	3	0	7,46,75,143	13	10
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	† 3,02,30,072	10	10			
RUPEES				22,98,77,571	12	5

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R3,66,525 0 0
† Do. do. do. R5,85,232 8 0

R9,51,757 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 11th April 1912

D. S. McCLURE,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 38·91.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	Powder.	
	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one *delivery.*	*Retail rate* For any quantity below *6 lbs. in one delivery.*
	R a. p.	*R a. p.*
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 43 OF 1912.

In the matter of S. S. Fernandez, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. S. Fernandez, trader, No. 43, Phayre Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. S. Fernandez.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 44 OF 1912.

In the matter of Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya, trader, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Amba Shanker Nagar Dass Acharya.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 45 OF 1912.

In the matter of Durga Shanker Nagar Dass, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Durga Shanker Nagar Dass, trader, 30th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Durga Shanker Nagar Dass.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 26th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 46 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ahmed Jeea, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ahmed Jeea, broker of No 40, 28th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 26th day of March 1912 against the said Ahmed Jeea.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 47 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Tun Hlaing, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Hlaing, clerk of No 7, Crisp Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Hlaing

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON,
The 1st day of April 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA

Insolvency Jurisdiction

CASE NO. 48 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Sein Hman, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Sein Hman, clerk, 31, Singapore Quarter, Puzundaung, Rangoon, on the 30th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Sein Hman.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 1st day of April 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 49 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Ba Han, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Han, clerk, of 76, 61st Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of April 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Han.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of April 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 80 OF 1911.

In the matter of Noel Clement Chatterji, formerly Sanitary Inspector, residing at No. 28A, 42nd Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Noel Clement Chatterji an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 83 OF 1911.

In the matter of Mailipilli Appalaswamy, tailor, 27, Brooking Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mailipilli Appalaswamy an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 4th April 1912.

No. 609.—Lieutenant C. F. Nation, R.E., Assistant Superintendent, is granted general leave out of India for six months, under paragraph 251 of the Army Regulations, India, Volume II, with effect from such date as he may avail himself of the same.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—EASTERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Shillong, the 4th April 1912.

No. 1.—Mr. L. Williams, Officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under Article 260, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 1st May 1912 or such subsequent date, as he may avail himself of the same.

G. B. HODGSON, Bt.-Col., I.A.,
Superintendent, Eastern Circle.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

IN INSOLVENCY.

On the dates enumerated below orders were made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the several persons below as Insolvents.

Number.	Names.	Address in Calcutta.	Description.	Date of the Adjudication. Month.	
19	Kedar Nath, Jagurnath Sukhdai and Sugia.	119/8, Old China Bazar Street, and 24, Bonfield Lane.	Carrying on business under the name and style of Sital Prosad Raj Kumar Lal and Sital Prosad & Co.	29th January .	1912.
64	Mungtu Ram . .	20, Puggyaputty Street .	Late a dealer in piece goods, at present in the employ of Asaram Jugurnath.	12th March .	1912.
69	Chunder Kumar Das .	2/12, Wellington Street .	Dealer in Miscellaneous goods.	14th " .	1912
70	Chundi Charan Rukhit .	31/2, Baranoshi Ghose's Street.	Now a prisoner in the Civil Side of the Presidency Jail.	14th " .	1912
71	Hazaree Ram & Balkissen Ram.	2, Banstollah Street . .	Carrying on business at Calcutta under the name and style of Jogoo Ram Hazaree Ram and at Obra, District Gya, under the name and style of Hazareeram Balkissen Ram.	21st " .	1912
72	Norendra Nath Gupta .	46, Sitaram Ghose's Street .	Coal Merchant . . .	26th " .	1912
73	Ernest Herbert David .	20, Princep Street . .	A night Chowkidar Inspector, East Indian Railway at Howrah.	29th " .	1912
74	Upendra Nath Dey .	Bissessur Banerjee's 2nd Lane, South Bantra, Howrah.	Order Supplier . . .	1st April .	191
75	Satish Chunder Roy .	23, Nebootolla Lane . .	General Order Supplier, trader in cloth, Hundies, Hatchittas.	2nd " .	191

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

C. E. GREY,
Official Assignee of Calcutt

CALCUTTA;
The 10th day of April 1912.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th April 1912.

No. 1-G.—Mr. J. P. Mackenzie, Superintendent, has been granted combined leave for twenty months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days under Article 260 combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 308 (*b*) of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 19th of March 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

The 11th April 1912.

No. 1-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period of 27th March to 9th April 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Ahiri	Central Provinces	1st April 1912	Opened.
Ajmirganj	Eastern Bengal and Assam	26th March "	"
Bhowali	United Provinces	1st April "	"
Kabulgitti	Bombay Presidency	31st March "	Closed.
Nasirabad Post	Rajputana	1st December 1911	Opened.
Pauni	Central Provinces	1st " "	"
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
Banbwegon	Burma Railways	1st February 1912	Opened.
Iqbalpur	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway	24th " "	"
Jira Road	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway,	17th March "	"
Kastha	East Indian Railway	29th February "	"
Savar Kundla	Bhavnagar-Gondal-Junagad-Porbandar Railway.	17th March "	"

The following alterations in the names of the Railway Telegraph Offices are notified :—

On the North-Western Railway ;—

"Chak Jhumra" instead of "Chiniot Road".

On the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway ;—

"Atanagar" instead of "Agia".

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 1st April 1912.

No. 1758-R.—The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan is pleased to sanction a further extension from 1st to 15th April 1912 of the period of the deputation of B. Gul Muhammad in the appointment of Native Assistant to the Census Superintendent in Baluchistan for the compilation of the Provincial Census Tables on a consolidated pay of R250 per mensem, which was sanctioned in his Notification No. 4562, dated the 16th December 1912.

C. ARCHER, Lt.-Colonel,
Revenue Commissioner,
for Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 3rd April 1912.

No. 17.—Second Lieutenant Reginald Bocquet is granted leave out of India for one year and eight months with effect from the 3rd April 1912.

The 4th April 1912.

No. 18.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for a military forage stack yard.

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

Specification of land.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries. North.	East.	South.	West.	Remarks.
Kuppasandra village, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.	B. Venkatasawmy Naidu.	Garden land.	9 acres 36 guntas.	Bungalow Nos. 10 and 11, Victoria Road.	Forage yard.	Road leading to Cokadpalya.	Cart track.	A plan of the land can be seen in the office of the Collector, Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Pusa, Behar, the 4th April 1912.

No. 22.—Mr. A. Vishwanatham Iyer, Third Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Chemist, is appointed to act as Second Assistant to that officer, with effect from the 9th April 1912, *vice* Babu Jatindra Nath Mukherji appointed by Notification No. 2573, dated the 30th March 1912, to act as First Assistant.

B. COVENTRY,
Offg. Inspector General of Agriculture in India.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 2nd April 1912

No. 21 —Mr L E Brock, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 316, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from the 1st May 1912, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

The 3rd April 1912

No 22.—Mr A. K. Homan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 316, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months, *viz*, privilege leave for 3 months and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from the 5th March 1912, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION

Lucknow, the 10th April 1912

No 9 —Mr. Ram Kishen, Assistant Engineer, passed the professional examination prescribed in Public Works Department Code, Volume I, paragraphs 167, to 169 on the 3rd April 1912.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 2nd April 1912.

No. 10.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 19th March 1912 :—

Lieutenant A. P. Robinson, R.I.M.—12 months.

No. 11.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 20th March 1912 :—

Lieutenant V. F. L. R. Price, R.I.M.—12 months

No. 12 —The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 21st March 1912 :—

Commander T. A. L. deBorry, R I.M.—12 months.

W. LUMSDEN,
Director, Royal Indian Marine.

II C

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

Under section 5 of Act VI of 1878, the Indian Treasure Trove Act, it is hereby notified that on or about the 1st January 1912 a treasure consisting of the under-mentioned coins and valued at R73-12-0 was found while digging earth in the field of Palanisamigoundan in Kathanganni village, Dharapuram taluk, Coimbatore district.

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or part therefor are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Coimbatore at his office at Coimbatore, on the 2nd September 1912, in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

	Value.
Old silver coins the inscriptions on which are not decipherable numbering 242 and weighing R73-12-0 . . .	R73-12-0.

K C. MANAVEDAN RAJI,
for Acting Collector.

COIMBATORE COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
The 29th March 1912.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

In accordance with the provisions of section 5 of Act VI of 1878, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern that on or about the 4th of February 1912 treasure as described in the margin was found in the village of Kelshi, taluka Dapoli, district Ratnagiri, and all persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Mamlatdar of Dapoli on the 31st August 1912 at Dapoli, when the Mamlatdar will proceed to hold an enquiry in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

28 puths of gold.
58 coins of gold having Arabic inscriptions

All gold weighing 22½ rupees and valued at about Rs 534

H. B. CLAYTON,
Collector.

RATNAGIRI,
The 4th April 1912

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's Regiment, dated at Lahore Cantonment, this 7th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9515, Private, James Chesterman.
Age—24 years 10 months.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Carpenter.
Date of enlistment—20th May 1906.
Place of enlistment—Reading.
Parish and County in which born—Reading Berkshire.
Date of desertion or absence—5th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Lahore Cantonment.
Marks—Pitted scars abdomen and chest 8.
Small mole left side back of neck.
" " front of left axilla.
" " left of naval.
" " right side of right axilla.
Under 6 years' service.

B. C. CARTER, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The King's Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's Regiment, dated at Lahore Cantonment, this 7th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9350, Private, John William Smith.
Age—26 years 11 months.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—21st October 1905.
Place of enlistment—Sheffield.
Parish and County in which born—Brightside, Yorkshire.
Date of desertion or absence—5th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Lahore Cantonment.
Marks—Large cicatrix of burn inside of right upper arm.
Under 7 years' service.

B. C. CARTER, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The King's Regiment

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Durham Light Infantry, dated at Nowshera, this 2nd day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9833, Private, Thomas Williams
Age—24 years 2 months.
Height—5 feet 5 inches
Colour of—Complexion, fresh ; hair, light brown ; eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer
Date of enlistment—23rd January 1907.
Place of enlistment—Stockton-on-Tees.
Parish and County in which born—Witton Park, County Durham
Date of desertion or absence—24th March 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Nowshera
Marks—Anchor and cross swords on right forearm "E Williams" on left forearm
Under 6 years' service.

H. W. FESTING, Lt, for Lieut-Col.,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Durham Light Infantry.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 69th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Manora, Karachi, this 30th day of March 1912

Number, Rank and Name—34382, Gunner, W. J Josephs
Age—21 years 3 months.
Height—5 feet 8 inches
Colour of—Complexion, dark ; hair, black , eyes, grey.
Trade—Painter.
Date of enlistment—7th January 1911.
Place of enlistment—Birmingham.
Parish and County in which born—Birmingham.
Date of desertion or absence—29th March 1912
Place of desertion or absence—Manora, Karachi, India
Marks—Scar right axilla; scar left thumb; tattooed woman's head, bird, clasped hands, etc, left forearm ; Buffalo Bill, woman, etc, right forearm
Under 2 years' service

R. F. BREWSTER, Major, R G A.,
Commanding 69 Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 4th April 1912.

No. 1147-*Ap.*—Mr N. Purushotham Naidu, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months with effect from the 5th April 1912, *i e*, one year in all from the 5th October 1911.

The 9th April 1912.

No. 1153-*Ap.*—Mr. L Hodgkinson, Postmaster, Ootacamund, pay Rs. 200—300, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 1st March 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr. C. V Parasurama Iyer, Deputy Postmaster, Ootacamund, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Ootacamund, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. L. Hodgkinson, or until further orders

No 1156-*Ap*—Babu Gopal Chandra Mukerji is promoted to the grade of R200—300 as Sub-Postmaster, Bara Bazar town sub-office (Calcutta), with effect from the 1st April 1912.

No. 1164-*Ap*—Lala Joti Pershad, Manager, Dead Letter Office, Lucknow, is appointed to act as Postmaster, Ambala, pay R300—400, with effect from the 22nd March 1912 and until further orders, *vice* Mr S H. Glackan, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster, Calcutta.

The 11th April 1912.

No. 1184-*Ap.*—Babu Ramani Mohan Ghosh, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 17th April 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Jnanendra Nath Datta, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bengal, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Babu Ramani Mohan Ghosh, or until further orders.

The 12th April 1912.

No. 1201-*Ap.*—Mr. Sorabji Dadabhai Surti, Postmaster, Ahmedabad, pay R400—500, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 1st May 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Sridhar Hari Pitkar, Deputy Postmaster, Ahmedabad, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Ahmedabad, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Sorabji Dadabhai Surti, or until further orders.

No. 1207-*Ap.*—Mr. C. L. C. Fox, Postmaster, Indore, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 21st February 1912.

Thakur Ram Singh, Postmaster, Amraoti, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Indore, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. L. C. Fox, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director General of Posts and Telegraph.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

TRANSFER AND TAKING OVER CHARGE.

Lahore, the 2nd April 1912.

No 1850-*E. I. F.*—Mr. S. Walker, Executive Engineer, from the Swabi Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 11th March 1912, to the Mardan Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he joined on the afternoon of the 19th *idem.*

Mr. Walker took over executive charge of the Mardan Division, Upper Swat River Canal, on the afternoon of the 19th March 1912, from Mr. E. R. Foy, Executive Engineer, who proceeded on combined leave.

W. E. T. BENNETT,

Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

THE YEARLY EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FOURTH GRADE OF ACCOUNTANTS.

Monday, the 3rd June, being a Gazetted holiday, the yearly Examination qualifying for admission to the Subordinate Accounts Branch for 4th grade Public Works Department will be held at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th June 1912

SUBJECTS

	Full marks.	Minimum pass marks.
Writing (neatness, clearness and rapidity)	100	50
Dictation (spelling, punctuation, etc.)	100	50
Arithmetic (the whole)	240	160
Mensuration (*a*) (the whole)	60	30
Book-keeping (*b*) (mercantile)	100	50
TOTAL	600	...

Minimum required in all papers collectively, 400.

(*a*) Todhunter's "Mensuration for Beginners."
(*b*) "Book-keeping" by Ball and Hamilton.
"Book-keeping by double and single entry," by W. Inglis (Chambers' Educational Course).

1. The examination is held annually at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on the first Monday in June. The examination will be conducted, either at the College, or by an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), in Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma only. The examination will be *ipso facto* vitiated, if it be not held (begun and

completed) on the dates fixed; but the officer who will conduct the examination may make his own arrangements with the candidates in regard to the *place* and *hour* of examination.

Candidates will not be examined in any of the Calcutta offices.

A candidate already in permanent Government employ* may be allowed to compete in the examination, even if he is more than 25 years of age, and may be appointed to an accountantship, if he passes it; but if he is not already in pensionable service, he will be eligible only for appointment to the non-pensionable establishment on State Railways.

* This term includes employment under Local Boards and Foreign bodies, if such is pensionable by the British Government.

2. The candidate should apply to an Accountant-General not later than 30 days previous to the date fixed for the examination and obtain his consent to conduct the examination, if examination at the College is not convenient. The application must bear the address of the candidate, must be accompanied by a fee of R10 and the following certificates and registration form duly filled in, and must be forwarded by him not direct to the Principal, but through the Accountant-General

Certificates may be submitted in original, or true copies attested by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch, but none will be returned:—

(1) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)

(2) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).

(3) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's hand-writing

(4) Registration statement containing the following information:—

(*a*) Name in full.
(*b*) Father's name.
(*c*) Nationality or class, *i e.*, European, Anglo-Indian or Indian, of candidate; and, if Indian, caste or tribe.
(*d*) Date of birth.
(*e*) Place of birth
(*f*) Present address.
(*g*) Examinations passed.
(*h*) Thumb mark of candidate, left hand, to be made in the presence of a responsible person who knows candidate.
(*k*) Signature and address of above-mentioned witness

NOTE.—A candidate already in Government service should, in like manner, submit his application, through his immediate official superior to an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), qualified to hold the particular examination, and should state whether he desires to be examined at the office of the Accountant-General concerned or at the College

It will rest with the Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project) to whom the candidate submits his application, to decide, on a consideration of the certificates submitted, whether the candidate should be allowed to appear for the examination, or whether his application should be rejected. The Accountant-General or the other officers referred to will then forward to the Principal, for registration, the names of the accepted candidates, together with their registration statements, which should be signed by the Accountant-General. The registration statements should be carefully preserved by the Principal. The names of these candidates should be entered in a statement showing their ages and their addresses, and also showing where each candidate is to be examined, whether at the College or at the office of the Accountant-General This statement, together with the fees, should be transmitted to the Principal not later than 15 days after the dates fixed in paragraph 2 for the submission of applications of candidates.

3. Examination papers that are issued for examination need not be returned.

4. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate who has failed in an examination, and presents himself for examination on a subsequent occasion, must undergo the full examination and furnish fresh fee and certificates.

5. If from any cause a candidate fails to appear for the examination, the fee paid will not be refunded.

6. It must be distinctly understood that the passing of this examination does not give any claim to an appointment and that, in making appointments, preference will be given to qualified persons who are already employed in the Department.

7. Passed candidates should apply, not to the Principal of the College, nor to the Comptroller-General but direct to the Accountant-General or Government Examiner of Railway Accounts in the province or railway under whom they may desire to be employed.

8. The Civil Engineering College acts solely as an examining body in reference to admission to the 4th grade of Accountants, Public Works Department.

9. Candidates for the 4th grade Accountantship examination, who are not Government servants and over 25 years of age, are allowed to appear at the examination of the Sibpur College centre only, but, even if successful, they are debarred from employment in the service of Government, and their names will be excluded from the list of passed candidates which is furnished to the Comptroller and Auditor General.

10. Candidates over 25 years of age should apply in writing to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College not later than 30 days previous to the examination ; the application to be accompanied by the fee of rupees ten, and the Registration statement prescribed in rule 2 (4)

B. HEATON,
Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
Sibpur, the 25th March 1912.

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Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968 82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index.** (In pamphlet form.) Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

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Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. 2a. or 3d (2a.)

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A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

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Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

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Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

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Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

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History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-4 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
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Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
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Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
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Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

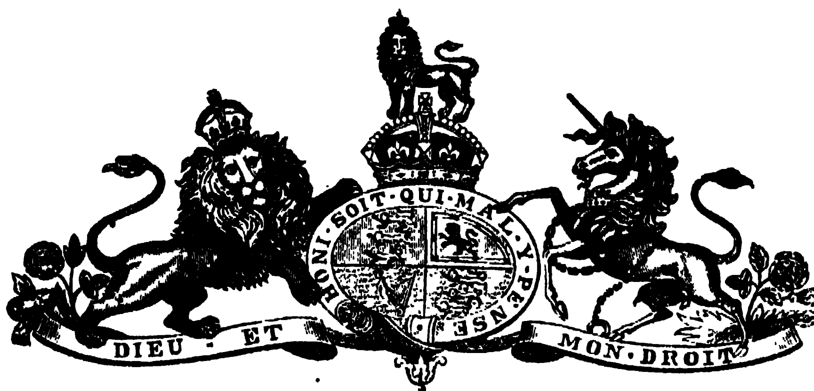
LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.) F.G.S. R8.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 189203, 189204, 189205 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R15,000 being R5,000 each, originally standing in the name of the Comptroller General and last endorsed to Kali Pado Mookerji, deceased, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the legal representatives of the deceased proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—PRANDHAN BANERJI, B.A., LL.B., Vakil.

Residence—Vakil for the sons of Kali Pado Mookerji, deceased, Lucknow.

Lost.

The Bombay Municipal Debentures Nos. 232, 233, 234, 235, 236 and 237 of the four per cent. 12¾ lacs Loan for R500 each, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Pragji Fakirbhoy & Dayabhoy Soonderji, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Debentures and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bombay, Bombay, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned Debentures.

Name of the Advertiser—PRAGJI FAKIRBHOY,

Residence—Harman Bhagda, Taluka Bulsar, District Surat.

Name of the Advertiser—DAYABHOY SOONDERJI,

Residence—Abrama, Taluka Jalalpore, District Surat.

Lost or stolen.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 061268 and 061269 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for R500 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Nani Kumar Mitra, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—NANI KUMAR MITRA, B. L.,

Residence Village Ajhapur, District Burdwan, at present Katihar, District Purnea.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 15.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912 OF:

RICE	ARHAR DÁL	TOBACCO LEAF
WHEAT AND FLOUR	OATS	TURMERIC
BARLEY	COTTON SEED	GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR	LINSEED	JAWAR STALKS
BAJRA	MUSTARD AND RAPESEED	BHUSA
RAGI	SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)	BRAN
KANGNI	GHI	SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
MAIZE	SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)	KEROSENE OIL
GRAM	SALT	

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH.

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		*Jawar		Bajra		Ragi
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	19[illegible]	1912
Burma*—															
Tenasserim—			...	38·32	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mergui†	...	...	39·26	31·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...													
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	42·95	44·14	55·65	55·65	...	...	.	...	..	...	...		...
Pegu (deltaic)—			43·54	36·16	37·21	34·78	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	..	...	57·11	40	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	-	...	...	...
Maubin	.	...	41·44	38·55	...	...		...	...	...	..	-	...	..	..
Bassein	...	...													
Pegu (inland)—			55·17	34·41	56·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..
Henzada		.	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	-	..
Toungoo	...	.													
Upper Burma—			45·07	34·41	38·79	38·79	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...
Mandalay		...	45·71	37·21	...	...	...	..	...	...	22·38	22·38	.	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...													
Arakan—															
Akyab		.	..	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	..		.		..
Eastern Bengal and Assam*—															
Eastern— Chittagong	...	..	37·5	32·5	...			...	..	-	...	..	...	...	...
Dacca	..		40	35	37·5	42·5		...	...	17·5		.	...	...	...
Central— Pabna	20	.	33·75	36·25	...	..	...	..			.	.			...
Northern— Rangpur	16·25	...	35	30	42·5	50	.		...	-		...		..	.
Brahmaputra— Goálpára	13·75	17·5	26·25	30	...	.		...	...	...			...	..	...
Gauhati	15	20	35	32·5	...	..		..		...	.	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—															
Deltaic— Midnapur	...	...	36·25	27·5	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	..	..	
Calcutta		.	47·5	40	41·25	37·5	...	..	32·5	27·5	32·5	28·75	31·25	28·75	...
Central— Bardwan		.	41·25	32·81	...	.	...	...			..	..	..	.	...
Orissa— Cuttack	.	...	35·31	29·22	33·85	33·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south— Patna			30	28·12	25·44	27·5		..	20	18·75	20	18·75	20	22·19	...
Bihár, north— Bhágalpur			35	31·25	35	31·56	...	...	23·75	17·5	...	...		-	...
Muzaffarpur	..		40	40	44·37	33·28	...	..	22·19	19·06	...		..	...	...
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA— *Eastern*— Benares	20·36	19·58	46·41	39·32	33·59	30·57	40·36	37·03	24·22	17·5	...	19·01	..	17·08	...
Central— Cawnpore	25·78	22·19	42·19	38·07	34·06	28·54	39·01	34·79	25	15·30	21·61	15·68	25·78	20	...
Jhánsi	...	...	48·12	45·68	34·43	30·78	...	...	23·65	16·25	23·65	16·87	...	...	...
Western— Meerut	...	...	47·03	47·03	32·66	27·97	34·81	33·75	24·22	16·25	...	...	...	...	
Agra	47·08	47·08	58·33	58·33	33·33	30·78	39·01	34·06	25	19·06	24·22	20	29·58	22·86	...
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	22·5	18·75	.		31·25	26·61	.	...	32·5	18·12	21·25	16·56	23·75	18·12	...
(b) OUDH— *Southern*— Lucknow	..	...	43·28	39·06	33·38	28·59	42·08	36·35	21·61	14·79	20	20	21·61	18·18	...
Northern— Fyzabad	22·5	20	44·74	40	35	30	...	..	21·87	17·03	...		...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Not reported yet

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

[illegible]AGI	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	Mergui
.	...	...	57·14	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	Tavoy
...	...	..	40·76	40·76	50	50	...	...	...	...		.	.		Moulmein and Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	33 16	26·89	48·12	42 67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	...	31·22	50	50	51·61	51·61	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	Maubin
..	...	...	40·76	34·22	...		...	...	..	...	...	.	...		Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
	...	...	40	45·07	54·24	51·2	...	..	...	...	.	..		.	Henzada
..	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	..		...	...	...			Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
...	20	...	25	23·1	45·07	40·51	58·18	65·08	...	...	...	...	.	.	Mandalay
...	...	...	31 22	21·84	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	Pakókku
															Arakan—
.	...	...	42·11	44·44	50	50	...	...	...	...	..	..		..	Akyab
															Eastern Bengal and Assam—
															Eastern—
...	..	..	...	27·5	50	40	...	..	...	...			60	60	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	26·25	42·5	35	...	...	.	...	..	.	...	.	Dacca
															Central—
...		..	...	26·25	...	.	..	...	...	..	...	72·5	...	47·5	Pabna
															Northern—
.	..	...	...	35·62	32·5	35·62	...	...	...	...	.	...	61·25	57·5	Rangpur
															Brahmaputra
...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	57·5	46·25	Goálpára
...	..	...	-	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	110	52·5	44·37	Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Deltaic—
...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	70	80	65 and 75	51·25 and 55	Midnapur
...	...	27·5	31 25	23·75	42·5	53·75	26·25	23·75	...	...	80	65	60	62·5	Calcutta
															Central—
	...	--	30	22·5	42·5	32·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	51·87	Bardwan
															Orissa—
...	...		33·75	30·47	33·75	22·34	27·66	25·36	...	.			76·15	43 49	Cuttack
															Bihár, south—
...	18·12	14·37	15·62	15·62	30	24·37	...	...	...	..	100	9375	52·5	56·25	Patna
															Bihár, north—
...	22·5	19·37	23 75	18·75	36·25	31·56	20	26·25	...	...	82·5	85	41·25 and 55	41·25 and 47·5	Bhágalpur
...	20	20·94	28·59	20	40	30·75	19·06	22·19	...	...	...	.	...	...	Muzaffarpur
															United Provinces—
															(a) AGRA—
															Eastern—
	...	...	26·87	17·5	32·6	27·67	...	...	...	...	86 25	81·2	49·53	45	Benares
															Central—
...	20·52	14·53	21·04	16·67	27·55	28·54	31·98	...	23·54	20·52	72·71	83·35	47·08	42·08	Cawnpore
...	...	13·18	20	17·29	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	...	...	...	Jhánsi
															Western—
	20·47	17·84	21·41	18·12	30·78	22·97	25	26·72	...	..	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	...	17·4	22·24	19·06	33·33	26·67	...	50	25	21·61	...	100	53·33	44·53	Agra
															Submontane, west—
...	18·75	16·25	20	20	23·75	25	30	32·5	20	24·37	...	...	...	...	Shahjahánpur
															(b) OUDH—
															Southern—
...	19·06	15·99	21·61	18·18	...	...	...	...	...	...	66·67	72·71	53·33	50	Lucknow
															Northern—
...	19·37	19·37	20·94	18·75	33·75	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH—*continued*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (TIL OR JINJILI) 1912	SESAMUM 1911	GHI 1912	GHI 1911	SUGAR RAW (Gur) 1912	SUGAR RAW 1911	SALT 1912	SALT 1911	TOBACCO LEAF 1912	TOBACCO LEAF 1911	TURMERIC 1912	TURMERIC 1911	GRAM 1912	GRAM 1911
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui*		...		581 82			...	17 16	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy		...	581 82	533 33	...	...	20 51	20·51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst			457 14	400		...	17 98	18·77	...		...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon		...	533 33	457 14		...	18 29	20 58	...		...		...	...
Maubin			533 33	533 38			21 62	21·77			...		...	...
Bassein			492 31	492 31			22 96	22·86	...		...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada			533 33	492 31			22 86	22 15			...		...	...
Toungoo	...	...				...	24 81	22 61	...			...		...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay		...	457 14	457 14			21 48	22 07	...			...	...	...
Pakôkku			711 11	581 82	...		22 54	22 54	...			...		...
Arakan—														
Akyab			533 33	457 14		...	30 77	26 67	...	...				...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong			480	470	70	60	20	18 12		77 5			...	
Dacca			480	450	70	70	22 5	20		110	...			
Central—														
Pabna				530	45	47 5	20	20	...	115				...
Northern—														
Rangpur	...		480	445	57 5	61 25	22 5	20						3·75
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára		...	460		57 5	76 25	20 62		...	...		...		...
Gauhati			460		50	...	27 5					...	...	...
Bengal—														
Deltaic—														
Midnapur			440 to 520	410	110	70	20	17·5	115	87·5 and 90				
Calcutta	75	60	480	450	50	45	18 12	15	63 75	85	...	...	12·5	13·75
Central—														
Burdwan		...	440	440	50	50 37	20	17 5	...			...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	85 78	40 73	431 25	435 31	53 33	49 58	18 12	18·12	101·87	101 87		...	5	5
Behár, south—														
Patna	60	56 25	420	410	47 5	40	20 62	20	20	20		...	...	...
Behár, north—														
Bhágalpur	57 5		480	426 56	45	43 75	20	18 75	80	68·75	...	...		...
Muzaffarpur	...		457 5	375	36 25	44 37	20 94	20	160	200		...		...
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares	73 33	56 41	498 91	458·28	43 12	45	22·24	22 92	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	100	72·71	426 67	426 67	47·29	48·49	17 76	17 76	75	80	105	107·5	...	...
Jhánsi	65 47	55 21	387 5	387·66	50	53 33	21 04	19 79	...		...	...	5	3·59
Western—														
Meerut			476 41	413 28	47 03	...	17·34	17 34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra		...	426 67	426 67	57·13	53 33	17·4	17·4	80	100	130	135	7 24	6·67
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur			420	400		...	20 62	20	...	...	130 and 140	110 and 120	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	...	...	450	425	50	53·33	20·94	21·04	...	...	125	115	4·37	3·75
Northern—														
Fyzabad	...	...	455	430	35	40	20·94	20·94	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10·29	...	...	...	...	..	3	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·43	14·1	...	...	...	...	...	3	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85	...	...	..	...	2	2	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	1·75	1·75	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·8	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Manbin
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·29	11·43	...	..	...	...	1·75	1·69	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·62	1·81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1·94	1·94	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	28·83	24·[illegible]	...	...	...	.	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	1·81		Pakôkku
														Arakan—
...	...		.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		2·25	2·25	Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	.	1·78	1·72	Chittagong
...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	2·06	1·89	Dacca
														Central—
...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	.	1·94	1·87	Pabna
														Northern—
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	2·06	2·03	Rangpur
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2·31	2·25	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	1·91	1·66	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Deltaic—
5	5	.	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	2	1·53	Midnapur
8·75	8·75	...		17·5	20	23·75	19·37	...	...	...	...	1·72	1·73	Calcutta
														Central—
5·31	2·5	.		...	...	32·5	23·75	...	.	...	..	1·94	1·81	Bardwan
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62	...	.	...	...	6·25	6·25	...	..	...	...	1·75	1·75	Cuttack
														Bihár, south—
...	3·75	...	...	5·62	5	14·37	20		...	...	.	2	1·87	Patna
														Bihár, north—
...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	1·81	1·59	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	..	5	10	15·94	15·94	...	...	...	..	1·94	1·62	Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
														(a) Agra—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	.	7·97	10	21·09	20	...	50	...	40	2·75	2·62	Benares
														Central—
...	..	...	..	7·97	5·73	18·18	17·03	75	75	...	...	2·12	1·91	Cawnpore
	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2·19	2·06	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	..	...	10	...	20	18·12	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	Meerut
4·01	7·5	7·24	6·67	8·91	5·73	21·04	21·04	...	...	80	80	2·22	2·37	Agra
														Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	5	6·72	30	28·28	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·19	2·19	Shahjahánpur
														(b) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	9·37	6·25	18·75	18·75	40	40	...	...	2·25	1·97	Lucknow
														Northern—
..	...	...	...	8·75	6·87	...	...	...	...	40	35	2	1·87	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH—*continued*

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1912	Rice, unhusked 1911	Rice, husked 1912	Rice, husked 1911	Wheat 1912	Wheat 1911	Flour (Wheat) 1912	Flour (Wheat) 1911	Barley 1912	Barley 1911	Jawar 1912	Jawar 1911	Bajra 1912	Bajra 1911	Ragi 1912
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	...	39·37	30·21	...	...	29·58	19·06	29·58	23·24	34·79	25	...
Punjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	29·69	...	53·28	44·37	32·03	26·25	36·41	31·87	23·19	17·81	...	17·81	...	...	.
Central— Lahore	31·87½	26·67	50	44·43	31·72	26·67	36·25	31·35	28·59	15·99	...	20	30	20·52	..
South-eastern— Delhi	30	25	61·56	...	33·28	29·63	40	34·79	25·78	18·18	27·5	20·52	28·75	24·23	...
Submontane— Amritsar	33·25	27·6	53·28	47·03	30	25	33·[illegible]	28·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	.
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	26·67	56·25	57·19	35	27·6	38·12	30·78	25	16·56	...	17·6	30	24·24	...
Western— Lyallpur	...	...	50	45	32·5	27·81	35·62	30·62	27·5	19·37	...	...	...	25	...
Multan	27·5	...	45	...	...	29·37	...	33·75	...	17·81	32·5	20	33·12	21.25	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	24·63	21·98	...	...	35·36	28·06	40·99	34·22	28·12	15·57	30·05		...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	62·5	...	30·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·06	...	16·98	..
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	...	...	55	43·12	40	35·94	...	...	34·69	...	32·5	...	37·19	27·86	.
Shikarpur	...	.	...	48·12	36·56	29·37	...	...	29·37	17·5	36·25	21·87	35·62	24·69	...
Quetta	...		...	...	38·12 to 40·62	38·75 to 41·25	65	60	28·75	25	35·81	24·06	..	...	
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	..	...	...	40·62	...	...	..	...	...	27·03	22·19	31·46	24·69	...
Poona	...	...	50·99	42·5	...	40	...	..	...	...	33·33	27·76	41·67	32·66	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar	...	..	57·55	42·13	...	35·62	...	...	...	...	29·11	...	34·74	27·08	..
Dhulia	..	...	...	48·01	...	39·27	...	..	...	..	31·93	...	...	28·91	.
Gujarat— Surat	...	...	...	...	41·82	...	..	...	...	...	38·91	...	38·91	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	51·25	43·75	...	36·25	...	...	...	21·56	...	21·25	..	30	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur			32·75	32·62	32·37	25·5	44·5	36·37	...	...	28·25	19·5	...		...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	36·37	28·62	33·37	29·62	42·12	36·37	...	...	...	20	..		...
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	35·25	30	31	28	47	36	.	...		...	...		...
Berar—															
Akola	..	...	39·75	37	34·75	30	...	...	...	...	26	19·5	...	...	..
Amraoti	...	...	39	36·75	35·62	34·62	...	48	...	...	25	21·25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	34·4	31·9	31·8	29·3	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·2
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	..	...	28	21·8	...	...	...
Cuddapah	35·1	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	32·1	27·8	31	21·9	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	26
East Coast, south— Madras	33·6	26·7	50·8	49·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	28·8	22·7	51	38·8	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	.	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		...	...	...	.	...	...	25·3
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·1	30	45	36·5	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	20	16	56	44	54	54	47·97	51·98	...	.	25	22	...	...	25
Bangalore	24	16	60	48	52	52	67·76	67·76	...		...	...	...	...	28

*The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds.)

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar Dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Rajputana—
.	32·93	19·06	25·83	21·61		...	61·56	51·56	...	...	145·42	114·27		...	*Eastern*— Ajmer
															Punjab—
...	...	15·31	21·09	15·94	...	...	...	...	26·72	29·69	...	88·91	...	...	*Southern*— Ferozpur
...	25	17·4	23·75	17·81	38·12	30·78	33·28	29·63	26·25	28·59	87·66	80	47·03	47·03	*Central*— Lahore
.	23·12	19·06	20·62	18·59	33·28	25	...	...	25	21·61	100	...	55	45·73	*South-eastern*— Delhi
...	23·44	17·03	22·5	17·97	...	...	...	...	27·5	27·5	...	...	55	47·03	*Submontane* Amritsar
...	25·62	...	24·37	20	...	44·43	...	...	...	28·54	...	72·71	...	43·23	*Northern*— Rawalpindi
..	24·06	15	22·5	18·12	...	...	...	...	26·25	25·62	...	...	...	...	*Western*— Lyallpur
...	23·12	19·06	24·22	19·37	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	48·75	...	Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	27·97	23·96	26·15	21·15	37·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	Peshawar
...	...	...	22·5	16·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	30	Dera Ismael Khan
															Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	27·81	28·12	...	...	...	...	26·56	27·66		..	...	...	Karachi
...	...	...	29·37	21·25	42·5	...	...	...	...	28·12		...	...	46·87	Shikarpur
.	34·37	28·12	.	.	61·25	50	45	46·25	...	...					Quetta
															Bombay—
...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		..	*Deccan and Karnátak*— Dharwar
...	..	...	...	22·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	72·92	84·63	.	...	Sholapur
...	..	.	30·26	26·46	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		Poona
...	...		30·47	24·01	...	...	...	42·5	...	20·62	...	89·27		.	*Khandesh and N. Deccan*— Ahmadnagar
...	...	.	...	25·99	...	...	...	...	26·51	23·02	...	...	..	...	Dhulia
...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·17	...	...	...		*Gujarat*— Surat
..	.	...	...	24·37	38·75	30	...	...	30·31	29·37	...	...		...	Ahmadabad
															Central Provinces—
...	...		25·25	22·12	30·62	26·25	...	...	22·5	25	72·37	86·87		...	*Western*— Nagpur
...	...	...	25	20	36·37	30·75	...	40	23·5	25	72·75	76·12	47	38·12	*Central*— Jubbulpore
...	...	.	...	19·5	...	27	...	...	...	...	..	.		..	*Eastern*— Raipur
															Berar—
...	...	...	34	23	33·25	30	...	...	20	22	85·25	...	.		Akola
...	...	...	26·25	23·75	26	26	...	...	22·5	16·5	92·25	80·75			Amraoti
															Madras—
...	...	...	44·3	42·9	...	...	...	...	35·2	38·5	...	..	...	..	*South, central*— Coimbatore
26·8	...	...		...	34·9	31·8	...	...	...	...	.	.	.	...	Salem
...	...	...	36·9	30·8	25·2	20·7	...	...	31·2	23·1	.	...	...	..	*Central*— Bellary
...	...	...	...		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	Cuddapah
...	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...		...	Karnul
25·9	...	...	...	.	27·1	30·1	...	...	...	...		.	.	..	*East Coast, central*— Nellore
...	...	...	32·3	30·4		...	48·1	54·9	30·8	32·4	...		...	.	*East Coast, south*— Madras
...	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	Tanjore
25·3	...	...		.	...	...	61·8	61·8	...	...	...	...	.		Trichinopoly
..		...		...	31·7	30·1	...	...	...	...	.	...			*Southern*— Madura
															Mysore—
22	...	...	22	26	44	44	68·50	68·12	...		.	...	..	..	Mysore
24	...	...	25	28	50	48	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH—*concluded*.

Districts	Sesamum (*Til* or *Jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	91·06	76·2	457·03	400	61·56	50	...	.	...	...	...	...	11·41	10
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	458·75	400	57·19	47·03	16·72	15·94	88·01	90	145·47	160	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	72·71	470	426·72	59·22	44·43	14·84	14·79	80	88·91	134·37	...	...	13·33
South-eastern—														
Delhi	88·75	66·67	510	...	50	45·73	17·34	17·4	80	80	130	160	13·12	10
Submontane—														
Amritsar	80	70	460	...	61·56	44·43	14·09	14·37	...	...	...	...	...	10
Northern—														
Ráwalpindi	...	...	410	441·35	50	44·43	13·75	15·31	...	44·27	...	160	14·37	13·33
Western—														
Lyallpur		...	436·25	407·5	52·5	41·25	15	15	80	80	...	140	8·75	...
Multan	74·06	75	460	...	50	42·3[illegible]	15·47	15·94	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshâwar	...	..	441·41	412·92	72·71	49·22	15·76	16·2	...	72·71	...	164·11	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	68·75	72·03	...	...	61·25	43·75	14·84	14·37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karáchi	70	...	485	440	80·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	467·5	441·25	55·62	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	465 to 530	420 to 465	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnátak—														
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	...	...		.	...			..	...	
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	62·76	73·18		.	...	...		...		...
Poona	...	...	456·15	417·55	59·63	71·93		.	175·42	147·84	108·75	...		.
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	...	...	425	391·67	...	...			63·18	...		...		
Dhulia	...	77·5	520	492·5	71·67	64·58			..	...		..		
Gujarat—														
Surat	95·16	...	472·97	...	...	...		..	.	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	440	396·25	...	...		...		...		...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	82	77·5	500	450	...	...	23·37	21·62	83·37	83·87	120	120	7·5	6·25
Central—														
Jubbulpore	61·5	53·37	420	410	...	...	23·5	22·87	90	100	133·37	133·37	6·62	5
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	460	420	...	...	25	2[illegible]·5	140	140	125	120	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	78·5	...	387·75	400	...	...	19	20		96	...	93	...	..
Amraoti	83·25	77·25	450	400	...	...	19	18	148	120	.	..	10	8
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	89·4	88	487·9	487·9	52·9	48·1	21·9	22·4		...	96	96		...
Salem	...	...	445·2	428·2	...	...	...	...	188·4	188·4	114·7	114·7	...	.
Central—														
Bellary	77·2	66·2	444·5	380·9	67·4	59·7	.	.	.	...	...	..	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	427·8	460·5	..	...	...	...		...	82·4	82·4	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116·6	116·6	82·3	98·8	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	363·6	400	...	...	15·7	15·7		...		...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74·1	79·1	493·8	493·8	51·7	57·7	12·5	12·8	131·7	131·7	8[illegible]·6	104·5	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	466·6	466·6	...	...	13·1	13·1	...	...	...	...	..	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	641·6	608·2	...	...	17·6	17·6	107·1	133·6	..	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	94·2	84·2	540·5	473	...	...	...	...	106·8	106·9	..		...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	72	76	428·59	445·68	68·54	68·54	..	.	197·13*	197·13*	120	102·86	3·65	2·92
Bangalore	72	68	411·41	411·41	60	64·27	..	...	248·12*	248·12*	171·41	171·41	5·88	5·88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Rajputana—
														Eastern—
9·87	6·14	15·78	7·29	...	...	30·78	28·59	100	100	85	85	2·91	2·31	Ajmer
														Panjab—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	8·91	6·67	...	...	90	90	150	150	2·37	2·31	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	12·5	8·65	22·19	20·52	180	160	160	140	2·37	2·48	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	18·12	10	14·06	8·91	21·56	17·03	80	80	150	150	2·12	1·81	Delhi
														Submontane—
...	...	...	...	12·97	8·02	18·28	15·68	100	...	...	.	2·37	2·48	Amritsar
														Northern—
...	...	...	10	13·12	11·41	20	21[illegible]	90	90	100	80	2·12	2·5	Rāwalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	10	5	...	20	100	100	140	140	2·44	2·5	Lyallpur
...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	-	...	..	2·44	2·5	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
–	...	6·15	7·71	6·77	6·41	16·41	14·79	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2·60	2·72	Peshāwar
...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·5	2·91	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
.	...	...	...	...	8·75	...	...	...	...	...	.	1·94	2	Karāchi
.	.	..	...	10	..	16·87	15·47	...	..	..		2·22	2·28	Shikārpur
...	...		...	7·5	10·62	26·87	21·87	100 to 200	100 to 200			2·25	2·36	Quetta
														Bombay—
														Deccan and Karnātak—
.		.	.	...	..	...	...		.			..	...	Dharwar
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	..	..	1·98	1·94	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·05	1·85	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	34·27	28·59	...	...	...	...	1·97	2·02	Ahmadnagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2·12	2·16	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	.		...	2·34	Surat
..	..	..	.	...	...	22·5	15·62		...	.	...	2·19	2·22	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces—
														Western—
...	.	13·37	9·37	...	...	...	...	50	50	100	90	1·87	1·87	Nagpur
														Central—
..	...	...	.	...	...	28·5	25	60	60	70	70	1·87	1·75	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	–	...	...	2·25	1·87	Raipur
														Berar—
–	...	18	...	...	..	...	...	82	77	57	59	1·87	1·87	Akola
...	...	12·25	9	...	2	33·37	41	60	55	80	100	2·12	2·14	Amrāoti
														Madras—
														South, central—
.	.	2·6	4·1	12	12	109·5*	109·5*	.	...	50	50	1·94	2·06	Coimbatore
7·8	8·9	...	–	...	...	...	...	80†	80†			2·03	2	Salem
														Central—
...	...	6·8	6·8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	110	2·25	2·25	Bellary
...	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	.	.	..	..	2	2	Cuddapah
.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	.	.	2·25	2·5	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
3·6	3·6	–	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	.	1·59	1·47	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
...	..	.	..	14·2	14·2	38·3	28	98·75†	130†	.	...	1·79	1·79	Madras
...	...	...	–	...	...	13·2	12·8	130†	130†	..	...	1·66	1·68	Tanjore
...	..	...	–	20·6	19·3	41·1	35·3	..	...	...	...	2·27	2·01	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
12·9	6·5	–	...	12·5	12·5	16·9	16·9	...	.	40	40	2	2	Madura
														Mysore—
2·92	2·92	3·65	2·92	...	...	36·72	36·72	80	80	100	100	2·25	2·09	Mysore
5·88	5·88	...	...	...	...	33·8	33·8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	1·87	Bangalore

* Superior quality † Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
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R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, April 12, 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912 [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 9	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...		...	7	7 15	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	...		8 [illegible]	8 9	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	8 9	8 1	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	10 5	10 5	...	...	7 14	7 14	8 7	8 7	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	..	...	6 10	7 5	7 —	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	9 8	9 3	...	...	...	...
Henzada	7 —	7 —	.	...	5 1	5 1	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	...	...	7 1	8 5	8 12	9 2	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 5	10 ·	10 —	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	...	..	...	5 6	5 6	7 9	7 9	10 15	10 15	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 10	7 —	8 8	8 3	...	...	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	..	...	...	[illegible] 4	7 4	8 3	7 —	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila	...	..	..	...	7 1	7 —	8 2	8 1	17 2	16 10	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	.	...	8 1	8 1	9 5	9 5	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	4 —	4 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	..	...	7 —	7 8	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	..	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	.	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	.
Backerganj	...		...	..	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 —	9 —	8 6	9 8	...	...	10 —	10 5	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 14	10 9	10 12	...	...	...	..
Dacca	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	15 —	16 —	21 —	21 —	...	...	11 4	11 8	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Rajshahi	10 8	10 8	24 —	24 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Malda	13 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	8 —	8 —	13 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 12	10 8	...	...	...	...	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	9 8	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	15 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	13 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	9 8	9 12	...	...	7 12	7 12	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...		10 —	9 8	11 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar*	...	8 —	...	...	...	8 8	...	12 12	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	...	..	8 8	8 8	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	10 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	10 —	10 —	...	..	20 —	18 —	22 —	20 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...		11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	14 —	14 —	..	...	4 8	4 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	..	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	...	...	8 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Sibságar	...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur*	...	6 12	...	...	...	5 —	...	10 —	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni* or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	.	...	...	14 —	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	..	...	7 9	7 9	14 4	14 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 11	9 13	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Pegu
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 13	7 13	14 —	17 14	Tharrawadi
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	..	7 2	7 2	17 2	17 2	Henzada
...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Prome
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 13	7 12	13 11	13 11	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	11 10	10 11	18 5	18 5	8 4	8 9	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	11 10	7 8	...	...	..	...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	11 6	10 15	18 10	[illegible]8 6	8 3	8 3	16 2	16 3	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	17 11	13 4	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	.	...	11 8	11 8	...	.	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	20 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	..	...	.	..	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
..	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 —	...	.	9 —	8 2	17 —	17 —	Dacca
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Faridpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	14 —	15 —	.		8 8	9 —	20 —	20 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 12	9 12	15 12	15 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	12 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	...	...	.	12 —	12 —	...	...	12 —	10 8	19 8	19 8	Bogra
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	17 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 8	10 —	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	Rangpur
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...		10 —	9 8	18 —	17 8	Sylhet
...	...	..	...	...	11 —	...	.	...	9 —	...	17 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 4	6 8	10 8	10 4	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	..	...	6 —	6 —	...	.	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	..	...	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	...	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 —	18 —	18 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	.	11 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 ..	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Sibságar
.	...	...	..	...	6 —	.	...	...	6 —	...	10 —	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	..	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	..	...	..	.	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	...	...	...	.	11 5½	11 5½	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	..	...	...
Calcutta	9 4	9 4	11 —	11 —	..	..	8 -	8 —	11 —	11 —	11 8	12 —
Hooghly	...	...	...	...		.	8 8	...	...	..	...	..
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 13	13 5	16 —	17 12	...	..	9 2	10 —	...	..	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	.	...	10 11	10 11	..	..	...	...
Central—												
Bankura	11 —	10 8	...	...	..	..	11 4	12 —	...	...	...	...
Burdwan	...	...	...	...	.	...	10 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	12	13 —	18 —	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Santhal Parganas	10 —	10 —	15 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	..	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	11 13	11 2	...	...	...	.	9 13	9 13	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...
Balasore	10 —	11 8	...	...	...	..	11 8	11 12	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11 8	11 —	...	.	...	..	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	13 —	10 —	...	...	..	..	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Mánbhum	11 —	10 —	14 —	11 —	...	..	11 —	12 —	...	...	16 —	15 —
Ránchi	10 12	10 8	15 —	13 4	...	...	11 —	11 4	...	...	...	...
Palámau	13 15	12 15	13 8	...	...	..	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	10 —	9 8	13 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	13 —	13 10	20 —	21 —	..	..	12 4	...	...	...	...	...
Gaya	11 12	11 6	21 —	14 14	.	...	14 5	12 5	20 8	15 2	...	...
Patna	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	13 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —
Shahabad	12 8	12 —	18 —	14 —	...	...	...	...	...	14 —	...	...
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	...	11 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
Bhágalpur	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 4	..	...	11 —	11 4	...	...	...	...
Darbhanga	14 4	13 3	22 —	...	...	...	12 2	12 2	...	...	...	..
Muzaffarpur	9 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	11 8 to 12 —	11 — to 12 —	18 —	18 —	..	...	10 —	11 12	...	...	...	...
Champáran	12 —	14 —	24 —	22 —	...	...	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(*a*) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	10 —	8 —	15 8	15 —	6 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	...	16 —	15 —
Benares	11 6	11 11	15 3	15 3	6 —	6 —	8 1½	8 6	...	...	16 4	16 4
Ghazipur	10 10	10 4	15 11	14 7	6 1	6 1	10 3	10 3	14 12	14 12	15 9	15 9
Jaunpur	11 8	11 8	15 11	15 3	5 11	5 11	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	17 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
Central—												
Bánda	11 10	12 6	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	15 4
Fatehpur	11 —	11 12	16 —	15 —	6 8	7 —	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	11 8	11 12	16 8	16 8	6 4½	6 4	8 4	8 4	20 —	20 4	14 10½	14 10
Jalaun	13 12	13 8	...	16 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —
Cawnpore	11 8	11 4	15 12	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	17 8	18 —	15 —	15 —
Jhansi	11 6	11 4	16 12	16 8	6 —	5 12	8 —	8 —	17 6	15 12	...	13 11
Etáwah	11 10	11 10	15 2	15 2	3 —	3 —	9 8	8 8	15 8	15 8	14 12	14 12
Farukhabad	11 8	11 12	16 5	15 11½	3 14	3 9	8 2	8 2½	15 10	15 13	14 5	14 1½
Mainpuri	13 —	12 4	15 —	15 —	5 —	6 —	8 8	9 —	15 8	15 8	16 8	16 —
Etah	13 —	12 —	20 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Western—												
Meerut	12 —	12 —	16 6	16 —	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Agra	11 —	11 —	15 8	15 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Muttra	11 —	11 —	16 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	16 8	17 —	13 —	13 —
Aligarh	13 8	12 8	18 —	16 8	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	15 —	14 —	14 12	13 8
Bulandshahr	12 8	12 8	18 —	16 —	3 —	3 —	8 —	8 —	15 8	15 —	14 8	14 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	11 11	10 11	14 5	15 10	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 11	...	...	...	...
Azamgarh	11 8	11 8	15 8	15 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	12 3	12 9	16 5	16 5	9 —	9 7	10 6	10 13	18 15	18 15	16 3	16 3
Basti	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 4	6 12	6 12	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	*Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 —	20 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8 to 9 12	9 8 to 9 12	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	...	...	...	12 6	12 8	10 —	12 12	9 8	10 —	18 —	18 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	13 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	15 3	16 13	...	...	8 14	8 14	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Jessore
												Central—
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	Bankura
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	19 —	19 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	...	...	16 —	18 —	...	...	13 —	11 —	21 4	21 4	Murshidabad
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
												Hills—
11 —	12 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darjeeling
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 13	...	...	9 13	9 13	26 8	26 12	Puri
...	...	...	...	11 13	11 13	...	...	11 13	11 13	22 —	22 —	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	11 8 and 12 —	11 4 and 11 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 — to 15 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	18 —	17 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 —	18 —	16 —	10 —	11 —	18 —	19 —	Mánbhum
26 —	26 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	9 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	...	15 3	13 8	27 —	23 10	14 1	13 8	18 —	16 14	Palámau
25 —	24 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	21 —	21 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 4	16 8	16 4	11 —	11 2	20* —	21 —	Monghyr
...	23 1	16 6	14 9	16 6	14 9	25 10	18 15	12 5	11 12	16 6	16 6	Gaya
...	...	20 —	20 —	19 —	18 8	21 8	20 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	17 —	15 —	19 —	19 —	16 —	11 —	13 —	19 —	Shahabad
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	13 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	15 8	16 —	17 8	17 —	10 12	10 14	18 —	20 —	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	15 6	15 6	17 13	19 12	9 14	10 7	17 9	17 10	Darbhanga
22 —	22 —	...	...	14 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	10 —	10 8	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	12 —	18 —	16 8 to 17 —	16 —	20 —	19 8	12 — to 13 —	11 —	19 8	19 —	Sáran
25 —	23 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	24 8	22 —	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Champáran
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	14 —	16 —	14 8	18 —	...	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 3	15 3	14 10	15 4	...	...	10 13½	10 13½	18 —	18 —	Benares
...	...	...	...	15 9	15 9	18 5	18 5	12 3	12 3	16 —	16 —	Ghazipur
...	...	...	...	16 15	15 —	19 3	19 3	11 14	11 14	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	19 12	19 4	...	...	14 8	14 8	17 8	18 4	Bánda
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 8	...	...	15 —	14 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	21 10	10 4	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	20 8	19 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	12 —	12 —	18 8	18 8	19 —	18 8	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	19 12	17 10	...	17 —	10 2	10 —	19 —	19 —	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	15 8	15 8	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 12	17 10	17 11	10 7	11 7½	18 3	19 7½	Farukhabad
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	20 —	14 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	17 —	15 —	18 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 —	19 —	17 —	12 —	12 —	22 8	22 8	Meerut
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	14 —	13 —	22 8	22 8	Agra
...	...	...	...	19 8	18 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	21 —	21 —	Muttra
...	...	6 8	6 8	16 8	16 8	17 —	17 —	12 8	12 8	22 —	24 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 4	15 8	15 —	15 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	15 10	15 10	19 8	18 3	11 —	11 11	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	18 —	18 —	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	18 15	18 15	17 1	17 1	18 15	18 —	11 14	11 14	18 6	18 6	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	21 8	21 8	12 8	12 8	19 —	18* —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Penniestum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(*a*) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	12 8	13 —	17 —	16 10	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —	17 12	17 12	16 8	16 8
Budaun	11 14	11 14	14 12	13 14	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 8	14 10	14 6
Pilibit	11 8	11 12	16 8	16 8	5 8	5 8	8 4	...	...	9 2	...	..
Bareli	10 8	11 8	14 12	14 12	3 4	3 8	7 12	8 2	17 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
Moradabad	12 10	12 14	16 4	15 14	3 2	3 2	7 10	7 4	16 14	17 8	16 6	16 8
Bijnor	11 12	11 14	15 12	18 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	8 2	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	12 6	12 6	14 5	13 12	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Sahåranpur	11 12	11 12	17 —	14 14	3 7	3 8	6 14	7 4	14 14	14 14	14 14	14 14
Dehra-Dun	10 12	10 4	13 8	14 —	3 —	—	7 8	7 8	15 —	14 —	15 —	15 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Almora	9 8	9 12	11 12	12 4	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 4	5 4	6 —	...	.	...	...
(*b*) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	10 8	12 —	16 —	16 —	5 —	4 8	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 —	14 —	15 —
Sultanpur	10 8	12 8	17 —	17 8	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	13 —	12 —	20 —	18 —	6 8	4 —	8 —	8 4	16 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
Unao	10 13	11 —	15 4	15 2	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 8	15 —	14 12
Lucknow	11 8	11 8	18 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 4	19 —	19 —	12 —	16 8
Hardoi	12 4	12 8	17 8	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 —	17 —	16 8
Northern—												
Fyzabad	11 —	11 2	16 —	16 —	...		8 8	8 8	..	...	...	...
Barabanki	13 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 .	18 —	18 —	16 —	16 —
Gonda	11 8	12 8	19 —	19 —	7 4	7 4	9 —	9 4	22 —	22 —	18 —	18 —
Bahraich	13 —	13 —	21 —	21 —	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	26 —	25 —	18 —	18 —
Sitapur	12 12	12 8	18 —	17 —	4 —	4 —	9 8	10 —	20 —	20 —	16 8	16 —
Kheri	13 —	12 8	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	9 8	9 8	22 —	22 —	18 —	18 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	15 12	16 —	20 —	20 —	3 8	3 4	7 6	7 6	18 —	18 —	...	...
Bánswara	13 4	13 6	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	10 6	10 3	12 11	12 10	5 15	5 15	6 11	6 11	13 6	13 6	9 15	10 —
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	10 —	9 3	12 4	11 —	7 4	6 4	7 12	6 8	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	10 3	10 1	13 8	13 2	5 8	5 6	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 8	11 8	14 13
Kishangarh	9 —	9 8	11 4	11 6	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Bundi	18 2	18 12	21 4	21 4	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	22 8	21 8	12 8	12 8
Kotah	13 8	13 4	15 8	16 4	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	11 —	11 12
Jhalawar	12 5	12 3	17 2	18 —	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	12 8	12 —
Tonk	13 1	13 2	16 12	16 6½	4 5½	4 5	5 7	5 6½	17 6	17 4	...	16 6½
Jaipur	11 12	12 —	15 3	15 3	5 4	5 4	6 —	6 —	14 10	14 14	13 10	13 14
Karauli	11 9	11 12	16 14	14 6	5 10	5 10	6 4	6 4	14 6	13 12	12 13	12 8
Dholpur	11 13	11 12	16 8	16 —	5 12	5 12	6 —	6 —	18 15½	18 11½	14 8	14 8
Bharatpur	11 6	11 6	15 12	15 —	4 13½	4 13½	5 8	5 8	15 8	15 8	12 2	{11 10 and 12 2}
Alwar	12 4	12 7	15 5	15 8	5 —	5 12	8 4	8 4	16 10	16 8	15 —	15 8
Deoli	13 —	13 8	16 8	15 4	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	15 8	15 4	15 4
Nasirabad	10 4	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	12 —	...	14 —	...	6 —	...	7 —	...	15 —	...	10 8	...
Western—												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	13 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 —
Jaisalmer	7 10	8 —	...	...	4 10	4 11	6 6	6 11	9 4	9 10	8 6	8 13
Jodhpur	{9 14 and 10 6}	9 12 and 10 4	13 1	12 11	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 5	13 8	{11 3 and 11 12}	{11 — and 11 8}
Bálmer	9 2	9 2	...	..	4 8	4 8	8 9	8 9	11 6	11 6	11 4	11 4
Erinpura	10 —	10 —	14 13	14 13	...	...	5 4	5 4	13 —	13 —	10 14	10 14
Sirohi	{9 4 and 10 4}	9 4 and 10 4	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	13 —
Anádra	9 2	9 8	...	9 14	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	9 8	9 14	...
Abu	9 3	9 4	12 10	12 8	4 10	4 12	6 4	6 8	...	...	10 2	10 4
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	11 4	11 8	...	...	6 8	6 10	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	11 —	11 —
Gwalior	11 6	11 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 8	10 12	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 6	12 —	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	13 —	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	13 8	12 4	13 8	13 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	12 8	12 8
Gujranwala	11 10	11 —	17 8	17 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	6 8	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Jhleam	10 12	11 4	15 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —

state the number of seers (of [illegible] tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces—*continued*
												(*a*) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	16 —	16 —	19 —	18 12	20 —	20 —	16 —	15 12	18 —	20 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	5	5	16 4	16 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 14	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	...	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	16 4	16 4	10 8	19 8	11 8	11 8	20 4	20 4	Bareli
...	...	...	...	16 13	16 8	19 2	17 12	14 14	12 14	20 4	20 4	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	16 4	15 12	...	7 8	13 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	Bijnor
...	...	...	...	16 8	15 15	16 8	16 8	8 12	8 13	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
16 —	16 —	14 14	16 —	17 —	16 —	18 1	17 —	10 10	10 10	21 4	21 —	Sahâranpur
16 —	16 —	...	...	15 —	14 8	[illegible]	15 —	12 8	13 —	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	[illegible]	13 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
12 —	13 —	...	...	11 8	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	12 8	Almora
16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Garhwál
												(*b*) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	13 —	19 —	...	Partábgarh
...	18 8	...	...	17 —	16 8	...	...	18 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	8 —	16 8	16 8	...	18 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 8	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	18 —	18 —	Lucknow
22 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	13 —	13 —	19 —	20 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	..	14 8	13 8	17 12	16 12	19 8	19 —	11 2	10 8	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	15 —	19 —	19 —	13 —	13 —	19 —	18 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	18 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 4	16 —	18 —	Gonda
...		...	...	22 —	22 —	24 [illegible]	24 —	12 8	12 —	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
18 —	18 —	17 —	8 8	20 —	20 —	19 8	19 —	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	23 —	23 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	20 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
				18 —	16 4	17 8	17 —	10 —	10 6	18 —	19 —	Partábgarh
...	...	..	...	20 —	18 8	14 —	14 —	7 —	8 —	16 8	16 8	Bánswara
...	..	.	...	13 12	13 6	12 11	12 10	9 10	9 10	17 13	17 13	Mewar (Udaipur)
...	.	7 8	7 7	11 8	10 12	10 8	9 14	...	...	16 12	16 —	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
12 —	12 —	...	...	15 8	14 8	12 3	12 —	10 4	10 4	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	...	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	11 8	11 —	...	...	17 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	.	...	...	16 4	16 4	22 8	22 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Bundi
...	...	...	...	17 12	16 12	17 —	17 —	8 8	8 —	21 —	20 —	Kotah
...	...	...	...	15 2	15 13	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jhalawar
...	...	...	...	17 6	15 14	...	19 11	...	...	19 10	16 6½	Tonk
6 18	...	6 13	6 13	12 1 and 17 4	13 1 and 16 11	14 10	15 3	16 11	16 11	24 —	24 —	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	16 14	15 —	...	...	...	...	20 —	19 6	Karauli
...	...	6 4	6 4	18 6	18 2	...	...	14 5	14 2½	22 —	22 —	Dholpur
...	...	9 12	9 12	15 8	18 —	18 8	...	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Bharatpur
...	...	13 —	13 —	19 6	19 1	13 13	14 10	23 2	23 8	24 1	23 14	Alwar
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Deoli
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Nasirabad
...	...	...	...	14 —	...	13 12	...	...	...	22 7	...	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	22 8	22 8	Bikaner
...	...	...	...	8 8	9 1	...	...	—	...	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	14 9	14 5	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
...	...	...	...	13 12	18 12	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bálmer
...	...	...	...	14 7	14 7	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	..	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	11 8	11 8	9 —	9 —	22 —	20 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	11 8	12 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	12 2	12 12	11 13	11 8	8 9	8 10	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	..	15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	16 8	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 12	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hissar
...	..	...	.	18 8	18 8	...	17 8	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 12	16 8	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	..	...	...	16 —	15 8	16 —	14 —	9 —	8 —	...	27 —	Jhelum

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawár or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Penicillaria spicata*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgaon	11 —	11 —	16 —	15 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	14 —	13 —	13 —	14 —
Delhi	11 8	11 8	15 —	14 —	...	...	6 4	6 8	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8
Rohtak	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	13 8	13 —
Karnál	12 4	12 4	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	13 —
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 4	12 —	14 12	14 12	...	...	8 4	8 4	19 8	20 8	14 12	14 12
Ludhiána	12 —	12 —	14 —	15 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	13 —	13 8	12 8	12 8
Jalandhar	13 8	13 —	18 8	18 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 8
Hoshiárpur	12 8	13 —	16 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Gurdáspur	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	14 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 —	13 —	15 —	15 —	...		7 4	7 8	11 8	13 —	13 —	13 —
Siálkot	12 8	12 4	15 8	15 8	...		8 —	8 8	...	12 —	14 —	14 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 8	10 —	17 8	16 12	...		7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Kángra	11 8	12 4	20 —	19 8	...	..	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	11 —	11 12	15 4	15 12		...	7 —	7 —	13 —	12 12	12 12	12 12
Attock	11 8	12 —	15 —	15 8	.	..	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Shálpur	13 —	11 8	18 —	18 —	.	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	16 —
Jhang	11 12	11 8	14 8	15 —	..	...	9 —	9 —	12 8	12 —	13 —	13 —
Lyallpur	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	..	...	7 8	7 8	..	...	...	...
Multan	10 12	10 8	14 —	14 —	...		8 12	8 8	12 —	12 —	11 8	11 8
Montgomery	11 4	11 4	14 —	14 —	..	..	8 —	8 8	11 —	11 8	11 8	11 —
Muzaffargarh	10 12	10 8	14 8	15 —	..	..	12 —	12 —	12 8	13 —	14 —	14 —
Dera Ghazi Khan*	...	...	.	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	10 —	10 4	12 15	13 4	3 3	3 3	8 1	8 1	...	..	11 8	11 8
Peshawar	11 —	11 —	17 —	15 —	5 3	5 14	7 13	7 13	13 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Kohát	11 —	11 13	14 14	14 14	4 4	4 4	9 4	9 4	15 5	16 —	14 —	14 10
Bannu	12 3	14 9	19 11	21 4	3 12	3 7	9 11	9 6	18 2	18 12	14 6	13 7
Dera Ismael Khan	10 10	11 14	13 12	14 8	3 7	3 7	6 4	6 6	16 8	16 8	14 4	14 4
Tochi	14 —	14 —	17 —	17 —	.	.	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	14 2	14 2	18 12	18 12	11 7	11 7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	13 —	13 —	...	...
Wano	8 11	10 1	10 3	11 2	2 14	2 14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	9 —	9 —	...	..	6 8	6 8	7 8	8 —	10 —	11 —	9 8	10 —
Hyderabad	9 —	9 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkár (Umarkot)	9 —	8 8	...	...	8 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikárpur	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 —	9 —	..	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	9 8	9 12	11 —	11 —
Quetta	9 13 to 10 8	9 13½ to 10 8	13 1	13 10	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	10 12½	10 13	10 —	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	.	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	10 2	10 2	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	7 7	7 7	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 8	11 1	11 1	11 4	11 4
Alibág	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 10	7 10	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 2	7 2	...	..	5 7	5 7	7 13	7 13	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 2	8 2	.	...	7 5	7 5	8 3	8 3	10 3	10 3	10 13	10 13
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 7	...	...	6 14	6 12	7 6	7 4	11 14	12 10	10 10	10 14
Belgaum	8 6	8 6	..	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 15	12 7	11 2	11 2
Satara	6 6	7 1	...	...	5 14	6 10	6 7	7 2	10 15	10 9	11 1	10 11
Sholapur	8 7	8 7	...	.	6 7	6 7	8 8	8 8	14 5	14 5	12 —	12 8
Bijapur	8 7	8 7	.	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	12 4	12 4	12 8	12 8
Poona	7 8	7 8	..		6 6	6 6	7 10	7 10	10 13	10 13	9 —	9 —
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	10 5	10 5	..	.	5 14	6 10	6 10	7 6	12 6	12 6	10 8	10 8
Násik	10 9	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 9	7 9	...	...	10 4	10 4
Dhulia	9 13	9 13	...	.	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	12 5	12 5	11 2	11 2
Jalgaon	9 15	9 15	...		5 9	5 9	6 7	6 7	10 7	10 7	10 2	10 2
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 5	8 5	10 3	10 3	9 11	9 11
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Baroda	8 —	8 8	...	..	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Ahmadabad	10 8	10 8	..	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 —	10 8	10 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	..	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	..	10 —	10 —
Disa	9 —	9 —	.	..	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	10 4	10 8	10 —	9 12
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	9 8	9 8	..	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	9 8	9 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 14	10 2	...	..	4 6	4 6	7 —	7 —	13 3	12 9	...	...
Hoshangabad	11 4	11 4	...	.	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 14	14 10	...	...
Betul	13 6	12 1	...	...	...	...	8 3	8 3	19 10	15 14	...	...
Chhindwara	11 6	10 —	...	..	6 10	7 4	10 8	10 8	15 3	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 7	..	..	6 8	6 8	11 11	11 11	13 13	13 13	...	...
Wardha	16 —	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 9	13 13	14 15	...	...

* Not reported

state the number of seers (of [illegible]0 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chhana, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Panjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	18 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	20	20 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	19 —	18 8	17 —	17 —	11 8	11 8	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	20 —	19 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	20 8	20 4	..	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	21 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
16 12	17 12	13 12	13 13	18 —	18 —	16 12	16 12	11 8	11 8	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	11 —	11 —	19 —	19 —	18 8	18 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Ludhiána
...	...	11 —	11 —	18 8	17 8	20 8	20 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Jalandhar
...	...	...	...	16 4	16 8	18 12	18 12	...	.	23 —	23 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	...	..	24 —	24 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 —	[illegible]	17 —	10 —	10 8	26 8	27 —	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	[illegible]	16 —			25 —	25 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	17 8	17 8	7 8	7 8	17 8	17 8	Simla
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 8	18 8	16 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 4	15 —	16 —	9 —	8 —	26 —	26 —	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 —	15 —	15 8	8 —	7 —	26 —	26 —	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 8	...	14 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Sháhpur
18 —	18 —	15 —	15 —	15 8	15 2	16 —	16 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	16 —	17 —		...	24 —	24 —	Lyallpur
...	...	13 —	13	16 —	14 8	14 —	14 4			25 —	24 —	Multan
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	14 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	14 10	14 12	13 —	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 12	13 —	13 8	...	..	20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —	10 —	9 12	25 —	25 —	Pesháwar
...	...	...	..	14 15	14 15	12 12	12 11	...	...	25 8	25 8	Kohát
...	...	...	...	17 1	20 3	15 14	18 10	...	..	80 —	31 4	Bannu
...	...	...	...	17 8	19 1	17 8	18 —	9 12	9 12	27 —	27 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	..	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	..	...	21 —	21 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	18 —	18 —	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	10 11	12 8	...	...	...		Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
				13 —	13 —			9 —	9 —	29 —	29 —	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 8	.	...	8 —	8 —	24 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	..	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 12	..	..	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	..	..	12 1	12 6	10 14	11 4	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
13 8	18 8	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	..	8 9	8 9	20 10	20 10	Karwar
11 3	11 3	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Ratnagiri
...	.	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	..	7 14	7 14	22 1	20 6	Alibág
7 5	7 5	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 10	8 5	18 14	18 14	Bombay
11 14	11 14	...	...	10 3	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Thanna
												Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 2	8 14	18 —	17 11	Dharwar
14 3	15 8	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	20 10	20 10	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 9	9 9	19 —	19 —	Satara
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 4	...	...	11 3	11 3	18 12	18 12	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14	..	..	9 10	9 10	19 10	19 10	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	12 2	10 15	...	...	9 12	9 12	18 12	18 12	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	..	11 5	12 11	..	..	10 8	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmadnagar
14 4	14 4	...	...	15 9	15 9	..	...	8 14	10 5	21 —	22 5	Násik
...	..	...	...	12 10	12 10	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 8	18 8	Dhulia
...	..	...	...	12 13	12 13	...	...	10 15	10 15	16 6	16 6	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	..	8 13	8 13	26 13	26 13	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	..	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	26 8	26 8	Kaira
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 —	41 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	..	12 —	12 —	...	.	7 8	7 8	80 —	80	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	13 3	12 —	..	.	10 1	10 1	17 4	17 4	Nimar
...	...	...	...	15 1	15 6	..	..	11 14	11 14	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	16 13	15 1	...		13 13	11 13	15 7	15 6	Betul
...	...	...	...	19 —	15 3	..	...	11 2	11 2	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	..	15 7	15 7	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Nagpur
...	...	...		13 6	13 6	..	...	13 1	13 1	17 —	17 —	Wardha

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RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MARCH 1912—*concluded* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— *continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 8	11 1		...	5 1	5 1	9 —	8 8	...	...	...	...
Saugor	12 —	12 —	.		6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	17 1	...	...
Damoh	11 14	12 8	...	..	7 12	7 2	8 8	7 12	17 8	17 6	...	..
Jubbulpore	11 12	12 —	.	.	6 —	6 —	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	10 4	10 4		...	8 —	8 —	11 1	11 2	...	...	...	.
Seoni	11 5	11 5	.	.	7 2	7 2	11 5	12 —	...	..	...	..
Bálághát	8 14	8 14	..	...	5 6	5 6	10 6	10 6	...	.	...	...
Bhandára	10 12	10 12	...	.	...	...	9 8	10 —	13 12	13 12	.	...
Chánda	8 14	10 —			8 —	3 —	8 14	8 14	13 5	13 5	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	14 3	14 3	..	..	8 —	8 —	12 13	14 3	...	...	...	...
Raipur	12 4	12 4	...	.	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4		.	...	...
Drug	15 15	15 15	...		11 3	11 3	11 14	11 14	...	..	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	12 —	12 —		...	5 —	5 —	7 14	7 14	16 —	16 —	..	..
Akola	10 12	11 3		...	7 13	7 13	9 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 8	10 8	..		7 10	7 10	9 13	9 13	16 —	17 —	...	..
Yeotmal	9 11	9 15			4 6	4 6	9 15	9 15	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad	6 3	6 —	11 9	11 —	3 5	3 8	5 13	5 13	10 11	10 11	11 11	11 3
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	..	...	..		(4)	...	8 2	8 2			.	...
S. Canara		...	.	.	..	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central												
Coimbatore		...	.			...	6 10	6 10	11 6	11 12	12 5	13 11
Nilgiris	...	..	...	.	.		7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem	..	..	..	.	..	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 12	8 14	9 15
Central—												
Bellary	.	.	..	..	.	...	7 —	7 —	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	.	...		7 2	7 2	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah	..	...	.		...	..	8 4	8 5	13 12	13 10	13 7	13 7
Karnul	...	...	.		.	..	7 —	7 —	14 6	14 6		...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	.	...		..	.	..	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	.	..	...	..	.		6 7	6 7		..	11 3	11 3
Godávari	...	..	.		.	.	8 2	8 2	15 5	14 4	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	.	.	...	...	..	.	8 8	8 8	14 1	14 12	...	...
Guntur	..	...	..	.	...	.	7 11	7 11	12 —	12 —	11 8	11 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	..	9 14	9 14	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	..	..	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	..	..	.		7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	..	...	..	...	...	7 7	7 13	..	...	...	...
S. Arcot	..	.	..			..	7 13	7 9	..	...	11 10	11 10
Tanjore	...	.	.		...	.	8 11	8 11	...	..	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly	.	.	..	...	.	...	7 13	8 4	17 8	16 8	13 11	12 5
Southern—												
Tinnevelly		.	.	..	...	...	8 11	7 13	...	11 12	11 10	11 5
Madura	...	...	...		...	...	7 7	7 7	10 9	10 9	9 9	9 9
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 8	7 8	6 8	6 8	6 —	6 8	7 —	7 8	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 5	7 —	7 —	5 12	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar	.	.	7 —	7 —	4 8	5 —	6 —	6 8	...	...	...	...
Tumkur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	6 12	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	7 8	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	7 8	9 8	9 —	19 —	19 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 12	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —			...	...
Aden	7 —	7 5	...	...	5 14	5 12	7 —	7 4	11 3	11 3	9 5	9 10

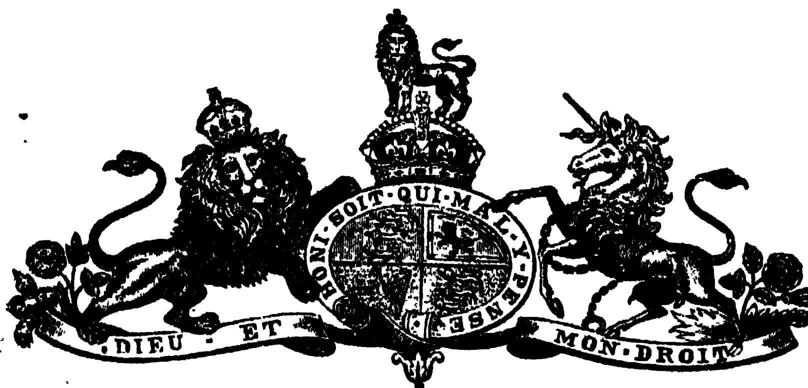
state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		*Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces—*continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 15	16 —	...	...	14 10	14 10	16 -	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	17 1	16 —	...	...	11 2	11 3	18 5	18 ..	Saugor
...	...	...	...	20 13	16 10	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	16 6	16 6	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	10 10	10 10	12 13	12 13	Seoni
...	...	...	...	13 1	13 1	...	...	10 2	10 2	14 10	14 10	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	13 12	15 —	...	...	10 —	11 4	18 6	18 6	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —		...	11 6	11 6	20 —	20 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	14 3	16 —	...	...	14 3	14 3	12 13	12 13	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	15 8	18 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	...	17 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	15 2	16 2	Drug
												Berar—
...	..	...	...	14 15	14 15	...	...	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Buldána
...	...	...	...	9 8	11 6	...	...	10 10	10 10	14 2	15 -	Akola
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	14 11	14 11	18 —	18 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	12 13	14 3	16 —	18 5	Yootmal
												Nizam's Territories—
12 4	14 —	...	...	10 11	10 11	..	..	12 13	14 —	14 —	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
..	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	.	...	19 6	19 15	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	21 14	21 14	S. Canara
												South, central—
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	17 9	17 9	Coimbatore
...		...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nilgiris
14 1	14 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 14	17 2	Salem
												Central—
15 8	16 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 7	17 7	Bellary
14 14	17 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 7	Anantapur
15 15	15 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	21 2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15*11	16 3	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	21 10	22 11	Ganjam
13 2	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
13 12	14 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 14	13 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
12 —	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 13	27 11	Madras
11 5	12 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Chingleput
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	24 6	N. Arcot
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	22 10	...	S. Arcot
13 4	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 15	21 15	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Tinnevelly
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Madura
												Mysore—
16 —	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 -	Mysore
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 -	18	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	8 —	...	..	9 —	8 —	18 —	16 —	Tumkur
17 —	22 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	16 —	Hassan
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 8	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kadur
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16	16 —	Shimoga
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	8 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12	12 -	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
17 8	17 8	...	...	17 —	17 —	..	...	8 —	8 —	19 8	20 8	Coorg
..	...	...	...	10 3	11 —	...	...	10 3	9 14	32 —	32 —	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, April 12, 1912



The Gazette of India.

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CONTENTS.

	Pages.		Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	482—497	Supplement No. 16—	
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	501—526	Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 18th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	953—955
		Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 13th April 1912.	956—958
		Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 6th April 1912	959—966
		Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 6th April 1912	967
		Resolution regarding the Grand Exhibition of Japan.	968
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	31—32	Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	969—971

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 18th April, 1912.

No. 20.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Selwyn Howe Fremantle, I.C.S., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

DELHI.

Simla, the 18th April, 1912.

No. 441.—Mr. H. E. Parker, Assistant Sanitary Engineer, United Provinces, is placed on special duty under the Home Department in connection with the site of the new Capital at Delhi with effect from the 5th April 1912.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 772.—Mr. C. E. F. Bunbury, C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 20th February 1912.

JUDICIAL.

The 18th April, 1912.

No. 738.—The Hon'ble the Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal has appointed Mr. H. T. Cullis, I.C.S., to be Registrar on the Appellate Side of the Court, with effect from the 19th April 1912, *vice* Mr. R. L. Ross, I.C.S., whose services have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 740.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 17 of the Upper Burma Civil Courts Regulation, 1896 (Regulation I of 1896), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. H. L. Eales, C.S.I., I.C.S., to officiate as Judicial Commissioner of Upper Burma during the absence on combined leave of Mr. G. W. Shaw, C.S.I., I.C.S., or until further orders.

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 19th April, 1912.

No. 136.—The Revd. G. J. Chree, Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for one month and 29 days combined with furlough for one year, 10 months and one day, with effect from the 22nd April 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 137.—The Revd. D. H. Gillan, Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Establishment, is appointed to officiate as Presidency Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, Bengal, during the absence on leave of the Revd. G. J. Chree.

SANITARY.

The 18th April, 1912.

No. 597.—The services of Major E. L. Perry, I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab.

No. 598.—The services of Captain H. G. S. Webb, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment in the Sanitary Department.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 613.—Captain R. A. Needham, M.B., I.M S., is appointed to be Health Officer, Simla, substantively *pro-tempore* with effect from the 26th July 1911.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 19th April, 1912.

No. 182—171-6.—Mr. I. H. Burkill, M.A., Assistant Reporter on Economic Products to the Government of India, is appointed Economic Botanist to the Botanical Survey with effect from the 1st February 1912, and the appointment of Assistant Reporter on Economic Products is abolished from that date.

FORESTS.

The 18th April, 1912.

No. 194—126-4-F.—Mr. H. H. Forteath, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Burma, is appointed to officiate as Conservator of Forests, 3rd grade, in Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the 3rd April 1912, in the post of the Conservator of Forests transferred from the old province of Eastern Bengal and Assam to the new province.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 200.—89-5-F.—Mr. M. C. C. Bonig, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is granted examination leave for 3 months under Article 70 of the Forest Department Code, 6th edition, and privilege leave for 3 months in continuation thereof, with effect from the afternoon of 6th April 1912.

The services of Mr. A. R. Brown, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests on the Burma cadre, are placed at the disposal of the Superintendent of Port Blair for employment in the Andamans Forest Department *vice* Mr. Bonig.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th April, 1912.

No. 20.—Mr. R. J. Angus, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Bengal, who was placed on special duty with the Government of India from the 1st February 1912, is appointed Assistant Engineer, Simla Imperial Sub-division, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

The 17th April, 1912.

No. 21.—*Corrigendum.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 17, dated the 27th March 1912, for* Superintending Engineer, 2nd class, *read* Superintending Engineer, 1st class.

W. B. GORDON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th April, 1912.

No. 1022-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. I. Brierley, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted on return from leave as Civil Surgeon, Khyber, with effect from the 18th March, 1912.

No. 831-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 220-G., dated the 26th January, 1912, Mr. E. Somerville Murray, Consul for Belgium at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 15th March, 1912.

The 16th April, 1912.

No. 1027-*Est.-B.*—Captain C. A. G. P. M[illegible]ows, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs, is appointed Assistant Inspecting Off[illegible], Rajputana Imperial Service Infantry, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 1043-*Est.-B.*—Major W. J. Lambert, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse), is appointed Inspecting Officer, Hyderabad and Mysore Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 847-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 226-G., dated the 25th January, 1912, Mr. E. Somerville Murray, Consul for Denmark at Aden, resumed charge of his office on the 15th March, 1912.

The 17th April, 1912.

No 1048-*Est.-B.*—The services of Captain C. H. Campbell, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's), are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North West Frontier Province for employment with the Frontier Militia, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

No. 1052-*Est.-A.*—Captain T. H. Keyes, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Mekran, and Commandant of the Mekran Levy Corps, with effect from the 29th February, 1912.

No. 1053-*Est.-A.*—Captain J. L. R. Weir, of the Political Department, on return from privilege leave, is posted as Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, with effect from the 21st March, 1912.

No. 1054-*Est.-A.*—Mr. D. de S. Bray, of the Political Department, is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan, with effect from the 2nd April, 1912.

No. 1057-*Est.-A.*—Mr. C. L. S. Russell, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-nine days combined with furlough for one year, four months and sixteen days, with effect from the 6th April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1058-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. B. Wood, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Resident at Indore, with effect from the 6th April, 1912.

The 18th April, 1912.

No. 1070-*Est.-A.*—Captain J. R. J. Tyrrell, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for three months, and study leave for six months, with effect from the 5th April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, and the Regulations prescribed in the Notification by the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 31, dated the 13th January, 1911.

No. 1071-*Est.-A.*—Captain L. J. M. Deas, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon, Bhopawar, with effect from the 5th April, 1912.

No. 1074-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel P. J. Lumsden, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted, on return from furlough, as Residency Surgeon, Hyderabad, with effect from the 11th February, 1912.

No. 1077-*Est.-A.*—Mr. E. V. Gabriel, C.V.O., C.S.I., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for three months, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd March, 1912.

No. 1079-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel H. L. Showers, C.S.I., C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for sixteen days, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 1080-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel S. F. Bayley, of the Political Department, is posted as Resident at Jaipur, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 868-*G.*—The following amendments in the rules for the examination of officers in the Pushtu language in the North-West Frontier Province and Chilas, published with the Notification by the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1476-G., dated the 25th June, 1909, are published for general information:

(1) For the words "Divisional and Sub-Divisional Canal Officers" in rule 1, 1 (*d*), substitute the words "Executive and Assistant Engineers, and Temporary Engineers of the Canal Department".

(2) In rule 7 insert the words "and Canal Upper Subordinates in Sub-Divisional charge" after the words "Native Extra Assistant Commissioners".

No. 1085-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel R. B. Berkeley, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 1st April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1086-*Est.-A*—Major H. B. Peacock, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Haraoti Agency, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 865-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 of the Indian High Courts Act, 1865 (28 and 29 Vict., c. 15), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 178-J., dated the 23rd September, 1874, as subsequently amended, namely:

In the list of Native States under the heading "IV—By the High Court of the North Western Provinces in—" before the entry "Garhwal", the entry "Benares" shall be inserted.

No. 866-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the officer for the time being holding the office of Commissioner of Benares, being a European British subject, to be a Justice of the Peace within the territories of His Highness the Maharaja of Benares.

No. 867-*I.-B.*—Whereas the Governor General in Council has in certain cases criminal jurisdiction within the State of Benares:

In exercise of this jurisdiction and of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders with respect to such cases:

(1) The District Magistrate of Benares for the time being shall exercise, when employed in respect of such cases occurring within the limits of the said State, the powers of a District Magistrate, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (V of 1898).

(2) He shall also exercise the powers of a Sessions Judge, as defined in the said Code, in respect of such cases occurring within the limits of the said State.

(3) The Commissioner of Benares for the time being shall exercise the powers of a Sessions Judge, as described in the said Code, in respect of all offences over which magisterial jurisdiction is exercised by the District Magistrate of Benares. Provided that the District Magistrate shall not commit an accused person for trial to the Commissioner acting as a Sessions Judge.

(4) The Commissioner of Benares for the time being shall also exercise the powers of a High Court, as described in the said Code, in respect of all offences over which magisterial jurisdiction or the jurisdiction of a Court of Session is exercised by the District Magistrate of Benares.

(5) In exercise of the jurisdiction of a Court of Session conferred on him by these orders, the District Magistrate of Benares may take cognizance of any offence as a Court of original criminal jurisdiction without the accused person being committed to him by a Magistrate and shall, when so taking cognizance of any offence, follow the procedure laid down by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trial of warrant cases by a Magistrate.

(6) A trial before the District Magistrate of Benares as Sessions Judge in the exercise of the jurisdiction conferred by these orders may be without jury or the aid of assessors.

(7) The aforesaid British Officers in the exercise of any jurisdiction delegated to them within the State of Benares are to be guided by the law of British India relating to offences and criminal procedure in so far as it is applicable.

(8) These orders apply to all proceedings except proceedings against European British subjects, or persons charged jointly with European British subjects.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 1101-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel H. R. Woolbert, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class and Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, is granted privilege leave for two months and one day, combined with furlough for one year and one month, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 29th March 1912.

No. 1104-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. B. Robinson, Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Ajmer, and Chief Medical Officer in Rajputana, with effect from the 29th March 1912.

No. 1110-*Est.-A.*—Mr. E. B. Howell, of the Political Department, is posted as Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, in addition to his own duties as Officer on special duty at Peshawar, with effect from the 4th April 1912.

No. 1111-*Est.-A.*—Major D. B. Blakeway, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 4th April 1912.

No. 1112-*Est.-A.*—Captain N. E. Reilly, of the Political Department, is posted as City Magistrate, Peshawar, with effect from the 5th April 1912.

No. 1113-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. E. Bruce, of the Political Department, is posted as District Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 5th April 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 13th April, 1912.

No. 2491-*F. E.*—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 20th March 1912.

No. 2495-*F. E.*—Mr. W. F. Milne has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 1st March 1912.

Mr. E. L. Gavaghan has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, with effect from the 14th March 1912.

No. 2496-*F. E.*—Mr. J. O'Brien, Government Examiner of Accounts, Rohilkhand and Kumaon Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 30th March 1912.

Mr. A. W. Smart, Government Examiner of Accounts, Bengal and North Western Railway, has been appointed to hold charge of the office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, Rohilkhand and Kumaon Railway, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 30th March 1912.

No. 2497-*F. E.*—Mr. W. T. M. Wright, I.C.S., has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 27th March 1912.

The 16th April, 1912.

No. 2516-*F. E.*—Mr. S. M. L. Bean, Assistant Comptroller, Central Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 30th March 1912.

Mr. Sheik Taj Muhammad has been posted as Assistant Comptroller, Central Provinces, with effect from the same date.

No. 2517-*F. E.*—Mr. S. E. Joachim, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, has been appointed Chief Superintendent, class II, temporary, with effect from the 15th March 1912.

No 2519-*F. E.*—Mr. T. H. Pruce, Chief Accountant, office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, furlough for 4 months, with effect from the 20th March 1912.

Mr. Gobind Ram, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, class II, with effect from the same date and until further orders.

No. 2568-*F. E.*—Mr. J. A. Robertson has been granted privilege leave for 16 days and, in continuation, furlough for 1 year, 2 months and 4 days, with effect from the 9th April 1912.

Mr. V. C. Scott-O'Connor has been appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Railways, with effect from the same date and until further orders.

The 17th April, 1912.

No. 2582-*F. E.*—Mr. W. D. Wo[illegible]n has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General, with effect from the 2nd April 1912.

No. 2587-*F. E.*—Mr. F. J. Wood has been posted as Assistant Comptroller General, with effect from the 30th March 1912.

The 18th April, 1912.

No. 2623-*F. E.*—Rai N. G. Basu Bahadur, C.I.E., is appointed to officiate in class III of Accountants General, with effect from the 27th March 1912, and is placed on special duty in the office of the Comptroller and Auditor General, with effect from the same date.

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 18th April, 1912.

No. 349-*Accts.*—Mr. J. G. H. T. Walker, B.A., Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and fourteen days in combination with furlough on medical certificate for four months and sixteen days, under Articles 233 (*i*) and 311 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 16th March 1912.

No. 350-*Accts.*—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 29th March 1912, consequent on the expiry of the privilege leave granted to Lieutenant-Colonel J. C. C. Perkins, D.S.O.

Mr. J. W. Glancey, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (temporary).

No. 351-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment and reversion of Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 30th March 1912, vice *Mr. W. G. Wells, granted combined leave.*

Mr. E. Sterling to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

Rai Sahib Debendra Nath Bhattacharya, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent (temporary).

No. 352-*Accts.*—Mr. H. R. Grinnol, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily promoted to Deputy Examiner, 1st grade (Supernumerary), with effect from the 15th March 1912, *vice* Mr. W. Mathie, retired.

No. 353-*Accts.*—Mr. A. Fairhurst is temporarily appointed to be a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (Supernumerary), Military Accounts Department, with effect from the 15th March 1912, *vice* Mr. Grinnol promoted.

No. 354-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 9th April 1912, vice *Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian, granted privilege leave.*

Mr. C. Rozier to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 355-*Accts.*—Mr. F. I. L. Clarke, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 8th April 1912.

No. 356-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 8th April 1912, vice *Mr. F. I. L. Clarke, granted privilege leave.*

Khan Saheb B. C. Lichmore to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 357-*Accts.*—Rao Bahadur R. D. Moghe, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 15th April 1912.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 19th April 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 345.—The Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be Honorary Surgeons.

Lieutenant-Colonel A. E. Tate, Royal Army Medical Corps, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel B. Skinner, M.V.O., Royal Army Medical Corps, retired. Dated 14th February 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel E. G. Browne, Royal Army Medical Corps, *vice* Surgeon-General A. T. Sloggett, C.B., C.M.G., appointed Honorary Surgeon to His Majesty the King. Dated 1st March 1912.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 346.—Mr. Ernest Francis Augustin, Secretariat Assistant, 1st Grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd Grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Sub-Conductor R. Tharle-Hughes; with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 347.—The services of Captain A. C. D. Thorne, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as an Assistant Cantonment Magistrate.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 348.—Sub-Conductor R. Tharle-Hughes, India Miscellaneous List, Officiating Superintendent, 3rd Grade, is granted privilege leave for thirty four days, with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 349.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 26th March 1912, pages 2211 and 2212.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,

26th March 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

The undermentioned Lieutenant-Colonels, Indian Army, to be Colonels:—

(Brevet Colonel) Richard H. Ewart, D.S.O. Dated 2nd May 1911.

Arthur B. C. Williams. Dated 3rd May 1911.

Francis J. Fowler, D.S.O. Dated 6th May 1911.

Claude M. Crawford. Dated 3rd June 1911.

William S. Mardall. Dated 20th June 1911.

William A. Oswald. Dated 29th June 1911.

John A. H. Woodward. Dated 30th June 1911.

Sir Rollo E. Grimston, K.C.V.O., C.I.E. Dated 13th August 1911.

John Fisher. Dated 29th August 1911.

Thomas H. Hardy. Dated 25th September 1911.

Charles V. Mainwaring. Dated 25th October 1911.

Frederick A. Hoghton. Dated 12th November 1911.

Nigel G. Woodyatt. Dated 12th November 1911.

Charles A. Fowler, D.S.O. Dated 1st January 1912.

* * * * * * * *

The undermentioned Native Officer Indian Army is granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement :—

Risaldar Major Muhammad Saiyid Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse). Dated 16th August 1911.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 350.—Major R. L. Morris, Indian Army, 3rd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, is granted Staff-pay at the rate of Rs. 400 per mensem; with effect from the 21st March 1912.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 351.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

18th April 1912.

John Grattan, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force).

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 352.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel Arthur Owen Evans, *vice* Colonel F. C. Reeves, vacated ; with effect from the 21st November 1911.

Colonel Evans' tenure of appointment will reckon from the 22nd January 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No 353.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 27th March 1912 .—

No. 1040, Amin-chand (E).

No. 1041, Dayal Singh (E).

No 1042, Arjun Singh (E).

No. 1044, Ram Singh (E).

No. 1045, Jhulan Singh (E).

No. 1046, Kishan Singh (E).

(E) Passed in English.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No 354.—Conductor John Rose, supernumerary on reversion to arsenal duty, is absorbed, *vice* Robert Martin Massingham, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 3rd March 1912.

Southern Army.

No. 355.—Conductor James Brookes, Overseer, late Gun Carriage Factory, Madras, *seconded*, to be Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, *vice* Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant J. Bennett, retired ; with effect from the 8th September 1908.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES.

No. 356.—*Rai Sahib* Dwarka Pershad, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, is promoted to the rank of Honorary Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade ; with effect from the 12th April 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 357.—The following direct appointment is made, with effect from the date specified .—

129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

Havildar Turkestan to be Jemadar, on probation, *vice* Muhammad Khan (II), deceased ; with effect from the 14th January 1912.

No. 358.—The following promotions are made :—

41st Dogras.

Jemadar Fateh Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Gulaba to be Jemadar, *vice* Mukar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 8th April 1912.

48th Pioneers.

Jemadar Ganga Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Pala Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Labh Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st February 1912.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Bhagwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Narayan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

64th Pioneers.

Jemadar Anantadri Nayudu to be Subadar and Havildar Krishnamutri to be Jemadar, *vice* Audinarayanasami, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 2nd March 1912.

69th Punjabis.

Subadar Jagandar Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Gul Muhammad to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Khan (II) to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar-Major Sardar Khan, *Khan Bahadur*, C.I.E., transferred to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department; with effect from the 18th August 1910.

Jemadar Muhammad Khan (I) to be Subadar and Havildar Rajwali to be Jemadar *vice* Abdullah Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 3rd July 1911.

(*Army Department Notification No. 697, dated the 11th August 1911, in so far as it relates to the 69th Punjabis, is hereby cancelled.*)

108th Infantry.

Jemadar Taj Muhammad Khan to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Mubarak Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Muslim Khan, summarily dismissed the service; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

1st Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Subadar Man Sing Thapa, on transfer from the 1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles, to be Subadar-Major, *vice* Puranbahadur Chand, summarily discharged to pension; with effect from the 1st January 1912.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 359.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified:—

Conductor James Hall, Ordnance Department, Northern Army,—24th April 1912.

Sub-Conductor Henry Thomas Acott, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bombay List,—31st March 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 360.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Shipton Rooke, Supernumerary List,—7th March 1912.

Major John Charles Digby Pinney, Temporary Half-Pay List,—23rd April 1912.

No. 361.—Major Owen Annesley Smith, 27th Punjabis, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 19th April 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles.

No. 362.—Second-Lieutenant Richard Philip White resigns his commission. Dated 1st February 1912.

(The correct name of this officer is as now stated and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 37, dated the 8th January 1909.)

Simla Volunteer Rifles.

No. 363.—Charles James Kennedy to be Second-Lieutenant, *vice* W. J. Kelly, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 23rd February 1912.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 364.—Captain Paul John Brühl resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Captain (Honoray Major) John Hill Burnand, V.D., resigns his commission. Dated 1st May 1912.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 365.—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), is published as required by section 25, sub-section (1) of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 20th May 1912.

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid will be considered by the Governor General in Council.

Draft rules.

In section 226 of the Cantonment Code, 1912, after sub-section (2) the following sub-sections shall be inserted :—

"(3) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in the registers may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate. An error of fact or substance in any such registers may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate by an entry in the margin, without any alteration of the original entry, upon production to the Cantonment Magistrate, by the person requiring such error to be corrected, of a declaration on oath setting forth the nature of the error and the true facts of the case, made before the Cantonment Magistrate by the person required to give information concerning the birth or death with reference to which the error has been made or, in default of such person, by two credible persons having knowledge of the case and certified by the Cantonment Magistrate to have been made in his presence."

C.f. City of Bombay Act III of 1888, s. 452.

"(4) Except as aforesaid, no alteration shall be made in any such register."

No. 366.—The following is published for general information :—

SPECIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

NO. 2265-1 (O4).

Simla, the 19th April 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Army Department.

The Government of India have had under consideration the question of the revision of the rules regarding the taking out of patents by officers and subordinates in Military employ and of the rules relating to persons who desire to submit any invention for the Military and Marine Services for consideration.

2. The existing rules on the subject are contained in the Resolution of the Government of India, late Military Department No. 2286-B, dated the 19th September 1904, and in supersession of them the Government of India have approved the revised rules

attached, which are applicable also to civilians and other persons employed in the Military and Marine Departments of the Government of India.

ORDER.—Ordered, that the foregoing Resolution, and the revised rules therein referred to, be published in the *Gazette of India*, and that copies be forwarded to the Departments of the Government of India named in the margin.

The Home Department.
The Department of Commerce and Industry.
The Finance Department (Military Finance).

Ordered, also, that copies, together with copies of the revised rules, be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, the Heads of Branches of Army Headquarters, the Director-General, Indian Medical Service, the Director, Royal Indian Marine, and the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

A.—REGULATIONS REGARDING PATENTS AND INVENTIONS.

No officer, Warrant Officer, Non-Commissioned Officer, or soldier of the regular forces, and no civilian or other person employed in the Military or Marine Departments of the Government of India, is permitted to apply for, or obtain, a patent, except in the manner laid down in these regulations.

2. Should permission to apply for, or obtain, a patent be granted it will be subject to these regulations from which there will be no appeal by the applicant or patentee.

3. The inventor must in the first instance apply to his Commanding Officer, or the Head of his Department, for permission to apply at the Patent Office for a patent.

Application for permission is to be made *in triplicate* on the form prescribed in paragraph 5 which gives the conditions on which such permission is granted. At this stage the inventor will not be required to give more than the title of his invention.

Such application may be made confidentially direct to the inventor's Commanding Officer, or the Head of his Department, who will take steps to see that the application and all subsequent steps in the matter are dealt with confidentially so as to safeguard the inventor's interests as well as those of the Government of India.

4. In order that the inventor may not be prejudiced in any way by delay in making his application at the Patent Office, Commanding Officers and Heads of Departments are authorised to approve of applications made in the form prescribed unless they have reason to doubt that the applicant is the true inventor. One copy of the form approved by them is to be forwarded at once to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army or Marine Departments as the case may be. The other two copies of the form approved by them should be returned to the inventor, one for his retention and the other for him to forward to the Patent Office together with his application.

5. The following is the form* of agreement referred to in the preceding paragraphs. It is to be prepared locally and must be signed and approved before the application is made at the Patent Office.

AGREEMENT.

INVENTION SOUGHT TO BE PATENTED.

Address..............................

Date..................................

I hereby request permission to apply at the Patent Office (India) for a patent for an invention of (quote title of invention) on the following conditions:

1. Within 48 hours of the despatch by me to the Patent Office of my application, I will forward a copy of the application, and of the specification accompanying the application, to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army or Marine Department as the case may be through my Commanding Officer or Head of my Department.

2. I will, if so ordered, withdraw my application for a patent.

*** NOTE.—This form is to be made out in triplicate by the inventor and sent to his Commanding Officer or the Head of his Department for approval.**

The Commanding Officer or Head will sign the three copies and send one to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army or Marine Department, and will return both the others to the inventor.

The inventor will then enclose one copy with his application to the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

3. I will, if so ordered, assign to the Governor General in Council, on behalf of the Government of India, as may be required, the benefit of the invention and any patent that may be granted, or enter into such agreement for its use by the Government of India or its contractors as may be directed by the Governor General in Council.

4. I will not assign or deal with the invention or patent, or grant any licenses or rights to the use of it, to any one except with the previous authority of the Governor General in Council, or under the terms of my agreement (if any) with the Governor General in Council.

5. I fully understand that the terms of payment (if any) for the assignment of the invention or patent to the Governor General in Council, or for its use by the Government of India, will be decided by the Governor General in Council and that regard will be paid to any facilities in originating, working out, and perfecting the invention which I may have enjoyed by reason of my official position, and that all payments will be made subject to the approval of the Government of India.

6. I will not apply for a patent in any foreign country, or in any British colony or dependency, without the authority of the Governor General in Council.

Signature

Rank اوزان ابواب الثلاثی المجرد *

Approved.

I have informed the inventor that he may apply for an Indian patent for his invention and have furnished him with two copies of this agreement.

Signature

Rank و غیرها - عم بابه الی ر الفعی *

Date

B.—MEMORANDUM FOR INVENTORS DEALING WITH THE ARMY OR MARINE DEPARTMENT OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

1. *Instructions how to submit.*—Persons who desire to submit any invention for the consideration of the Government of India should do so by letter addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army or Marine Department through the Director-General of Ordnance in India.

2. The letter should state the nature of the invention and give sufficient particulars to enable its merits to be fully considered, and adduce any evidence there may be of the usefulness of the invention, obtained by actual previous experiment. Any drawings, models, or samples which it is desired to submit should either accompany the letter or be sent separately at the same time, or if bulky, particulars should be given as to the place at which the samples or models can be inspected if necessary. All designs, plans, drawings, models, samples or papers submitted are at the owner's risk, and the Army or Marine Department cannot accept any responsibility for damage to them, should such occur.

3. The letter should also state whether the inventor has acquired an exclusive privilege under the Inventions and Designs Act II of 1888 or a patent under the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, or whether application has been made for a patent under the latter Act. If the invention is not so covered the fact should be stated.

4. *Terms.*—The letter should also state what remuneration or terms the inventor would ask if the Government of India should desire :—

(i) to acquire exclusive use of the invention;

(ii) to acquire unrestricted use of the invention, but also allowing the inventor a free hand to let others use it.

If no remuneration is desired the fact should be stated.

5. Should the Government of India consider it desirable to try an invention, the inventor will, as a general rule, be required to bear the expense of the provision of the article, its carriage, fitting up and removal, but the question whether such expenses shall, in special cases, be finally borne by the Government of India, or by the inventor, will be decided by the Governor General in Council according to the circumstances of the case.

6. *Retention of description.*—The Government of India reserve the right to retain for future reference any designs, plans, drawings models, samples or papers forming an essential part of the description of the invention which may be forwarded; but if the inventor desires their return the Government of India will not re-use it unless they think there is good reason for doing so. It is desirable, however, that the inventor should keep copies.

7. *Adoption of invention.*—Should the invention be adopted for Military or Marine services, terms for its use will be fixed by subsequent agreement, and such terms will include the supply of two copies of all designs, drawings patterns and particulars relating to the invention which may be considered necessary by the Government of India; and it is to be understood that all such designs, drawings, patterns and particulars will be absolutely at the disposal of the Government of India for all purposes whatever, and that for them reasonable prices only will be paid to cover the cost of draughtmanship and manufacture.

8. No claim for remuneration for an invention will be held to be established unless the invention has been adopted into the service.

9. All claims for remuneration will be carefully considered but any award which may be made will only be payable to the claimant when approved by the Government of India.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 15th April, 1912.

No 3.—Mr. J. Woodside, Superintending Engineer, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India furlough on medical certificate for six months in extension of the leave granted to him in Railway Board Notification No. 298, dated 10th November 1911.

No. 4.—Mr. H. Bloor, Officiating Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, officiated as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that railway from the 8th January to the 21st March 1912 during the absence of Mr. W. R. Pearce, District Locomotive Superintendent, on leave

No 5.—On the termination of his special duty at Bombay Mr. W. C. Stanton, Executive Engineer, is appointed as a temporary measure, to officiate as a Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer, 3rd class.

No. 6.—With reference to Notification No. 5, dated 15th April 1912, Mr. A. Lines, Officiating Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal State Railway, on relief by Mr. Stanton, will revert to his substantive appointment of Executive Engineer on that line.

The 19th April, 1912.

No. 7.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 87, dated the 23rd March 1911, Mr J. M. D. Wrench will continue to officiate as District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class II, grade 5, temporary rank, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, from the 8th February 1912 and until further orders.

No. 8.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a reconnaissance survey being carried out by the Agency of the North Western State Railway Administration for a line of railway on the 2′ 6″ gauge from Kalka station on the Kalka Simla Railway to Baijnath with branches, a total distance of about 160 miles.

This survey will be known as the Kalka Baijnath Railway Survey.

No. 9.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 382, dated the 7th February 1912, Mr. F. J. Harvey assumed charge of his duties as a Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, North Western State Railway, on the forenoon of the 23rd January 1912.

No. 10.—Captain G. J. W. Symth, R.E., Engineer-in-Chief, Lower Burma Railways Reconnaissance Surveys, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for 15 months under articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th April 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

No. 11.—With reference to Notification No. 10, dated 19th April 1912, Captain M. T. Porter, R.E., is appointed Executive Engineer-in-Charge of the Lower Burma Railways Reconnaissance Surveys.

No. 12.—Mr. William Bell Bacon, appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as an Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in Class III, grade 4, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is posted to the North Western State Railway.

No 13.—Mr. E. A. S. Bell, Officiating Deputy Manager, North Western State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Manager of that railway with effect from the 3rd May 1912, during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir H. P. Burt, K.C.I.E., on privilege leave.

No. 14.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 13, dated the 19th April 1912, Mr. E. B. Beatson, Executive Engineer and Assistant Manager, North Western State Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Manager of that railway with effect from the 3rd May 1912.

No. 15.—Mr. Andrew Stewart Hannah is appointed, on probation, Marine Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 27th March 1912.

No. 16.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 179, dated the 23rd June 1911, Mr. R. C. Gupta, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Assistant Traffic Superintendent in Class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, from the 8th to the 10th December 1911 inclusive.

No. 17.—*Corrigendum.*—In Railway Board Notifications No. 425 and 426, dated the 19th March 1912, *for* "6th March 1912" *read* "7th March 1912".

No. 18.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has appointed Mr. Charles Armstrong Irwin as Assistant Chemist, State Railways.

No. 19.—His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has appointed Dr. Andrew McWilliam, D.Met., A.R.S.M., as Metallurgical and Analytical Inspector, State Railways.

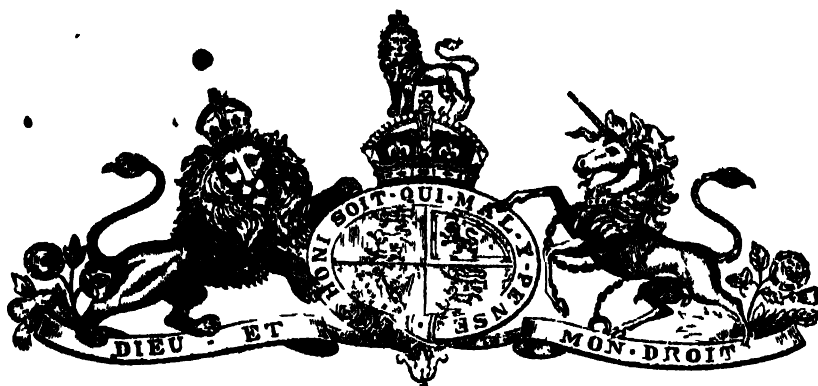
No. 20.—Mr. A. T. Stowell, District Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in Class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent of that railway in Class I of that establishment, *vice* Major H. A. Cameron, R.E., Deputy Traffic Superintendent, granted six months' combined leave.

No. 21.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 146, dated the 23rd May 1911, Mr. N. A. Todd, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Traffic Inspector on that railway with effect from the 2nd February 1912.

No. 22.—Mr. N. A. Todd, Traffic Inspector, North Western State Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway during the absence of Mr. N. C. Haldar, District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 16.} SIMLA, SATURDAY APRIL 20, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the public and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs on Thursday, the 18th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Weather was unsettled in northwest and northeast India throughout the week. A shallow depression affected the former area and gave light rainfall on several days, while light to moderately heavy rain fell in the northeast almost daily. Conditions were slightly disturbed along the west coast of the Peninsula towards the close of the week and some rainfall was reported there and in the extreme south.

2. Temperature was low in northeast India, especially on the 15th, but showed a tendency to rise at the end of the week. In the northwest unusually warm weather was experienced during the earlier half of the period.

3. *Burma.*—Light local rainfall was reported on several days.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Numerous falls of rain occurred in Bengal and Assam from the 13th, and a few falls in the previous two days. Rainfall was also reported locally from Bihar and Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Scattered rain fell in the submontane districts of the United Provinces and in the east of the Central Provinces on the 17th.

Northwest India.—Light rainfall began in the west of Baluchistan on the 12th, moved into the east of Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province on the 13th, and on the 14th extended over the north of the Punjab: it had not entirely ceased at the close of the week.

The Peninsula.—Bijapur recorded light rain on the 14th; and on the 16th light to moderately heavy rainfall occurred in the south of the Bombay Deccan, the neighbouring

districts of the Konkan coast, and at a few places in the extreme south. A few further falls occurred in the south on the 17th.

4. The most important falls recorded were as follows:—

April 11th. Narayanganj 1·10".

" 12th. Robat 0·56".

" 13th. Lashio 0·75", Silchar 1·14", Cherrapunji 2·19", Mymensingh 3·48" and Burdwan 0·91".

" 14th. Gauhati 0·98", Dhubri 1·43", Cherrapunji 3·42", Chittagong 1·45", Barisal 2·72", Mymensingh 1·39", Jessore 0·90" and Darjiling 0·98".

" 15th. Cherrapunji 1·29", Mymensingh 2·61", Barisal 1·59", Chittagong 1·99" and Cox's Bazar 1·23".

" 16th. Sibsagar 0·92", Silchar 1·15", Cherrapunji 1·35", Mymensingh 1·23", Bogra 1·23", Jalpaiguri 1·24", Goa 1·74", Belgaum 0·55", Marmagao 0·55" and Kodaikanal 4·07".

" 17th. Dibrugarh 0·88", Gauhati 1·95", Silchar 1·02", Darjiling 1·23", Calicut 1·35", Trivandrum 1·16" and Tinnevelly 0·86".

5. Precipitation during the week was markedly above normal in Bengal, Bihar, Baluchistan and the Konkan; normal or nearly normal in Upper Burma, Assam, the United Provinces East, the Punjab Southwest, the Central Provinces East, and the Bombay Deccan. Information from Lower Burma was incomplete, and the only other areas where rainfall was recorded were the Bay Islands, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Malabar and Madras Southeast. During the period 1st December to 18th April the total amount was in marked excess in the Bay Islands, Bengal, Orissa, the Central Provinces East, the Konkan, and Hyderabad South; normal or nearly normal in Lower Burma, Assam, Bihar, the United Provinces East, the Punjab Southwest, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana West, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad North, Mysore and Malabar, and in marked defect in Upper Burma, Chota Nagpur, United Provinces West, Punjab East and North, Sind, Rajputana East Gujarat, Central India, Berar, the Madras Deccan, and Madras coast North.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 18th April 1912. Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Rainfall data from 1st December 1911 to 18th April 1912. Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·3	0·4	−0·1	32·9	10·4	+22·5	+216	+226
Lower Burma*	0·1	0·4	−0·3	2·4	2·5	−0·1	−4	+10
Upper Burma	0·3	0·3	0	1·1	1·8	−0·7	−39	−47
Assam	2·5	2·3	+0·2	11·2	11·7	−0·5	−4	−7
Bengal	2·3	0·6	+1·7	7·1	4·5	+2·6	+58	+23
Orissa	0·3	0·4	−0·1	7·0	3·7	+3·3	+89	+103
Chota Nagpur	0·5	0·4	+0·1	2·6	4·2	−1·6	−38	−45
Bihar	0·4	0·1	+0·3	2·0	2·0	0	0	−16
United Provinces, East	0·1	0·1	0	1·7	2·1	−0·4	−19	−20
United Provinces, West	0	0·2	−0·2	2·4	3·4	−1·0	−29	−25
Punjab, East and North	0·1	0·2	−0·1	3·9	5·1	−1·2	−24	−22
Punjab, Southwest	0·1	0·1	0	2·7	2·6	+0·1	+4	+4
Kashmir	0·2	0·8	−0·6	12·2	13·4	−1·2	−9	−5
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·2	0·3	−0·1	4·1	5·0	−0·9	−18	−17
Baluchistan	0·3	0·2	+0·1	5·7	6·0	−0·3	−5	−7
Sind	0	0·1	−0·1	0·3	1·1	−0·8	−73	−70
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0·7	0·8	−0·1	−13	−13
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·9	1·3	−0·4	−31	−25
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0·2	−0·2	−100	−100
Central India, West	0	0	0	0·2	0·6	−0·4	−67	−67
Central India, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·5	2·3	−1·8	−78	−77
Berar	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	1·8	−1·1	−61	−59
Central Provinces, West	0	0·1	−0·1	1·9	2·0	−0·1	−5	*
Central Provinces, East	0·3	0·3	0	4·6	3·0	+1·6	+53	+59
Konkan	0·5	0·1	+0·4	0·5	0·3	+0·2	+67	−100
Bombay Deccan	0·2	0·2	0	0·9	0·8	+0·1	+13	+17
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	−0·1	1·8	1·6	+0·2	+13	+20
Hyderabad, South	0	0·2	−0·2	2·5	1·4	+1·1	+79	+108
Mysore	0	0·5	−0·5	1·7	1·7	0	0	+42
Malabar	0·7	1·0	−0·3	4·8	5·2	−0·4	−8	−2
Madras, Southeast	0·1	0·5	−0·4	9·6	7·5	+2·1	+28	+36
Madras Deccan	0	0·2	−0·2	0·4	1·0	−0·6	−60	−50
Madras Coast, North	0	0·2	−0·2	2·6	3·3	−0·7	−21	−16

* Information incomplete.

J. H. FIELD,
Offg. Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Simla,
the 18th April 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 13th April 1912.

Burma.—Light showers are reported to have fallen in several districts. Reaping of spring rice, cultivation of summer rice and harvesting of tobacco and island crops are progressing normally. Standing crops are healthy. The condition of cattle is normal. The price of unhusked rice remains very high.

Assam.—The weather was rainy during the week. Sowing of jute and rice continues. Tea is being manufactured. Prospects are good. Pressing of sugarcane is nearing completion. Cattle disease is prevalent in seven districts. The price of common rice is stationary.

Bengal.—There have been heavy falls of rain over the major portion of the Province but more rain is required in some of the western districts where ploughing and sowing of rice and jute are comparatively behind hand. Heavy rain and hail have done some injury to standing crops such as tobacco, spring rice and chillies and have delayed the planting of sugarcane in some places. Cattle disease is reported from all divisions. The average price of common rice is practically the same as last week.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain fell in Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas and Singhbhum and in all the districts of the Orissa division. The fall was generally very light except in Balasore where it amounted to 1·86 inches. There was no rain in the rest of the Province. Harvesting of spring crops is approaching completion. Preparation of lands and planting of sugarcane are in progress. Threshing of spring crops continues. Sowing of jute is in progress in Purnea. The mango crop is reported to have failed in many parts of Purnea. Standing crops and vegetables are doing well. The price of common rice has risen in Palamau, has fallen in Shahabad, Monghyr, Bhagalpur and Angul and has been stationary in the remaining districts. Cattle disease is reported from Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Angul and Puri. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—The week was rainless. Harvesting of spring crops has been practically completed. Threshing and winnowing are still in progress. Extra crops are flourishing. Fields are still being planted for the new sugarcane crop. Sporadic cattle disease is reported by a few districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is stationary with a slight downward tendency in the case of spring grains.

Punjab.—The week was generally rainless. The condition of standing crops is average to good. Spring crops are being harvested. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was wet and the weather cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average but in the Dera Ismail Khan district and in the Bannu tahsil unirrigated crops are reported below the average and bad respectively. Harvesting of spring crops is proceeding in the Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan districts and a normal outturn is expected. Sowings of extra spring crops, sugarcane and cotton continue. The water supply is deficient in *daman* villages in Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder is generally sufficient but is scarce in Dera Ismail Khan. The condition of cattle is poor in Dera Ismail Khan for want of fodder and good elsewhere. Prices are stationary.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 14 and maize from 11 to 23 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell several times during the week and was beneficial to spring crops. Zamindars are busy with sowings. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The weather is hot and occasionally cloudy. Harvesting has been completed or is nearing completion. The outturn is poor in Merwara and in certain tracts to the west and south but fair to good elsewhere. Cattle disease prevails in isolated places. There is slight emigration from Jaisalmer. Cattle are suffering for

want of pasturage in parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder is also scarce in Merwara. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in the Hilly Tracts and Mewar Prices are high in most States and in Ajmer-Merwara. They are rising in Ajmer and in four States.

Central India—No rain fell during the week. The weather is very hot. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress The outturn is above normal in Bundelkhand and good elsewhere but poor in parts of Bhopawar and Indore. Crops have been damaged slightly by hail in parts of Indore and Bundelkhand. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are fluctuating in Bhopawar and are steady elsewhere. Opium is in good condition.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows—Distress is increasing in Dhar. There is no emaciation and the condition of people on relief works is good. There is no disinclination to resort to works. Relief measures are adequate. Prices of food grains range from 11 to 12½ seers per rupee. The Bhil population is chiefly affected. The numbers on relief works are—Dhar 5,015, Jhabua 2,243, Jobat 1,108 and Ali Rajpur 1,585. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 1,204. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 127.

Central Provinces.—During the week Nagpur and Chanda had rain amounting to 27 and 7 cents respectively. The days are hot and occasionally cloudy. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops and ploughing of land for sowing of autumn crops continue. Prospects are generally good Agricultural stock is in good condition Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—The usual agricultural operations continue and prospects are generally favourable. There are no variations in prices.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Deccan and the Karnatak Harvesting is still progressing in parts. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is good People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9½ to 10 and maize at 10½ to 11 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 13th April were:—Panch Mahals, on works 44,940, on gratuitous relief 49,715, total 94,655. In Kathiawar, on works 6,579. On test works in Kaira 2,222. On gratuitous relief in West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum 8,402. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 4,120 on test works and 4,937 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—Slight isolated showers fell in the Gulbarga Usmanabad, Bidar, Nizamabad, Mahbubnagar and Medak districts during the week. The rainfall was fair in the Raichur district, the Alpur taluks receiving 1 inch 65 cents. The average for the Dominions is 11 cents. The rainfall was beneficial to the late rice crop which is fair to good. The crop is being irrigated in places. Harvesting has commenced in parts. Some injury by insects is reported in parts of the Medak, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Cattle disease prevails in 13 talukas, fodder scarcity in 17 and water scarcity in 20. Prices:—wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 12 seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 22 seers in Parbhani.

Mysore.—Slight rain fell in parts of the State. Prices of food grains are generally steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition and prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Prices of food grains are normal. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair.

Madras.—Light rain fell in some districts. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops, paddy and sugarcane is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	46,835	48,235	95,070	44,940	49,715	94,655	—415
Kathiawar	6,659	...	6,659	6,579	...	6,579	—80
Central India States. . .	11,668	127	11,795*	11,155	127	11,282	—513
Total .	65,162	48,362	1[illegible]3,524	62,674	49,842	1,12,516	—1,008

* The previous week's figures for Jobat and Ali Rajpur have been included.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 18th April 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 13th April 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 30,000 or more inhabitants, and Port.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	161	143
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	..
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	..	.
		Kaira District	..	..
		Mahi Kantha Agency	*	...
		Palanpur Agency	2 (a)	2 (a)
		Rewa Kantha Agency		...
		Bulsar Port	1	4
		Surat Town and Port	.	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	9	7
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	1	1
		Bandra Port	1	2
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "	4	3
		Thana "	...	...
		Thana District	4	4
	Central	Ahmednagar District	*	*
		West Khandesh	3	3
		East Khandesh District	21	19
		Nasik District	...	1
		Poona City	1	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	22	11
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	3	1
	Southern	Panvel Port	1	1
		Alibag Port	...	...
		Kolaba District	8	5
		Vengurla Port	.	1
		Ratnagiri District	...	3
		Belgaum "	47	33
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	33	16
		Kanara "	8	6
		Bijapur "	19	19
		Bijapur Agency	2	2
		Savantvadi State	...	...

(a) Imported.
* Report not received.

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	158	127
		Karachi District	...	..
		Sukkur "	3 (a)	3 (a)
	Political Agencies	Baroda State	11	5
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	3	3
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	15	10
		Satara Agency	1	...
		Savanur State		...
		Sholapur Agency	..	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	21	9
		TOTAL	565	414
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	
		North Arcot "	12 (c)	10 (b)
		South Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	6	7
		Mangalore Town and Port	20	18
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	1
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	4 (b)	4 (b)
		Godavari "	..	..
		The Nilgiris "	2	3 (b)
		Kistna District	...	...
		Salem District	3	3
		Sandur State		...
		Vizagapatam District	...	...
		TOTAL	47	46
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	2	2
		Bankura	..	...
		Hooghly District	1	1
		Howrah Town	...	...
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganas	...	...
		Calcutta	158 (c)	148
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	161	151

(a) Imported. (b) One imported. (c) Two imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	149	149
		Patna District	242	205
		Gaya Town	14	14
		Gaya District	120	110
		Shahabad District	161	155
	Tirhut	Saran District	1,149	1,054
		Champaran District	6	3
		Muzaffarpur District	267	265
		Darbhanga District	196	153
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	26	26
		Monghyr District	272	196
		Bhagalpur Town	44	34
		Bhagalpur District	18	17
		Sonthal Parganas District		...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	6	5
		Manbhum District	9	...
		TOTAL	2,709	2,390
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	2	2
		Saharanpur District	41	26
		Muzaffarnagar District	117	93
		Meerut City	10	8
		Meerut District	17	6
		Bulandshahr District	17	17
		Aligarh City	2*	2*
		Aligarh District	6	4
	Agra	Muttra District	61	60
		Agra City	1	1
		Agra District	20	20
		Farrukhabad City	8	8
		Farrukhabad District	20	16
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	18	15
		Etawah District	135	109
		Etah District	15	12
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	...
		Bareilly District	10	7
		Bijnor District	29	29
		Budaun District	9	8
		Moradabad District	161	139
		Shahjahanpur City	1	1
		Shahjahanpur District	61	50
		Pilibhit District	32	33

* Imported.

Note.—In the return for the week ending 6th April 1912 *read* 268 seizures and 257 deaths against Muzaffarpur District and 9 seizures and 1 death against Manbhum district.

In the return for the week ending 6th April 1912 *read* 34—24 against Bhagalpur Town and 30 deaths against Monghyr Town.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	55	55
		Cawnpur District	73	73
		Fatehpur "	63	47
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	28	25
		Allahabad District	105	87
		Jhansi City	6	5
		Jhansi District	40	25
		Jalaun "	119	87
	Benares	Benares City	58	54
		Benares District	112	91
		Mirzapur City	1*	...
		Mirzapur District	23	21
		Jaunpur "	93	141
		Ghazipur "	377	350
		Ballia "	770	735
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	419	373
		Basti "	233	123
		Azamgarh "	704	730
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	9 (a)	5 (a)
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	55	54
		Lucknow District	36	36
		Unao "	352	353
		Rae Bareli "	160	138
		Sitapur "	203	174
		Hardoi "	99	93
		Kheri "	34	23
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	110	112
		Gonda "	49	33
		Bahraich "	95	75
		Sultanpur "	38	29
		Partabgarh "	79	68
		Bara Banki "	348	336
		TOTAL	5,807	5,255
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City	5	4
		Delhi District	34	22
		Gurgaon "	93	89
		Rohtak "	293	196
		Karnal "	254	247
		Hissar "	266	174
		Ambala "	172	140
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	40	29
		Jullundur City	4	3
		Jullundur District	268	125
		Ludhiana "	381	331
		Ferozepore "	29	19

* Imported.

(a) Including 3 seizures and 3 deaths of previous week.

In the return for the week ending 6th April 1912 the number of cases and deaths against the Basti, Gorakhpur and Partabgarh Districts should be 241—221, 411—386 and 51—46 respectively and not as shown in that return.

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	7	7
		Amritsar District	6	6
		Gurdaspur District	115	92
		Sialkot District	65	65
		Gujranwala District	81	60
		Lahore District	*	*
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	192	107
		Shahpur District	86	59
		Jhelum "	2	2
		Rawalpindi District	..	..
		Attock District	15	9
	Multan	Montgomery District	12	10
		Lyallpur "	*	*
		Jhang "	2	1
		Multan "	16	13
		Muzaffargarh District	.	...
	...	Patiala City	..	.
		Patiala State	278	215
		Jind State	120	48
		Kapurthala State	50	17
		Kalsia	40	15
		Dujana	48	22
		Malerkotla	26	20
		TOTAL	2 970	2,125
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	12	7
		Hanthawaddy District		...
		Pegu District	.	...
		Tharrawaddy District	..	...
		Prome District	...	..
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	...	...
		Bassein District	2	2
		Myaungmya District	4	4
		Maubin "	9	6
		Pyapon "	2	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	..	...
		Thaton District	12	12
		Amherst District	.	...
		Moulmein Town	9	9
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District		...
		Magwe District	.	..
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	..
		Mandalay District	...	...
		Bhamo District	5	3
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	1	1
		Yamethin District		...
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	* 56	46

* Report not received.

In the return for the week ending 6th April 1912 read 8 for 7 cases against the Bhamo District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	62	61
		Nagpur District	40	36
		Kamptee Cantonment	8	8
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	24	21
		Wardha Town	4	3
		Wardha District	2	2
		Chanda Town	...	...
		Chanda District	8	5
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	48	47
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	124	10
		Saugor Town	2	2
		Saugor Cantonment	...	...
		Saugor District	20	18
		Damoh Town	16	15
		Damoh District	52	40
		Seoni Town	1	1
		Seoni District	53	51
		Mandla Town	...	...
		Mandla District	5	5
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	11	8
		Khandwa Town	...	...
		Nimar District	11	10
		Narsingpur Town	3	1
		Narsingpur District	59	33
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul "	...	...
		Betul District	8	1
		Chhindwara Town	...	...
		Chhindwara District	45	37
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	10	8
		Raipur District	8	8
		Bilaspur Town	6	2
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti Town	...	...
		Amraoti District	...	...
		Yeotmal "	...	...
		Akola Town	1	1
		Akola District	...	...
		Buldana "	...	...
		Nandgaon State	4	3
		TOTAL	680	439
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	2	2
		Bangalore City	3	2
		Bangalore District	4	4
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	1	1
		Hassan "	6	2
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	12	9
		Kolar Gold Fields	3	...
		Tumkur District	1	1
		Shimoga "	1	1
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	33	22

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	14	14
		Raichur "	23	24
		Aurangabad "	12	5
		Nizamabad "	12	14
		Gulbarga "	5	4
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	1	1
		Nander "	4	4
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	6	6
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	6	4
		Medak "	15	12
		Nalgonda "	3	3
		Warangal "	2	...
		Karimnagar District	4	4
		Mahbubnagar "	1	...
		TOTAL	108 (a)	95 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	37	32
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	6	6
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	2	2
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	34	29
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	8	2
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	109	76
		Rewa "	14	10
		Nagode "	1	...
		Maihar "	4	...

(a) Figures from 1st to 7th April 1912.

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	1	3
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh State	...	...
		Orchha State	17	11
		TOTAL	225 (a)	171 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	..	...
		Mewar State	6	6
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	8	2
		Jaipur	5	6
		Bikaner	11	11
		Dholpur City	..	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	..	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	19	9
		Beawar		...
		Karauli City	...	
		Abu Road	.	...
		Bharatpur State	81	63
		Ajmer Town	1 (b)	...
		Ajmer District	11	6
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	...	1
		TOTAL	142 (c)	104 (c)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	2 (b)	1 (b)
		TOTAL	2	1
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	85	17
		TOTAL	85	17
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	13,490	11,303

(a) Figures for the week ending 6th April 1912.
(b) Imported.
(c) Figures for the week ending 13th April 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 6th April 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF.			Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
					Dependents of relief workers relieved on works	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor houses, etc.	Total			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					BOMBAY.					
	Districts.									
1	Panch Mahals	1,006	3,21,000	46,835	595	47,640	48,235	95,070		......
2	Kaira ...	760	2,98,000	..	... ..	......	......	....	2,641	......
3	Ahmednagar	6,586	9,45,000	.. ...	... ..	......		...	......	4,545
4	Poona ...	2,274	3,29,000	..	......	......	...	......	......	873
5	Sholapur ...	3,097	3,77,000	...	......	. ...	... .	...	.....	1,262
6	Belgaum ...	816	1,13,000	......	......	...	.. ..	...	.. ...	54
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	6,659	......	......	......	6,659	1,905	4,390
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	.. .	...	......	. ..	..	3,061	134
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	289	281
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	. ...	. ..	......	....	94	1
	Total Bombay	15,189	2,38,300	53,494	595	47,640	48,235	1,01,729	7,993	11,443
					CENTRAL INDIA STATES.					
1	Jobat* ...	140	15,561	1,340	...	...	...	1,340	...	...
2	Ali Rajpur*	(Not known)	...	1,697	...	..	...	1,697	...	...
3	Jhabua ...	(Ditto)	...	3,828	...	..	...	3,828	...	..
4	Dhar ...	(Ditto)	...	4,803	.	...	...	4,803	...	127
	Total Central India States.	140	15,561	11,668	...	...	...	11,668		127

* Last week's figures for Jobat and Ali Rajpur have been included.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2954-2975-2.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITIONS.

Simla, the 16th April 1912.

RESOLUTION.

In Resolution No. 9502-9522-1, dated the 15th October 1908, it was announced that the Imperial Government of Japan proposed to hold in 1917 an exhibition to be called the Grand Exhibition of Japan. Intimation has now been received that the project has been abandoned.

ORDER.—Ordered that the foregoing Resolution be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India*, for general information, and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin, for information, and to the Foreign Department, for communication to Native States.

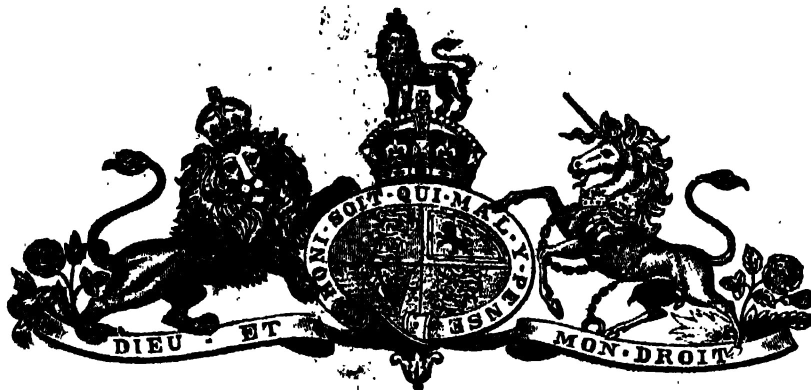
The Government of Madras.
" " of Bombay.
" " of Bengal.
" " of the United Provinces.
" " of the Punjab.
" " of Burma.
" " of Bihar and Orissa.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Assam.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General in the North-West Frontier Province.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to all Chambers of Commerce, for information.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 17.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.		PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	498—521	Tariff valuation of Sugar	992
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	527—576	Imports of Cotton, Wheat, Linseed Indigo, Jute, Tea and Rice	993—997
PART III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	33—34	Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 20th April 1912	999—1006
SUPPLEMENT No. 17—		Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 25th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1007—1008
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food-grains for the second-half of March 1912	973—991	Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 20th April 1912.	1009—1011
		Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 13th April 1912	1012
		Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1013—1015

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th April, 1912.

No. 2058-M.—Notice is hereby given that His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will hold a Levée at Viceregal Lodge, Simla, at 9-30 P.M. on Thursday, the 30th May 1912.

The following rules are published for general information :—

I.—The following are entitled to attend His Excellency the Viceroy's Levée :—

All gentlemen, whether European or Indian, who have been presented at the Court of St. James, or at the Viceregal Court.

II.—The following are eligible for presentation at His Excellency's Levée, whether European or Indian :—

(a) All Ruling Chiefs.

(b) All Commissioned Officers in Civil, Naval, Military (British and Indian), Marine and Volunteer Services.

(c) All Gazetted Officers of the first Class in Government employ.

(d) All gentlemen who have received titles of honour from His Majesty the King-Emperor, or His Excellency the Viceroy.

III.—Admission to Viceregal Lodge will be by ticket only. Applications for tickets should be submitted to the Military Secretary's Office not later than 23rd May, *after which date no applications will be received.* These same tickets will be made use of by the Military Secretary when reading the names to His Excellency the Viceroy and must consequently be brought to the Levée room. No other name-cards will be required.

This rule will not apply to gentlemen who have the privilege of Private Entrée, but they are requested to bring with them cards on which their names are typed or very clearly hand-printed.

IV.—Gentlemen, whether European or Indian, who have not already been presented at the Court of St. James or at the Viceregal Court, and who desire to be presented at His Excellency's Levée, should submit their applications through the gentlemen proposing to present them. The latter will apply to the Military Secretary to the Viceroy for a "form of presentation" which, after the necessary particulars have been filled in by the presentor, will be returned to the Military Secretary not later than Monday, the 20th May, in order that the names may be submitted to His Excellency, when, if they are approved, tickets of admission will be issued.

Gentlemen who present others must themselves attend the Levée.

In the case of all Government officials or gentlemen engaged in business, the presentor should ordinarily be the Head of the Department or Firm.

V.—Applications for permission to be presented, submitted by non-official gentlemen, whether European or Indian, will, as a general rule, be referred to the Local Authorities by the Military Secretary to the Viceroy. Only those who are declared eligible on account of their social status will be permitted to attend.

VI.—Gentlemen who are entitled *ex-officio* to attend Provincial Durbars may be presented at His Excellency the Viceroy's Levée by the Heads of their Departments. This will not confer upon them the privilege of attending Levées after they have ceased to hold the position which made them eligible for presentation, nor will it entitle them to present other gentlemen.

VII.—Dress :—

(a) Civil and Military Officers—Levée dress (helmets will not be taken to the Levée).

(b) Clergymen being University Graduates and other gentlemen entitled to wear robes or gowns on account of Judicial or Academical office or status and not entitled to wear uniform will appear in such robes or gowns.

(c) Gentlemen not entitled to wear uniform, or robes or gowns, will appear in Evening Dress.

(d) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed above will wear Choga, Aba or Jubba and Chapkan, Chilta, Saya or Kaba with trousers and their distinctive National head dress, or the ceremonial dress approved for the class by the Local Government.

(e) In the case of Bengali gentlemen the head dress should be Pugree generally known as Shamla or Mouratta, and not a brimless cap.

(f) In the case of Burmese gentlemen the head dress should be a white fillet, the hair being dressed in a top knot.

(g) Indian gentlemen who do not appear in the dress prescribed in (a), (b) or (c) should not remove their head dress when they pass His Excellency.

At the Viceregal Court only patent leather boots or shoes of an English pattern are allowed to be worn, except in the case of Indian Military Officers who wear the particular style of boot or shoes which forms part of their uniform.

N.B.—Gentlemen who had intended to be present but have found themselves unable to do so should submit an explanatory letter to the Military Secretary to the Viceroy before, or as soon as possible after, the Levée.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*

Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th April, 1912.

No. 21.—Mr. A. P. Muddiman, I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 2nd May, 1912, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. S. Wilberforce, of the Indian Civil Service, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Secretary during the absence on leave of Mr. A. P. Muddiman, I.C.S., or until further orders.

No. 22.—Mr. S. Ashley Collins, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as Registrar in that Department with effect from the 1st May, 1912, and until further orders.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

DELHI.

Simla, the 26th April, 1912.

No. 401.—With reference to Punjab Government notification no. 384-M. and S., dated the 8th April 1912, the services of Major E. L. Ward, I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, Public Works Department.

No. 402.—Lieutenant G. E. Sopwith, R.E., Assistant Engineer, is placed on special duty under the Home Department in connection with enquiries relative to the site of the Imperial City at Delhi with effect from the 9th January 1912.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 26th April, 1912.

No 818.—Mr J W. E. Poynting has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 29th November 1911.

No. 823—Mr F. E. Taylor is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 15th April 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may sail from India.

MEDICAL.

The 23rd April, 1912.

No. 316—Major W Selby, D S O., F.R.C.S., I.M S, is appointed to be Principal and Professor of Surgery at King George's Medical College, Lucknow, with effect from the 15th August 1911.

No. 317.—Major C. A. Sprawson M D., I.M S., is appointed to be Professor of Physiology at King George's Medical College, Lucknow, with effect from the 22nd July 1911.

The 24th April, 1912.

No. 324.—The services of Captain J. H. Burgess, M.D, F.R C.S., I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment as Surgeon to His Excellency the Governor of Bengal, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 328—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's personal staff, with effect from the 15th April 1912:

To be Surgeon.

Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Roberts, C.I E., M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel F. O'Kinealy, I.M.S., resigned.

PORT BLAIR.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 227.—Mr. A. R. Brown, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement so long as he holds his present office or until further orders.

JUDICIAL.

The 25th April, 1912.

No. 808—Mr. C. P. Beachcroft, I.C.S., took his seat as an Acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the 17th April 1912.

No. 811.—The Hon'ble Mr. E. P. Chapman, I C.S., took his seat as an Acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on the 19th April 1912.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EDUCATION.

Simla, the 26th April, 1912.

No. 927.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section VII of the Act to establish and incorporate an University at Calcutta (Act II of 1857) the Governor General in Council is pleased to cancel the appointment of Captain R. E. Lloyd, D.Sc., I.M.S., as a Fellow of the Calcutta University.

No. 929.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate Mr. S. W. Kemp, B.A., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

EXAMINATIONS.

Simla, the 25th April, 1912.

No. 56.—The following amendments are made in the rules for the encouragement of the study of oriental languages among the junior members of the Indian Civil Service published with the Home Department Notification no. 632, dated the 20th December 1907. They will come into force from the 1st January 1913.

In the list of text-books prescribed by rule X for the High Proficiency examination in Hindustani substitute " Darbar-i-Akbari by Shams-ul-Ulama Azad of Delhi, 1898 Edition (pages 1 to 78)" for " Nasr-i-be-Nazir", and in the list of authorized or recommended text-books appended to the rules strike out " Nasr-i-be-Nazir " and above " Ikhwan-u's-Safā " enter " Darbar-i-Akbari......Rifah-i-'Am Press, Lahore".

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 74.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Frederick William Duke, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., to be President of the Board of Examiners, Calcutta.

No. 78.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott, Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the after-noon of the 27th April 1912.

No. 82.—Captain C. L. Peart, 106th Pioneers, is appointed to be Secretary to the Board of Examiners, Calcutta, with effect from the after-noon of the 27th April 1912, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott retired.

SANITARY.

The 24th April, 1912.

No. 635.—In order to promote the convenience of pilgrims and to relieve the present congestion of pilgrim traffic in Bombay the Governor General in Council has decided that for the ensuing pilgrimage and until further orders the port of Karachi shall be open in addition to the port of Bombay to pilgrim traffic to the Hedjaz.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 2, sub-section (1), of the Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897 (III of 1897), and in supersession of the orders contained in the Home Department Notification no. 1606, dated 13th July 1908, the Governor General in Council is accordingly pleased to direct that until further orders, the Haj will be open to any resident in India, subject to the conditions—

(1) that no person shall be permitted to embark with the object of making a pilgrimage to Mecca except at the ports of Bombay and Karachi in the Bombay Presidency:

(2) that before the pilgrims embark, the ships chartered for Jedda shall be thoroughly cleansed and freed from rats by means of the Clayton process under the personal direction of the Port Health Officer:

(3) that ample hospital accommodation shall be provided on board:

(4) that before embarkation pilgrims shall be medically inspected and their clothes and baggage disinfected as in the case of third class passengers on ordinary steamers:

(5) that ships shall undergo further medical inspection at Aden: and

(6) that if plague is found to be present in a pilgrim vessel arriving at Aden, telegraphic information shall be sent to Perim where the vessel shall be treated as an infected ship under article 21 (3) of the Paris Convention of 1903 and the measures prescribed in that article shall be strictly carried out, a similar treatment being accorded to vessels on which plague is first discovered between Aden and Perim.

2. A fully equipped plague observation station for pilgrims will be established at Perim by the Government of Bombay at the commencement of each pilgrim season capable of receiving an entire ship load of pilgrims from a plague infected vessel for treatment under article 21 of the Paris Convention of 1903.

No. 663.—In pursuance of section 2 (*b*) of the Live-stock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to specify antelopes as animals to be included in the definition of "Live-stock" in section 2 (*b*) of the said Act.

No. 664.—Whereas antelopes are liable to be affected by the infectious and contagious disorder known as sleeping sickness, the Governor General in Council, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3, sub-section (1), of the Live-stock Importation Act, 1898 (IX of 1898), is pleased to prohibit with effect from July 1st, 1912, the bringing or taking by sea or land into British India of antelopes from the East Coast of Africa within the limits of Port Sudan and Durban.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 692.—Major J. C. Robertson, M.B., I.M.S., officiating Sanitary Commissioner, United Provinces, is appointed to be Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of the duties of that appointment.

No. 693.—Major S. R. Christophers, M.B., I.M.S., Assistant Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, is granted privilege leave for three months with furlough out of India for one year in continuation, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 22nd April, 1912.

No. 22.—*Corrigendum.—In Public Works Department Notification No. 87, dated the 6th October 1910, for the initials* M. S. A. *against the name of Mr. Lewis read* S. A. M.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 23rd April, 1912.

No. 908-*G.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur Paul Ries as Acting Vice-Consul for Russia at Aden, during the absence of Monsieur M. Ries.

No. 911-*G.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. E. J. Holberton as Acting Consul for Siam at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. B. J. B. Stephens.

No. 914-*G.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. C. W. Rhodes as Acting Consul-General for the Argentine Republic at Calcutta, during the absence of Senor Don E. Colombres.

No. 917-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr Curt Fitzau as Acting Consul for Germany at Calcutta, during the absence of Herr H. R. Schuler.

No. 921-*G.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. S. J. Bodaline as Acting Vice-Consul for Russia at Calcutta, during the absence of Monsieur V. Ampenow.

No. 927-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 1880-G., dated the 30th August 1910, Mr. H. A. Rees, has, on return from leave, resumed charge of the office of Acting Consul for Norway at Rangoon.

No. 1183-*Est.-A.*—Major J. W. Watson, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Agency Surgeon in the Eastern States of Rajputana, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 913-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 25, sub-section (1), of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Baroda, and in supersession of the notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, Nos. 2588-I.-A., and 2599-I.-A., dated, respectively, the 14th August, 1896, and the 15th June, 1900, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the rules made under the said Act for all Cantonments in British India, and published with the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 192, dated the 1st March, 1912, shall be in force in the said Cantonment of Baroda.

The 24th April, 1912.

No. 920-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that persons detained in accordance with the law for the time being in force in the Travancore State shall be deemed to be in lawful custody while being conveyed by the State Police over the lands occupied by the Tinnevelly-Quilon Railway within that State.

The 25th April, 1912.

No. 938-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. W. Smidt as temporarily in charge of the Consulate for Peru at Rangoon.

No. 1206-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 10 days, combined with furlough for 5 months and 20 days, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th April, 1912.

No. 1207-*Est.-A.*—Captain R. E. H. Griffith, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Charsadda Sub-Division, with effect from the 9th April, 1912.

No. 1208-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. L. Maffey, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 26 days, combined with furlough for 1 year, 5 months and 5 days, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 13th April, 1912.

No. 1209-*Est.-A.*—Major A. L. Bi ckford, Commandant, Khyber Rifles, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Political Agent, Khyber, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 13th April, 1912.

No. 1213-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India for eight months, with effect from the 7th March, 1912, the first 90 days being privilege leave and the remaining period leave on private affairs under India Army Order No. 64 of 1904:

Major J. L. Rose, 2nd-1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment), Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Infantry.

Pension service—25t h year commenced on the 16th November, 1911.

No. 1218-*Est.-A.*—Maharaj Akhai Singh of Jodhpur is appointed to officiate as Attaché to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, with effect from the 1st January, 1912, and until further orders.

No. 944-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 941-G., dated the 17th May, 1911, Monsieur A. E. Ronssin, Consul-General for France at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 16th April, 1912.

No. 947-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. J. McAusland Mackenzie as in charge of the Consulate for Denmark at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. I. F. Jensen.

No. 942-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, namely:

In sections 16-C. and 41, the words "with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council" shall be deleted.

No. 943-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following further amendment shall be made in the Indore Residency Bazaars Excise Law, 1904, namely:

In section 42, the words "with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council" shall be deleted.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 1238-*Est.-A.*—Mr. T. B. Copeland, of the Political Department, is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, with effect from the 10th April, 1912.

No. 1239-*Est.-A.*—Major W. J. Keen, of the Political Department, is posted as Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar Division, with effect from the 12th April, 1912.

No. 962-*G.*—The following order of His Majesty in Council, published in the "London Gazette" of the 16th February, 1912, is republished for general information:

ORDER IN COUNCIL.

APPLYING THE EXTRADITION ACTS TO GREECE, FEBRUARY 13, 1912.

AT the Court at Buckingham Palace, the 13th day of February, 1912.

PRESENT:

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord Chancellor.	Lord Lucas and Dingwall.
Lord President.	Sir F. J. S. Hopwood.
Master of the Horse.	Mr. G. Lambert.
Earl Beauchamp.	Mr. C. P. Allen.
Earl of Durham.	Mr. T. R. Ferens.

WHEREAS by the Extradition Acts, 1870 to 1906, it was amongst other things enacted that, where an arrangement has been made with any foreign State with respect to the surrender to such State of any fugitive criminals, His Majesty may, by Order in Council, direct that the said Acts shall apply in the case of such foreign State; and that His Majesty may, by the same or any subsequent Order, limit the operation of the Order, and restrict the same to fugitive criminals who are in or suspected of being in the part of His Majesty's dominions specified in the Order, and render the operation thereof subject to such conditions, exceptions, and qualifications as may be deemed expedient:

And whereas a Treaty was concluded on the 11th/24th day of September, 1910, between His Majesty and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes for the mutual extradition of fugitive criminals, which Treaty is in the terms following:—

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, and His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, having determined, by common consent, to conclude a Treaty for the extradition of criminals, have accordingly named as their Plenipotentiaries:

His Majesty the King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, Emperor of India, Sir Francis Edmund Hugh Elliot, a Knight Grand Cross of the Royal Victorian Order, Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George, Grand Cross of the Royal Hellenic Order of the Redeemer, His Majesty's Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary at Athens;

And His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, His Excellency M. Demetrius Kalergi, Officer of the Royal Hellenic Order of the Redeemer, His Majesty's Minister for Foreign Affairs;

Who, after having exhibited to each other their respective full powers, and found them in good and due form, have agreed upon the following Articles :—

ARTICLE 1.

The High Contracting Parties engage to deliver up to each other, under certain circumstances and conditions stated in the present Treaty, those persons who, being accused or convicted of any of the crimes or offences enumerated in Article 2, committed in the territory of the one Party, shall be found within the territory of the other Party.

ARTICLE 2.

Extradition shall be granted for the following crimes or offences when provided for by the laws of the requisitioning State and of the State applied to :—

1. Murder (including parricide, infanticide, poisoning), or attempt or conspiracy to murder, manslaughter.

2. Kidnapping and false imprisonment.

3. Abandoning or exposing children below the age of 7 years.

4. Abortion.

5. Abduction of persons under age.

6. Bigamy.

7. Malicious wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm with premeditation, when such acts cause death (without the intention of killing) or disease or incapacity for personal labour lasting for more than three months, or serious mutilation, or the loss or disablement of a member or organ, or other permanent infirmity.

8. Threats by letter or otherwise with intent to extort.

9. Perjury.

10. Arson.

11. Burglary, housebreaking, larceny, embezzlement, fraudulent misappropriation of property, obtaining property by false pretences.

12. Fraud and embezzlement by public officials, bribery of public officials.

13. Receiving any chattel, money, valuable security, or other property, knowing the same to have been embezzled, stolen, or feloniously obtained.

14. Counterfeiting or altering money, or knowingly bringing into circulation counterfeited or altered money.

15. Knowingly making without lawful authority any instrument, tool, or engine adapted and intended for the counterfeiting of the coin of the realm.

16. Forgery by writing or uttering what is forged.

17. Fraudulent bankruptcy.

18. Malicious injury to any house or building calculated to cause danger to life or property.

19. Rape.

Participation in the aforesaid crimes is also included, provided that such participation is punishable by the laws of the demanding State and of the State applied to.

ARTICLE 3.

No Greek subject shall be surrendered by the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes to the Government of His Britannic Majesty, and no British subject shall be surrendered by his Government to the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes.

ARTICLE 4.

Extradition shall not take place if the person claimed on the part of His Britannic Majesty's Government, or of the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, has already been tried, discharged, or punished, or is waiting trial in the territory of the United Kingdom or in Greece, respectively, for the crime or offence for which his extradition is demanded.

If the person claimed on the part of the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes, or of his Britannic Majesty's Government, should be awaiting trial or undergoing sentence for any other crime or offence in the territory of Greece or in the United Kingdom, respectively, his extradition shall be deferred until after he has been discharged, whether by acquittal or on expiration of sentence.

ARTICLE 5.

Extradition shall not be granted if exemption from prosecution or punishment has been acquired by lapse of time, according to the laws of the State applied to.

Neither shall it be granted in the case of persons convicted by default or otherwise, unless the sentence inflicted be at least one year's imprisonment.

ARTICLE 6.

The person claimed shall not be surrendered if the crime in respect of which extradition is applied for be deemed by the party to whom application is made to be a political offence, or connected with such an offence, or if the person claimed proves that the application for extradition has in fact been made with a view to try or to punish him for an offence of this character.

ARTICLE 7.

A person whose surrender has been granted shall in no case be detained or tried in the State to which the surrender has been made for any other crime, or on account of any other matters than those for which the extradition shall have taken place.

This stipulation does not apply to crimes committed after the extradition.

The person who has been claimed, and whose extradition shall have been granted, shall not be tried or punished for any political offence committed prior to his extradition, nor for any matter connected with such an offence, nor for any crimes or offences not provided for in the present Treaty.

ARTICLE 8.

The requisition for extradition shall be made through the Diplomatic Agents of the High Contracting Parties respectively.

The requisition for the extradition of an accused person must be accompanied by a warrant of arrest issued by the competent judicial authority setting forth clearly the nature of the crime or offence with which the person claimed is charged. The said warrant shall also be accompanied by such evidence as, according to the laws of the place where the accused is found, would justify his arrest if the crime had been committed there.

If the requisition relates to a person already convicted, it must be accompanied by a copy of the judgment passed on the convicted person by the competent Court of the State that makes the requisition for extradition.

A sentence passed *in contumaciam* is not to be deemed a conviction, but a person so sentenced may be dealt with as an accused person.

In the event of any doubt arising as to whether the crime or offence, in respect of which the prosecution has been instituted, comes within the stipulations of the present Treaty, the Government applied to shall be at liberty to require all such further information as it may consider necessary or of assistance in order to form an opinion, after which it shall decide what action shall be taken on the demand for extradition.

The requisitioning Government, in furnishing such further information to the Government applied to, shall, at the same time, place at the disposal of the latter all such documents as may be necessary or useful in enabling it to form an opinion.

ARTICLE 9.

In cases of urgency provisional arrest may be effected upon notice being given, by post or telegraph, through the diplomatic channel that one of the documents enumerated in Article 8 has been issued, provided, however, that such notice shall always be given to the Ministry for Foreign Affairs of the State applied to.

Provisional arrest shall be effected in the manner and in accordance with the rules laid down by the laws of the State applied to. It shall not be maintained if, within a period of one month from the date on which it has been effected, the State applied to has not been furnished with one of the documents specified in Article 8 of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE 10.

All papers and documents issued by the authorities of the Contracting States which may be produced in virtue of Articles 8 and 13 of the present Treaty must be accompanied by an authenticated translation in the French language.

ARTICLE 11.

The extradition shall take place only if the evidence be found sufficient, according to the laws of the State applied to, either to justify the committal of the prisoner for trial, in case the crime had been committed in the territory of the same State, or if extradition is claimed in respect of an offence of which the fugitive has been already convicted, to prove

that the prisoner is the person convicted, and that the crime of which he has been convicted is one in respect of which extradition could, at the time of such conviction, have been granted by the State applied to.

ARTICLE 12.

Extradition shall be granted in accordance with the rules laid down by the law of the State applied to.

ARTICLE 13.

Warrants, depositions, and affirmations, issued or taken in the dominions of one of the High Contracting Parties, and copies of such documents as well as certificates or judicial documents stating the fact of a conviction shall be admitted as valid evidence in the proceedings taken in the dominions of the other party, if they bear the signature or are accompanied by the certificate of a Judge, Magistrate, or officer of the State in which they have been issued or taken, provided that such warrants, depositions, affirmations, copies, certificates, or judicial documents are authenticated, either by the oath of some witness, or by being sealed with the seal of the Minister of Justice, or some other Minister of State.

ARTICLE 14.

If the accused or sentenced person be not a subject of one of the Contracting Parties, the Government to whom application for extradition is made shall be at liberty to take such action in respect of the application, as it may think fit, and to surrender the person claimed to be tried in the State in which the crime or offence has been committed.

Nevertheless, the Government of His Majesty the King of the Hellenes reserves to itself the option of surrendering the person claimed to the State to which he belongs, instead of surrendering him to the State in which the crime or offence has been committed.

ARTICLE 15.

If a fugitive criminal who has been arrested has not been surrendered and conveyed away within three months after his arrest, or within three months after the decision of the Court upon the return to a writ of *habeas corpus* in the United Kingdom, he shall be set at liberty.

ARTICLE 16.

When extradition is granted all articles connected with the crime or offence, or which may serve as proofs of the crime, which are found in the possession of the person claimed at the time of his arrest, or which may be afterwards discovered, shall, if the competent authority of the State applied to so direct, be seized and restored to the requisitioning State.

Such restoration shall be carried out, even if extradition be not carried out owing to the escape or death of the person claimed.

The rights, however, which third persons, not involved in the prosecution, may have acquired over the said articles are reserved, and the latter shall, should the case arise, be restored to them, free of charge, at the termination of the proceedings.

ARTICLE 17.

All expenses arising out of an application for extradition, also the costs of the arrest, maintenance, and transport of the person whose extradition shall have been granted, as well as of the despatch and forwarding of the articles which, by the provisions of Article 16, are to be returned or restored, shall be borne by the requisitioning State and by the State applied to within the limits of their respective territories.

The cost of transport or other expenses outside the territory of the State applied to shall be borne by the demanding State.

ARTICLE 18.

The stipulations of the present Treaty shall be applicable to the Colonies and foreign possessions of His Britannic Majesty.

The requisition for the surrender of a fugitive criminal who has taken refuge in any of such Colonies or foreign possessions shall be made to the Governor or chief authority of such Colony or possession by the Chief consular officer of Greece in such Colony or possession.

Such requisition may be disposed of subject always, as nearly as may be, to the provisions of this Treaty, by the said Governor or chief authority. He shall, however, be at liberty either to grant the surrender or to refer the matter to his Government.

His Britannic Majesty shall, however, be at liberty to make special arrangements in the British Colonies and foreign possessions for the surrender of criminals from Greece who may take refuge within such Colonies and foreign possessions, on the basis of the provisions of the present Treaty.

Requisitions for the surrender of a fugitive criminal emanating from any Colony or foreign possession of His Britannic Majesty shall be governed by the rules laid down in the preceding Articles of the present Treaty.

ARTICLE 19.

The present Treaty shall come into operation ten days after its publication in conformity with laws of the respective countries.

Crimes committed prior to the coming into force of the Treaty shall not form the subject of an application for extradition except in cases in which the persons claimed shall have taken refuge in the territory of the State applied to after the exchange of ratifications.

Each of the Contracting Parties shall be at liberty at any time to denounce the present Treaty upon giving six months' notice to the other Party of its intention to do so.

It shall be ratified, and the ratifications shall be exchanged at Athens as soon as possible.

Done in duplicate at Athens the twenty-fourth (eleventh) day of September, one thousand nine hundred and ten.

(L.S.) FRANCIS E. H. ELLIOT.

(L.S.) D. KALERGI.

And whereas the ratifications of the said Treaty were exchanged at Athens on the 30th day of December, 1911;

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by and with the advice of his Privy Council, and in virtue of the authority committed to him by the said recited Acts, doth order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the 26th day of February, 1912, the said Acts shall apply in the case of Greece under and in accordance with the said Treaty of the 11th/24th September, 1910;

Provided always that the operation of the said Acts shall be and remain suspended within the Dominion of Canada so long as an Act of the Parliament of Canada, being Part I of chapter 155 of "The Revised Statutes of Canada, 1906," and entitled "An Act respecting the Extradition of Fugitive Criminals," shall continue in force there, and no longer.

Almeric Fitz-Roy.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 22nd April, 1912.

No. 2689-*F.E.*—In modification of the Notification in this Department No. 509-F.E., dated the 26th January 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to notify that, so long as the number of appointments in the list of Accountants General of the Indian Finance Department, to fill which members of the Indian Civil Service should ordinarily be recruited,

s nine, six appointments shall be appointments to which officers of the General List of that Department not belonging to the Indian Civil Service can properly be appointed, subject, in the case of natives of India, to the rules for the time being in force under 33 Vict. Cap. 3, Section 6, and in the case of others to the provisions of Sections 3 and 4 of 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 54.

No. 2691-*F.E.*—Mr. M. F. Gauntlett, I.C.S., is promoted substantively to class I of Accountants General with effect from the 27th March 1912. He will, however, continue to officiate as Comptroller and Auditor General with effect from the same date.

The 24th April, 1912.

No. 2747-*F.E.*—Consequent on the reversion of Mr. H L. French, I.S.O., to his substantive appointment, the following reversions in the classes of Superintendents in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat are notified.

With effect from the 1st April 1912—

Messrs. B. A. Laville and Hari Das Gupta to revert to class II,

Messrs. M. E. Watts and Muhammad Hasan Khan to revert to class III,

and

Mr. G. W. C. Bradey to revert to his substantive appointment of Secretariat Assistant.

The 25th April, 1912.

No. 2783-*F.E.*—Mr. V. Namberumal Chetti, Officiating Chief Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for three months and, in continuation, furlough for 3 months with effect from the 1st April 1912.

Mr. S. Venkataraman Aiyar, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office with effect from the same date.

No. 2784-*F.E.*—Mr. J G. Bhandari, Assistant Comptroller, Central Provinces, has been granted an extension of leave on private affairs for three months and sixteen days in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him in this Department Notification No. 867-F.E., dated the 9th February 1912.

No. 2785-*F.E.*—Mr. C. Muirhead, Government Examiner of Accounts, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three months and in continuation furlough for four months with effect from the 4th March 1912.

No. 2786-*F.E.*—Mr. T. S. Sankara Aiyar, Assistant Accountant General, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-five days with effect from the 25th March 1912.

No. 2787-*F.E.*—Mr. W. A. T. Carnduff, Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days and in continuation furlough for one year five months and five days with effect from the 9th April 1912.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 2800-*F.E.*—The following promotions and reversions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

With effect from the 20th March 1912—

Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C S., to revert to class II of the General List.

With effect from the 27th February 1912—

Mr. H. M. C. Trotter to officiate in class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 4th March 1912—

Mr. K. Balarama Ayyar to officiate in class I of the Public Works List.

No. 2804-*F.E.*—Mr. R. Sundarachari, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, has been granted privilege leave for 1 month and 27 days with effect from the 25th March 1912.

Mr. F. S. Vaughan, an Accountant, 2nd grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Oudh and Rohilkund Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, class II, in that office, with effect from the 25th March 1912, and until further

No 2805 *F.E.*—Mr. J W. Young, Assistant Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, special leave on urgent private affairs for 3 months with effect from the 15th April 1912.

Mr. Madhava Prasad Sinha, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as a Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office, with effect from the same date and until further orders

No. 2806-*F.E*—Mr. C. C. Swetenham, Deputy Comptroller, Central Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for one month and 12 days and, in continuation, special leave for four months and 18 days, with effect from the 16th April 1912.

Mr. W. L. Stevenson has been posted as Deputy Comptroller, Central Provinces, with effect from the same date.

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 26th April, 1912.

No. 397-*Accts*—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :

From the 3rd April 1912, consequent on the return of Mr. T. W. Rice from privilege leave.

Mr. T. J. Moriarty, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

No. 3284—3302-56.

Simla, the 26th April, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

Telegraphic intimation has been received from His Majesty's Secretary of State for India that the British Minister at Buenos Aires reports the arrival at that place of a number of Indians for whom it will be impossible to find employment. Intending emigrants are accordingly warned of the risk they incur in proceeding to the Argentine Republic.

ORDERED.—That a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded to all Local Governments and Administrations, for information and for such action as it may be considered necessary, and to the Home and Foreign Departments, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India*, for general information.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 27th April, 1912.

No. 3117-2.—Mr. B. W. Swithinbank, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector, Class III, in the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 6th April 1912, and is posted to Burma.

No. 3177-2.—Mr. A. E. Boyd, an Assistant Collector in Class III (officiating in Class II) of the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-four days combined with furlough for nine months and seven days, with effect from the 17th May 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 26th April 1912.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 367.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 5th April 1912, pages 2500 and 2501.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
April 5, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 13th February 1912.

Arthur William Neufville Taylor, 7th Gurkha Rifles.

Dated 18th February 1912.

Charles Chesney Cook, 7th Hariana Lancers.

James Murray Home, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 19th October 1911.

David Lewis Hankin, 18th Infantry.

Brian Maurice Carroll, 87th Punjabis.

Note.—The promotion of Captain Charles Wilfred Hext, Supply and Transport Corps, to that rank, notified in the London Gazette of the 13th October 1911, is antedated from 5th January 1910, to 17th May 1909.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

The promotions of the undermentioned Majors of the Indian Medical Service to that rank notified in the London Gazette on the dates shown below are antedated as follows :—

From 29th July 1905 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 15th May 1906) to 30th January 1905.

Ernest Alan Robert Newman, M.D.

Reginald George Turner, F.R.C.S.

James Davidson, M.D.

[illegible]

From 28th July 1906 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 13th November 1906) to 29th January 1906.

Charles Ross Pearce, M.B.

From 29th January 1907 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 7th May 1907) to 29th July 1906.

Samuel Evans, M.B.

James Haldane McDonald, M.B.

From 29th July 1907 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 4th October 1907) to 29th January 1907.

Arthur Frederick William King, F.R.C.S.E.

Andrew Armstrong Gibbs.

Thomas Edgar Watson, M.B.

From 29th January 1908 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 10th April 1908) to 29th July 1907.

Clarence Barrymore Harrison, M.B.

Nicholas Purcell O'Gorman Lalor, M.B.

From 29th July 1908 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 20th October 1908) to 29th January 1908.

Herbert James Walton, M.D., F.R.C.S.

Maxwell Dick, M.D.

From 28th July 1909 (as notified in the London Gazette of 5th October 1909) to 28th January 1909.

John George Patrick Murray, M.D., F.R.C.S.E.

From 28th January 1910 (as notified in the London Gazette of the 3rd May 1910) to 28th July 1909.

Alfred George Sargent.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Conductors to be Assistant Commissaries with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

John Henry Joseph Hayhurst. Dated 1st January 1911.

Peter Connor. Dated 11th November 1911.

The KING has approved of the admission of the following officers to the Indian Army from the Unattached List :—

Second Lieutenants to be Second Lieutenants.

Thomas Leslie Leslie, 35th Scinde Horse. Dated 31st October 1911.

William Kerr Fraser-Tytler, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 30th October 1911.

Roger John Tweedy, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse). Dated 30th October 1911.

John Price Wylie, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse). Dated 1st November 1911.

Austin Timaeus Milier, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse). Dated 28th October 1911.

Alan Stanley Clark Rogers, 61st King George's Own Pioneers. Dated 12th December 1911.

Leonard William Henry Mathias, 128th Pioneers. Dated 26th October 1911.

Lancelot Cecil Torbock Graham, 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 12th December 1911.

Johnston Evelyn Shearer, 26th Punjabis. Dated 1st November 1911.

John Alexander Dermot Morrogh Bernard, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 27th January 1912.

Francis Travers Drake-Brockman, 7th Hariana Lancers. Dated 27th October 1911.

James Mance Whittall, 6th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 10th December 1911.

Charles Reginald Cambridge Lane, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse). Dated 12th December 1911.

Brian Henry O'Donnell, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 13th December 1911.

Nigel Gresley Reginald Woodyatt, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 13th December 1911.

Noel Louis St. Pierre Bunbury, 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 1st November 1911.

Theodore Thompson Laville, 8th Rajputs. Dated 11th December 1911.

Arthur John Lunn, 82nd Punjabis. Dated 12th December 1911.

Malcolm Louis Woollcombe, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's). Dated 4th November 1911.

Harold Arthur Andrews, 37th Dogras. Dated 28th November 1911.

Charles Oliver Robins Mosse, 114th Mahrattas. Dated 27th November 1911.

Percy Kenneth Rivett-Carnac, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment). Dated 28th November 1911.

Christopher Michael Maltby, 95th Russell's Infantry. Dated 12th December 1911.

Roy Lancelot Lemon, 30th Punjabis. Dated 26th October 1911.

Reginald Hugh Penrose-Welsted, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs. Dated 28th November 1911.

William Richard Annesley Scott, 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment). Dated 27th November 1911.

Humphrey Vickers Gell, 69th Punjabis. Dated 27th November 1911.

Edward Henry Ommanney Elkington, 36th Sikhs. Dated 27th November 1911.

Ralph Harry Burlton, 34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse. Dated 28th November 1911.

William Trevor Bird, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse). Dated 1st December 1911.

Charles James Cockburn, 6th Jat Light Infantry. Dated 29th October 1911.

Richard Travers Lawrence, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse). Dated 28th November 1911.

James Fraser Abbott, 8th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 29th October 1911.

Percy Grey, 18th King George's Own Lancers. Dated 26th November 1911.

Hubert Charles Loder Minchin, 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 27th November 1911.

John Clive Doveton Mullaly, 3rd Brahmans. Dated 27th November 1911.

Percival Benbow Hebbert, 44th Merwara Infantry. Dated 28th November 1911.

Charles Mathew Fulton, 33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry. Dated 26th October 1911.

Lachlan Loudoun MacLean, 48th Pioneers. Dated 30th October 1911.

John Paul Surtees Minter, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles). Dated 29th October 1911.

The KING has approved of the transfer of the undermentioned officer of the Indian Army to the Unemployed Supernumerary List:—

Major-General Sir Alfred William Lambart Bayly, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O. Dated 19th March 1912.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments —

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Shipton Rooke. Dated 7th March 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lindsay Sherwood Newmarch. Dated 23rd March 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Shore, M.D. Dated 25th December 1911.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Benjamin Selman. Dated 7th November 1911.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 368.—The following revised officiating promotions are notified in supersession of those given in Army Department Notifications No. 689, dated the 11th August 1911, No. 976, dated the 24th November 1911, No. 36, dated the 19th January 1912, No. 127, dated the 16th February 1912, and No. 255, dated the 22nd March 1912 :—

Rank and Name.	From	To	With effect from
Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. B. Campbell.	2nd Grade ...	Officiating 1st Grade ..	17th May 1911*.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. Herbert, D.S.O.	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	17th May 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. C. Leslie	1st Grade ...	Officiating Inspector of Cantonments.	8th July 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field...	2nd Grade ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	8th July 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel M. Stevens ...	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade..	8th July 1911.
Major W. C. S. Prince ...	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade..	17th July 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel E. Waller ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	2nd Grade ...	31st July 1911.
Major W. C. S. Prince ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ..	28th August 1911.
Major R. R. Vaughan ...	2nd Grade ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	7th September 1911.
Major W. C. S. Prince ...	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade .	7th September 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie.	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade..	23rd September 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. C. Leslie.	Officiating Inspector of Cantonments.	1st Grade ...	5th October 1911.
Major R. R. Vaughan ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	2nd Grade ...	5th October 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie.	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ...	5th October 1911.
Major F. S. Walker ...	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade..	17th October 1911.
Major R. R. Vaughan ...	2nd Grade ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	27th October 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie.	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	27th October 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie.	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ...	1st November 1911.
Major H. de V. Harvest ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ...	21st December 1911.
Major W. C. S. Prince ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ...	22nd December 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker	3rd Grade ...	Officiating 2nd Grade...	22nd December 1911.
Lieutenant-Colonel C. W. Field ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	2nd Grade ...	11th January 1912.
Major R. R. Vaughan ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	2nd Grade ...	19th February 1912.
Lieutenant-Colonel E. Waller ...	2nd Grade ...	Officiating 1st Grade...	19th February 1912.
Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker	Officiating 2nd Grade...	3rd Grade ...	19th February 1912.

* Till promoted substantively with effect from the 30th October 1911, *vide* Army Department Notification No. 1043, dated the 22nd December 1911.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 369.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

22nd March 1912.

Montague Sheridan Young, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

25th March 1912.

Harry George Claude Hynes, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

22nd April 1912.

John Arthur Claude Kreyer, 28th Light Cavalry.

Edward Dorling Roberts, 11th Rajputs.

Ronald Despard Davies, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Wilfrid Richardson Peacock Henry, 12th Cavalry.

William Alexander Hagger, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.

Henry Victor Reynolds, 82nd Punjabis.

Llewelyn Griffith, 107th Pioneers.

Eustace Jotham, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Horace Gough Turner, 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Henry Godwyn Sutton, 42nd Deoli Regiment.

John Cyril Spitta, 88th Carnatic Infantry.

Arthur John Herbert Chope, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Hubert Edward Peter Dyke Acland, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

No. 370.—The dates of the promotion of the undermentioned officers, to the rank of Colonel, are as now given, and not as stated in Army Department Notifications Nos. 105 and 301, dated, respectively, 9th February and 4th April 1912 :—

Colonel C. V. Mainwaring,—3rd October 1911.

Colonel F. A. Hoghton,—23rd October 1911.

Colonel N. G. Woodyatt,—25th October 1911.

Colonel C. A. Fowler,—12th November 1911.

Colonel T. A. Harrison,—12th November 1911.

Colonel A. H. Eustace, D.S.O.,—1st December 1911.

Colonel A. S. Cobbe, V.C., D.S.O.,—2nd December 1911.

Colonel W. H. Millar,—26th December 1911.

Colonel C. M. Cartwright,—1st January 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Madras Establishment.

No. 371.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd

Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 31st March 1912 :—

James Henry Shillong.

Percy Neil Sandways.

Maurice Roberts Wilson Hart.

James Alexander Hart.

Henry Herbert Lynsdale.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 372.—Sub-Conductor Lovell Charles Gordon, supernumerary on reversion to arsenal duty, to be absorbed, *vice* Isaac Wilson Richardson, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 373.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Lieutenant is conferred, on retirement, on Risaldar Jwala Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Lumsden's). Dated the 1st February 1912.

No. 374.—The following promotions are made :—

34th Prince Albert Victor's Own Poona Horse.

Risaldar Agar Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Hamir Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Sultan Muhammad Khan, I.O.M., to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Amar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Nazir Ali Khan, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry.

Subadar Shiuratan Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Loknath Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Shiuji Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bisesar Singh, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

Jemadar Chhattu Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Pahlad Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Puran Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

64th Pioneers.

Subadar Shaikh Amin to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Nanjappa to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Muttuvelu to be Jemadar, *vice* Saiyid Abbas, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 27th March 1912.

84th Punjabis.

Havildar Devi Chand to be Jemadar, *vice* Mukhram Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 4th February 1912.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 375.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified:—

3rd Class Assistant Surgeon Herbert Charles Jackson, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, Assistant Surgeon Branch,—1st August 1911.

Sub-Conductor Isaac Wilson Richardson, Ordnance Department, Northern Army,—1st March 1912.

No. 376.—The undermentioned warrant officer, who was borne as a supernumerary on the Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India, combined list, has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified:—

Conductor Charles Bolton, Head Master, Thomason Civil Engineering College, Rurki,—19th October 1910.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment

No. 377.—No. 373, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chandulal Ravishankar Bhatt is permitted to resign the service, with effect from the 15th May 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 378.—Lieutenant-Colonel George Edward Hyde Cates has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 7th April 1912.

No. 379.—The resignation of Second Lieutenant Norman Henry Gordon Lennox, Unattached List, notified in Army Department Notification No. 245, dated the 15th March 1912, has effect from the 2nd March 1912, and not as therein specified.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

No. 380.—The date of appointment of Lieutenant William Hutton-Williams as Second Lieutenant is 5th April 1911 and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 857, dated the 13th October 1911.

Rangoon Port Defence Volunteers.

(Artillery Companies.)

No. 381.—Lieutenant Arthur Gaitskell, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated 18th March 1912.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No 382—Lieutenant-Colonel Cornelius Willes Eborall, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 13th March 191-.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 383—Captain Arthur Fayrer Hosken to be Major, *vice* F. J. Duxbury, promoted. Dated 1st January 1912.

1st Battalion, Bengal-Nagpur Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No 384—Captain Henry Holmes Jellett is granted the honorary rank of Major. Dated 26th April 1912.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 385.—Second Lieutenant John Mydlellen Jones to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. E Andrews, deceased. Dated 20th October 1911

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS

No 386—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer —

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

Major John Gerald Ferguson.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th April 1912.

Erratum—In Army Department Notification, dated the 8th March 1912, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 9th March 1912, under column "Date of Decease" against Assistant Surgeon Charles Kingsley Kinsley *for* "29th February 1912", *read* "28th February 1912".

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 27th March and 23rd April 1912.

On whose account	Rank	Corps	Date of Decease	Testate or Intestate	Total unclaimed amount deposited	Date to which claims will be received*
					Rs. A. P.	
Alexander Mullaly, D.S.O.*	Lieutenant Colonel	Supply and Transport Corps.	14th January 1912	Testate ..	2,057 15 5	25th June 1912.

* *Widow*—Mrs Mary Harriet Mullaly.

Children—(i) John Clive Doveton Mullaly

(ii) Alfred Eustace Mullaly.

(iii) Hugh Alexander Mullaly

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 26th April 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 20.—The following appointment has been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 19th January 1912:—

To be Sub-Lieutenant.

Lawrence Edward Briard.

No. 21.—The services of Commander W B Huddleston, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras for appointment as officiating Presidency Port Officer, Madras, *vice* Commander T. A. L. deBerry, Royal Indian Marine, on leave; with effect from the 26th March 1912.

LEAVE.

No. 22.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India —

Lieutenant R. C. Bickley, Royal Indian Marine,—5 months (medical certificate).

No. 23.—Mr E. P. Newnham, Constructor, Royal Indian Marine Dockyard, Kidderpore, has been granted an extension of leave for three months, on medical certificate, by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.

The special leave granted to this officer is now commuted into furlough on medical certificate.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th April, 1912.

No. 23.—It is hereby notified for general information that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction by the Baroda Durbar of a line of railway on the metre gauge from Patan, the terminus of His Highness the Gaekwar's Mehsana Patan Railway to Kakoshi, with a branch from Khalipur to Khakhal, a total length of 42 13 miles.

The project will be known as His Highness the Gaekwar's Patan Kakoshi Khakha Railway.

The 26th April, 1912.

No. 24.—Mr. H. F. Lockwood, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western State Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that Establishment, with effect from the 12th March 1912 and until further orders.

No. 25.—Mr. H. T. Baylis, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that Establishment, with effect from the 29th February 1912 and until further orders.

No. 26.—Mr. H. J. Blasdale, Works Manager and Honorary Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western State Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 29th October 1911 and until further orders.

Notification No. 335, dated the 21st December 1911, is hereby cancelled.

No. 27.—Mr. E. G. Rodwell, Executive Engineer, is transferred from the Lower Ganges Bridge Project to the North Western State Railway.

No. 28.—Mr. F. S. Old, Assistant Engineer, is transferred from the North Western State Railway to the Lower Ganges Bridge Project.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

NMENT OF INDIA.

T OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 25th April 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 20th April 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	154	144
		Ahmedabad City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Kaira District	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Palanpur Agency		..
		Rewa Kantha Agency		...
		Bulsar Port	2	1
		Surat Town and Port	..	..
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	10	7
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra Port	...	...
		Mahim "	1	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	2	2
		Chinchani	6	4
		Thana District	2	2
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	7	7
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	0	1
		Poona District	2	1
		Satara "	23	22
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	3	3
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	.
		Alibag Port	...	...
		Kolaba District	12	11
		Vengurla Port	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	36	33
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	11	9
		Kanara "	7	2
		Bijapur "	54	53
		Bijapur Agency	1	1
		Savantwadi State	1	1

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	427	110
		Karachi District		...
		Sukkur ,,	...	...
	Political Charge	Baroda State	1 (b)	1 (b)
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	
		Kathiawar Agency	1	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	14	8
		Satara Agency	1	1
		Savanur State	8	2
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	9	8
		TOTAL	491	435
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	..	Anantapur District	...	
		North Arcot ,,	7 (a)	6 (a)
		South Arcot ,,	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	2	3
		Mangalore Town and Port	11	8
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	2	1
		Coimbatore Town	-	...
		Coimbatore District	2	1
		Godavari ,,	1 (a)	1 (a)
		The Nilgiris ,,	1	1
		Kistna District	...	...
		Salem District	7	3
		Sandur State	12	7
		Vizagapatam District	1 (a)	...
		TOTAL	46	31
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	2	2
		Bankura	.	...
		Hooghly District	1	1
		Howrah Town	3	3
		Howrah District	1	1
	Presidency	24 Parganahs	...	...
		Calcutta	193	174
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	..
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	
		Patna District	...	...
		TOTAL	200	181

(a) One imported.
(b) Between 12th and 18th April 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	1[illegible]5	135
		Patna District	319	2[illegible]2
		Gaya Town	16	16
		Gaya District	313	308
		Shahabad District	74	64
	Tirhut	Saran District	...	..
		Champaran District	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District		
		Darbhanga District	514	430
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	[illegible]2	32
		Monghyr District	2[illegible]2	171
		Bhagalpur Town	[illegible]7	[illegible]6
		Bhagalpur District	51	49
		Sonthal Parganas District		...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	[illegible]	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh		..
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	1,713	1,[illegible]03
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	3	3
		Saharanpur District	69	64
		Muzaffarnagar District	163	149
		Meerut City	14	13
		Meerut District	41	20
		Bulandshahr District	8 (a)	10 (a)
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	16	13
	Agra	Muttra District	32	32
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	22	22
		Farrukhabad City	5	5
		Farrukhabad District	82	27
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	51	49
		Etawah District	36	39
		Etah District	7	6
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	7	5
		Bareilly District	6	5
		Bijnor District	36	36
		Budaun District	14	14
		Moradabad District	115	99
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	24	24
		Pilibhit District	48	46

(a) One imported.

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	48	48
		Cawnpur District	80	80
		Fatehpur "	41	47
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	14	18
		Allahabad District	85	60
		Jhansi City	2	1
		Jhansi District	19	13
		Jalaun "	53	44
	Benares	Benares City	43	43
		Benares District	75	79
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	9	9
		Jaunpur "	47	39
		Ghazipur "	225	212
		Ballia "	540	501
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	271	229
		Basti "	176	167
		Azamgarh "	452	483
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	1	2
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	17	17
		Lucknow District	76	76
		Unao "	207	196
		Rae Bareli "	137	118
		Sitapur "	121	118
		Hardoi "	44	41
		Kheri "	20	17
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	..	...
		Fyzabad District	64	63
		Gonda "	25	14
		Bahraich "	98	92
		Sultanpur "	89	28
		Partabgarh "	31	22
		Bara Banki "	348	330
		TOTAL	4,112	3,883
PUNJAB	Delhi	Delhi City	6	6
		Delhi District	38	26
		Gurgaon "	113	101
		Rohtak "	318	232
		Karnal "	511	486
		Hissar "	239	183
		Ambala "	96	96
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	105	85
		Jullundur City	7	1
		Jullundur District	327	136
		Ludhiana "	506	308
		Ferozepore "	240	233

In the return for the week ending 13th April 1912 read 8 for 9 cases against the Naini Tal District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	6	6
		Amritsar District	27	27
		Gurdaspur District	151	119
		Sialkot District	168	167
		Gujranwala District	117	70
		Lahore District	*	*
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	310	248
		Shahpur District	125	80
		Jhelum "	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	12	8
		Attock District	1	3
	Multan	Montgomery District	17	1
		Lyallpur "	37	14
		Jhang "	8	9
		Multan "	18	13
		Muzaffargarh District	...	...
	...	Patiala City	...	...
		Patiala State	372	301
		Nabha "	5	5
		Jind State	84	60
		Kapurthala State	12	6
		Kalsia	14	11
		Dujana	49	30
		Malerkotla	32	18
		TOTAL	4006	3099
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	12	12
		Hanthawaddy District		...
		Pegu District	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	...	...
		Prome District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	1
		Bassein District	...	...
		Myaungmya District	...	...
		Maubin "	5	6
		Pyapon "	11	10
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	5	4
		Thaton District	5	5
		Amherst District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	17	17
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District		...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	1	1
		Mandalay District	...	...
		Bhamo District	4	7
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	...
		Yamethin District		...
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	61	63

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	[illegible]	36
		Nagpur District	47	28
		Kamptee Cantonment	4	4
		Bhandara Town	2	1
		Bhandara District	14	8
		Wardha Town	4	4
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda Town	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	25	22
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	1	1
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	60	52
		Saugor Town	...	...
		Saugor Cantonment	...	.
		Saugor District	7	5
		Damoh Town	8	6
		Damoh District	29	30
		Seoni Town	5	3
		Seoni District	15	15
		Mandla Town	...	...
		Mandla District		...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	5	5
		Khandwa Town	...	...
		Nimar District	7	6
		Narsingpur Town	...	1
		Narsingpur District	43	39
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul "	...	...
		Betul District	15	11
		Chhindwara Town	...	...
		Chhindwara District	5	5
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	24	20
		Raipur District	2	2
		Bilaspur Town	4	7
		Bilaspur District	...	..
		Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti Town	...	...
		Amraoti District	...	...
		Yeotmal "	..	...
		Akola Town	...	...
		Akola District	...	...
		Buldana "	...	...
		Nandgaon State	2	.
		TOTAL	349	306
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	8	4
		Bangalore City	4	8
		Bangalore District	3	8
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	...	...
		Hassan "	...	...
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	4	3
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	2
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	19	11
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	35	26

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Osmanabad District	9	[illegible]
		Raichur "	38	4[illegible]
		Aurangabad "	16	16
		Nizamabad "	64	63
		Gulbarga "	..	...
		Bidar "	4	4
		Parbhani "	.	...
		Atrafi balda " Sarf-i-khas	4	4
		Nander "	16	13
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	4	4
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	4	8
		Medak "	11	8
		Nalgonda "	..	...
		Warangal "	[illegible]	..
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	3	3
		TOTAL	173 (a)	176 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	..	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	10	6
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District.	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	4	4
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	4	1
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	..	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "		...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	5	4
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	2	1
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	18	18
		Rewa "	11	10
		Nagode "	12	7
		Maihar "	2	4

(a) Figures from 8th to 14th April 1912.

In the return for the week ending 23rd March 1912 *read* 63 for 62 cases against the Raichur District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	...	...
		Sohawal "	5	2
		Narsingarh State	...	...
		Orchha State	10	8
		TOTAL	93 (a)	68 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	3 (b)	2 (b)
		Jaipur City	15	8
		Jaipur	30	31
		Bikaner	5	5
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	..	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	13	7
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	62	61
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	1	1
		TOTAL	138 (c)	116 (c)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	45	27
		TOTAL	45	27
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	11,551	9,914

(a) Figures for the week ending 13th April 1912.
(b) Imported.
(c) For the week ending 19th April 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 25th April 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Weather was disturbed in Baluchistan at the close of the previous week, and on the 19th the disturbance began to extend eastwards. It moved slowly across northern India giving precipitation over north Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and along the Himalayas; and increased, in northeast India, the rainfall which had continued daily since the previous week.

Some rainfall was also reported from the Peninsula, the Central Provinces, Central India and Burma in the course of the week, while in Gujarat the first appreciable rainfall since the 26th of October last, was recorded on the 24th

2. At the beginning of the week temperature was above normal in the northwest and below normal in the northeast, but on and after the 22nd it was lower than usual over practically the whole of northern India. Conditions rather warmer than usual prevailed over the Peninsula in the middle of the week.

3. *Burma.*—A few falls of rain occurred, chiefly in the northern parts, on each day except the 22nd.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was fairly general in Assam, and numerous falls occurred in Bengal. Some rain fell also in Bihar and Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Scattered falls of rain were reported from the Central Provinces and Central India. In the United Provinces light rainfall occurred at a few places, chiefly along the hills, each day from the 20th.

Northwest India.—Light precipitation was reported from parts of the area comprising north Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, the Punjab and Kashmir, on each day of the week. Rajkot and Ahmadabad recorded light rainfall on the 24th, and very light falls occurred in Rajputana West on the 23rd and 24th.

The Peninsula.—Rain fell at several places in the extreme south on the 18th, and scattered showers were recorded during the remainder of the week except on the 23rd.

4. The most important falls of rain recorded were as follows:—

April 18th. Cherrapunji 1·03" and Ootacamund 1·59".

" 19th. Mergui 1·30", Silchar 1·34", Cherrapunji 2·95", Chittagong 1·15", Mymensingh 1 76" and Kodaikanal 1·12".

" 20th. Dhubri 1·08", Shillong 1 14", Cherrapunji 2 29", Mymensingh 2·98" and Quetta 0·46".

" 21st. Gauhati 1·15", Silchar 1·32", Cherrapunji 2·69" and Murree 1·46".

" 22nd. Cherrapunji 1·98", Cox's Bazar 3·37", Chittagong 0 90", Mymensingh 1·21", Jessore 0 98", Cherat 1·15" and Murree 0·92".

" 23rd. Bhamo 1·15", Gauhati 1·14", Cox's Bazar 2·70", Barisal 1·33" and Jessore 1·48".

" 24th. Sibsagar 1·82", Cherrapunji 3·53", Chittagong 0·92", Barisal 1·04", Jessore 1·02", Delhi 1·05", Chakrata 0·83", Mukteswar 1 09", Rajkot 0·24", Ahmadabad 0·26", Cochin 1 36" and Kodaikanal 1·38".

5. Precipitation during the week was markedly above the normal in Assam, Bengal, Bihar, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province and Baluchistan; and normal in Orissa, the United Provinces, Central India West, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad South and the Madras Deccan. The total amount of rainfall was notably below normal in the Central Provinces East, the Konkan, and Madras Southeast; but in Rajputana West, Gujarat and Central India East, where normally no precipitation occurs, light falls were reported. No rain fell in Sind, Rajputana East, Berar, Hyderabad North, Mysore and the Madras Coast North.

During the period 1st December to 25th April the aggregate was in very marked excess in the Bay Islands, Bengal, Orissa and Hyderabad South; normal or nearly normal in Lower Burma, Assam, Bihar, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana West, the Central Provinces West, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad North; and in marked defect in Sind, Gujarat, Central India, Berar and the Madras Deccan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 25th April 1912.			Rainfall data from 1st December 1911 to 25th April 1912.				
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain-fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·5	0·9	−0·4	33·4	11·3	+22·1	+196	+216
Lower Burma	0·4	0·6	−0·2	2·8	3·1	− 0·3	− 10	− 4
Upper Burma	0·3	0·4	−0·1	1·4	2·2	− 0·8	− 36	− 39
Assam	3·7	2·1	+1·6	14·9	13·8	+ 1·1	+ 8	− 4
Bengal	2·0	1·0	+1·0	9·1	5·5	+ 3·6	+ 65	+ 58
Orissa	0·3	0·3	0	7·3	4·0	+ 3·3	+ 83	+ 89
Chota Nagpur	0·2	0·3	−0·1	2·8	4·5	− 1·7	− 38	− 38
Bihar	0·4	0·2	+0·2	2·4	2·2	+ 0·2	+ 9	0
United Provinces, East	0·1	0·1	0	1·8	2·2	− 0·4	− 18	− 19
United Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	2·5	3·5	− 1·0	− 29	− 29
Punjab, East and North	0·6	0·1	+0·5	4·5	5·2	− 0·7	− 13	− 24
Punjab, Southwest	0·5	0·1	+0·4	3·2	2·7	+ 0·5	+ 19	+ 4
Kashmir	1·0	0·8	+0·2	13·2	14·2	− 1·0	− 7	− 9
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·6	0·2	+0·4	4·7	5·2	− 0·5	− 10	− 18
Baluchistan	0·7	0·1	+0·6	6·4	6·1	+ 0·3	+ 5	− 5
Sind	0	0	0	0·3	1·1	− 0·8	− 73	− 73
Rajputana, West	0·1	0	+0·1	0·8	0·8	0	0	− 13
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0·9	1·4	− 0·5	− 36	− 31
Gujarat	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0·2	− 0·1	− 50	−100
Central India, West	0·1	0·1	0	0·3	0·7	− 0·4	− 57	− 67
Central India, East	0·1	0	+0·1	0·6	2·3	− 1·7	− 74	− 78
Berar	0	0·1	−0·1	0·7	1·9	− 1·2	− 63	− 61
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	2·0	2·1	− 0·1	− 5	− 5
Central Provinces, East	0·1	0·3	−0·2	4·7	3·3	+ 1·4	+ 42	+ 53
Konkan	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·6	0·5	+ 0·1	+ 20	+ 67
Bombay Deccan	0·2	0·2	0	1·1	1·0	+ 0·1	+ 10	+ 13
Hyderabad, North	0	0·3	−0·3	1·8	1·9	− 0·1	− 5	+ 13
Hyderabad, South	0·3	0·3	0	2·8	1·7	+ 1·1	+ 65	+ 79
Mysore	0	0·6	−0·6	1·7	2·3	− 0·6	− 26	0
Malabar	0·8	1·2	−0·4	5·6	6·4	− 0·8	− 13	− 8
Madras, Southeast	0·1	0·4	−0·3	9·7	7·9	+ 1·8	+ 23	+ 28
Madras Deccan	0·2	0·2	0	0·6	1·2	− 0·6	− 50	− 60
Madras Coast, North	0	0·2	−0·2	2·6	3·5	− 0·9	− 26	− 21

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 25th April 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 20th April 1912.

Burma.—Several districts received rain during the week. Reaping of spring rice, cultivation of summer rice, planting of early sesamum and harvesting of tobacco, cotton and island crops are progressing normally. The condition of standing crops is good and that of cattle normal. The price of unhusked rice remains much above normal.

Assam.—The rainfall was heavy over the Province in general and in the Surma Valley division in particular. Sowing of rice and jute still continues though it has been retarded by rain in places. Some damage has been done to standing crops by hail and rain. The manufacture of tea is in progress. Prospects are generally good. Cattle disease prevails in seven districts. The price of common rice has risen slightly.

Bengal—The rainfall in the Presidency and Burdwan divisions was moderate; in Eastern Bengal it has been heavy and accompanied by many hailstorms. Prospects of jute and rice are threatened owing to the impossibility of weeding in water-logged fields. Hail has damaged crops in several districts but the extent of the injury is not very serious because most spring crops have already been harvested and others are not sufficiently advanced to suffer much. The prices of common rice have risen, the average being 1·3 per cent higher than last week. Cattle disease is reported from the western, central and also the south-eastern districts.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain fell in all the districts from which reports have been received. Preparation of lands is going on and sowing of early paddy has commenced in some districts. Threshing of spring crops is approaching completion. Sugarcane and other standing crops are doing well and prospects are generally good. The price of common rice has risen in Shahabad, Monghyr, Puri and Hazaribagh and has fallen in Gaya. Cattle disease is reported from Bhagalpur, Angul and Puri. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient. Reports from four districts, *viz.*, Saran, Champaran, Muzaffarpur and Darbhanga, have not been received.

United Provinces.—Some slight showers of rain have fallen chiefly in the submontane districts. The spring harvest is nearly over. Threshing and winnowing still continue. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane is doing well. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from a few districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water-supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is unchanged.

Punjab.—The week was wet and cloudy and unfavourable for reaping and threshing. The condition of standing crops is average to good. Spring crops are being harvested and the outturn is average to good. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was wet and the weather cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average but in Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan, unirrigated crops are reported bad and below the average respectively. Harvesting of spring crops continues and a normal outturn is generally expected. Extra spring crops and cotton are being sown. Sowings of extra spring crops have been concluded in Bannu. The water-supply is sufficient but is scarce in certain *daman* villages in Dera Ismail Khan. Fodder is scarce in Dera Ismail Khan and sufficient elsewhere. Cattle are generally in good condition but are poor in Dera Ismail Khan owing to scarcity of fodder. Prices are nearly stationary.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 15 and maize from 12 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing

crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Riasi tahsil. Fodder is sufficient except in the Udhampur and Ramban tahsils.

Kashmir.—Continuous rain fell during the week and was rather excessive for crops. Zamindars are busy with sowings. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Green fodder is available.

Rajputana.—The weather was hot and generally cloudy. Harvesting has been completed or is nearing completion. The outturn is poor in Merwara and certain tracts to the west and south but fair to good elsewhere. Cattle disease prevails in isolated places. Cattle are suffering for want of pasturage in parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder is also scarce in Merwara. The water-supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in the Hilly Tracts and Mewar. Prices are high in most States and in Ajmer-Merwara and are rising in Merwara.

Central India.—The weather was close and cloudy and threatening rain. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress. The outturn is above normal in Bundelkhand, fair or poor in Bhopawar and parts of Indore and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent and fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, have fallen slightly in Gwalior and are fluctuating in parts of the Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. The opium crop is good.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress is general in Jobat and increasing in Dhar. There is no change in Ali Rajpur. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. There is no wandering or emaciation. Fodder is scarce. The price of the cheapest food stuff varies from 11 to 12½ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief works were :—Dhar 6,267, Ali Rajpur 1,613, Jhabua 1,588 and Jobat 1,010. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 1,091. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 165.

Central Provinces.—The weather during the week has been hot and clear, but occasionally cloudy and accompanied with high winds. Eight districts had light showers not exceeding 48 cents. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops are still in progress. Ploughing of land for sowing of next autumn crops is also in progress. For the Provinces as a whole a normal outturn of spring crops is expected. Cattle are healthy. Prices are stationary with slight fluctuations.

Feudatory States.—Prospects are generally good. Prices are almost steady.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Deccan and the Karnatak. Harvesting is still progressing in parts. Preparation of lands for cultivation of autumn crops is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspensions of land revenue have been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9 to 10 and maize at 10½ to 11 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 20th April were :—Panch Mahals, on works 42,468, on gratuitous relief 50,642, total 93,110. Kathiawar, on works 6,215. On test works in Kaira 1,393. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum 9,008. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 4,613 on test works and 4,931 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—Slight scattered showers fell in all districts except Medak, Nalgonda and Warangal. The highest fall was 70 cents in Makhtal, the average for the Dominions being 9 cents. Standing crops are unaffected by the rainfall. Late rice is being irrigated in places and is fair to good. Some injury by insects is reported in parts of the Medak, Warangal and Karimnagar districts. Harvesting is progressing throughout the Dominions. Cattle disease prevails in 14 talukas, fodder scarcity in 24 and water scarcity in 24. Prices:—wheat 7, coarse rice 0 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee, showing a fall of ½ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 seers. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 50 seers in Bir, Parbhani and Nander.

Mysore.—Prices of food grains have risen slightly in Shimoga and Chitaldrug. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition except in parts of Mysore and Kadur where the want of rain is being felt. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—The weather is cloudy. Prices of food grains are normal Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient. The public health is fair.

Madras.—Light rain fell in the south, the west coast and parts of the Circars and heavy rain in the Nilgiris. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy, dry crops and sugarcane is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Nepal.—*Report for the quarter ending 15th April 1912*—The rainfall for the period was 2·96 inches against 5·11 inches for the corresponding period of last year.

January and February 1912.—The second crop of potatoes and winter vegetables was sown.

March 1912.—The spring crop (wheat, barley, gram and oilseeds) was harvested in the Terai and the outturn was good.

April 1912.—The wheat and barley crops in the hills and Nepal Valley were suffering until the beginning of April from a marked shortage of moisture. Late but abundant rain has however fallen in the period 1st to 15th April and the crops which promised to be very poor have greatly improved and should now turn out above the normal. Peas (small) are being gathered and the second crop of potatoes is being dug. Fields are being prepared for paddy and Indian corn. Red pepper and early rice are being sown. Prices of food grains are normal and the market is well stocked The health of live-stock is reported to be good.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	44,940	49,715	94,655	42,468	50,642	93,110	—1,545
Kathiawar	6,579	...	6,579	6,215	...	6,215	—364
Central India States.	11,155	127	11,282	11,569	165	11,734	+452
Total	62,674	49,842	1,12,516	60,252	50,807	1,11,059	—1,457

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

C

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 13th April 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	335
2	Panch Mahals	1,606	321,000	44,940	372	49,343	49,715	94,655	......	......
3	Kaira ...	700	298,000	......	......	......	......	......	2,222	......
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	5,445
5	Poona ...	2,274	329,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	878
6	West Khandesh.	2,500	230,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	768
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,262
8	Belgaum.	816	113,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	54
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	6,579	......	......	......	6,579	2,150	4,561
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	2,034	27
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	665	375
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	103	1
	Total Bombay	21,455	3,440,000	51,519	372	49,343	49,715	1,01,234	7,174	13,701
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	1,108	......	......	......	1,108	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	1,585	......	......	......	1,585	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	3,447	......	......	......	3,447	......	......
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	5,015	......	127	127	5,142	......	......
	Total Central India States.	224	40,768	11,155	......	127	127	11,282	......	......

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India

Rates of subscription.	Per annum. R	a.	p.
Subscription for *Gazette* and Supplement	15	0	0
Postage	5	8	0
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Subscription for Parts IV, V, and VI, or any of them	4	0	0
Postage	2	8	0
Subscription for Supplement only	5	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
Subscription for Supplement and Part VI	6	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
For a single copy of the *Gazette* and Supplement	0	8	0
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Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at, per page, 2 pice.

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 18th April 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

April 9th to the 13th, 1912.

April 9th.

172. G. Constantinescu. *Improvements in carburettors for internal combustion engines.*

173. E. Farina. *An improved spring wheel for vehicles.*

174. W. Paterson. *Improvements in and relating to filtering apparatus and the like.*

175. The Leeds Forge Company Limited and E. de H. Rowntree. *Improvements in brake beams for railway and like vehicles.*

176. K. H. Wimmer and E. B Higgins. *Process for the reduction or hydrogenation of organic compounds, such as fatty acids and their glycerides.*

177. W. Raitt. *A new or improved method of isolating or extracting cellulose or paper pulp from fibrous vegetable materials and apparatus therefor.*

178. A. G. Monro. *An improved sanitary device for closet seats.*

April 11th.

179. A. Laing. *Improvements in liquid fuel burners for oil-fired furnaces or other apparatus.*

180. J. H. Corthesy, J. H. Corthesy, Jr. and W. K. L. Dickson. *Improvements in and relating to turbines.*

April 12th.

181. J. D. High. *Kitchen "chula" for cooking with Indian steam coal as fuel.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

22. H. Jackson. *Improvements in the manufacture or preparation of pulp for paper making and in apparatus therefor.*

136. W. Weekes and D. E. Absolom. *Improvements in windmill and other mechanical motions.*

138. W. H. Murray. *Improved manufacture of material suitable for detergent and other purposes.*

139. J. Stone and Co., Ld. *Improvements in suspension devices for dynamo electric machines.*

140. P. Ruben *Improvements in or relating to locks for trunks and boxes.*

143. W. R. Ormandy and J. W. Spensley. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of washing compositions or detergents.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

11th April 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

48. Reis and Handels-Aktiengesellschaft *A process for making linoleum lincrusta and the like*

62. J. N. Smith. *Sialkot pattern roof tiling*

98. T. P Jordeson & Co. *Refrigerating machine combined with an ice cupboard*

100. W G Wheatley, Saxby and Farmer Ld and Saxby and Farmer (India), Limited. *Improvements in light and arm repeaters for railway signals*

SPECIFICATIONS FILED (1888 Act).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A M to 4 P M. daily and Saturdays 11 A M. to 1 P M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying

No. 426 of 1911.—S T. Dutton *An improved method of operating and locking economically worked points on railways*
(Specification filed 19-3-1912)

No. 774 of 1911 H C Braun *Metal spinning machines especially applicable for capsuling bottles.*
(Specification filed, 2-4-1912)

No. 775 of 1911—H K. Harris *Improvements in and relating to advertising devices and the like.*
(Specification filed, 2-4-1912)

RENEWAL FEES PAID

361 of 1899. Stoney (To 25 April 1913)
363 of 1902. Carmichael. Carmichael & Carmichael (To 31 March 1913)
413 of 1902. Cotton Seed Co, Ld (To 12 May 1913)
414 of 1902. Cotton Seed Co, Ld (To 12 May 1913)
537 of 1904. Holden & Tiddeman (To 28 July 1913)
405 of 1905. Dutton. (To 11 April 1913)
598 of 1906. Gramophone & Typewriter Ld (To 25 June 1913)
30 of 1907. Schofield and Macfarlane (To 9 August 1913)
195 of 1908. Jagger (To 8 June 1913)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1901

210, (Dodgson). 226, (Linotype Co. Ld) 275, (Dodgson).

1907.

453, (Whitney & Shephard). 535, (Cox)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTIO 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

34 of 1899. Allibhoy Vallijee & Son *An improved ladies' air-tight tin hat box*
87 of 1908. H. C. Grogan. *Improved brake applying attachment for railway carriage doors.*

477 of 1909. H. C. Grogan. *An automaton fan.*

489 of 1909. K. A. Ragava Achari and K. A. Manicka Achari. *A machine to draw out rough flattened copper or other metal rods into shapes required for goldsmiths' uses.*

255 of 1910. H. A. Razak. *Double puttee or tubular legging.*

125 of 1911. A. C. Evans. *A portable cooking range.*

492 of 1911. Narain Singh. *Improvements in perpetual calendars.*

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at :—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	"	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic ; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price R2-8.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R	a.	p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1	12	0
„ „ „ Upper Sub-Class „	1	6	0
„ „ „ Lower „ „ „	1	0	0
Tacheometric Plane tabling and Gradient Telemeter Level by Prof. C. J. Veale	1	13	0

E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER. Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R	a.	p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. R	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 „ „	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 „ „	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	John Brandon (son) * Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son)
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son).
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son)
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia *alias* Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son) George Hawkins (son).
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son)
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S., Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter) Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter)
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter).
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter)
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

C. J. G. BIRD, Captain,
for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
[illegible] DIVISION, BOLARUM;

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 17th April 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th April 1912.

	Total amount of Notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	
Calcutta	1,87,29,970	23,78,32,930	25,65,62,900	3,59,31,160	2,62,76,790	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	..	...	...	(a) 9,99,99,946	(b) 4,00,00,000	28,84,94,866	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Cawnpore		2,09,70,725	2,09,70,725	1,61,92,458	36,65,580	.	.	..	...	...	...	..	1,98,58,038	
Lahore	.	3,76,87,535	3,76,87,535	1,56,90,213	63,80,580	.	.	..	...	...	..	..	2,20,70,793	
Bombay	94,28,175	12,94,87,050	13,89,15,225	3,14,42,641	16,14,73,109	...	.	...	.	...	...	...	19,29,15,750	
Karachi		1,36,66,440	1,36,66,440	22,88,685	14,97,465	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	37,86,150	
Madras	57,62,865	7,07,67,155	7,65,30,020	1,22,14,965	1,63,08,180	...	..	.	.	..	..	..	2,85,23,145	
Rangoon		5,17,18,980	5,17,18,980	2,16,14,423	1,80,42,300	..	.	...	..	.	..	...	3,96,56,723	
	3,39,21,010	56,21,30,815	59,60,51,825	13,53,74,545	23,36,44,004	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	..	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	59,53,05,465	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			15,48,360	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									8,02,00[illegible]	
Total Circulation R			59,45,03,465	Total Reserve R									59,45,03,465	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th April 1912.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th April 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 16th April 1912.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office R 91,49,130 a. 9 p. 1; Public Deposits at Branches 95,70,902 11 3	1,87,20,033	4	4
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	16,55,15,531	13	6
Bank Post Bills, etc.	6,90,387	8	10
Sundries	22,35,953	13	6
RUPEES	22,51,61,906	8	2

ASSETS.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities	2,54,42,520	0	0
Other authorized Investments	61,40,503	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	4,32,81,402	15	11
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	4,60,14,033	15	8
Bills discounted and purchased	2,92,75,135	3	10
Balances with other Banks	11,58,548	6	3
Bullion	...		
Dead Stock	25,44,027	4	2
Stamps	12,351	12	10
Sundries	4,83,989	13	7
	15,43,52,512	8	3
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office *R 4,30,11,217 a. 12 p. 10; Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 2,77,98,176 3 1	7,08,09,393	15	11
RUPEES	22,51,61,906	8	2

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R2,04,000 0 0
† Do. do do. R5,42,092 8 0

R7,46,092 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 18th April 1912

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.
Percentage 37 83

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 46 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ahmed Jeea, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ahmed Jeea, broker of No. 40, 28th Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 26th day of March 1912 against the said Ahmed Jeea.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 47 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Tun Hlaing, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Tun Hlaing, clerk of No. 7, Crisp Street, Rangoon, on the 30th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Tun Hlaing.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 1st day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 48 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Sein Hman, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Sein Hman, clerk, 31, Singapore Quarter, Puzundaung, Rangoon, on the 30th day of March 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Sein Hman.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 1st day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 49 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Ba Han, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Han, clerk, of 76, 61st Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of April 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Han.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 80 OF 1911.

In the matter of Noel Clement Chatterji, formerly Sanitary Inspector, residing at No. 28A, 42nd Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Noel Clement Chatterji an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO 83 OF 1911.

In the matter of Mailipilli Appalaswamy, tailor, 27, Brooking Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Mailipilli Appalaswamy an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of March 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

CASE NO. 208 OF 1911.

Re Ratansy Kurpal, Mulji Jivraj, Lakhamsy Kaya, Poonsy Jesang, Umersy Jetha, Gangji Shivji, Shamji Jevant and Valji Pachan, all of Bombay, Hindu inhabitants, carrying on business in partnership under the style or firm of Ratansy Kurpal & Co., adjudged Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 9th day of June 1911 against the abovenamed Insolvents has been this day annulled.

Dated this 3rd day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 3rd day of April 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

CASE NOS. 204 AND 237 OF 1911.

Re Tejsy Daya, Raghowji Gosar, Varjung Gosar, Munsy Gosar, Raisy Govan, and Bhimsi Dana, adjudged Insolvents and *Re* Ratonsey Raghowji Sha, Malsi Gosar Sha, and Umersy Mahunsy Sha, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that the orders of adjudication made herein on the 7th and the 26th days of June 1911 respectively against the abovenamed Insolvents have been this day annulled.

Dated this 3rd day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 9th day of April 1912.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH APRIL 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollars coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta .	..	...	..	...	1	...	1	...	190	11	12	7	220			.	...	...	..
Bombay .	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	100		10	2	112	..	12	14	..	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Cakutta, the 18th April ·912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
205—1912	Shamrao Dwarkanath Ajnikya	Hindu	No. 57, Mugbhat Cross lane	Clerk in the Bombay Municipality (Health Department, G. Ward).	2nd	April	1912	2nd	April	1912
202—1912	Narayen Mahadeo Muccadum	"	Parel	Jobber in the Finlay Mill, Parel	29th	March	"	3rd	"	"
206—1912	Mansur Ala Khachar	"	Sandhurst Road	Giras holder in the Jusdan State in Kathiawar.	3rd	"	"	"	"	"
207—1912	Arthur Walter Flanagan and his wife Charlotte Amelia Flanagan.	Eurasian	Berkley Building, Byculla	1st Debtor guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Co., and 2nd Debtor unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
208—1912	Bhugwandas Dwarkabux Agarwala	Hindu	Marwadi Bazar	Lately broker in seeds, etc., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
209—1912	Talksi Jaiwant Sha, Kaloo Pachan Sha, Varsing Vasaya Sha, Karamsi Jaivat Sha and Oomersy Vasaya Sha.	"	5th Debtor at present at Cutch Mandvi and 1st 2nd, 3rd and 4th Debtors at Parel Bhoiwada.	Carrying on business as grain dealers under the name of Shamji Falaksi & Co.	"	"	"	"	"	"
210—1912	Dhunjishaw Dadabhai Ghista	Parsee	Grant Road	Clerk at Messrs. Cox's Shipping Agency, Limited.	9th	"	"	9th	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
211—1912	Marooti Kondaji Mahrathi	Hindu	Null Bazar	Hawker of sweet-meat	9th	March	1912	9th	March	1912
212—1912	Chubilnath Rajnarayen Patak	„	Nigaum	Milk vendor	„	„	„	„	„	„
213—1912	Liladhar Padamsy Thucker	„	Khan Bazar	Formerly loan broker and now unemployed.	10th	„	„	10th	„	„
217—1912	Karim Goolam Hoosein Khoja	Mahomedan	No. 523, Dongri Street	Lately servant in the employ of Ali Chugla and now unemployed.	11th	„	„	11th	„	„
218—1912	Bhasker Vithoba Ghanekar	Hindu	Parel	Fitter in the Elphinstone Cotton Mill.	„	„	„	„	„	„
215—1912	Karim Gunny	Mahomedan	Kazi Molla	Trading in Bombay and other places under the name, style and firm of Joosub Karim in yarn piece goods, salt and grain.	10th	„	„	„	„	„
214—1912	Felix Basil Windsor	Eurasian	Esuf Building, Carnoc Road	Assistant Sub-Editor in the "Advocate of India."	„	April	„	11th	April	„
219—1912	Purshotum Govindji Thucker	Hindu	Parel	Formerly hawker of cloth, lately servant in the employ of Meghji Velji and now unemployed.	12th	„	„	12th	„	„

220—1912	Nawab Mir Mir Badsha Syed	Mahomedan	Bara Imam, Null Bazar	Formerly manufacturer of gold thread, thereafter servant in the employ of Gamm Mirza and now unemployed.	13th	April	1912	15th	April	1912
221—1912	Mahadoo Ganoo Sakle Bhandari	Hindu	Nos. 85-89, Kamatipura 13th Lane.	Licensed hawker of toddy	15th	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
222—1912	Charles Robert Cleur	Eurasian	Alexandria Terrace, Byculla	Formerly coast guard inspector in the Bombay Customs and now unemployed.	,,	,,	,,	,,		,,
224—1912	Michael Francis Baptista	Portuguese	No. 57, Mazagon	Clerk in the Bombay Small Causes Court.	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,	,,
223—1912	Meghji Currumsy Sha	Hindu	Bhandup Street	Lately broker and speculator in cotton and now servant in the employ of Hirji Hansraj	.	.	,,	,,	,,	,,
216—1912	The firm of Tejbhandas Dwarkadas	,,	..		10th	,,	,,	11th	,,	,,

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 16th day of April 1912

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 10th April 1912.

No. 44.—No. 1344 Sub-Assistant Surgeon S. Abdul Rahim, I.S.M.D., has been granted 24 days' privilege leave combined with 7 months and 6 days' leave on Medical Certificate, with effect from the 11th November 1911, and his services are, on expiry thereof, replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India.

The 11th April 1912.

No. 45.—The services of 4th class Assistant Surgeon C. F. H. Quick, I.S.M.D., House Surgeon, Walker Hospital, Simla, were placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for temporary duty at the Albert Victor Hospital, Lahore, from the 4th to the 13th February 1912, and for duty at the European Small Pox Hospital, Lahore, from the 14th February 1912.

The 16th April 1912.

No. 46.—Third grade Civil Assistant Surgeon Bhajahari Mandal of the Bengal Provincial Establishment, is appointed Junior Medical Officer, Bamboo Flat, Port Blair, with effect from the 31st March 1911, *vice* 3rd grade Civil Assistant Surgeon Surendra Nath Sen Gupta II, whose services have been replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 15th April 1912.

No. 772-*C.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, and in modification of so much of Notification No. 1005-C. of 1909, dated the 16th June 1909, as relates to Charas, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to prescribe a duty of R10 per seer payable on the import of Charas into the Cantonment of Neemuch.

No. 773-*C.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to prescribe the following duty payable on the import of the country spirit into the Neemuch Cantonment and on the transport thereof through the said Cantonment to the villages of Achari, Soobi, Deokheri, Bharbaria and Bilwa in the Tonk State, *viz.*, R2 per gallon L.P., the duty to be increased or reduced in proportion as the strength of the spirit exceeds or is less than the strength of London Proof.

No. 775-*C.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 16 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to empower the officer in charge of the country spirit warehouse established by the Gwalior Darbar in the Neemuch City to grant passes for the import of country spirit into the Neemuch Cantonment and for its transport through the said Cantonment to the villages of Achari, Soobi, Deokheri, Bharbaria and Bilwa in the Tonk State subject to the following conditions :—

(*a*) Passes for the import or transport of such spirit shall be granted only to persons holding licenses for the retail sale of country spirit within the area to which the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, applies, or in the said villages, respectively.

(*b*) Such passes shall be granted only in respect of spirit supplied from the country spirit warehouse established in the Neemuch City by the Gwalior Darbar, and under and in accordance with the rules prescribed by the Darbar for the management of the said warehouse and for the supply of the spirit therefrom.

(c) Such passes shall be in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Darbar and approved by the Hon'ble Agent to the Governor General in Central India in this behalf. Every such pass shall be returned by the importer to the officer in charge of the warehouse within such time as may be specified in it in that behalf.

(d) The duty payable in respect of the spirit to be imported or transported shall, before the spirit is removed from the said warehouse be paid by the licensed vendor desirous of importing or transporting the same to the Cantonment Magistrate of Neemuch in cash or by debit in an account kept by that officer.

By order, etc.,

L M CRUMP,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 12th April 1912.

No. 17.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 8, dated 20th February 1912, Mr. F W. Thorp, Store Keeper, is granted, under Articles 233, 260 and 338(b) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 15 months (privilege leave for 2 months and 17 days and furlough for the remaining period), with effect from the 1st May 1912 or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it

C A R. BROWNE, Colonel,

Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY

NOTIFICATION

Lucknow, the 15th April 1912

No. 10.—Mr. G. C. Laughton, Assistant Engineer, has been granted 3 months, Examination Leave under para 391 of the State Railway Open Line Code, Volume II (Provisional Issue), with effect from 10th April 1912 or subsequent date of relief

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,

Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment, dated at Fyzabad, this 15th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name - 8167, Private, James Hayden.
Age—25 years 2 months.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, fair; eyes, grey.
Trade—Shopman.
Date of enlistment—24th June 1905.

Place of enlistment—Dublin
Parish and County in which born—Edinburgh, Midlothian
Date of desertion or absence—11th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Fyzabad
Marks—Scar, back of right knee
Under 7 years' service.

H. HAGGARD, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 2nd Battalion, East Yorkshire Regiment.

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Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment, dated at Madras, this 13th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—7968, Private, Arthur William Aldridge.
Age—24 years 2 months.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—15th August 1906.
Place of enlistment—Leicester.
Parish and County in which born—Boundary, Ashby, Leicestershire.
Date of desertion or absence—7th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Madras.
Marks—Small scar outer end right eyebrow; mole outer aspect right upper arm (birth mark).
Under 6 years' service.

B. F. CLARKE, Lieut., *for* Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, Leicestershire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 11th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—6793, Sergeant, Frederick Hemsley.
Age—32 years 6 months.
Height—5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Barman.
Date of enlistment—30th June 1902.
Place of enlistment—London.
Parish and County in which born—Forest Row, East Grinstead, Sussex.
Date of desertion or absence—10th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Poona.
Marks—Scar right armpit and right side.
Under 10 years' service.

J. H. ANSLEY, Lieut.-Col.,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that it is reported that on 5th February 1912 the undermentioned treasure was found by Kadiyala Pitchanna, his wife, son and daughters in a pit in the public street two feet from the wall of Pitchanna's house, in the village of Mustabada in Gannavaram Taluk in the Kistna district of the Madras Presidency :—

Description of the treasure.	Approximate value. R	a.	p.
One gold piece weighing 10 chinnams	6	0	0
Do. 3 "	1	14	0
Do. 3 "	1	8	0
Three gold pieces " 30 "	17	0	0
Thirty-two gold pieces consisting of rings, etc., weighing 64⅝ tolas	124	0	0
One ring weighing $\frac{9}{16}$ tolas, the metal of which is not clearly known	1	12	0
Eighteen gold pieces consisting of earrings called "Makarakundalamulu", etc., weighing $4\frac{5}{16}$ tolas	69	0	0
Two stones (one white and the other green weighing 1½ chinnams)	......		
TOTAL	221	2	0

2. All persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear in person or by an authorised agent before the Collector in his office at Masulipatam on 16th September 1912 at 11 A.M. with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

M. SURYANARAYANA RAO,
for Acting Collector.

KISTNA COLLECTORATE,
Masulipatam, the 8th April 1912.

THE YEARLY EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FOURTH GRADE OF ACCOUNTANTS.

Monday, the 3rd June, being a Gazetted holiday, the yearly Examination qualifying for admission to the Subordinate Accounts Branch for 4th grade Public Works Department will be held at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th June 1912.

SUBJECTS.

	Full marks.	Minimum pass marks.
Writing (neatness, clearness and rapidity)	100	50
Dictation (spelling, punctuation, etc.)	100	50
Arithmetic (the whole)	240	160
Mensuration (*a*) (the whole)	60	30
Book-keeping (*b*) (mercantile)	100	50
TOTAL	600	...

Minimum required in all papers collectively, 400.

(*a*) Todhunter's "Mensuration for Beginners."
(*b*) "Book-keeping" by Ball and Hamilton.
"Book-keeping by double and single entry," by W. Inglis (Chambers' Educational Course).

1. The examination is held annually at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on the first Monday in June. The examination will be conducted, either at the College, or by an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), in Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma only. The examination will be *ipso facto* vitiated, if it be not held (begun and completed) on the dates fixed; but the officer who will conduct the examination may make his own arrangements with the candidates in regard to the *place* and *hour* of examination.

Candidates will not be examined in any of the Calcutta offices.

A candidate already in permanent Government employ* may be allowed to compete in the examination, even if he is more than 25 years of age, and may be appointed to an accountantship, if he passes it; but if he is not already in pensionable service, he will be eligible only for appointment to the non-pensionable establishment on State Railways.

* This term includes employment under Local Boards and Foreign bodies, if such is pensionable by the British Government.

2. The candidate should apply to an Accountant-General not later than 30 days previous to the date fixed for the examination and obtain his consent to conduct the examination, if examination at the College is not convenient. The application must bear the address of the candidate, must be accompanied by a fee of R10 and the following certificates and registration form duly filled in, and must be forwarded by him not direct to the Principal, but through the Accountant-General.

Certificates may be submitted in original, or true copies attested by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch, but none will be returned:—

(1) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)

(2) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).

(3) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's hand-writing.

(4) Registration statement containing the following information:—

(*a*) Name in full.

(*b*) Father's name.

(*c*) Nationality or class, *i.e.*, European, Anglo-Indian or Indian, of candidate; and, if Indian, caste or tribe.

(*d*) Date of birth.

(*e*) Place of birth.

(*f*) Present address.

(*g*) Examinations passed.

(*h*) Thumb mark of candidate, left hand, to be made in the presence of a responsible person who knows candidate.

(*k*) Signature and address of above-mentioned witness.

NOTE.—A candidate already in Government service should, in like manner, submit his application, through his immediate official superior to an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), qualified to hold the particular examination, and should state whether he desires to be examined at the office of the Accountant-General concerned or at the College.

It will rest with the Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project) to whom the candidate submits his application, to decide, on a consideration of the certificates submitted, whether the candidate should be allowed to appear for the examination, or whether his application should be rejected. The Accountant-General or the other officers referred to will then forward to the Principal, for registration, the names of the accepted candidates, together with their registration statements, which should be signed by the Accountant-General. The registration statements should be carefully preserved by the Principal The names of these candidates should be entered in a statement showing their ages and their addresses, and also showing where each candidate is to be examined, whether at the College or at the office of the Accountant-General. This statement, together with the fees, should be transmitted to the Principal not later than 15 days after the dates fixed in paragraph 2 for the submission of applications of candidates.

3. Examination papers that are issued for examination need not be returned.

4. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate who has failed in an examination, and presents himself for examination on a subsequent occasion, must undergo the full examination and furnish fresh fee and certificates.

5. If from any cause a candidate fails to appear for the examination, the fee paid will not be refunded.

6. It must be distinctly understood that the passing of this examination does not give any claim to an appointment and that, in making appointments, preference will be given to qualified persons who are already employed in the Department.

7. Passed candidates should apply, not to the Principal of the College, nor to the Comptroller-General but direct to the Accountant-General or Government Examiner of Railway Accounts in the province or railway under whom they may desire to be employed.

8. The Civil Engineering College acts solely as an examining body in reference to admission to the 4th grade of Accountants, Public Works Department.

9. Candidates for the 4th grade Accountantship examination, who are not Government servants and over 25 years of age, are allowed to appear at the examination of the Sibpur College centre only, but, even if successful, they are debarred from employment in the service of Government, and their names will be excluded from the list of passed candidates which is furnished to the Comptroller and Auditor General.

10. Candidates over 25 years of age should apply in writing to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College not later than 30 days previous to the examination; the application to be accompanied by the fee of rupees ten, and the Registration statement prescribed in rule 2 (4).

B. HEATON,
Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
Sibpur, the 25th March 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th April 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT., OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	.	TOTAL.	4 PER CENT. LOANS of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	4½ PER CENT. LOANS ...	TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879, 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	TOTAL.	GRAND TOTAL.
Balance of 31st March 1912 .	36,24,700	1,33,95,000	7,11,33,500	1,83,24,300	93,25,400	24,21,600		11,35,99,800	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	..	28,500	28,500	11,73,03,533
Add— Amount of transferred to in London		...	...	...	...		.		.		...	..	..	..	.	..	.	...	..
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to . . .	...	...	...					.										..	..
Amount enfaced at Madras up to .	..	...	..	.		..	...	..		..	..	.	..	...	..	..	.	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 4th April 1912 . .	...	...	1,000	...	..	1,000	.	2,000	..		...	.	.		..	...	..	...	2,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th April 1912	...	500	29,500	29,000	1,600	1,000	...	61,000									..	...	61,000
	36,24,700	1,33,95,500	7,11,64,000	1,83,53,300	93,26,400	24,23,600		11,36,62,800	6,933	,0 0		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	..	28,500	28,500	11,73,66,533
Deduct—																			
Amount written off in the London Registers . .	..	15,000	2,10,500	32,200		50,000		3,07,700			-	..	..	.	.	..	..	.	3,07,700
Balance on 15th April 1912 .	36,24,700	1,33,80,500	7,09,53,500	1,83,21,100	93,26,406	23,73,600		11,33,55,100	6,933	5,000		500	36,000	1,500	50,533	.	28,500	28,500	11,70,58,833

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Feb. 1912 Enfaced from India 12,179 lakhs, re transferred from London 12,346 lakhs.
„ 16th Feb. 1912 „ 29th „ „ ditto 1 lakh, ditto 3 „
„ 1st Mar. „ „ 15th Mar. „ ditto 3 lakhs, ditto 7 „
„ 16th „ „ „ 31st „ „ ditto 4 „ ditto 7 „
„ 1st April „ „ 15th April „ ditto 1 lakh, ditto 3 „

12,188 lakhs 12,366 lakhs

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 17th April 1912.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

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BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

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FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February 1912
Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13.
Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13.
Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

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Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. Twenty-sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of December 1911. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

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Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884) as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4*a.* 9*p.* (1*a.*)

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A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18*s.* (R1.)

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The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a.* or 1*s.* (3*a.*)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a.* or 1*s.* (3*a.*)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Paludism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2*s.* 6*d.*

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33*s.* (R1)

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Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12*a.* or 3*s.* (7*a.*)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D. Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8*a.* or 2*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

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A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

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Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a)

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History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-; or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

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Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

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SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

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Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
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BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

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Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

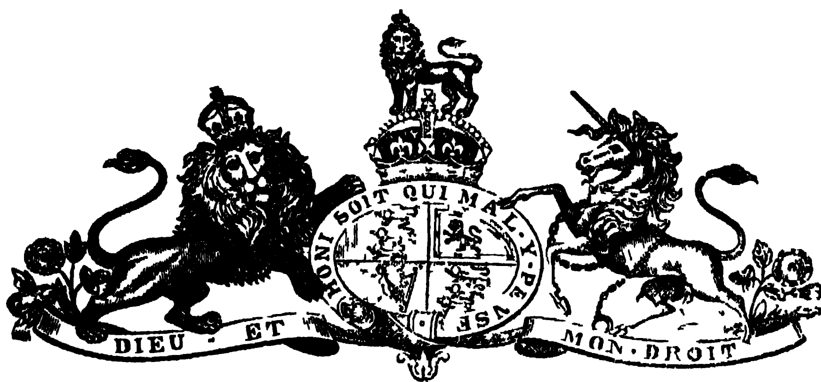
LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 20, 1912

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Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Bombay Municipal Debentures Nos 232, 233, 234, 235, 236 and 237 of the four per cent 12½ lacs Loan for R500 each, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Pragji Fakirbhoy & Dayabhoy Soonderji the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Debentures and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bombay, Bombay, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned Debentures

Name of the Advertiser—PRAGJI FAKIRBHOY,
Residence—Harman Bhagda, Taluka Bulsar, District Surat

Name of the Advertiser—DAYABHOY SOONDERJI,
Residence—Abrama, Taluka Jalalpore, District Surat

Lost or stolen

The Government Promissory Notes Nos 061268 and 061269 of the 3½ per cent loan of 1842-43 for R500 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Nani Kumar Mitra, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—NANI KUMAR MITRA, B L.,
Residence—Village Ajhapur, District Burdwan, at present Katihar, District Purnea.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. B 027970 (upper half) of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Deepchand Nalchand and last endorsed to Ardeshir D. Marker and Hormusji Edulji Kapadia, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Name of Advertiser—ARDESHIR D. MARKER,
Hormusji Edulji Kapadia.
Residence—Quetta.

IN THE MATTER OF THE COMPANIES (CONSOLIDATION) ACT, 1908,

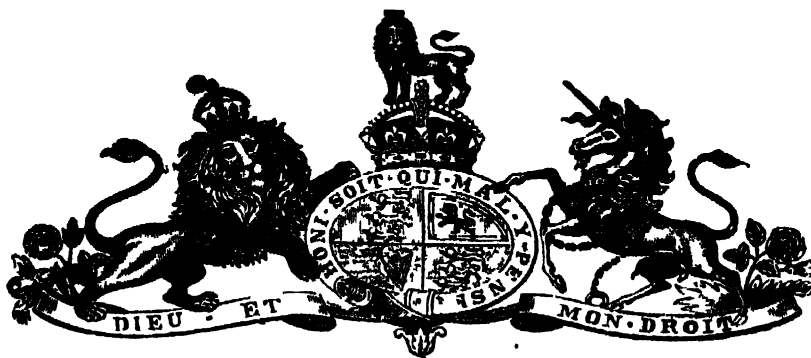
and

In the matter of the Mica Supply Company, Limited.

Notice is hereby given that the creditors of the abovenamed Company which is being voluntarily wound up are required on or before the 30th day of April 1912, being the day for that purpose fixed by the undersigned, to send their names, addresses and the particulars of their debts or claims to Mr. Carl Freiderich Köchel of Kodarma, Bengal Presidency, the Agent in India of the Liquidator of the said Company, and if so required by notice in writing from the said Carl Freiderich Köchel or by his Solicitors to come in and prove any such debts or claims at such time and place as shall be specified in such notice. Upon default they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

PERCY FARNAN,
Liquidator.

Dated this 29th day of March 1912.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum. R	a.	p.
Subscription for *Gazette* and Supplement	15	0	0
Postage	5	8	0
Subscription for Parts I, II, and III, or any of them	6	0	0
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Subscription for Parts IV, V, and VI, or any of them	4	0	0
Postage	2	8	0
Subscription for Supplement only	5	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
Subscription for Supplement and Part VI	6	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
For a single copy of the *Gazette* and Supplement	0	8	0
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A special price will be fixed for specially heavy issues of the *Gazette* or any particular Part.
Postage on single copies varies according to weight.
Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at, per page, 2 pice.

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS

Calcutta, the 25th April 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

April 15th to the 20th, 1912.

April 15th

182. J Levick, Junior. *Improvements relating to railway-carriage and analogous water-closets*

183. M. Einstein *Process for obtaining the bast from ramie-stalks and from kindred plants*

184 N P. Roe *Automatically proportioning concrete.*

April 16th.

185. P S. Elignett *Electrotechnical coagulation of hevea and ceara-rubber latex.*

186 E A Byrde. *Rail joint*

187. T Franke. *Improvements in machines for pressing liquids from materials containing the same.*

188. Mrs. C. Wikeley. *An improved camp meat safe.*

April 17th

189 H V. Kramer *Improved means for the regulation and control of railway and like traffic.*

190. A Fodor *Apparatus for connecting conducting wires, cables and the like.*

April 18th.

191. C. M Doctor *Improvements in nahani trap for bath-rooms and other purposes*

192. A. C Kohler. *An improved method of extracting casein from milk.*

April 20th.

193. H H Jellett. *Point lock.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

5. E. A. J Duchemin. *Improved portable apparatus for the decortication of textile plants.*

9. C. A. Vandervell and A. H. Midgley. *Improvements in and relating to variable speed self-regulating dynamo electric machines.*

72 E Zublin. *Improvements in closures for exit orifice of hoppers and the like.*

96. S. C. Davidson *Improvements in or relating to tea leaf rolling machines.*

97. H. W. Gabbett-Fairfax. *Improvements in decorticating machines for nuts and the like*

103. C. F. Wilkins. *Improvements in modules.*

118. H. A. Humphrey and W. J. Rusdell. *Improvements in apparatus for raising or forcing liquids.*

120. F. Annett. *Improvements in fishplates or rail joining means for railways and tramways.*

146. H. A. Gsell. *Improvements in the pushing-in mechanism in match-making machines*

147. J. Westly. *Improvements in electro-metallurgical electrode furnace.*

149. A. Shaw. *Improved axle-guard or horn-plate for railway rolling stock*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

20th April 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

59. L. Bigg-Wither. *Improvements in flexible hose pipes for use with vacuum brake apparatus.*

66. A. Minnick. *Electric system of train control*

105. G. Nordenholt. *Improvements in decorticating machines.*

111. J. A. Cameron. *Moving picture machine.*

112. Sir W. G. Armstrong, Whitworth and Co, Ld. *Improved means for handling coal.*

113. J. Anderson. *Improvements in feathering wind sails or propellers, applicable for wind mills, air ships and other purposes*

116. A D. Smith. *Improvements in automatic couplings for railway, tramway and other similar vehicles.*

117. The Consolidated Brake and Engineering Company, Limited, and E S Luard. *Improvements in or connected with brake mechanism for rail way and like vehicles.*

SPECIFICATIONS FILED (1888 Act).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 653 of 1910 —V. Nightingall. *Improvements in electric cooking appliances and water heaters.* (Specification filed 10 April 1912.)

No. 241 of 1911.—Mechanical Decarbonising Syndicate Limited. *Apparatus for and method of cleansing cylinders and pistons of internal combustion engines.* (Specification filed 21 February 1912.)

No. 277 of 1911.—D. M. Weigel. *A process of coagulating and antiseptising caoutchouc or India rubber by electricity, the use of antiseptics and heat.* (Specification filed 1 April 1912.)

No. 309 of 1911.—M. E. Muirhead and M. Dyke. *Improvements in picketting pegs and the like.* (Specification filed 31 January 1912)

No. 344 of 1911.—The G. M. Parks Company, manufacturers. *Improvements in and relating to suction cleaners.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912)

No. 363 of 1911.—T. F. Connew. *Improvements in or connected with lawn tennis posts and fittings.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912)

No. 463 of 1911.—A. G. Koechlin. *Improvements in weft-thread severing mechanisms for automatic looms.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 464 of 1911.—A G. Koechlin. *An automatic stop motion for looms with automatic shuttle bobbin exchange.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912)

No. 476 of 1911.—Muir-Vincent Smoke Consumers Limited. *Improvements in boiler furnaces.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 484 of 1911.—S. T. Dutton. *Improvements in electric block working on railways.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 485 of 1911.—D. H. Todiwalla. *Improvements in mills for grain.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 487 of 1911.—J. A. Hill. *Improvements in means for preventing the ejection of sparks or live cinders from locomotives.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 488 of 1911.—W. E. Steers. *Improvements in and relating to the sighting of short barrelled weapons.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

No. 705 of 1911.—W. J. Hollier. *Machines for decorticating fibrous plants.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

19 of 1901. Bissen Dutt. (To 28 May 1913.)
59 of 1902. American Machine Telephone Co., Ld. (To 7 May 1913.)
1 of 1903. Kitson. (To 29 April 1913.)
309 of 1905. Cross. (To 27 September 1913.)
537 of 1905. de Ferranti. (To 8 June 1913.)
484 of 1906. Schaellibaum. (To 29 April 1913.)
160 of 1907. Bunning. (To 1 May 1913.)
189 of 1907. Bräuning. (To 23 May 1913.)
557 of 1907. Davidson. (To 20 May 1913.)
227 of 1908. Crouch. (To 4 July 1913.)
263 of 1908. Winter. (To 6 August 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1962.

217, (McGlashan.)

1907.

75, (Linotype and Machinery Ld.) 123, (Wiart.) 152, (Wiart.) 238, (Ashford.) 239, (Ashford.) 498, (Angus.) 559, (Pintsch's Patent Lighting Co., Ld.)

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

283 of 1903. R. G. Jones. *Machine for starting races.*
110 of 1905. T. Roberts. *Working trains on the line clear system by means of a key staff in conjunction with the Morse system or alone.*
153 of 1906. H. B. Bryant. *A camp oven.*
518 of 1908. W. Wilby. *Wilby's instantaneous line clear receiver and deliverer.*
175 of 1909. Syed Mohamad Wajih. *A water lift to be called Majib's water lift.*
476 of 1909. J. Ashford. *Improvements in and relating to weir shutters.*
514 of 1909. O. J. Teal. *An improved axle box for railway carriages; and wagons to be known as "Teal's patent improved axle box."*
549 of 1909. J. N. Curtis. *Improvements in railway brakes.*
16 of 1910. Mohkam Singh and Sons. *A camp harmonium.*
218 of 1910. T. V. Pachaiyappa Chariar. *Goldsmith's metal bar shaper.*
371 of 1910. E. A. Hughes. *The simplex charcoal producer.*
427 of 1910. G. W. Cole. *A centrifugal governed shoot runner.*
473 of 1910. F. Eassie. *Saddle numnah or pad constructed to prevent galling of the animal's back.*
69 of 1911. F. B. Stratton. *Improvements in cotton gins.*
86 of 1911. O. B. Achard. *An automatic rocking sieve to be used in conjunction with any coffee pulping machine.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

April 15th to the 20th, 1912.

Class 1. 62. Paul Ruben, general merchant, of 56 Leadenhall street, in the city of London, England. April 15.

Class 13. 63 and 64 The Calico Printers' Association Limited, calico printers St. James's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. April 16.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas) These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at :—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

		Price, R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	"	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

**N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

D. C. PHILLOTT, Lieut.-Colonel,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
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16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R a. p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
" " " Upper Sub-Class "	1 6 0
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E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

POWDER.

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one *delivery.* R a. p.	*Retail rate* For any quantity below *6 lbs. in one delivery.* R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Claimants who have attained their majority.

It is hereby notified that claims from the undermentioned individuals on account of the patrimony due to them should be submitted to the Deputy Controller of Military Accounts, Bolarum, through the Staff Officer of the station at which each claimant may be residing :—

Names of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers deceased.	Claimants.
Brooks, John, Sergeant, Infantry Veteran Company	Caroline Brooks (daughter). Dennis Brooks (son).
Brandon, John, Gunner, European Artillery Veteran Company	John Brandon (son) * Charles Brandon (son).
Clarkson, Samuel, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer	Ann Clarkson (daughter).
Carroll, J., Sergeant, 2nd European Light Infantry	Elizabeth Carroll (daughter). Joseph Carroll (son). Agnes Carroll (daughter).
Cosser, J., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	John Cosser (son)
Crawley, Sergeant	George Wellington Crawley (son)
Doyle, I., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Madras Artillery	James Doyle (son)
Danford, S., Gunner, 3rd Battalion, Madras Artillery	Amelia *alias* Emma Danford (daughter).
Furlong, J., Corporal, 3rd Madras European Regiment	John Furlong (son).
Flynn, J., Corporal, 1st Madras Fusiliers	James Flynn (son). William Flynn (son). Joseph Flynn (son).
Grimstone, R., Sergeant, 3rd Madras European Regiment	Perquira Grimstone (daughter). Richard Grimstone (son).
Hawkins, Richard, Private, European Infantry Veteran Company	Jeremiah Mitchell Foster Hawkins (son) George Hawkins (son)
Hunsley, W., Sub-Conductor, Ordnance Department	Charles Hunsley (son).
Hutchins, James, Gunner, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	George Henry Hutchins (son).
Healey, P., Hospital Sergeant	Edward Healey (son). Frank Healey (son).
Keleker, I. T., Bombardier, 3rd Battalion, Artillery	Mary Keleker (daughter).
Knowles, W. S, Bugler, D. Company, 1st Battalion, Madras Artillery	Andrew James Knowles (son).
McDonald, B., 2nd Corporal, Sappers and Miners	James McDonald (son).
McGuire, Michael, Staff Barrack Sergeant, B. Company, 4th Battalion, Artillery.	Andrew McGuire (son).
McManus, J., Foreman, Carnatic Ordnance Artificer Corps	Agnes Maude McManus (daughter). Mary Elizabeth McManus (daughter). Reith McManus (daughter) Patrick John McManus (son).
Murphy, I., Private, 3rd Madras European Regiment	James Murphy (son).
Nicholson, T., Shoeing Smith	Arabella Hannah Nicholson (daughter).
Rothe, R., Corporal, 2nd European Light Infantry	Catherine Rothe (daughter).
Scully, E., Sub-Overseer	Eleanor Scully (daughter). John Scully (son).
Smith, Michael, Color-Sergeant, 1st Madras Fusiliers	Mary Ann Smith (daughter)
Smithes, R., Sergeant, 2nd Battalion, Artillery	Henry Smithes (son).
Sheepard, J., Sergeant, 23rd Brigade, Royal Artillery	John Sheepard (son). Ellen Sheepard (daughter).
Wallace, J., Gunner, 4th Battalion, Artillery	John Wallace (son). Thomas Wallace (son).
Wiggins, R., Gunner, Madras Artillery	John M. Wiggins (son).

* Claim received, but claimant has not yet appeared to receive payment.

C. J. G. BIRD, Captain,
for Deputy Controller of Military Accounts.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
SECUNDERABAD DIVISION, BOLARUM;
2nd April 1912.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 24th April 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd April 1912.

	Total Amount of Notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	2,17,32,000	23,18,12,495	25,35,44,495	3,60,47,940	2,58,30,450	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	28,81,65,306	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500.
Cawnpore	...	2,29,12,645	2,29,12,645	1,00,33,808	1,05,15,945	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,05,49,753	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Lahore	...	3,43,09,525	3,43,09,525	1,42,60,623	1,24,77,165	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,67,37,788	
Bombay	73,74,860	12,83,59,355	13,57,34,215	2,59,17,558	14,86,27,177	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,45,44,735	
Karachi	...	1,33,88,990	1,33,88,990	21,47,510	11,58,810	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33,06,320	
Madras	63,55,365	6,83,82,655	7,47,38,020	1,30,77,300	1,59,16,995	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,81,94,295	
Rangoon	...	5,10,94,145	5,10,94,145	2,31,84,998	1,77,80,250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,09,65,248	
	3,54,62,225	55,02,59,810	58,57,22,035	12,46,69,737	23,23,06,792	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	58,32,63,445	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			34,65,590	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									10,07,000	
Total Circulation R			58,22,56,445	Total Reserve R									58,22,56,445	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd April 1912.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 22nd April 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 23rd April 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	82,34,111	5	5			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,02,82,236	2	7	1,85,16,347	8	0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				16,18,04,529	0	7
Bank Post Bills, etc				6,66,925	14	3
Sundries				23,01,484	8	8
RUPEES				22,12,89,286	15	6

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities				2,51,30,860	0	0
Other authorized Investments				59,77,213	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				4,14,38,467	1	3
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities.				4,49,10,486	1	5
Bills discounted and purchased				3,01,8[illegible],186	1	9
Balances with other Banks				24,12,717	9	11
Bullion				.		
Dead Stock .				25,48,398	9	11
Stamps				12,606	2	0
Sundries				4,93,023	13	3
				15,31,05,258	7	6
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	* 4,00,10,136	9	1			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	† 2,81,73,891	14	11	6,81,84,028	8	0
RUPEES				22,12,89,286	15	6

* Includes Sovs, & ½ Sovs, value R1,47,150 0 0
† Do. do do R3,40,440 0 0

R4,87,590 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL,
Calcutta, the 25th April 1912

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent
Percentage 37 20

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *boná fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ½ lb., ¼ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

MAP RECORD AND ISSUE OFFICE.

AGENTS FOR SALE OF MAPS.

LONDON.—Mr. Edward Standford, 12, 13 and 14, Long Acre, London, W.C.

CALCUTTA.—Maps can be obtained from the office, 13, Wood Street, or from Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., 5 and 6, Government Place, North; Messrs. Newman & Co., No 4, Dalhousie Square; the Secretary, School Book Society, No. 1, Wellington Square, and Messrs. Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh and Sons, 76, Lower Circular Road.

BOMBAY—Messrs. Thacker & Co., and Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala Sons & Co.

LAHORE—Messrs Rai Sahib Munshi Gulab Singh and Sons.

MADRAS.—Messrs. Higginbotham & Co

POONA.—Superintendent, Government Photo-zincographic Department.

RANGOON—Messrs. Myles, Standish & Co.

SIMLA—Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co

SRINAGAR—Mrs. C. Winter, The Picture-Gallery.

A General Catalogue of maps corrected up to 1st February 1910 is available at R1 per copy.

All published maps are sold at the Survey of India Office, Calcutta, for cash with postage *prepaid*.

Agents cannot issue maps on the *Public Service except on cash payment.*

The following is a list of the more important " General " and other maps which are available :—

Description of Maps	Date of current edition.	Scale	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches	Price. Un-coloured.	Price. Coloured.	REMARKS.
GENERAL MAPS.					R a.	R a.	
India (with hills) . . .	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	9 0	12 0	4th Edition
India, Railway Road and Canal Map of (with hills).	1911	1"=32 M	6	44×30	9 0	12 0	Railways and Canals corrected up to 31st March 1911. Other detail up to 1905.
India (without hills) . .	1908	1"=32 M.	6	44×30	6 0	9 0	4th Edition.
India (without hills), showing Railways with stations.	1909	1"=32 M.	6	44×31	6 0	8 0	Corrected up to 31st December 1909.
India and adjacent countries (with hills)	1883	1"=64 M	4	26×22	4 8	6 0	Additions to 1908
India, contour map of . .	1886	1"=64 M.	1	41×33	1 8	...	
India showing railways open and under construction.	1911	1"=64 M.	1	38×33	.	1 8	Corrected to 31st March 1911.
India and adjacent countries (without hills).	1911	1"=128M.	1	25×25	1 12	2 0	
India (without hills) . .	1906	1"=192 M	1	18×14	0 8	0 12	
India (without hills) . .	1894	1"=256 M	1	16×13	0 6	0 8	Additions to 1904
India (with hills) . . .	1909	1"=256 M.	1	16×13	0 6	0 8	
PROVINCIAL MAPS.							
Baluchistan (with hills) . .	1894	1"=16 M.	4	28×27	4 0	5 0	
Baluchistan Agency with Sind (with hills).	1898	1"=32 M.	1	24×24	.	1 8	
Bengal (without hills) . .	1907	1"=16 M.	2	44×30	4 0	5 0	
Bengal (without hills) . .	1908-09	1"=32 M.	1	23×27	1 0	1 8	
Bombay Presidency, exclusive of Sind (with hills).	1908	1"=32 M.	1	27×40	1 0	1 8	
Burma	1908	1"=32 M.	1	40×27	1 0	1 8	Corrected to 1910
Central Provinces (without hills)	1908-09	1"=32 M.	1	28×24	1 0	1 8	
Eastern Bengal and Assam (with hills).	1910	1/1,000,000	2	40×27	...	1 8	
Eastern Bengal and Assam (without hills).	1908	1"=32 M.	1	25×22	1 0	1 8	

Description of Maps	Date of current edition.	Scale.	No. of sheets in set.	Size per sheet in inches	Price. Un-coloured.	Price. Coloured.	Remarks.
PROVINCIAL MAPS —contd.					R a.	R a.	
Gujrat (without hills) .	1896	1"=16 M.	1	32×30	1 0	1 8	Additions to 1905
Hyderabad (with hills) .	1908	1"=32 M	1	20×18	..	1 8	
Madras Presidency, Mysore and Ceylon (without hills).	1908	1 =16 M	6	40×27	7 0	8 0	
Mysore and Coorg (with hills) .	1908	1' =16M	1	27×24	1 0	1 8	
North-West Frontier Province (with hills)	1903	1'= 16M	1	33×25	1 0	1 8	Corrections up to 1910.
Rajputana Agency (with hills) .	1908	1'=16 M.	2	38×24	...	1 8	2nd Edition. Additions and corrections to 1903
United Provinces of Agra and Oudh (with hills).	1910	1"=32 M.	1	23×22	1 0	1 4	
MISCELLANEOUS MAPS.							
Afghanistan . . .	1908	1"=32 M	1	35×27		1 8	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf .	1910	1'=32 M.	4	40×30	4 0	5 0	
Arabia and the Persian Gulf	1910	1'=48 M.	2	40×27		2 0	
Chih-li Province, China . .	1903	1"= 8 M	1	44×30	1 8	1 12	
Kiang-Su Province, China .	1903	$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$	1	40×27	1 0	1 8	Additions and corrections to 1910.
Eastern Turkistan . . .	1908	1' =32 M.	1	24×19	...	1 8	
Maymyo and surrounding country	1904	1"= 1 M.	1	27×32	1 0	1 4	2nd Edition.
Persia	1910	1"=40 M.	1	34×29	...	1 4	
Rennell's Atlas of Bengal .	...	...	20	Various.	10 0	...	Rs. 20 for a complete bound set.
Simla and Adjacent country .	1909	1'= 1 M.	1	27×30	...	1 8	
Simla and Adjoining Native States.	1898	1"= 4 M.	1	46×33	1 0	1 4	Additions and corrections to 1909.
Western Tibet, portion of .	1904	1"=12 M.	1	34×28	1 8	1 12	
Yun-Nan . . .	1905	$\frac{1}{1,000,000}$	2	40×27	2 0	2 8	

Description.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	Remarks.
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES. Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$			R a.	
Sheet No. 10 (Provisional Issue) . .	1909	24×19	1 0	Parts of Persia, Arabia and Turkish Empire.
" , 17 (Provisional Issue) . .	1909	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia (Karman and Fars).
" " 18 (Provisional Issue) . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia and Arabia.
" " 29 (Provisional Issue) . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia, Afghanistan and Russian Turkistan.
" " 31 (Provisional Issue) . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Persia and Baluchistan.
" " 33 (Provisional Issue) . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Part of Afghanistan.

Description.	Date of current edition.	Size per sheet in inches.	Price.	REMARKS.
INDIA AND ADJACENT COUNTRIES—*contd.*			R a.	
Scale $\frac{1}{1,000,000}$				
Sheet No. 34–(Provisional Issue) . .	1911	24 × 19	1 0	Parts of Afghanistan, Baluchistan Agency and Bombay Presidency.
„ „ 38 (Provisional Issue) . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Punjab, North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan and Afghanistan.
40 (Provisional Issue) . .	1908	ditto	1 0	Parts of Bombay, Punjab and Rajputana Agency
„ „ 44 (Provisional Issue) . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Punjab and Rajputana.
„ „ 46 (Provisional Issue) . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Bombay, Rajputana, Central Provinces, Central India, Hyderabad, Baroda and Daman.
„ „ 47 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Bombay and Hyderabad.
„ „ 48 (Provisional Issue) . .	1911	ditto	1 0	Bombay, Hyderabad, Goa, Mysore, Coorg and Madras.
„ „ 54 (Provisional Issue) . .	1909	ditto	1 0	Parts of Punjab, Rajputana, United Provinces, Central India and Central Provinces.
„ „ 63 (Provisional Issue) . .	1911	ditto	1 0	Parts of United Provinces, Central India, Central Provinces, Bengal and Nepal.
„ 66 (Provisional Issue) . .	1911	ditto	0 8	Madras.
„ „ 70 (Provisional Issue) . .	1906	ditto	1 0	Parts of Tibet and Eastern Turkistan.
„ 71 (Provisional Issue) . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Parts of Nepal and Tibet.
„ 78 (2nd Provisional Issue) . .	1907	ditto	1 0	Nepal, Sikkim, Tibet, Bhutan, Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam. With addition and correction from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.
„ „ 79 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1907	ditto	1 0	Parts of Bengal and Eastern Bengal and Assam. Additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.
„ 86	1905	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma and the Andaman Islands.
„ 87 (Provisional Issue) . .	1905	ditto	1 0	Andaman and Nicobar Islands.
„ 91 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Assam, Tibet and China (Yun-nun and Ssüch'uan Provinces).
„ 92 (Provisional Issue) . .	1905	ditto	1 0	Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma and China.
„ 93 (Provisional Issue) . . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma, China and Siam. With additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1909.
„ 95 (2nd Provisional Issue) . .	1905	ditto	1 0	Parts of Burma and Siam. With additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1909. (Skeleton.)
„ „ 100 (Provisional Issue) . .	1911	ditto	1 0	Parts of Tibet and China.
„ „ 101 (Provisional Issue) . .	1910	ditto	1 0	Parts of China.
„ „ 102 (Provisional Issue) . .	1904	ditto	1 0	Burma, Siam, Tongking and Yun-nan (China). Additions and corrections from Extra-Departmental Sources to 1910.

M. O'C. TANDY, *Captain, R.E.*,
Officer in charge, Map Record and Issue Office.

SURVEY OF INDIA;
Calcutta, 1st April 1912.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for February 1912 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Revenue and Receipts.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12.			Receipts in February 1912.	Receipts from 1st April to 29th February 1912.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
I.—Land Revenue	...	22,60,000	22,60,000	2,06,300	...	20,38,752	20,38,752
II.—Opium	...	23,000	23,000	1,267	...	17,286	17,286
IV.—Stamps	...	5,22,000	5,22,000	58,919	...	5,01,153	5,01,153
V.—Excise	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	32,714	...	2,90,734	2,90,734
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	4,000	4,000	...	...	2,773	2,773
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	..	...	.	...
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	5,000	1,33,000	1,38,000	8,794	4,746	1,31,730	1,36,476
IX.—Forest	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	3,166	...	1,17,282	1,17,282
X.—Registration	..	42,000	42,000	4,344	...	36,111	36,111
XI.—Tribute from Native States	..	...	.	...	.	...	...
XII.—Interest	12,000	...	12,000	2,614	3,039	...	3,039
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	1,03,000	1,03,000	8,555	...	95,875	95,875
XVIB.— Ditto —Jails	...	21,000	21,000	1,350	...	22,944	22,944
XVII.—Police	...	81,000	81,000	3,540	...	38,375	38,375
XIX.—Education	..	1,000	1,000	127	...	801	801
XX. Medical	.	1,000	1,000	...	..	211	211
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	..	..	...	...	..	147	147
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	16,000	16,000	2,171	...	18,018	18,018
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	12,000	12,000	619	...	16,938	16,938
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	8,050	...	1,01,109	1,01,109
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	4,00,000	4,00,000	8,00,000	45,179	2,48,104	2,48,105	4,96,209
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	..	.	...	...	..
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,36,000	1,36,000	11,372	...	1,17,281	1,17,281
Total Revenue and Receipts	4,17,000	43,04,000	47,21,000	3,99,111	2,55,889	37,95,625	40,51,514
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	.	61,58,742	...	...	5,80,43,210
Total	...	...	...	65,57,853	...	...	6,20,94,724
Opening Cash Balance	...	.	...	(a)19,17,785	...	...	(b) 9,82,606
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	..	84,75,638	...	..	6,30,77,330

(a) On 1st February 1912. (b) On 1st April 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

Office of the Accountant General, Punjab,
Lahore;
The 20th April 1912.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for February 1912 and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Expenditure.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Imperial.	Special.	Total.	Disbursement in February 1912.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 29th February 1912. Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	12,000	25,000	1,143	8,779	8,780	17,559
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	10,000	19,000	715	8,806	8,806	17,612
3.—Land Revenue	3,53,000	2,61,000	6,14,000	42,114	3,20,682	2,31,175	5,51,857
6.—Stamps	11,000	11,000	22,000	1,503	6,996	6,995	13,991
7.—Excise	7,000	8,000	15,000	934	5,397	5,397	10,794
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	118	574	574	1,148
11.—Forest	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	6,964	34,651	34,651	69,302
12.—Registration	5,000	5,000	10,000	859	4,689	4,688	9,377
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...		.	...	...	
14.—Interest on other obligations	...	...	.	...		...	
18.—General Administration	2,94,000	1,59,000	4,53,000	30,109	1,94,985	77,560	2,72,545
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	3,79,000	1,88,000	5,67,000	54,077	3,51,252	1,71,739	5,22,991
19B.— Ditto —Jails	68,000	69,000	1,37,000	8,210	66,514	66,514	1,33,028
20.—Police	8,54,000	8,54,000	17,08,000	1,32,378	7,42,667	7,42,668	14,85,335
22.—Education	64,000	63,000	1,27,000	15,547	49,020	49,020	98,040
23.—Ecclesiastical	41,000	..	41,000	3,514	35,241	...	35,241
24.—Medical	1,23,000	1,07,000	2,30,000	13,357	61,530	47,010	1,08,540
25.—Political	16,80,000	15,04,000	31,84,000	2,74,417	13,81,505	12,60,566	26,42,131
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	45,000	45,000	90,000	4,577	41,208	29,154	70,362
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	59,000	...	59,000	4,558	59,835	...	59,835
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	..	...	...			...	..
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	62,000	62,000	1,24,000	11,261	60,647	60,648	1,21,295
30.—Stationery and Printing	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	6,257	29,839	29,839	59,678
32.—Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000	36,000	3,898	10,075	16,075	32,150
33.—Famine Relief	...	...		...		...	..
36.—Reduction or avoidance of Debt	...	...	..	..			...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	4,29,000	2,19,000	6,48,000	26,452	1,15,685	1,15,685	2,31,370
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	35,000	35,000	70,000	454	12,044	12,043	24,087
45.—Civil Works	10,48,000	10,47,000	20,95,000	1,02,811	6,59,435	6,59,436	13,18,871
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	56,98,000	47,77,000	1,04,75,000	7,47,157	42,68,116	36,39,023	79,07,139
Add—Debt Accounts	..	...	..	58,55,877	..	..	5,32,97,587
TOTAL	...	...	...	66,03,034	...	...	6,12,04,726
Balance on 29th February 1912	..	..		18,72,604		..	18,72,604
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	84,75,638	...	..	6,30,77,330

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th April 1912.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND APRIL 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollars coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...	190	11	12	2	215				...	...	...
Bombay*	.	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	150	...	11	...	162	...	10	4	..	...	...

* Silver tendered for British Dollar coinage but not brought to account . . 7

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 25th April 1912.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL OF BENGAL.

Notice of deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when	REMARKS.
Mrs. Sophia Campbell, a civil pensioner.	Chunar . . .	1st March 1912 .	The District Judge, Mirzapore, on the 20th March 1912.	No information whether deceased left any Will. The assets are below R1,000, the Administrator-General will not administer.
Mr. G. J. Allison .	Drowned between Syriam and Rangoon	21st March 1911 .	The District Judge Hanthawaddy, Rangoon on the 13th March 1912	The deceased is said to have left no Will. The value of the estate being below R1,000, the Administrator-General will not administer the estate.
Mr. Henry Hamilton Hunter.	Cawnpore . .	25th February 1912 .	The District Judge, Cawnpore, on the 7th March 1912.	The deceased is said to have left a Will, probate of which has been granted to his widow, the executrix, named in the Will by the District Judge, Cawnpore
Mr. Thomas Grey Marshall.	Nayasili Tea Estate, Jalpaiguri.	12th " "	The District Judge, Dinajpur, on the 25th March 1912.	The deceased is said to have left no Will The value of the estate is estimated to be above R1,000, and the mother of the deceased has been communicated with as to the administration of the estate
Mr. William O'Brien, a Military pensioner and Conservancy Inspector.	Chunar . . .	25th March "	The District Judge, Mirzapore, on the 12th April 1912.	The deceased has left a Will, which is in the custody of the District Judge, Mirzapore. No application for Probate has been made. The value of the estate being below R1,000, the Administrator-General will not administer.
Mr. John McCulloch Roger.	District Myitkyina .	28th August 1911 .	The District Judge, Myitkyina, on the 10th February 1912	The deceased is said to have died without leaving a Will. Letters of administration on behalf of the father of the deceased have been applied for by one Mr. F. J. Lewis Further report from the District Judge is awaited.
Mr. J. Watson . .	Thanatchoung station, Rangoon.	30th January 1912 .	The District Judge, Hathawaddy, on the 12th March 1912	The deceased is said to have left no Will. The value of the estate is below R1,000, the Administrator-General will not administer.
Mr. R. Wilton . .	Jalpaiguri . .	20th December 1911 .	The District Judge, Dinajpur, on the 26th March 1912.	The deceased died without leaving a Will. The report as to the value of the estate is awaited.
Mr. J. L. Michael .	Rajabhatkhawa .	17th February 1912 .	The District Judge, Dinajpur, on the 1st April 1912.	No information whether deceased left any Will. Further report from the District Judge is awaited.

HENRY T. HYDE,
Administrator-General of Bengal

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET;
Calcutta, the 17th April 1912.

II C

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 183 OF 1910.

Re Charles Alfred Branch of Bombay, Eurasian inhabitant, a Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, residing at Jacob Circle, Aga Khan's Building, an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 27th day of May 1911 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 3rd day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 19th day of April 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 436 OF 1910.

Re Dayashanker Dewshanker Dave, carrying on business as a Sugar Merchant under his own name, Hindu, Inhabitant of Bombay, residing at No. 212, Gulalwady; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of adjudication made herein on the 14th day of November 1910 against the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day annulled.

Dated this 17th day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 18th day of April 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 126 OF 1911.

Re Shaik Abdul Rehman Shaik Masum of Bombay, Mahomedan, residing at Clare Road, No. 5, a clerk in the employ of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company; an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 5th day of April 1911 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 3rd day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 19th day of April 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

In Insolvency.

NO. 95 OF 1912.

Re Nanabhai Allibhai Dawoodi Bora of Bombay, Mahomedan, Inhabitant residing at Parsi Gully in Abdulali Ahmedji's house, a servant in the employ of Abdulali Hasamali, an Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the petition of the abovenamed Insolvent has been this day dismissed and that the order of adjudication made herein on the 13th day of February 1912 against the said Insolvent has been annulled.

Dated this 17th day of April 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT,
Fort, Bombay, this 19th day of April 1912.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 22nd April 1912

No. 610.—Captain F. F. Hunter, I A, Officiating Deputy Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for one month and one day combined with special leave on urgent private affairs for four months and thirty days under Articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 3rd May 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

SURVEY OF INDIA—EASTERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Shillong, the 20th April 1912.

No. 2.—Mr. E. M. Kenny, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations from 1st May 1912 or any subsequent date that he may avail himself of the same.

G. B. HODGSON, Bt.-Col, I.A.,
Superintendent, Eastern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 17th April 1912.

No. 2.—Mr. A. J. A Drake, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, is granted privilege leave under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations for 1 month and 28 days with effect from the 13th May 1912 or any subsequent date.

C. H D. RYDER, Major, R.E.,
Offg. Superintendent, Northern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 20th April 1912.

No. 18.—Mr. P. Kennegy, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, is granted privilege leave for 2 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from 1st April 1912.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Bt.-Colonel, R.E.,
Superintendent, Southern Circle.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 15th April 1912.

No 783 —Lieutenant S. Williams, Adjutant, Mekran Levy Corps, is granted privilege leave for 90 days combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 13th March 1912 or such subsequent date as he avails himself of it.

No. 784 —Lieutenant H W C Robson of the 1-7th Gurkha Rifles, is appointed to officiate as Adjutant, Mekran Levy Corps, with effect from the afternoon of the 25th March 1912

No. 807.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in Pushtu by the Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta on the 1st and 2nd April 1912 :—

1. Assistant Surgeon E. Cordeiro, I.S M.D., with credit.
2. Captain A. G Lind, 58th Rifles, F.F , with credit.
3. Conductor W. E Hart, Indian Ordnance Department.
4. Assistant Surgeon F P. Fordham, I S M D.
5. Captain F H. Moody, 13th Lancers.
6. Captain C H Elliot, 58th Rifles, F.F
7. Lieutenant G H. Pengelley, Royal Artillery.
8. Captain H G. Wilmer, 14th (K G O) Sikhs
9. Store Sergeant M. H. Carney, Indian Ordnance Department.
10. Quarter Master Sergeant F. Ford, 1st Battalion, Essex Regiment
11. Captain W. H. A Lloyd, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 19th April 1912.

No. 1251-410 —Rao Bahadur Munshi Harnam Dass (an extra Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara) on Foreign Service in the Jodhpur State, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twelve days combined with leave on private affairs for four months and eighteen days, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

By order,

W. H. J. WILKINSON,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS

Bangalore, the 20th April 1912.

No. 21.—The licenses issued under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), to Mr. Kohlhoff Gnanaprakasam, formerly of the Latter Rain Mission, in Notifications Nos. 60 and 61, dated the 23rd October 1911, to solemnize

marriages and to grant certificates of marriage within the territories of Mysore including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, are hereby cancelled.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

The 17th April 1912.

No. 19.—Major Percy Alfred Barton, V.D., is granted leave out of India for seven months with effect from the 15th April 1912 or date of departure.

TRANSFER.

The 20th April 1912.

No. 22.—Major John Guthrie Tait, Supernumerary List, is transferred to the Active List, with effect from the 10th April 1912.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

The 17th April 1912.

No. 20.—Captain David Bogie is granted leave out of India for six months, with effect from the 20th April 1912 or date of departure.

The 22nd April 1912.

No. 24.—Major Robert Henry Power Bullen is granted leave out of India for six months with effect from the 19th April 1912 or date of departure.

COORG AND MYSORE RIFLES.

LEAVE.

The 22nd April 1912.

No. 23.—Captain Herbert Martin Mann, V.D., is granted leave for one year out of India, with effect from the 15th April 1912 or date of departure.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 19th April 1912.

No. 18.—Lala Mathra Das, Probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendent, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani held on the 1st April 1912.

The 22nd April 1912.

No. 19.—The 2 years' combined leave to Mr. J. H. White, Officiating Deputy Manager, from 15th April 1912, sanctioned in this office Notification No. 10, dated 27th February 1912, is hereby cancelled.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 16th April 1912.

No. 23.—Mr V H. Boalth, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 17th April 1912 or any subsequent date.

The 19th April 1912.

No 24—Mr S. D. Manson, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, Saharanpur, in class II, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months, *viz*, privilege leave for 3 months and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period, with effect from 2nd May 1912 or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

The 20th April 1912

No. 25—Mr. V. Bayley, Assistant Engineer, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 2nd April 1912.

No. 26.—Major H. A. Cameron, R. E., Deputy Traffic Superintendent, is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260, 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 6 months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 1 month and 19 days and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from the 9th May 1912 or any subsequent date.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lucknow, the 23rd April 1912.

No. 11.—Mr. A. O. Evans, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, class III, grade 3, Superior Revenue Establishment, State Railways, has been granted three months' Examination Leave under para 391 of the State Railway Open Line Code, Volume II (Provisional Issue), with effect from the 22nd April 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th April 1912.

No. 67-*S. Ap.*—Mr. V. Desikachari, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 6th May 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. K. Venkatarao Naidu, Inspector of post offices, Vizianagram Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. V. Desikachari, or until further orders.

No. 71-*S. Ap.*—Mr. F. T. Peter, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 1st May 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. C. R. Ranganatha Rao, clerk, office of the Postmaster-General, Madras, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. F. T. Peter, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director General of Posts and Telegraphs.

THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA IN THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Mount Abu, the 18th April 1912.

No. 1007-S.—The land designated below being required for a public purpose declaration is made accordingly :—

District.	Perganah.	Mauza.	Approximate Area.	For what purpose.	Authority.	REMARKS.
Ajmer	Ajmer	Ajmer	22·681 Acres. Boundaries— *North*—Madar Sahib's Nullah and Mungoo Mali's land and houses. *South*—Railway land and Railway Quarters No. 52. *East*—Railway main line from Ajmer to Delhi. *West*—Madar Sahib's Nullah and Dadajiki Chutri and Zahoor Sahib's Graveyard.	For building quarters for Railway Officers at Ajmer.	Letter No. 1214-W., dated 23rd January 1912, from the Agent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, to the Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana, Public Works Department.	The plan can be seen in the office of the Railway Executive Engineer at Ajmer. Plan No. 177-R. M. R. Plan No. 187-R. M. R.
Ajmer	Ajmer	Ajmer	1·8967 acres— *North*—Railway main line from Ajmer to Delhi. *South*—Madar Sahib's Nullah. *East*—Railway main line from Ajmer to Delhi. *West*—Mungoo Mali's land and Raghunath Mali's land.	For building quarters for Railway Officers at Ajmer.	Letter No. 1214-W., dated 23rd January 1912, from the Agent, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, to the Secretary to the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana, Public Works Department.	The plan can be seen in the office of the Executive Engineer, R. M. Railway at Ajmer. Plan No. 177-R. M. R. Plan No. 187-R. M. R.

This declaration is made under section 6 of Act I of 1894 (Land Acquisition) and under section 7 of that Act the Collector is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the land specified above.

H. C. SANDERS,
Secretary to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara in the P. W. Department.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 22nd April 1912.

No. 2-T.—Mr. C. O'Doherty, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, has been granted combined leave for 6 months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for 3 months, under Article 260, combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 338 of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 9th of March 1912.

No. 3-T.—Mr. Palamal, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, has been granted combined leave for 24 months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for 3 months, under Article 260, combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 338 of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 19th of March 1912.

This cancels this Department's Notification No. 58-T., dated the 4th of March 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

The 25th April 1912.

No. 4-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 10th April to 23rd April 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.		Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.			
Chandur Bazar	Central Provinces	16th April	1912	Opened.
Gyanpur	United Provinces	19th „	„	„
Kawnhla	Burma	10th „	„	„
Masein	Ditto	20th March	„	Closed.
Olavakkot	Madras Presidency	15th April	„	Opened.
Rotung	Eastern Bengal and Assam	6th „	„	Closed.
Siruguppa	Madras Presidency	1st „	„	Opened.
	Railway Telegraph Offices.			
Bankata	Bengal and North Western Railway	10th April	„	Opened.
Cheruthurithi	South Indian Railway	1st April	„	Closed.
Hissar	Jodhpur-Bikaner Railway	8th July	1911	Opened.
Kallayi	Ditto ditto	1st „	„	„
Kateri Road	Ditto ditto	22nd March	1912	Opened
Mahe	Ditto ditto	1st April	„	Closed.
Mambalam	Ditto ditto	1st „	„	„
Manjhi Ghat	Bengal and North Western Railway	28th March	„	„
New Strand Road	Assam Bengal Railway	1st April	„	Opened.
Parpanangadi	South Indian Railway	1st „	„	Closed.
Tanur	Ditto	1st „	„	„
Vadbar	Ditto	1st „	„	„

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

"Baghdogra" instead of "Bagdogra".
"Barsoighat" „ "Barsoi Ghat".
"Begu-Sarai" „ "Begusarai".
"Bhabua" „ "Bhabhua".
"Bihia" „ "Behea".
"Guskhara" „ "Gushkara".
"Liluah" „ "Lillooah".
"Manihari" „ "Monihari".
"Nabadwip" „ "Navadwipa".
"Naksalbari" „ "Naxalbari".
"Pratabganj" „ "Partabganj".
"Rangli Rangliot" „ "Rangli-Rungliot".
"Salkhia" „ "Salkia".
"Sheikhpura" „ "Shaikhpura."
"Simaltala" „ "Simultala."
"Simla West" „ "Simla Summer Hill."
"Ukhra" „ "Ukhara."
"Uluberia" „ "Ulubaria."

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

"Mandi Dhanaura" instead of "Kamalpur-Dhanaura."

Corrigenda :—In the Telegraph Department Notification No. 68-T., dated the 28th March 1912, incorporated in the *Gazette of India*, Part II of 30th March 1912, the spelling of the names of the Railway Telegraph Offices should be as follows :—

Achalganj, Jumnapur, Pauta, Shahbznagar and Zindapur.

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

In accordance with the provisions of section 5 of Act VI of 1878, notice is hereby given to all whom it may concern, that about beginning of July 1911, certain treasure to wit—

24 Gold varas		
64 "	(on one side of each vara there is a figure of an elephant and on the other side a picture)	
686 "		
774 with two earthen ports		

of an approximate value of R5,418 was found in the house of Bharmappa Meenappa Ajjappanavar of Mugad and all persons claiming the said treasure or any part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Assistant Collector, 1 Division, Dharwar, on the day of 22nd August 1912 at Dharwar when the Assistant Collector will proceed to hold an enquiry in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

G. A. THOMAS,
Assistant Collector, 1st Division, Dharwar

THE YEARLY EXAMINATION OF CANDIDATES FOR FOURTH GRADE OF ACCOUNTANTS.

Monday, the 3rd June, being a Gazetted holiday, the yearly Examination qualifying for admission to the Subordinate Accounts Branch for 4th grade Public Works Department will be held at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on Tuesday and Wednesday, the 4th and 5th June 1912.

SUBJECTS

	Full marks.	Minimum pass marks.
Writing (neatness, clearness and rapidity)	100	50
Dictation (spelling, punctuation, etc.)	100	50
Arithmetic (the whole)	240	160
Mensuration (*a*) (the whole)	60	30
Book-keeping (*b*) (mercantile)	100	50
TOTAL	600	.

Minimum required in all papers collectively, 400

(*a*) Todhunter's "Mensuration for Beginners."
(*b*) "Book-keeping" by Ball and Hamilton.
"Book-keeping by double and single entry," by W. Inglis (Chambers' Educational Course)

1. The examination is held annually at the Civil Engineering College, Sibpur, on the first Monday in June. The examination will be conducted, either at the College, or by an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), in Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma only. The examination will be *ipso facto* vitiated, if it be not held (begun and completed) on the dates fixed; but the officer who will conduct the examination may make his own arrangements with the candidates in regard to the *place* and *hour* of examination.

Candidates will not be examined in any of the Calcutta offices.

A candidate already in permanent Government employ* may be allowed to compete in the examination, even if he is more than 25 years of age, and may be appointed to an accountantship, if he passes it; but if he is not already in pensionable service, he will be eligible only for appointment to the non-pensionable establishment on State Railways.

* This term includes employment under Local Boards and Foreign bodies, if such is pensionable by the British Government.

2. The candidate should apply to an Accountant General not later than 30 days previous to the date fixed for the examination and obtain his consent to conduct the examination, if examination at the College is not convenient. The application must bear the address of the candidate, must be accompanied by a fee of R10 and the following certificates and registration form duly filled in, and must be forwarded by him not direct to the Principal, but through the Accountant-General.

Certificates may be submitted in original, or true copies attested by an officer of the Engineer or Accounts Branch, but none will be returned:—

(1) Certificate of good character signed by applicant's immediate official superior, or by the instructor under whom he has been educated, or by some other superior under whom

he may have been brought up or employed, or to whom he may be well known. (This certificate must have special reference to the two years immediately preceding the application.)

(2) Certificate of age, baptismal or of birth (not required, if the candidate is already in permanent Government employ).

(3) Certificate that the application is in the candidate's hand-writing.

(4) Registration statement containing the following information :—

(*a*) Name in full.

(*b*) Father's name.

(*c*) Nationality or class, *i e*, European, Anglo-Indian or Indian, of candidate ; and, if Indian, caste or tribe.

(*d*) Date of birth.

(*e*) Place of birth

(*f*) Present address.

(*g*) Examinations passed.

(*h*) Thumb mark of candidate, left hand; to be made in the presence of a responsible person who knows candidate.

(*k*) Signature and address of above-mentioned witness.

NOTE.—A candidate already in Government service should, in like manner, submit his application, through his immediate official superior to an Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project), qualified to hold the particular examination, and should state whether he desires to be examined at the office of the Accountant-General concerned or at the College

It will rest with the Accountant-General (including Government Examiner of Railway Accounts and Examiner of Accounts, Lower Ganges Bridge Project) to whom the candidate submits his application, to decide, on a consideration of the certificates submitted, whether the candidate should be allowed to appear for the examination, or whether his application should be rejected. The Accountant-General or the other officers referred to will then forward to the Principal, for registration, the names of the accepted candidates, together with their registration statements, which should be signed by the Accountant-General. The registration statements should be carefully preserved by the Principal. The names of these candidates should be entered in a statement showing their ages and their addresses, and also showing where each candidate is to be examined, whether at the College or at the office of the Accountant-General This statement, together with the fees, should be transmitted to the Principal not later than 15 days after the dates fixed in paragraph 2 for the submission of applications of candidates.

3. Examination papers that are issued for examination need not be returned.

4. Each examination is complete in itself. A candidate who has failed in an examination, and presents himself for examination on a subsequent occasion, must undergo the full examination and furnish fresh fee and certificates.

5. If from any cause a candidate fails to appear for the examination, the fee paid will not be refunded.

6. It must be distinctly understood that the passing of this examination does not give any claim to an appointment and that, in making appointments, preference will be given to qualified persons who are already employed in the Department.

7. Passed candidates should apply, not to the Principal of the College, nor to the Comptroller-General but direct to the Accountant-General or Government Examiner of Railway Accounts in the province or railway under whom they may desire to be employed.

8 The Civil Engineering College acts solely as an examining body in reference to admission to the 4th grade of Accountants, Public Works Department.

9. Candidates for the 4th grade Accountantship examination, who are not Government servants and over 25 years of age, are allowed to appear at the examination of the Sibpur College centre only, but, even if successful, they are debarred from employment in the service of Government, and their names will be excluded from the list of passed candidates which is furnished to the Comptroller and Auditor General.

10. Candidates over 25 years of age should apply in writing to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College not later than 30 days previous to the examination ; the application to be accompanied by the fee of rupees ten, and the Registration statement prescribed in rule 2 (4).

B. HEATON,
Principal.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE,
Sibpur, the 25th March 1912.

HIGH COURT—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

RULES.

AT THE COUNCIL CHAMBER, WHITEHALL,

The 16th day of December, 1911.

Present:

HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE ARTHUR OF CONNAUGHT.
ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY. LORD CHANCELLOR.
LORD PRESIDENT.

Prime Minister . . . . Earl Beauchamp.
Master of the Horse . . Lord Emmott.

Whereas His Majesty was pleased by His Commission dated the 10th day of November, 1911, to nominate and appoint His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, K.G., G.C.V.O., His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, G.C.V O., the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and the Lord President of the Council, or any two of them, in His Majesty's absence from the United Kingdom, to summon and hold on His Majesty's behalf His Privy Council and to signify thereat His Majesty's approval of any matter or thing to which His Majesty's approval in Council is required:

And whereas there were this day read at the Board certain Rules made by the Honourable Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal under Section 7 of the Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890, for regulating the Procedure and Practice in cases brought before the said High Court under the said Act:

Now, therefore, His Royal Highness Prince Arthur of Connaught, His Grace the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, the Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, and the Lord President of the Council, being authorized thereto by His Majesty's said Commission, have taken the said Rules (a copy whereof is hereunto annexed) into consideration and do hereby, by and with the advice of His Majesty's Privy Council, on His Majesty's behalf, approve the same.

ALMERIC FITZROY.

Rules referred to in the foregoing Order in Council.

RULES

For regulating the Procedure and Practice in cases brought before the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal under the Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890.

1. In the construction of these rules the following terms shall (if not inconsistent with the context or subject matter) have the respective meanings hereinafter assigned to them; that is to say:—

"The Court" shall mean the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal.

"Judge" shall mean a Judge of the said Court.

"Registrar" shall mean the Registrar of the said Court, on its original side, or other officer authorised to perform the duties of such Registrar.

"Registry" shall mean the office of the Registrar.

"Marshal" shall mean the Marshal or his substitute or substitutes or other officer who may be appointed by the Chief Justice to execute the process of the Court.

"Attorney" shall mean any Attorney entitled to practise in the said Court, or the party himself if conducting his suit in person.

"Suit" shall mean any suit, action, or other proceeding instituted in the said Court in its jurisdiction under the Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act.

"Affidavit" shall, in addition to its ordinary meaning, include a statement in writingt on solemn affirmation wherever by law a person may make a solemn affirmation instead of an oath.

2. These rules shall, if previously approved by His Majesty in Council, come into operation on a day to be fixed by the Court and shall apply to all suits instituted on and after that day.

3. A suit shall be instituted by a plaint drawn up, subscribed and verified according to the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, save that if the suit is *in rem* the defendants may (subject to such variation as the circumstances may require) be described as "the owners and parties interested in" the vessel or other property proceeded against instead of by name.

4. In suits *in rem* a warrant for the arrest of property may be issued at the instance either of the plaintiff or of the defendant at any time after the suit has been instituted, but no warrant of arrest shall be issued until an affidavit by the party or his agent has been filed, and the following provisions complied with:—

(*a*) The affidavit shall state the name and description of the party at whose instance the warrant is to be issued, the nature of the claim or counter-claim, the name and nature of the property to be arrested, and that the claim or counter-claim has not been satisfied.

(*b*) In a suit of wages or of possession the affidavit shall state the national character of the vessel proceeded against; and if against a foreign vessel, that notice of the institution of the suit has been given to the Consul of the State to which the vessel belongs, if there be one resident in Calcutta and a copy of the notice shall be annexed to the affidavit.

(*c*) In a suit of bottomry the bottomry bond, and if in a foreign language also a notarial translation thereof, shall be produced for the inspection and perusal of the Registrar, and a copy of the bond, or of the translation thereof, certified to be correct, shall be annexed to the affidavit.

(*d*) In a suit of distribution of Salvage the affidavit shall state the amount of Salvage money awarded, or agreed to be accepted, and the name, address and description of the party holding the same.

5. The Court or a Judge may in any case, if they or he thinks fit, allow the warrant to issue, although the affidavit in rule 4 mentioned may not contain all the required particulars, and in a suit of wages the Court or Judge may also waive the service of the notice, and in a suit of bottomry the production of the bond.

6. In suits *in rem* no service of writ or warrant shall be required when the attorney of the defendant waives service and undertakes in writing to appear and to give security or to pay money into Court in lieu of security.

7. An Attorney not entering appearance or giving security or paying money into Court in lieu of security in a suit *in rem* in pursuance of his written undertaking so to do shall be liable to attachment.

8. Every writ, warrant and process shall be served by the Marshal or his substitute. Every warrant shall be returned to the Registry within six days from the date thereof.

9. In suits *in rem* service of summons or warrant against ship, freight or cargo on board, is to be effected by nailing or affixing the original writ or warrant for a short time on the main mast or on the single mast of the vessel and by taking off the process, leaving a true copy of it nailed or affixed in its place.

10. If the cargo has been landed or transhipped, service of the writ or warrant to arrest the cargo and freight shall be effected by placing the writ of summons or warrant for a short time on the cargo, and by, on taking off the process, leaving a true copy upon it.

11. If the cargo be in the custody of a person who will not permit access to it, service of the writ or warrant may be made upon the custodian.

12. In a suit *in rem* any person not named in the writ may intervene and appear on filing an affidavit showing that he is interested in the property under arrest or in the fund in the Registry.

13. After the expiration of 12 days from the return of a warrant, if no appearance shall have been entered in the suit, the attorney for the plaintiff may cause the suit to be set down for hearing.

14. If when the suit comes before the Court, the Judge is satisfied that the plaintiff's claim is well founded, he may pronounce for the claim and may order the property to be sold with or without previous notice and the proceeds paid into the Registry or may make such order in the premises as he shall think just.

15. An attorney desiring to enter an appearance in any suit, shall file in the Registry a præcipe, a copy of which shall have been previously served on the adverse attorney.

16. The præcipe shall contain the name of the attorney and an address in Calcutta at which it shall be sufficient to leave all instruments and documents in the suit.

17. Where security is to be given in the Registry, it shall be given according to the rules and practice of the Court as to security in the case of an attachment before judgment in an ordinary Civil suit.

18. Property arrested by warrant shall only be released under the authority of an instrument issued by the Registrar, to be called a "release."

19. An attorney at whose instance any property has been arrested may, before an appearance has been entered, obtain the release thereof by filing a præcipe to withdraw the warrant.

20. An attorney may obtain the release of any property by paying into the Registry the sum in which the suit has been instituted.

21. Cargo arrested for the freight only, may be released by an order of a Judge in Chambers upon proof by affidavit of the value of the freight and by paying the amount of the freight into the Registry.

22. In a suit of salvage the value of the property under arrest shall be agreed to or proved by affidavit to the satisfaction of a Jugde in Chambers before the property is released.

23. Where security shall have been given in the sum in which the suit has been instituted or such sum shall have been paid into the Registry, and if the suit be one of salvage the value of the property arrested shall have been proved to the satisfaction of a Judge in Chambers, an attorney shall be entitled to a release for the same, unless there be a Caveat against the release thereof outstanding in the "Caveat Release Book."

24. The release, when obtained, shall be left with a præcipe in the office of the Marshal by the attorney taking out the same, who shall also at the same time pay all costs, charges and expenses attending the care and custody of the property whilst under arrest, and the Marshal shall thereupon release the property.

25. An attorney in a suit desiring to prevent the release of any property under arrest, shall file in the Registry a præcipe, and thereupon a Caveat against the release of the property shall be entered in a book to be kept in the Registry called the "Caveat Release Book."

26. A party delaying the release of any property by the entry of a Caveat shall be liable to be condemned in costs and damages, unless he shall show, to the satisfaction of the Court or a Judge, good and sufficient reason for having so done.

27. A party desiring to prevent the arrest of any property may cause a Caveat against the issue of a warrant for the arrest thereof to be entered in the Registry.

28. For this purpose he shall cause to be filed in the Registry a notice, signed by himself or his attorney, undertaking to enter an appearance in any suit that may be instituted against the said property, and to give security in such suit in a sum not exceeding an amount to be stated in the notice, or to pay such sum into the Registry, and a Caveat against the issue of a warrant for the arrest of the property shall thereupon be entered in a book to be kept in the Registry called the "Caveat Warrant Book."

29. Before issuing a warrant for the arrest of the property, the Registrar shall ascertain whether or not any Caveat has been entered against the issue of a warrant for the arrest thereof.

30. An attorney instituting a suit against any property in respect of which a Caveat has been entered in the Caveat Warrant Book shall forthwith serve a copy of the plaint upon the party on whose behalf the Caveat has been entered or upon his attorney.

31. Within three days from the service of a copy of the plaint, the party on whose behalf the Caveat has been entered shall, if the sum in which the suit has been instituted does not exceed the amount for which he has undertaken, give security in such sum or pay the same into the Registry, or if it exceeds that amount give security in the sum in which the suit has been instituted or pay the same into the Registry.

32. After the expiration of twelve days from the service of a copy of the plaint, if the party on whose behalf the Caveat has been entered shall not have given security in such sum, or paid the same into the Registry, the plaintiff's attorney may proceed with the suit by default, and have it heard : Provided that the Court may on good cause shown and on such terms as to payment of costs as it may impose, extend the time for giving security or paying the money into the Registry.

33. If when the suit comes before the Court it is satisfied that the claim is well-founded it may pronounce for the amount which appears to be due, and may enforce the payment thereof by order and attachment against the party on whose behalf the Caveat has been entered, and by the arrest of the property if it then be or thereafter come within the jurisdiction of the Court.

34. The preceding rules shall not prevent an attorney from taking out a warrant for the arrest of any property, notwithstanding the entry of a Caveat in the "Caveat Warrant Book," but the party at whose instance any property in respect of which a Caveat is entered shall be arrested, shall be liable to be condemned in costs and damage, unless he shall show, to the satisfaction of the Court, good and sufficient reason for having so done.

35. Every sale under the decree of the Court shall, unless the Judge shall otherwise order, be made by the Marshal in like manner as a sale of moveable property in execution of a decree in an ordinary Civil suit.

36. The Marshal shall pay into Court the gross proceeds of sale of any property sold by him, and shall at the same time bring into the Registry the Account of Sale, with

vouchers in support thereof, for taxation by the Taxing Officer of the Court, to whom the same shall be transmitted by the Registrar for that purpose.

37. Any person interested in the proceeds may be heard before the Taxing Officer on the taxation of the account of expenses and an objection to the taxation shall be heard in the same manner as an objection to the taxation of an attorney's bill of costs.

38. All money paid into Court shall be paid to the Registrar.

39. Money paid into Court shall not be paid out of Court, except in pursuance of an order of the Court or a Judge.

40. Security for latent demands shall not, unless the Judge shall otherwise order, be required on the payment of money out of Court.

41. An attorney desiring to prevent the payment of monies out of the Registry shall file a notice and thereupon a Caveat shall be entered in a book, to be kept in the Registry called the "Caveat Payment Book."

42 Applications may be made either in Court or to a Judge in Chambers.

43. Forms of præcipes required to be filed in the Registry or the Marshal's office may be obtained on application in the Registry. They may be varied or altered by a Judge at his discretion.

44. Every præcipe shall be signed either by the party or by his attorney.

45. If a præcipe be not properly filled up the Registrar or the Marshal, as the case may be, may refuse to receive the same or to act thereon.

46. A Caveat, whether against the issue of a warrant, the release of property, or the payment of money, out of the Registry, shall not remain in force for more than six months from the day of the date thereof.

47. A Caveat may be withdrawn by the party on whose behalf it has been entered or by his attorney; but the præcipe to lead the withdrawal thereof shall, save by permission of the Registrar, be signed by the person who signed the præcipe to lead the entry of the Caveat.

48. Application may be made to the Court on motion or to a Judge in Chambers, by summons to over-rule any Caveat.

49. The fees of Court and the fees to be allowed to the attorneys shall be those set out in the tables of fees sanctioned for proceedings under the Original Civil Jurisdiction of the High Court. The fees to be taken by the Marshal shall be those set forth in the Schedule hereto.

50. The forms used in the Admiralty Division of the Supreme Court in England under the rules of the Supreme Court, in 1883, shall be followed as nearly as the circumstances of each case will allow.

51. Where no other provision is made by these rules proceedings in suits brought in the Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction under the Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890, shall be regulated by the rules and practice of the Court in suits brought in it in the exercise of its Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction.

SPECIAL SUMMARY PROCEDURE.

52. The parties to any suit may have the same dealt with, heard and determined in accordance with the following special rules upon filing in the Registry a consent signed by the parties or their attorneys duly authorised in that behalf in the form given below.

53. After such consent has been filed application may be made by any party to the Judge in Chambers to appoint a day for the hearing, and to give directions.

54. There shall be no pleadings beyond a statement of claim verified by affidavit, but if there be a counter-claim notice thereof shall be given in writing before such consent as aforesaid in signed.

55. List of documents shall be exchanged and mutual inspection of documents given at or before a time appointed by the Judge on the hearing of the application aforesaid.

56. At the hearing of the application, aforesaid, unless it shall sufficiently appear from the statement of claim or otherwise in writing, the plaintiff shall specify the cause or causes of action in respect of which the suit is brought, and if practicable the amount actually claimed, and the defendant shall specify the grounds of defence on which he relies and in salvage claims, the plaintiff and defendant respectively shall at the same time, or within such time as the Judge shall direct, state the values of their property and, if required, by affidavit. In the case of a counter-claim the cause or causes of action and the claim therein and the grounds of defence thereto shall be similarly stated.

57. The Judge shall be at liberty to receive, call for, and act upon, such evidence, documentary or otherwise, whether legally admissible or not, as he may think fit.

58. If in any suit the sum awarded, or for which judgment is given, exceeds the sum, if any, tendered, the Judge may nevertheless exercise his discretion as to how and by whom the costs shall be borne.

59. There shall be no appeal from any order or judgment of the Judge except on a question of law, and then only by his leave.

60. In other respects the ordinary rules and practice shall apply so far as may be necessary. Notwithstanding anything in these special rules, the Judge may, if he thinks fit, make such orders as he might make under the ordinary rules and practice.

61. The foregoing rules shall apply to suits brought in the Court in the exercise of its Admiralty Jurisdiction in supersession of all former rules.

L. JENKINS.
R. HARINGTON.
H. L. STEPHEN.
JOHN G. WOODROFFE.
ASHUTOSH MUKHARJI.
C. P. CASPERZ.
H. HOLMWOOD.
C. W. CHITTY.
E. E. FLETCHER.
S. SHURF-UD-DIN.
H. R. H. COXE.
H. W. C. CARNDUFF.
DIGAMBAR CHATARJI.
NALINI RANJAN CHATARJI.
W. TEUNON.

These Rules shall come into operation on the first day of July 1912.

By order of the Full Court.

J. H. HECHLE,

Registrar, High Court, Original Side.

Form of Consent to the application of the Summary Procedure.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL

(AS A COLONIAL COURT OF ADMIRALTY).

Between *Plaintiff,*

and

Defendant.

We the undersigned respectively hereby agree that this cause shall be dealt with, heard and determined according to the Summary Procedure.

Dated this day of 19 .

Plaintiff's Attorney.

Defendant's Attorney.

NOTE—As the above-mentioned Rules depart from the ordinary rules and practice it will be necessary for attorneys signing this consent to obtain their clients' authority to do so

Schedule of Fees and charges to be allowed to the Marshal.

		Rs.	*a*	*p.*
1.	For serving every writ of summons including Bailiff's charge for serving same and making affidavit	10	0	0
2.	For every search of service of summons or other process	1	0	0
3	For every ordinary return	1	0	0
4.	For every special return	2	0	0
5	For translation when necessary per folio	0	8	0
6	For arresting a vessel or goods or person or on the execution of other warrant including Bailiff's charge for executing same	32	0	0
7	For serving every notice and other judicial process not specified in this schedule for each person served including Bailiff's charge for serving same	5	0	0
8	On the execution of any decree order commission or other instrument not specially mentioned in this schedule	15	0	0
9.	On attending, appointing and swearing appraisers	15	0	0
10.	On delivering up a ship or goods to a purchaser agreeably to the inventory	15	0	0
11	On attending the delivery of cargo or sale or removal of a ship or goods per day	32	0	0
12	On retaining possession of a ship with or without cargo, or of a ship's cargo without a ship, to include the cost of a ship keeper, if required, per day	4	8	0
13.	If the Marshal or any of his substitutes is required to go a greater distance than five miles from his office to perform any of the above duties, he shall be entitled to his reasonable expenses for travelling, board, and maintenance, in addition to the above fees			
14	On the sale of any vessel or goods sold pursuant to a decree or order of the Court or on moneys realised in execution for every Rs. 750 or fraction of Rs. 750 realised	7	8	0
15.	For release of a vessel, goods or person from arrest	5	8	0
16.	For every certificate of seizure	5	0	0
17.	For every other certificate	3	0	0

No. 1.
Writ of Summons in Admiralty Suits in Rem. (Rules 8 and 51.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

To

The owners and parties interested in the Ship or Vessel of th port of (*or cargo and freight, etc., as the case may be*).

Greeting: whereas (*enter the name, description an address of the Plaintiff*) has instituted a suit in this Court against you (*se out concise statement as appearing in the Plaint*) you are hereby required t

Plaint filed 191 . cause an appearance to be entered for you in the Registry (*i.e.*, the office of th

Summons issued 191 . Registrar of this Court on its Original Side) within days from the servic upon you of this summons, exclusive of the day of such service; and are sum moned to appear before this Court in person or by an Advocate duly instru

The defendant re-quired by the Court to file a written statement within days from the service upon of this writ.

ted by an attorney of the Court to answer the Plaintiff's claim on the day t case is set down for hearing, upon which date you must be prepared to produ all your witnesses and all documents in your possession or power upon whi you intend to rely in support of your case; and you are hereby required take notice that in default of your causing an appearance to be so entered, t suit will be liable to be heard and determined in your absence.

WITNESS

CHIEF JUSTICE at Fort William

the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand

nine hundred and

Attorney. *Registrar.*

Sealer.

NOTE 1.—An appearance in person or through attorney is to be entered in the Registry within the time limited. In default thereof, the suit will be liable to be heard *ex-parte.*

NOTE 2.—The written statement called for must be filed within the time limited, the defendant having first entered an appearance. In default thereof the suit will be liable to be heard *ex-parte.*

NOTE 3.—This writ must be returned to the High Court immediately after the service thereof, or, if not served and the time for the return thereof shall not have been extended on the day of next

NOTE 4.—Should you apprehend your witnesses will not attend of their own accord you can have subpœnas from this Court to compel the attendance of any witness and the production of any document that you have a right to call upon the witness to produce, on applying to the Court at any time before the trial, and on payment to them of the fees and expenses prescribed by the Rules of this Court.

NOTE 5.—If you admit the demand you should pay the money into Court with the costs of the suit to avoid sale of any property in respect of which the suit is brought or execution of the decree which may be against your person or property, or both.

No. 2.

Præcipe for Warrant. (Rule 4.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I, attorney for the (*state whether plaintiff or defendant*), pray a warrant to arrest (*state name and nature of property.*)

Dated the day of 19 .

(*To be signed by the attorney.*)

Form No. 3.

Warrant of Arrest in Admiralty Suit in Rem. (Rule 4)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff,

and

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

To the Marshal

We hereby command you to arrest the Ship or Vessel of the port of (*and the cargo and freight, etc., as the case may be*) and to keep the same under safe arrest, until you shall receive further orders from us.

Witness, etc.,

No. 4.

Præcipe for service by the Marshal of any Instrument in Rem. other than a Warrant. (Rule 8.)

SUIT No. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I, attorney for the (*state whether plaintiff or defendant*) pray that the (*state nature of instrument*) left herewith be duly executed.

Dated the day of 19

(*To be signed by the attorney.*)

No. 5.

Præcipe for Appearance. (Rule 15.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

Enter an appearance for

in this suit.

Dated the day of 19 .

(*Signed*)

whose address for service is

Attorney for the said defendant.

No. 6.

Præcipe for Release. (Rules 19 and 24.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I, attorney for the (*state whether plaintiff or defendant*) in a suit (*state nature of suit*), commenced on behalf of against the (*state name and nature of property*), now under arrest by virtue of a warrant issued from the Registry pray a release of the said (bail having been given, *or* the suit having been withdrawn by me before an appearance was entered therein, etc., as the case may be), and there being no caveat against the release thereof outstanding.

Dated the day of 19 .

(*To be signed by the attorney*).

No. 7.

Release. (Rule 18).

SUIT No. OF 19 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and so forth.*

To the Marshal

Greeting: whereas in a suit of commenced in our said High Court on behalf of against we did command you to arrest the said and to keep the same under safe arrest until you should receive further orders from us. Now we do hereby command you to release the said from the arrest effected by virtue of our warrant in the said suit, upon payment being made to you of all costs charges and expenses attending the care and custody of the property whilst under arrest in that suit.

Witness, etc.

Registrar.

Release

Taken out by on the day of

19 , the or vessel (*or cargo and freight, etc., as the case may be*) released from arrest pursuant to this instrument of release.

Sealer.

No. 8.

Præcipe for Caveat Release. (Rule 25.)

SUIT NO. OF 191

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I, attorney for the plaintiff in this action pray a caveat against the release of the (*state name and nature of the property*)

Dated the day of 19 .

(*To be signed by the attorney*).

No. 9.

Præcipe for Caveat Warrant. (Rule 28.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plintiff.

Defendant.

George V. *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India, and so forth.*

I (*state name, address and description*) hereby undertake to enter an appearance in any suit that may be commenced in this Hon'ble Court against (*state name and nature of the property*) and within three days after I shall have been served with a copy of the plaint in such suit to give bail therein in a sum not exceeding (*state amount for which the undertaking is given*) Rupees, or to pay such sum into the Registry. And I consent that all instruments and other documents in such suit may be left for me at

Dated the day of 191 .

(*To be signed by the attorney.*)

No. 10.

Præcipe for Caveat Warrant by Plaintiff. (Rule 28.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I (*state name, address and description*) hereby undertake within three days after I shall have been served with a notice of any counterclaim herein in respect of which the defendant is entitled to arrest (*state name and nature of property*) to give bail to answer such counterclaim in a sum not exceeding (*state amount for which the undertaking is given*) Rupees or to pay such sum into the Registry.

Dated the day of 19 .

(*To be signed by attorney.*)

No. II.

Præcipe to withdraw Caveat (Rule 47.)

SUIT NO. OF 191 .

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

ADMIRALTY JURISDICTION.

Plaintiff.

Defendant.

George V, *by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India and so forth.*

I, attorney for the (*state whether plaintiff or defendant*), pray that the caveat against (*state tenor of caveat*), entered by me on the day of 19 on behalf of (*state name*) may be withdrawn.

Dated the day of 19 .

(*To be signed by the person by whom the præcipe for the entry of the caveat was signed.*)

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Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra.)*
Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*
Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.*
Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*
Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.*
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover, R2. 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. **Twenty-sixth issue.** Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of December 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of February 1912. No. 11. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 12*a.* or 3s. 6*d.* (6*a.*)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2. 8*a.* or 3*s.* 4*d.* (2*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book, 1679-1680. Foolscap. Board. R3 4*a.* or 3*s.* 6*d.* (4*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 12*a*. or 4*s*. 3*d*. (6*a*.)

Records of Fort St. George. Cou ntry Correspondence. Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (5*a*.)

Records of the Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. As. 14 or 1*s*. 3*d*. (3*a*.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (12*a*.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3*a*. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18*s*. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plandism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2*s*. 6*d*.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33*s*. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11*s*. 3*d*. (4*a*.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (11*a*.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12*a*. or 3*s*. (7*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D. Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8*a*. or 2*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (3*a*.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (9*a*.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (2*a*.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12*a*. or 1*s*. 2*d*. (3*a*.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (3*a*.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. (Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8*s*. 3*d*. (8*a*.) With Supplement. R6 4*a*. or 9*s*. 5*d*. (10*a*.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals*. (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968 82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2*a*. or 2*d*. (1*a*.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Prices and Wages in India, 28th issue. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (5*a*.)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12*a*. or 2*s*. 3*d*. (5*a*.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in October and November 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2*a*. or 2*d*. (1*a*.) each.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (4*a*.)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (*b*) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (14*a*.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (4*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5*s*. 6*d*. (9*a*.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2*s*. 7*d*. (3*a*.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R. S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4*a*. or 2*s*. (3*a*.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2*s*. (2*a*.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (2*a*.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a*. or 4*d*. (2*a*.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Host Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3*s*. (3*a*.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14*a*. or 3*s*. (4*a*.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1*a*. 3*p*. or 2*d*. (1*a*.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1a.)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As 10 or 10d. (2a.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. 3p. or 11½d. (2a.)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. or 11d. (2a.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1s. 7d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1s. 4d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-0 or 2s. 1d. (2a.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1s. 9d. (2a.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4a.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4a.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4a.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8a.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4a.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

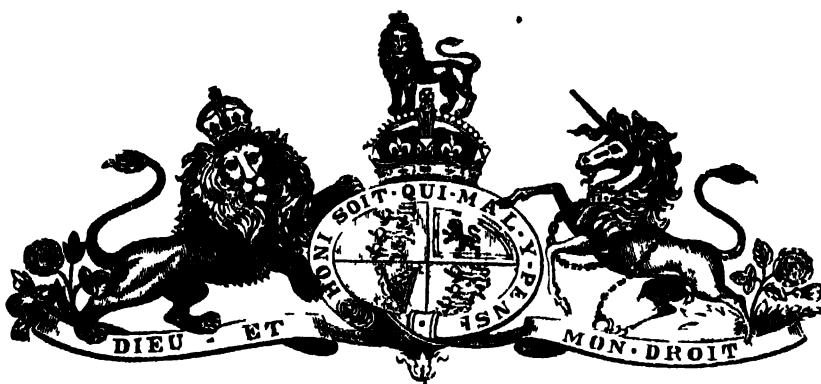
Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1918

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Bombay Municipal Debentures Nos 232, 233, 234, 235, 236 and 237 of the four per cent. 12¾ lacs Loan for R500 each, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bombay and last endorsed to Pragji Fakirbhoy & Dayabhoy Soonderji, the proprietors, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Debentures and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bombay, Bombay, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned Debentures

Name of the Advertiser—PRAGJI FAKIRBHOY,
Residence—Harman Bhagda, Taluka Bulsar, District Surat

Name of the Advertiser—DAYABHOY SOONDERJI,
Residence—Abrama, Taluka Jalalpore, District Surat.

Lost or stolen.

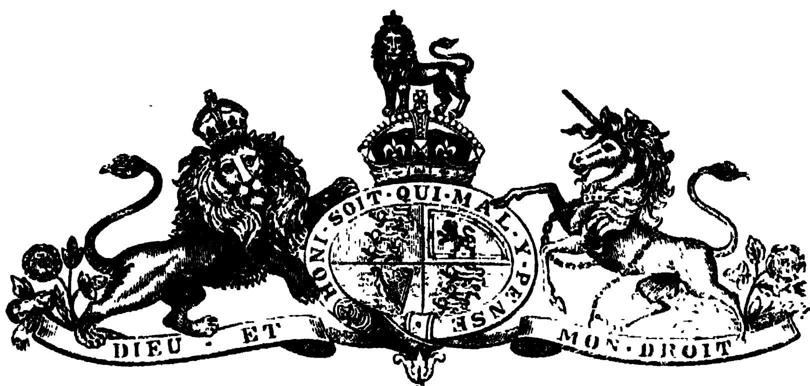
The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 061268 and 061269 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for R500 each originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Nani Kumar Mitra, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, or stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—NANI KUMAR MITRA, B L.,
Residence—Village Ajhapur, District Burdwan, at present Katihar, District Purnea.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. B 027970 (upper half) of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Deepchand Nalchand and last endorsed to Ardeshir D. Marker and Hormusji Edulji Kapadia, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietors. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security.

Names of Advertisers—ARDESHIR D. MARKER,
HORMUSJI EDULJI KAPADIA,
Residence—Quetta.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 17.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO LEAF
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE S[…]ND HALF OF MARCH

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1912	Rice, unhusked 1911	Rice, husked 1912	Rice, husked 1911	Wheat 1912	Wheat 1911	Flour (wheat) 1912	Flour (wheat) 1911	Barley 1912	Barley 1911	Jawar 1912	Jawar 1911	Bajra 1912	Bajra 1911	Ragi 1912
Burma*—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui	...	...	50·39	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	39·26	31·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	42·05	44·14	55·65	55·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon	...	...	43·54	36·57	36·78	34·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	57·14	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	44·44	38·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada	...	...	55·17	34·41	56·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay	...	...	44·44	35·96	41·83	36·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	45·71	37·21	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·38	22·38	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
astern Bengal and Assam*—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	...	...	37·5	36·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...		41·87	35	37·5	37·5	...	...	...	17·5	...	...	...	...	...
Central—															
Pabna	22·5	...	36·25	32·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Rangpur	17·5	...	36·25	35	42·5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—															
Goálpára †	...	15·62	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	15	22·5	38·75	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
engal*—															
Deltaic—															
Midnapur	...	...	36·25	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	...	...	47·5	38·75	41·25	38·75	...	...	32·5	18·12	52·5	30	32·5	30	...
Central—															
Bardwan	...	...		32·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack	...	...	35·31	29·22	33·85	33·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—															
Patna	...	...	30·62	28·44	25·44	28·12	...	...	20	22·5	20	20	...	20	...
Bihár, north—															
Bhágalpur	...	...	34·37	31·25	32·5	28·75	...	...	22·5	17·5	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	40	40	44·37	30·78	...	...	22·19	19·06	...	...	...	...	...
nited Provinces—															
) Agra—															
astern—															
Benares	22·86	20·62	4[illegible]·41	40·42	33·59	31·15	40·86	37·03	22·71	17·45	...	19·01	...	17·45	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	26·67	22·19	42·19	38·07	35·52	30·16	40	35·52	25·42	15·99	21·61	15·99	25·78	20·52	...
Jhánsi	...	...	48·12	45·68	25·57	30·16	...	...	21·04	19·06	22·19	18·44	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut	...	...	47·03	47·03	34·84	26·72	38·12	32·03	26·56	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	47·08	47·08	53·33	53·33	31·08	30·78	41·25	32·81	26·67	18·18	24·22	19·53	29·58	21·61	...
ubmontane, west—															
Shahjahánpur	22·5	18·75	...	...	32·5	26·61	...	...	23·12	18·12	21·87	16·56	23·75	16·12	...
Oudh—															
outhern—															
Lucknow	...	...	43·28	40	31·93	29·06	41·04	36·35	23·54	14·79	20	20	23·54	18·18	...
orthern—															
Fyzabad	22·5	20	44·74	40	32·5	30·62	...	...	22·5	17·5	...	...	...	...	...

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

† Not reported yet

(*The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds*)

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
..	...	..	5714	57·14	.	...	...	.			..	...	.		Mergui
.	...	...							...		...	..		...	Tavoy
.	...	...	40·76	40 76	50	50		.	.	...					Moulmein and Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
..	...	...	33 16	27 71	45 07	44 76	.		.		...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	25	31·22	50	50	51 61	51·61	...				.	...	...	...	Maubin
..	...	...	10·76	34 22	...		.	...		.	...	.	...	.	Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
.	...	..	40	45 07	50	51 2	.	..	...			..		...	Henzada
.	...		...	.	.	...	.	..	.		...	...	..		Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
...	20	16·24	25	21·84	45 07	40 51	58 18	65 98	...	...	...	...			Mandalay
...	...	...	31 22	21 84	...	.		..			..	..	...	.	Pakokku
															Arakan—
..	...	...	42 11	44 44	50	50	...	..	..	.				...	Akyab
															Eastern Bengal and Assam—
															Eastern—
...	.			30	50	45							60	55	Chittagong
...	...	...	..	26 25	41 25	35			.		...	..	...	.	Dacca
															Central—
...	..	...	...	26·25	...	.	..	...	...	..	71 25	70	70		Pabna
															Northern—
...	...	...	...	40	35	40	...	..	...	...		..	62 5	57·5	Rangpur
															Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...		. .		..	.	45	Goálpára
...	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	.		...	110	50	44 37	Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Deltaic—
...	..	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	.	.	72 5	80	62 5 and 72 5	51·25 and 55	Midnapur
...	...	27·5	32 5	22 5	41 25	33 75	27 5	28 75	...	..	82 5	77 5	61 25	57 5	Calcutta
															Central—
..	...	...	27 5	23·75	34 37	32 81	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	50	Bardwan
															Orissa—
...	...		33·75	30·47	33 75	22 34	27 66	25·36	...	...		...	76 15	48 49	Cuttack
															Bihar, south—
...	18·12	18·12	22·19	18·12	32·5	24 37	...	...	...	..	90	95	50	55	Patna
															Bihar, north—
...	23·75	19·87	23 75	19·37	36 25	31 56	20	26 25	...	..	80	81 25	41 87 and 55	42 5 and 50	Bhágalpur
...	20	30·94	28 59	20	40	30·75	19 06	25	...	...		.	...	.	Muzaffarpur
															United Provinces—
															(a) AGRA—
															Eastern—
...	...	...	23·49	18 33	32·6	27·06	...	...	...	...	44 43	31·2	31·41	45	Benares
															Central—
...	20 52	14·79	21 61	17·4	27 55	23 54	33 33	...	22 19	20·32	60 53	80	45 73	43·23	Cawnpore
...	...	12 61	18·28	16·5 6	...	...	...	...	..	25	...	72·81	...	42·19	Jhánsi
															Western—
..	...	...	21·41	18·59	30 78	22 97	22 19	26 72	...	.	...	...	..	...	Meerut
...	...	17·4	19 58	19·06	33 33	26·67	...	50	25	21 61	.	100	53 33	44 43	Agra
															Submontane, west—
...	18·75	16·25	20	20	23·75	25	30	32 5	20	21 87	...	...	...	...	Shahjahánpur
															(b) OUDH—
															Southern—
...	19·06	15·99	21·04	19·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	69·58	72 71	53·33	50	Lucknow
															Northern—
...	19·87	...	20	18·75	23·75	25	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH—*continued*

Districts	Sesamum (*Til or jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Burma—														
Tenasserim— Mergui			581 82	581 82		.	16 93	16	.	..	..	–		...
Tavoy			581 82	533 33		...	20 51	20 51	.	.	.	.		.
Moulmein and Amherst			457 14	400		..	17 98	18·77	.		.	.	.	...
Pegu (deltaic)— Rangoon		.	533 33	457 14		..	18 29	19 69	...		..		...	..
Maubin			640	533 33			21 62	21 77						...
Bassein			492 31	492 31			24 56	23 86	.		.	..		...
Pegu (inland)— Henzada			533 33	492·31			22 86	22·15			..		...	...
Toungoo	...	.				..	24 71	22·61	...		.	..		...
Upper Burma— Mandalay		.	457 14	457·14			22 54	22·07	.			...	...	...
Pakôkku	.		711 11	581 82	.		22 54	22·54	.			..	.	.
Arakan— Akyab			533 33	457 14		.	30 77	26 67	.	.				
Eastern Bengal and Assam—														
Eastern— Chittagong			480	480	[illegible]	60	17 81	17 81		60			..	
Dacca			480	460	70	70	22 5	20		120	.		.	
Central— Pabna				530	47 5	47 5	20 62	18 75	..				.	–
Northern— Rangpur	.		[illegible]	540	60	70	22 5	20 63		70				3 75
Brahmaputra— Goâlpâra*						76 25	..	.	.	...				...
Gauhati			400		58 75	60	27·5			.		...	...	...
Bengal—														
Deltaic— Midnapur			440 to 520	410	110	70	20	17·5	115	87·5 and 90		.		.
Calcutta	75	65	470	450	50	45	18 12	15	65	80	...	...	12 5	12·5
Central— Bardwan		...	460	440	50	50	19 37	16 87	...	.		...	...	...
Orissa— Cuttack	85 78	40 73	431 25	435 31	53·33	49·58	18·12	18·12	101·87	101 87	.	...	5	5
Bihár, south— Patna	70	76 56	420	410	45	40	20·62	20	20	20		..	...	..
Bihár, north— Bhágalpur	58 75	.	480	426 50	45	43 75	20	18 75	80	55	..	...	..	...
Musaffarpur	...		457 5	375	36 25	44·37	20·94	20	160	200	.	...	.	...
United Provinces—														
(a) Agra—														
Eastern— Benares	73 33	61 61	458 91	458·28	43 12	47 92	22·24	22·92	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Cawnpore	100	72·71	457·13	426 67	47·05	48·49	17 76	17 76	75	80	105	105	..	..
Jhánsi	68·12	57 19	387·5	387 60	50	53 33	21 09	19·79	...	..	...	...	5·73	3·33
Western— Meerut			476 41	410·31	47·03	50	17·34	17·34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	.	...	441 35	426 67	57·13	53 33	17·4	17·4	80	100	130	135	8 91	6·67
Submontane, west— Shahjahánpur	..		440	440		.	20·62	20	...	...	120 and 140	110 and 120	..	..
(b) Oudh—														
Southern— Lucknow	.	..	465	427 5	57 13	53·33	21·14	20·94	...	..	125	120	5	3·75
Northern— Fyzabad		.	455	470	35	40	20·94	20·94	...	...	...	...	...	...

* Not reported yet.

(*The figures state prices in rupees per [illegible] in [illegible]*)

Straw 1912	Straw 1911	Jawar stalks 1912	Jawar stalks 1911	Bhusa 1912	Bhusa 1911	Bran 1912	Bran 1911	Sheep, per score 1912	Sheep, per score 1911	Plough bullocks, per pair 1912	Plough bullocks, per pair 1911	Kerosene oil, per tin 1912	Kerosene oil, per tin 1911	Districts
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	10·34	10·29	...	...		...		3	Mergui
...	...	...		...	...	11·43	14·1	...	...	...			3	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85		...			2	3	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	1·75	1·75	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·3	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Maubin
...	...	...	...		...	14·29	11·43			...	...	1·75	1·69	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...		1·62	1·81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...		...			...	...	...	1·94	1·94	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...		...	28·83	24·43		...					Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...			...			...	1·81		Pakokku
														Arakan—
	...			...	...	...		...		...		[illegible]	[illegible]	Akyab
														Eastern Bengal and Assam—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				1·75	1·75	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...			2·06	1·87	Dacca
														Central—
...	10	...		...	...	...			...	...		2	1·87	Pabna
														Northern—
...	10	...		...	...	...	...		...			3·12	2·06	Rangpur
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	..	2·28	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...				1·91	1 [illegible]	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Deltaic—
5	5	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...		1·87	1·53	Midnapur
8·75	7·5	...		17·5	20	23·75	22·5	...	...	...	...	1·72	1·73	Calcutta
														Central—
...	2·81	...		...	...	..	23·75	...				2·03	1·81	Bardwan
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62	...	...	...	...	6·25	6·25	...			...	1·75	1·75	Cuttack
														Bihar, south—
...	3·75	...	...	5·62	5	16·25	18·75		...	...		2	1·87	Patna
														Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·87	1·59	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	5	5	15·94	15·94	...	...			1·94	1·62	Muzaffarpur
														United Provinces—
														(a) Agra—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	7·97	10	21·09	20	...	50	...	40	2·75	2·62	Benares
														Central—
...	...	...	...	7·97	6·15	19·06	16·67	75	75	...	...	2·13	1·91	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	2·19	2·06	Jhánsi
														Western—
...		...	...	7·97	...	19·84	...	...	...	...			2·12	Meerut
5	7·5	8·91	6·67	9·43	5·73	21·04	21·04	...	...	80	80	2·25	3·14	Agra
														Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	5	6·72	30	28·28	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·19	2·19	Shahjahánpur
														(b) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	6·67	7·5	18·75	18·12	40	40	...	...	2·28	1·91	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	8·12	6·87	...	...	...	...	40	35	2	1·87	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH—*continued.*

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar		Bajra		Ragi
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	...	38·75	29·63	...	...	29·06	19·06	29·58	23·24	32·66	25	...
Panjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	...	...	53·28	40	32·03	25	36·41	31·72	23·50	16·67	...	...	...	...	.
Central— Lahore	31·87	28·59	...	47·03	31·72	25·67	36·25	31·98	26·72	15·99	38·28	22·19	30	22·19	.
South-eastern— Delhi	30	25	61·56	38·07	35	29·63	40	34·01	27·5	17·76	27·5	20·52	28·75	24·23	...
Submontane— Amritsar	33·28	27·6	55·16	48·49	30·62	26·2	34·06	28·59	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	26·67	56·25	57·19	...	27·6	...	31·35	25·62	17·76	...	21·61	30	21·61	..
Western— Lyallpur	...	.	..	45	32·5	25·94	35·62	29·69	27·5	19·87	...	25	...	25	...
Multan	27·81	19·37	47·19	37·5	...	29·06	...	33·75	...	16·25	29·69	19·37	31·25	20	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshawar	24·63	..	...	...	36·35	28·96	42·66	34·22	23·59	15·36	30·05	21·98	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	10	26·25	...	...	...	...	...	14·53	29·68	17·5	..
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karachi	..	...	53·75	43·96	40·31	...	...	..	37·19		30	22·81	36·72	28·12	-
Shikarpur	26·25		53·75	48·28	36·25	28·75	...	...	30·62	19·06	36·56	32·81	...	23·44	..
Quetta	..		...	...	38·12 to 40·62	37·5 to 38·75	*65	60	28·28	25·31	35	25·62	...	...	.
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar	...		...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	..	...	...	...	37·92	...	..	...	...	27·03	21·61	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	64·06	44·43	54·60	40	...	..	...	...	34·01	29·17	42·34	32·66	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar			...	...	39·06	33·91	...	...	...	...	29·11	...	37·03	25·62	...
Dhulia		.	...	...	...	32·66	...	...	...	-	31·98	...	36·3	27·03	...
Gujarat— Surat	..	...	...	...	41·82	38·18	..	...	...	...	37·5	28·12	38·91	35·81	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	47	43·96	37·5	36·46	..	...	28·75	21·25	30	21·25	35	30·81	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur			32·75	32·62	34·37	25·5	44·5	36·37	...	...	36·37	20·62	...	..	...
Central— Jubbulpore	..	.	36·37	28·62	33·37	20·62	42·12	36·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	..	35·25	31	31	27	45	35	..	...		...	...	..	...
Berar—															
Akola	..	..	39·75	37	34·75	30	...	...	...	...	26	19·5	...	...	...
Amraoti	.	...	44·75	36·75	35·62	34·62	...	48	...	...	25	21·25	...	...	...
Madras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	32·9	31·9	31·7	29·8	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·2
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	..	...	28	21·1	...	...	...
Cuddapah	41	25·2	.	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	32·9	27·8	33·8	21·9	...
Karnul	..	.	...	...	..	.	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	.	.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	26
East Coast, south— Madras	33·3	28·8	50·8	52·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	28·8	22·6	51	38·8	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	.	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	..	..	...	...		...	..		...	...	...	.	...	...	25·8
Southern— Madura	...	..	...	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	39·1	30	45	36·5	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	24	16	56	44	54	54	47·97	51·98	...	...	25	21	...	...	25
Bangalore	24	16	60	48	52	52	67·76	67·76	...	.	...	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Rajputana—
..	31·25	19·06	25·83	21·82	.	...	61 56	53 13	...	..	106 67	114 27		.	*Eastern*— Ajmer
															Punjab—
...	...	15·31	21·09	16·67	.	...	.	..	26 72	28 59		72 71	...	..	*Southern*— Ferozpur
...	23·78	19·06	24·22	17 81	38 12	29 63	31 72	29 63	2?	28 59	87 66	88 91	50	48 19	*Central*— Lahore
.	21 87	19 06	21·09	18 59	32·?	25		.	25		100		50	45 73	*South-eastern*— Delhi
...	...	16 67	28 12	18 18		..	.	..	27 19	27 81	...	...	55	47 03	*Submontane*— Amritsar
...	26·25	21·61	25	20 52		40		...		28·54		70 ?	..	12 08	*Northern*— Rawalpindi
	23·75	15	22·5	18 75	..	...	...		25 47	25 31		.	5?7		*Western*— Lyallpur
.	...	18 44	24 84	19 22	.	..									Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	29·22	25 57	24 79	20 21	37·19	.	.	...	...	...	.	88 85		..	Peshawar
..	...	...	22 86	16·41	..	..	.	...	.	..		..	35 57	30	Dera Ismael Khan
															Sind and Baluchistan—
..	...	...	30 47	23 12	.	32 5	...	...	27 03	.		..	46 25	36 25	Karachi
...	...	...	29 37	21·25	41·25	32·5		..	28 12	26 25			.	48 75	Shikarpur
	32·5	27·5	.	.	61·25	47·5	44 06	46 56	...	...				.	Quetta
															Bombay—
.	..	.	...		...		..	...	...		..	..			*Deccan and Karnatak*— Dharwar
...	.	...	..	23·7	..	27 20	..	...		..	71 77	76 93		..	Sholapur
...	..	..	30 94	25·78	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	96 ?8	..		Poona
...	..	.	32·71	23 12	32 18	...	.	..	24·17	20 21	78 85	81 73			*Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan*— Ahmadnagar
...	..	.	31·25		...	...	..			23 02	...	80 1		..	Dhulia
...	..		...	...	...	...	...	.		...					*Gujarat*— Surat
..		...	27 5	24 37	40	50	.	..	30	30		.		..	Ahmadabad
															Central Provinces—
..	..	.	29·5	22·12	30 5	26·87	..	.	..	25	78 62	86 87			*Western*— Nagpur
...	..	...	25	20	36·37	30·75	40	37 5	23 56	23 5	72·75	76 13	47	38 12	*Central*— Jubbulpore
...	...	.	24	19·5	30	27		..	...	...	.			.	*Eastern*— Raipur
															Berar—
..	...	...	34·25	23	33 25	30	..	..	20	22	85·25				Akola
.	..	.	30	23·75	26	26	..	.	22 5	16 5	92 25	80 75			Amraoti
															Madras—
...	...	.	42 9	42·9	...	...	...	...	35·2	38·?	..				*South-central*— Coimbatore
26·8	...	...	...	...	34·9	31·8	...	...	...	.				..	Salem
...	...	...	36·9	30·8	25·2	20·7	...	...	31·2	23·1	.	.	..	.	*Central*— Bellary
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	.		Kurnool
27·2	...	...	...	...	27·1	30·1	...	...	...	..		.		...	*East Coast, central*— Nellore
...	...	...	32·9	28·6	.	...	48·1	47 7	30 8	32·4	...		...	.	*East Coast, south*— Madras
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	..	Tanjore
25·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	61·8	61·8	...	...	...	...	..	..	Trichinopoly
...	...	...	...	...	31·7	29·3	...	...	...	...	.	...	.	.	*Southern*— Madura
															Mysore—
22	...	...	35	36	44	46	68·59	68·12	...		...	..	..	..	Mysore
24	...	...	25	26	59	44	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	..	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH—*concluded*

Districts	Sesamum (*Til* or *Jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	94·06	76·2	457·03	426·87	61·56	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	11·41	10
Panjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	458·75	420	61·56	53·38	16·72	15·94	88·91	88·91	145·47	160	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	76·15	470	426·72	...	47·03	14·84	14·79	80	88·91	...	138·54	...	18·33
South-eastern—														
Delhi	88·75	66·67	510	457·13	50	50	17·34	17·4	80	80	130	133·33	18·12	10
Submontane—														
Amritsar	77 5	72 5	460	457·5	61·56	50	14·37	14·37	...	65	...	114·27	...	10
Northern—														
Ráwalpindi	...	...	410	441·35	50	40	13·75	15·31	...	80	...	145·47	14·37	14·27
Western—														
Lyallpur	...	...	440	407·5	52·5	41·25	15	15	80	80	...	140	8·75	...
Multan	72·5	71·25	467·5	412·5	52·5	43·75	15·47	15·47	...	...	...	155·62	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshâwar	...	...	441·41	412·92	72·71	49·22	15·36	15·36	172·97	...	156·09	164·11	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	64·01	72·03	...	...	66·67	43·75	14·37	14·48		...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karáchi	90	82·03	500	440	77·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	...	452·5	...	...	...	...	...	53 75	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	460 to 520	420 to 470	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnátak—														
Dharwar	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	71·09	71·09	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	466·67	417·55	61·51	71·93	...	...	175·42	157·92	92·97	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	...	...	425	372·92	70	78·33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	78·33	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
Gujarat—														
Surat	89·37	...	472·97	421·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	450	396·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	82	77·5	500	450	...	...	23·37	21·62	83·37	83·37	120	120	7·5	6·25
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66·75	53·37	420	410	...	...	23·5	22·87	190	100	183·25	183·37	6·69	5·75
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	460	425	...	...	25	20·5	140	140	125	120	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	78·5	...	387·75	400	...	...	19	20	99	96	...	93	...	...
Amraoti	83·25	77·25	460	400	...	...	19	18	156	120	.	...	10	8
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	93·1	88	487·9	487·9	48·1	48·1	22·5	22·4	...	...	89·6	96	...	...
Salem	...	...	445·2	428·2	...	...	...	...	188·4	188·4	114·7	114·7	...	...
Central—														
Bellary	77·2	66·2	444·5	380·9	67·4	67·4	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	427·8	460·6	...	...	...	11·7	..	...	75·8	82·4	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116·6	116·6	67·8	98·8	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	366·6	400	...	...	15·7	15·7	..	...	...	...	...	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74·1	79·2	493·8	493·8	54·7	49·4	12·5	12·8	131·7	131·7	80·6	104·5	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	466·6	466·6	...	...	13·1	13·1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	641·9	574·4	...	...	17·6	17·6	113·1	133·6	...	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84·2	84·2	540·5	478	...	...	...	...	106·8	106·8	...	..	...	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	72	76	428·59	445·68	68·54	68·54	...	...	197·13*	197·13*	120	102·86	3·65	[illegible]
Bangalore	72	68	437·13	411·41	51·41	68·54	...	...	246·12*	246·12*	171·41	171·41	5·88	[illegible]

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Rajputana— *Eastern—*
8·44	6 15	12·19	7·29	...		29 58	28·38	100	100	85	85	2 91	2 81	Ajmer
														Panjab— *Southern—*
...	.	..	...	8 91	6 15	...	..	90	90	150	150	2 37	2 31	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	..		.	14 22	8 85	22·19	20	180	160	160	140	2 37	2 47	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	18 12	10	14·06	10	21 56	19 48	80	80	150	150	2 14	1 78	Delhi
														Submontane—
..			.	12 5	8 02	18 12	15 1	100	125	...		2 87	2 48	Amritsar
														Northern—
	.		10	13 12	11·41	20	20*	90	90	100	80	2 12	2 37	Rawalpindi
														Western—
...	...	..	...	10	5	25	20	100	100	140	140	2 41	2 44	Lyallpur
..	...		..					..	126 25	...		2·42	2 5	Multan
														N.-W Frontier Province—
..	.	6 15	7 71	6·77	7 71	18 38	14 79	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	[illegible]69	2 72	Peshawar
...	...	...				...	.	.	...	...		2 5	2 91	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
..	...	.	.	...			..	...	...			1 94	2	Karachi
..			.	11·25	8 75	18 12	15	...				2 22	2·28	Shikarpur
...	..		.	7 5	10 62	26 87	23 12	100 to 200	100 to 200			2 25	2 36	Quetta
														Bombay— *Deccan and Karnatak—*
.				.	.								...	Dharwar
.	..	.	...	...	...	...			...			1 98	2 09	Sholapur
.	...	...	...	...	.	.		...	.	...	...	2 05	1 72	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...		...		..	.	32 86	28·59	...		...	...	1·97	1 97	Ahmednagar
...	.	.		...	.	..	...	.	...		..	2 14	2 16	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
...	.	...	.	..	...	..			.			2·2	2 33	Surat
...			.	.	.	22 5	15·62				...	2 19	2 22	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces— *Western—*
...		13 37	10 62				.	50	50	100	90	1 87	1 87	Nagpur
														Central—
.	...	.		..		30	25	60	60	70	70	1 81	1 75	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
..			.	..			.		...	.		2 25	1·87	Raipur
														Berar—
..	.	18	8 25	...	..			82	77	57	59	1 87	1·87	Akola
...		12·25	9	...	2	33 31	41	60	55	80	100	2·12	2 12	Amraoti
														Madras— *South, central—*
..		3·2	4·1	12	12	115·2*	109 5*	.	...	50	50	2 13	2·06	Coimbatore
7 8	3 9	.	...	...	...	...		80†	80†	.		2 05	2	Salem
														Central—
...	...	6·8	6 8	..	.	..		100†	80†	140	100	2 25	2 25	Bellary
...			..	...	...	.	.	.	.	.	.	2	2	Cuddapah
.		...	...	...	..	.	...	.	.			2 25	2 5	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
3·6	3·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	. .	1·59	1 41	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
..				14·2	14 2	38·3	26·4	98·75†	67 5†	.	..	1·79	1·79	Madras
...	...	.	...		...	18·6	12 3	130†	130†	..	...	1 66	1 68	Tanjore
...		.	...	20 6	19·3	44 2	35·3	.	...	..	...	2 27	2	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
13 9	6·4	...	...	12·5	12 5	16 9	16·9	...	.	40	40	2	2	Madura
														Mysore—
2·92	2·92	3 65	2 92	...	...	36·72	36·72	80	80	100	100	2·25	2·09	Mysore
5·88	5·88	...	...	...	...	33·8	33·8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	1 87	Bangalore

* Superior quality † Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, April 26, 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLUM (*Andropogon sorghum*)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	...		...		...	..	7 12	7 12	..	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	.	...		7 15	7 15	10 —	10 —	...	..	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13			8 9	8 9	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	8 9	8 9	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	10 5	10 5	.	...	8 1	7 14	8 12	8 7	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	..	...	..	6 10	6 10	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	.	..	...	8 13	8 13	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	..	...	7 4	7 4	9 3	9 3	...	...	...	...
Hensada	7 —	7 —	...	..	5 1	5 1	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	..	..	..	...	7 1	9 2	8 12	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	..	...	7 11	7 7	10 —	10 —	...	..	...	...
Thayetmyo	...		..	..	5 6	5 6	8 —	7 9	...	10 15	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	8 14	9 3	...	.	7 4	7 10	7 12	8 3	...	...	...	...
Bhamo	..	...	...	..	7 5	7 5	8 5	8 5	..	...	...	..
Pakôkku	..	..	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila	..	...	...	.	7 —	7 1	8 —	8 2	17 2	17 2	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...		7 4	8 1	8 1	9 5	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	4 —	4 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	..	...	...	.	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Eastern Bengal and Assam—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	..	...	...	...	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	.		...	...	...	.	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	.	..	..	...	...	...	9 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 —	9 —	8 6	8 6	...	...	10 12	10 8	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	..	...	...	...	7 10	10 5	10 9	...	...	...	..
Dacca	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	9 10	10 —	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	17 —	15 —	25 —	21 —	..	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	11 —	11 4	...	..	...	..
Rajshahi	11 4	10 8	24 —	24 —	6 —	6 —	11 4	12 —	...	...	...	...
Malda	12 8	13 8	...	22 —	10 —	8 —	13 —	13 8	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 —	9 12	...	...	...	...	12 12	12 12	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Jalpaiguri	9 8	9 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	..
Dinajpur	9 8	13 —	...	...	..	..	12 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	9 8	9 8	..	...	7 8	7 12	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	..
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	.	...	9 8	10 —	10 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 —	8 —	.	...	8 8	8 8	11 11	12 3	...	...	...	..
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	...	...	3 8	3 8	8 8	8 12	...	..	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	11 —	10 12	...	...	...	...
Manipur	10 —	10 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	22 —	22 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	...	...	11 —	11 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	..
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpara	14 —	14 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Kamrúp	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	10 8	11 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	..	...	8 —	8 —	13 8	14 —	...	...	...	..
Sibságar	...	...	.	...	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	...	..
Lakhimpur	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.	14 —	14 —	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	..	...	7 9	7 9	14 4	14 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 11	13 11	Pegu
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	...	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 13	7 13	14 —	14 —	Tharrawadi
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 15	7 2	17 2	17 2	Henzada
...	...	...	...	10 8	8 13	...	...	8 3	8 3	12 —	14 4	Prome
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 13	13 11	13 11	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	18 5	18 5	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	11 6	11 6	18 12	18 10	8 3	8 3	16 2	16 2	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	21 4	17 11	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	4 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Akyab
												Eastern Bengal and Assam—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	..	8 —	8 —	22 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	..	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	9 4	9 —	17 —	17 —	Dacca
...	...	...	...	14 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	Faridpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	..	9 —	8 8	19 —	19 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	18 —	15 —	...	...	9 12	9 12	15 12	15 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	13 4	12 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	19 8	19 8	Bogra
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	13 4	12 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	Rangpur
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	..	9 8	10 —	16 —	18 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	17 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	10 8	10 8	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	14 —	12 —	6 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	5 8	6 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	6 8	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	9 8	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Lakhimpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued*. [*The figure*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—												
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...			...	..		11 8	12 8		.		...
24-Parganas	...				.	...	9 —	9 —	..	...	.	...
Midnapur	...						11 5½	11 5½	..			.
Howrah	9 1	9 4	11 —	11 —		..	3 —	..	11 —	11 —	11 ..	11 8
Calcutta						.	8 —	8				
Hooghly	..		.				)	8 8		.		..
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	12 ..	11 13	20 —	16 —		.	9 2	9 2			...	
Jessore	8	8 —	11 8	11 8			10 11	10 11			..	.
Central—												
Bankura	12 —	11 —	.	.	.	.	12 —	11 4	.		..	...
Burdwan		..			.		10 8	10 —	.	.	.	
Birbhum	10	9 6				..	10 8	10 8	.		.	.
Murshidabad	12	12	18 —	18 —	.		11 —	11 —			...	..
Santhal Parganas	[illegible] —	10 —	13	15 —	...	..	12 —	12 —		.	.	.
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —		..	7 —	7 —	.	.		..
Orissa—												
Puri	11 13	11 13				...	10 8	9 13	...	.	.	.
Cuttack	11 13	11 13	..	..	...	.	11 5	11 5	...	...	.	
Balasore	10 —	10 —					11 8	11 8		.	.	.
Sambalpur	11 8	11 8			.	* ..	12 8	12 8			.	.
Chota Nagpur—												
Singhbhum	13 —	13 —					10	10 —		...	.	.
Mánbhum	10 8	11 —	13 4	14 —	.	.	10 8	11 —		...	16 —	16 —
Ránchi	10 8	10 12	16 —	16 —			11 —	11 —				..
Palámau	12 6	12 15	18 9	13 8	.		11 4	11 4		.	..	..
Hazáribágh	11 —	10 —	16 —	13	...		11	1 —	.	.	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Monghyr	14 4	13 —	21 —	20 —			13	12 4	...		.	..
Gaya	12 13	11 12	17 [illegible]	21 —			12 5	12 5	18 7	20 8	...	20 —
Patna	14 —	14 —	22 —	20 —		...	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	.	
Shahabad	12 —	12 8	17 —	18 —	.		.	..	.	.	...	..
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	14 —	14 —				..	11 8	11 8			.	
Bhágalpur	12 8	12 —	18 4	18 —	.		11 8	11 —	.	..		.
Darbhanga	11 —	14 4	20 14	22 —	.	...	1 —	12 2		.	.	
Muzaffarpur	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —			10 —	10 —		.	.	.
Saran	11 —	11 8 to 12 —	16 — to 17 —	18 —	.		11 —	10 —			..	..
Champáran	12 —	12 —	24 —	24 —		.	11 —	11 —		...	..	...
United Provinces—												
(a) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	10 —	10 —	16 —	15 8	5 —	6 —	8 12	9	.	17 —	16 —	16 —
Benares	11 6	11 6	16 12	15 3	6 —	6 —	8 1½	8 1		...	16 4	16 4
Ghazipur	11 11	10 10	18 5	15 11	6 1	6 1	10 [illegible]	10 ..	15 11	14 12	15 11	15 9
Jaunpur	12 3	11 8	17 13	15 11	5 1	5 11	7 [illegible]	8 8	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	9 12	9 12	16 8	15 8	5 12	5 14	8 8	8 8	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 —
Central—												
Bánda	11 13	11 10	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	9 —	8 8	...	.		...
Fatehpur	11 —	11 —	16 8	16 —	6 —	6 8	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	..
Hamirpur	10 8	11 8	16 8	16 8	6 4	6 4½	8 4	8 4	19 4	20 —	14 10	14 10½
Jalaun	13 —	12 12	18 —	.	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —
Cawnpore	11 —	11 8	15 8	15 12		..	9 —	9 —	18 —	17 8	15 4	15 —
Jhansi	11 —	11 6	18 12	16 12	5 14	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 12	17 6	...	...
Etáwah	11 10	11 10	16 2	15 2	3 —	3 —	8 8	9 8	15 8	15 8	14 12	14 12
Farukhabad*		11 8		16 5	...	3 14	...	8 2		15 10	...	14 5
Mainpuri	12 4	13 —	17 —	15 —	5 —	5 —	8	8 8	15 8	15 8	16 8	16 8
Etah	18 —	13 —	17 —	20 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Western—												
Meerut	11 4	12 —	15 —	16 8	3 8	3 8	8 —	8 —	..	...	...	...
Agra*	...	11 —	...	15 8	..	7 —	.	8 —	..	16 —	...	13 —
Muttra	11 —	11 —	17 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8	16 —	16 8	13 —	13 —
Aligarh	12 —	13 8	16 —	18 —	3 —	3 8	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	14 12	14 12
Bulandshahr	11 8	12 8	17 4	18 —	3 —	3 —	5 to 8 —	8 —	15 —	15 8	14 8	14 8
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	13 —	11 11	16 1	14 5	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	...	..	...	...
Azamgarh	12 —	11 8	16 —	15 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur*	..	12 3	...	16 5	...	9 —	...	10 6	...	18 15	...	16 8
Basti	13 8	12 —	20 —	18 —	6 12	6 12	11 8	11 8	..	...	...	...

* Not reported yet.

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—
												Deltaic—
...	.	.		8 —	10 —	.		8 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	.			13 8	12 8	.		11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	24-Parganas
...	.			11 8 to 12 —	13 —			10 —	9 8 to 9 12	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
.			...	13 —	13 —			10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	.	9 —	...	12 4	12 6	10 —	10 —	9 8	9 8	18	18 —	Calcutta
.	.	..		13 —	13		.	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Hooghly
.	...	.		15 3	15 8		.	8 14	8 14	20 .	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...		..		16 —	16 —			16 —	16 —	21 —	20 —	Jessore
												Central—
.	.		..	13 —	12 —			11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	Bankura
.	.		...	13 12	12 —	..	.	12 —	9 8	19 —	19 —	Bardwan
...	.	.		12 —	12 —			9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	..		16 —	16 —			11 —	13 —	21 —	21 4	Murshidabad
.	...	...	...	12 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	13 —	16 —	16	Santhal Parganas
												Hills—
11 —	11 —	...	.	11 —	11 —	15 —	15	6 8	6 8	13 —	13	Darjeeling
												Orissa—
..	.		..	11 2	11 2		..	9 13	9 13	26 8	26 8	Puri
.	.	...	...	11 13	11 13			11 13	11 13	23	22 —	Cuttack
.	.	...		11 8 and 12 —	11 8 and 12 —			8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Balasore
			.	14 —	14 —		.	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
												Chota Nagpur—
...	.	..	..	12 —	12 —	..	...	11 —	11 —	18	18 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	16 —	18 —	12 —	10 —	18	18 —	Manbhum
26 —	26 —	..	...	13 —	13 —	18 —	20 —	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	.	15 3	15 3	27 —	27 —	13 8	14 1	18 —	18 —	Palámau
24 —	25 —	.	...	14 —	13 —	21 —	21 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Bihar, south—
...	.		...	17 8	16 —	16 —	16 8	12 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Monghyr
25 10	...	16 6	16 6	15 14	16 6	24 9	25 10	11 13	12 5	16 6	16 6	Gaya
...	...	20 —	20 —	18 —	19 —	22 —	21 8	12 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Patna
.				19 —	17 —	20 —	19 —	11 —	16 —	19 —	13 —	Shahabad
												Bihar, north—
...	...	.	.	13 —	13 —			8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Purnea
...	...	..		15 8	15 8	17 —	17 8	10 12	10 12	18 —	18 —	Bhágalpur
22 —	22 —	.	..	17 9	15 6	22	17 13	9 14	9 14	17 9	17 9	Darbhanga
...	...	...	.	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	17 —	16 8 to 17 —	21 —	20	12 —	12 — to 13 —	19 —	19 8	Sáran
25 —	25 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	25 —	24 8	9 —	9 —	19 —	19 —	Champáran
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	16 —	...	16 —	16 —	..	18 —	12 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 8	15 8	16 4	14 10	..	..	10 13½	10 13½	18 —	18 —	Benares
..	...	...	..	16 13	15 9	..	18 5	10 9	12 3	17 8	16 —	Ghazipur
...	...	..	..	17 13	16 15	...	19 8	12 14	11 14	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	19 —	18 —	.	...	14 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	Allahabad
												Central—
.	...	...	..	19 2	19 12	..	.	14 8	14 8	18 2	17 8	Bánda
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	13 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	21 4	21 10	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	15 —	Hamirpur
..	...	.	...	21 8	20 8	..	...	12 8	12 8	...	..	Jalaun
...	...	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 8	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	21 9	19 12	18 —	...	10 4	10 2	19 —	19 —	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	17 8	16 8	15 8	15 8	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	.	15 8	...	17 10		10 7	...	18 3	Farukhabad
...	.	...	...	15 4	15 —	...	...	12 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	..	...	...	17 —	17 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
.	...	..	..	18 —	18 —	21 —	19 —	12 —	12 —	22 8	22 8	Meerut
...	...	...	...	...	17 —	...	...	...	14 —		22 8	Agra
..	...	...	...	20 —	19 8	...	...	14 8	14 —	21	21 —	Muttra
...	..	6 8	6 8	18 —	16 8	17 8	17 —	12 8	12 8	22 —	22 —	Aligarh
		...	...	16 8	16 8	16 —	16 8	13 8	15 —	20 —	20 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
..	..	...	...	15 10	15 10	20 2	19 8	11 1	11 —	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	..	...	...	15 8	15 8	...	18 —	11 4	11 4	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	.	18 15	...	17 1	...	18 15	..	11 14	.	18 6	Gorakhpur
..	...	...	...	16 8	17 8	...	21 8	10 12	12 8	19 —	19 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(*a*) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	12 12	12 8	16 8	17 —	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 -	17 —	17 12	16 —	16 8
Budaun	12 —	11 14	15 14	14 12	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	14 12	14 10
Pilibit	10 8	11 8	18	16 8	5 3	5 3	5 4	8 4	..	...		...
Bareli	11 4	10 8	14 12	14 12	3 4	3 4	7 12	7 12	17 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
Moradabad	10 9	12 10	15 12	16 4	3 2	3 2	7 —	7 10	16 6	16 14	16 6	16 6
Bijnor	10 —	11 12	18 —	15 12	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8		.	...	.
Muzaffarnagar	11 —	12 6	14 14	14 5	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Sahâranpur	10 10	11 12	15 15	17 —	3 7	3 7	6 14	6 14	14 14	14 14	14 14	14 14
Dehra-Dun	10 6	10 12	13 8	13 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	15 —	15 -	15 —	15 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	3 -	3 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Almora	9 4	9 8	11 12	11 12	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 —	.	...	...	...
Garhwál	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	5 12	5 4		.	...	...
(*b*) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partabgarh	3 —	10 8	19 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —		18 —	.	14 —
Sultanpur	[illegible] —	10 8	19 8	17	5 —	5 —	9 —	10 —	.		..	...
Rae-Bareli	[illegible] 12	13 —	19 —	20 —	6 —	6 8	7 12	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	15 —
Unao	11 4	10 13	16 —	15 4	5 8	5 8	9 12	7 8	17 —	17 —	15 —	15 —
Lucknow*		11 8		18 —		4 —	...	8 4	..	19 —		12 —
Hardoi	12 8	12 4	17 —	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	20 —	20 -	17 —	17 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 —	11 —	16 8	16 —		..	8 8	8 8	.		..	...
Barabanki	12 —	13 —	16 —	17 —	3 8	3 8	8	8 —	18 —	18 —	15 —	16 —
Gonda	11 —	11 8	19 —	19 —	7 4	7 4	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	18 —	18 —
Bahraich	12 —	13 —	19 —	21 —	6 -	6 —	10 —	10 —	27 —	26 —	17 8	18 —
Sitapur	12 12	12 12	16 8	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 8	20 —	20 —	16 8	16 8
Kheri	13 —	13 —	18 —	17 8	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 8	22 -	22 —	18 —	18 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	11 8	15 12	17	20 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 6	17 —	18 —	.	...
Bánswara	13 4	13 4	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 -	7 8	7 8		..	.	
Mewar (Udaipur)	10 8	10 6	13 14	13 11	6 6	5 15	7 2	6 11	13 8	13 6	11 5	9 15
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	10 —	10 —	12 12	12 4	7 8	7 4	7 12	7 12	.	.		..
Ajmer	10 6	10 3	13 11	13 8	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	13 8	13 6	12 4	11 8
Kishangarh	9 —	9 -	11 6	11 4	4 —	4 —	6 —	6	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Bundi	16 11	18 2	20 —	21 4	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	24 8	24 8	14 8	12 8
Kotah	13 4	13 8	15 —	15 8	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	11 —	11 -
Jhalawar	12 8	12 5	18 7	17 2	5 12	5 12	8	8 —	16 —	16 —	12 10	12 8
Tonk	11 8	13 1	14 12	16 12	4 —	4 5½	5 —	5 7	16 —	17 6	...	
Jaipur	11 —	11 12	14 10	15 3	5 4	5 4	5 14	6 —	14 10	14 10	13 5	13 10
Karauli	11 4	11 9	16 14	16 14	5 10	5 10	6 4	6 4	14 6	14 6	12 13	12 13
Dholpur*	...	11 13		16 8	.	5 12	.	6 —	..	13 15½	...	14 8
Bharatpur	11 10	11 6	16 8	15 12	4 13½	4 13½	5 8	5 8	15 8	15 8	12 2 and 12 10	12 2
Alwar*		12 4	...	15 5	...	5 —	...	8 4	..	16 10	...	15 —
Deoli	13 1	13 —	10 12	16 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 -	16 —	18 —	15 4	15 4
Nasirabad	10 4	10 4	..	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	12 -	12 —	14 —	14 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	10 8	10 8
Western—												
Bikaner	9 8	9 8	13 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 —
Jaisalmer	7 3	7 10	..	..	4 10	4 10	6 1	6 6	8 10	9 4	7 13	8 6
Jodhpur	9 10 and 10 4	9 14 and 10 6	13 9	13 1	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 5	13 5	11 4 and 11 11	11 8 and 11 12
Bálmer	9 2	9 2		.	4 8	4 8	8 9	8 9	11 6	11 6	11 4	11 4
Erinpura	10 6	10 —	15 8	14 13	...	...	5 4	5 4	12 —	13 -	10 —	10 14
Sirohi	9 4 and 10 4	9 4 and 10 4	14	15 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	12 —
Anádra	9 8	9 2	..		5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	10 —	9 14
Abu	9 2	9 3	12 5	12 10	4 8	4 10	6 —	6 4	...	..	10 —	10 2
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	11 4	11 4	..		6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	11 —	11 —
Gwalior	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 4	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	13 —	12 —	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 —	16 —	17 —	..	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	12 4	12 8	14 8	13 8	...	...	7 8	7 12	11 8	...	12 8	12 8
Gujranwala	11 10	11 10	17 8	17 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Jhelum	10 12	10 12	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces—*continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	16 —	16 —	19 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	16 —	16 —	18 —	18 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	5 —	5 —	16 8	16 4	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	...	.	...	17 4	17 —	.		12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	16 4	16 4	19 8	19 8	11 8	11 8	20 4	20 4	Bareli
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 13	19 2	19 2	14 13	14 14	20 4	20 4	Moradabad
...	...	...	.	16 4	16 4	...	..	12 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	Bijnor
...	...	.	.	17 10	16 8	16 8	16 8	8 12	8 12	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
16 —	16 —	14 14	14 14	17 —	17 —	18 1	18 1	10 10	10 10	21 4	21 4	Sahâranpur
16 —	16 —	.	...	15 —	15 —	15 —	15 —	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
12 —	12 —	...	..	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	Almora
16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 —	..	..	12 —	12 —	20 —	19 —	Partábgarh
...	...	.	...	20 —	17 —	..	..	13 —	13 —	22 —	22 —	Sultanpur
16 —	18 —	11 —	12 —	17 12½	18 —	16 —	16 —	14 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	18 —	16 8	...	...	12 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	...	...	...	18 —		20 —	..	14 —	.	18 —	Lucknow
22 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	13 —	20 —	19 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	14 8	14 8	18 12	17 12	19 8	19 8	11 2	11 2	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	13 —	20 —	17 —	18 —	19 —	12 —	13 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	17 —	18 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Gonda
...	...	...	...	21 8	22 —	24 8	24 8	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Bahraich
17 —	18 —	16 —	17 —	21 —	20 —	19 —	19 8	13 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	11 —	11 —	21 —	20 —	23 —	23 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	..	17 —	18 —	16 8	17 8	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	19 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	7 8	7 —	16 8	16 8	Bánswara
...	...	7 2	7 8	18 14	13 12	12 6	12 11	9 12	9 10	18 5	17 13	Mewar (Udaipur)
12 —	12 —	...	...	12 8	11 8	10 8	10 8	...	...	16 12	16 12	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	15 8	15 8	12 14	12 3	10 4	10 4	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 8	...	...	19 —	17 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 4	21 4	23 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Bundi
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 12	17 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Kotah
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 2	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jhalawar
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 6	...	.	...	...	18 —	19 10	Tonk
...	6 13	6 13	6 13	13 1 and 17 8	12 1 and 17 4	14 6	14 10	16 11	16 11	24 —	24 —	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	17 13	16 14	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Karauli
...	...	...	6 4	...	18 6	...	...	...	14 5	...	22 —	Dholpur
...	...	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	19 4	18 8	11 12	11 12	24 8	24 8	Bharatpur
...	...	...	13 —	...	19 6	...	13 13	...	23 2	..	24 1	Alwar
...	...	...	...	16 8	15 —	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	21 12	22 —	Deoli
.	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	...	..	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Nasirabad
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	13 12	13 12	...	...	22 8	22 7	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	..	...	15 —	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	22 8	22 8	Bikaner
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	—	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	14 7	14 9	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
...	...	...	...	13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bálmer
...	...	...	...	13 11	14 7	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	...	14 —	14 —	13 —	12 —	12 —	11 8	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 2	11 10	11 13	8 8	8 9	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	25 —	25 —	Hissar
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 12	15 —	15 8	10 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	9 —	9 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	10 8	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Delhi	11 —	11 8	14 —	15 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8
Rohtak	10 8	11 8	14 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 8
Karnál	11 8	12 4	15 —	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 8	12 4	14 12	14 12	..	..	8 4	8 4	19 8	19 8	14 12	14 12
Ludhiána	12 —	12 —	17 8	14 —	..	...	7 8	7 8	12 8	13 —	12 8	12 8
Jalandhar	13 —	13 8	18 —	19 8	..	...	8 —	8 —	...	16 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiárpur	11 12	12 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Gurdáspur	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	...	..	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...
Amritsar	12 12	13	15 —	15 —	.	...	7 —	7 4	11 —	11 8	13 8	13 —
Siálkot	12 4	13 8	16 8	15 8	...	..	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	14 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 4	10 8	...	17 8		..	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Kángra	11 8	11 8	20 —	20 —	..	...	8 8	8 8	..	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	10 12	11 —	15 —	15 4	...	.	7 —	7 —	11 8	13 —	12 12	12 12
Attock	11 —	11 8	16 —	15 -	...	..	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Sháhpur	12 —	13 —	...	18 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jhang	11 8	11 12	16 —	14 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 8	13 —	13 —
Lyallpur	12 —	12 —	14 —	14 —	.	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Multan	10 12	10 12	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 4	8 12	13 —	12 —	12 4	11 8
Montgomery	11 4	11 4	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 ·	8 —	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 8
Muzaffargarh	10 12	10 12	14 8	14 8	...	.	12 —	12 —	12 8	12 8	14 —	14 —
Dera Ghazi Khan*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	9 8	10 —	13 —	12 15	3 3	3 3	8 1	8 1	...	...	11 8	11 8
Peshávar	10 —	11 —	16 —	17 —	5 3	5 3	7 13	7 13	13 —	13 —	13 —	13 —
Kohát	10 4	11 —	14 8	14 14	4 4	4 4	9 4	9 4	15 5	15 5	12 7	14 —
Bannu	12 6	12 3	18 5	19 11	3 12	3 12	8 12	9 11	15 —	18 2	13 2	14 6
Dera Ismael Khan	10 —	10 10	13 12	13 12	3 7	3 7	6 4	6 4	12 8	16 8	13 8	14 4
Tochi	12 —	14 —	16 —	17 —	...	..	7 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	13 —	14 2	17 —	18 12	10 —	11 7	...	...	..	...	...	...
Malakand	11 —	11 —	15 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	5 8	12 8	13 —	...	...
Wano	8 9	8 11	10 2	10 8	2 14	2 14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	9 -	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	11 -	10 —	9 8	9 8
Hyderabad	8 12	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 —	8 -	8 —	10 4	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkár (Umarkot)	9 —	8 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 -	9 —
Shikárpur	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	10 -	10 —	10 8	11 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 -	9 6	9 8	11 —	11 —
Quetta	9 13 to 10 8	9 13 to 10 8	13 4	13 1	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	10 13	10 12½	10 —	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	.	...	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	10 2	10 2	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	7 7	7 7	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	10 6	11 1	10 10	11 4
Alibág	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 10	7 10	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 13	7 13	11 —	10 7	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 2	8 2	...	..	7 5	7 5	8 3	8 3	10 3	10 3	10 13	10 13
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 6	6 14	6 14	7 6	11 14	11 14	10 10	10 10
Belgaum	7 7	8 6	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 15	11 2	11 2
Satara	6 6	6 6	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	10 9	10 15	11 1	11 1
Sholapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	6 7	6 7	8 8	8 8	13 14	14 5	12 —	12 —
Bijapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	11 13	12 4	11 5	12 3
Poona	6 14	7 8	..	...	5 12	6 6	7 —	7 10	10 13	10 13	9 —	9 —
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	10 5	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	12 6	12 6	9 13	10 8
Násik	9 14	10 9	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 9	7 9	...	...	10 4	10 4
Dhulia	9 13	9 13	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	12 5	12 5	11 2	11 2
Jalgaon	9 14	9 15	.	...	5 10	5 9	6 7	6 7	10 10	10 7	9 10	10 2
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	8 5	8 5	10 3	10 8	9 11	9 11
Broach	9 —	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Baroda	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Ahmadabad	10 —	10 5	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	7 8	12 —	12 —	10 8	10 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	10 —
Disa	9 4	9 —	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	10 8	10 4	9 12	10 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	9 —	9 8	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	9 8	9 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 8	10 14	...	...	4 6	4 6	7 9	7 —	13 8	13 3	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 11	11 4	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 14	14 14	...	...
Betul	14 6	13 6	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 8	...	19 10	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	11 6	...	...	6 11	6 10	10 8	10 8	19 —	13 3	..	...
Nagpur	11 8	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	11 11	11 11	12 11	13 13	...	...
Wardha	11 4	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 9	13 13	13 13	...	...

* Not reported

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*) — Half-month of report	Marua or ragi — Previous half month	Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*) — Half-month of report	Kangni — Previous half-month	Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) — Half-month of report	Gram — Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) — Half-month of report	Maize — Previous half-month	Arhar dál — Half-month of report	Arhar dál — Previous half-month	Salt — Half-month of report	Salt — Previous half-month	Districts
												Panjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	18 —	19 —	13 -	13 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	18 8	19 —	17 8	17 —	12 —	11 8	22 —	23 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	19 4	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	20 —	20 8	...	..	12 -	11 —	20 —	20 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
16 12	16 12	13 12	13 12	19 12	18 —	16 12	16 12	11 8	11 8	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	10 —	11 —	18 —	19 —	18 8	18 8	...	...	26 —	26 —	Ludhiána
...	...	9 —	11 —	18 8	18 8	18 8	20 8	...	...	25 —	26 -	Jalandhar
...	...	...	...	16	16 4	18 12	18 12	..	...	23 —	23 -	Hoshiárpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	..	...	24 -	24 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	7 8	8 —	17 —	17 8	16 8	16 —	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —		...	25 -	25 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	14 —	13 8	17 8	17 8	8 4	7 8	17 8	1[illegible] 8	Simla
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	18 8	18 8	8 —	8 —	17 —	1[illegible] —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 8	16 —	14 12	15 —	9 —	9 —	26 —	2[illegible] —	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	14 8	15 —	8 -	8 —	26 -	[illegible]	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 -	...	...	...	...	23 -	23 —	Sháhpur
18 —	18 —	15 —	15 —	15 8	15 8	15 8	16 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	24 -	24 —	Lyallpur
...	...	13 —	13 —	15 8	16 —	13 8	14 —			24 —	25 -	Multan
...	...	...	...	16 6	16 8	14 -	14 —	8 —	8 -	22 -	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	14 10	14 10	13 —	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	12 9	13 —	12 13	13 —	..	...	20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	8 7	10 —	16 —	15 —	13 —	14 -	10 —	10 -	25 -	25 -	Peshávar
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 15	12 [illegible]2	12 12	...	...	25 8	35 8	Kohát
...	...	...	...	16 7	17 1	15 8	15 14	..	...	30 10	30 —	Bannu
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	17 8	17 8	9 12	9 12	27 —	27 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	17 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	..	6 —	6 —	18 —	18	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	10 6	10 11	...	...		...	Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	..	9 —	9 —	29 —	29 -	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	25 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	...	8 —	10 -	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 -	26 —	Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	12 12	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 -	16 -	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	...	...	12 4	12 1	11 7	10 14	6 —	6 —	16 —	16 -	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
13 8	13 8	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	...	8 9	8 9	20 10	20 10	Karwar
11 3	11 8	...	...	11 11	11 11	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Ratnagiri
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 5	7 14	23 12	22 1	Alibág
7 5	7 5	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 10	8 10	18 14	18 14	Bombay
11 14	11 14	...	...	10 8	10 3	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Thana
												Deccan and Karnátak—
...	...	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 2	9 2	18 —	18 —	Dharwar
14 3	14 3	...	...	10 8	9 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	20 10	20 10	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	9 4	10 —	...	...	9 9	9 9	19 —	19 —	Satara
...	...	...	...	12 3	11 12	...	...	11 3	11 3	18 12	18 12	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14	...	...	9 10	9 10	19 10	19 10	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 3	9 12	19 11	18 12	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	11 5	11 5	...	...	10 8	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmadnagar
14 4	14 4	...	...	13 7	15 9	...	...	8 14	8 14	22 5	21 —	Násik
...	...	...	...	12 10	12 10	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 8	18 8	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	13 5	12 13	...	...	10 15	10 15	16 8	16 6	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 13	8 13	26 13	26 13	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	26 8	26 8	Kaira
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 8	30 -	30 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	13 3	13 3	..	...	10 7	10 1	17 4	17 4	Nimar
...	...	...	...	16 10	15 1	...	...	11 15	11 14	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	...	16 13	16 13	..	...	13 13	13 13	15 7	15 7	Betul
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	...	...	9 12	11 2	16 -	16 —	Chhindwara
...	...	...	...	14 4	15 7	...	...	12 4	12 4	16 —	16 —	Nagpur
...	...	...	...	12 2[illegible]	13 6	...	...	13 1	13 1	17 —	17 —	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF MARCH 1912—*concluded* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice, Best sort		Rice, Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—*continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 4	11 8	..	...	5 1	5 1	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	11 8	12 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	17 1	...	...
Damoh	11 15	11 14	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 8	8 8	19 8	17 8	...	...
Jubbulpore	11 8	11 12	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Mandla	12 —	10 4	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 4	11 1	...	...	...	...
Seoni	12 —	11 5	...	...	7 2	7 2	11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...
Bálághát	8 15	8 14	...	...	5 7	5 6	10 7	10 6	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	11 4	10 12	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 8	15 —	13 12	...	...
Chánda	8 15	8 14	..	...	8 —	8 —	8 15	8 14	13 6	13 5	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	[illegible] 4	14 3	...	...	8 —	8 —	12 13	12 13	...	...	...	...
Raipur	[illegible] 4	12 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Drug	[illegible] 15	15 15	...	...	11 3	11 3	11 14	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	12 [illegible]	12 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 14	7 14	16 —	16 —	...	...
Akola	10 12	10 12	...	...	7 13	7 13	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 8	10 8	...	...	6 8	7 10	8 11	9 13	16 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal	9 11	9 11	...	...	4 6	4 6	8 1	9 15	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad	6 13	6 3	11 5	11 9	3 8	3 5	6 1	5 13	10 15	10 11	10 11	11 11
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	...	...	...	..	8 2	8 2	...	...	...	...
S. Canara	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 6	12 5	12 5
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	8 14	8 14
Central—												
Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 1	8 4	13 15	13 12	13 2	13 7
Kurnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 6	14 6	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	11 3	11 3
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 6	15 5	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	14 1	14 1	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	12 9	12 —	11 8	11 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 11	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	11 10	11 10
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 7	8 11	..	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 13	17 8	17 8	...	13 11
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	11 —	...	13 11	11 10
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	10 9	10 9	9 9	9 9
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 8	7 8	6 8	6 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 12	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	7 —	7 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tumkur	8 —	7 —	8 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 8	8 —	8 —	9 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 12	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 14	5 14	7 —	7 —	10 11	11 3	9 5	9 5

state the number of seers (or 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces—*continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 15	16 15	...	...	12 7	14 10	13 —	16 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	17 1	17 1	...	...	11 2	11 2	18 5	18 5	Saugor
...	...	...	...	20 13	20 13	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	18 4	16 6	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	14 4	16 —	...	...	10 11	10 10	12 13	12 13	Sooni
...	...	...	...	13 1	13 1	...	...	10 2	10 2	14 10	14 10	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	13 12	13 12	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 7	18 6	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	11 7	11 6	20 —	20 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	16 —	14 3	...	...	14 4	14 3	12 13	[illegible] 13	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	[illegible] —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	16 —	...	...	...	12 —	14 —	15 2	[illegible] 2	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	14 15	14 15	...	...	11 —	11 8	16 —	16 —	Buldána
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	10 14	10 10	14 2	14 2	Akola
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	...	...	14 11	14 11	18 —	18 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	11 11	11 10	...	...	14 4	12 13	16 —	16 —	Yeotmal
												Nizam's Territories—
13 10	12 4	...	...	11 1	10 11	...	.	12 3	12 13	14 —	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...		19 4	19 6	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 3	21 14	S. Canara
												South, central—
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 9	17 9	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nilgiris
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 2	14 11	Salem
												Central—
15 8	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	17 7	17 7	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Anantapur
15 11	15 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	21 2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 11	15 11	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 14	14 14	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	21 10	Ganjam
13 2	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
12 11	12 —	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	27 7	27 13	Madras
11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Chingleput
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	N. Arcot
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	22 12	22 10	S. Arcot
13 4	13 4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22 1	21 15	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
14 13	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Tinnevelly
11 13	11 13	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Madura
												Mysore—
16 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	10 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Mysore
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
12 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	18	18 —	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	..	.	8 8	9 —	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
16 —	17 —	...	..	8 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Hassan
16 —	17 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 6	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kadur
17 —	17 —	...	...	9	9 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Shimoga
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
17 —	17 8	...	...	16 8	17 —	..	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 8	Coorg
...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	9 5	10 3	32 —	32 —	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, April 26, 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

THE following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule IV (excepting molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *firstly*, the total imports into India in the month of March, 1912, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911 in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1913 :—

Description of sugar.	Imported during the month of March, 1912.		Imported since 1st October, 1911.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R. a.	Cwt.	R. a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	203	14 4	1,381	15 0
" " and soft, refined in China	12,721	14 12	54,885	14 4
" " and from Java, 23 Dutch Standard and above	297,512	12 12	2,579,340	12 8
" " and from Java, 16 to 22 Dutch Standard	84,546	11 8	1,637,572	11 4
" " and from Java, 15 Dutch Standard and under	...	...	74,530	9 0
" " and from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over	263,049	14 4	571,261	13 12

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

CALCUTTA;
The 26th April 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE, LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in February 1912, and from 1st January to 29th February 1912 and in the corresponding period of 1911

Whence exported	COTTON, raw — Calcutta 1911	Calcutta 1912	City of Bombay 1911	City of Bombay 1912	Karachi 1911	Karachi 1912	Madras ports 1911	Madras ports 1912	TOTAL 1911	TOTAL 1912	Whence exported
Imports in February											
By Rail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
E. B. and Assam	48,079	28,029	...	.	..	..	...	..	48,079	28,029	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	516	516	...	...	...	...	...	...	516	516	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	5,474	12,206	16,241	19,870	831	...	1	..	22,547	32,076	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	379	3,805	14,276	44,474	81,017	186,696		..	95,072	234,975	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	77,274	94,289	...	.	77,274	94,289	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	3,106	...	115,764	107,019	348	...			119,21	107,019	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	1,961	.	260,294	521,319		..	361	182	262,6	521,501	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	15,662	33,180	263,634	775,873	.	.	..	...	279,296	809,053	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	481	1,062	52,150	116,216		...	3,893	5,752	56,524	123,030	Nizam's Territory
Madras	89	231	189	410		...	5,343	20,732	5,601	21,373	Madras
Mysore	...	...	987	1,167	.		514	359	1,501	1,526	Mysore
TOTAL	75,747	79,029	723,535	1,586,348	159,470	280,985	10,092	27,025	968,844	1,073,387	TOTAL
By Sea—											*By Sea—*
E. B. and Assam	3,102	4,770	.	..		...		..	3,102	4,770	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	1	...	350	71	...	...	...		351	71	Bengal
Bombay	4,889	3,214	2,264	...	...	70	23,047	6,737	30,200	10,021	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	736	...	29,342	53,574		...	..	.	30,078	53,574	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	474	1,057	1,924	1,177	...	.	..	...	2,398	2,214	Madras
Burma	6,020	20,085	.			...	179	255	6,199	20,340	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	.	58,865	38,476	...	...	...		58,865	38,476	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	124	6,151	6,313	77,882	...		...	7,340	6,437	91,373	Foreign countries
TOTAL	15,346	35,277	99,058	171,180	.	70	23,226	14,332	137,630	220,859	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	91,093	114,306	822,593	1,757,528	159,470	281,055	33,318	41,357	1,106,474	2,194,246	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of February											
By Rail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
E. B. and Assam	64,498	38,910	...	...	...	...	...	...	64,498	38,910	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	666	1,082	...	...	.	...	.	...	666	1,082	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	44,345	20,785	64,064	47,096	1,611	...	2	...	110,022	67,881	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	10,759	4,576	64,741	199,520	247,052	321,616	..	...	322,552	425,712	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	229,649	120,594	...	...	229,649	120,594	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	6,386	...	274,518	159,981	917	...	...	...	281,021	159,981	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	2,059	189	662,164	951,433	..	...	2,304	1,993	666,527	953,605	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	25,905	65,427	615,813	1,563,016	..	...	..	...	641,718	1,628,443	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	712	1,241	119,300	204,383	...		9,148	13,754	139,160	219,378	Nizam's Territory
Madras	891	231	189	433	...		11,090	35,398	12,170	36,082	Madras
Mysore	...	...	5,190	2,606	...	..	1,714	395	6,904	3,001	Mysore
TOTAL	156,421	132,441	1,805,979	3,028,478	479,229	442,210	24,258	51,540	2,465,887	3,654,669	TOTAL
By Sea—											*By Sea—*
E. B. and Assam	17,628	12,159	...	...	...	...	...	...	17,628	12,159	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	10	...	498	71	...	...	.	...	508	71	Bengal
Bombay	7,974	5,180	4,152	...	529	1,183	38,040	22,287	50,695	28,650	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	736	...	92,205	115,152	...	...	...	...	92,941	115,152	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	2,070	2,887	4,466	2,152	...	...	...	...	6,536	5,039	Madras
Burma	16,230	33,221	20	1,165	...	...	179	612	16,429	34,998	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	179,786	59,045	...	5	...	...	179,786	59,050	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	136	7,640	10,980	175,721	...	...	...	12,034	11,116	195,395	Foreign countries
TOTAL	44,784	61,087	292,107	353,306	529	1,188	38,219	34,933	375,639	450,514	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	201,205	193,528	2,098,086	3,381,784	479,758	443,398	62,477	86,473	2,841,526	4,105,183	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry and Karikal exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Imports in February

Whence exported	Wheat								Rice (includ			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Total		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	324	593	...	...	..	...	324	593	489,027	717,878	...	...
Bengal	34,905	51,522	...	...	...	...	34,906	51,522	1,308,518	1,522,287	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	510,74[illegible]	251,442	55,437	32,621	380,962	403,982	947,141	688,045	432	513	...	..
Panjab	7,5[illegible]	...	57,847	17,212	1,040,110	914,768	1,105,483	951,980	213	169	81	29
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	27,573	35,431	27,573	35,431	...	...	119,811	100,818
Raj. and C. India	505	2,124	37,977	60,439	2,381	691	40,863	63,354	118	290	1	...
Bombay	...	...	26,025	4,685	...	...	26,025	4,685	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	49,853	58,966	235,746	221,108	...	...	285,599	280,074	530	2,167	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	...	...	84	...	...	...	84	...	...	...	...
Madras	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	125	132	...	...
Mysore	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..
Kashmir	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..
Total	603,856	364,647	413,032	336,149	1,451,026	1,384,872	2,467,914	2,085,668	1,798,963	2,243,436	119,893	100,847
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,761	14,222	...	...
Bombay	...	...	25	...	83	37	108	37	97	34	272	294
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	217	963	...	...	217	963	...	...	10,888	5,509
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	14,056	2,008	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...		6,786	305	3,136	...	9,922	305	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	...	4,383	...	1,321	...	5,704	...	29	...	...
Total	...	...	7,028	5,651	3,219	1,358	10,247	7,009	28,914	16,293	11,160	5,803
Total Imports	603,856	364,647	420,060	341,800	1,454,245	1,386,230	2,478,161	2,092,677	1,827,877	2,259,729	131,053	106,650

Imports to end of February

Whence exported	Wheat Calcutta 1911	Wheat Calcutta 1912	City of Bombay 1911	City of Bombay 1912	Karachi 1911	Karachi 1912	Total 1911	Total 1912	Rice Calcutta 1911	Rice Calcutta 1912	Rice Karachi 1911	Rice Karachi 1912
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	789	1,205	..	...	..	...	789	1,206	860,807	1,364,623	...	...
Bengal	83,176	152,802	...	...	...	...	83,176	152,862	2,623,643	2,833,594	...	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	970,341	480,670	79,277	50,996	565,782	701,385	1,615,403	1,233,051	444	3,338	...	...
Panjab	10,482	...	88,010	35,895	2,091,509	1,829,207	2,190,001	1,865,102	360	396	188	251
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...		...	65,440	52,854	65,440	52,854	...	...	251,763	263,282
Raj. and C. India	505	3,515	106,819	124,080	6,177	2,468	113,500	130,093	118	290	1	...
Bombay	1	...	88,615	32,773	...	...	88,616	32,773	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	98,998	123,972	562,053	446,254	...	...	661,051	570,226	2,972	3,454	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	.	476	595	...	...	476	595	...	...	...	...
Madras	...		158	...	...	...	158	...	154	219	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.
Total	1,164,295	762,255	926,007	690,593	2,728,908	2,585,914	4,819,210	4,038,762	3,488,498	4,205,914	251,952	263,533
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30,546	20,463	...	...
Bombay		...	25	...	165	68	190	68	180	34	972	480
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	.	.	1,902	3,061	...	...	1,902	3,061	...	..	18,874	15,135
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	.	...	.	...	...	...	...	54,100	3,012	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	8,772	409	4,680	...	13,452	409	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	...	4,593	169	1,341	169	5,934	71	170	...	...
Total	...	...	10,699	8,063	5,014	1,409	15,713	9,472	84,897	83,679	19,846	15,615
Total Imports	1,164,295	762,255	936,706	698,656	2,733,922	2,587,323	4,834,923	4,048,234	3,573,395	4,289,593	271,798	279,1[illegible]

† [illegible] of paddy [illegible]

ING PADDY)†				GRAM AND PULSE								
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Whence exported
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	
Imports in February												
												By Rail and River—
...	...	489,027	717,878	1,116	7,822	...	...	...	...	1,116	7,822	E. B. and Assam
94,892	128,975	1,403,410	1,651,262	171,637	202,123	...	...	...	...	171,637	202,123	Bengal
...	96	432	609	111,691	157,115	26,113	151,314	1,200	19,312	139,004	327,741	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	294	198	1,473	2,672	54,305	111,000	83,233	1,409,860	139,011	523,532	Panjab
...	...	119,811	100,818	...	...	...	...	24,214	6,435	24,214	6,435	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	119	290	1,705	2,499	26,642	19,216	2,471	8,951	30,818	30,666	Raj. and C. India
20	...	20	...	70	158	69,489	10,241	...	1	69,559	10,400	Bombay
...	115	530	2,282	9,235	23,850	67,913	85,639	...	248	77,148	109,737	Cent. Provs. and Berar
224	92	224	92	...	221	803	3,037	..	...	803	3,258	Nizam's Territory
261,787	253,381	261,912	253,513	6	1,087	...	...	...	...	6	1,087	Madras
310	57	310	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kashmir
357,233	382,716	2,276,089	2,726,999	296,933	397,547	245,265	380,447	111,118	1,444,807	653,316	2,222,801	TOTAL
												By Sea—
...	197,247	...	197,247	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
67,184	183,145	81,945	197,367	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	Bengal
28,815	46,968	29,184	47,296	1	...	2,197	287	535	191	2,733	478	Bombay
5,881	18,092	16,769	23,601	...	...	2,179	3,444	12	77	2,191	3,521	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
29,642	11,629	29,642	11,629	90	5,109	19	...	15	...	124	5,109	Madras
200,689	123,862	214,745	125,870	2,939	222	...	20	...	...	2,939	242	Burma
1,836	...	1,836	...	...	...	9,816	595	2,179	64	11,995	659	Non-Br. Ports in India
9	19	9	48	2	21	167	6,390	...	1,686	169	8,097	Foreign countries
334,056	580,962	374,130	603,058	3,032	5,352	14,379	10,736	2,741	2,018	20,152	18,106	TOTAL
691,289	963,678	2,650,219	3,330,057	299,965	402,899	259,644	391,183	113,859	1,446,825	673,468	2,240,907	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of February												
												By Rail and River—
...	...	860,807	1,364,623	2,567	20,175	...	...	...	...	2,567	20,175	E. B. and Assam
157,205	215,656	2,780,848	3,049,250	392,771	615,041	...	21	...	...	392,771	615,062	Bengal
...	170	444	3,508	231,890	464,918	48,799	305,637	1,850	88,463	282,539	859,018	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	548	647	3,261	3,400	111,388	186,420	152,864	2,488,639	267,513	2,678,459	Panjab
...	...	251,763	263,282	...	...	...	...	48,299	18,261	48,299	18,261	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	119	290	2,293	3,159	69,293	52,252	5,563	28,866	77,149	84,277	Raj. and C. India
189	27	189	27	70	158	133,905	23,050	...	1	133,975	23,209	Bombay
...	2,332	2,972	5,786	12,559	46,613	138,659	123,278	...	248	151,218	170,139	Cent. Provs. and Berar
276	202	276	202		221	1,134	8,306	...	...	1,134	8,527	Nizam's Territory
503,674	508,652	503,828	508,871	.	1,087	158	...	...	...	223	1,087	Madras
356	551	356	551	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Kashmir
661,700	727,390	4,402,150	5,197,037	645,476	1,154,772	503,336	698,964	208,576	2,624,478	1,357,388	4,478,214	TOTAL
												By Sea—
...	206,389	...	206,389	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
105,887	424,446	136,433	444,909	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	Bengal
78,620	90,741	79,772	91,255	1,773	...	6,885	596	2,007	662	10,665	1,258	Bombay
26,845	36,883	45,719	52,018	...	...	5,181	8,079	12	241	5,193	8,320	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
50,788	34,011	50,788	34,011	233	8,350	22	439	133	...	388	8,789	Madras
348,461	167,959	396,861	170,971	6,077	3,394	...	20	...	...	6,077	3,414	Burma
3,484	...	3,484	...	...	...	21,091	1,564	2,193	194	23,284	1,758	Non-Br. Ports in India
63	60	133	230	49	58	341	9,172	26	3,755	416	12,985	Foreign countries
608,147	960,489	712,890	999,783	8,132	11,802	33,521	19,870	4,371	4,852	46,024	36,524	TOTAL
1,269,847	1,688,079	5,115,040	6,196,820	653,608	1,166,574	536,857	718,834	212,947	2,629,330	1,403,412	4,514,738	TOTAL IMPORTS

taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	Linseed						Rape and Mustard Seed					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total	
	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
Imports in February												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	...	402	...		...	402	16,046	7,224	.	...	16,046	7,224
Bengal	40,148	20,065			40,148	20,065	175,243	115,237	899	369	176,142	115,606
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	2,46[illegible]	3,125	3,592	250	6,054	3,375	77,905	77,760	33,157	2,976	111,062	80,742
Panjab	...		757		757		36,821	34,916	441	.	37,262	34,916
Sind and Br. Baluchistan			..		.		.			..	.	.
Raj. and C. India	5,292		1,498	1,701	6,790	1,701	18,749	32,449	44,325	22,501	63,074	54,950
Bombay	.	..	110,853	34,880	110,853	34,880		..	5,578	666	5,578	666
Cent. Provs and Berar	34,960	84	80,823	6,965	115,783	7,049	22,673	40,088	40,492	11,350	63,165	51,438
Nizam's Territory	...	..	107,589	132,288	107,589	132,288	.	...	743	48	743	48
Madras			8,160	1,482	8,160	1,482		10,164	...	...	...	10,164
Mysore		..					...	...		.		...
Total	91,862	23,676	403,272	177,575	495,134	201,251	347,437	317,844	125,635	37,910	473,072	355,754
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...		...			...	.		.	...	...	..
Bengal		..	...		...	..	.	..	..	..	...	...
Bombay		.	..		...	...	...		...	...	..	
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	21	.	21	..	...	..	1,613	2	1,613	2
Madras	.	1	..		...	1		654	...	...	...	654
Burma		...	..	...	...	...	...	.	.		...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	.	...	7,119	2,880	7,119	2,880	...	...	61	8	61	8
Foreign countries	.	...	68	159	68	159	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	..	1	7,208	3,039	7,208	3,040	.	654	1,674	10	1,674	664
Total Imports	91,862	23,677	410,480	180,614	502,342	204,291	347,437	318,498	127,309	37,920	474,746	356,418
Imports to end of February												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	22	957	...	...	22	957	17,100	9,900	...	...	17,100	9,900
Bengal	57,577	75,879	371	13	57,948	75,892	206,322	141,328	957	470	207,279	141,798
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	4,871	12,006	4,474	1,396	9,345	14,002	130,603	98,867	49,098	4,518	179,701	103,385
Panjab	494	...	1,115	619	1,609	619	160,890	54,355	441	...	161,331	54,355
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	..	...	..	...	..	..	...	..		...		...
Raj. and C. India	5,292	.	2,244	6,127	7,536	6,127	37,911	48,733	48,904	25,508	86,815	74,241
Bombay	...	..	114,171	38,037	114,171	38,037	...	...	27,980	1,899	27,980	1,899
Cent. Provs. and Berar	35,308	84	82,030	16,449	118,238	16,533	22,891	62,793	45,317	18,107	68,208	80,900
Nizam's Territory	...	...	200,029	138,285	200,029	138,285	.	..	746	59	746	59
Madras	...		8,229	1,530	8,229	1,530	290	10,453		..	290	10,453
Mysore		...		7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	103,564	89,526	413,563	202,463	517,127	291,989	576,007	426,429	173,443	50,561	749,450	476,990
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	..	...	..		.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	37	...	37	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...		194	..	194	...	...	...	1,700	2	1,700	2
Madras		1	...	...	...	1	...	654	...	...	...	654
Burma	...	..	...	...			...	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	.	7,402	3,335	7,402	3,335	...	...	83	15	83	15
Foreign countries	6	...	115	869	121	869	...	2	...	...	...	2
Total	6	1	7,711	4,204	7,717	4,205	...	656	1,820	17	1,820	673
Total Imports	103,570	89,527	421,274	206,667	524,844	296,194	576,007	427,085	175,263	50,578	751,270	477,668

Jute						Tea						Whence exported
Calcutta		Chittagong port		Total		Calcutta		Chittagong port		Total		
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	
Imports in February												
												By Rail and River—
699,837	1,126,700	24,748	23,878	724,585	1,150,578	21,924	16,100	1,744	2,263	23,668	18,363	E B and Assam
272,084	498,749	...		272,084	498,749	79	522	3	12	82	534	Bengal
22,350	4,780	...	..	22,350	4,780	209	66		...	209	66	U. P of Agra and Oudh
441	..	..		441		135	1		...	135	1	Panjab
	.	..	...		...		1	.	.	.	1	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
.	...	...	..	...	.		.	.	.			Raj & C. India
		...	...		...	1	.			1		Bombay
1,212	183	.	..	1,212	183		2	...	...	.	2	Cent Provs. and Berar
...	.	.	...	...	.	..	..		.	...		Nizam's Territory
.	...	...	.	...	.			...	..		..	Madras
...	...	...		...	..	...		..	...			Mysore
995,924	1,630,412	24,748	23,878	1,020,672	1,654,290	22,348	16,692	1,747	2,275	24,005	18,967	TOTAL
												By Sea—
105	...		...	105	.	366	793		37	366	830	E. B. and Assam
14,044	14,056	..	...	14,044	14,056		101		.		101	Bengal
...	..	...	...	...	.	89	22	...	...	89	22	Bombay
...	.	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	.		12	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
.	...	.	...	...	...	13	..	..	...	13	.	Madras
...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...		...	..	Burma
	...		..	..	...	...		.			...	Non-Br. Ports India
50	36	.	..	50	36	137	59		.	137	59	Foreign countries
14,199	14,092	...		14,199	14,092	605	987		37	605	1,024	TOTAL
1,010,123	1,644,504	24,748	23,878	1,034,871	1,668,382	22,953	17,679	1,747	2,312	24,70[illegible]	19,991	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of February												
												By Rail and River—
1,692,779	2,434,239	155,532	90,564	1,848,311	2,524,803	109,956	99,881	24,119	19,456	134,075	119,337	E. B. and Assam
714,354	1,309,928	...	4	714,354	1,309,932	3,002	2,857	7	17	3,009	2,874	Bengal
58,502	12,828	...	...	58,502	12,828	478	133	...	...	478	133	U P. of Agra and Oudh
441	..	...	..	441	..	257	1		.	257	1	Panjab
...		...		.	...	...	1		..		1	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...		...	.	.	...	1	...	..	..	1		Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	..	1	21	..	..	1	21	Bombay
1,550	714	...	...	1,550	714	1	3	..	...	1	3	Cent. Provs. and Berar
.	..	...			...	..		...	...	...		Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	.	...	...	.		...			Madras
		...	...		...	..	...	..	...	..	...	Mysore
2,467,686	3,757,709	155,532	90,568	2,623,158	3,848,277	113,696	102,897	24,126	19,473	137,822	122,370	TOTAL
												By Sea—
7,050	4,508	...	4	7,050	4,512	1,080	3,140	...	57	1,080	3,197	E B. and Assam
20,984	26,544	...	...	20,984	26,544	..	101	...	...	...	101	Bengal
...	...	..	...	.	...	89	22	...	...	89	22	Bombay
...	.	...		.	...	...	12	...	...	...	12	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	..	...	...		..	26	70	...	...	26	70	Madras
..		...	...	...		...	..		..	..	.	Burma
...		...	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	Non-Br. Ports India
50	36	...	...	50	36	144	65	...	.	144	65	Foreign countries
28,084	31,088	...	4	28,084	31,092	1,339	3,410		57	1,339	3,467	TOTAL
2,495,710	3,788,797	155,532	90,572	2,651,242	3,879,369	115,035	106,307	24,126	19,530	139,161	125,837	TOTAL IMPORTS

taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice·

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,

Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

"In 1900, the gross receipts from Railways were 28 crores only. For the year 1911-12 they will be close on 50 crores—nearly double. Intermediately, however, there have been heavy variations.

In 1906-07, the figures were 40 crores
„ 1907-08, „ „ 42 „
„ 1908-09, „ „ 40 „

the following years being 43 to 46, and this year about 50 crores.

"Now for the six years, April 1907 to April 1913, a sum of 88 crores was allotted for Railway expenditure under the Programme, of this sum 65½ crores were allotted to open lines and rolling stock, the amount earmarked for the latter being 30 crores, and the balance being for works such as doubling lines, strengthening bridges and permanent-way, so as to enable more and heavier trains to be run and generally to improve the carrying capacity of Railways.

"The provision of an average expenditure during the last six years of 6 crores per annum for works to facilitate traffic, and of 5 crores per annum for rolling stock to meet the growth of trade is, I hold, a very fair provision to make out of the funds available, and it must be recollected that considerable sums are also spent on Revenue account, both for works and rolling stock, with the same object.

"The difficulties now being experienced are due primarily to the unprecedented, and I think I may say unexpected, development of trade at the present time which has outstripped the capacity of the Railways and, incidentally, to other causes, and is only partly due to shortness of rolling stock.

"The reason why Railways are unable to carry the present abnormal traffic is because terminal facilities at Ports are inadequate, because single lines are now being taxed beyond their capacity, because a big fodder famine traffic has to be dealt with at the same time as a big export business, because Railways being short of coal owing to the unprecedented traffic which they now have to deal with are employing a large number of wagons on this traffic, because there has been a large rise in steamer freights for coal, thus diverting its carriage to Railways, and also to difficulties, I understand, about water for locomotives in the famine area where water is scarce.

"When congestion occurs all siding accommodation becomes fully occupied and trains have to be hung up *en route* and loaded wagons kept at stations, and the only course then to take is, to stop booking from up-country and so to restrict the amount which the Railway leading to the port will take from inland Railways for that destination.

"This is what is happening to-day. Loaded wagons are waiting at junctions, till the receiving Railway is able to take them, and inland Railways, like the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, are restricted to despatching 50 tons a day towards Bombay or, as happened last week, are absolutely debarred from despatching a single ton. This restriction on the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway again reacts on the Bengal and North-Western Railway and obliges that line to restrict its bookings.

"The practical result is to lock up wagons and to prevent their being used to the best advantage and, to meet such traffic as is now offering, improved facilities to increase the number of trains and their weight, are of as much importance as additional wagons.

"Now as to what is being done to provide for the possibility of this abnormal traffic continuing next year or, at any rate, during a good portion of it, I may say that in Bombay the Port Trust have been busy the last three or more years in reclaiming land and arranging for the construction of very large warehouses and depôts, which will give to the port the additional terminal facilities which it so much requires.

"Further the Railway Board last year sanctioned the quadrupling of the Great Indian Peninsula line from Kalyan to Bombay, a very congested section, and the doubling of the line from Nagpur to Shegaon, and work is in progress. With these works completed, the Great Indian Peninsula will be in an immensely better position than it now is, to deal with abnormally heavy traffic like the present, and this again will enable the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway and the Bengal and North-Western Railway to deal with their business, without being subject to the restricted booking from their lines that has to be enforced at present.

"The Port Trust in Calcutta no doubt are moving in the direction of increased terminal accommodation, to avoid the recurrence of the unfortunate stoppage of bookings to Howrah and the Docks which happened last year owing to the Dock godown being full of Java sugar, and the East Indian Railway are shortly putting forward proposals, costing some 35 lakhs, for the purpose of accelerating the handling of their coal traffic.

"Taking now the difficulties in the coal trade, I would explain that there are three exceptional factors at work, one being that Railways themselves are very short of coal, owing to the increased traffic they have to carry, the second being the rise in steamer freights which is causing more coal to be sent by Railways instead of by sea, and, thirdly, the increased demand by the public up-country for coal which seems to be growing rapidly.

"Railways must be kept working and have, therefore, the first claim on wagons for coal. It would be disastrous to the trade of the country if Railways not having collieries on their lines, had to cease working in order to enable the Bengal lines to provide wagons for general produce in full. This Railway coal traffic is absorbing more wagons than usual and is the cause of a diminished supply for the public.

"The second and third factors create a shortage of wagons owing to the long distance to which coal is now carried by rail. It is obvious that such longer journeys lock up a loaded wagon for a great many days and reduce its carrying capacity in any fixed time, to a lesser tonnage than would be the case if it had been employed on the shorter run to Calcutta.

"While I hold, therefore, that the situation is exceptional and that no immediate remedy is possible, it would be wise to take some immediate steps in light of the experience of the present time, to provide for the present pressure of traffic continuing during next year.

"In next year's programme a sum of 950 lakhs has been allotted for open line works and rolling stock, of which a sum of 475 lakhs has been set aside for the latter. This will provide—

182 locomotives,
6,100 goods wagons,

besides coaching stock.

"The completion of works now in progress, to enable better use to be made of the existing rolling stock and the pushing on rapidly of further facilities for dealing with traffic, justify an increase in the amount of rolling stock to be ordered next year, and for which provision has been made in the programme.

"Arrangements are, therefore, in progress for the supply of 2,500 broad gauge wagons and 1,000 metre gauge wagons, in addition to the stock which I have referred to as being provided for in the programme.

"I feel confident that Railways are doing their best under very difficult conditions, the enormous growth in railway receipts each week being clear evidence of this. To confirm this, as soon as I can get away from Council, I propose to go to Bombay to consult with the Railways there. In addition both Members of the Railway Board have proceeded to the North-West with the same object.

"I think I have said enough to show that Government and the Railway Board have not been asleep, that they are fully alive to the present difficulties, that they have foreseen a great growth of Indian trade and have taken steps, within the financial limits imposed, to be ready for it, but that the unprecedentedly heavy trade of the present year and the other contingencies, which I have indicated, have exceeded all possible expectations."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar: "Sir, I beg to move the Resolution that this Council recommends to the Governor-General in Council (1) that the grant for railways be increased by twenty lakhs of rupees for taking the main line of the Sheagam-Nagpur section of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway through Amraoti, and (2) that out of the total amount allotted for railway construction, fifty lakhs of rupees be earmarked for being applied towards the construction of the Akola-Basim Railway during the year 1912-1913.

"Sir, I have listened with great interest to the explanation of the programme of Railway work in the coming year given by Sir T. Wynne, and I acknowledge all the efforts which are being made by the Railway Board for

facilitating Railway transport. Among the other things which he mentioned was the case of doubling the line between Sheagaon and Nagpur. In regard to that, there arises an important matter—a matter, which though one might say, it belongs to a particular locality has also got considerable importance both to the Province wherein the locality is situated and to the country generally. I refer, Sir, to the case of Amraoti.

"Amraoti is the head-quarters of Berar, which, though it has ceased since 1903 to be a separate Province, is among the most important and advanced territories under the administration of the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces. The resident population is not very large, being only about 41,000 for the town and Civil station, but the town possesses the largest cotton market of a tract which occupies the foremost place among the cotton producing areas of India. There are 18 cotton ginning and 15 cotton pressing factories and two oil extraction mills. The arrivals of cotton in the local market were last year 170,000 carts, weighing 132,000 bales of 400 lbs. each, and constituting about 1-19th of the cotton exports of the whole of India. Its general trade and commercial activity are of no small magnitude. One thousand passengers are daily booked outward, and the number of arrivals is about the same. The goods brought by railway come up in weight to about a million and a quarter maunds a year, while goods booked outward are slightly less. Seven trains have to be run daily each way between Amraoti and Badnera; and even this number does not meet all the wants of the public and afford them the convenience they desire. Between Bombay and Nagpur—a distance of 520 miles—the goods traffic of Amraoti has during the last quarter of a century, always occupied either the first or the second place after Bombay. Its position as a town of great commercial activity and an important trade centre can be traced back several generations. It has always been a matter of wonder and regret to the people of the District that, when the railway was first constructed 47 years ago, the main line was not taken through this town. The mistake of leaving it out of direct railway communication was discovered soon after, and in 1870 a branch line was constructed by the State. That line, however, could serve only as a temporary makeshift, and in the interests of the general public, of commerce and industry and of the State, the time has now come for revising the action taken 50 years ago and rectifying the serious mistake then committed.

"The existing arrangements involve great loss of time extending over forty minutes to three hours, inconvenience and even positive trouble to the travelling public, as also, pecuniary burden. The goods traffic has also to bear imposts and disabilities productive of heavier charges on the one hand and delay in transport on the other. There is a special toll levied on goods on the Amraoti line over and above the ordinary freight. The amount of this impost comes in the aggregate in a year to Rs. 36,000. The Amraoti traffic has, during the first thirty years after the opening of the line, yielded a net profit of 8·82 per cent. on the capital outlay of 4·5 lacs when many of the other lines were a source of loss to the State. During the last ten years, the net profit has, it is estimated, been above 12 per cent. After giving $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. of net profits, the line has repaid the original outlay two and a half times over. The town and its passenger and goods traffic have thus a just claim upon the kind consideration and generosity of Government.

"Judging by the extraordinary progress which has taken place at other stations in Berar, situated on the main line, the expansion of the trade of Amraoti and the development of its industries have been prejudicially affected by its not being on the main line. The proper development of the fertile and progressive portion of Berar to the West, North and North-East of this town loudly demands the execution of the Amraoti-Ellichpur and Amraoti-Morsi-Sonnair projects. A distributing centre and the largest market for the towns and villages of North-East Berar, the projected light railway to Ellichpur and the Amraoti-Sonnair line will radiate from it and it will become a junction station within a short time. In a reply which the Hon'ble Sir T. Wynne gave to a question which I put in January 1911, he said that we had to bear in mind that the interests of Badnera would be affected by the proposals which were contained in my question.

"Now Sir, as regards Badnera, the passenger traffic of that place is $\frac{1}{20}$th of that of Amraoti, and the goods traffic probably less than $\frac{1}{40}$th. I submit that it would be unfair and highly prejudicial not only to an important town

like Amraoti, but to several other places of no mean agricultural, industrial and commercial position to permit the insignificant traffic of Badnera to come in the way of an alignment beneficial alike to a large section of the public and to the State. What local traffic there exists at Badnera can, it is submitted, be more than adequately met by maintaining the existing branch line and running a train each way daily. It is doubtful if even the expenses of one train can be met by this traffic. But it is not necessary for granting relief to Amraoti to do any injustice to Badnera, if it is thought that the removal of that place from the main line would be a real hardship. I have explained in the interviews which Sir T. Wynne and the Members of the Railway Board have been kind enough to grant me that this can be done, and the only result of doing justice to Amraoti while keeping Badnera on the main line would be an addition of a few miles to the length of the line, the length varying from 5 to 8 miles according as one place or another is adopted which after all is not a very serious thing.

"The question which remains is the cost of this construction. About the cost, estimates vary greatly, and it is a matter in which the President of the Railway Board is a far greater authority than I can pretend to be.

"Assuming the calculation which was made by the Railway Board that it would involve an increase in expenditure of something like 20 lakhs, I would say that the expenditure of 20 lakhs would be more than amply repaid soon. What we have got to see is that there is a town of very great capacity—a town which has already a great passenger traffic of two thousand passengers daily, and a goods traffic next in importance to that of Bombay the hardship of which has to be taken into consideration; and, even if, for the time being, there is no sufficient return, it is an expenditure worth incurring.

"Sir, in this matter, my town has made a representation to the Government of India, and I was given, as I have already said, the advantage of a discussion with the Members of the Railway Board. I then pointed out to them that the request of the town was supported by the Commissioner of Berar and by the Head of the Local Government who is now in this Council, and both are authorities who possess intimate local knowledge, and their opinion was certainly deserving of consideration and will be given the weight that it is entitled to. They would not have supported the request of Amraoti, if there was anything wrong in the statements of fact on which that request was based. When persons holding their authority support a prayer, I think Sir, it is a matter which the Government should take into serious consideration.

"I was told, Sir, that the Railway Company objected to find 20 lakhs which they considered were required. Well I must confess I do not see where the Railway Company comes in here at all. The Amroati line was constructed out of Berar funds, and now that Berar is handed over permanently to the Government of India, it belongs to that Government. As a matter of fact, the whole line, worked by the Great Indian Peninsula Railway, belongs to the State, and it is the Government which has to consider whether 20 lakhs are to be spent or are not to be spent by the State. When the State has to approach a matter of this kind it has to consider not only the question of pounds, shillings and pence, but also the question of granting relief to a large portion of the travelling public and to a large commercial centre. The developing capacity of the town has already been shown. It is a matter which would naturally weigh with the Government of India and not with a Company carrying on work only for its dividends. It is said that the Railway Company is entitled to a certain proportion of the profits. Now, Sir, the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company according to the Contract, is only entitled to 1-20th portion of the net profits which remain after paying up all the working expenses, interests and everything and it is only to that that it is entitled. Nineteen-twentieths or 95 out 100 belongs to the Indian Government and that Government, as representing the public, it is they who are entitled to have the final say in the matter. It is they who ought to decide as they represent the people. It is the Finance Department which must find money for this. Now I do not know that in a matter of this kind, where a demand is supported by local authorities of such great eminence, the Finance Department would not take that into consideration. It is true that that Department would wish to be satisfied in regard to a project which was put before them that it would be a paying one. But when the assurance comes from local authorities that it is bound in the end to be a remunerative one, I do not think that the Finance Department would put its spoke in the wheel.

"There is one other consideration which I would advance before the Council. During the last eight years that Berar has come under the administration of the Central Provinces, it has been held under a permanent tenure by the British Government, and all the revenue goes to the British Government. The average yield of the revenues in Berar has been 145 lakhs a year during this period. Out of that amount, 25 lakhs are paid to the Nizam and 50 lakhs are spent in the Province. About 3 lakhs may be allowed as a fair contribution required for paying towards the expenses of the Central machinery of the Provincial Government and the heads of Departments. There remains an amount of between 70 and 75 lakhs, of which 35 lakhs are received by the Government of India, and at least that amount or probably 37 lakhs are received by the Provincial Government. Now, in these circumstances, when there is a province which is not only self-supporting, but which leaves to the Imperial Government 35 lakhs a year, and which over and above its share of contribution to the up-keep of the Central Provincial authority pays to the Provincial Government—37 lakhs a year – it is undoubtedly a province which deserves some consideration; and I urge before the Council that its needs and requirements have to be taken into heed.

"These are my arguments so far as the taking of the main railway line to Amraoti is concerned.

"I then go next to the question of the Akola-Basim Railway. This project has been urged before the Government ever since the eighties. In reply to the question which I put to the President of the Railway Board 13 months ago, I was told that it stood high in the list of projects. The work on the line, however, has not yet been commenced. Since I gave notice of my Resolution, I was informed by the Hon'ble the President of the Railway Board that the work will be soon undertaken. Well, Sir, if that assurance is given in this Council, the second part of my Resolution can be regarded as accepted. If, in any case there is a disposition to postpone the work, I would bring to the notice of Government that this is a line, the importance of which has been admitted for more than a quarter of a century. It has a traffic which would have brought more than 6 per cent. or 7 per cent. to the Government all these years had a railway been constructed at the time it was asked for. Anybody who travels those 50 miles in the months of November to June would find 1,500 to 2,000 carts travelling along that track. It is one which would have amply repaid any railway company which had constructed a line over it. This is a project which also demands the consideration of Government and the attention of the Railway Board. With those words, Sir, I commend my proposals to the Government."

The Hon'ble Sir T. R. Wynne: "Sir, Badnera is a station between Bhuswal and Nagpur. The main line of the Great Indian Peninsula Railway was aligned so as to pass Badnera, some six miles from Amraoti, because of a range of hills in the vicinity which would have involved considerable expenditure to cross if the line had been taken straight through Amraoti. I have no information on the subject, but I surmise that some 40 years ago the trade of Amraoti was not of very great importance. The construction of the Branch line from Badnera to Amraoti seems to have well served its purpose judging by the Hon'ble Member's account of the present prosperity of the town. There can be no doubt that for goods traffic Amraoti at the present time has nothing to complain of. Goods can be despatched from there straight to Bombay just as well as if the town was on the main line. The whole justification therefore for adopting the Hon'ble Member's proposal rests in spending a large sum of money so that passengers to and from Amraoti might be saved the trouble of changing carriages at Badnera Now, who is to provide this money, the amount involved being some 20 to 30 lakhs of rupees. Its expenditure is not likely to bring in any increased revenue. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway decline to agree to add to their capital, and I could not recommend that the Government of India should bear the cost, as I feel sure the Finance Department would object. Amraoti was suffering under some disadvantages which the Hon'ble Member explained to me when discussing his scheme. When the line was built as a Provincial line, it was allowed to make certain extra charges, tolls, etc. When the line was absorbed in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway undertaking, this was overlooked and the charge was retained. This has now been put right and the extra charges for the Amraoti Branch have been withdrawn. The Railway Board are also in communication with the Great

Indian Peninsula Railway as to running a train between Amraoti and Badnera and back again, and on to Bombay. Of course, the Hon'ble Member has pointed out that the Local Government strongly supported this, but from the Local Government's point of view they had no option but to support it; but I think it would be interesting to know what opinion the Local Government would have taken if supporting the proposal had involved expenditure from their own provincial revenues instead of from the revenues of the Government of India; so on the part of the Government of India I oppose this Resolution.

"With regard to the Akola-Basim line, this is a project well to the fore as it is a most important project connecting as it would the metre gauge system of the north of India with that of the south. At the present moment we have a strong survey party working it up, but the line must take its turn in being included in the programme. The Hon'ble Member has advanced many reasons why it should be made at once, but there are many other lines in India regarding which you could advance equally strong reasons. I said, in the answer which I gave last year, that it is a line that is very much to the fore, and so it is. With all these demands for improving open lines, it is impossible to give a date when this line will be taken in hand."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar: "Sir, I must confess that I am greatly disappointed at the line taken up by the Hon'ble the President of the Railway Board. It is said that the placing of Amraoti on a branch makes no difference to the goods traffic. But I must remind my Hon'ble friend that I did bring to his notice a very fresh instance of such a difference, and that this town, which has a cotton trade of its own constituting one-nineteenth part of the cotton export trade of the whole of India, was unable to get trucks for carrying its cotton to Bombay or Calcutta, and that for weeks and weeks the station-yard was full of the bales. I have also told him that what some of the people did then was to take the bales by bullock carts to Badnera, the station on the main line five miles away; and there they could get trucks. That is the disadvantage of being on a branch line, the existence of which can be seen even now if only one goes there. Then in regard to what I have said about the capabilities of the town and the probability of its commercial expansion, there is no reply forthcoming. It is true that there is the question of cost which it is said would be 35 lakhs or at least 20. Sir, I cannot see why such an amount would be wanted. But there is another reply—'you have constructed lines which for years have not yielded any dividend whatsoever; but which, on the contrary, have been a source of annual loss. Now here is a line which is pronounced by competent authorities to be one which would be a self-supporting and paying one, and still there is want of funds for it.' I must confess, Sir, it looks as though it rather depends upon the clamantcy with which one puts forward his case than on its own inherent strength whether it gets a proper hearing or not. What I say is that as there have been other cases in which there have been expenses incurred on the probability of a return, so also is the present case, which I urge is one deserving of consideration, because the people and the local authorities also say that the expenditure would obtain a return before long, and I would therefore press this proposition on the consideration of the Council."

The Resolution was put and rejected.

REGISTRATION, JAILS, LAW, POLICE, ETC.

The Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock: "Sir, in introducing to the Council the heads of the Financial Statement which appertain to my Department, I do not wish to take up their time with any comments in detail. These heads are Registration, Jails, Courts of Law, Police, Medical, and General Administration. Leaving aside the Medical Department for the moment, all these departments represent necessary and important services; but the greater part of their expenditure consists of establishments, and the work they do does not, as a rule, attract much attention as to the details of the expenditure. It is regarded as necessary and the details are not, as a rule, much criticised. There is a Resolution on the agenda regarding the Police and also upon General Administration, and upon both of these, I do not want at this stage to make any remarks.

"As to medical, the greater portion of the items included under this head belongs to the Department administered by my Hon'ble Colleague in charge of Education; and in connection with that portion we have heard a most comprehensive and able exposition from the Hon'ble Surgeon General Lukis as to the sanitary and research work that is being undertaken by the Government I need not add anything to those remarks, but I would just refer to the fact that included in the statement* which Surgeon General Lukis put on the table is a reference to the Tropical School of Medicine in Calcutta which it is proposed to establish, and a sum of 5 lakhs has been included in the estimates for capital expenditure on this account. This is a very important departure, and I feel sure that the Council will accept it as most satisfactory. Another item to which I would like to refer is the grant of $1\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs in aid of the Dufferin Fund, which is included in the estimates subject to the sanction of the Secretary of State; and I am sure that the Council will agree that the inclusion of a sum of this kind in aid of the great charity which was instituted by the Countess of Dufferin for bringing medical relief more within the reach of the women of India, is aid which commends itself to the Council, and meets with their approval."

CHARGES FOR SECRETARIATS.

The Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao: "I beg to move, Sir, 'that this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the sum of rupees thirty-three lakhs and seven thousand under the head No. 18 (1) (iv) (Charges for the Secretariats) be reduced by 5 lakhs.'

"It will be seen that under the head of general administration, the charges of the Government of India come up to quite as much as the charges of all the Provincial Governments put together, that is, to more than a crore of rupees. Of these, there are two large items. One is the Secretariats costing about 33 lakhs, and the other is offices of Accounts and Audit, nearly 38 lakhs.

"This Resolution deals with the former. I wish to inquire from the Hon'ble the Home Member whether any attempt is made to review the expenditure under this head. I submit that retrenchment is necessary, especially as there is an extra expenditure of 5 lakhs provided towards the cost of the new Delhi administration. We are told on high authority that the administration of India is the costliest in the world. We shall be gratified, Sir, if the cost of administering the new Capital does not entail an extra burden on the country. This can only be done by curtailing expenditure under other heads. It appears to me that there is room for effecting savings in this direction. It is curious that the Public Service Commission did not touch the Government of India Secretariats. The number of charges under the Government of India reserved to the members of the Indian Civil Service increased from 55 in 1892 to 85 in 1910. Yet there is not a single Indian employed in any of these offices. The Hon'ble the Finance Member announced last year that he had recently selected an Indian to the post of an Assistant Secretary under him, and he pointed out that it was the first time when an Indian held such an appointment. The Statutes on the subject do not debar Indians from holding appointments in the Secretariats. On the other hand, express power is given under the Statute of 1870 to the Government to appoint Indians, if they choose, to the Secretariats. The fact that the question of abolishing the Provincial Service as constituted at present and holding simultaneous examinations in India and England is under correspondence with the Secretary of State need not stand in the way of appointing Indians to the Secretariats.

"I submit, Sir, that the present exclusion should not be permitted to continue any longer. It is a slur on the large fund of statesmanship and ability available in the country. It is a slur also on the British Government that it cannot utilize this material in making the administration economical and popular. I take the liberty of commending to the Council the weighty words that fell from you, Sir, at the meeting of the Council held on the 25th January 1910. You said:—

'As a Finance Minister, it is permissible for me to say that, from the economic standpoint, it seems to be for consideration whether we might not make greater use than at present of the undoubted abilities of the educated Indian.'

* *Vide* Appendix No. 2.

"I submit that strenuous efforts should be made to reduce expenditure under this head, so that the cost for the new Delhi administration might be met, if possible, out of the savings.

"With these words, Sir, I commend the resolution to the Council."

Sir Reginald Craddock: "Sir, I felt rather under a disadvantage in connection with this Resolution, as I was not able even to surmise what points exactly the Hon'ble Member would take. I did not suppose that it was possible that he was so hard-hearted as to suggest that we should turn adrift large numbers of our clerks, and therefore I was anxious to hear in what direction he could suggest economies of the kind indicated. Well, as a matter of fact (I do not know whether I am trespassing on the domain of the Finance Department, if I am, I will admit that I would rather that they undertook the defence) as far as I am able to find from the figures available to me at this moment; the cost of the Imperial Secretariat has shown no increase during the last few years, if we exclude from it the additional expenditure which was required last year in connection with the arrangements for the Delhi Durbar. The actuals for the year 1908-09 were R34,64,000, and the budget figures for the year 1912-13 are R33,07,000. Last year a promise was made that Departments would be overhauled with a view to seeing whether any reductions were possible; but in the Secretariat branch of the expenditure it was not found possible to make any material reductions. The Hon'ble Member has suggested that it would be possible to make an economy by the larger employment of Indians in Secretariat appointments. The larger employment of Indians in Secretariat appointments is a totally different question upon which I cannot very well enter at present for the reasons which the Hon'ble Member has himself indicated; but if he puts this forward as a means of securing the economy of 5 lakhs which his motion contemplates, I can only say that no such economy or anything like it can be obtained by the method that he suggests. At present the Secretariat appointments are in a great part limited to the Indian Civil Service by Statute, and if Indians belonging to the Indian Civil Service are appointed in Secretariat posts, there will be no saving at all. If officers of the Provincial Service should be appointed by making the appointments under the present system—listed appointments—even then the savings would be so small that they would be utterly insignificant by the side of the sum mentioned by the Hon'ble Member. There have been instances—one was quoted by the Hon'ble Member, and no doubt if I had more time, I could have found others—in which Indians have held Secretariat appointments; and in the Bengal Secretariat, there has recently been a small experiment in that direction, of attaching two members of the Provincial Service as Attachés to the Secretariat so that they may be able to learn the work. This constitutes therefore an experiment as to the possibility of employing such officers in such posts. Beyond that, of course, I am unable to say anything on the particular method that the Hon'ble Member suggests, by which economy may be obtained; but on behalf ot the Government, I am obliged to oppose this measure, because it seems to me that the Hon'ble Mover has not in any way indicated how this very large economy which he suggests can be secured. On behalf of the Government, therefore, I oppose the Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao: "Sir, I quite admit that the figure under this head as stated by the Hon'ble the Home Member has remained substantially the same during the last few years. The figure for 1909-10 is Rs. 33,17,000 and the budget figure Rs. 33,07,000, nearly the same. The Hon'ble the Home Member says that if we employ Indians who have passed the Indian Civil Service Examination, there will be no savings at all. That is true. He says also that if members of the Provincial Service were appointed, the savings effected would be inconsiderable. He further says that there are Statutes that limit the appointments to those who pass the examination in England. I have pointed out that the Statute of 1870 expressly enables the Government to appoint Indians to any of the posts that are reserved to members of the Indian Civil Service. Therefore, there are ample powers given to the Government to appoint Indians, if they choose, to such places. As regards the savings by appointing Indians to such posts under the Statute of 1870, it is plain, from the correspondence on the subject, that the saving would be at least one-third of the amount paid to the members of the Indian Civil Service; so that if three lakhs is

spent at present, there will be a distinct saving of one lakh out of those three lakhs. As far as I can see, no attempt is made to examine the question from this standpoint. The question has been examined simply whether the number of persons employed in the department could be reduced, and not whether the expenditure could be reduced by employing more Indians in the place of those who are now doing duty. I should have been satisfied, Sir, if the Hon'ble Home Member had promised that he would examine the question from this aspect and a real beginning made in the direction of appointing Indians to reserved places in the Secretariats. I submit, Sir, the question ought to be examined from this standpoint. It is an important question which affects the dignity and status of Indians and the well-being and the popularity of the British Government in this country, and I therefore press this Resolution on this Council."

The Resolution was put and rejected.

POST OFFICE ACCOUNTS AND AUDIT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao: " Sir, the next Resolution that I have the honour to place before the Council is :

'That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the sum of rupees thirty-eight lakhs and sixty-one thousand under the head of Office of Accounts and Audit be increased by rupees twenty-five thousand.'

" The Hon'ble the Home Member with regard to the last Resolution said that he did not understand what points I intended to raise by it. If the Hon'ble Member cared to inquire of me, I should have been very happy to place before him the necessary information.

" With regard to this Resolution, Sir, though the terms of the Resolution are wide, I have put it in this form to call attention only to one item under this head, and that is the savings proposed to be effected by dispensing with the services of clerks connected with the Post Office Savings Bank Audit. I have intimated this to the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, our able and good Finance Secretary. With his usual courtesy he has furnished me at my request with a statement on this subject. From this it appears that a saving of Rs. 89,280 is proposed to be effected by dispensing with the services of 196 clerks drawing an average pay of Rs. 38 a month. The pay of these clerks, according to this statement, ranges from Rs. 15 to Rs. 100 a month. As some improvements have been effected regarding the Savings Bank Audit, the services of these men have been found unnecessary, and so notice was given to them that their services would be dispensed with from July next. So far, Sir, no indication has been given as to the future of these men, whether they would be treated on the same footing as those in other departments where retrenchment is found necessary. A good number of these men are young men who have passed the general and special examinations qualifying for the department. It is rather hard for them, after putting in some years of good service under the Government, to turn now to new fields and start life afresh. I may mention further that they belong to the general list of the department and do any branch of work that may be assigned to them. It is by mere accident, Sir, that they now happen to be doing work in the Savings Bank Audit. It is hard, therefore, that the blow should fall on them alone without regard to the length of their service or the good work done by them.

" The Hon'ble the Finance Minister has well outlined in his speech the other day the policy of the Government in dealing with the Opium Department employés, whose services are not needed on account of retrenchment necessitated in that department. He said :

'What we are doing is, first, to get rid of the least efficient of the Opium employés on such pensions or gratuities as the rules permit; second, to transfer to other departments all who are fit for a new class of employment; and third, to encourage the retirement of the senior men by offering full pension to all those who are within five years of completing their qualifying service. On these lines we are dealing with every rank from the highest paid departmental officer down to the humble peon, and we hope to prevent any genuine hardship.

"I thank the Hon'ble the Finance Minister for outlining this broad and liberal policy. Similarly is the policy laid down by the Government of India in reorganizing the Telegraph Department where retrenchment is proposed to be carried out by gradually absorbing those whose services are found unnecessary, and not by turning them adrift by notice to quit. I am sure the Hon'ble the Finance Minister will deal with these 196 clerks in the Postal Savings Bank Audit with the same generosity as he is dealing with the employés in the Opium Department, and as the Government has resolved to treat the employés in the Telegraph Department."

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "Sir, the first idea that occurred to me on reading this Resolution was that the Hon'ble Mover had been induced merely by a general and very natural sympathy with the subordinate staff to endeavour to mitigate the hardships involved in a reduction of establishment. It has since struck me, however, that the Resolution may have had a more specific suggestion—a suggestion in which it would be possible for me to trace an indirect compliment to myself. On the 8th of March a year ago, it will be remembered that the Hon'ble Member moved a Resolution to the effect that the expenditure under the head of offices of Account and Audit be reduced by two lakhs. He referred to the amalgamation of the Civil and Public Works Accounts, which he thought should result in substantial savings; and in connection with the creation of a grade of Chief Accountants who ranked as gazetted officers he said: 'The question was whether the number of officers could not be reduced.' He did not then make any conditions as to the manner in which reductions should be carried out, and it fell to me, while expressing my desire to effect economies wherever possible, to enter a caution that it is necessary, in these cases, to deal tenderly with vested interests. It seems—and this is what I meant by the Resolution being an indirect compliment to myself—that the Hon'ble Member has borne in mind what I said; for no sooner had I effected a substantial economy in my department—an economy in accord with his previous Resolution—then he turns round and asks me, 'What about the staff?' I cannot object to the Hon'ble Member taking up the line I took myself last year, but I think I am entitled to raise some objections to the precise manner in which he has done so. The Hon'ble Member might, I think, have asked himself whether it was likely that I should disregard considerations on which I had myself laid some stress, and if he was uncertain, it would have been a very easy matter for him to ask me how the matter stood. I should have preferred him to take that course, and in moving a Resolution without ascertaining the facts of the case by means of a question or from the head of the department, I think he has departed a little from the consideration which he usually shows me.

"To enable the Council to come to a decision on this Resolution, it is necessary for me to explain briefly the general position. What we have found is that hitherto two sets of ledgers have been maintained for the private accounts of depositors in our Savings Banks. The Post Office maintains one set itself. That is only right and proper. It is no more than any bank would do. But secondly, and for the purposes of audit, another set has been maintained in the Accounts Office. We propose to substitute for this second-hand method, involving obviously a great deal of duplication and clerical work, a direct method of audit applied to the original books. By this simple change we save in the gross over a lakh of rupees. We shall require some inspecting staff, and the Post Office will have to employ a few more clerks, but even the net saving will probably be half a lakh. But the Hon'ble Member is concerned with the effect of these changes on the subordinate staff. I will tell him what we are doing. The men who cannot otherwise be provided for will of course get their compensation pensions or gratuities. That is all they are entitled to under the ordinary rules. But I have been making the best arrangements possible to retain them in the service. Some will go over to the Post Office. For others some posts will, I hope, be found in consequence of a redistribution of work between some of the Postal Accounts Offices which has to be made very shortly. Recruitment again has been stopped in all the Postal Accounts Offices since January, and this has been done with the object of giving the places to qualified men in the Savings Banks sections. A fair number also having earned their pension have intimated their willingness to retire.

"The Hon'ble Member will not expect me to give him exact figures at this stage, for the change will not take effect till July, and the details have not yet been fully worked out. I give him my assurance that no hardship will be caused which can be obviated, but I cannot go further than that. The real requirements which face us in half a dozen different directions are against extravagance. The interests of the tax-payer are against extravagance, and I cannot consent to the retention of unnecessary establishments or to delay in the introduction of reforms which, as in the present case, are clearly desirable."

The Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao: "Sir, I am much obliged to the Hon'ble the Finance Member for the assurance he has given that in dealing with these clerks no hardship will be caused that can be avoided. He rather found fault with me for not having consulted him in the matter. I may assure the Hon'ble Member that I never intended to show him any disrespect. He will remember that last year I consulted him, but this year I thought it would be better that I should not intrude on his attention, as he was not in the best of health; but I was in communication with the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, and I had a talk with him on the subject, and he promised to look into it. But as the question was of some public importance, and as I knew that the Finance Department would deal with these people generously and justly, I considered that a statement made by the Hon'ble the Finance Member in the Council would be valuable not only to the few individuals concerned, but also to the large number of Government servants who might any day find themselves in a similar predicament. I therefore thought it worth while to come to the Council with a Resolution on the subject. I hope the Hon'ble Member will take it from me that it was not out of any want of respect or regard for him that I did not consult him in this matter, but because I was in full communication with the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, who has been thoroughly sympathetic on the subject, and because I knew that the question, if brought forward, would elicit a public pronouncement for the guidance of all public servants. With these words I take the liberty of withdrawing the Resolution."

The Resolution was withdrawn.

POLICE.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "Sir, I beg to move that this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that the allotment to Police (India General) for next year be reduced by one lakh of rupees.

"On a reference to page 61 of the explanatory memorandum, the Council will see that the Imperial portion of police charges is shown there under three heads. One is India General, the second is Baluchistan and the third is North-West Frontier. Now, taking the budget and the revised figures for the current year, it will be seen that while the charges for Baluchistan and North-West Frontier have gone down, the revised figures being lower than the budget figures, the figure for India General has increased considerably. The explanatory paragraph appended to this head explains how the decreases against Baluchistan and North-West Frontier are only nominal; and as I do not raise any question about those entries, I will say nothing more about them. The entry against India General, on the other hand, shows an increase of Rs. 36,000 in the revised estimate over the budget estimate, but there is not a word of explanation in the explanatory paragraph about that increase. Now, Sir, my first query is, why is there no explanation given, and what is the explanation of the increase? Next, if the Council will look at the figures under this head for the last three years, namely, the accounts for 1910-11, the revised figures for 1911-12 and the budget figures for next year, it will be seen that there is a continuous increase in the charges. In the accounts of 1910-11, the charges were Rs. 8,45,000. Last year the budget estimate of the current year was taken at Rs. 8,96,000, whereas the revised figure now laid before us stands at Rs. 9,32,000; while in the budget for next year the sum that is entered is Rs. 9,37,000. Thus the sum budgetted for for next year is much larger than the actual for 1910-11. It is also much larger than that which was budgetted for last year, and is even slightly higher than the revised estimate for the current year. I should like to know why this item is showing an increase when the general policy of Government in regard to

such charges is now one of retrenchment. Then, Sir, I find from a return which was laid the other day on the table in reply to a question which I put about retrenchment that in the expenditure which the Home Department controls there is an item of 2·83 lakhs on account of the Central Criminal Investigation Department. That is on the authority of the Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler, Acting Home Secretary, and the amount is given for the year 1910-1911. Now, if we turn to the actuals for 1910-1911, as given in this yellow book—the Finance and Revenue Accounts which is published annually—I find that the cost of the Central Criminal Investigation Department of the Government of India for 1910-1911 was 3·05 lakhs, and not 2.83 lakhs as shown in the return. I should like to have an explanation of this discrepancy; evidently something is left out in the return, or something is included in this yellow book which I cannot make out. I want, therefore, to know whether the Criminal Investigation Department charges of the Government of India are really 2·83 lakhs or 3·05 lakhs. Lastly, Sir,—and that is the principal point for which I have raised this discussion to-day,—I want to know how much of this sum represents the cost of the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department in Provinces which have got Criminal Investigation Departments of their own. I speak necessarily at a disadvantage in this matter, because outside the department the general public knows very little as to the constitution of the Criminal Investigation Department. But it is a matter of common knowledge that the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department maintains officers and men of its own—a small number—in the different Provinces, which have got their own Criminal Investigation Departments. And I should like to know how the spheres of work of the two are differentiated. Of course, so far as the territories directly under the Government of India are concerned, they would be for the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department. So also in regard to the Native States, which are in direct relations with the Government of India. Finally, the expenditure that is incurred in watching men in foreign countries would also come under the Government of India expenditure. So much I think is clear; but in addition to this, I have heard on good authority that the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department maintains a few officers and men of its own, and does espionage work on its own account, even in Provinces which have got their own full-fledged Criminal Investigation Departments, and I want to know why this is done. I find, Sir, that this has been a matter for repeated complaint on the part of several Local Governments, and the Decentralization Commission in its Report notes this complaint. This is what the Commission says:

'The Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces complained of encroachment on the Provincial sphere of administration by the Director of Criminal Intelligence, and we have received similar complaints in other Provinces as to what was regarded as the undesirable activity of this officer.'

"This year also, I gather from the newspapers that the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces has complained in his Administration Report of constant friction between the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department and the Provincial Criminal Investigation Department. I should therefore like to know if such a duplication of machinery for espionage exists in the Provinces which have got their own Criminal Investigation Departments, and, if so, why the work is not altogether left to the Provincial Criminal Investigation Departments. Of course, as I have admitted, I speak more or less in the dock on this subject, because the outside public knows very little about this Department. The only thing that people are sure about is, that many of these Criminal Investigation Department men are a great nuisance to innocent people, and that they do their work not only without judgment, but often without a regard to appearances or decency. I therefore strongly urge that, if the Government of India maintain a Criminal Investigation Department of its own in the different Provinces, this duplication should be abolished, and whatever saving results from it should be effected."

The Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock: "Sir, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale in moving this Resolution has adopted the attitude of not desiring to criticise us unduly, but to obtain information on certain points on which he is not at present sufficiently informed to enable him to judge of the expenditure which is found in our Financial Statement. Now, in the first place, against

'India—General,' he has differentiated very rightly the expenditure which is definitely allotted to 'India—General' from the expenditure in Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province, but, as a matter of fact, out of the expenditure shown in 'India—General', all but a little over three lakhs relates to police expenditure in Coorg, and in certain minor administrations under the Foreign Department, and to Railway police on lines which run through Native States and have not been given to adjacent Provincial Governments to supervise. These items represent the normal expenditure on police in the country, and any increase that has taken place only in recent years has merely been in pursuance of the general policy of reform which we discussed little more than a week ago in this Council. So that, practically, the real item on which the Hon'ble Member desires to lay most stress is that item amounting to three lakhs and a little over, which represents the expenditure of the Criminal Investigation Department of the Central Government."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "May I interrupt the Hon'ble Member? If the increase in the revised estimates over the budget estimates is in connexion with measures of police reform, why was not the necessary provision made in the budget estimates for the measures that were to be carried out?"

The Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock: "I was not referring to the increases in the revised over the budget, but I was referring, generally speaking, to the fact that increases have taken place of late years with regard to the reforms. With regard to the increase of the revised over the budget, additional expenditure was incurred, and the Hon'ble Member will, I am sure, recognise that that additional expenditure was quite properly incurred in connexion with the Royal visit, and this accounts for the increase of the revised under that head.

"Coming now, Sir, to the question of the three lakhs spent on the Imperial Criminal Investigation Department, the increase has not been so very large if we go back a few years. Nearly ten years ago, the expenditure on the old Thagi and Dacoiti Department averaged about two lakhs or a little over, and the increase that has taken place since then may be fully accounted for by the general development of communications by railways, telegraphs, roads and everything else which develops the energies of the criminal classes as well as of the other classes of the community. There was a time not long ago when we found people—we cannot find them now—who respected the boundaries of Administrations and States, and I recollect hearing of a case in which some dacoits, having unwittingly strayed over the boundary and having robbed some wayfarers, who were coming back to their homes, suddenly came upon the boundary marks, which showed that they had been carrying on their depredations inside British territory. Hurrying after the people they had robbed, with many apologies they handed back the goods they had taken from them and went away. Well, Sir, I must confess that conscientious dacoits of this kind are no longer to be found. We have got to recognise the unfortunate fact that criminals refuse to be restricted by the boundaries of Provinces or by the boundaries of States. You can rightly understand that, when things were much simpler and communication much less easy, each Local Government used to manage its own police, who were mainly concerned with their internal affairs, and it was only to a limited extent that they had to pursue criminals over the border. But, now, with the railways and telegraphs, it is absolutely necessary that there should be an organisation which can cope with crime that ramifies over the whole of the country; and the Police Commission, although they were not absolutely the originators of the system (for it had existed before), emphasised their recomendation on that point, and said that they were convinced of the necessity, on the part of the Government of India, to have a much more intimate knowledge of what was going on in every Province, and on the part of every Province to have a much more intimate knowledge of what was going on elsewhere, than at that time existed. In pursuance of this policy, it has been found necessary to employ officers attached to the Central Government whose duties may take them far afield and may keep them in various places at various times. But if we are to deal with cases of organized criminals, such as coiners, note-forgers, dealers in arms, and many others, not to mention the ordinary dacoits whose depredations extend over several Provinces, if we are to keep a hold on these people, and if Hon'ble Members

wish to sleep quietly in their beds, we must have a central organisation of this kind. It is impossible of course that I should explain to the Council all details of the distribution of such an organisation—it would be quite impossible—for the whole essence of their success lies in the fact that their operations are not public. But I should like to emphasise the point that though political unrest and the political activities of late years have brought that aspect of their duties more prominently before the public, they must not forget the even more important duties that they perform in connection with the organisation of crimes and criminals, who are becoming cleverer every day. These should not be lost sight of, and I feel sure that the Council will agree with me, now that I have explained this matter, that the sum of three lakhs of rupees for a country of the size of India is really a very small sum to pay for an establishment which is so urgently required for dealing with serious crimes of this kind."

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "Sir, I would like to say just a word, and that is, that the Hon'ble Member has not told us why it is necessary to maintain a duplication of machinery for purposes of espionage in the Provinces which have their own Criminal Investigation Department for the work. He has also not told us what the Government of India has to say as regards the complaints which the Provincial Governments had been making on this subject. I quoted from the Decentralization Commission's Report an extract showing that the Lieutenant-Governor of the United Provinces complained even before the Commission that there was serious interference with the work of the Provincial Criminal Investigation Department by the Government of India Criminal Investigation Department; and this year again that Government has repeated that complaint. That being so, I think some explanation is necessary as to why such a system, which is complained of by Local Governments, should be maintained. However, as the Hon'ble Member the other day promised an inquiry into the whole question of the Criminal Investigation Department, I do not wish for the present to press my Resolution."

Accordingly the Resolution was withdrawn with the permission of the President.

The Council adjourned to Wednesday, the 13th March 1912.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA:
The 15th March 1912.



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA; SATURDAY, JANUARY 27, 1912.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th January 1912.

No. 234.

A vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India by the death of the Hon'ble Sir John Lewis Jenkins, K.C.S.I., and no person provisionally appointed to succeed being present on the spot, the Governor General in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, section 27, to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Reginald Henry Craddock, K.C.S.I., to be a temporary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

The Hon'ble Sir Reginald Craddock has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute.

A. EARLE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla

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Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. B. R. C.—612.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the first eleven months of 1911-1912 as compared with the corresponding period of 1910-1911.

ENGLAND. Whole year. Accounts, 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. Whole year. Revised, 1911-1912.	ENGLAND. April to February. 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. April to February. 1911-1912.	ENGLAND. April to February. Increase.	ENGLAND. April to February. Decrease.	RECEIPTS.	INDIA. Whole year. Accounts, 1910-1911.	INDIA. Whole year. Revised, 1911-1912.	INDIA. April to February. 1910-1911.	INDIA. April to February. 1911-1912.	INDIA. April to February. Increase.	INDIA. April to February. Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Revenue.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
						PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)	33,08,33,000	33,14,52,000	24,61,99,000	25,77,54,000	1,15,55,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Opium	11,28,29,000	8,85,71,000	10,52,79,000	8,12,38,000	..	2,40,41,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Salt	4,76,39,000	5,11,47,000	4,13,25,000	4,56,86,000	43,61,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Stamps	7,21,75,000	7,17,19,000	6,41,50,000	6,37,59,000		3,91,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Excise	10,54,55,000	11,47,03,000	9,40,32,000	10,29,99,000	89,67,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Customs	9,92,85,000	9,85,29,000	8,83,18,000	8,78,12,000	...	5,06,000
...	...	...	...	...	.	Other Heads	7,51,59,000	7,71,91,000	6,20,63,000	6,50,35,000	29,72,000	...
...	...	...	..	...	...	TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS	84,33,75,000	83,33,12,000	70,13,66,000	70,42,83,000	29,17,000	...
412,100	448,000	385,300	413,200	27,900		Interest	1,58,00,000	1,50,03,000	1,32,95,000	1,21,66,000	.	11,29,000
4,300	5,100	4,300	5,100	800	...	Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	4,77,88,000	5,28,70,000	4,17,96,000	4,65,32,000	47,36,000	...
2,100	1,800	1,500	1,400	...	100	Receipts by Civil Department	1,81,36,000	1,80,73,000	1,58,03,000	1,66,76,000	8,73,000	...
92,400	89,700	58,800	88,400	29,600	...	Miscellaneous	87,83,000	96,53,000	52,95,000	59,81,000	6,86,000	...
26,000	45,000	26,000	45,100	19,100	...	Railways	45,96,47,000	49,74,80,000	41,31,65,000	45,18,18,000	3,86,53,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	3,77,48,000	3,93,54,000	3,11,18,000	3,50,41,000	39,23,000	...
20,000	...	20,000	...	...	20,000	Other Public Works	41,07,000	48,85,000	32,62,000	40,10,000	7,48,000	...
419,000	474,700	393,000	416,400	23,400	...	Military Receipts	1,20,30,000	1,28,76,000	91,50,000	1,03,94,000	12,44,000	.
975,900	1,064,300	888,900	969,600	80,700	..	TOTAL REVENUE	1,44,74,14,000	1,48,35,06,000	1,23,42,50,000	1,28,69,01,000	5,26,51,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railway	...		...	...	..	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Profits on Rupee coinage appropriated to Railway construction		.	..		.	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)	3,87,49,000	.	..	.	..	...
...	...	...	...	...	.	TOTAL	3,87,49,000		..	..	...	...
						Debt, Deposits, and Advances.						
[illegible]	578,000	7,601,000	578,300	...	7,022,100	Permanent Debt (net incurred)	1,25,39,000	1,87,06,000	1,25,59,000	1,87,32,000	61,73,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Temporary do. (do.)	.	...	...	.	..	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Unfunded do. (do.)	1,74,74,000	2,74,06,000	81,45,000	1,73,86,000	92,41,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	Deposits and Advances (net)	4,32,56,000	3,53,52,000	4,65,24,000	1,78,23,000	..	2,87,01,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans and advances by Imperial Government	38,34,000	40,02,000	40,58,000	25,49,000	...	15,09,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,95,90,000	1,42,73,000	1,63,02,000	1,23,32,000	...	39,70,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans to Local Boards	95,000	99,000	61,000	63,000	2,000	...
[illegible]	...	971,600	...	...	971,600	Remittances (net)	.	3,37,99,000	...	10,78,000	10,78,000	...
[illegible]	25,100,000	21,266,500	22,505,500	1,239,000	...	Secretary of State's Bills drawn	...	...	.	...	...	...
[illegible]	...	...	...	...	...	Drafts on London (net)	...	.	...	...	..	...
[illegible]	25,678,000	29,839,100	23,084,400	...	6,754,700	TOTAL	9,67,88,000	13,36,37,000	8,76,49,000	6,99,63,000	...	1,76,86,000
[illegible]	26,742,300	30,728,000	24,054,000	...	6,674,000	TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,58,29,51,000	1,61,71,43,000	1,32,18,99,000	1,35,68,64,000	3,49,65,000	...
[illegible]	18,174,300	15,809,600	18,174,300	2,364,700	...	Opening Balance	18,44,31,000	20,35,04,000	18,44,31,000	20,35,04,000	1,90,73,000	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	46,537,600	42,228,300	...	4,309,300	GRAND TOTAL	1,76,73,82,000	1,82,06,47,000	1,50,63,30,000	1,56,03,68,000	5,40,38,000	...

England: Whole year: Accounts, 1910-1911.	England: Whole year: Revised, 1911-1912.	England: April to February: 1910-1911.	England: April to February: 1911-1912.	England: April to February: Increase.	England: April to February: Decrease.	DISBURSEMENTS.	India: Whole year: Accounts, 1910-1911.	India: Whole year: Revised, 1911-1912.	India: April to February: 1910-1911.	India: April to February: 1911-1912.	India: April to February: Increase.	India: April to February: Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Expenditure.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
[illegible]	[illegible]	80,000	94,200	14,200	...	Direct Demands on the Revenues	13,14,68,000	12,89,17,000	11,08,81,000	10,73,98,000	...	34,83,000
[illegible]	2,284,700	2,299,700	2,284,600	...	15,100	Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	5,34,65,000	5,49,20,000	4,55,77,000	4,63,23,000	7,46,000	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	166,400	193,000	26,600	.	Post Office, Telegraph and Mint	4,24,35,000	4,53,27,000	3,60,18,000	3,79,97,000	19,79,000	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	379,100	478,200	99,100	...	Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	21,79,19,000	23,94,43,000	18,95,11,000	21,20,90,000	2,25,79,000	..
[illegible]	2,689,300	2,447,200	2,438,200	...	9,000	Miscellaneous Civil Charges	3,30,41,000	3,45,50,000	3,12,50,000	3,11,65,000	...	85,000
[illegible]	19,000	7,300	17,900	10,600	...	Famine Relief and Insurance	1,47,24,000	1,47,15,000	44,94,000	55,27,000	10,33,000	...
[illegible]	8,803,700	8,711,000	8,803,700	92,700	..	Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	25,87,02,000	27,71,31,000	22,47,65,000	24,34,26,000	1,86,61,000	...
[illegible]	117,500	110,200	117,400	7,200	...	Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India Interest on Capital Expenditure)	2,99,16,000	3,00,11,000	2,47,18,000	2,43,02,000	...	4,16,000
[illegible]	85,500	75,800	79,900	4,100	..	Other Public Works	6,68,55,000	7,88,06,000	5,23,43,000	6,28,95,000	1,05,52,000	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	4,562,300	4,607,300	45,000	...	Military Services	23,13,41,000	23,60,74,000	20,50,53,000	21,17,10,000	66,57,000	...
[illegible]	20,020,200	18,839,000	19,114,400	275,400	...	TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL	1,07,98,66,000	1,13,98,94,000	92,46,10,000	98,28,33,000	5,82,23,000	..
...	..	..	..	...	...	*Add*—Provincial Surpluses, that is, portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year	2,94,18,000	1,23,78,000	..	..	...	...
...	.		..	...	...	*Deduct*—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from provincial balances	..	..			...	...
[illegible]	20,020,200	18,839,000	19,114,400	275,400	.	TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE	1,10,92,84,000	1,15,27,72,000	92,46,10,000	98,28,31,000	5,82,23,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
[illegible]	2,161,400	1,699,300	1,934,600	235,300	...	Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	8,85,39,000	9,60,23,000	2,30,83,000	6,75,69,000	4,44,86,000	...
5,904,100	...	5,904,100	...	..	5,904,100	Capital Charge involved in redemption of Liabilities	.	...		...	...	...
[illegible]	753,000	760,900	579,200	...	181,700	Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)	.	22,77,000	9,33,000	11,78,000	2,45,000	...
...	..		..		...	Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi	...	15,00,000	.	..	...	...
[illegible]	2,914,400	8,364,300	2,513,800	...	5,850,500	TOTAL	8,85,39,000	9,98,00,000	2,40,16,000	6,87,47,000	4,47,31,000	...
						Debt, Deposits, and Advances.						
...	...	.	...	...	..	Permanent Debt (net discharged)	..	...				
1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000	500,000	-	500,000	Temporary do. (do.)	.	...	..		...	..
...	...	..	..	..	...	Unfunded do. (do.)	...	..	..	...	...	...
1,433,500	452,100	1,466,700	527,900	...	938,800	Deposits and Advances (net)	.	...	...	..		...
...	...	...		..	..	Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	12,23,000	13,70,000	7,16,000	8,00,000	84,000	...
...	.	...	..	...	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,09,48,000	1,91,96,000	93,00,000	1,48,24,000	55,24,000	...
...	..	...	...	..	..	Loans to Local Boards	[illegible]	..	.	...	.	..
...	1,434,900	...	1,183,100	1,183,100		Remittances (net)	67,[illegible]000	.	2,41,04,000	.	..	2,41,04,000
...		...	...	..	..	Secretary of State's Bills paid	34,86,72,[illegible]	[illegible]37,23,98,000	35,32,05,000	33,71,31,000	.	1,60,74,000
...	..	...	...	...	..	Do. do. do. exchange	—15,01,000	— 20,13,000	—12,94,000	—18,46,000	—5,52,000	...
...	...		..	..	...	Drafts on London (net)	..		...	.	.	-
2,433,500	2,587,000	2,466,700	2,211,000	. .	255,700	TOTAL	36,60,55,000	39,09,51,000	38,60,31,000	35,09,09,000	.	3,51,22,000
30,661,400	25 521,600	29,670,000	23,839 200		5,830,800	TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	1,56,38,78,000	1,64,35,23,000	1,33,46,57,000	1,40,24,89,000	6,78,32,000	..
18,174,300	19,395,900	16,867,600	18,389,100	1,521,500	..	Closing Balance	20,35 04,000	17,71,24,000	17,16,73,000	15,78,79,000		1,37,94,000
49,135,700	44,917,500	40,537,600	42,228,300	...	4,309,300	GRAND TOTAL	1,76,73,82,000	1,82,06,47,000	1,50,63,30,000	1,56,03,68,000	5,40,38,000	...

The 3rd May 1912.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller General.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS

Calcutta, the 2nd May 1912

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

April 22nd to the 27th, 1912.

April 22nd

194. P. G Phillimore *A new transport pannel.*
195. P. G Phillimore. *An improved transport girth*
196 H R. von Rhoneck. *An improved method of modelling plastic substances and apparatus therefor.*
197. C. M. Acrey, W B Acrey, and B. L. Acrey. *Calculating machine.*
198. C M. Acrey, W B Acrey, and B L Acrey. *Tax and interest calculating machine*
199 G. B Bowles *Improvements in or relating to means for controlling the doors of railway vehicles and the like*
200 Monotype Machine (Colonial Patents) Syndicate, Limited *Improvements in or relating to stop bars for type casting machines.*
201 G. Jonas *An improvement for the preparation of ignitible compounds in the manufacture of matches.*
202. J D. Oligny *Improvements in an electric charging apparatus.*
203. T G. Jones and D. Macbeth *Improvements in watering carts*

April 23rd.

204 H. Leitner. *Improvements in means for regulating electric lamp circuits.*

April 24th.

205. T. Bassford. *Improvements in boat propelling and steering gear*
206 Colonel C A. R Browne and Rai Bahadur Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers*
207. Colonel C. A R. Browne and Rai Bahadur Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers*
208. Colonel C. A. R. Browne and Rai Bahadur Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers*

April 25th.

209 R. K. Biernacki. *Imprcvements in axle boxes for railway and tramway rolling stock.*

April 27th.

210 W. B. Harvey and A A Stoddard *An improved irrigation outlet.*
211. A. F. Wyatt. *Flow compensator.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

86. F. S. Old. *Improved railway gauge tie.*

110 J. A. Hill. *Improvements in and relating to furnace grates for locomotive and like boilers and other purposes.*

153. E. Ritter. *Improvements relating to the construction of hollow beams and the like.*

154. R. F. Sturrock. *Improvements in and relating to furnaces for boilers.*

155. N. V. H[illegible]inette. *Improvements in the process of extracting copper from sulphide ores and other materials.*

157 K. W. Simmons. *An improved scotch block and derail.*

160. E. G. Godfree *An improved automatic toll recorder for telephone systems.*

162 W. H Morgan and W. V. Hartzell. *Improvements in and relating to means for securing railroad rails to metal ties*

163. J. C. Liebenhals. *A combined token and tablet carrier for use on railways.*

165. H. Bille. *Apparatus for producing a perforated paper slip by electric current impulses*

166. S. G Brown. *Improvements relating to syphon recorders*

172 G. Constantinescu. *Improvements in carburettors for internal combustion engines*

176. K. H. Wimmer and E B. Higgins *Process for the reduction or hydrogenation of organic compounds, such as fatty acids and their glycerides*

179. A. Laing *Improvements in liquid fuel burners for oil-fired furnaces or other apparatus*

180. J. H. Corthesy, J H. Corthesy, Jr. and W K L. Dickson *Improvements in and relating to turbines.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

24th April 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each : —

121. H Heenan. *Improvements in, and in the manufacture of, apparatus for cooling or warming water or air and the like*

122. Firm S. Oppenheimer. *Improved process for the manufacture of dried yeast.*

124. Lamtom Foreign Patent Company, Limited. *Improvements in glazing bars and the like.*

125. L. Blessing. *Improvements in railway sleepers and means for securing rails thereto*

126. J. Say. *Improvements relating to slide valves for fluid pressure engines*

129. H. J. J. Hummel. *Improvements in incandescence gas or vapour lamps.*

133. T. A. M. Brownlie. *Improvements in or relating to tube wells*

134. C. Urban and Natural Color Kinematograph Co., Ld *Improvements in kinematograph apparatus for the production of colored pictures*

135. J. Levick, Junior. *Improvements in or relating to flushing cisterns for railway carriage lavatories and other uses.*

137. R. D. Moore. *Railroad rails.*

SPECIFICATION FILED (1888 ACT).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 346 of 1911.—K. Pandoo. *Improvements in incandescent kerosene lamps working under pressure.* (Specification filed 18 April 1912.)

No. 373 of 1911.—C. H. A. F. L. Ross. *Improvements in or relating to fire-arms.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 374 of 1911.—C. H. A. F. L. Ross. *Improvements in or relating to magazines for automatic fire arms.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 474 of 1911.—F. J. T. Bell and H. C. Bell. *Improvements in and relating to sewing machines.* (Specification filed 13 March 1912.)

No. 490 of 1911.—W. G. Blair, A. E. Williams, and Saxby and Farmer Limited and Saxby and Farmer (India) Limited. *A new or improved carrier for single line railway block tokens.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 509 of 1911.—The Peat Coal Investment Company, Limited. *Improvements in and relating to the wet carbonising of peat.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 511 of 1911.—R. Wankmuller. *Improvements in air ships and the like.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 512 of 1911.—G. Mair. *Trap for catching and destroying insects.* (Specification filed 17 April 1912.)

No. 579 of 1911.—W. H. Wakfer and S. Peck. *Improvements in and relating to files.* (Specification filed 16 April 1912.)

No. 601 of 1911.—F. J. T. Bell, H. C. Bell and J. Brandwood. *Improvements in sewing machines.* (Specification filed 13 March 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

67 of 1900. Elmore. (To 6 June 1913).
257 of 1902. Hepper. (To 7 April 1913).
373 of 1902. Dubern. (To 1 May 1913).
80 of 1903. Lamont and Michie. (To 6 May 1913).
390 of 1904. Price. (To 4 September 1913).
509 of 1904. Price. (To 24 November 1913).
535 of 1904. Cummins. (To 30 June 1913).
114 of 1905. Lamont and Michie. (To 1 May 1913).
576 of 1906. Billows. (To 25 June 1914).
237 of 1907. Fessenden. (To 22 June 1913).
504 of 1907. Lamont and Michie. (To 19 December 1913).
59 of 1908. Kershaw & Saxby and Farmer Ld. (To 24 June 1913).
114 of 1908. Tice. (To 29 April 1913).
124 of 1908. Zaretzky. (To 24 April 1913).

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1904.

428, (Westinghouse Brake Co. Ld. and Cloud).

1905.

292, (Cloud). 524, (Poulsen).

1906.

302, (Fourcault). 303, (Fourcault). 304, (Fourcault).

1907.

147, (Griffith). 304, (Ebrahim and Shaik Jaffer).
305, (Ebrahim and Shaik Jaffer). 443, (Haughton).
499, (Butlin Gear Ld).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

219 of 1911. F. Harrington. *Improvements in bolts and washers.*

253 of 1911. L. J. S. Evans. *Extinguishing fires in tanks used for the storage of petroleum, oil, and all other inflammable liquids.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

April 22nd to the 27th, 1912.

Class 1. 41. Panchanan Banerji, of Uttarpara, District Hooghly. March 18.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at —

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	„	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers
2. Overseers
3. Sub-Overseers
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers
6. Engine Drivers
7. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price R2-8.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

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Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
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E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER. Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R a. p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 2nd May 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 30th April 1912.

	Total amount of Notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R				R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	3,07,13,210	22,45,57,125	25,52,70,335	3,76,52,472	2,53,57,350	7,86,970	8,55,00,000		...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	28,92,96,738	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Cawnpore	...	2,27,95,380	2,27,95,380	1,27,17,021	1,01,49,615				...	...	...	...	2,28,66,636	
Lahore	...	3,09,62,660	3,09,62,660	1,30,27,418	1,50,43,620				...	...	...	...	2,80,71,038	
Bombay	75,22,230	13,09,14,355	13,84,36,585	2,55,01,586	15,11,35,694	...				...	...	...	17,66,37,280	
Karachi	...	1,25,49,325	1,25,49,325	29,74,340	9,20,610	...		...	...	...	...	...	38,94,950	
Madras	74,37,365	6,85,47,730	7,59,85,095	1,11,13,570	1,54,34,535	...				...			2,65,48,105	
Rangoon		4,73,57,290	4,73,57,290	1,93,47,583	1,74,44,340			...	...	...	...	...	3,67,91,923	
	4,56,72,805	53,76,83,865	58,33,56,670	12,23,33,990	23,54,85,764	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...		...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	58,41,06,670	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			*Nil*	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									7,50,000	
Total Circulation R			58,33,56,670							Total Reserve R			58,33,56,670	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 30th April 1913.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 30th April 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 30th April 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	...	TOTAL.	4 PER CENT. LOANS of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	4½ PER CENT. LOANS ...	TRANSFER: LOAN OF 1879, 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	TOTAL.	GRAND TOTAL.
Balance of 15th April 1912	36,24,700	1,23,80,500	7,09,53,500	1,83,21,100	93,26,400	23,73,600	...	11,33,55,100	6,933	5,000	..	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,70,58,833
Add— Amount of transferred to in London		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6001A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...							.	..	.	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to 26th April 1912	...	...	2,39,000	...	...	...	...	2,39,000	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	2,39,000
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 16th and 30th April 1912	...	...	32,500	5,200	...	...	...	37,700	.								...	...	37,700
	36,24,700	1,23,80,500	7,12,25,000	1,83,25,300	93,26,400	23,73,600	..	11,36,31,800	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,73,35,533
Deduct— Amount written off in the London Registers	...	23,400	5,11,100	83,800	...	1,69,700	...	7,88,000	..			...	...	..	...	...	...	...	7,88,000
Balance on 30th April 1912	36,24,700	1,23,57,100	7,07,13,900	1,82,42,500	93,26,400	22,03,900	.	11,28,43,800	6,933	5,000		500	30,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,65,47,533

NOTE.—

From			Enfaced from India		Re-transferred from London	
9th June 1867 to 29th Feb. 1912			12,180 lakhs,		re-transferred from London	12,349 lakhs.
1st Mar. 1912 to 15th Mar.	,,	ditto	3 ,,		ditto	7 ,,
16th ,,	to 31st ,,	,, ditto	4 ,,		ditto	7 ,,
1st April	to 15th April	,, ditto	1 lakh.		ditto	3 ,,
16th ,,	to 30th ,,	,, ditto	3 lakhs.		ditto	8 ,,
			12,191 lakhs.			12,374 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 1st May 1912.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 30th April 1912

LIABILITIES	R a p	ASSETS	R a. p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000 0 0	Government Securities	2,56,75,285 0 0
		Other authorized Investments	59,39,113 0 0
Reserve Fund	1,80,00,000 0 0	Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	4,03,82,918 2 11
Public Deposits at Head Office R 84,73,957 13 3; Public Deposits at Branches 1,13,31,681 15 10	1,98,05,639 13 1	Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	4,57,79,348 12 4
		Bills discounted and purchased	3,17,60,961 3 0
		Balances with other Banks	43,66,133 7 0
		Bullion	.
		Dead Stock	25,48,450 1 8
		Stamps	12,317 3 4
		Sundries	5,15,208 1 6
			15,69,79,734 15 9
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	16,25,98,242 14 11	Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office * R 3,78,82,057 4 3; Cash and Currency Notes at Branches† 2,89,17,867 12 2	6,67,99,925 0 5
Bank Post Bills, etc	9,46,437 3 5		
Sundries	24,29,340 0 9		
RUPEES	22,37,79,660 0 2	RUPEES	22,37,79,660 0 2

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R2,82,855 0 0
† Do do do R5,87,722 8 0

R8,70,577 8 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL
Calcutta, the 2nd May 1912

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent
Percentage 35 95

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *boná fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery . . .	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs in one delivery . . .	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs in one delivery . . .	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery . . .	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 11 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Gyi, trader, of No. 84, 14th Street, Rangoon, lately of 22nd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Gyi an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of April 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 23rd day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 50 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ally Mohamed Abdulla, cloth merchant of No. 43, Edward Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Sirdarmull Kotary, by his duly constituted attorney Chunilal of No. 1, Mogul Street, a creditor of Ally Mohamed Abdulla, cloth merchant of No. 43, Edward Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Ally Mohamed Abdulla was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 25th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 51 OF 1912.

In the matter of John M. Disney, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by John M. Disney of No. 5, 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said John M. Disney.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 23rd day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 52 OF 1912.

In the matter of David Solomon Jackay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by David Solomon Jackay, Commission Agent of No. 37, Tseekai Mgtawlay Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said David Solomon Jackay.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 53 OF 1912.

In the matter of Moung Myit, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Moung Myit, clerk of No. 30, 13th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Moung Myit.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 54 OF 1912.

In the matter of Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani, Fruit Merchants, carrying on business in partnership under the style and firm of Messrs. Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani & Co., New Market, Fruit Bazar, Rangoon, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani, Fruit Merchants, Fruit Bazar, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 55 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ismail Ebrahim Nalla, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ismail Ebrahim Nalla, hardware and stationery merchant of 26th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ismail Ebrahim Nalla.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 58 OF 1912.

In the matter of Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor, draughtsman of No. 51, 36th Street, Rangoon, on the 26th day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 27th day of April 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 25th April 1912.

No. 47.—The services of 3rd Class Military Assistant Surgeon W. S. Daroux, L.R.C.S.I., L.A.H. (Dublin), I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, for civil employment in that Presidency, with effect from the 27th February 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 27th April 1912.

No. 611.—The following promotion is made with effect from the 18th March 1912, *vice* Major J. M. Burn, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, deceased :—

Captain M. N. MacLeod, R. E., Assistant Superintendent, to be Deputy Superintendent.

S. BURRARD, Colonel, R. E.,
Surveyor General of India.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 24th April 1912.

No. 966.—On return from leave Major R. H. Palin, took over and Major R. R. Vaughan made over charge of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Quetta on the afternoon of the 19th April 1912.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Mount Abu, the 19th April 1912.

No. 379—390.—Mr. Nand Lal, Assistant Surgeon, attached to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer, is granted privilege leave for 2 months, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

Mr. Suraj Narain, Assistant Surgeon of Beawar, is posted to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer, during Assistant Surgeon Nand Lal's absence on leave or pending further orders.

The 26th April 1912.

No. 413—330.—Captain K. E. Anderson, I.A., Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, is granted privilege leave for one month and 13 days with effect from the 13th May 1912 or a subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

Captain E. H. F. Apthorpe, I.A., of the 90th Punjabis, is appointed to officiate as Cantonment Magistrate of Nasirabad, during Captain Anderson's absence on leave or until further orders.

The 27th April 1912.

No. 422.—Mr. E. F. Harris, Principal of the Government College, Ajmer, is granted special leave for 3 months and 24 days from the 16th July 1912, in continuation of the College Summer Vacation which commences on the 9th May and ends on the 15th July 1912.

The following appointments are made during Mr. Harris's absence on leave or pending further orders :—

Mr. A. Miller, Vice-Principal, to officiate as Principal.

Mr. Benodi Lal Mukerji, Professor of Mathematics to officiate as Vice-Principal.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 24th April 1912.

No. 25.—The Licenses issued under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), to the Rev. John Redmond, B.A., of the Wesleyan Mission, in Notifications Nos. 6519 and 6520, dated the 24th December 1904, to solemnize marriages and to grant certificates of marriage within the territories of Mysore including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, are hereby cancelled.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR GENERAL OF FORESTS.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 25th April 1912.

No. 289—143-2.—Rai Keshavanand Bahadur, Extra Deputy Conservator of Forests and Assistant Instructor at the Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, is granted privilege leave for one month and 15 days, with effect from the 1st April 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

F. B. BRYANT,
Inspector General of Forests.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Agra, the 20th April 1912.

No. 19.—Mr. Muhammad Ibrahim, Probationary Assistant Superintendent, at present Assistant Superintendent, sub. *pro tem.*, 2nd grade, having passed the Departmental Examination prescribed for Assistant Superintendents is confirmed in his appointment as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, with effect from the 14th April 1912.

R. A. GAMBLE,
Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 29th April 1912.

No. 20.—Mr. G. B. Barton, officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is granted one year's combined leave (privilege leave for three months and leave on medical certificate for the remaining period) under articles 233, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st May 1912 or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 24th April 1912.

No. 27.—Mr. J. Mackinnon, Assistant Engineer, passed the professional examination prescribed in State Railway Construction Code, Chapter VII, paragraphs 639 to 641.

H. P. BURT,
Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lucknow, the 22nd April 1912.

No. 12.—Mr. G. W. N. Rose, Assistant Engineer, has been granted language leave for 1 month and 13 days under paragraph 391 of the State Railway Open Line Code, Volume II, with effect from 15th May 1912 or subsequent date of relief.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 58th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, dated at Ferozepore, this 20th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—31071, Driver, John Joseph Moore.
Age—22 years 8 months.
Height—5 feet 5¼ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Musician.
Date of enlistment—29th August 1903.
Place of enlistment—London.
Parish and County in which born—Bombay.
Date of desertion or absence—17th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Ferozepore.
Marks—Dots on both forearms; mole, left breast.

L. E. WARREN, Capt.,
Commanding 58th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 22nd day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—8400, Private, Tom Frank Merryfield.
Age—26 years 1 month.
Height—5 feet 10½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—General labourer.
Date of enlistment—14th August 1905.
Place of enlistment—London.
Parish and County in which born—Battersea, London, Surrey.
Date of desertion or absence—17th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Igatpuri.
Marks—Star, heart and joined hands, True Love, right forearm; sailor and butterfly, left forearm; moles—face, chest, right armpit, belly, back.
Under 7 years' service.

J. H. ANSLEY, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 85th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Colaba, Bombay, this 23rd day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—29510, Gunner, Frederick Lewis.
Age—28 years.
Height—5 feet 6¼ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, dark brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Pastrycook.
Date of enlistment—12th October 1908.
Place of enlistment—Warley, Essex.
Parish and County in which born—Taunton, Somersetshire.
Date of desertion or absence—21st April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Colaba, Bombay.
Marks—Linear scar forearm.
Under 4 years' service.

A. D. CURTIS, Lieut., for Capt., R. G. A.,
Commanding 85th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, King's Own Regiment, dated at Lucknow, this 26th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9659, Private, John LeMaitre.
Age—25 years 1 month.
Height—5 feet ½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, bark brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—25th March 1908.
Place of enlistment—Guernsey, Channel Islands.
Parish and County in which born—St. Heliers, Jersey, Channel Islands.
Date of desertion or absence—24th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Lucknow, India.
Marks—2 moles on chest, 7 tattoo dots back of left forearm, 1 dot back of right forearm.
Under 5 years' service.

T. J. MARKER, Lt.-Colonel,
Commanding 1st Battalion, the King's Own Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the "P" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery, dated at Meerut, this 27th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—53993, Gunner, George James Croft.
Age—About 26 years.
Height—5 feet 8½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, hazel.
Trade—Painter.
Date of enlistment—16th December 1908.
Place of enlistment—Eastbourne, England.
Parish and County in which born—Hastings.
Date of desertion or absence—23rd April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Meerut.
Marks—Three moles on back, left side.
Under 2 years' service.

W. H. KAY, Major,
Commanding "P" Battery, Royal Horse Artillery.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 69th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Karachi, this 28th day of April 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—33989, Gunner, W. Simpson.
Age—20 years 10 months.
Height—5 feet 8 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, hazel.
Trade—Painter.
Date of enlistment—5th August 1910.
Place of enlistment—Londonderry.
Parish and County in which born—Templemore, Londonderry.
Date of desertion or absence—27th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Karachi.
Marks—Scar, below left Poupart's Ligament.
Under 2 years' service.

R. F. BREWSTER, Major, R. G. A.,
Commanding 69th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

GOVERNMENT OF EASTERN BENGAL AND ASSAM.

Revenue Department.

NOTIFICATION.

The 9th March 1912.

No 523-*R*.—The following agreement made under section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894, is published for general information :-

Memorandum of agreement made this 11th day of November 1911 between the India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Acts having its principal place of business in India at 4, Fairlie Place in the town of Calcutta and the Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited, a Company incorporated under the English Companies Acts having its principal place of business in India at No 2, Clive Ghat Street in the town of Calcutta hereinafter called "The Companies" of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam hereinafter called the Secretary of State of the other part.

Whereas for the purpose of the construction of permanent sheds and godowns for the storage and safe custody of imported and exported goods, the Companies have applied to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the acquisition under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, of the piece or parcel of land containing 8 bighas 15 chitaks of land and one-storied and two-storied building, out-houses, yards, latrines, compound wall, pucca bund and pucca Ghatla, etc., situated in Mahalla Badamtali in the town of Dacca and more particularly described in the schedule hereto and delineated in the plan hereto annexed.

And whereas the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam being satisfied by an enquiry held under section 40 of the said Act that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purpose and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public, has consented to acquire on behalf of the Companies the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described with the structures thereon.

And whereas the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam has required the Companies under the provisions of section 41 of the abovementioned Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now this Indenture witnesseth that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. On demand the Companies shall and will pay to the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam all and every compensation in respect of the said land and structures, etc., tendered, paid or awarded or to be tendered, paid or awarded by the Collector of Dacca under the Land Acquisition Act of 1894 or by the Court to which a reference under Part III of the said Act may be made or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred and all costs, charges and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.

2. On demand made by the said Collector the obligations of the Companies under the last preceding clause not being thereby limited, the Companies shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as in his discretion the said Collector may in anticipation estimate to be necessary for the purpose mentioned above.

3. On payment by the Companies of all demands under the foregoing first clause, or, in the discretion of the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam (on deposit by the Companies of all estimated amounts as provided in the second clause), but not before possession shall have been taken under the provisions of the above Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the said land with structures, etc., to the Companies and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectully vesting the same in the Companies.

4. The said land shall be held by the Companies for the purpose of such sheds and godowns as is hereinbefore mentioned and without the sanction in writing of the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever.

5. The erection of temporary sheds shall be completed within one year and completion of the full accommodation within three years from the date on which the possession of the said land shall have been given to the Companies.

6. Should the said sheds and godowns not be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within the period stated in the last preceding clause or within such further period as in its discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, or should the said land at any time thereafter cease for a period of twelve consecutive months, to be held and used, or ceased to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth clause then and in any such case, the said Government may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land and structures thereon and thereupon the interest of the Companies in the said land and structures shall absolutely cease and determine.

7. On taking such possession the said Government may sell or otherwise deal with the said land and structures as it may think proper. Should the said Government sell the said land and structures, the said Government after deducting the expenses incurred in connection with the said taking of possession and with such sale shall pay the proceeds to the Companies. Should the said Government, on taking possession, decide not to sell the land it shall repay to the Companies all sums received from the Companies in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first clause (less the statutory allowance of 15 per cent.) but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges and expenses.

8. The public shall be entitled to use the sheds godowns and premises on the following terms : *viz.*, for the storage of goods booked for despatch by or for delivery to the public by the said Companies on payment of the rates in force for the time being in accordance with the rules and regulations of the said Companies.

9. Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject-matter of the agreement or any covenant clause or thing herein contained the same shall be referred to the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, and the opinion and decision of the said Government upon such dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

(or, as the case may be) so and so the duly constituted attorney of the Companies and the Secretary of State for India in Council have hereunto set their respective hands and seal.

(or as the case may be) signed, sealed and delivered by ________ (sign) attorney for the India General Navigation and Railway Company Limited and the Rivers Steam Navigation Company Limited in the presence of ________ (Witness).

In witness whereof (the Companies have caused their common seal to be affixed and the Secretary of State for India in Council and on his behalf the Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam hath hereunto set his hand and seal) the day and the year first above written.

The common seal of the abovenamed Companies was hereto affixed in the presence of

Witness. Seal.

____

Managing Agents.

Signed, sealed and delivered by John F. Gruning, Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department for the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of S. Roy, Head Assistant, Revenue Department________(Witness).

KILBURN & Co.,
Managing Agents,
India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited,

MACNEILL & Co.,
Agents, Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

JAS. CHRISTIE,
Witness.

P. L. BARRETT,
Witness.

Schedule of lands to be acquired for the steamer Station at Badamtoli in the town of Dacca

Block No. I.—Bounded on the—

North—By the Badamtoli road
South—By the River Buriganga
East—By the Sachipandri Ghat road
West—By the Mosque and its compound

		B	k	ch.
And it contains an area of	.	3	7	12

Block No II—Bounded on the—

North—By the dwelling house of Hazi Abdul Sobhan, Municipal lane and Government land
South—By the River Buriganga.
East—By the Buckland bund and Nawab's land
West—By the Sachipandri Ghat road

And it contains an area of	.	4	13	3
Total area in Blocks I and II	.	8	0	15

R C DAS,
Land Acquisition Collector

JOHN F GRUNING,
Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department

A. C. BANERJEE,
Surveyor

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor,

J F GRUNING,
Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 20th April 1912

No. 52-S. *Ap.*—The following promotions and appointments in the grades of Superintendents of post offices are made with effect from the 17th April 1912, *vice* Mr K M Mehta, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, deceased —

Mr. Darashaw P Dewan to be confirmed in the 4th grade ,

M Ali Gauhar to be provisionally promoted to the 4th grade ,

Mr. C Probyn Smith to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, *vice* Babu Paresh Nath Mukerji, appointed as sub. *pro tem* 1st Assistant Postmaster, Calcutta ;

Mr. B. E. Vachha to be appointed substantively to the 5th grade ;

Mr. W. G O'Sullivan, clerk, Calcutta General Post Office, pay R100—150, on deputation as Inspector of Field Post Offices, Tibet, to be provisionally appointed Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the date on which he joins the appointment.

The 26th April 1912

No. 115.-S.*Ap.*—Mr. S. Narasinga Row, Postmaster, Trichinopoly, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 25th April 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. T. S. Narayanaswamy Iyer, Deputy Postmaster, Trichinopoly, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Trichinopoly, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. S. Narasinga Row, or until further orders.

No. 119-*S Ap* —Mr. C. M. Pereira, 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, pay R300—400, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 27 days, with effect from the 1st May 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr G. E W. Quinn, Assistant Mail Officer, Bombay-Aden Sea Post Office, pay R200—250, is appointed to officiate as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Bombay, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. M. Pereira, or until further orders.

No. 123-*S.Ap* —Lala Mathura Das, Deputy Postmaster, Lahore, pay R300—400, is granted a further extension of leave on medical certificate for 6 months, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

Mr. C. A Pinto, Manager, Stock Depôt, Lahore, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster, Lahore, with effect from the 21st February 1912 and until further orders, *vice* Lala Mathura Das, on combind leave

The 27th April 1912.

No. 143-*S Ap.*—Mr C E O'Shea, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 6th May 1912, or from any later date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr. Bishen Singh, Inspector of post offices, Ferozepore sub-division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr C E O'Shea, or until further orders

The 29th April 1912

No 154-*S.Ap.*—Mr C. Amos, Postmaster, Tuticorin, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for 2 months and 5 days combined with furlough for 1 year 9 months and 25 days, with effect from the 15th April 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it

Mr. K Ramaswamy Srinivasa Iyer, Postmaster, Tinnevelly, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Tuticorin, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. C. Amos, or until further orders.

C STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT

NOTIFICATION

Calcutta, the 30th April 1912

No 5-*T.*—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Resolution No 9640—9643-133, dated the 21st of October 1908, Mr W R. Dalby, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, Traffic, for three months with effect from the 16th of February 1912, *vice* Mr. C. K. Iyer, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, granted privilege leave.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE.

Lahore, the 30th April 1912.

No. 2300-*E.I.F.*—Mr. W E T Bennett, Chief Engineer, and Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province, is allowed, under Articles 233, 260 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for three months or six months in all, from the 10th May 1912, or subsequent date.

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 30TH APRIL 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion	Other Government Bullion	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over	Closing balance of Bullion	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta .	..	11	.	11	5	...	5	...	190	11	9	11	221						..
Bombay .		3		3	3	.	3	...	100		9	3	112	8	1	11		...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 3rd May 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

IN INSOLVENCY.

On the dates enumerated below orders were made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the several persons below as Insolvents.

Number.	Names	Address in Calcutta.	Description.	Date of the Adjudication.	
				Month.	Year.
76	Gajanon . . .	22, Burtollah Street . .	Late a dealer in piece goods, at present without any occupation.	3rd April .	1912.
77	Sreemutty Kumudini Dassee	168, Lower Chitpore Road .	Widow of Manick Lal Seal deceased	10th " .	1912.
78	Chandi Prosonno Bose .	93/6, Hurry Ghose's Street .	Employed as an extra copyist in this Court in its appellate jurisdiction	12th "	1912.
79	Surendra Kumar Deb Roy	23/1, Nebootolla Lane . .	Formerly and now out of employment.	16th " .	1912.
80	Charles John deCruze .	33, Dhurrumtolla Street . .	Employed as an Engineer to Mr. G M. Gregory, Architect.	22nd " .	1912.
81	Jotindra Mohon Pal .	22, Ram Kanto Mistry's Lane	Late a dress maker, now without any employment.	23rd " .	1912.
83	Aghore Chundra Nag .	17, Khetra Bannerjee's Lane, Shibpore, Howrah.	A Chemist	24th " .	1912.
85	Sree Krishna Chatterjee	51, Chassadhobaparah Street	Service Holder in the Paikparah Estate.	24th " .	1912.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me

C. E. GREY,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

UNIVERSITY OF CALCUTTA.

NOTIFICATION.

ON the recommendation of the Syndicate and the Senate, the Government of India have been pleased to direct that, under section 22, read with section 21, sub-section 4, of the Indian Universities Act (No. VIII of 1904), the Presidency College, Calcutta, shall be affiliated, with effect from the commencement of the current session, in Chemistry and Physics to the M.A. and M.Sc. standards.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Asst. Registrar*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 22nd April 1912.*

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the L.T. and the B.T. Examinations held in April 1912.—

L.T EXAMINATION, 1912.

PASSED WITH DISTINCTION.

(Arranged in order of merit.)

1.	Dukh Damon Prasad ...	Patna Training College.
2.	Ray, Saradakanta ...	Dacca Training College.
3.	Chakrabarti, Jogendrachandra ...	Ditto.
4.	Majumdar, Manomohan ...	Ditto.

PASS LIST.

(Arranged in alphabetical order.)

	Abdur Rahman ...	Dacca Training College.
	Akshaykumar ...	Patna Training College.
	Bandopadhyay, Harendrachandra.	L. M. S. College, Bhawanipur.
	Chaudhuri, Prokaschandra ...	Ditto.
	Chhatra Dhari Lal ...	Patna Training College.
	Das, Akshaykumar ...	Dacca Training College.
	Datta, Parbatisankar ...	Ditto.
	Fakhruddin Khan ...	Ditto.
	Mitra, Saratchandra ...	L. M. S. College, Bhawanipur.
10.	Muhammad Zakat Ali ...	Patna Training College.
	Muslehuddin Ahmed ..	Dacca Training College.
	Ray, Jatindramohan ...	L. M. S. College, Bhawanipur.
	„ Jnanendranarayan ...	Ditto.
	Sarma, Rajanikanta ...	Dacca Training College.
	Sengupta, Prabhatchandra ...	L. M. S. College, Bhawanipur.
	Shaikh Muhammad Abdul Jabbar.	Dacca Training College.
17.	Shyam Bihary Prasad ...	Patna Training College.

B. T. EXAMINATION, 1912.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1.	Bhattacharyya, Sasankasekhar ...	Dacca Training College.
2.	Mitra, Ambikacharan ...	David Hare Training College.
3.	Bahidar, Ramaprasad ...	Ditto.
4.	Bhattacharyya, Panchanan ...	Ditto.
5.	Sarkar, Asutosh ...	Dacca Training College.
6. {	Bhattacharyya, Hiralal ...	David Hare Training College.
	Brahmachari, Saratchandra ...	Ditto.
8.	Chattopadhyay, Jugalkisor ...	Ditto.
9.	Basu, Mrinalini ...	Non-Collegiate Student (Roll Cal. F. N. 1).

PASS LIST.

(Arranged in alphabetical order.)

	Bagchi, Umeschandra ...	Dacca Training College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bipinbihari ...	David Hare Training College.
	„ Saratchandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Upendranath ...	Ditto.
	Biswas, Harshabala ...	Non-Collegiate Student (Roll Cal. F. N. 3).
	Chakrabarti, Chintaharan ...	Dacca Training College.
	Chaudhuri, Dhirendranath ...	Ditto.
	Das, Tridasnath ...	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Pramathanath ...	Ditto.
10.	Datta, Asutosh ...	Non-Collegiate Student (Roll Cal. N. 1).
	„ Jogeschandra ...	Dacca Training College.
	Gangopadhyay, Surathnath ...	David Hare Training College.
	Ghosh, Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
	Guha, Upendrachandra ...	Dacca Training College.
	Hari Narain ...	David Hare Training College.
	Kundu, Chunilal ...	Dacca Training College.
	Laha, Anantadeb ...	Ditto.
	„ Basudeb ...	Ditto.
	Mahfizur Rahman ...	Ditto.
20.	Maitra, Ramchandra ...	David Hare Training College.
	Mitra, Sudhansumohan ...	Dacca Training College.
	Nayak, Nirmalabala ...	Non-Collegiate Student (Roll F. N. 2).
	Raghuvans Narayan ...	David Hare Training College.
	Ram Narayan Lal ...	Ditto.
	Ray, Durgacharan ...	Dacca Training College.
	„ Upendranath ...	David Hare Training College.
	Sarkar, Kshitischandra ...	Ditto.
28.	Sengupta, Umapada ...	Ditto.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Assistant Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 29th April 1912.*

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE following rules for the award of the "Onath Nauth Deb Prize" for the promotion of research in Law, which have been adopted by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate of the Calcutta University, are published for general information:—

1. An annual prize, consisting of a gold medal worth Rs. 250, and Rs. 750 in cash, to be called the "Onath Nauth Deb Research Prize," shall be awarded by the University for the promotion of research in Law. The medal shall be presented to the recipient at the Annual Convocation.

2. The competition for the prize shall be open to all persons who have at any time been admitted to a degree in the University of Calcutta.

3. A subject for research in any branch of Jurisprudence or Law shall be annually selected by the Faculty of Law in the first week of December at least two years in advance of the date when the prize is to be awarded. The subject so selected, when approved by the Syndicate, shall be notified in the *Gazette* for general information.

4. Each candidate for the prize shall be required to submit, not later than the 30th November in any year, a thesis or record of original work in the subject selected for the prize of that year and to send three type-written or printed copies of his thesis or record of work to the Registrar under a distinguishing motto. The name of the candidate must also be forwarded at the same time in a sealed envelope with the motto outside.

5. Every candidate shall further be required to indicate generally in a preface to his thesis, and specially notes, the sources from which his information is taken, the extent to which he availed himself of the work of others, and the portions of the thesis which he claims as original. He shall also be required to state whether his research has been conducted independently, under advice, or in collaboration with others, and in what respects his investigations appear to him to tend to the advancement of knowledge.

6. A Board of Honorary Examiners, consisting of three experts, shall be appointed by the Syndicate, on the recommendation of the Faculty of Law, to adjudicate upon the merits of the theses or records of original work submitted by the candidates. The award of the Board of Examiners shall be subject to the eventual confirmation of the Senate and the thesis of the successful candidate shall be published by the University.

7. The name of the prizeman and the subject of his thesis shall be published in the *Gazette* and shall also be printed in the University Calendar.

8. If in any year no thesis is received or the theses submitted are pronounced by the Board of Examiners not to be of sufficient merit to deserve the prize, a second prize or a prize in a second subject shall be awarded in a subsequent year as the Syndicate may direct.

9. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Rule 3, the subjects for 1912 and 1913 shall be determined and announced as early as practicable.

In pursuance of the provision made in Rule 9 of the above rules, the following subjects have been prescribed by the Syndicate for the theses to be submitted for the "Onath Nauth Deb Prize" for 1912 and 1913, respectively:—

Subject for 1912.

"The origin and growth of the right of occupancy in agricultural land and the incidents thereof."

Subject for 1913.

"The legal aspect of strikes and the course, efficacy and justification of legislation to prevent them."

Candidates for the "Onath Nauth Deb Prize" for 1912 are required to send their theses to the Registrar, Calcutta University, not later than the 30th November 1912

G C. MOOKERJEE, *Assistant Registrar*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 29th April 1912.*

CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

NOTICE.

THE following rules for the award of the "Mokshada Sundari Gold Medal" and the "Nalini Sundari Gold Medal," which have been adopted by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate, are published for general information:—

1. Out of the interest of the sum of Rs. 5,000 placed at the disposal of the University by Babu Onauth Nauth Deb, two Gold Medals, to be called the "Mokshada Sundari Gold Medal" and the "Nalini Sundari Gold Medal," respectively, shall be annually awarded by the University. The Medals shall be presented to the recipients at the Annual Convocation of the Senate.

2. The "Mokshada Sundari Medal" shall be awarded for the best essay written in Bengali by a Lady Graduate of this University on a historical or biographical subject to be prescribed by the Syndicate on the recommendation of the Board of Studies in Sanskritic Languages, at least one year in advance of the date when the medal is to be awarded.

3. The "Nalini Sundari Medal" shall be awarded for the best poem in Bengali by a Lady Graduate of this University on a subject to be prescribed by the Syndicate on the recommendation of the Board of Studies in Sanskritic Languages, at least one year in advance of the date when the medal is to be awarded.

4. Not later than the month of April of the year preceding the year in which the above-named medals are to be awarded, the Board of Studies in Sanskritic Languages shall select and recommend to the Syndicate a historical or biographical subject for the Essays to be submitted in competition for the "Mokshada Sundari Medal" and also a subject for poems to be submitted in competition for the "Nalini Sundari Medal." The subjects so selected, when approved by the Syndicate, shall be notified in the *Gazette*.

5. Every candidate for each of the two aforesaid Medals shall be required to submit not later than the 30th November in any year, an essay or poem, as the case may be, on the subject selected for the Medal for that year to the Registrar under a distinguishing motto. The name of the candidate must also be forwarded at the same time in a sealed envelope with the motto outside.

6. Honorary Examiners shall be appointed by the Syndicate to adjudicate upon the merits of the essays and the poems submitted by the candidates. In adjudging the essays submitted, preference shall be given to the one which indicates research or investigation by the author. The essay and the poem of the two successful candidates shall be published by the University.

7. The names of the Medallists shall be published in the *Gazette* as well as in the University Calendar.

8. If in any year no essay or poem is submitted, or the essays or poems sent in are adjudged by the Examiners to be not worthy of a medal, a second medal or a medal in a second subject shall be awarded in a subsequent year as the Syndicate may direct.

9. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in rule 3, the subjects for the aforesaid medals for 1912 and 1913 shall be determined and announced as early as practicable.

In pursuance of rule 9 of the above Rules the following subjects have been named by the Hon'ble the Vice-Chancellor and Syndicate for the "Mokshada Sundari" and the "Nalini Sundari" Gold Medal for 1912 and 1913, respectively:—

Mokshada Sundari Gold Medal.

Subject for 1912 ... Life of Chaitanya.
Subject for 1913 ... History of Gour.

Nalini Sundari Gold Medal.

Subject for 1912 ... Bharate Samratagaman (The Imperial Visit to India).
Subject for 1913 ... Bharat Ramani (Indian Woman).

Essays in competition for the abovenamed medals for 1912 must reach the Registrar, Calcutta University, not later than the 30th November, 1912.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Assistant Registrar*.

SENATE HOUSE, *the 29th April 1912*.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers :—

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Messrs. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W.C.

Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, E.C.

Mr. Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.

Messrs. P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster.

Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall Mall, London.

Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.

Mr. T. Fisher Unwin, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.

Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London E.C.

Mr. Otto Harrassowitz }
Mr. Karl Hiersemann } Leipzig.

Messrs. R. Friedlander & Sohn, Berlin W. N. Carlstrasse, 11.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51 Broad Street, Oxford.

Messrs. Deighton Bell & Co., Cambridge.

Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.
Messrs. Newman & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.
The Calcutta School Book and Useful Literature Society, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.
Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Limited, Calcutta.
Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.
Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Temple & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Combridge & Co., Madras.
Messrs. P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala, Sons & Co., Bombay.
Mrs. Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.
Mr. Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.
Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. Ram Chandra Govind & Son, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Pre Rangoon.
Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-I-Am Press, Lahore and Calcutta.
Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazir Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
Messrs. A. Chand & Co., Punjab
Messrs. A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
Babu S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students and Company, Cooch Behar.
Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jubbulpore.*
Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney Chauk Street, Delhi.*
Manager, *East Coast News*, Vizagapatam.*
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra.)*
Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*
Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.*
Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*
Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.*
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agen to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal. 8vo. Paper cover. Rs. 8*a.* or 3*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (2*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. Twenty sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d*. (3*a*.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of December 1911. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the month of February 1912. No. 11. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (5*a*.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. **R2 12*a*. or** 3*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2. 8*a*. or 3*s*. 4*d*. (2*a*.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book, 1679-1680. Foolscap. Board. R2 4*a*. or 3*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 12a. or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Records of the Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. As. 14 or 1s. 3d. (3a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4a. 9p. (1a.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7s. 6d. (12a.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3p. (1a.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3a. 3p. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18s. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3a. 9p. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Paludism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroida and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7s. 6d. (11a.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (5a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S. New Series. No. 48. Super Royal Board. R1 12a. or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D. Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8a. or 2s 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910 Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover Royal 16mo 2a or 3d (1a)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911 Foolscap Paper cover 8a. or 9d (2a)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911 Foolscap Board 12a or 1s 2d (3a)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap Board R1 or 1s. 6d (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910 Foolscap. Board R1 or 1s 6d (3a)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O P and 70° U P by C H. Bedford, D Sc., M D. Demy 4to Leather back. Cloth sides Tables without Supplement R5 8 or 8s 3d. (8a) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908)

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No 2968 82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended) Index. (In pamphlet form)** Demy 8vo Paper cover 2a or 3d (1a)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo Stitched 8a. or 9d. (2a)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo Stitched 2a or 2d. (1a) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911 Royal 8vo Stitched 8a or 9d (2d.)

Prices and Wages in India, 28th issue. Foolscap Board. R2 or 3s. (5a)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911 Royal 8vo. Stitched 8a. or 9d. (2a) each

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910 11 and the four preceding years Foolscap. Board R1 12a or 2s 3d (5a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in October and November 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched 8a or 9d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo Stitched 8a or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap Paper cover 8a or 9d. (4a)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years Part IV (b) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc Foolscap. Board R1 or 1s. 6d (6a)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue Super Royal Board R3 or 4s. 6d (14a)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910 No 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover 8a or 9d. (4a)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal Board R5-8 or 8s 6d (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis, Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E P. Stebbing, F L S, F Z.S., F R G.S. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover R1-12 or 2s 7d (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R S Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911 Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. 2a. or 3d (2a)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No 25, May 1911) Foolscap. Paper cover R3 or 4s 6d (3a)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911 Royal 8vo Paper cover R1 or 1s 6d (2a)

ARMY DEPARTMENT

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover R2 12 or 3s 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R A M. C), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M S), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations Demy 16mo Board R1-4 or 1s 11d (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board As 8 or 9d (3a)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a) (out of stock)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional) Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a or 5d (1a)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d (1a.) (Out of print)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911 Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a or 9d (1a)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912 Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4s 2d (6a)

Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth 8a. or 9d. (1a)

Medical Training (Military), India Royal 16mo Paper cover As. 2 (1a)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B-L Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo Paper cover R1 or 1s 6d (2a.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo Board. As 8 or 9d. (2a)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy 4to Board R1 6a or 2s (2a)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders, Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force Royal 8vo Paper cover 1a (1a)

RAILWAY BOARD

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911 Royal 8vo Board R2-3 or 3s 9d (4a)

Classified List of State Railway Establishment and Distribution Return of Establishment of all Railways corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo Paper cover R1 or 1s 6d (2a)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover As 10 or 10d (2a)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11 Foolscap Paper cover 11a 3p or 11½d (2a)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North West Frontier Province for 1910-11 Foolscap Paper cover. 11a or 11d (2a.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910 Foolscap. Paper cover R1-3 or 1s. 7d. (3a)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11 R1 or 1s 4d (3a)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910 11 Foolscap Paper cover R1 9 or 2s. 1d (2a)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover R1 5 or 1s. 9d (2a)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910 11 Foolscap Paper cover A 15 or 1s 6d (2a)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4a.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4a.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4a.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8a.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4a.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

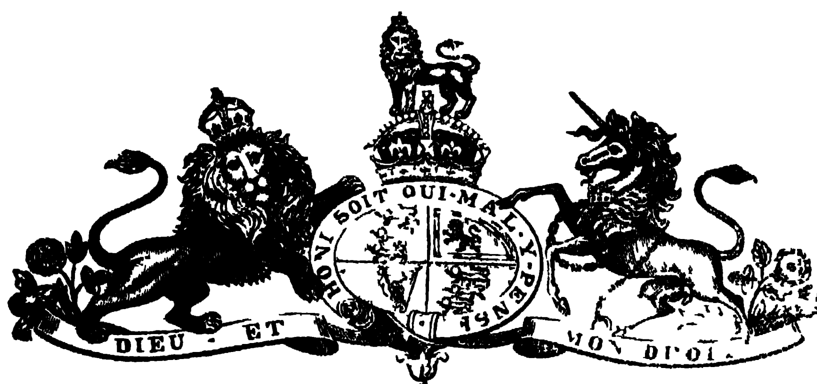
Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto, Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost

The Government Promissory Note No B 027970 (upper half) of the 3½ per cent loan of 1865 for R100 (one hundred only) originally standing in the name of Deepchand Nalchand and last endorsed to Ardeshir D Marker and Hormusji Edulji Kapadia, the proprietors, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietors The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above-mentioned security

Names of Advertisers—ARDESHIR D MARKER,
HORMUSJI EDULJI KAPADIA,
Residence—Quetta

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. B036308 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for R1,000 (rupees one thousand only) originally standing in the name of "The Bank of India, Ltd," and last blank endorsed by the above Bank and purchased by Krishnaji Rungnath Chinchore, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security

Name of the Advertiser—KRISHNAJI RUNGNATH CHINCHORE,
Residence.—Ahamadabad, Raipoora Bhawoo's Pole House No 1298, care of Gopal Narayan Sant.

Estate A. J. Brass deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Arthur John Brass, late Resident Engineer, Bengal and North Western Railway, who died at Jhansi on 13th June 1911, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to James Edmund Vallance, Accountant, Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 6th June next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. E. VALLANCE,
Administrator to Estate, A. J. Brass deceased.

CALCUTTA;
The 23rd April 1912.

INDEX TO THE SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

JULY TO DECEMBER 1911.

Page

Crops :—Season and crop prospects for the week ending 24th June 1911, 1201 ; 1st July 1911, 1241 ; 8th July 1911, 1246 ; 15th July 1911, 1291 ; 22nd July 1911, 1317 ; 29th July 1911, 1330 ; 5th Aug. 1911, 1388 ; 12th Aug. 1911, 1398 ; 19th Aug. 1911, 1449 ; 26th Aug. 1911, 1460 ; 2nd Sept. 1911, 1505 ; 9th Sept. 1911, 1514 ; 16th Sept. 1911, 1532 ; 23rd Sept. 1911, 1584 ; 30th Sept. 1911, 1594 ; 7th Oct. 1911, 1715 ; 14th Oct. 1911, 1724 ; 21st Oct. 1911, 1775 ; 28th Oct. 1911, 1799 ; 4th Nov. 1911, 1853 ; 11th Nov. 1911, 1864 ; 18th Nov. 1911, 1986 ; 25th Nov. 1911, 1995 ; 2nd Dec. 1911, 2009 ; 9th Dec. 1911, 2047 ; 16th Dec. 1911, 2071 ; 23rd Dec. 1911 2090

Customs Revenue :—Total gross Indian sea and land — (excluding salt), 1230, 1372, 1494, 1696, 1840 2042

Department of Commerce and Industry : — Publishes Resolution No. 5298—5304-5, dated 14th July 1911, directing substitution of certain additional stipulations for the second additional stipulation at the foot of the first page of the form of lascar Agreement prescribed in Finance and Commerce Department Resolution No. 1096-S. R., dated the 25th March 1903, as amended by the Resolution in this department, No. 4352-4358-27, dated 6th June 1906, 1204 ; publishes Resolution No. 6230—6236-5, dated 21st Aug. 1911, directing amendment to the schedule of offences and punishments printed on the last page of the form of Agreement for lascars prescribed in the Finance and Commerce Department's Resolution No. 1096-S. R., dated the 25th March 1903, 1452 ; publishes Resolution No. 7415—7416-122, dated the 5th Oct. 1911, together with the Report on the Working of the Post Office of India during the year 1910-11, with a review of the progress of the Department during the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11, 1606 ; publishes Resolution No. 7422—7442-170, dated the 5th Oct. 1911, together with the Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1910-11, 1653 ; publishes Resolution No. 7745—7758-33, dated 17th Oct. 1911, publishing translation of Ordinance No. 138 of the 9th Feb. 1911, relating to the admission of Dutchmen and aliens into Netherlands, India, 1737 ; publishes Resolution No. 8515—8563-9, dated the 16th Nov. 1911, directing certain clause to be added to Rule 7 of the revised rules for supply of articles for the public service, published with the Resolution in this Department No. 4941—4988-102, dated the 14th July 1909, 1888 ; publishes note on Tariff valuation of sugar . 2043

Finance Department : —Publishes Report upon the operations of the Paper Currency Department during the year 1910-11 1919

Foreign Department :— Publishes Resolution No. 2128-G., dated the 4th Nov. 1911, with regard to the International Motor Vehicle Conference at Paris in 1909 1879

Home Department :— Publishes Resolution Nos. 3066—3078, dated the 27th July 1911, publishing the result of the measures adopted in the different provinces for the destruction of wild animals and venomous snakes during the year 1910, 1341 ; publishes Resolution Nos. 3264—3288, dated the 9th Aug. 1911, with regard to the local celebrations in honour of the Coronation of His Majesty the King-Emperor, 1381 ; publishes Resolution Nos. 1232—1233, dated the 11th Aug. 1911, substituting a third District and Sessions Judgeship for the Registrarship of the High Court in the list of appointments as open to the Provincial Civil Service in the Bombay Presidency, 1385 ; publishes Resolution Nos. 1430—1450, dated the 9th Oct. 1911, declaring that certain classes of deeds, contracts and other instruments referred to in sec. 2 of the Government of India Act, 1859 (22 and 23 Vict., cap. 41), may be executed as thereunder specified, 1705 ; publishes Resolution Nos. 1715—1725, dated the 2nd Nov. 1911, 1849 ; publishes Resolution Nos. 1810—1816, dated the 15th Nov. 1911, publishing the names of gentlemen recently appointed in England to the Indian Civil Service (Bengal Presidency) . . 1875

Prices of food grains, etc. :—Wholesale in 1st half of June 1911, 1211 ; 2nd half of June 1911, 1262 ; 1st half of July 1911, 1354 ; 2nd half of July 1911, 1414 ; 1st half of Aug. 1911, 1476 ; 2nd half of Aug. 1911, 1548 ; 1st half of Sept. 1911, 1678 ; 2nd half of Sept. 1911, 1746 ; 1st half of Oct. 1911, 1822 ; 2nd half of Oct. 1911, 1894 ; 1st half of Nov. 1911, 2024 ; 2nd half of Nov. 1911 . 2104

Price of food grains, etc.:—Retail in 1st half of June 1911, 1220 ; 2nd half of June 1911, 1270 ; 1st half of July 1911, 1362 ; 2nd half of July 1911, 1422 ; 1st half of Aug. 1911, 1484 ; 2nd half of Aug. 1911, 1556 ; 1st half of Sept. 1911, 1686 ; 2nd half of Sept. 1911, 1754 ; 1st half of Oct. 1911, 1830 ; 2nd half of Oct. 1911, 1902 ; 1st half of Nov. 1911, 2032 ; 2nd half of Nov. 1911 2112

Imports of cotton, wheat, rice, gram and pulse, linseed, rape and mustard seed, jute and tea, into certain ports in April 1911, 1185 ; May 1911, 1301 ; June 1911, 1433 ; July 1911, 1567 ; Aug. 1911, 1785 ; Sept. 1911, 1913 ; Oct. 1911 . . 2123

Plague :—Preliminary statement of — seizures and deaths reported in India, during the weeks end-

8

Page

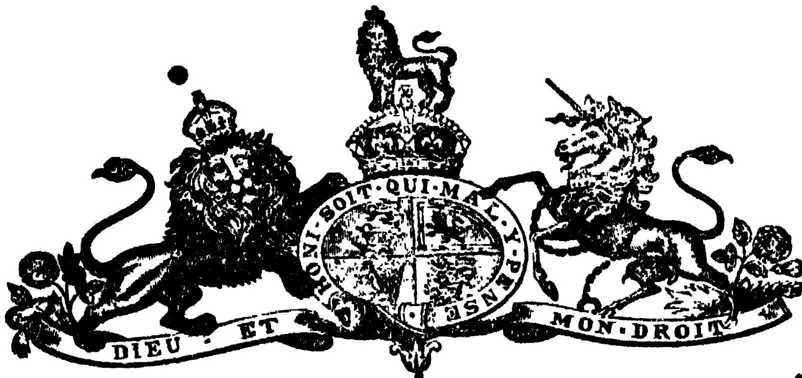
ing the 24th June 1911, 1191; 1st July 1911, 1231; 8th July 1911, 1249, 15th July 1911, 1281, 22nd July 1911, 1307, 29th July 1911, 1333, 5th Aug. 1911, 1373, 12th Aug. 1911, 1401, 19th Aug. 1911, 1439, 26th Aug. 1911, 1463, 2nd Sept 1911, 1495; 9th Sept 1911, 1517; 16th Sept. 1911, 1535; 23rd Sept. 1911, 1573; 30th Sept. 1911, 1598, 7th Oct. 1911, 1697, 14th Oct 1911, 1729, 21st Oct. 1911, 1765, 28th Oct 1911, 1791, 4th Nov 1911, 1841, 11th Nov 1911, 1867; 18th Nov. 1911, 1975, 25th Nov. 1911, 2001, 2nd Dec. 1911, 2015, 9th Dec 1911, 2055; 16th Dec. 1911, 2075, 23rd Dec. 1911 2095

Railways:—Statements of approximate gross earnings of Indian , 1207, 1257, 1296, 1320, 1350, 1391, 1409, 1453, 1471, 1508, 1525, 1543, 1587, 1674, 1718, 1742, 1779, 1818, 1857, 1889, 1991, 2045, 2063, 2083 . . 2129

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending the 29th June 1911, 1199, 6th July 1911, 1239; 13th July 1911, 1243, 20th July 1911, 1289, 27th July 1911, 1315, 3rd Aug 1911, 1323, 10th Aug 1911, 1386, 17th Aug. 1911, 1395; 24th Aug. 1911, 1447, 31st Aug. 1911, 1457; 7th Sept. 1911, 1503, 14th Sept. 1911, 1511; 21st Sept. 1911, 1529; 28th Sept. 1911, 1581; 5th Oct. 1911, 1591; 12th Oct. 1911, 1713; 19th Oct. 1911, 1721; 26th Oct. 1911, 1773; 2nd Nov. 1911, 1802; 9th Nov. 1911, 1851; 16th Nov. 1911, 1861; 23rd Nov. 1911, 1983; 30th Nov. 1911, 1990; 7th Dec. 1911, 2013; 14th Dec. 1911, 2051; 21st Dec. 1911, 2067; 28th Dec. 1911 . 2087

Revenue and Agriculture, Department of:—Publishes Resolution No. 17-F.—77-33, dated 23rd June 1911, with respect to Provincial Forest Service, 1204; Memorandum on the monsoon conditions prevailing during June and July, with a forecast for Aug. and Sept. 1911, 1326; publishes Famine statement for the week ending 7th Oct. 1911, 1728; 14th Oct. 1911, 1778; 21st Oct. 1911, 1804; 28th Oct. 1911, 1856; 4th Nov. 1911, 1989; 11th Nov. 1911, 1990; 18th Nov. 1911, 2012, 25th Nov. 1911, 2012; 2nd Dec. 1911, 2050, 9th Dec. 1911, 2074; 16th Dec. 1911, 2093; publishes circular No. 27-F.—267-3, dated the 23rd Oct. 1911, with regard to the Regulations as to the appointment of probationers into the Indian Forest Service, 1912, 1805; publishes forecast of the probable character of the Rains during December 1911, and Jan. and Feb. 1912, in Northern India 2070

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Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	522—575
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	577—610
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	35—36
Supplement No. 18—	
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 2nd May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1017—1019
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 27th April 1912.	1020—1021
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 20th April 1912	1022
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 27th April 1912	1023—1030
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1031—1033

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st May, 1912.

No. 23.—Mr. H. Molinero, Senior Assistant in the Legislative Department, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent in that Department with effect from the 1st May, 1912, and until further orders.

The 3rd May, 1912.

No. 24.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. Francis Alexander Slacke, C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 3rd May, 1912.

No. 905.—Mr. F. A. Slacke, C.S.I., is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

No. 914.—The Governor General in Council is pleased, under the Statute 24 & 25 Vict., Cap. 67, Section 26, to grant the Hon'ble Sir Guy Douglas Arthur Fleetwood Wilson, G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, leave of absence on medical certificate for a period of six months, with effect from the 19th May 1912, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

MEDICAL.

The 2nd May, 1912.

No. 349.—The services of Captain F. C. Fraser, M.D., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

No. 351.—Diwan Bahadur Hira Lal Basu, Professor of Anatomy at the Medical College, Calcutta, is granted combined leave for six months, namely, privilege leave for three months, with furlough for three months, in continuation, with effect from the 18th April 1912, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

PORT BLAIR.

The 3rd May, 1912.

No. 237.—Captain F. A. Barker, M.B., I.M.S., Superintendent of the cellular and female jails, and Civil Surgeon, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, with effect from the 4th June 1912.

JUDICIAL.

The 29th April, 1912.

No. 822.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely:

In Schedule I, in clause (3), for the words "Opium and Excise Departments", the words "Opium, Excise and Agricultural Departments" shall be substituted.

POLICE.

The 1st May, 1912.

No. 703.—The services of Captain D. I. Macpherson, 10th Jats, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment in the Military Police.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 3rd May, 1912.

No. 156.—The Reverend F. J. Clarke, a senior chaplain on the Bengal (Lucknow) Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 12th August 1912.

SANITARY.

The 29th April, 1912.

No. 710.—The services of Captain W. D. Wright, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for plague duty.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 29th April, 1912.

No. 239—37-4.—The services of Mr T. Bainbrigge Fletcher, F.E.S., F.Z.S., Supernumerary Entomologist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras for employment in the local Agricultural Department with effect from the 20th April 1912.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th April, 1912.

No. 23.—Mr. T. Gregory, Superintendent, 1st grade, office of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Public Works Department is granted combined leave for six months (privilege leave for three months and furlough for the remaining period) under the provisions of Articles 233 and 338 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 6th May 1912.

The 2nd May, 1912.

No. 24.—With reference to the Home Department Notification No. 491, dated the 26th April 1912, the services of Major E. L. Ward, I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of the Director of Temporary Works, Delhi.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th April, 1912.

No. 1276-*Est.-A.*—Captain H. W. Pierpoint, Indian Medical Service, is appointed to officiate as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, and is posted as Civil Surgeon in the Khyber Agency and Medical Officer, Khyber Rifles, with effect from the 6th April, 1912.

No. 1277-*Est.-A.*—Captain C. I. Brierley, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted, on return from furlough, as Civil Surgeon, Peshawar, with effect from the 7th April, 1912.

No. 1281-*Est.-A.*—Captain W. M. Anderson, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted, on return from furlough, as Residency Surgeon, Gwalior, with effect from the 9th April, 1912.

The 30th April, 1912.

No. 1289-*Est.-A.*—Major H. B. St. John of the Political Department is appointed to be Under Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 12th April, 1912.

The 1st May, 1912.

No. 985-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr Ernst Neuenhofer as Acting Consul for Germany at Karachi.

No. 9 6-*I. B.*—The notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No 61-I. A., dated the 6th January, 1905, appointing the Reverend John Redmond, B.A., of the Wesleyan Mission, to be a Registrar of Births and Deaths for the territories of Mysore, including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, is hereby cancelled.

No. 1297-*Est.-A.*—Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, C.I.E., of the Political Department, Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Sibi, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 11th April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1298-*Est.-A.*—Major A. D. G. Ramsay, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent and Deputy Commissioner, Sibi, with effect from the 11th April, 1912, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, C.I.E., or until further orders.

No. 1301-*Est.-A.*—Captain R. A. Lyall of the Political Department is attached to the Kurram Agency, with effect from the 9th April, 1912.

No. 1305-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India for four months and twenty-two days with effect from the 16th April, 1912, the first ninety days being privilege leave under Article 220, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, and the remaining period leave on private affairs under Article 358, Army Regulations, India, Volume I, and India Army Order No. 64 of 190.:

Captain H. C. Kay, 8th Cavalry, Inspecting Officer, Kathiawar Imperial Service Cavalry.

Pension service—15th year commenced on the 22nd January, 1912.

No. 1306-*Est.-B.*—Major H. N. Holden, 5th Cavalry, Inspecting Officer, Rajputana Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Kathiawar Imperial Service Cavalry, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 16th April, 1912, and during the absence on combined leave of Captain H. C. Kay, or until further orders.

No. 1316-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. Pritchard of the Political Department, on return from leave, was placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India for the 17th and 18th April, 1912.

The 2nd May, 1912.

No. 989-*I.-B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to amend the Regulation for the better administration of the Hyderabad Residency Bazars, 1895, as follows:

In section 2, clause (*ix*) of the said Regulation, for the definition of "Superintendent", the following shall be substituted, namely:

"'Superintendent' means the officer appointed by the Resident for the time being to hold charge of the Residency Bazars."

No. 992-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. William E. Bell as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Chittagong.

No. 1323-*Est.-A.*—Major R. E. A. Hamilton of the Political Department is posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Rajputana and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 22nd April, 1912.

No. 1334-*Est.-A.*—Mr. L. W. Reynolds, C.I.E., a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 2nd May, 1912.

No. 1335-*Est.-A.*—Mr. W. H. J. Wilkinson of the Political Department is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 2nd May, 1912, and during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. L. W. Reynolds, C.I.E., or until further orders.

The 3rd May, 1912.

No. 1003-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr Albert Brill as Acting Consul for Germany at Madras, during the absence of Herr M. Miersch.

A. H. MCMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 29th April, 1912.

No. 2863-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

March 1912. Lakhs of Rupees.

	MARCH.		TO END OF MARCH.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	1910-1911.	Revised, 1911-1912.	Actuals, 1910-1911.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	7,62	8,64	33,40	33,26	33,15	33,26
Opium...	81	76	8,93	11,28	8,86	11,28
Salt	51	62	5,08	4,76	5,11	4,76
Stamps	66	61	7,04	7,03	7,17	7,03
Excise	1,14	1,14	11,43	10,54	11,46	10,54
Provincial Rates	10	11	83	84	83	84
Customs	90	1,10	9,68	9,93	9,85	9,93
Assessed Taxes	20	20	2,31	2,24	2,32	2,23
Forest	45	38	2,72	2,46	2,88	2,46
Registration	5	6	65	64	65	64
Tributes from Native States	23	26	89	91	90	91
Other Civil Revenue	49	55	4,38	4,27	5,37	3,98
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	13,16	14,43	87,34	88,16	88,55	87,86
Major Irrigation Revenue	14	41	3,32	3,13	3,48	3,26
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue	5	6	54	53	35	64
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works)	13,35	14,90	91,20	91,82	92,38	91,76
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works	—10	—12	—4,66	—4,60	—4,59	—4,60
Opium	—2	—3	—1,09	—1,87	—1,11	—1,87
Famine Relief (Civil)	—3	...	—6	...	—8	...
Other Civil Expenditure	—5,29	—5,39	—41,39	—38,15	—43,56	—37,11
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	—5,44	—5,54	—47,20	—44,62	—49,34	—43,58
Major Irrigation Working Expenses	—18	—21	—1,64	—1,64	—1,71	—1,64
Buildings and Roads Expenditure	—1,29	—1,00	—5,57	—5,07	—5,80	—5,48
Famine Relief (Public Works)	...	...	—4	...	—5	...
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure	—30	—31	—1,69	—1,70	—1,23	—1,79
Irrigation Capital Expenditure	—31	—26	—2,02	—1,66	—2,29	—1,69
Delhi Capital Expenditure	...	...	...	...	—15	...
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works)	—7,52	—7,32	—58,16	—54,69	—60,57	—54,18
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net)	+12	+33	+2,78	+1,75	+3,17	+1,74
Telegraph (Net)	—12	—10	—1,12	—94	—1,12	—94
Marine (Net)	—5	—3	—48	—51	—45	—51
Military Works (Net)	—22	—39	—1,19	—1,12	—1,06	—1,36
Military Receipts	+6	+15	+1,07	+1,01	+1,24	+98
Military Issues	—2,15	—2,24	—21,07	—20,82	—21,19	—20,82
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway	+68	+65	+7,74	+7,43	+51,16	+48,44
Other Railways	+4,37	+4,06	+44,95	+41,08		
TOTAL ...	+5,05	+4,71	+52,69	+48,51	+51,16	+48,44
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway	—40	—57	—4,44	—4,09	—32,58	—31,11
Other Railways	—3,02	—3,16	—29,05	—27,13		
TOTAL ...	—3,42	—3,73	—33,49	—31,22	—32,58	—31,11
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ...	—73	—1,30	—81	—3,34	—83	—3,58
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more, —Receipts less than payments)	...	...	+1,87	+1,25	+1,87	+1,25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	+43	—5	+22	+5	+11	...
Currency Transfers for Gold in England ...	...	...	+98	+3,82	+98	...
Do. for Sterling investment ...	...	...	+2,00	...	+2,00	...
Transfer from Gold Standard Reserve	...	+90	...	+90	...	...
Deposit of District Funds	—19	—1	+18	+14	+20	+23
Loans by Government	+8	+11	...	+1,16	—23	+1,12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts	...	+2	...	+15	...	..
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 15 per £	—3,66	—4,26	—40,32	—39,59	—40,22	—34,87
Other Debt Heads	+87	+20	+91	+25	+1,67	+19
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	—2,47	—3,09	—34,16	—31,87	—33,62	—32,08
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	+2,63	+3,19	—1,93	+1,92	—2,64	+1,92
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks	15,79	17,17	20,35	18,44	20,35	18,44

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 29th April, 1912.

No. 2869-*F.E.*—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Lloyd Jones, I.M.S., Assay Master, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for two months and eighteen days and, in continuation, furlough for four months and fourteen days, with effect from the 13th April 1912.

Captain H. B. Drake, I.M.S, has been appointed to officiate as Assay Master, Bombay, with effect from the 13th April 1912 and until further orders.

Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., has been appointed to officiate as Deputy Assay Master, Bombay, with effect from the 13th April 1912 and until further orders.

The 1st May, 1912.

No. 2-*F.E.*—Mr. Gangarama Kaula has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 16th April 1912.

Mr. B. N. Sen, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Punjab, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office, with effect from the 11th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 6-*F.E.*—Mr. H. M. C. Trotter, Government Examiner of Accounts, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, has been appointed to hold charge of the office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, Great Indian Peninsula Railway, in addition to his own duties with effect from the 4th March 1912 and until further orders.

The 2nd May, 1912.

No. 13-*F.E.*—In the Notification in this Department No. 2747-F.E., dated the 24th April 1912, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* dated the 27th April 1912, *omit* the name of Mr. M. E. Watts.

No. 16-*F.E.*—Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Burma, has been granted privilege leave for five weeks with effect from the 16th April 1912.

Mr. T. R. Masilamoni, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Burma, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office with effect from the 16th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 17-*F.E.*—Mr. N. Sethurama Aiyar, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Madras, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office with effect from the 16th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 18-*F.E.*—Mr. L. J. Peck, Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Nagpur, has been granted privilege leave for three months and, in continuation, special leave for three months with effect from the 19th April 1912.

Mr. C. E. Vernieux, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office with effect from the 19th April 1912 and until further orders.

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE.

Simla, the 4th May 1912.

No. 3392-71.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the undermentioned amendments shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 7397-225, dated the 5th August, 1908:

1. *Insert the following below rule 6 (2) (d)*:—

Stamps in payment of stamp duty may be affixed only to the back of the postcard.

2. *For rule 49 substitute the following*:—

49 Every letter tendered for insurance must be enclosed in a strong cover, which must be securely fastened and sealed with fine wax bearing a private mark, in such a way that it cannot be opened without either breaking the seals or leaving obvious traces of violation. Envelopes with black or coloured borders must not be used. Seals must be placed over each flap or seam of the cover; and if the cover is tied round with string or tape, a seal must be placed on the ends where they are tied.

(2) Every parcel tendered for insurance must be packed carefully and substantially, with due regard to the nature of the contents and the length of the journey, and must be sealed with wax or lead, bearing a private mark, in such a way that it cannot be opened without either breaking the seal or leaving obvious traces of violation. Seals must be placed over each join or loose flap of the covering of a parcel; and, if string be used in packing, a seal must be placed on the ends of the string where they are tied.

(3) All the seals affixed to an insured postal article shall be of the same kind of wax and shall bear distinct impressions of the same device. The device shall not be that of a current coin or merely a series of straight, curved, or crossed lines.

3. *For rule 60 substitute the following*:—

60. Every foreign letter tendered for insurance must be enclosed in a strong cover, which must be securely fastened and sealed with fine wax bearing a private mark, in such a way that it cannot be opened without either breaking the seals or leaving obvious traces of violation. Envelopes with black or coloured borders must not be used. Seals must be placed over each flap or seam of the cover; and if the cover is tied round with string or tape, a seal must be placed on the ends where they are tied.

(2) Every foreign parcel tendered for insurance must be packed carefully and substantially, with due regard to the nature of the contents and the length of the journey, and must be sealed with wax or lead, bearing a private mark, in such a way that it cannot be opened without either breaking the seal or leaving obvious traces of violation. Seals must be placed over each join or loose flap of the covering of a parcel; and, if string be used in packing, a seal must be placed on the ends of the string where they are tied.

(3) All the seals affixed to an insured foreign letter or parcel shall be of the same kind of wax or lead and shall bear distinct impressions of the same private device. The device shall not be that of a current coin or merely a series of straight, curved, or crossed lines.

INDUSTRIES.

The 4th May 1912.

No. 3323-8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Darjeeling and Terai Planters' Associations to appoint Mr. Alexander Shannon, President of the Darjeeling Planters' Association, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. C. Bald.

SALT.

The 4th May 1912.

No. 3428-43.—The following promotions in the Northern India Salt Revenue Department are notified:

Name.	From	To	With effect from	Up to	REMARKS.
Mr. Bhan Chand.	Assistant Superintendent.	Superintendent, 4th grade.	22nd May 1911	Continues to officiate.	*Vice* Mr. A. M. S. Carter, Superintendent on combined leave.
Mr. C. C. Chill	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	From 22nd May 1911 to 31st October 1911, *vice* Mr. G. W. C. Lisle, Superintendent on combined leave. From 1st November 1911 to 8th November 1911, *vice* Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent on combined leave. From 9th November 1911 to 2nd February 1912, *vice* Mr. Muhammad Kazim Hussain, Superintendent on privilege leave. From 3rd February 1912, *vice* Mr. E. G. Winn, Superintendent on combined leave.

Name.	From	To	With effect from	Up to	REMARKS.
Mr. W. O. Davey.	Assistant Superintendent.	Superintendent, 4th grade	16th August 1911. 3rd November 1911.	31st October 1911. Continues to officiate.	From 16th August 1911 to 31st October 1911, *vice* Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent on combined leave. From 3rd November 1911 to 8th November 1911, *vice* Mr. Muhammad Kazim Hussain, Superintendent on privilege leave. From 9th November 1911 to 8th January 1912, *vice* Mr. E. St. C. L. Chopin, Superintendent on privilege leave. From 9th January 1912, *vice* Mr. E. D. Beatson, Superintendent on combined leave.
Mr. P. A. Kirwan.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	22nd May 1911. 6th December 1911.	26th October 1911. 10th March 1912.	From 22nd May 1911 to 15th August 1911, *vice* Mr. H. A. H. Scott, Superintendent on combined leave. From 16th August 1911 to 5th October 1911, *vice* Rai Sahib Sheo Prasad, Superintendent on privilege leave. From 6th October 1911 to 26th October 1911, *vice* Mr. E. D. Nunn, Assistant Commissioner on privilege leave. From 6th December 1911 to 8th January 1912, *vice* Mr. E. D. Beatson, Superintendent on combined leave. From 9th January 1912 to 14th February 1912, *vice* Mr. P. T. Watling, Superintendent on privilege leave. From 15th February 1912 to 10th March 1912, *vice* Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent on privilege leave.
Mr. A. H. C. Chill.	Ditto ...	Ditto ...	21st July 1911	15th August 1911.	*Vice* Rai Sahib Sheo Prasad, Superintendent on privilege leave.
			22nd August 1911.	8th October 1911.	From 22nd August 1911 to 3rd October 1911, *vice* Mr. H. A. R. Lyon, Assistant Commissioner on privilege leave. From 4th October 1911 to 8th October 1911, *vice* Mr. A. English, Superintendent on privilege leave.
			13th December 1911.	8th January 1912.	*Vice* Mr. P. T. Watling, Superintendent on privilege leave.
			28th January 1912.	14th February 1912.	*Vice* Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent on privilege leave.

2. The second paragraphs of the Notifications in this Department Nos. 66-1 and 1919-19, dated respectively the 6th January and 2nd March 1912, are hereby cancelled.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 3rd May 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 387.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff, with effect from the 15th April 1912:—

Captain W. W. Muir, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, Extra Aide-de-Camp, to be Aide-de-Camp.

Captain the Hon'ble A. O. W. C. Weld-Forester, M.V.O., Grenadier Guards, Aide-de-Camp, to be Extra Aide-de-Camp.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT

No 388.—The services of Major R. H Palin Indian Army are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No 389.—The services of Major R. R. Vaughan, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

COMMANDS.

No. 390.—Colonel W. H Dobbie, Indian Army, to be a Colonel-on-the-Staff, in succession to Major General E S. Hastings, C B, D S O Indian Army and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 12th April 1912

No. 391.—Colonel D C F Macintyre, Indian Army, to be a Colonel-on-the-Staff in succession to Major-General J W G Tulloch, C B, Indian Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 15th April 1912

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT

No. 392.—With reference to Army Department Notification No 995, dated the 1st December 1911, Major F. C A. Parsons Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months. The privilege leave portion of the combined leave granted to Major Parsons is converted into ordinary leave on medical certificate.

ORGANISATION.

ARMY RESERVES.

No. 393.—The promotion of Captain William Lovett Cameron Graham, Indian Army Reserve of Officers, notified in Army Department Notification No 48, dated the 19th January 1912, has effect from the 19th January 1912

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY

No. 394.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval —

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels

28th April 1912

Philip Charles Palin, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Henry Joseph Thacker, Supply and Transport Corps

Lieutenants to be Captains.

2nd May 1912

William Townsend Allen, 23rd Cavalry (Frontier Force)

James Napier Simonds, 35th Scinde Horse

Second-Lieutenants to be Lieutenants

29th April 1912

Henry Richard Caine Meade, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Wilmot Gordon Hilton Vickers, 31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Alfred Noel Irvine Lilly, 7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs

James Douglas Standen, 10th Jats.

Thomas Clement Erskine Barstow, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Thomas Reed Dawe, 79th Carnatic Infantry.

Edward Horace Whitford-Hawkey, 16th Cavalry.

John Rowe Dill, 69th Punjabis.

Dudley Clare Robinson, 36th Sikhs.

Rupert Mortimer Corke, 94th Russell's Infantry.

Ralph Bouverie Deedes, 31st Punjabis.

Claude William Sanders, 1st Brahmans.

Justin O'Sullivan, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Lancelot Ernest Dennys, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Dysart Edward Whitworth, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

Robert Douglas Crew, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Dawyck Moberly Veitch Veitch, 1st Duke of York's Own Lancers (Skinner's Horse).

Gerald Michael FitzGerald, 19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Raymond D'Albini Sykes Banks, 9th Bhopal Infantry.

Bertram Heylyn Matheson, 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Montague Douglas Spankie, 14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

George Burton Henderson, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Cuthbert Charles Langhorne, 117th Mahrattas.

William Arthur McCrae Bruce, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force).

Christopher Thomas Wright-Warren, 80th Carnatic Infantry.

Sidney Arthur Hodder Hungerford, 116th Mahrattas.

Leopold Eliot Poynder, 6th Gurkha Rifles.

Charles D'Arcy Bingham, 109th Infantry.

Gerald Blunt Lucas, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Hubert Richard Benjamin Hinde Irwin, 105th Mahratta Light Infantry.

Robert Blake Harward, 86th Carnatic Infantry.

John Downton Leman, 27th Punjabis.

Edward Thomas Ruscombe Wickham, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse.

Kenneth Herbert Metcalfe Davison, 106th Hazara Pioneers.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 395.—With reference to the notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to the present rank of Major Archibald Nicol Fleming, M.B., F.R.C.S.E., published in Army Department Notification No. 658, dated the 7th August 1908, is antedated from the 29th July 1908 to the 29th January 1908.

Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911.
Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 396.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 15th April 1912:—

No. 1027, Naranjan-das (E).

No. 1043, Amin-chand (E).

(E) Passed in English.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Amalgamated List.

No. 397.—Store-Sergeant Herbert John Shearburn to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor George Thorne, appointed Assistant Overseer, Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, *seconded*; with effect from the 3rd March 1912.

No. 398.—Store-Sergeant Charles Henry Dudman to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Thomas Nicholas, appointed Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, *seconded*; with effect from the 6th March 1912.

No. 399.—Store-Sergeant Michael Henry Rowland to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Harry Wigmore, appointed Assistant Overseer, Rifle Factory, Ishapore, *seconded*; with effect from the 11th March 1912.

No. 400.—Store-Sergeant Henry John Roberts to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* James William Goff, deceased; with effect from the 6th April 1912.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 401.—Sub-Conductor Hedley Charles Parks to be Conductor and Staff-Sergeant Joe Greensmith to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Edward George Knapp, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS

20th Duke of Cambridge's Own Infantry (Brownlow's Punjabis).

No. 402.—Jemadar Wali Khan, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 703, dated the 21st August 1908, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 1st July 1908.

No. 403.—The following promotions are made:—

14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Ressaidar Gumani Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Lakhi Ram to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Surjan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Ram Singh, transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 10th April 1912.

Kote-Dafadar Amir Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Balwant Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th April 1912.

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

Kote-Dafadar Khwaja Muhammad to be Jemadar, *vice* Albel Singh, promoted; with effect from the 9th March 1912.

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Ressaidar Hira Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Partab Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Natha Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Risaldar Sardar Hira Singh, appointed to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department, with effect from the 5th September 1910.

Ressaidar Mir Mumtaz Husain to be Risaldar, *vice* Suchait Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th May 1911.

(Army Department Notifications Nos. 546 and 675, dated 30th June 1911, and 4th August 1911, respectively, so far as they relate to these Indian Officers, are cancelled).

Ressaidar Govind Rao to be Risaldar, Jemadar Rur Singh to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Mul Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Indar Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st July 1911.

27th Punjabis.

Jemadar Mir Akbar to be Subadar and Havildar Naim Gul to be Jemadar, *vice* Shahbaz Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

30th Punjabis.

Subadar Hakim Khan to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Salig Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Lachman Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Gokul, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

31st Punjabis.

Jemadar Dewa Singh to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Prem Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sham Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Santbir Gurung, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Chandarbir Gharti to be Subadar and Havildar Chatarbir Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Subadar-Major Kannu Thapa, appointed to the Cantonment Magistrates' Department; with effect from the 1st October 1910.

(Army Department Notification No. 67, dated the 27th January 1911, so far as it relates to Jemadar Chandarbir Gharti and Havildar Chatarbir Gurung, is cancelled.)

Jemadar Ragbir Gurung to be Subadar and Havildar Dharm Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Karbir Thapa, deceased; with effect from the 19th October 1910.

(Army Department Notification No 89, dated the 3rd February 1911, so far as it relates to Havildar Dharm Sing Gurung, is cancelled.)

Havildar Durga Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Amar Sing Rana, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st January 1911.

(Army Department Notification No. 47, dated the 19th January 1912, so far as it relates to Havildar Durga Gurung, is cancelled.)

Havildar-Major Nain Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Meharman Buru, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

(Army Department Notification No. 240, dated the 15th March 1912, so far as it relates to Havildar-Major Nain Sing Gurung, is cancelled.)

Havildar Khamba Sing Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Pirthilal Gharti, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st December 1911.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No 404.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified :—

Conductor Frederick Thomas Court, Ordnance Department, Southern Army,—7th March 1912.

Conductor Edward George Knapp, India Miscellaneous List,—1st April 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 405.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Brevet Colonel Henry Bathurst Vaughan,—17th April 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Henry Lewis, 35th Scinde Horse,—26th April 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Calcutta Port Defence Volunteer Corps.

No. 406.—His Excellency the Right Hon'ble Baron Carmichael of Skirling, G.C.I.E., K.C.M.G., Governor of Bengal, to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 3rd May 1912.

Surma Valley Light Horse.

No. 407.—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, K.C.S.I., resigns his appointment as Honorary Colonel of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 408.—Captain William Henry Bateman Lawes, V.D., to be Major, *vice* W. H. Lyall, V.D., transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 27th December 1911.

Simla Volunteer Rifles

No 409—Major William Daniel Henry, C.I.E., V D., to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* Sir J. S. Meston, K.C S I., transferred to the Supernumerary List Dated 1st April 1912.

2nd Battalion, The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles

No. 410.—Major Francis David Topham, V D, is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 23rd January 1912

Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles.

No 411.—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, K C.S I., resigns his appointment as Honorary Colonel of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No 412—The following draft of a rule which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), is published as required by section 25, sub-section (1) of the said Act for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on or after the 4th June 1912

Any objection or suggestion which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid, will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

Draft Rule

In Section 4 of the Cantonment Code, 1912, after the word "Division" the following shall be inserted, namely —

"in the case of head-quarter cantonments and cantonments directly under Divisional head-quarters, and in all other cases, the Officer Commanding the Brigade"

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd May 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 10th and 30th April 1912.—

Corps	Rank and name.	Date of Decease	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS
129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.	Captain Theodore Edward Anastasius Dalyell.	24th April 1912	Ferozepore		
Ordnance Department, Southern Army.	Conductor Walter Macbeth Nicholson.	25th April 1912	Quetta		

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st May, 1912.

No. 29.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications Nos. 424 and 4, dated the 15th March and 18th April 1912 respectively, Mr. H. Bloor, Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand State Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Locomotive Inspector on that railway, with effect from the 22nd March 1912.

The 3rd May, 1912.

No. 30.—Mr. S. A. J. Keatinge, Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway, is granted furlough for three months under Article 308 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

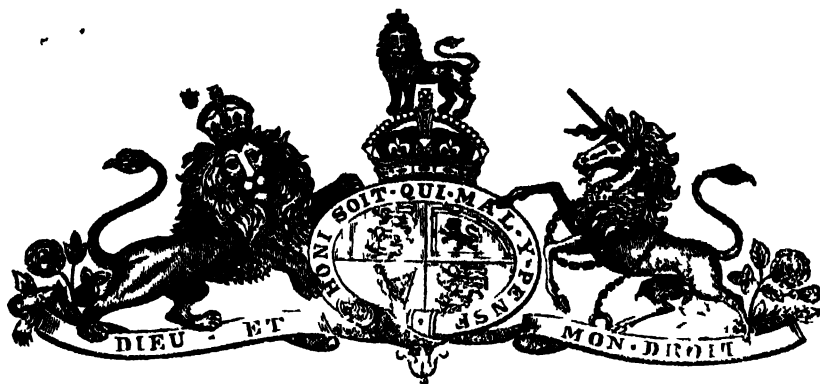
No. 31.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 30, dated the 3rd May 1912, Rai Bahadur Milki Ram, Storekeeper, in class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate in class I of that establishment as Chief Storekeeper of the North Western Railway.

No 32.—Mr. N. C. Haldar, District Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways is appointed, as a temporary measure, to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent of that railway in class I of that establishment, *vice* Mr. V. H. Boalth, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, granted leave.

No. 33.—Mr. M. S. S. O'Connor, District Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Manager of that railway, with effect from the 19th April 1912 during the absence of Major A. Gardiner, R.E., Deputy Manager on combined leave.

No. 34.—Mr. F. L. O'Donoghue, Assistant Storekeeper, on probation, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 5th May 1912.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 18.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 4, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT to the GAZETTE OF INDIA will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the public [illegible] may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in PART VI of the GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the SUPPLEMENT separately on payment of [illegible] Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by post. The SUPPLEMENT and PART VI of the GAZETTE may also be subscribed for separately on payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees [illegible] if sent by post.

No Official Orders or Notifications the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA is required by law, or which it has been customary to publish in the CALCUTTA GAZETTE, will be included in the SUPPLEMENT. For such Orders and Notifications the body of the GAZETTE must be looked to.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 2nd May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. Weather was disturbed in northwest India at the beginning of the week and again at its end. A few falls of rain were recorded in Baluchistan, the west of the Punjab and the hill districts of the northwest during the first two days, and precipitation was almost general in the Punjab on the 1st May. Rainfall continued daily in northeast India, and a few falls occurred each day in the Peninsula. Some rain fell also in the central parts of India and in Burma.

2. Weather was cooler than usual over the greater part of northern and central India and the north of the Peninsula during the first half of the week. Warmer conditions then spread over the northwest, but a very rapid fall of the thermometer there on the 1st May resulted from the extended rainfall of that day.

3. *Burma.*—A few falls of rain occurred daily until the 27th, chiefly in the northern and central districts. Thereafter only scattered showers were reported.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was fairly general in Assam and the east of Bengal, but it markedly diminished towards the close of the week. Some rain fell in the remainder of Bengal and light showers were reported from the Orissa coast and Hazaribagh.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few falls of rain occurred along the hills, and in the Central Provinces.

Northwest India.—On the first two days of the week light rainfall was reported from a few places in the area including Baluchistan, the west of the Punjab and the hills of this division. Weather then remained dry until the 30th, when numerous duststorms occurred and some light rain fell in Baluchistan and the North-West Frontier Province. On the 1st May rainfall was almost general in the Punjab and numerous falls were recorded in the western Himalayas.

The Peninsula.—A few falls of rain were reported on most days, chiefly from the south. The rainfall was heavy locally.

4. The most important falls of rain recorded were as follows:—

April 25th. Dibrugarh 0·93", Cherrapunji 1·67", Narayanganj 3·01", Raichur 1·00", Hyderabad (Deccan) 1·21" and Trichinopoly 4·80".

" 26th. Lashio 1·71", Bhamo 1·17", Dibrugarh 0·86", Cherrapunji 1·09", Barisal 1·38", Darjiling 0·93", Quetta 0·55", Panjgur 0·48", Mysore 1·40" and Mercara 1·16".

" 27th. Moulmein 1·66".

" 28th. Mergui 1·03", Dhubri 0·95", Narayanganj 0·94" and Kodaikanal 2·12".

" 29th. Chittagong 1·06", Barisal 1·13" and Narayanganj 1·07".

" 30th. Dinajpur 2·71" and Chitaldrug 1·85".

May 1st. Chittagong 0·99", Barisal 1·15", Jessore 2·67", Ludhiana 0·51", Multan 0·55", Murree 1·86", Ootacamund 0·97" and Mysore 1·15".

5. Rainfall during the week was markedly above normal in Bengal, the Punjab, Baluchistan, Hyderabad, Mysore, Madras Southeast and the Madras Coast North; normal in the Central Provinces; and in marked defect in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, the United Provinces, Rajputana West, the Konkan, and the Madras Deccan. During the period 1st December to 2nd May it was in marked excess in the Bay Islands, Bengal, Orissa and Hyderabad South; normal or nearly normal in Assam, Bihar, the Punjab East and North, Kashmir, the North-West Frontier Province, Baluchistan, Rajputana West, the Central Provinces West, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad North; and in marked defect in Sind, Central India, Berar and the Madras Deccan.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 2nd May 1912. Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain-fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Rainfall data from 1st December 1911 to 2nd May 1912. Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0	1·6	−1·6	33·4	12·9	+20·5	+159	+196
Lower Burma	0·5	1·4	−0·9	3·3	4·5	− 1·2	− 27	− 10
Upper Burma	0·5	0·6	−0·1	1·9	2·8	− 0·9	− 32	− 36
Assam	1·8	2·7	−0·9	16·7	16·5	+ 0·2	+ 1	+ 8
Bengal	2·1	1·3	+0·8	11·2	6·8	+ 4·4	+ 65	+ 65
Orissa	0·1	0·2	−0·1	7·4	4·2	+ 3·2	+ 76	+ 83
Chota Nagpur	0·1	0·2	−0·1	2·9	4·7	− 1·8	− 38	− 38
Bihar	0·2	0·3	−0·1	2·6	2·5	+ 0·1	+ 4	+ 9
United Provinces, East	0	0·1	−0·1	1·8	2·3	− 0·5	− 22	− 18
United Provinces, West*	0	0·1	−0·1	2·5	3·6	− 1·1	− 31	− 29
Punjab, East and North	0·2	0·1	+0·1	4·7	5·3	− 0·6	− 11	− 13
Punjab, Southwest	0·3	0·1	+0·2	3·5	2·8	+ 0·7	+ 25	+ 19
Kashmir	0·3	0·7	−0·4	13·5	14·9	− 1·4	− 9	− 7
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·1	0·2	−0·1	4·8	5·4	− 0·6	− 11	− 10
Baluchistan	0·3	0·1	+0·2	6·7	6·2	+ 0·5	+ 8	+ 5
Sind	0	0	0	0·3	1·1	− 0·8	− 73	− 73
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	−0·1	0·8	0·9	− 0·1	− 11	0
Rajputana, East	0	0	0	0·9	1·4	− 0·5	− 36	− 36
Gujarat	0	0	0	0·1	0·2	− 0·1	− 50	− 50
Central India, West	0	0	0	0·3	0·7	− 0·4	− 57	− 57
Central India, East	0	0	0	0·6	2·3	− 1·7	− 74	− 74
Berar	0	0	0	0·7	1·9	− 1·2	− 63	− 63
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	2·1	2·2	− 0·1	− 5	− 5
Central Provinces, East	0·2	0·2	0	4·9	3·5	+ 1·4	+ 40	+ 42
Konkan	0	0·1	−0·1	0·6	0·6	0	0	+ 20
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0·2	−0·1	1·2	1·2	0	0	+ 10
Hyderabad, North	0·5	0·2	+0·3	2·3	2·1	+ 0·2	+ 10	− 5
Hyderabad, South	0·6	0·2	+ 0·4	3·4	1·9	+ 1·5	+ 79	+ 65
Mysore	1·7	0·7	+1·0	3·4	3·0	+ 0·4	+ 13	− 26
Malabar	0·7	1·1	−0·4	6·3	7·5	− 1·2	− 16	− 13
Madras, Southeast	0·8	0·4	+0·4	10·5	8·3	+ 2·2	+ 27	+ 23
Madras Deccan	0	0·2	−0·2	0·6	1·4	− 0·8	− 57	− 50
Madras Coast, North	0·2	0·1	+0·1	2·8	3·6	− 0·8	− 22	− 26

* Information incomplete.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 2nd May 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 27th April 1912.

Burma.—The weather was hot. Showers are reported in several districts. Reaping of spring rice and cultivation of summer rice are progressing normally. Harvesting of tobacco and island crops is nearing completion. Standing crops are healthy. The condition of cattle is normal. The price of unhusked rice is much above normal, it is high and rising.

Assam.—Very heavy rain fell almost throughout the Province. Sowing of rice and jute has been retarded and standing crops have been damaged in places. The manufacture of tea is in progress. Prospects are generally good. Scarcity is reported in some Tippera and Kuki villages to the south of Hailakandi in Cachar. Cattle disease prevails in six districts. The average price of common rice has risen by 3 per cent as compared with that of the previous week.

Bengal.—Storms have been frequent and rainfall generally heavy. In the western districts the conditions for cultivation are favourable but in the eastern half of the Province excessive rain has damaged crops already sown and is preventing further sowings and weeding of jute and autumn rice. The prices of common rice continue to rise partly owing to heavy exports. The average retail price this week is 1·4 per cent higher than that of last week. Cattle disease is prevalent in the Presidency and Chittagong divisions.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain fell in all the districts of the Province except Gaya, Cuttack, Puri, Manbhum and Singhbhum. Preparation of lands for the sowing of next season's crops continues. Planting of sugarcane and threshing of spring crops are approaching completion. Sowing of paddy has commenced in some districts and that of jute is going on. Standing crops and vegetables are doing well. The price of common rice has risen in Gaya, the Sonthal Parganas and Cuttack and has fallen in Darbhanga, Puri, Hazaribagh and Palamau. Cattle disease is reported from Darbhanga, Bhagalpur, Angul, Sambalpur, Palamau and Manbhum. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Slight showers of rain have fallen throughout the most part of the Province. The spring harvest is now finished in the plains but threshing and winnowing continue. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane is doing well. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from some districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water-supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is stationary with a slight fall in the west.

Punjab.—The week was wet and cloudy and unfavourable for reaping and threshing. The condition of standing crops is good. Spring crops are being harvested and the outturn is average to good. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was again wet and the weather generally cloudy. Standing crops are average but in Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan unirrigated crops are reported to be bad and below average. Harvesting of spring crops is proceeding and a normal outturn is generally expected. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are in progress. Water and fodder are generally sufficient. The condition of cattle is generally good. Prices are nearly stationary but show a slight tendency to rise in Dera Ismail Khan.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 12 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Cattle disease of mild type prevails in the Udhampur and Riasi tahsils. Fodder is sufficient except in the Udhampur, Ramban, Riasi and Basohli tahsils.

Kashmir.—It rained on two occasions during the week. The condition of spring crops is good. Zamindars are busy with sowings. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The weather was hot and generally cloudy. Rain is reported in isolated places. Harvesting operations have been practically completed. Cattle disease prevails in a few places. Cattle are suffering for want of pasturage in parts of the Western States and in the Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder also are scarce in Merwara. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in the Hilly tracts of Mewar. Prices are high in most States and in Ajmer-Merwara, but are generally satisfactory.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in parts of Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand and Malwa. The weather is close and cloudy. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress. The outturn is above normal in Bundelkhand, fair in Bhopawar and parts of Indore and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Baghelkhand, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Mortality among cattle is increasing. Fodder is insufficient in the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, are fluctuating in parts of Indore and Bhopawar and are steady elsewhere. The opium crop is good.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows — Distress is general in Jobat. There is no change in other States. There is no wandering or emaciation or disinclination to resort to work. The condition of people on relief works is good and relief measures are adequate. Fodder is scarce. The price of the cheapest food stuff varies from 11 to 12½ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief works were .— Dhar 5,760, Jhabua 1,238, Ali Rajpur 1,849 and Jobat 1,066 On *takavi* works in Jhabua 835. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 176.

Central Provinces—During the week sixteen districts had light showers ranging from 2 to 49 cents. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops and preparation of land for the sowing of the ensuing season's crops continue. Agricultural stock is in good condition. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—Prospects are favourable. Prices are stationary.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts. Harvesting is still progressing in parts. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows —Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient *Bajri* sells at 9 to 10 and maize at 10½ to 11 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 27th April were:— Panch Mahals, on works 40,335, on gratuitous relief 38,589 total 78,924; Kathiawar, on works 7,746. On test works in Kaira 1,395. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum 17,074. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 4,223 on test works and 5,732 on gratuitous relief.

Hyderabad.—Scattered showers fell throughout the Dominions except in the Aurangabad, Bir and Usmanabad districts. The highest falls were 2 inches 70 cents in the Medak taluka, 2 inches 69 cents in the Siddipet taluka, 2 inches 30 cents in the Devarkonda taluka and 2 inches 7 cents in the Diglur taluka The average for the Dominions was 37 cents. After the close of the week Hyderabad received 95 cents Yellareddipet taluka 1 inch 30 cents, Baghat taluka 1 inch 10 cents, Bodhan 5 cents and Nizamabad 45 cents. Late rice is being harvested Crops are fair to good The rainfall is probably injurious where crops are being harvested and the fall is heavy. Fodder scarcity prevails in 24 talukas, cattle disease in 15 and water scarcity in 23 Prices —wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee showing a rise of ½ seer in the price of *juar* White *juar* is selling at 12 seers in Hyderabad City The highest price in the districts is 9½ seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir, Parbhani and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Hassan and Shimoga and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains have risen slightly in Mysore Markets are well supplied Standing crops are in good condition except in parts of Kolar and Mysore where the want of rain is being felt. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available except in parts of Kolar.

Coorg.—The rainfall was general. Prices of food grains are normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light rain fell in several districts Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops, paddy and sugarcane is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the unmber of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised)			Present week			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works	Gratuitous relief and special relief	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	42,468	50,642	93,110	40,335	38,589	78,924	—14,186
Kathiawar	6,215	...	6,215	7,746	...	7,746	+1,531
Central India States. . .	11,569	165	11,734	10,748	176	10,924	—810
TOTAL .	60,252	50,807	111,059	58,829	38,765	97,594	—13,465

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 20th April 1912

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					BOMBAY.					
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	......	... ..	......	......	......	...	335
2	Panch Mahals	1,606	321,000	43,805	621	50,023	50,644	94,449	.. ...	......
3	Kaira ...	1,595	692,000	..	......	.....	......	......	1,393	7,235
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	.. ..	... .	......	.	.... .	......	5,445
5	Poona ..	2,274	320,000		... .	......	.. ..	... ..	......	873
6	West Khandesh.	2,500	230,000	..	......	...	... .	.....	.....	768
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	...	...	......	......	. .	... ..	1,262
8	Belgaum ...	816	118,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	54
	Native States									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	6,215	.....	......	......	6,215	1,969	4,471
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...		...	......	......	......	1,039	144
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	612	365
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	..	......	. ...	......	......	......	95	1
	Total, Bombay	22,290	3,834,000	50,020	621	50,023	50,644	1,00,664	5,996	20,958
					CENTRAL INDIA STATES.					
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	1,010	...	...	...	1,010	...	...
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	1,613	...	...	...	1,613	...	...
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	2,679	...	...	...	2,679	...	...
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	6,267	...	165	165	6,432	...	...
	Total, Central India States.	224	40,768	11,569	...	165	165	11,734	...	...

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 2nd May 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 27th April 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	185	176
		Ahmedabad City	..	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	..
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	.	.
		Kaira "	..	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	.	...
		Palanpur "		.
		Rewa Kantha "	[illegible]	..
		Bulsar Port	1	1
		Surat Town and Port	1	1
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	4	3
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	4	2
		Mahim "	2	2
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	.	..
		Chinchani	..	...
		Thana District	2	3
	Central	Ahmednagar District	..	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	4	3
		Nasik District	18	15
		Poona City	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	18	14
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	2	2
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag "	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Kolaba District	...	..
		Vengurla Port	.	..
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	30	16
		Hubli Town	..	...
		Dharwar District	16	4
		Kanara "	14	11
		Bijapur "	19	17
		Bijapur Agency	1	1
		Savantvadi State	...	

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	95	80
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur "	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	1 (a)	1 (a)
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	15	11
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	12	4
		TOTAL	446	377
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot "	...	...
		South Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	11 (b)	13
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	1
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	5	1
		Godavri "	...	...
		The Nilgiris "	...	1
		Kistna District	...	...
		Salem District	8	7
		Sandur State	2	4
		Vizagapatam District	...	...
		TOTAL	26	27
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	3 (b)	3
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	...	...
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	10 (b)	9 (b)
		Calcutta	131 (b)	119
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	1	1
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	145	132

(a) Between 19th and 25th April 1912.
(b) One imported.
In the return for the week ending 18th April 1912 *read* 5 for 3 cases against the Sukkur District.

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	6[illegible]	65
		Patna District	247	223
		Gaya Town	4	4
		Gaya District	98	100
		Shahabad District	36	42
	Tirhut	Saran District	518	467
		Champaran District	..	..
		Muzaffarpur District	168	178
		Darbhanga District	389	316
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	7	8
		Monghyr District	275	181
		Bhagalpur Town	13	13
		Bhagalpur District	10	10
		Sonthal Parganas District		...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	.	.
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh		..
		Manbhum District		...
		TOTAL	1,830	1,607
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Debra Dun District	1	1
		Saharanpur District	52	93
		Muzaffarnagar District	103	110
		Meerut City	8	6
		Meerut District	20	13
		Bulandshahr District	.	..
		Aligarh City	..	...
		Aligarh District	20	9
	Agra	Muttra District	21	21
		Agra City		.
		Agra District	31	31
		Farrukhabad City	.	
		Farrukhabad District	13	10
		Fatehgarh	.	
		Mainpuri District	22	22
		Etawah District	30	44
		Etah District	10	4
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	9	4
		Bareilly District	4	3
		Bijnor District	18	14
		Budaun District	12	12
		Moradabad District	91	84
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	17	17
		Pilibhit District	30	31

In the return for the week ending 20th April 1912 *read* 319 for 318 and 38 for 37 cases against the Gaya District and Bhagalpur Town, respectively, and also add the following figures which were received late —

	Cases.	Deaths.
Muzaffarpur District	212	203
Saran "	855	797
Champaran "	0	3

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	21	21
		Cawnpur District	15	15
		Fatehpur „	28	28
		Hamirpur „	...	...
		Allahabad City	1	1
		Allahabad District	65	54
		Jhansi City	...	
		Jhansi District	9	8
		Jalaun „	41	27
	Benares	Benares City	20	20
		Benares District	31	34
		Mirzapur City		...
		Mirzapur District	5	4
		Jaunpur „	11	11
		Ghazipur „	125	145
		Ballia „	397	386
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	278	244
		Basti „	87	84
		Azamgarh „	258	281
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „	2	3
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	...	...
		Lucknow District	45	45
		Unao „	125	144
		Rae Bareli „	62	57
		Sitapur „	98	71
		Hardoi „	26	26
		Kheri „	22	3
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City		...
		Fyzabad District	45	46
		Gonda „	14	14
		Bahraich „	59	48
		Sultanpur „	16	25
		Partabgarh „	12	11
		Bara Banki „	198	198
		TOTAL	2,608	2,518
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City	...	1
		Delhi District	22	25
		Gurgaon „	107	107
		Rohtak „	208	219
		Karnal „	344	340
		Hissar „	281	235
		Ambala „	56	59
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	181	172
		Jullundur City	6	...
		Jullundur District	335	181
		Ludhiana „	164	110
		Ferozepore „	85	80

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50 000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	4	1
		Amritsar District	...	...
		Gurdaspur District	164	138
		Sialkot District	92	87
		Gujranwala District	137	100
		Lahore District		...
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	232	226
		Shahpur District	70	45
		Jhelum "	..	...
		Rawalpindi District	61	46
		Attock District		1
	Multan	Montgomery District	13	1
		Lyallpur "	6	5
		Jhang "	3	1
		Multan "	[illegible]	8
		Muzaffargarh District	...	...
	...	Patiala City	..	...
		Patiala State	345	291
		Nabha "	19	37
		Jind State	81	53
		Kapurthala State	21	13
		Kalsia	31	25
		Dujana	24	18
		Malerkotla	.	...
		TOTAL	3,132	2,628
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	18	18
		Hanthawaddy District	.	...
		Pegu District	7	7
		Tharrawaddy District	..	...
		Prome District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	...
		Bassein District	..	...
		Myaungmya District	...	...
		Maubin "	3	2
		Pyapon "	1	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District		...
		Thaton District	3	3
		Amherst District	..	...
		Moulmein Town	8	8
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District	.	...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	.	...
		Mandalay District	...	..
		Bhamo District	6	5
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	1	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	...
		Yamethin District	.	...
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	48	45

Presidency or Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	5	5
		Nagpur District	25	14
		Kamptee Cantonment	1	1
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	7	7
		Wardha Town	3	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda Town	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	23	24
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	23	22
		Saugor Town	...	...
		Saugor Cantonment	...	...
		Saugor District	2	3
		Damoh Town	4	2
		Damoh District	4	3
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	15	15
		Mandla Town	...	...
		Mandla District	5	4
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	1	1
		Khandwa Town	...	...
		Nimar District	1	1
		Narsingpur Town	...	...
		Narsingpur District	28	21
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul "	...	...
		Betul District	2	2
		Chhindwara Town	...	...
		Chhindwara District	5	5
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	2	3
		Raipur District	3	3
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		Bilaspur District	...	...
		Drug Town	...	...
		Drug District	...	...
	Berar	Amraoti Town	...	...
		Amraoti District	...	...
		Yeotmal "	...	...
		Akola Town	...	...
		Akola District	...	...
		Buldana "	...	...
		Nandgaon State	...	...
		TOTAL	158	136
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	5	5
		Bangalore City	2	1
		Bangalore District	5	4
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	...	...
		Hassan "	3	3
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	3	1
		Tumkur District	4	4
		Shimoga "	...	...
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	22	18

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District		..
		Raichur „	1	1
		Aurangabad „	3	3
		Nizamabad „	..	.
		Gulbarga „	.	..
		Bidar „	..	.
		Parbhani „	..	..
		Atrafibalda „ Sarf i khas	14	14
		Nander „	15	15
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	2	
		Bir District		...
		Adilabad District	6	1
		Medak „	41	37
		Nalgonda „	13	8
		Warangal „		
		Karimnagar District		..
		Mahbubnagar „	14	13
		TOTAL	1[illegible]9 (a)	91 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	..	..
		Indore City	.	.
		Indore State	7	8
		Indore Residency Bazars	..	...
		Ujjain City	..	...
		Ujjain District.		...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia „	6	6
		Rutlam „	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment		...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town		..
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)		...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	..	...
		Neemuch Cantonment		...
		Piploda State	...	..
		Jaora „	..	...
		Dhar „	..	...
		Bagli „	...	..
		Sailana „	...	...
		Jhabua „		...
		Manpur	..	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	15	11
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	.	
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City		...
		Bhopal State	34	20
		Rewa „	...	...
		Nagode „	..	.
		Maihar „	1	3

(a) Figures from 15th to 21st April 1912.

In the return for the week ending 6th April 1912 *read* 1 for 11 cases against the Bidar District.

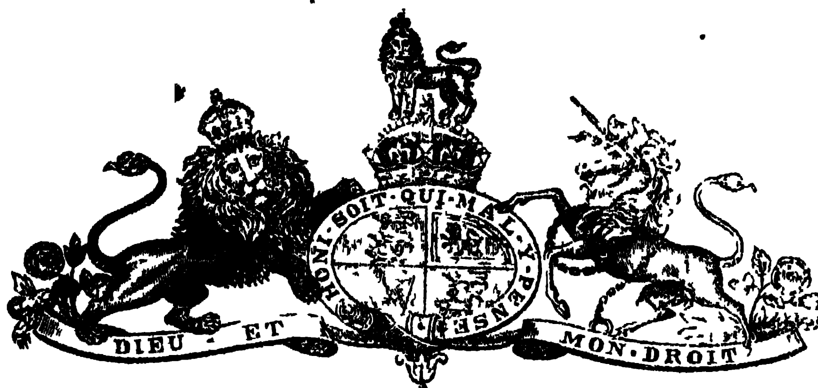
Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	..	...
		Sitamau State	..	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh	...	...
		Orchha "	8	7
		TOTAL	71 (a)	55 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State		...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	..
		Jaipur City	17	11
		Jaipur	15	15
		Bikaner	2	2
		Dholpur City	..	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	..	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	24	12
		Beawar	..	...
		Karauli City	...	..
		Abu Road	.	...
		Bharatpur State	118	79
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	5	3
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	..	...
		Kotah	1	1
		TOTAL	182 (b)	123 (b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	43	31
		TOTAL	43	31
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	8,810	7,783

(a) For the week ending 20th April 1912.
(b) For the week ending 26th April 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

No. 19.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	535—563
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	611—645
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	37—38
Supplement No. 19— Indian Customs Revenue	1035—1036
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 4th May 1912	1037—1044
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday the 9th May 1912 based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1045—1046
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 4th May 1912	1047—1049
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc, for the week ending 27th April 1912	1050
Correction Memorandum to the Administration Report of Indo European Telegraph Department for the year 1910-11	1051—1053
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1054—1055

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION

Simla, the 7th May, 1912.

No. 25.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation, by the Hon'ble Maulvi Syed Shamsul Huda, of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 7th May, 1912.

No. 930.—Sir Edward Norman Baker, K.C.S.I., has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 21st September 1911.

JAILS.

The 7th May, 1912.

No. 166.—The services of Captain A. W. Greig, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, for employment in the Jail Department, with effect from the 2nd May 1912.

MEDICAL.

The 10th May, 1912.

No. 396.—Captain W. R. J. Scroggie, I.M.S., officiating Civil Surgeon of Coorg, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 15th May 1912, or the subsequent date on which he avails himself of the leave.

No. 397.—Assistant Surgeon E. A. Davies, of the Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is appointed to officiate as Civil Surgeon of Coorg during the absence on privilege leave of Captain W. R. J. Scroggie, I.M.S., or until further orders.

POLITICAL.

The 9th May, 1912.

No. 496.—In Home Department Notification no. 76 C.D., dated the 12th December 1911, announcing the award of the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal for public service in India of the second class, *for* "Miss Lais Moxon, Governess, Akalkot State, Bombay Presidency", *read* "Miss Laetitia Christina Moxon, Governess, Akalkot State, Bombay Presidency".

PORT BLAIR.

The 8th May, 1912.

No. 248.—Assistant Surgeon Bhajahari Mandal, Junior Medical Officer, Port Blair, is appointed to be an Assistant Superintendent in the Settlement, with effect from the 3rd April 1912, and for so long as he holds his present appointment, or until further orders.

The 9th May, 1912.

No. 254.—Consequent on the grant of combined leave for one year to Mr. H. H. Tayler, 5th Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, the following officiating appointments in the Port Blair Commission are notified with effect from the 8th April 1912:

Mr. A. L. F. Evans, 6th (officiating 4th) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. C. O'D. Hervey, 7th (officiating 5th) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 4th Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. P. G. Graves, officiating 6th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 5th Assistant Superintendent.

Mirza Aslam Beg, officiating 7th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 6th Assistant Superintendent.

No. 255.—Mr. R. F. Lowis, 2nd Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, is appointed, on his return to duty, to officiate as 1st Assistant Superintendent, with effect from the 18th April 1912, and until further orders.

No. 256.—Consequent on the return to duty of Mr R. F Lowis, 2nd Assistant Superintendent, the following reversions in the Port Blair Commission will take effect from the 18th April 1912

Mr. W H Brookes, 3rd (officiating 1st) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 2nd Assistant Superintendent

Mr. E H Thirkell-White, 4th (officiating 2nd) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 3rd Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. H. H. Tayler, 5th (officiating 3rd) Assistant Superintendent (on leave) to officiate as 4th Assistant Superintendent till the 8th July 1912, the date of the expiry of his privilege leave.

Mr. A L. F Evans, 6th (officiating 3rd) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 4th Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. C. O'D Hervey, 7th (officiating 4th) Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 5th Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. P. G Graves, officiating 5th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 6th Assistant Superintendent.

Mirza Aslam Beg, officiating 6th Assistant Superintendent, to officiate as 7th Assistant Superintendent.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATION.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 10th May, 1912

No 168—In supersession of the Department of Education's Notification no. 136, dated the 19th April 1912, the Reverend G. J Chree, Presidency Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for two months combined with furlough for one year and ten months, with effect from the 5th May 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 9th May, 1912

No. 545—84-2.—The following officers are confirmed as Assistant Superintendents, Survey of India, with effect from the dates noted against their names —

Lieutenant F. B. Scott, I.A. ... 12th April 1912.

Lieutenant W. E. Perry, R E. ... 19th April 1912.

CIVIL VETERINARY ADMINISTRATION.

The 10th May, 1912.

No. 966—17-11.—The services of Major A. Smith, F.R C V S, Indian Civil Veterinary Department, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd April 1912.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 4th May, 1912.

No. 1369½-*Est.-A.*—Under Section 3 of the Persian Coast and Islands Order in Council, 1907, and with the previous assent of the Secretary of State for India, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint Mr. John Hugh Hepburn Bill, First Assistant to the Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, to be Judicial Assistant to His Majesty's Consul General for Fars and the Coasts and Islands of the Persian Gulf, *vice* Captain Richard Lockington Birdwood.

2. Foreign Department Notification No. 1649-Est.-A., dated the 14th May, 1910, is hereby cancelled.

The 6th May, 1912.

No. 1376-*Est.-B.*—The services of Lieutenant H. W. C. Robson, 1st-7th Gurkha Rifles, are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan for employment as officiating Adjutant of the Mekran Levy Corps, with effect from the date of assuming charge.

The 7th May, 1912.

No. 1384-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted six months' leave out of India, with effect from the 27th April, 1912, the first ninety days being privilege leave under Article 221, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, and the remaining period leave on private affairs under India Army Order No. 64 of 1904:

Major G. H. Boileau, R.E., Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Sappers.

Pension service 23rd year commenced on the 2nd April, 1912.

No. 1385-*Est.-B.*—Lieutenant C. E. Colbeck, R.E., Assistant Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Sappers, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Imperial Service Sappers, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 27th April, 1912, and during the absence on combined leave of Major G. H. Boileau, R.E., or until further orders.

No. 1389-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India for six months, with effect from the 2nd April, 1912, the first sixty days being privilege leave under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, and the remaining period leave on private affairs under Articles 220 and 222, Army Regulations, India, Volume II :

Captain C. F. W. Hughes, 15th Ludhiana Sikhs, Assistant Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial Service Infantry.

Pension service 15th year commenced on the 16th February, 1912.

No. 1392-*Est.-A.*—Mr. H. V. Cobb, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd Class and Resident at Baroda is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-two days, combined with furlough for eight months and eight days, with effect from the 1st May, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1393-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel L. Impey, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Resident at Baroda, with effect from the 1st May, 1912.

The 8th May, 1912.

No. 1401-*Est.-B.*—Captain R. J. H. Baddeley, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis), is appointed Assistant Inspecting Officer, Central India States Imperial Service Cavalry and Transport, with effect from the 27th April, 1912.

No. 1404-*Est.-A.*—Captain H. R. Lawrence of the Political Department is posted as Assistant to the Resident in Mewar, with effect from the 21st April, 1912.

No. 1407-*Est.-A.*—Captain R. A. Yule, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 10th April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1410-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel C H. Pritchard of the Political Department is posted as Political Agent in Bundelkhand, with effect from the 21st April, 1912.

No. 1417-*Est.-A.*—Mr. W. Fanshawe, Assistant Master in the Mayo College, Ajmer, is granted special leave for four months in continuation of the College vacation of two months, under Articles 277 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1420-*Est.-A.*—Consequent on the retirement of Mr. C E. F. Bunbury, C.S.I., I.C.S., a Resident of the 2nd Class, and with effect from the 20th February, 1912, Lieutenant-Colonel C. B. Rawlinson, C.I.E., is appointed to be a substantive Resident of the 2nd Class.

No. 1421-*Est.-A.*—Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd Class, and Judicial Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, is granted privilege leave for sixteen days, with effect from the 4th April, 1912.

No. 1422-*Est.-A.*—Mr W. P. Barton of the Political Department is appointed to officiate as Judicial Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, with effect from the 4th April, 1912.

No. 1426-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel J. Manners Smith, V.C., C.V.O., C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd Class, and Resident in Nepal, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for eight months, with effect from the 1st May, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1427-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel H. L. Showers, C.S.I., C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Resident in Nepal, with effect from the 1st May, 1912.

The 9th May, 1912.

No. 1037-*I.-B.*—The Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that summonses issued by Courts in British India under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), may be served by any of the undermentioned Courts of the Hyderabad State, namely:

(*a*) The City Civil Court, Hyderabad.

(*b*) The District Civil Courts.

No. 1434-*Est.-A.*—The Hon'ble Sir Elliot Graham Colvin, K.C.S.I., a Resident of the 1st Class, and Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, is granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-two days, combined with special leave for three months and eight days, with effect from the 4th May, 1912, under Articles 233 and 316, Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1435-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. C. R. Stratton, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana, and Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 4th May, 1912.

No. 1453-*Est.-A.*—The Hon'ble Mr. M. F. O'Dwyer, C.S.I., a Resident of the 1st Class, and Agent to the Governor General in Central India, is granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-six days, combined with furlough for four months and four days, with effect from the 3rd May, 1912, under Articles 233, 308 (*b*) and 199 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1454-*Est.-A.*—Mr. A. L. P. Tucker, C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd Class, is appointed to officiate as Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 3rd May, 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

STAMPS.

Non-Judicial Stamps.

Exemptions, Reductions and Refunds.

Simla, the 8th May, 1912.

No. 22-*I*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9, Clause (*1*) of the Indian Stamp Act, 1899 (II of 1899), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Finance Department, No. 3616-Exc., dated the 16th July 1909, namely:—

In entry No. 36, add at the end "Or the Madras Forest College, Coimbatore".

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 10th May, 1912

No. 51-*F.-E.*—Mr. G. Leathem, I.C.S., Assistant Accountant General, Bengal, has been granted privilege leave for three months and, in continuation, special leave for three months with effect from the 18th April 1912.

Mr. S. J. Joachim, an Accountant 1st grade in the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office, with effect from the 18th April 1912, and until further orders.

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 10th May, 1912.

No. 472-*Accts.*—Mr. R. W. Dover, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, and Officiating Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for three months in combination with furlough for nine months, under Articles 233 (*i*) and 338 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

No. 473-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners of the Military Accounts Department, are made, with effect from the date specified.—

From the 1st April 1912, vice Mr. R. W. Dover granted combined leave.

Mr. T. C. Cooke, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

Rao Saheb V. Ruthnavelu Mudelliar to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 474-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 15th April 1912, the date of Mr. T. Smith's departure on privilege leave.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain W. W. Laskey, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

Babu Satyendra Nath Auditya to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 475-*Accts.*—Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary), Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

No. 476-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 1st May 1912, vice Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, granted privilege leave.

Mr. Mordecai Joseph to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITION.

No. 3639—3660—4.

Simla, the 8th May 1912.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

The following proclamation relating to the Panama-Pacific Exposition proposed to be held at San Francisco in 1915, is published for general information.

Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

By the President of the United States of America,

A proclamation.

Whereas, in conformity with the conditions and requirements of the Joint Resolution of Congress approved 15th February 1911, "Authorising the President to invite foreign countries to participate in the Panama-Pacific International Exposition in nineteen hundred and fifteen, at San Francisco, California," satisfactory proof has been presented to me that a suitable site has been selected for the said Exposition and that the sum of not less than fifteen million dollars will be available to enable the Panama-Pacific International Exposition Company, a corporation organised and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of California for the purpose of inaugurating, carrying forward, and holding an exposition at the City of San Francisco, California, in the year nineteen hundred and fifteen, to celebrate the completion and opening of the Panama Canal;

Now, therefore, I, William Howard Taft, President of the United States of America, by virtue of the authority vested in me by said Joint Resolution, do hereby declare and proclaim that such International Exposition will be opened in the year nineteen hundred and fifteen, in the City of San Francisco, in the State of California. And, in the name of the Government and of the people of the United States of America, I do hereby invite all the nations of the earth to take part in the commemoration of an event of great interest and importance to the world by appointing representatives to the Panama-Pacific International Exposition and sending thereto such exhibits as will most fitly and fully illustrate their resources, their industries, and their progress in civilisation.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

(Seal.) Done at the City of Washington this second day of February, in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred and twelve, and of the Independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-sixth.

WM. H. TAFT.

By the President,
P. C. KNOX,
Secretary of State.

(No. 1178).

ORDERED—that the foregoing proclamation be published in the *Gazette of India*, and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations named in the margin*, for information.

*The Government of Madras.
" " of Bombay.
" " of Bengal.
" " of the United Provinces.
" " of the Punjab.
" " of Burma.
" " of Bihar and Orissa.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Assam.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Coorg.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara and the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province, and to the Foreign Department, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to all Chambers of Commerce, for information.

POST OFFICE.

The 9th May 1912.

No. 3686-90.—Mr. W. Maxwell, C.I.E., M.V.O., I.C.S., Postmaster-General, in the special 1st grade, is placed on special duty to assist the Director General of Posts and Telegraphs in the administration of the Post Office and the Telegraph Department, with effect from the 29th March 1912.

The following officiating appointments are made with effect from the 29th March 1912 and until further orders, *vice* Mr. W. Maxwell, C.I.E., M.V.O., I.C.S., on special duty:—

Mr. C. H. Harrison, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 1st grade, to act in the special 1st grade;

Mr. H. N. Hutchinson, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, on privilege leave, to act in the 1st grade;

Mr. C. C. Sheridan, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and officiating Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, to continue to act as Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, in charge of the Punjab and North-West Frontier Circle.

2. Mr. H. A. Sams, I.C.S., Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, is appointed to act in the 1st grade, with effect from the 29th March 1912 and until further orders *vice* Mr. H. N. Hutchinson, Postmaster-General, officiating in the 1st grade, on privilege leave.

MERCHANT SHIPPING.

The 9th May 1912.

No. 3559-16.—Under the provisions of sections 65 and 89 of the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894 (57 & 58 Vict., C. 60), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following form of Declaration of Ownership on behalf of a Body Corporate, which has been prescribed by His Majesty's Commissioners of Customs with the consent of the Board of Trade, shall be adopted in British India for the registry of British ships under the said Act in supersession of the form prescribed for such declaration in Notification No. 1560-S. R., Finance and Commerce Department, dated 24th March 1897.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1912

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc

GAZETTE OF INDIA

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla

— — —

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 —

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other mat er intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette* The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette* "

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

— —

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By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India.*

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 11th May 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

——April 29th——

212. A. W. K. Schnarre. *An invention to facilitate the tapping of rubber trees and to prevent rain water, dust and foreign matter from entering the receptacle in which latex is collected from rubber trees.*

213. W. Meischke-Smith. *An improved machine for delivering measured quantities of liquids.*

214. A. C. Buzby *Improvements in and relating to railway journal boxes.*

215. W. A. Fraser. *Flushing systems for water closets.*

216. Vickers, Limited. *Improvements in means for supplying liquid fuel to internal combustion engines.*

217. W. A. Freymuth. *Improvements in receptacles for drawing water, known as "mhotes" or "chursas."*

——April 30th——

218. J. R. Bastin. *Improvements in railway token exchangers.*

219. (Mrs.) A. M. Hart. *Improvements in and the process of the manufacture of nitro-cellulose.*

——May 1st——

220. M. Deacon and W. Gore. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for adding re-agents to liquids or for mixing liquids.*

221. E. E. Battelle. *Process for the recovery of cane sugar.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

16. F. Scherrer. *Fire-escape with extensible landings and railings to enable persons to save themselves from fire.*

89. H. J. S. Gilbert-Stringer and P. W. Druitt. *Improvements in apparatus for composing and casting type.*

128. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Composite timber and iron transverse sleeper for railway tract.*

132. G. S. Pelly. *Deflection weigh bridge.*

183. M. Einstein. *Process for obtaining the bast from ramie-stalks and from kindred plants.*

206. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

207. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

208. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

1st May 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

22. H. Jackson. *Improvements in the manufacture or preparation of pulp for paper making and in apparatus therefor.*

136. W. Weekes and D. E. Absolom. *Improvements in windmill and other mechanical motions.*

138. W. H. Murray. *Improved manufacture of material suitable for detergent and other purposes.*

139. J. Stone and Co., Ld. *Improvements in suspension devices for dynamo electric machines.*

140. P. Ruben. *Improvements in or relating to locks for trunks and boxes.*

143. W. R. Ormandy and J. W. Spensley. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of washing compositions or detergents.*

SPECIFICATION FILED (1888 Act).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 386 of 1910.—Mistri Kuber Moti. *A new design of loom fork.* (Specification filed 6 March 1911.)

No. 600 of 1910.—J. W. Ginder. *An apparatus for securing railway carriage doors automatically.* (Specification filed 12 October 1911).

No. 20 of 1911.—C. H. Parker. *A new and novel apparatus for signalling shots on rifle ranges.* (Specification filed 26 January 1912).

No. 290 of 1911.—P. St. G. Kirke and F. S. Morris. *Improvements relating to nut and like locking means.* (Specification filed 22 April 1912).

No. 516 of 1911.—P. B. Tod. *Improved means for adjusting tent ropes or the like* (Specification filed 1 May 1912).

No. 517 of 1911.—Siemens-Schuckert-werke Gesellschaft mit beschrankter Haftung. *Improvements in two stroke cycle internal combustion pumps.* (Specification filed 1 May 1912.)

No. 529 of 1911.—A. Thompson. *The* "Clene" *oil catcher.* (Specification filed 24 April 1912).

No. 716 of 1911.—A. B. Starr. *Improvements in or relating to machines for applying the tops and bottoms to packing vessels.* (Specification filed 29 April 1912).

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

301 of 1901. Gray. (To 2 June 1913).
7 of 1905. Moore. (To 23 June 1913).
455 of 1905. Webber. (To 12 May 1913).
64 of 1906. York. (To 19 May 1913).
186 of 1906. Lyon. (To 13 July 1913).
65 of 1907. Davies and Davies. (To 25 June 1913).
248 of 1907. Eschalier. (To 7 December 1913).
312 of 1907. Mein. (To 14 August 1913).

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1901.

265. (Eisenbeis and Garelly.)

1907.

1, (Lamb). 2, (Lamb). 3, (Lamb). 4, (Lamb). 5, (Lamb). 6, (Lamb). 203, (Cox Brothers and McIntosh). 316, (Gray). 321, (Stevenson). 333, (Belanger). 550, (Declozets).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to conversion.

504 of 1909. N. Samwell. *An elevator dredging ladder.*

646 of 1909. A. E. Van Ristell. *Automatic signal wire compensator.*

459 of 1910. A. S. Dawson-Morav. *Self closing refuse, etc., bin.*

495 of 1910. F. deL. B. Tucker. *Mechanism for Turkish towel weaving on hand looms.*

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas) and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the times allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) are not on sale but may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at —

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and chronological list 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Quarterly indexes, January to March, April to June, July to September	„	0	8
(g) Specifications of inventions (1911 Act)		0	8

H. G. GRAVES,

Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers
7. Men trained in—

   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the new Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

***N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:— Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.**

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

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Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
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E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3¼-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER. Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R a. p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 9th May 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th May 1912.

	Total amount of notes in circulation: In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Reserve — Coin and Bullion — In India: Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	In England: Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	In Transit between India and England: Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Securities (Purchase price): Held in India.	Held in England.	Total.	Remarks.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta . .	2,03,57,150	22,89,03,370	24,92,60,520	3,62,90,807	2,49,49,770	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	28,75,27,493	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500.
Cawnpore . .	...	2,20,44,365	2,20,44,365	1,14,24,076	93,98,175	...	.	.	.	..		.	2,08,22,251	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Lahore . .	...	3,38,26,690	3,38,26,690	95,88,703	1,24,57,830	...	..	...		...	.	.	2,20,46,593	
Bombay . .	77,65,480	13,10,81,070	13,88,46,550	2,46,78,768	15,87,73,192	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	18,34,51,960	
Karachi . .	...	1,33,93,585	1,33,93,585	37,59,180	7,29,930	...	.	...	...	.	.	...	44,89,110	
Madras . .	70,51,580	6,91,91,550	7,62,43,130	97,59,270	1,48,27,650	...		...	.	...	..	...	2,45,86,920	
Rangoon . .	..	4,88,69,695	4,88,69,695	1,94,13,663	1,71,65,625	.		..	.			...	3,65,79,288	
	3,51,74,210	54,73,10,325	58,24,84,535	11,49,14,467	23,83,02,232	7,86,970	8,55,00,000		.		9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	57,95,03,615	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			58,40,920	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									28,60,000	
Total Circulation R .			57,66,43,615								Total Reserve R		57,66,43,615	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th May 1912

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th May 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 7th May 1912.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	84,93,471	13	3			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,09,89,425	10	8	1,94,82,897	7	11
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches				16,69,25,409	5	0
Bank Post Bills, etc.				11,15,964	5	3
Sundries				24,70,531	12	6
RUPEES				22,79,94,802	14	8

ASSETS.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities				2,63,57,545	0	0
Other authorized Investments				58,77,273	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities				4,03,53,185	8	7
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,59,33,407	7	7
Bills discounted and purchased				3,31,47,845	12	7
Balances with other Banks				42,01,992	4	3
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock				25,48,476	3	6
Stamps				12,073	5	5
Sundries				4,45,357	0	1
				15,88,76,655	10	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*4,08,04,425	4	1			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,83,13,722	0	7	6,91,18,147	4	8
RUPEES				22,79,94,802	14	8

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R11,07,585 0 0
† Do. do. do. R6,05,235 0 0

R17,12,820 0 0

By order of the Direcrors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 9th May 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 36·37.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *boná fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
225—1912	Madhowji Cauji Khutri	Hindu	No. 29, Panjrapola 1st Gully.	Wooden Box-maker	15th	April	1912	16th	April	1912
226—1912	Ganpat Mahadeo Mohite and Harischandra Mahadeo Mohite.	„	No. 36, Walkeshwar	1st Debtor lately petty contractor of Buildings and now unemployed and the 2nd Debtor unemployed.	„	„	„	„	„	„
227—1912	Ghasiram Sunderlal Brahmin	„	Dongri, Oomercarry Corner	Lately hawker in sweetmeats and now unemployed.	16th	„	„	„	„	„
228—1912	John Robert Munro	European	Burkely Place, Byculla	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	„	„	„	„	„	„
229—1912	Sadanand Balaji Agaskar	Hindu	Mohim Agar Bazar	Fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	„	„	„	„	„	„
230—1912	Anandrao Bhowanrao Joshi	„	No. 49, Dadyset Agiary Lane	Government Pensioner	18th	„	„	18th	„	„
231—1912	Templeton Piety Farias	Eurasian	Musa Buildings, Frere Road	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.	22nd	„	„	22nd	„	„

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of Petitions.			Date of the adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
232—1912	Cullian Naran Sutar	Hindu	Kunbharwada 3rd lane	Carpenter	22nd	April	1912	22nd	April	1912
233—1912	Ezikiel Ezra Moses	Jewish	New Nagpada Road (Green Chambers).	Lately proprietor of the Napier Dairy and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
234—1912	Mahomedally Abdulally Dawoodi	Mahomedan	Sadaria Bazar	Lately carrying on business with Abdul Syeb Mahomedally, Esoofally Mahomedally, and Fida Hoosein Mahomedally, as Commission Agent under the name and style of Mahomedally Abdulally, and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
235—1912	Jeewanji Rutonji Patel	Parsee	Sukhia Building Fort	Lately Parsee hotel-keeper and now cook in the service of Burjorji Dastur Mazagaunwala.	"	"	"	23rd	"	"
236—1912	Balkrishna Luxumon Narveykar	Hindu	Mazagon	Fitter in the Bombay Port Trust	23rd	"	"	24th	"	"
238—1912	Govindram Surchand Shah	"	Gulalwadi	Lately grocer in partnership with Jaichand Raichand as Narotum Raichand and now Mehta in the service of Vithaldas Ambalal.	24th	"	"	"	"	"
237—1912	Hariramji Shriramji Vora	"	Moombadevi (Kansara-chawal).	Lately broker and speculator in Government papers and silver and now unemployed.	"	"	"	25th	"	"
239—1912	Abdul Satar Nabibhai Shek	Mahomedan	No. 83, Bhendy Bazar	Lately cap merchant trading in the name of A. S. Mahomed Hoosein & Co. and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

[illegible]—1912	Cursetji Manekji Daroowala and Dadabhoy Hirjibhai Bhathena.	Parsee	Parel and Gola Lane, respectively.	Extra fitters	25th	„	„	„	„	„
242—1912	Adamji Abdul Husein Dawoodi Vora.	Mahomedan	Doctor Street	Lately dealer in country shoes and now carpenter.	26th	„	„	26th	„	„
243—1912	Gajanan Shricrustna Pitale	Hindu	1293, Parel	Clerk in the Loco Superintendent's Office, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	29th	„	„	29th	„	„
244—1912	Edwin Lionel Chitts	Eurasian	No. 131, Frere Road	Telegraphist in the Government Central Telegraph Office, Bombay	„	„	„	„	„	„
245—1912	Abdool Syeb Mahomedally Dawoodi, Esoof alli Mahomedally Dawoodi and Fida Hoosein Mahomedalli Dawoodi.	Mahomedan	Sadaria Bazar, Nagdevi Street.	Lately carrying on business with Mahomedally Abdulally as Commission Agents under the name and style of Mahomedally Abdulally and now unemployed.	„	„	„	30th	„	„

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 1st day of May 1912

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 11 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Gyi, trader, of No 84, 14th Street, Rangoon, lately of 22nd Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Gyi an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of April 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON,
The 23rd day of April 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 50 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ally Mohamed Abdulla, cloth merchant of No. 43, Edward Street, Rangoon, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Sirdarmull Kotary, by his duly constituted attorney Chunilal of No 1, Mogul Street, a creditor of Ally Mohamed Abdulla, cloth merchant of No. 43, Edward Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Ally Mohamed Abdulla was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 25th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 51 OF 1912.

In the matter of John M. Disney, Insolvent

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by John M. Disney of No 5, 37th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said John M. Disney.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 23rd day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 52 OF 1912.

In the matter of David Solomon Jackay, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by David Solomon Jackay, Commission Agent of No. 37, Tseekai Mgtawlay Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said David Solomon Jackay.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 53 OF 1912.

In the matter of Moung Myit, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Moung Myit, clerk of No. 30, 13th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Moung Myit.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 54 OF 1912.

In the matter of Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani, Fruit Merchants, carrying on business in partnership under the style and firm of Messrs. Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani & Co., New Market, Fruit Bazar, Rangoon, Insolvents.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani, Fruit Merchants, Fruit Bazar, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Gulam Rubbani and Sumdani.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 55 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ismail Ebrahim Nalla, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ismail Ebrahim Nalla, hardware and stationery merchant of 26th Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ismail Ebrahim Nalla.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 24th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 58 OF 1912.

In the matter of Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor, draughtsman of No. 51, 36th Street, Rangoon, on the 26th day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Abdool Rahim *alias* Abdool Guffoor.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 27th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 48 OF 1911.

In the matter of Cyril Hugh George.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Cyril Hugh George of No. 43, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 8 OF 1912.

In the matter of E. Rouben.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said E. Rouben of No. 33, 36th Street, Rangoon, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 57 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. L. Moriando, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Arthur Barnes & Co., Limited, of Rangoon, creditors of A. L. Moriando, carrying on business of confectioner, Restauranteur and Caterer under the style of Romani's at No. 68, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of April 1912 an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said A. L. Moriando was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 59 OF 1912.

In the matter of Ram Kisson, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ram Kisson, shoe-maker of Kalabusti, Rangoon on the 27th day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ram Kisson.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 61 OF 1912.

In the matter of Caetano Francisco Britto, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Caetano Francisco Britto, Doctor of Medicine carrying on business in co-partnership and practising at No. 90, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Caetano Francisco Britto.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 1st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction

CASE NO. 62 OF 1912.

In the matter of P. N. Stathacopulos, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. N. Stathacopulos, carrying on business as merchant and now residing at No. 6, Barr Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. N. Stathacopulos.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 63 OF 1912.

In the matter of Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi, clerk of 14, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of May 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th April 1912.

No. 48.—Second Class Assistant Surgeon W. O'Connor, I.S.M.D., is granted one month's privilege leave with effect from the 4th April 1912 or date he may avail himself of the same.

No. 49.—Third Class Assistant Surgeon S. D. Rieley, I.S.M.D., has been granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 5th April 1912.

The 30th April 1912

No 50.—Third class Assistant Surgeon P. S. Bedell, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, attached to the Medical Store Depôt, Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for 25 days, with effect from the 18th April 1912

The 1st May 1912.

No. 51—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon J O Dewey, I S.M D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as Assistant to the Health Officer, Simla, with effect from the 7th April 1912

C P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd May 1912

No. 612.—Mr Abdul Rahim, Khan Sahib, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, having on return from leave assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 1st April 1912, the following reversion is made with effect from the same date —

Mr. F. C Vulcher, Officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to revert to his substantive appointment of Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade

S BURRARD, Colonel, R.E,
Surveyor General of India

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION

Bangalore, the 30th April 1912

No. 19.—Mr F. B Kitchen, Extra Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 1st May 1912.

T F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Bt-Colonel, R.E.,
Superintendent, Southern Circle.

SURVEY OF INDIA—TRIGONOMETRICAL SURVEY.

NOTIFICATION.

Dehra Dun, the 6th May 1912.

No. 114.—Mr. J H Nichol, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for one month and nine days under the provisions of Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 4th June 1912.

J. ECCLES, M.A.,
Superintendent, Trigonometrical Surveys.

KARACHI EXTENSION RAILWAY SURVEY.

NOTIFICATION.

The 3rd May 1912.

No. 1.—Mr. R Hatt-Cook, Assistant Engineer, Karachi Extension Railway Survey, is granted under Article 654, State Railway Code, 3 months' language leave, with effect from the forenoon of 22nd April 1912.

W. A. JOHNS, C.I.E.,
Engineer-in-Chief,
Karachi Extension Railway Survey.

HIGH COURT—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 6th May 1912.

It is hereby notified that the note at foot of the Rules for regulating the procedure and practice in cases brought before the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal under the Colonial Courts of Admiralty Act, 1890, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, page 553 of the 27th April 1912 to the effect that "These Rules shall come into operation on the 1st day of July 1912" should read "These Rules shall come into operation on the 1st day of June 1912" and the same is hereby rectified accordingly.

By order,

J. H. HECHLE,
Registrar, High Court, Original Side.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Pusa, Behar, the 2nd May 1912.

No. 581.—The privilege leave for one month granted to Babu Jatindra Nath Sen, First Assistant to the Imperial Agricultural Chemist, in Notification No. 2572, dated the 30th March 1912, is extended by three days.

B. COVENTRY,
Offg. Inspector General of Agriculture in India.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Mount Abu, the 4th May 1912.

No. 442—330.—Captain K. E. Anderson, I.A., Cantonment Magistrate of Nasirabad, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 16 days and not 1 month and 13 days as notified in this office notification No. 413—330, dated the 26th April 1912.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 4th May 1912.

No. 1207-D.—Captain H. P. Pott, 5th Light Infantry, assumed charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate of Nowgong, from Major E. T. Carwithen, on the afternoon of the 13th April 1912.

No. 1212-D.—Major H. DeV. Harvest assumed charge of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate of Nowgong, from Captain H. P. Pott of the 5th Light Infantry, on the afternoon of the 22nd April 1912.

No. 905-C.—In pursuance of Central India Agency Notification No. 196-C., dated the 6th February 1912, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 41 of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898, / 41 of the Indore Residency Bazars Excise Law, 1904, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council, is pleased to prescribe the following forms for licenses and passes granted for the sale of morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes in the area(s) to which the said law applies and for the import thereof into the said area(s).

By order, etc.,

L. M. CRUMP,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

FORM I

License for the sale of morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes as defined in the rules published under Central India Agency Notification No. , dated the

---

Name of Licensed Druggist

Locality of shop.

Be it known that residing in is hereby authorized by the Cantonment Magistrate of / Second Assistant to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Central India with the approval of the local medical authority to sell morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes from the date of this license up to and including the 31st March 191 under the following conditions —

1. That he shall not transfer or purport to transfer this license to any other person.
2. That he shall not have in his possession at any one time more than one ounce of morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes. (If it is desired to authorize the possession of a larger quantity, the special sanction of the Agent to the Governor General in Central India must be obtained to the insertion in the license of a quantity exceeding one ounce.)
3. That he shall not import morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes or any of them by means of the post or from foreign territory *by land*, and that he shall purchase all morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes to be sold under this pass either from or *viâ* Bombay *only* under passes granted by the Cantonment Magistrate of / Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India and not otherwise.
4. That he shall store and sell morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes or any of them only at the premises for which this license is granted and not in any other place without obtaining a separate license for such other place.
5. That he shall not sell morphia, cocaine or cocaine substitutes to any person other than —
   (i) another licensed druggist or Medical practitioner in quantities not exceeding those which they are entitled to possess
   (ii) to a private person in such quantities as may have been prescribed for him by a Medical practitioner provided that not more than one sale may be made on the same prescription unless it is distinctly so stated in the prescription and that a copy of every prescription on the authority of which a sale is made should be retained by the licensee.
6. That he shall keep a correct daily account in the following form, to be balanced at the close of each day, in a printed Account book (duly paged) to be purchased at the Cantonment Magistrate's office, separate set of pages being set aside for each intoxicating drug sold under this license.

Date.	Balance in hand yesterday.	Quantity received this day and whence received.	Total quantity to be accounted for.	Quantity sold this day.	Name of purchaser.	Address.	Date of prescription (if any) and name of Medical practitioner who granted it.	Remaining in Store.	Signature of purchaser in case of sales to Medical practitioners and licensed druggists.	REMARKS.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

7. That he shall produce his license and accounts of sale of morphia, cocaine and cocaine substitutes and the copies of prescriptions referred to in condition 5 for inspection at once on the demand of the Cantonment Magistrate / Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India or of any other officer specially or generally authorized by him in this behalf.

8. This license is granted subject to the provisions of the Mhow, Neemuch and Nowgong Excise Law, 1898 / Indore Residency Bazars Excise Law, 1904 and of the rules made thereunder. It may be cancelled by the said officer at any time should it appear to him undesirable to allow its continuance.

Cantonment Magistrate.
Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central Indi

Dated 1912.

Counterfoil.

Form 11.

PASS FOR THE IMPORT OF MORPHIA, COCAINE AND COCAINE SUBSTITUTES.

________________________________ Medical Practitioner / Licensed Druggist ____________

residing at____

is hereby authorized to import from / via Bombay for use in his practice / business at ____________

__________ oz. drams of____________________ subject to the rules regulating export from the Bombay Presidency. The drug shall be conveyed by the most direct route to the pass holder's premises at ____________________ and bulk shall not be broken in transit.

This pass will be valid up to the____________________ only, and must, on its expiry or on the previous arrival of the drug at its destination, be returned by the holder to the officer by whom it was issued.

Signature of the Cantonment Magistrate.
2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

Seal

Date

Duplicate.

Form II.

PASS FOR THE IMPORT OF MORPHIA, COCAINE AND COCAINE SUBSTITUTES.

_______________ Medical Practitioner / Licensed Druggist _______________

residing at _______________

is hereby authorized to import from / *vid* Bombay for use in his practice / business at _______________

oz. drams of _______________

subject to the rules regulating export from the Bombay Presidency. The drug shall be conveyed by the most direct route to the pass holder's premises at _______________ and bulk shall not be broken in transit.

This pass will be valid up to the _______________ only, and must on its expiry or on the previous arrival of the drug at its destination, be returned by the holder to the officer by whom it was issued.

Signature of the Cantonment Magistrate,
2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

Seal

Date

Triplicate.

Form II.

PASS FOR THE IMPORT OF MORPHIA, COCAINE AND COCAINE SUBSTITUTES.

————————————————— Medical Practitioner / Licensed Druggist

residing at

is hereby authorized to import from / via Bombay for use in his practice / business at ————————

oz. drams of————————

subject to the rules regulating export from the Bombay Presidency. The drug shall be

conveyed by the most direct route to the pass holder's premises at ————————

and bulk shall not be broken in transit

This pass will be valid up to the ————————

only, and must, on its expiry or on the previous arrival of the drug at its destination, be

returned by the holder to the officer by whom it was issued

Signature of the Cantonment Magistrate.
2nd Assistant to the Agent to the Goverror General in Central India.

Seal

Date

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

RESIGNATION.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

Bangalore, the 6th May 1912

No. 26.—Major Corrie Hudson, D.S O., I.M.S., Medical Officer, resigns his appointment with effect from the 1st April 1912

The 7th May 1912.

No 27.—Under the provisions of section 13 of the Bangalore Municipal Law, 1897, the Resident in Mysore is pleased to notify that Mr George Hall has been elected a Municipal Commissioner for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore to represent Europeans and Eurasians, No. 4 Division, *vice* Mr W. Abraham, deceased.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.

Municipal Office.

NOTIFICATION.

The 30th April 1912

No. 676—In exercise of the powers conferred on them by Section 137 (1) (*e*) (*vi*) of the Bangalore Municipal Law, 1897, the Municipal Commission for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore have amended Section 4 of Bye-Law No. 11 relating to "Water Supply" and the same having been confirmed by the Honourable the Resident in Mysore as required by Section 139, it is hereby notified for public information under Section 180 (3) of the said Law:—

Chapter III —Sanitation and other purposes

Bye-Law No 11—Water Supply.

B M. L. Section 137 (1) (*e*) (*vi*).

For Section 4 as it now stands, read—

"No person shall wash himself or any animal, vehicle, clothes or utensils at any pnblic standposts, nor shall he take water from such standposts to be used for garden irrigation or building purposes."

F. J. RICHARDS,
President, Municipal Commission,
Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 4th May 1912.

No. 28.—Mr. J. F. G Foster, Assistant Engineer, is granted, under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 311, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period, with effect from the 13th April 1912.

This cancels Manager's Notification No. 17, dated 22nd March 1912.

E. A. S. BELL,
Offg. Manager, North Western Railway.

OUDH AND ROHILKHAND RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lucknow, the 7th May 1912.

No. 13.—Mr. F. E. Goodall, Store-keeper, class III, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is granted an extension of 4 months' leave on medical certificate by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, to the leave granted in Notification No. 18 of 1911.

C. H. COWIE, Colonel,
Manager, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 3rd April 1912.

No. 13.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i e.*, 28th April 1912 :—

Commander C. M. Luck, R.I.M. . . . . . . 12 months.

No. 14.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 1st May 1912 :—

Engineer W. C. Constable, R.I.M. . . . . . 12 months.

No. 15.—The undermentioned officer is granted leave to proceed out of India on private affairs under the Leave Rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 1st May 1912 :—

Commander C. B. Hanley, R.I.M. . . . . . 12 months.

F. DOBSON,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 14th (King's) Hussars, dated at Mhow, this 6th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—H-6273, Private, J. Lawrence.
Age—22 years 8 months.
Height—5 feet 6 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, pale; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Vanman.
Date of enlistment—29th September 1910.
Place of enlistment—Hyde.
Parish and County in which born—Bethnal Green, London, Middlesex.
Date of desertion or absence—19th April 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Mhow.
Marks—*Nil.*
Under 2 years' service.

T. R. BRUCE, Captain.
for Officer Commanding 14th (King's) Hussars.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of Act VI of 1878 that the undermentioned treasure consisting of ornaments was found by Thimman, son of Sathan of Akkondapalli village, Hosur Taluk, on 17th November 1911 in railway purambok land, while digging earth for the Railway Company near the village of Akkondapalli, Hosur Taluk:—

19 small pieces of gold ornaments weighing as follows:—

		Value, R	a.	p.
3 1/16 (Viraganidais) at R5	. . . .	15	5	0
2 3/16 Ditto at „ 3	. . . .	6	7	6
		21	12	6

All persons claiming this treasure or part thereof are hereby required to appear personally or by agent before the Collector of Salem at his office on 1st October 1912 in view to the matter being enquired into and determined according to law.

J. R. COOMBES,
for Collector.

SALEM COLLECTOR'S OFFICE;
The 30th April 1912.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st May 1912.

No. 185.-*S. Ap.*—Mr. A. Franks Ryan, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for 21 days combined with leave on medical certificate partly in and partly out of India for 7 months and 8 days, with effect from the 27th February 1912.

Mr. Jiwan Nath Dar, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, with effect from the 1st April 1912 and until further orders, in the arrangements *vice* Mr. A. Franks Ryan, on combined leave.

The 2nd May 1912.

No. 194-*S.Ap.*—Mr. D. M. Kalapesi, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 9th May 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. Purshotham Sitaram Vaidya, Supernumerary Inspector, office of the Postmaster-General, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. D. M. Kalapesi, or until further orders.

No. 198-*S.Ap.*—Mr. K. K. Lalkaka, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 10th April 1912.

Mr. S. M. Yusuf Querashi, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Bombay, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. K. K. Lalkaka, or until further orders.

The 6th May 1912.

No. 211-*S.Ap.*—Mr. E. W. Hawkins, 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Madras, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 15 days with effect from the 8th May 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. J. E. deRozario, Manager, Money Order and Savings Bank Departments, Madras General Post Office, is appointed to officiate as 2nd Assistant Postmaster, Madras, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. E. W. Hawkins, or until further orders.

No. 216-*S.Ap.*—Mr. P. G. C. Currie, Deputy Postmaster-General officiating in the 1st grade, Bombay, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 16 days combined with furlough on medical certificate, out of India, for 6 months and 7 days with effect from the 1st May 1912.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on combined leave, or until further orders :—

Mr. W. J. O'Grady, Assistant Director-General of the Post Office in the grade of R1,000 and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, Bengal, to act in the 1st grade of Deputy Postmasters-General;

Khan Bahadur Muhammad Kazim, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, Bombay, *vice* Mr. M. P. C. Byrne, Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, Bengal, on combined leave.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

TRANSFER.

Lahore, the 4th May 1912.

No. 2462-*E.I.F.*—Mr. S. H. Bigsby, Assistant Engineer, from the Malakhand Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 12th April 1912, to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 15th *idem*.

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 3rd May 1912

No. 176-*S. G.*—Mr. F. W. Stone, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class General, has been granted combined leave for six months under Article 233 of the Civil Service Regulations, that is, privilege leave for three months under Article 260, combined with furlough for the remaining period under Article 338 of the above quoted Regulations, with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

The 9th May 1912.

No. 6-*T.*—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 24th April to 7th May 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.		Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.			
Dausa	Rajputana	1st May	1912	Opened.
Poona Yeravda Jail	Bombay Presidency	1st „	„	„
Ranchi Secretariat	Bengal	1st April	„	„
Shadipur, Kashmir	Punjab	15th October	1909	Closed.
Sunthrampur	Bombay Presidency	20th April	1912	Opened.
Undugoda	Ceylon	22nd „	„	„
	Railway Telegraph Offices.			
Brahmachal	Assam-Bengal Railway	15th April	1912	Opened.
Damanpur	Eastern Bengal State Railway	1st May	„	„
Khotapara	East Indian Railway	1st March	„	Closed.
Maligaon	Assam-Bengal Railway	15th April	„	Opened.
[illegible]	Great Indian Peninsula Railway	15th February	„	„

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified :—

"Mangalore" instead of "Mangalore, South-Canara."

"Mundra (Cutch)" instead of "Mundra".

The following alteration in the name of a Railway Telegraph Office is notified :—

On the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

"Jhulasan" instead of "Pansar".

Corrigendum :—In the Telegraph Department Notification No. 1-T., dated the 11th of April 1912, incorporated in the *Gazette of India*, Part II of 13th April 1912 *against* "Pauni" under column "Date" *for* "1st December 1911" *read* "1st April 1912".

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH MAY 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	190	11	12	6	219	...	..	...	...	...	...
Bombay	..	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	100	...	11	3	114	...	9	2	...	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 10th May 1912.

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Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6*a*. or 2*s*. (2*a*.)

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

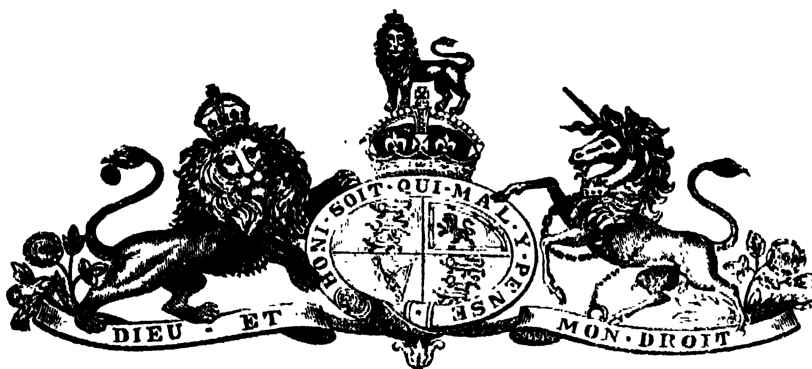
Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.). Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. B036308 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for R1,000 (rupees one thousand only) originally standing in the name of "The Bank of India, Ltd.," and last blank endorsed by the above Bank and purchased by Krishnaji Rungnath Chinchore, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser.—KRISHNAJI RUNGNATH CHINCHORE,

Residence.—Abamadabad, Raipoora Bhawoo's Pole House No. 1298, care of Gopal Narayan Sant.

Estate A. J. Brass deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Arthur John Brass, late Resident Engineer, Bengal and North Western Railway, who died at Jhansi on 13th June 1911, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to James Edmund Vallance, Accountant, Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 6th June next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. E. VALLANCE,

Administrator to Estate, A. J. Brass deceased.

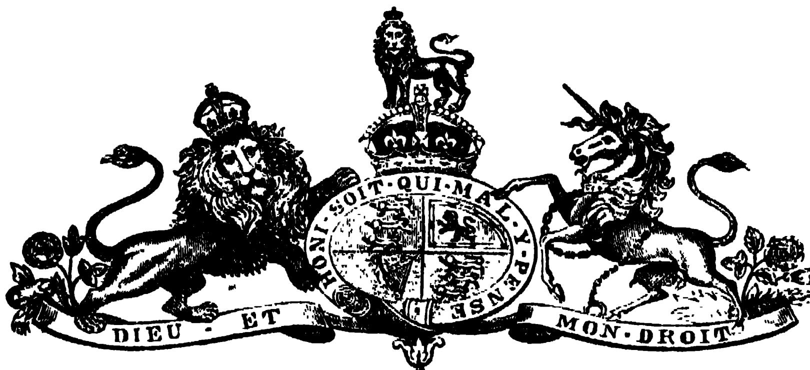
CALCUTTA;
The 23rd April 1912.

Destroyed.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. O 22750, O22751, O22752 and O22753 of the 3½ per cent. Loan of 1900-01 for R500 each originally standing in the name of Prosad Dass Boral and Brothers and last endorsed to Hubdar Khan, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been destroyed, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser -HUBDAR KHAN.

Residence—Metiabrooz Out Post, Garden Reach Post Office



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 19.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 11, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

	In the month of April									
	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
Special Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	3-	32	37	35	45	40	41	40	38	52
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	17	20	-4	21	25	41	42	69	65	99
Spirits and liqueurs	6,01	6,17	6,73	5,58	8,38	5,45	8,58	10,48	8,93	8,51
Wines	28	20	30	30	37	40	34	56	45	47
Opium and its alkaloids*	.	.	..	.			...	1	..	...
Petroleum	5,53	3,53	3,11	2,25	1,30	4,30	5,10	4,28	4,43	7,33
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	2,69	4,40	3,09	2,76	2,42	5,87	2,39	13,97	13,37	10,85
Sugar (countervailing duties 1899)	36		.	..	..	..	.	.		...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	9	1	.	.	...				...	..
Tobacco (a)	15	20	1	29	37	30	44	1,58	1,93	3,54
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	98	1,12	1,33	1,34	1,83	1,79	1,63	1,89	1,76	2,17
Sugar (ordinary duties)	1,78	2,60	1,40	4,76	2,62	2,48	2,74	4,22	3,97	4,15
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics, (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	89	91	93	79	1,33	1,15	1,19	1,50	1,55	1,48
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	5,30	3,60	5,05	5,85	6,28	4,54	5,17	4,17	5,22	7,43
" white	1,97	2,24	2,34	2,17	3,16	3,10	2,06	3,01	3,17	4,66
" coloured	2,24	2,18	2,29	2,46	2,96	2,99	1,88	3,51	3,46	4,20
Other goods	11	18	20	22	22	31	22	38	31	34
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	2,86	3,74	2,16	2,28	3,16	5,20	3,47	4,70	4,16	4,38
Oils (excluding petroleum)	7	7	7	17	18	24	9	12	7	17
Manufactured articles	4,99	5,75	5,41	5,67	7,04	7,08	7,03	6,57	9,07	11,37
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	79	93	77	64	92	1,44	97	1,21	1,14	1,73
TOTAL IMPORTS	37,58	38,41	35,93	38,09	46,24	50,45	44,13	65,25	64,02	74,11
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	1,08	1,05	85	57	97	1,00	1,38	1,05	1,26	1,38
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	16,26	14,19	15,66	18,17	16,65	12,09	10,62	14,06	13,32	18,63
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	74	78	61	71	90	70	1,01	91	86	1,14
GRAND TOTAL	55,66	54,43	53,25	57,54	64,76	64,30	57,14	82,17	79,46	95,46
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	13,24	12,02	12,31	13,66	19,42	15,16	15,63	17,50	19,13	21,26
Bengal — Exports	1,61	1,56	2,09	1,53	1,13	71	1,24	2,47	2,53	3,20
Bihar and Orissa — Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	..
Bihar and Orissa — Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	14
Bombay — Imports	13,90	17,00	14,03	13,68	14,89	19,58	15,60	31,28	27,24	33,96
Bombay — Exports	18	35	24	20	19	26	38	28	15	21
Sind — Imports	3,81	3,25	3,50	4,27	4,06	4,86	3,78	6,02	6,67	7,80
Sind — Exports	13	19	16	23	43	11	16	15	17	16
Madras — Imports	3,13	2,79	2,56	2,78	3,53	4,45	4,68	4,61	5,99	4,92
Madras — Exports	70	52	39	65	1,17	1,10	45	51	79	54
Burma — Imports	3,50	3,35	3,53	3,70	4,34	6,40	4,44	4,94	4,99	6,17
Burma — Exports	13,58	11,57	12,98	15,56	13,73	9,01	8,39	11,55	9,68	14,58

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "*General Import Duties*"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. W. GILLAN,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, May 4, 1912

...dated 6th April 1912, please substitute
...attached pages 577—591.

... this consummation is reached, it would diminish the pressure upon us for the coinage of fresh rupees and simplify our exchange difficulties. These in their turn are weighty considerations and they are considerations which affect the practical outlook of the business man, who does not delude himself into the idea that the mere opening of the mints to gold would immediately provide a door for the export of superfluous currency in the form of sovereigns when exchange goes against us. I do not myself see any near prospects of that measure of assistance, but I readily admit that the coinage of gold, if it leads to a substantial and growing increase of the active circulation, will carry us some way in that direction, and consequently in the direction of greater security and of greater stability.

"I have now, as I undertook to do, laid before the Council the pros and cons of this important and attractive subject As I explained, I can at the moment do no more; because the whole question, with the views of the Government of India upon it, awaits the final decision of the Secretary of State.

"If his decision should meet the wishes of my Hon'ble friend, no one will be more gratified than the present Finance Minister."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey: "My Lord, I must recognize that the reply of the Hon'ble Finance Member is very satisfactory; and I may say that he has said more in support, he has brought forward more cogent arguments in support, of opening the mints to the free coining of gold, than I was able to do in my opening speech I am perfectly satisfied with his assurance that he is doing his best to get the sanction of the Secretary of State, and therefore, with Your Lordship's permission, I beg to withdraw my motion for the present."

His Excellency the President: "The Resolution is by permission withdrawn."

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey then moved the further Resolution:

* * * * * It is obvious, Gentlemen, that the influence of the money market on the movement of these very large sums must be considered, and large temporary and permanent investments of Indian balances of various kinds must affect, to a very considerable degree indeed, the rate of discount and the movement of the prices of securities. I only venture to bring that to your attention as showing how deeply you are all concerned in the prudent, judicious management of the finances of the India Office.'

" His Lordship continued:

'I only bring that before you in order to prevent anybody in India saying " Ah! you have these enormous figures, this £160,000,000 but you are dealing with our figures " Yes, we are dealing with their figures in a sense, but we are dealing with British capital for the most part. However, that may be, we are dealing with it to the enormous material advantage of the population concerned.'

"My Lord, the passage which I have quoted shows clearly that the India Office, in addition to its regular duties as a supervising agency, has undertaken the duties also of being a great banking house for financing the London money market. 160 million pounds, as Lord Morley says, is an enormous figure and it is not to be expected that those who control these investments will be easily persuaded to relax their hold on our money and leave it free to return to India.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

I realise therefore that the Secretary of State may have to face a very strong opposition before he could consent to the proposition which my resolution embodies. But I am confident, knowing as we do now so much about Lord Crewe after his recent visit to India and his desire to do everything in his power to advance Indian interests, that he will stand up for India's right against such opposition.

"Lord Morley anticipated a natural objection from India that he was dealing with our figures, and went on to reply that he was dealing with British capital. This is surely a novel statement.

"The whole of our Gold Standard Reserve, amounting to nearly 18 million pounds, which is in England is the accumulation of our profits on the coinage of rupees. We have circulated amongst the people a rupee with an intrinsic value of only annas ten, and the balance of annas six is carried to the Gold Standard Reserve. Is this British capital? Then, again, we have about 2¾ million pounds of our Paper Currency Reserve invested in England in addition to 5½ millions in gold earmarked for the Paper Currency. Is that British capital? Then, again, the large cash balances of the Secretary of State accumulated by the heavy sales of Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers in excess of the requirements of the Home Treasury. Is that British capital? I fail to understand the cogency of this argument. If you say that because India raises loans for railways in England and therefore you should invest all these funds there, I would ask are the loans raised there on business principles and do those who buy our paper do it as a sort of investment for themselves or are they doing it to oblige us? Do Canada, Australia, South Africa and other British Colonies not raise loans in England? Do they maintain in England a financial house to finance, out of their own surplus money, the London market, or do they use their money for the development of their own country? The same argument applies to the loans raised by other foreign countries in the London market.

"My Lord, if our Gold Standard Reserve is kept in India in gold, we may be able in times of emergency to be of service to the London money market, while under the present policy, in time of emergency we may increase their difficulties by our necessity to withdraw the gold. A big money market like London will not be adversely affected by the gradual withdrawal of gold in normal times, but in times of trouble it may feel the pinch. With our gold in India, London will keep its necessay stock of gold in the usual way, and in times of trouble we can help them with our gold, which will be an extra reserve. So looking from the point of view of England itself, it is an advantage that our gold should remain in India. There is a further advantage if our Gold Reserve is in India. Government have tried to popularise currency notes and meet the wishes of the Commercial communities by making universal currency notes up to the value of Rupees 100. They have not been able to make all currency notes universal because of the difficulty of meeting the demand of coins on presentation. With a large quantity of our gold in India and distributed over all important centres in addition to the Currency Reserve, our power of successfully meeting any demand for coins will be enormously increased. As years pass and people get used more and more to gold coins, it may be possible to make all currency notes universal. It will be an enormous advantage to trade and commerce, and at the same time it will still further popularise paper currency and largely increase its circulation. Those requiring rupees for small business will get them by tendering gold coins just as they get small change and copper by representation of rupees. Time does not permit me to develop up this argument any further, but I hope I have been able to show that it is both to the advantage of India and England that our Gold Standard Reserve should be held in gold in India.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Mr. Gokhale; Mr. Dadabhoy.*]

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "My Lord, I wish to express my entire concurrence with my Hon'ble friend in all he has said. He has stated the case with that clearness and practical ability which always distinguish his utterances, and I do not think anything more need be added to what he has said. I heartily support his Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy: "My Lord, I cordially support this Resolution. The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas has very forcibly and lucidly pointed out the injustice that follows to India from the investment of, at a nominal rate of interest, the bulk of the gold of the Gold Standard Reserve, while money is scarce here and the Bank rate of interest upon demand loans reaches at times the high figure of 9 per cent. It is admitted that liquid capital is what is most needed in this country, and one of the principal reasons for the Government anxiety at the falling exchange 20 years ago was that it retarded the flow of sterling capital here. Now that sterling exchange has steadied and Government holds a large amount of cash in the Gold Standard Reserve, much larger than is necessary to ensure success to the currency measures, the request does not appear extravagant that a substantial part of the Reserve should be held in India. The greater portion of the Reserve now helps to ease the stringency of the London market, and obviously such operations are not required for the support of exchange. Why should not then effect be given to the proposal? The industrial and commercial interests of India are a matter of supreme concern to the Government. When therefore it lies in their power to promote them by relieving the stringency of the Indian money market by timely and temporary advances to the banks out of the superfluity of the Gold Standard Reserve, it is only reasonable to expect that Government will listen to our prayer. The Hon'ble mover has drawn our attention to some of the disagreeable features of the present situation, as also to the heavy odds against which we have to fight in inducing a change of policy in respect of the management of the Reserve. We all sincerely hope and trust Government will resist the adverse and interested influences, and do to India that justice which is her due.

"My Lord, the proposal does not involve any serious departure from that cautious policy which has secured to us a steady exchange. The scheme of which the Reserve is an integral part does not require the maintenance of a bigger reserve in London than £5,000,000. The highest figure suggested by experts was £10,000,000. In 1893, when the closure of the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver initiated a new policy of currency reform, the idea of a Gold Standard Reserve was not entertained by Government. In fact, as has been pointed out by many, we had a gold standard years after. The proposals which were ultimately adopted by Government after the failure of the currency legislation of June 1893 to make the rupee convertible at 1*s*. 4*d*., had been first made public in 1876 by Mr. A. M. Lindsay, as pointed out by the Hon'ble Finance Minister this morning. After the slump in the sterling value of the rupee laid on the shoulders of this Government extraordinarily heavy financial liabilities. Mr. Ottomar Haupt of Paris, following the recent precedent of Austria-Hungary, suggested in the *Financial Times* certain relief measures, the principal feature of which was the closure of the mints. Then came the expert Committees, but apparently all to no good purpose. In January 1898, however, the Madras Chamber of Commerce submitted to this Government for consideration Mr. Lindsay's scheme, whereby a gold standard could be adopted without a gold currency by the maintenance in London of a small reserve on the strength of which bills could be drawn upon India. This scheme was finally adopted by Government. It will be noted that in the original scheme a large reserve like the one we now have was not contemplated. The author, Mr. Lindsay, followed Ricardo both as regards the general plan and the amount of reserve. In Scotland and Ireland, where similar exchange difficulties had been experienced in the latter half of the

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Mr. Dadabhoy; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH, 1912.]

eighteenth century and removed by arrangements with the Bank of England for the maintenance of gold funds, the reserve was never large. The Parliamentary Committee of 1801, consisting of Pitt, Fox, Foster and others, inquired into the whole question of the Irish currency, and recommended the creation of a small gold fund in London for the purpose of assuring fixity to exchange. Two members of the Indian Currency Committee, Lords Farrer and Welby, suggested in an Appendix to the Committee's Report the creation of a Gold Standard Reserve But a large fund was not contemplated. So far as the legitimate functions of the Reserve were concerned, the consensus of expert opinion, no doubt, was that it should be held in London. But this does not militate against Sir Vithaldas's proposal. The Hon'ble mover does not propose that the whole of the Reserve should be transferred to India. His recommendation of transfer relates only to a substantial portion And to this there could not be any reasonable objection. The present strength of the Reserve is already superfluous We do not require such a large gold holding in London for the stability of the sterling exchange. The contingency is extremely unlikely that an adverse exchange would force the hands of the Secretary of State to exhaust the whole of a Reserve of five millions pounds sterling, and would compel this Government to send back the gold belonging to the Reserve transferred here from London according to the suggestion of Sir Vithaldas. Moreover, as a matter of fact, a substantial portion of the Reserve is now employed, as the Hon'ble Member has shown, in financing the London Banks This is a purpose so obviously extraneous to the central object that the removal of that portion to India would not have the slightest influence, either present or prospective, upon sterling exchange. We do not object to Government putting as much spare cash as it can command to the Reserve. Our only grievance is, although built up at our cost, the country is deprived of the use of the Reserve in times of acute tightness."

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "I congratulate my Hon'ble friend Sir Vithaldas on this second excursion into the regions of pure finance and on the vigour and lucidity with which he has handled a subject of no small intricacy and difficulty. He has, as I have already said, the advantage of me in the freedom with which he can speak on subjects upon which my position, and the position of the Government of India, in relation to the Secretary of State in Council, compels me to caution and even to silence. He must not therefore misjudge me if I cannot follow him over all the field which he has opened for us in the speech to which we have just listened. It would for example, be wholly out of place for me to discuss his views regarding the financial advisers of the Secretary of State, and the influence which they exercise on the disposition of our Indian resources. The responsibility of the Secretary of State in Council is one and undivided, and I at any rate cannot discuss his policy as if it were the policy of individuals. I can only undertake to place before the Secretary of State the expert financial opinion which the Hon'ble gentleman represents in India, and to ask that it receives due consideration along with the expert opinion which His Lordship obtains in England.

"Nor, even if I had the same freedom as my Hon'ble friend, would it be possible for me in the time at my disposal to examine with sufficient care the wide variety of topics over which he has ranged. Let me take, for example, the question of our high balances. I am quite at one with Sir Vithaldas in holding that high treasury balances, whether held in England or in India, are in ordinary circumstances wrong and wasteful.

"High balances in ordinary circumstances are an indication that we have borrowed more than is actually necessary. But it would require a somewhat detailed analysis to place the Council in a position to judge whether the recent

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*]

history of our treasury balances justifies this rather severe condemnation. I should have to point out to what extent money has been accumulated in London to meet large payments for the redemption of railway debentures which shortly fall due ; I should have to connect our opium windfall with the India Bills which I hope we are now on the eve of withdrawing ; and I should no doubt have to add a number of other qualifications before I could answer with confidence the point which my Hon'ble friend has taken. Similarly with his arguments in favour f lending out our balances to banks in India ; this is also a question to which there are two sides, and an examination of it would involve a lengthy and probably a somewhat dull dissertation on the metalic basis of credit in our Indian money market. To take only one other instance of the wide range of my friend's speech, I should have to go in some detail into the theory of the convertibility of our currency notes, if I were going to attempt an adequate reply to his suggestion for a wider dispersal of our gold resources as a reserve against our paper currency.

"I must, however, avoid these and other fascinating bye-paths into which the Hon'ble Member invites me to stray. And I must return to the literal phrasing of his motion, namely, that a substantial portion of the Gold Standard Reserve should be held in India. Now, I take it that, if Sir Vithaldas had his own way, he would transfer 10 or 15 millions sterling from London to Calcutta. It would come out in sovereigns, and we should then have to decide whether to keep it in sovereigns or to lend it out, as in London, to the banks and on approved short term securities. My Hon'ble friend has not said definitely which of these two courses he would follow; but from the general tenor of his arguments, I gather that he would not be averse to assisting the industry of India on reasonable terms. He has drawn attention, in the most reasonable and proper manner, to the great fluctuations in the rates of interest in this country, and to the prejudicial effect which these fluctuations must have on trade and business. He believes that a more liberal handling of the Government balances would steady the position; and I may, therefore, for the sake of argument, assume that he would not be unwilling to see our Gold Standard Reserve, or some part of it, lent out on approved security. Now, if this happened, it is quite possible that the market would be materially assisted for the moment; a fillip would be given to business ; and for a time the severity of the bank rate might be mitigated. But let us see precisely what this would mean, and what would be the consequence when conditions changed. Our gold would be dissipated; it would have passed not only out of our own hands, but out of the hands of the larger banks, and would have flowed down the infinite number of small channels through which our currency trickles to the millions of producers in the country. So far all has gone well ; but a bad year comes—and in India there is a tragic periodicity about bad years—and the whole situation changes; or there is a crisis in international finance, and the markets for our exports are temporarily closed. The occasion would thus present itself for the use of our gold. We should be asked to export it promptly and in large quantities to prevent a wholsale collapse of exchange. But where should we turn for it in response to this demand? We should have to realise our securities; we should have to call it in from the banks. The sovereign would already be, as it always is when the balance of trade is against us at a premium; it would have practically disappeared from circulation; and large quantities would be obtainable only with the greatest difficulty. By calling in our stock, we should at once raise the premium on gold, we should increase alarm and we should precipitate a panic. The very people on whom we were foreclosing would be those who could worst afford to meet our claims. Exchange would go down with a rush, and commercial disaster might follow. I can imagine no more calamitous position than to have our Gold Standard Reserve; or any substantial part of it, out of our own hands in this country at a time of real difficulty.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH, 1912.]

" But let us take the other alternative. Let us assume that we are able to resist the desire of the market for our gold, and to maintain it in fluid form. We should then have large quantities of sovereigns shut up in the vaults of Fort William, dormant and inaccessible. In this condition they would remain until required for export in support of exchange. Now, what would happen when they are so required? Presumably, the demands for bills on London would be greater than the supply, and our import merchants would come to us and buy our sovereigns, in order to send them to London in the absence of bills at a reasonable price. They would obtain sovereigns from us; they would then have to arrange for freight; they would have to insure the consignments; and they would have to bear the burden of interest in the interval between the purchase of the gold and its delivery to their creditors in Europe. They would thus pay all expenses of freight, insurance and interest, besides the risk of loss or delay in transit. Would your import merchant prefer this process to the alternative process of coming to our Comptroller General and buying a telegraphic transfer on London, which could be cashed with absolute security by his creditor next day?

"I think there is little doubt which of these two alternatives the ordinary business man would prefer. It would almost certainly be the latter; and the latter is precisely what the Government of India offer to the mercantile public under existing arrangements, while the former is what my friend Sir Vithaldas would substitute for it. It seems to me that there is no real comparison between the inconvenience on the one hand of having gold locked up here, six thousand miles from the point where it is wanted and where it can be effectively employed, and the convenience on the other hand of holding a large quantity of gold or securities which presumably closely approach gold in their stability, which we are in a position to sell by cable the moment that it is wanted and at the place where it is going to be used.

" Sir Vithaldas has supported his arguments by a number of subsidiary considerations in favour of moving our gold from London to India. He points out, for example, that other great countries keep large reserves of liquid gold in their strongholds. I am not quite clear of the extent to which he is thinking of gold which is stored by Government to provide for the encashment of convertible notes, and I think it will be found that, in the countries which he mentions, a considerable proportion of their holdings is necessitated by the size of their paper currency. He also urges that our gold would be useless to us in London in the event of war or panic. If by panic he means an acute financial crisis, I can only repeat what I have said before in another connection, that the Secretary of State has deliberately accepted full responsibility for making the reserve available when required for the purpose for which it was created. In the event of war, I do not se how our gold would be in any degree more useful in India than in London. If the trouble were in this country, we should have all the anxiety and expense of protecting it If the war were in Europe, it might be perfectly impossible to ship gold from India to the European markets, and it would remain useless in our hands. Finally, Sir Vithaldas has alluded to the feeling that the gold reserve is our own money and that, as a matter of national pride, it should be in our own country as a visible possession. I know that such a sentiment exists, and I am far from despising sentiment even in financial matters; but I cannot seriously think that it should be weighed for a moment against the practical convenience and value of holding our gold in the place where it can best serve the interests of India. It is for this reason that I much regret that I am unable to accept the Hon'ble Member's motion."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey: " My Lord, I very much regret that Government are not willing to accept my Resolution. I shall not long detain the Council in reply to the several arguments advanced

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

by the Hon'ble Finance Member, because the impression left on my mind at the end of his speech was, that the arguments he advanced against the proposition were so weak that I need not go into the details of them I only therefore touch two or three points in his speech. He said that the policy that was followed in London was the policy of the Secretary of State in Council and not of individual members. I did not at all say in my speech that it was not so. The policy, of course, is the Secretary of State's policy; but what I pointed out was that the Secretary of State was advised by people who had also other than India's interests to guard. The statement* which the Hon'ble Member has placed before us in reply to my Hon'ble friend Mr. Armstrong's question clearly confirms my contention. It shows that over 10½ million pounds sterling have been lent to approvers, not necessarily joint stock banks, and that about 3¾ millions have been deposited with approved banks. On 3 out of the 6 approved banks as mentioned in the statement the Secretary of State's advisers sit as Directors or as Governors. I leave it to the Council to judge whether a man can act in two positions very justifiably. If we put the managers of the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal and the Bank of Madras on Your Lordship's Council, I am quite sure they will give strong reasons why our money should be brought here, and they will point out to the Hon'ble the Finance Member excellent securities on which those funds can be lent. I have not the slightest doubt that our money in England is being lent on good securities; but I say that we can lend money also on good securities in India with great advantage to ourselves. I will just read a few lines, from a report published in the *Times of India*, of an incident during an instructive discussion of Indian commerce following a well supported dinner of the London Chamber of Commerce at the Trocadero in February last, which shows how things move:

'Soon after we had a somewhat amusing reminder that, in monetary matters at least, the sense of reciprocal obligation to India is not so strong as it might be on the part of those who represent city banking interests on the India Council. Giving as a reason for the inadequacy of the flow of British capital into India, the existence even now of the old prejudices having their origin in the instability of the rupee, Sir Felix Schuster, member of the Secretary of State's Council, said that the duty of Government was to support the policy their predecessors laid down by building up their currency reserves in times of prosperity, so that exchange might stand severe tests such as that through which it passed two or three years ago. Someone (I think it was Mr. G. W. R. Forrest) called out, "yes, build up the gold reserve in India." The shaft went home, and Sir Felix, thrown off his habitual guard, made a remark he would much rather have left unsaid, as was clear from the incompleteness of his sentence: "Not only in India," he retorted, "but on our side as well; we can do with it here, and I sometimes wonder . . . . " (he left the sentence incomplete).'

"My Lord, we say we can do with it here to the greater advantage of India.

"Then the second point in the Hon'ble Member's speech was that if we brought all our gold to India, when the balance of trade went against us, we should have to export gold, and that would be a great inconvenience to merchants. I admit the cogency of the argument so far, but, during the last 11 or 12 years, how many times have we had to send gold to England? It was only in one year, in 1908, and every other year we have been accumulating our gold standard reserve. Only once in 11 or 12 years if there is any occasion for merchants to export gold, that cannot be called any great inconvenience compared with the great benefit which India would derive with a gold reserve here. Then he said that merchants would prefer telegraphic transfers instead of exporting gold. I did not propose that we should export gold always. In the usual way the Secretary of State would draw on India his Council Bills, and the money necessary to be sent out to England for home charges would be drawn in the usual way, and for that purpose you have not to export gold. It is only when the balance of trade goes against us that the occasion will arise, and that is very rarely, say once in 15 or 20 years. Again we are told that the Secretary of State has taken full responsibility for the present policy. Well, that does not

* *Vide* Appendix.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

satisfy us. Whoever may take the full responsibility, the everyday loss is ours, and we are not quite satisfied by simply an assertion that those who manage our currency and our reserve, assure us that in time of war or emergency our gold will be made available. We say we want it here, it is our gold, and it ought to remain here. I have already pointed out in my speech that all civilized countries in the world have gold reserves, and I will give you a few figures: United States treasury 233 million pounds, Russia 130 million pounds, France 131 million pounds, Australia 55 million pounds, Bank of England 31 million pounds, and so on. The real reason is that the gold reserve in the London Bank is so low that they cannot afford to send our gold here. We must recognise this; it is no use arguing against facts. The London gold reserve is only 31 million pounds, and the London financiers fear that they might be inconvenienced. My personal opinion is that they won't feel the pinch, if we withdraw our gold gradually. At the same time they will feel the pinch more if we have to withdraw our gold in times of emergency, and it is for England's sake also that our gold should be here. At least twice or thrice, the Bank of England had to go to France for gold. Well, I think it would increase the prestige of Great Britain to come to India for gold rather than to go to France or any other foreign country for gold in times of emergency. My Lord, although Government may not be able to accept this proposition as a whole, I hope the Government of India will take seriously into consideration the position in which the industries are placed in India in the busy season owing to the rise in the rate of interest. I have already said that the Bank rate goes up to 8 or 9 per cent. I will read to you a paragraph from the speech of the Hon'ble Sir James Begbie, who is the senior banker in India, and whose excellent work has been recognised by Government only the other day by honouring him. He said:

'You also know that as regularly as one season succeeds another, Bank rate rises from the minimum in the monsoon months to its maximum in the winter and spring months, and that the maximum may be anything from seven to nine per cent., nine per cent. being the highest point for a good many years past. It is inevitable under conditions in India that this regular waxing and waning of Bank rate should occur, but is it inevitable that the movement should be so extreme and especially that the rate should be so constanty forced to such high levels? I think not. The greatest factor in forcing up the rate is the great volume of money that is taken off the market by Government and locked away in the Treasury vaults. That money is released in bulk only through payments for Council bills, that is, after the public have either voluntarily sold their produce for export or been obliged to part with it under the pressure of a high Bank rate as frequently happens."

"I hope the Government of India will seriously consider this position, and devise some policy by which the Bank rate may not go so high. Even our high cash balance in India might be utilized for the purpose, but I think the rate of interest in India ought not to rise above 5½ or 6 per cent.

"My Lord, I think the question is of such great importance that I hope the Council will accept my Resolution."

The Council divided:

Ayes—24.

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon'ble Raja of Partabgarh, the Hon'ble Raja of Mahmudabad, the Hon'ble Maulvi Shams-ul-Huda, the Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia, the Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan, the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu, the Hon'ble Mr. Sinha, the Hon'ble Mr. Haque, the Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Muhammad, the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao, the Hon'ble Raja of Kurupam, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, the Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar, the Hon'ble Sir Gooi Graham, the Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis, the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE; COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark*]

the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi, the Hon'ble Malik Umar Hyat Khan, the Hon'ble Maung Mye, the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, the Hon'ble Mr. Bhurgri and the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.

Noes—33.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle, the Hon'ble Sir Harcourt Butler, the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, the Hon'ble Mr. Clark, the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, the Hon'ble Major General Sir M. H. S. Grover, the Hon'ble Mr. Maclagan, the Hon'ble Mr. Porter, the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp, the Hon'ble Mr. Enthoven, the Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler, the Hon'ble Mr. Brunyate, the Hon'ble Sir A. H. McMahon, the Hon'ble Mr. Lyon, the Hon'ble Mr. Saunders, the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, the Hon'ble Mr. Gordon, the Hon'ble Surgeon General Sir C. P. Lukis, the Hon'ble Mr. Fremantle, the Hon'ble Mr. Vincent, the Hon'ble Mr. Carr, the Hon'ble Mr. Arthur, the Hon'ble Mr. Fyffe, the Hon'ble Mr. Phillips, the Hon'ble Mr. Meredith, the Hon'ble Mr. Gates, the Hon'ble Mr. Slacke, the Hon'ble Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, the Hon'ble Mr. Dempster, the Hon'ble Sir T. R. Wynne, and the Hon'ble Mr. Kesteven.

So the Resolution was rejected.

[*At this stage, the Hon'ble SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON, Vice-President of the Council, took the Chair.*]

INDIAN COMPANIES BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark: "Sir, I move for leave to introduce a Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to trading companies and other associations.

"Government, Sir, hold that the time is now ripe for a further revision and consolidation of company legislation in this country. The existing law on the subject in India is contained in the Indian Companies Act of 1882, which was modelled on the English law in force in 1877. Since 1882, the Indian law has been added to by four amending Acts dealing with matters of relatively minor importance, while the substantial additions which have been made to the English law by a long series of Acts passed between 1879 and 1908 have not, with the exception of the matters contained in the four amending measures to which I have just referred, found a place in the Indian law. In England, since 1882, there have been no less than thirteen amending Acts, culminating in 1907 with a comprehensive amending Act based on the recommendations of a strong Committee among the members of which were some of the most eminent company lawyers of the day. This Act was followed by the Companies Consolidation Act of 1908, which consolidated the English law into a convenient code. The differences which now consequently exist between the Indian and the English law, in themselves form strong ground for legislation. Ever since we have had any company legislation in India, the advantages of having our company law as similar as possible to the English law has been recognised by the Indian Legislature. The Indian Act of 1857 was a reproduction of the English Joint Stock Companies Act of 19 and 20 Victoria. The Indian Act of 1866 copied the English Act of 1862; and the Indian Act of 1882 (the present Act) followed, as I have already said, the additions made in the

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

English law up to 1877. The advantages of such assimilation are evident. The English law has been studied and commented on comprehensively, and in adopting it, we also inherit the wisdom of the many learned persons who have devoted their time to its exposition: and when it is necessary to carry a case up to the Privy Council, it is manifestly convenient that the law which is to be argued in English should be substantially the same as the English law. Assimilation of the law also tends to produce a feeling of greater security in the breast of the British investor whose capital we wish to attract to this country. As the Board of Trade pointed out in a Memorandum on the Company Laws of the Empire laid before the Imperial Conference of 1907, assimilation "would tend to increase the confidence of the home investor in companies registered in India and in the Colonies, and the result might well be a greater willingness on the part of capital from home to flow into Indian and Colonial undertakings and enterprises.

"Since 1882, there has been a great increase in the number of joint stock companies in India. In 1885-86, there were only 757 companies at work with a paid up capital of 21 crores. In 1910-11, there were 2,251 companies with a paid up capital of 64 crores; in other words, the number of companies and their paid up capital has trebled since the legislation of 1882 came into force. I think it will be generally recognised that with this great increase in business, with the evidence before us of the frequent amendments in company legislation which it has been found necessary to make in England, Government cannot be held to have been premature in having taken up the amendment of the company law of India.

"From what I have said, Hon'ble Members will have anticipated that the Bill follows very closely the provisions of the English Act of 1908. We have not only adopted its principles but have aimed at reproducing as far as possible its language and arrangement. We have, however, preserved the provisions of the Indian Act in certain instances where the law of this country can claim to be more advanced than its elder sister, and we have added two entirely new provisions of some importance to which I shall presently refer.

"The Government of India took up the matter in 1909 and a circular letter was addressed to all Local Governments and Administrations asking for their opinions as to the suitability of the provisions of the English Act for adoption in India. The proposal to legislate has met with practically unanimous support from the authorities consulted. Such criticisms as have been made have been mostly in the direction of suggesting that the English law does not go far enough and that Government should take greater powers of control. A somewhat different point of view has been put forward by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and it is one which deserves careful consideration. The Committee of the Bengal Chamber suggest that it is questionable whether such an elaborate procedure as is prescribed by the Act of 1908 is necessary or desirable in India, and they thought that in the Indian Bill it should be possible to omit some of the details prescribed in the English Act. The Committee, however, preferred not to make any definite proposals as to matters which might be omitted until they had seen the actual Bill. The Government of India recognise the importance of the point, but it has seemed better to leave the question over until they have received the detailed suggestions of the Chamber after they have had the opportunity of fully examining the Bill.

"I now turn to the other class of criticism, namely, that the English law does not go far enough in the direction of State control. Suggestions of very varying scope have been made to us, some of which go so far as almost to require Government to undertake that a company should pay satisfactory dividends to its shareholders. As I said in connection with the Assurance measures which have just passed through this Council, I fully recognise that in India the State must be prepared to accept heavier responsibilities than in

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark.*]

western countries, but I hope I shall carry with me the approval of Council when I say that in such legislation as this, the ideal to be aimed at is the minimum of State interference compatible with the due protection of the investor. We have included two, and only two, provisions working in this direction which do not appear in the British Act. Two may seem a small number, but they are both provisions of some considerable importance.

"Clause 109 of the English Act provides that the Board of Trade may appoint one or more competent inspectors to investigate the affairs of any company on the application of a certain proportion of the shareholders. In the Indian Bill we propose to go further, and to provide also that where the Registrar, on perusal of any document which the company is required to submit to him, considers that any further information or explanation is necessary, and where, after calling on the company to submit such information, he either does not receive it or is of opinion that an unsatisfactory state of affairs is disclosed, he shall report the circumstances of the case in writing to the Local Government, and it shall be open to the Local Government to appoint an inspector. By making this provision for an inspector to be appointed without any action being taken on the part of the shareholders, we hope to some extent to guard against abuses creeping in through apathy and lack of initiative on the part of the shareholders, who in India cannot be accepted to be so alive to their own interests as in an European country.

"The other matter is in connection with auditors. In sections 112 and 113 of the English Act, the appointment, remuneration, powers and duties of auditors are fully provided for, but nothing is said as to the qualifications of the men who are to act as auditors. In India the question of their qualifications is one of supreme importance. The Bombay Chamber of Commerce referred to it in their letter on the subject of this legislation, and I had the further advantage of discussing it with their Committee, as the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey will remember, when I was last in Bombay. What we propose is, in adopting the English provisions, also to provide in the Bill that no person, other than a person holding a certificate from a Local Government entitling him in that behalf, shall be appointed auditor of a company. In this country it would clearly be going too far to lay down that no one should act as an auditor who is not a Chartered or Incorporated Accountant. Such a provision would mean an undue restriction on business But we hope by requiring such certification by a Local Government to establish a standard which will at least facilitate the elimination of the incompetent by the refusal or the cancellation of the certificate. I am also say that the Government have under consideration a scheme for starting schools of accountancy for the training of auditors at suitable centres under the control of Local Governments and for the establishment of examinations in connection with the proposed Government certificate. My Hon'ble Friend the Member for Education is interesting himself in this matter, and we hope that a scheme on these lines will not only produce in time a sufficiency of thoroughly qualified accountants to meet the increasing demands for such work in India, but will also result in opening up a lucrative field of employment for Indians who should be well adapted for the work but at present enjoy few facilities to become qualified.

"These are the only two matters in which Government as at present advised propose to go further under this head than the English law, but I ought to point out that by the mere adoption of that law as it stands, we are greatly improving the present safeguards, especially in the direction of affording shareholders closer control over companies in the earlier stages of their formation. I will briefly mention the more important of these provisions. The first is the 'statutory meeting' which every company limited by shares and registered after the commencement of the Act is required to hold within a period of six months from the date on which it is entitled to commence business. At least ten days before this meeting is held, the Directors have to

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

forward to every member of the company a report called the 'statutory report', which must be certified to by not less than two Directors of the company and must contain certain specified items of information regarding the position and constitution of the company. These provisions thus compel the Directors to let the shareholders know the exact financial position in the early stages of the company's history. The provisions in regard to the appointment and qualifications of Directors have been made much more stringent, and clauses dealing with the prospectus of a company require much fuller information to be given than heretofore including among other items the names of Directors and their interest in the company, the estimated amount of preliminary expenses, the amount paid or intended to be paid to the promoter, and the minimum subscription on which Directors may proceed to allotment. Other clauses prescribe restrictions on proceeding to allotment and on the commencement of business. I have already referred to the subject of auditors, whose appointment, remuneration, powers, duties and liabilities are now very strictly prescribed, and I may also mention another provision by which all companies situated outside British India, but operating therein, are required to make certain information available and to have a recognised agent in India to accept service of process or any notice which may have to be served on the company.

"While, generally speaking, we have followed the English law with an almost slavish exactitude, there are one or two points on which it has been necessary to depart from it. The most important of those is in regard to the winding up of companies by order of the Court. We have decided to retain in the main the procedure of the existing Indian law in place of the provisions introduced into the British law by the Companies Winding-up Act of 1890. In the United Kingdom, important functions are exercised by the Board of Trade, by Official Receivers and by Committees of Inspection; but Government consider that it would be premature to attempt to create a corresponding machinery in this country. They therefore have left the discretion in the matter of winding-up in the hands of the Court. They have also retained the provisions of the existing Indian law in respect of the annual balance-sheet which can fairly claim to be more complete than the provisions of the English law. The other matters on which modifications have been made in the English law are of minor importance.

"I am afraid, Sir that I am taking up a very large amount of the time of Council, but there are two matters of considerable importance with which we have not attempted to deal in the Bill, and I think I ought to say a few words about their omission. The first of these is the question of Managing Agents, a problem peculiar to this country. The activities of these very useful persons, and their relations to the companies whose affairs they manage, have from time to time been open to attack, and it has been suggested that this Bill should more strictly regulate and define their position. Government have not seen their way to take action on this difficult matter which brings us up against the law of contract; but when I say that, I do not wish to suggest for a moment that we are shutting the door against legislation, if practicable suggestions are made to us before this Bill becomes law. I should like, however, to place one consideration before Council. A Managing Agent either is a Director or is not a Director of the company he manages. In the former case, which I believe is the commonest, he will come under the provisions of the Bill for Directors, and the definition of 'Director' in the Bill makes it clear that, whatever the title chosen for the governing body, the rules which apply to Directors apply also to persons who stand in the position of Directors. In the first case, therefore, he will be subject to the safeguards and penalties prescribed in the case of Directors. In the latter case, where the Managing Agent is not a Director, his relationship with the company is governed by contract and the Bill makes it necessary that every material contract should be disclosed in the prospectus. At any rate, therefore, full publicity is secured as to the nature of the relationship.

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark ; Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey ; Mr. Mudholkar.*]

" The other even more thorny question with which we have not seen our way to deal is that of Banks or of businesses which with varying degree of accuracy prefer to call themselves Banks. This is not a specially Indian problem ; the recent failure of the Charing Cross Bank in England, and the appalling abuse of the depositors' confidence which it disclosed, will be fresh in the memory of Council. The evil which wants a remedy is that poor and uneducated people are attracted by the word ' Bank, ' thinking that it necessarily implies security and stability, and unscrupulous persons accordingly apply the term to any speculative business in order to attract investors and depositors. But how is the use of the term to be restricted and how is banking business to be defined for the purpose? Government will be very willing to consider any suggestions, but I must confess that the more I think of it the more difficult the problem appears of how to define a banking business, how to control it when you have defined it, and how to avoid interfering with the legitimate business of firms carrying on partly banking and partly other operations. I understand that informed opinion in the United Kingdom, where the question was stirred up again by the Charing Cross Bank smash, is against attempting to legislate, and we may well hesitate to rush in where more experienced legislators fear to tread.

"This, Sir, in more senses than one is a big measure. The Bill deals with big interest, and in the mere matter of bulk runs to 323 clauses and 31 pages of Schedules. It may well be that in such a mass of material those interested will find subjects for criticism and objection. I can only say that Government have no desire to hurry this legislation through ; that every scope will be given for criticism ; and that all opinions will be duly weighed ; and I shall hope later on to have the advantage of personal discussion upon it in the different commercial centres of India. No legislation can prevent fraud or altogether indemnify the investor from the dangers of an incurable optimism : all you can hope for is to make the path of dishonesty more stony and the vagaries of ignorance less liable to disaster. I should be sorry if the impression were created that Government is undertaking this legislation owing to there being any widespread canker in Indian commercial circles ; though bad cases have occurred from time to time, here as in other countries, there is no ground for such a supposition. But we ought to have the best Act we can and I am sure that, as in other recent commercial legislation, I can count on the assistance of the important Chambers of Commerce and of all those interested in commercial law, in helping us to get it."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey : " Mr. Vice-President, I heartily congratulate Government on introducing this Bill in this Council. I have no opportunity of going through the several sections referred to by the Hon'ble Member, and therefore I am not prepared at present to go into the details of the Bill ; but on the principle of the Bill, I think commercial communities are at one that this Bill is not brought forward a day too soon."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar : "Sir, I had an opportunity of expressing my views in regard to the proposed legislation a year or so ago. On that occasion I expressed my concurrence in the proposal that the amendment of the Indian Companies Act should be undertaken. I have studied the English law and I consider that the new provisions introduced into the English Companies Consolidated Act are very desirable, and should be brought into our code aslo. There are of course several matters in regard to which slight alterations may have to be made, necessitated by the difference in the circumstances of the two countries. But there is no doubt that the English Companies Act of 1908 provides more safeguards than the old law, and that such safeguards are required in India also. It is not necessary to refer to these things specifically on this occasion. We shall have to go into these matters when the time comes. But with regard to the necessity for legislation on the lines which

COMPANIES.

Mr. Mudholkar; Sir Cecil Graham; Mr. Clark.] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

Government propose, I agree with the Hon'ble Member. The Conference which I have the honour to represent, the Indian Industrial Conference in which Indians and Europeans join on more occasions than one, dealt with the subject and expressed its view that the time has come for assimilating the Indian law to the improved English law. With these general observations, I heartily congratulate the Government and the Hon'ble Member on the steps which they propose taking in the matter."

The Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham: "Sir, I should like to join other Hon'ble Members in congratulating the Government and the Hon'ble Member in charge, for having brought this Bill in. The whole of the commercial community, I think, are at one in wishing for this legislation; but as the Hon'ble Member has pointed out, the Chambers of Commerce preferred to wait and defer expressing their opinion on the details until the actual Bill was before them. However, the Hon'ble Member has promised us plenty of time to go thoroughly into the details and see how far the English Act will fall in line with the conditions governing commerce and business in India. There is only one thing I should like to ask the Hon'ble Member, and that is if he has any information he can give us as to how the English Act has worked in England so far."

The Hon'ble Mr Clark: "Sir, I am very much obliged to Hon'ble Members for the cordial reception they have given to this Bill.

"As regards the question which the Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham has raised, we are expecting to receive a report from the Board of Trade in London on the subject of the English Act as applied to India, and I imagine that in that report they will inform us as to whether any of the provisions of the Act of 1908 have been found not to work well. We had to introduce the Bill before receiving the report so as to avoid any risk of not getting it introduced this session."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark introduced the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark moved that the Bill together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto be published in the Gazette of India in English and in the local official Gazettes in English and in such other languages as the Local Governments think fit.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Monday, the 25th March 1912.

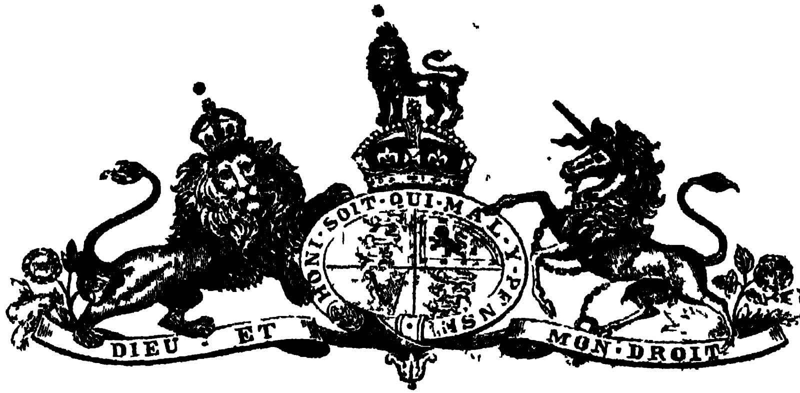
W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;
The 30th March 1912.

APPENDIX.

Balances in the Home Treasury at the end of each month.

		£
April	1911	15,766,171
May	„	18,222,451
June	„	18,989,029
July	„	16,431,712
August	„	16,552,602
September	„	17,459,711
October	„	15,131,632
November	„	15,000,691
December	„	15,292,638



The Gazette of India.

EXTRAORDINARY.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

SIMLA, MONDAY, MAY 20, 1912

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

No. 1039.

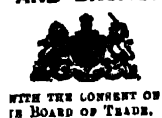
Simla, the 20th May 1912.

A temporary vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, by the departure on leave of the Honourable Sir Guy Douglas Arthur Fleetwood Wilson, G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., the Governor General in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, section 27, to appoint Mr. Robert Woodburn Gillan, C.S.I., to act temporarily as an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

The Honourable Mr. Gillan has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



Form No. 8.

No. 72 (Sale).

Declaration of Ownership on behalf of a Body Corporate.

Official Number.	Name of Ship.	No, Date and Port of Registry.

Whether a Sailing or Steam Ship.	Horse Power of Engines, if any.

	Feet.	Tenths.
Length from fore part of stem, under the bowsprit, to the aft side of the head of the stern post		
Main breadth to outside of plank		
Depth from top of deck at side amidships to bottom of keel		

NUMBER OF TONS.

Gross		Registered	

and as described in more detail in the Certificate of the Surveyor and the Register Book

I, the undersigned________________________________
____in the county of
________________________________of the ______________________ Company, Limited,
declare as follows :—

The said Company was incorporated by virtue of*____________________________
______________on the__________day of________________19 , and is subject to the laws of† ______
____

The said Company has its principal place of business at__________
where all the important business of the Company is, in fact, controlled and managed at meetings of Directors, or Managers of the Company.

The above general description of the Ship is correct. ______________
whose certificate of competency or service is No.__________, is Master of the said Ship. The said Company is entitled to be registered as owner of______________shares in the said Ship. To the best of my knowledge and belief, no person or body of persons other than such persons or bodies of persons as are by the Merchant Shipping Act, 1894, qualified to be Owners of British Ships is entitled, as Owner, to any interest whatever, either legal or beneficial, in the said Ship. And I make this solemn Declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Made and Subscribed the ________________day
of______________________19___, by the above-
named____________________________
in the presence of______________________
‡______________________________
____
____

(a) Insert office of person making declaration, Secretary or otherwise.
* Here insert such of the descriptions as are applicable:—
"An Act of Parliament of the United Kingdom (cite the year of the reign in which the Act was passed, its chapter and title)."
or
"a Charter granted by H Majesty and dated the__________day of______________________18______."
or
"an Act or Ordinance of the Legislature of__________________________(cite the year in which the Act or Ordinance was passed, "its chapter and title)."
or
"the Companies Consolidation Act, 1910. (If incorporated before the commencement of that Act, the Act mentioned in the certificate "of incorporation should be stated)."
† The United Kingdom (or as the case may be). In the case of a Company incorporated by virtue of the Companies Acts, insert also "and its registered office is at______________________."
‡ Declarations must be made before a Registrar of British Ships, a Justice of the Peace, a Commissioner for Oaths within the meaning of the Commissioners for Oaths Act, 1889, or a British Consular officer.
The qualification of the person taking the declaration is to be added to his signature.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 3519-2.—The Notification of the Government of India in this Department No. 2714-2, dated the 6th April 1912, sanctioning the grant of combined leave for six months to Mr. H. F. Howard, I.C.S., a Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is hereby cancelled.

No. 3523-2.—The services of Mr. H. F. Howard, I.C.S., a Collector in Class II of the Imperial Customs Service, are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Finance Department, with effect from the 18th May 1912.

No. 3553-2.—Mr. P. Eccles, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in Class II of the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bengal to Bombay, with effect from the 20th April 1912.

No. 3633-2.—Mr. R. F. L. Whitty, I.C.S., an Assistant Collector in Class I of the Imperial Customs Service, is transferred from Bombay to Bengal, with effect from the 28th April 1912.

SALT.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 3594-37.—Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 26th April 1912.

No. 3730-50.—Mr. C. C. Chill, officiating Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 3621-37.—Mr. L. Truninger, C.I.E., Superintendent of Telegraphs, is appointed Director of Telegraphs, 4th Class, Officiating, with effect from the 14th March 1912.

No. 3676-78.—Mr. N. U. K. Leslie, Superintendent of Telegraphs (Director of Telegraphs, 4th Class, temporary) is permitted to retire from the service of Government, with effect from the 12th April 1912.

INDUSTRIES.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 3736-8.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 4, sub-section (3), of the Indian Tea Cess Act, 1903 (IX of 1903), the Governor-General in Council is pleased, on the recommendation of the Indian Tea Association, to appoint Mr. R. Graham of Messrs. James Finlay and Company, Limited, to fill the vacancy on the Indian Tea Cess Committee caused by the resignation of Mr. W. M. Fraser.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th May 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

STAFF.

No. 413.—Major-General W. R. Birdwood, C.B., C.S.I., C.I.E., D.S.O., Indian Army, to be Quarter Master General in India, *vice* Major-General Sir G. C. Kitson, K.C.V.O., C.B., C.M.G., British Service, vacated. Dated 4th May 1912.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 414.—The services of Major H. de V. Harvest, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 415.—The services of Captain O. H. C. Molony, 94th Russell's Infantry, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

COMMANDS.

No. 416.—Major-General Sir G. C. Kitson, K.C.V.O., C.B., C.M.G., British Service, to be a Divisional Commander, *vice* Lieutenant-General Sir A. R. Martin, K.C.B., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 4th May 1912.

No. 417.—Major-General G. F. Gorringe, C.M.G., D.S.O., British Service, to be a Brigade Commander, *vice* Major-General J. C. Swann, C.B., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 1st May 1912.

No. 418.—Brigadier-General H. O'Donnell, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army, Colonel-on-the Staff, to be a Brigade Commander and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, *vice* Major-General J. W. G. Tulloch, C.B., Indian Army. Dated 1st April 1912.

No. 419.—Brigadier-General W. E. Bunbury, C.B., Indian Army, to be a Brigade Commander and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, *vice* Major-General W. R. Birdwood, C.B., C.S.I., C.I.E., D.S.O., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 4th May 1912.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 420.—Major E. T. Carwithen, Indian Army, has been granted six months' combined leave, the first two months and twenty-nine days being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 14th April 1912.

No. 421.—Captain C. P. Woodward, Indian Army, is granted leave for twelve months on private affairs, under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army; with effect from the 16th April 1912.

Pension service—12th year, commenced 11th August 1911.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 422.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 16th April 1912, pages 2705 and 2706.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,

16th April 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

The undermentioned Native Officers, Indian Army, to be granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement:—

Risaldar Major Hamzullah Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 17th Cavalry. Dated 1st January 1912.

Subadar Major Bahadur Ali Khan, Sardar Bahadur, I.O.M., 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 1st January 1912.

Risaldar Major Faiz Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 36th Jacob's Horse. Dated 15th January 1912.

Subadar Major Narbahadur Gurung, Sardar Bahadur, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles). Dated 29th February 1912.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 423.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

10th May 1912.

Thomas Edwin Scott, C.I.E., D.S.O., Commandant, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant to be Captain.

6th March 1912.

Albert Morton Senior, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 424.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Lieutenant to be Captain.

26th March 1912.

Richard Edward Flowerdew, M.B.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 425.—No. 633, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shiurākhan Lál (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, Nain Singh, superannuated ; with effect from the 18th April 1912.

(E) Passed in English.

Madras Establishment.

No. 426.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 1st April 1912 :—

No. 1399, Puthussery Kunhi Raman.

No. 1400, Daniel P. Joseph.

No. 1401, Cornelius Sundararaj Gopal.

No. 1404, Arangil Chandu.

No. 1405, N. S. Daniel.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 427.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Captain is conferred, on retirement, on Subadar-Major Mihr Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis. Dated the 11th March 1912.

No. 428.—Subject to His Majesty's approval, the honorary rank of Lieutenant is conferred, on retirement, on Subadar Fakir Muhammad, *Sardar Bahadur*, 29th Punjabis. Dated the 1st January 1912.

No. 429.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Havildar (English Schoolmaster) Sohna Mull, 23rd Sikh Pioneers. Dated the 27th March 1912.

No. 430.—The following promotions are made:—

3rd Skinner's Horse.

Dafadar Udai Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Malam Singh, promoted; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

20th Deccan Horse.

Risaldar Jharmal Singh to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Mir Hidayat Ali to be Risaldar, Jemadar Brij Lall to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Ramjilall to be Jemadar, *vice* Hanuman Singh, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

28th Light Cavalry.

Kote-Dafadar Punnai Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Anai Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th April 1912.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Bhawani Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Karim Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Musa Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th April 1912.

12th Pioneers (The Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).

Jemadar Hari Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Balwant to be Jemadar, *vice* Molu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Havildar Partab Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Atr Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

38th Dogras.

Jemadar Mahajan to be Subadar and Havildar Narsinghu to be Jemadar, *vice* Miyan Narendra Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 17th April 1912.

41st Dogras.

Jemadar Dhani Ram to be Subadar and Havildar Sher Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Nihala, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th May 1912.

19th Punjabis.

No. 431.—The promotion of Havildar Abdullah Shah, notified in Army Department Notification No. 310, dated the 4th April 1912, should have effect from the 16th March 1912 and not as therein stated.

80th Carnatic Infantry.

No. 432.—The promotion of Jemadar Gopalsami, notified in Army Department Notification No. 142, dated the 16th February 1912, should have effect from the 23rd November 1911 and not as therein stated.

117th Mahrattas.

No. 433.—In Army Department Notification No. 310, dated the 4th April 1912, *for* "Bab Parab", *read* "Babu Parab."

3

REWARDS.

GOOD SERVICE PENSIONS.

No. 434.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer a Good Service Pension of £100 per annum on the undermentioned officer :—

FROM THE 23RD OCTOBER 1911 IN THE ROOM OF LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR C. H. DES VŒUX, K.C.B., DECEASED.

Major-General W. du G. Gray, C.B., Indian Army.

This officer will relinquish the Good Service Pension of £50 per annum conferred on him in Army Department Notification No. 951, dated the 17th November 1911, from the date of succeeding to the above pension.

No. 435.—With the approval of the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India are pleased to confer a Good Service Pension of £50 per annum, relinquished by Major-General W. du G. Gray, C.B., Indian Army, from the 23rd October 1911, on the undermentioned officer :—

Lieutenant-General Sir R. I. Scallon, K.C.I.E., C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army.

Commissions.

Sub-Lieutenant—12th February 1876.

Lieutenant—12th February 1876.

Captain—12th February 1887.

Major—12th February 1896.

Lieutenant-Colonel—12th February 1902.

Brevet Colonel—7th June 1902.

Substantive Colonel—14th December 1904.

Major-General—1st December 1906.

Lieutenant-General—3rd October 1911.

Appointments.

Unattached from 12th February 1876 to 16th January 1877.

Regimental duty with 72nd Regiment—17th January 1877 to 30th March 1877.

Regimental duty with 23rd Bombay Native (Light) Infantry—31st March 1877 to 22nd March 1878.

Officiating Wing Officer, officiating Adjutant and officiating Quarter Master, 23rd Bombay Native (Light) Infantry—23rd March 1878 to 5th August 1879.

Wing Officer, 23rd Bombay Native (Light) Infantry—6th August 1879 to 6th November 1879.

Quarter Master, 23rd Bombay Native (Light) Infantry—7th November 1879 to 12th June 1881.

Acting Adjutant and Wing Commander, 23rd Bombay Native (Light) Infantry—13th June 1881 to 20th August 1881.

Adjutant, 23rd Bombay (Light) Infantry—21st August 1881 to 11th February 1887.

Wing Officer, 23rd Bombay (Light) Infantry—12th February 1887 to 1st November 1888.

Wing Commander, 23rd Bombay Infantry—2nd November 1888 to 31st October 1891.

2nd-in-Command, 23rd Bombay Infantry—1st November 1891 to 3rd November 1898.

Commandant, 23rd Bombay Rifles—4th November 1898 to 11th December 1904.

Colonel-on-the-Staff, Commanding Bangalore Brigade—14th December 1904 to 12th August 1906.

Commanding Bangalore Brigade—13th August 1906 to 1st June 1908.

Adjutant General in India—2nd June 1908 to 31st March 1909.

Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department—1st April 1909 to 6th February 1911.

Commanding Burma Division—11th February 1911.

War Services and Rewards.

Afghanistan, 1879-80.—Engagements of Khelat-i-Ghilzai and Sir-i-asp. March from Khelat i-Ghilzai to the relief of Kandahar and battle of Kandahar. Despatches.—Medal and clasp and bronze star.

Burma, 1885-88.—Staff Officer, Kanle Column, 1886-87, and Commanding Myaing Column, 1887-88. Despatches.—Medal with 2 clasps and D. S. O.

North-West Frontier of India, 1897-98.—Operations on the Samana and in the Kurram Valley during August and September 1897.—Medal with 2 clasps.

Tirah, 1897-98.—Actions of the Chagru Kotal and of the Sampagha Pass.—Despatches, G. G. O. No. 244 of 1898.—Clasp.

North-West Frontier of India, Waziristan, 1901-02.—Commanded Zhob Section of Blockading Force. Twice commended by the Government of India. Brevet of Colonel.—Clasp.

Aden, 1903-04.—Operations in the Interior. Despatches, G. G. O. No. 43 of 1905.

Companion of the Order of the Indian Empire, 21st May 1898.

Companion of the Order of the Bath, 24th June 1904.

Knight Commander of the Order of the Indian Empire, 24th June 1910.

INDIAN ORDER OF MERIT.

No. 436.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following admission to the Military Division of the Indian Order of Merit :—

For admission to the 3rd Class of the Order.

No. 4144, Rifleman Deosar Thapa, 1st Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), for conspicuous gallantry during the operations of the Abor Expeditionary Force, in having on the night of the 3rd—4th December 1911, while under fire, gone to the assistance of Rifleman Dewan Sing Thapa who had been wounded and had fallen about fifty feet down the hillside ; also in remaining with him until the enemy had been driven off and assistance was forthcoming.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 437.—No. 1146, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Atma Ram is permitted to resign the service ; with effect from the 1st June 1912.

Madras Establishment.

No. 438.—No. 1382, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon George Gnanaprakásám is permitted to resign the service ; with effect from the 1st June 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No 439.—Lieutenant-Colonel Douglas Craven Phillott is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 28th April 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No 440—Colonel Francis Casement Reeves, Indian Medical Service, Madras, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 21st November 1911.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

No. 441—Lieutenant Edward Neville Forbes to be Captain, *vice* H. C. Veasey, V.D. promoted Dated 1st November 1911.

Second Lieutenant Ernest Malcolm Patterson to be Lieutenant, *vice* E N. Forbes, promoted. Dated 1st November 1911.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 442—James Gordon Hannington Travis Walker to be Captain, *vice* W. C. Link, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 1st February 1912.

Mussoorie Volunteer Rifles.

No. 443.—Lieutenant Robert Read resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 444.—Second Lieutenant Frank Burton Leach resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 445.—The following draft of certain rules which it is proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), is published as required by section 25, sub-section (1) of the said Act, for the information of persons likely to be affected thereby, and notice is given that the draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor-General in Council on or after the 11th June 1912.

Any objection or suggestion, which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date fixed aforesaid, will be considered by the Governor-General in Council.

Draft rules.

In the Cantonment Code, 1912, which was published with the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department No. 192, dated the 1st March 1912, the following modifications shall be made, namely :—

After section 4 the following shall be inserted :—

" *Exception.*—In the Cantonment of Landour the non-official members of the cantonment committee may be appointed from among owners of property in the Cantonment who are resident in the Mussoorie Municipality".

After section 7, sub-section (1), the following shall be inserted :—

" *Exception.*—Monthly meetings of the cantonment committee of Landour are not obligatory during the winter season from November to March yearly ".

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 10th May 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 1st and 7th May 1912:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
8th (King's Royal Irish) Hussars.	Lieutenant John Noel Sinclair Blacklock.	27 May 1912	Lucknow	...	......
Military Works Services and Public Works Department, India.	Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain David Upson.	1st May 1912	Quetta	...	Was Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works, Quetta.
......	Honorary Lieutenant Charles Andrew Gover.	30th April 1912.	Meiktila	...	Was Inspector of Army Schools, 5th Circle.
India Miscellaneous List.	Conductor Frederick William Callaway.	3rd May 1912	Simla	...	Was attached to the Adjutant General's Branch, Simla.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th May 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 24.—The following appointments are made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the dates specified:—

To be Sub-Lieutenants.

25th October 1911.

John Cameron.

17th January 1912.

Claude Calcot Footner.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th May, 1912.

No. 35.—Mr. P. B. McGowan, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that establishment, with effect from the 22nd March 1912 and until further orders.

No. 36.—Mr. J. K. Robertson, Officiating Executive Engineer, is, on the completion of his duties on the Khandwa-Akola-Hingoli Railway Survey, transferred to the Lower Ganges Bridge Project.

The 9th May 1912.

No. 37.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Southern Punjab Railway Company for a line of railway on the 5' 6" gauge from Jullundur City Station on the North Western Railway to Nakodar Station on the Jullundur Doab Railway, a distance of about 20 miles.

This survey will be known as the Jullundur City Nakodar Railway Survey.

No. 38.—Mr. H. Bloor, Locomotive Inspector, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 14th April 1912, and until further orders.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 39.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 388, dated the 9th February 1912, Mr. J. P. Williams, Officiating Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Deputy Locomotive Superintendent of that railway, with effect from the 21st April 1912.

No. 40.—With reference to Railway Board Notifications No. 389, dated the 9th February 1912, and No. 39, dated the 10th May 1912, Mr. A. E. Pearse, Officiating Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of District Locomotive Superintendent, in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways from the 21st April 1912. Mr. Pearse will continue to be employed on the Eastern Bengal Railway, until further orders.

No. 41.—Mr. F. Jackson, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that establishment *vice* Mr. H. St. G. Gilmore, District Traffic Superintendent, granted six months combined leave, with effect from the 3rd April 1912, and until further orders.

No. 42.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 41, dated the 10th May 1912, Mr. F. Taylor, Station Master, Lucknow, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 1st April 1912.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 9th May 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 4th May 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	108	105
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	..
		Broach Port	..	...
		Broach District		
		Kaira "	...	..
		Mahi Kantha Agency		...
		Palanpur "	[illegible]	
		Rewa Kantha "		...
		Bulsar Port	2	2
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	3	2
		Surat Agency	..	...
		Bhiwndi Port	..	...
		Bandra "	2	3
		Mahim "		...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	..	...
		Chinchani	...	...
		Thana District	1	1
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	2	2
		Nasik District	...	1
		Poona City	...	1
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	36	27
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	1	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	
		Alibag "	...	..
		Kolaba District	5	4
		Vengurla Port	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	21	18
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	15	11
		Kanara "	5	1
		Bijapur "	6	15
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantvadi State	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	78	65
		Karachi District	...	..
		Sukkur „	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	...	2 (*a*)
		Cutch State	1 (*c*)	1
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	5	5
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	14	5
		TOTAL	305	271
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot „	...	...
		South Arcot „	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	1	1
		Mangalore Town and Port	6	4 (*b*)
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	...	...
		Godavri „	...	...
		The Nilgiris „	...	...
		Kistna District	...	...
		Salem District	4	3
		Sandur State	2	2
		Vizagapatam District	...	...
		TOTAL	13	10
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	1
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	3	1
		Howrah District	1	1
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	8	8
		Calcutta	100	94
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	112	105

(*a*) Between 26th April and 2nd May 1912.
(*b*) One imported.
(*c*) Imported.

In the return for the week ending 20th April 1912 *read* 1 imported death for *nil* against the Sukkur District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	32	31
		Patna District	150	129
		Gaya Town	5	5
		Gaya District	177	31
		Shahabad District	14	16
	Tirhut	Saran District	344	360
		Champaran District	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	94	92
		Darbhanga District	238	201
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	12	12
		Monghyr District	117	110
		Bhagalpur Town	8	7
		Bhagalpur District	13	10
		Sonthal Parganas District	...	...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	...	...
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	1,204	1,004
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	...	...
		Saharanpur District	59	47
		Muzaffarnagar District	106	98
		Meerut City	7	3
		Meerut District	1	3
		Bulandshahr District	12	10
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	22	11
	Agra	Muttra District	15	15
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	44	44
		Farrukhabad City	2	2
		Farrukhabad District	21	18
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	7	7
		Etawah District	27	20
		Etah District	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	3	3
		Bareilly District	...	...
		Bijnor District	9	9
		Budaun District	4	5
		Moradabad District	64	40
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	15	14
		Pilibhit District	2	2

In the return for the week ending 27th April 1912 note the corrections against the following places:—
Muzaffarnagar District *read* 110—103 for 103 -110.
Meerut District *read* 18 for 18 deaths.
Pilibhit District *read* 31 for 30 seizures.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	11	11
		Cawnpur District	9	9
		Fatehpur "	6	5
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	1	1
		Allahabad District	51	42
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	...	...
		Jalaun "	27	24
	Benares	Benares City	10	9
		Benares District	22	21
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	3	1
		Jaunpur "	15	15
		Ghazipur "	80	78
		Ballia "	309	310
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	81	81
		Basti "	64	58
		Azamgarh "	146	145
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	18	18
		Lucknow District	47	47
		Unao "	62	79
		Rae Bareli "	25	27
		Sitapur "	37	29
		Hardoi "	20	19
		Kheri "	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	9	12
		Gonda "	14	9
		Bahraich "	36	30
		Sultanpur "	17	8
		Partabgarh "	5	5
		Bara Banki "	106	105
		TOTAL	1,646	1,544
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City	...	...
		Delhi District	20	20
		Gurgaon "	49	54
		Rohtak "	171	124
		Karnal "	216	206
		Hissar "	*	*
		Ambala "	30	14
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	78	68
		Jullundur City	6	...
		Jullundur District	271	158
		Ludhiana "	476	389
		Ferozepore "	319	315

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50 000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	6	6
		Amritsar District	43	43
		Gurdaspur District	182	149
		Sialkot District	90	91
		Gujranwala District	79	58
		Lahore District	*	*
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	141	125
		Shahpur District	66	49
		Jhelum "		...
		Rawalpindi District	2	11
		Attock District	.	..
	Multan	Montgomery District	16	15
		Lyallpur "	6	3
		Jhang "	15	6
		Multan "	7	2
		Muzaffargarh "	..	...
	..	Patiala City	..	...
		Patiala State	276	252
		Nabha "	5	5
		Jind State	11	34
		Kapurthala State	25	11
		Kalsia "	42	25
		Dujana "	12	7
		Malerkotla "	9	9
		TOTAL	2 689	2,194
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	4
		Hanthawaddy District	.	..
		Pegu District	..	...
		Tharrawaddy District	..	...
		Prome District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	.	...
		Bassein District	...	..
		Myaungmya District	...	...
		Maubin "	.	
		Pyapon "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District		...
		Thaton District	..	...
		Amherst District	..	...
		Moulmein Town	12	12
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District	..	...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	...
		Mandalay District	...	.
		Bhamo District	2	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	.
		Yamethin District	.	...
		Myingyan District	...	.
		TOTAL	18	17

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	6	6
		Nagpur District	20	13
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	3	3
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	13	9
		Saugor District	2	2
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	12	8
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	19	18
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsinghpur District	11	9
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	4	2
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL	90	70
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	1	1
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	...	...
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	...	...
		Hassan "	2	2
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	2	3
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	...	...
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	5	6

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	7	1
		Aurangabad "	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	...	...
		Nander "	7	6
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	2	2
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	2	2
		Medak "	62	48
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	...	...
		TOTAL	80 (a)	59 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	13	9
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District.	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	2	2
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	6	3
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	1	1
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	12	13
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

(a) From 22nd to 28th April 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	..	Barwani State	...	..
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	..	...
		Sohawal „	...	...
		Narsingarh „	.	...
		Orchha „	8	1
		TOTAL	42 (a)	29 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	..	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	8	3
		Jaipur	17	15
		Bikaner	..	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh „	...	...
		Alwar State	8	7
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	33	45
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	1	2
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	..	...
		Kotah	...	...
		TOTAL	67 (b)	72 (b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua „	...	...
		Jammu Province	47	32
		TOTAL	47	32
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	6,318	5,418

(a) For the week ending 27th April 1912.
(b) For the week ending 3rd May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 9th May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The week's precipitation was scanty in many parts, the deficiency being most noticeable in Burma where extremely little rain fell. Rainfall was at times fairly general in Bengal and Assam, and more or less rain was recorded in Assam every day during the week. In northwest India feeble disturbances of the winter type continued to prevent the development of the normal hot weather conditions, and gave numerous falls of rain in the western Himalayas and a few falls in the plains of the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province. Frequent rainfall was reported from the south of the Peninsula, and occasional light rain fell also in the north of the Peninsula and the central parts of the country.

2. Temperature was generally lower than usual in northwest India and higher than usual in Burma. Conditions in the north of the Peninsula were remarkably cool on the 6th, and both there and in northeast India, they were somewhat variable during the week.

3. *Burma.*—A few light to moderately heavy falls of rain occurred, chiefly along the coast.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was nearly general in Assam and local in Bengal on the first two days of the week. It then diminished until the 7th when it was nearly general again in Assam and the north and east of Bengal. A few light showers were reported from Bihar and Orissa.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few showers occurred in each part of the division.

Northwest India.—In the course of the week numerous falls of rain were reported from the hill districts, and scattered rainfall occurred in the plains of the Punjab and the North-West Frontier Province.

The Peninsula.—Numerous and locally heavy falls of rain were reported from the south, and a few falls occurred in the remainder of the division.

4. The most important precipitation recorded was as follows :—

May 2nd. Moulmein 0·86", Gauhati 2·00", Dhubri 1·06", Narayanganj 0·97", Dinajpur 0·93", Jalpaiguri 0·90", Mukteswar 0·87" and Srinagar 0·96".

" 3rd. Victoria Point 1·54", Sibsagar 0·92", Dibrugarh 0·85" and Barisal 0·82".

" 4th. Cochin 1·27".

" 5th. Toungoo 1·21", Cherat 0·92", Belgaum 1·03" and Madura 1·17".

" 6th. Mangalore 1·34", Calicut 1·59" and Cochin 3·72".

" 7th. Gauhati 1·09", Shillong 0·94", Cherrapunji 1·12", Chittagong 1·05", Mymensingh 1·71", Jalpaiguri 1·14", Chitaldrug 1·19" and Trichinopoly 0·75".

" 8th. Kodaikanal 1·27".

5. Rainfall during the week was markedly above normal in the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad South and Malabar; normal or nearly normal in Assam, the United Provinces East, the Punjab East and North, the North-West Frontier Province, the Central Provinces and Madras southeast; and markedly below normal in the Bay Islands, Burma, Orissa, Chota Nagpur, Bihar, the United Provinces West, Kashmir, Baluchistan, Rajputana East, Hyderabad North, Mysore and the Madras coast north. In Upper Burma, the United Provinces West, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana, Gujarat, Central India West, Berar, Hyderabad North and the Madras coast North no appreciable rainfall was reported; but in the Punjab Southwest, Central India East and the Konkan where the normal amount is *nil*, light rain fell.

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 9TH MAY 1912.			RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY 1912 TO 9TH MAY 1912.			SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·2	2·4	−2·2	0·2	2·4	− 2·2	− 92	
Lower Burma	0·3	1·9	−1·6	0·3	1·9	− 1·6	− 84	
Upper Burma	0	0·9	−0·9	0	0·9	− 0·9	−100	
Assam	2·6	2·8	−0·2	2·6	2·8	− 0·2	− 7	
Bengal	1·0	1·4	−0·4	1·0	1·4	− 0·4	− 29	
Orissa	0·1	0·4	−0·3	0·1	0·4	− 0·3	− 75	
Chota Nagpur	0·2	0·4	−0·2	0·2	0·4	− 0·2	− 50	
Bihar	0·1	0·5	−0·4	0·1	0·5	− 0·4	− 80	
United Provinces, East	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·1	0	0	
United Provinces, West	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	
Punjab, East and North	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·1	0	0	
Punjab, Southwest	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0	+ 0·1	...	
Kashmir	0·2	0·5	−0·3	0·2	0·5	− 0·3	− 60	
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·2	0·2	0	0·2	0·2	0	0	
Baluchistan	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rajputana, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rajputana, East	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central India, West	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central India, East	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0	+ 0·1	...	
Berar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Central Provinces, West	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·1	0	0	
Central Provinces, East	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·1	0	0	
Konkan	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0	+ 0·1	...	
Bombay Deccan	0·3	0·1	+0·2	0·3	0·1	+ 0·2	+200	
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	
Hyderabad, South	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·2	0·1	+ 0·1	+100	
Mysore	0·5	1·0	−0·5	0·5	1·0	− 0·5	− 50	
Malabar	2·7	1·0	+1·7	2·7	1·0	+ 1·7	+170	
Madras, Southeast	0·4	0·4	0	0·4	0·4	0	0	
Madras Deccan	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·1	0·2	− 0·1	− 50	
Madras Coast, North	0	0·2	−0·2	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 9th May 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 4th May 1912.

Burma.—Light showers fell during the week in a few districts. Reaping of spring rice and cultivation of summer rice continue. Harvesting of island crops is almost finished. Hill side cultivation has commenced. Standing crops are satisfactory aud promise well. The condition of cattle is normal. The price of unhusked rice continues abnormally high and is rising slightly.

Assam.—Moderate rain fell in all districts. Sowing of rice and jute has been retarded and early rice in low lands has been damaged in places. The manufacture of tea is in progress. Prospects are generally good. The weather is rather too cold in places. Planting of sugarcane has commenced. Cattle disease prevails in nine districts. The price of common rice has risen by one per cent.

Bengal.—The rainfall is reported deficient in Burdwan and beneficial in Malda, but excessive in the districts of the Dacca and Chittagong divisions. Sowing of jute and autumn rice is still in progress but has been retarded in some districts by excessive rainfall. The price of rice generally shows a tendency to rise. Cattle disease is reported from Nadia, Murshidabad, Jessore, Dacca, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Midnapur and Malda.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain fell during the week in Champaran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas, Cuttack, Balasore, Angul, Ranchi, Manbhum and parts of Saran, Puri and Hazaribagh. The fall was generally very light except in parts of Purnea where it amounted to 1·94 inches. There was no rain in the remaining districts. Preparation of lands for the next season's crops still continues in some districts. More rain is wanted for the purpose in parts of Singhbhum. Threshing of spring crops is approaching completion. Sowing of paddy and jute is in progress. Newly planted sugarcane is doing well. Prospects of other standing crops are good. The price of common rice has risen in Darbhanga, Monghyr, Angul, Palamau and Manbhum and has fallen in Gaya, the Sonthal Parganas and Balasore. Cattle disease is reported from Muzaffarpur, Puri, Sambalpur and Manbhum. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—The week has been practically rainless. Threshing and winnowing are drawing to a close. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane is doing well. Sporadic cattle disease is reported to a diminishing extent from some districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Prices show a slight downward tendency, particularly in the west.

Punjab.—The week was wet and cloudy and unfavourable for reaping and threshing. Spring crops are being harvested and the outturn is average to good. The condition of standing crops is good. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding and are generally satisfactory. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was wet and generally cloudy. The condition of standing crops experienced no change. Harvesting of spring crops is proceeding and the outturn is generally average, but is below normal on unirrigated areas in certain places. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops continue. Fodder and water are sufficient. The condition of cattle is generally good. Prices are generally stationary. In Dera Ismail Khan they are still high but falling.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 13 to 18 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Rain fell twice during the week and was beneficial to spring and autumn crops. Zamindars are busy sowing. Fodder is average. Prices are rising slightly. There is no disease among cattle.

Rajputana.—Showers fell in Merwara and parts of eastern Rajputana. Bikaner reports slight rain at headquarters. 1½ inches fell in one district during the previous week. The weather is hot and generally cloudy. Preparations for autumn sowing have commenced in places. Cattle are suffering for want of pasturage in parts of the Western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder are also scarce in Merwara. Cattle disease prevails in isolated places. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in Merwara and the Hilly Tracts of Mewar. Prices are generally high and are rising in a few places.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in parts of Gwalior, Baghelkhand and Bundelkhand. The weather is hot and occasionally cloudy. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress in Indore, Baghelkhand and Malwa and has been completed in Gwalior, Bhopal and Bundelkhand. Land is being prepared for autumn crops in Indore, Gwalior, Malwa and Bhopawar. The outturn is above normal in Bundelkhand and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Baghelkhand, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are normal in Bhopal, Baghelkhand and Malwa, are fluctuating in parts of the Indore and Bhopawar Agencies and are steady elsewhere. The opium crop is good.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress is not increasing. Relief measures are adequate. There is no disinclination to resort to works and there is no wandering or emaciation. The public health is good. Fodder is scarce. The prices of the cheapest food stuff vary from 11 to 12½ seers per rupee. The number on relief works was :— Dhar 4,165, Jhabua 1,172, Ali Rajpur 1,892 and Jobat 991. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 1,050. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 180.

Central Provinces.—The weather has been hot and occasionally cloudy during the week. Eleven districts had a sprinkling of rain. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops continued and have been practically completed in most districts. Agriculturists were also busy in ploughing land for sowing of next autumn crops. Cattle are healthy. Prices are nearly stationary but exhibit a tendency to fall.

Feudatory States.—Light showers not exceeding 42 cents were received in three States. Prospects are generally good. Prices are steady.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9 to 10 and maize at 10½ to

10¾ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 4th May were :— Panch Mahals, on works 37,182, on gratuitous relief 44,994, total 82,176. Kathiawar, on works 7,835. On test works in Kaira 1,537. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum 18,076. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 4,667 on test works and 3,914 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The number on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending 27th April 1912 were :—workers 10,658, dependents 3,482 and gratuitous relief 1,170. The figures are the daily average for the week under report.

Hyderabad.—Slight showers fell during the week in many parts except the Aurangabad, Bir and Karimnagar districts. The highest fall was 2 inches 70 cents in the Medak taluka. The average for the Dominions is 24 cents. Late rice is being harvested in a few parts and its condition is fair to good. The crop is being irrigated in places. Cattle disease prevails in 12 talukas, fodder scarcity in 27 and water scarcity in 22. Prices :—wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling in Hyderabad City at 12 seers. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir, Parbhani and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Mysore, Hassan and Kadur and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rain fell in parts. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light to fair rain was received generally. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy, dry crops and sugarcane is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary but show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	41,291	48,592	89,883	37,182	44,994	82,176	—7,707
Kathiawar	7,746	...	7,746	7,835	...	7,835	+89
Central India States	10,748	176	10,924	9,270	180	9,450	—1,474
Baroda	10,658	4,652	15,310	...	...	*	—15,310
TOTAL	70,443	53,420	123,863	54,287	45,174	99,461	—24,402

* Figures not reported.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

C

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 27th April 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor houses, etc.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	290
2	Panch Mahals	1,606	321,000	41,291	605	47,987	48,592	89,883	...	...
3	Kaira ...	1,595	692,000	...	...	...	...	...	1,395	7,424
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	6,834
5	Poona ...	2,274	320,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	58[illegible]
6	West Khandesh.	2,500	230,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	74[illegible]
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,26[illegible]
8	Belgaum ...	816	118,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	5[illegible]
	Native States									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	7,746	...	...	...	7,746	1,402	5,15[illegible]
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,114	18[illegible]
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	612	39[illegible]
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	...	...	...	...	...	97	[illegible]
	Total, Bombay	22,290	3,834,000	49,037	605	47,987	48,592	97,629	5,620	22,93[illegible]
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	1,066	...	...	...	1,066	...	...
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	1,849	...	...	...	1,849	...	...
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	2,073	...	...	...	2,073	...	...
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	5,760	...	176	176	5,936	...	...
	Total, Central India States.	224	40,768	10,748	...	176	176	10,924	...	...

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 3614—3618—86.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TELEGRAPHS.

Simla, the 8th May 1912.

RESOLUTION.

READ—

Correction Memorandum to the Administration Report of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1910-11.

ORDERED, that copies of the Correction Memorandum be forwarded to the Home and Finance Departments, the Government of Bombay and the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs, for information with reference to the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 197-201-217, dated the 10th January 1912.

Ordered, also, that the Memorandum be published in the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Correction Memorandum to the Administration Report of the Indo-European Telegraph Department, for the year 1910-11, published on pages 49 to 61 of the Supplement to the *Gazette of India*, dated the 13th January 1912.

Page 3, para. 2 :—

Lines 3 and 4. *For* Rs. 11,21,231 and Rs. 39,974 *read* Rs. 11,21,309 and Rs. 40,052.

Page 4, para. 2 continued :—

Line 1. *For* Rs. 7,04,077 *read* Rs. 7,03,999.

Page 4, para. 3. Expenditure columns "1910-11" and "Increase" under Persian Gulf Section :—

Against "General charges" *for* Rs. 1,42,727 and Rs. 15,965 *read* Rs. 1,42,805 and Rs. 16,043.

Against "Total," *for* Rs. 11,21,231 and Rs. 44,638 *read* Rs. 11,21,309 and Rs. 44,716.

Against "net Increase," *for* Rs. 39,974 *read* Rs. 40,052.

Page 5, para. 4 :—

Lines 1 and 2. *For* Rs. 7,04,077 and Rs. 4·694 *read* Rs. 7,03,999 and Rs. 4·693.

Page 11. Appendix B. Expenditure. Columns "India" and "Total" under Persian Gulf Section :—

Against "General charges," *for* Rs. 1,26,638 and Rs. 1,42,727 *read* Rs. 1,26,716 and Rs. 1,42,805.

Against "Total," *for* Rs. 6,67,437 and Rs. 6,83,526 *read* Rs. 6,67,515 and Rs. 6,83,604.

Against "Indo-European Telegraph Dept." Total, *for* Rs. 10,82,566 and Rs. 11,17,177 *read* Rs. 10,82,644 and Rs. 11,17,255.

Under column "5," *for* Rs. 11,21,231 *read* Rs. 11,21,309.

Against "by balance" *for* Rs. 7,04,077 *read* Rs. 7,03,999.

Page 14. Appendix D. Expenditure :—

Against 1910-11. Under columns "Persian Gulf Section" and "Total Expenditure," *for* Rs. 6,83,526 and Rs. 11,21,231 *read* Rs. 6,83,604 and Rs. 11,21,309.

Under column "Profit and Loss," *for* Rs. 7,04,077 *read* Rs. 7,03,999.

Under column "Dividend on capital," *for* Rs. 4·694 *read* Rs. 4·693.

Insert the attached Appendix B (1) after page 11 of the Report.

H. A. KIRK,

29th March 1912. *Director-in-Chief.*

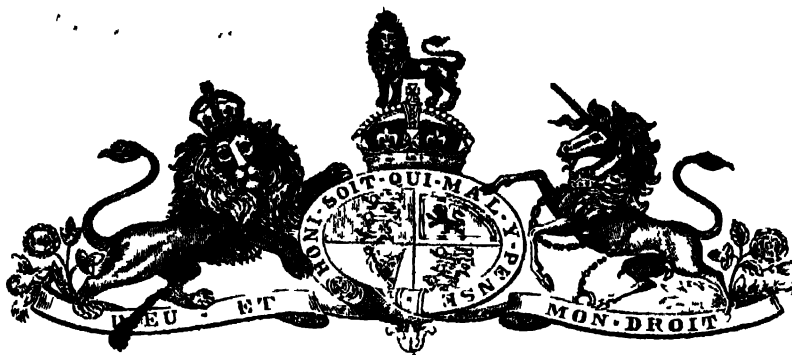
APPENDIX B (I).

STATEMENT showing DETAILS of WORKING EXPENSES for past FIVE YEARS.

Year.	Account Heads.	Establishments.	Apparatus and Plant.	Office Expenses.	Store-keeping Charges.	Repairs to Lines and Buildings.	Repairs to Cables.	Cable steamer.	Subsidies.	Miscellaneous.	Total as per Finance Accounts.	Expenditure by other Departments.	Total as per Administrative Accounts, Appendix B.
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
06-1907	General Charges ...	1,94,236	...	8,835	1,558	3,207	...	...	28,774	14,466	2,40,963	...	2,40,963
	Line Maintenance ...	1,18,299	..	4,551	...	40,196	...	...	...	...	1,63,046	414	1,63,460
	Cable Maintenance ...	10,050	...	100	...	3,110	2,00,998	1,12,558	...	...	3,26,816	...	3,26,816
	Signalling	2,90,538	...	36,000	...	12,565	...	...	...	10,914	3,50,317	...	3,50,317
	TOTAL ...	6,08,423	...	49,486	1,558	59,078	2,00,998	1,12,558	28,774	25,380	10,81,142	414	10,81,556
07-1908	General Charges ...	1,88,026	...	10,872	2,860	3,318	...	...	28,661	16,983	2,50,970	...	2,50,970
	Line Maintenance ..	1,18,630	...	4,558	...	24,925	...	...	...	...	1,48,113	17 647	1,65,760
	Cable Maintenance ...	11,604	...	202	...	2,238	1,56,104	1,42,499	...	...	3,12 647	...	3,12,647
	Signalling	3,12,646	...	61,136	...	20,009	...	...	...	12,182	4,05,973	...	4,05,973
	TOTAL ...	6,30,906	...	76,768	2,850	50,490	1,56,104	1,42,499	28,661	29,165	11,17,703	17,647	11,35,350
08-1909	General Charges ...	2,04,379	...	17,216	3,675	4,841	...	..	28,911	54,399	3,10,345	...	3,10,345
	Line Maintenance ...	1,12,836	...	9,074	...	41,621	...	...	...	...	1,63,531	...	1,63,531
	Cable Maintenance ...	14,802	...	211	...	4,326	97,643	1,07,817	...	...	2,24,799	...	2,24,799
	Signalling	3,28,490	...	66,593	...	22,296	...	...	...	13,257	4,30,636	...	4 30,636
	TOTAL ...	6,60,707	...	93,094	3,675	73,084	97,643	1,07,817	28,911	67,656	11,29,311	...	11,29,311
09-1910	General Charges ...	1,89,357	145	11,878	2,790	8,034	...	...	26,591	33,438	2,72,233	...	2,72,233
	Line Maintenance ...	1,23,653	3	5,813	...	45,158	...	...	...	...	1,74,627	6,748	1,81,375
	Cable Maintenance ...	15,417	...	243	...	3,652	81,654	1,06,811	...	...	2,07,777	...	2,07,777
	Signalling	3,46,714	54	46 769	...	15,875	...	...	...	10,460	4,19,872	...	4,19,872
	TOTAL ...	6,75,141	202	64,703	2,790	72.719	81,654	1.06,811	[illegible]3,591	43,898	10.74,509	6,748	10.81,257
10-1911	General Charges ..	1,92,739	453	14,912	6,304	5,6[illegible]4	...	...	39,383	38,639	2,98,064	4,054	3,02,118
	Line Maintenance ...	1,26,490	78	7,380	...	56,392	...	...	...	...	1,90,340	...	1,90,340
	Cable Maintenance ...	16,280	...	70	...	3,098	78,914	1,12,014	...	...	2,10,376	...	2,10,376
	Signalling	3,40,960	2,009	44,067	...	14,443	...	...	...	16,996	4,18,475	...	4,18,475
	TOTAL ...	6,76,4[illegible]9	2,540	66,429	6,304	79,567	78,914	1,12,014	39,383	55,635	11,17,255	4,054	11 21,309

NOTE.—The total cost of up-keep of the cable steamer "Patrick Stewart," including the pay of her officers and crew, is shown under "Cable Steamer."
The pay of the Subordinate Cable Conservancy Establishment, including temporary Establishment and cost of provisions, is shown under "Repairs to Cables."

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette* The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 18th May 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

——May 6th, 1912——

222. American Sign Company. *Signs.*
223. W. E. Evans. *Improvements relating to the treatment of hard water.*
224. N. P. Pearse. *Ginning apparatus for cotton and the like.*
225. G. Ranson. *Improvements in the manufacture of oxide of zinc by direct extraction from its minerals or compounds.*
226. J. A. Snee. *Method of obtaining carbon or lamp black.*

——May 8th——

227. J. H. Corthesy and W. K.-L. Dickson. *Improvements in turbines.*
228. R. Greenhalgh and J. Greenhalgh. *Improvements in dust collectors or filters for willows, openers, corn mills and the like.*
229. W. Dubilier. *Improvements in or relating to high frequency apparatus and also to induction coils.*
230. J. Begg. *Improvements in hoppers for spreading tea leaf and the like.*

——May 10th——

231. Vickers Limited. *Improvements in internal combustion engines.*
232. W. S. Speranza. *A rifle rest.*
233. Burn & Co. Ld. *Removable cart axle.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

99. C. A. Macpherson. *Improvements in or relating to sights for rifles and the like.*
169. J. G. Robinson. *Improved pressure release valve for use in connection with locomotive and other steam engines.*
173. E. Farina. *An improved spring wheel for vehicles.*
174. W. Paterson. *Improvements in or relating to filtering apparatus and the like.*
175. The Leeds Forge Company Limited and E. deH. Rowntree. *Improvements in brake beams for railway and like vehicles.*
177. W. Raitt. *A new or improved method of isolating or extracting cellulose or paper pulp from fibrous vegetable materials and apparatus therefor.*
182. J. Levick, Junior. *Improvements relating to railway-carriage and analogous water-closets.*
187. T. Franke. *Improvements in machines for pressing liquids from materials containing the same.*

189. H. V. Kramer *Improved means for the regulation and control of railway and the like traffic.*

190. A. Fodor. *Apparatus for connecting conducting wires, cables and the like.*

196. H. R. von Rhöneck. *An improved method of modelling plastic substances and apparatus therefor.*

197. C. M. Acrey, W. B. Acrey, and B. L. Acrey. *Calculating machine.*

198. C. M. Acrey, W. B. Acrey, and B. L. Acrey. *Tax and interest calculating machine.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

11th May 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each.

5. E. A. J. Duchemin. *Improved portable apparatus for the decortication of textile plants.*

9. C. A. Vandervell and A. H. Midgley. *Improvements in and relating to variable speed self-regulating dynamo electric machines.*

72. E. Züblin. *Improvements in closures for exit orifice of hoppers and the like.*

96. S. C. Davidson. *Improvements in or relating to tea leaf rolling machines.*

97. H. W. Gabbett-Fairfax. *Improvements in decorticating machines for nuts and the like.*

103. C. F. Wilkins. *Improvements in modules.*

118. H. A. Humphrey and W. J. Rusdell. *Improvements in apparatus for raising or forcing liquids.*

120. F. Annett. *Improvements in fishplates or rail joining means for railways and tramways.*

146. H. A. Gsell. *Improvements in the pushing-in mechanism in match-making machines.*

147. J. Westly. *Improvements in electro-metallurgical electrode furnace.*

149. A. Shaw. *Improved axle-guard or horn-plate for railway rolling stock.*

SPECIFICATION FILED (1888 Act).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 502 of 1911.—A. J. A. Craven. *A self-fastening bolt or catch for doors or windows opening outwards, with combined lever release.* (Specification filed 18 April 1912.)

No. 518 of 1911.—W. W. Hamill. *Improvements in carburetters for internal combustion engines.* (Specification filed 1 May 1912.)

No. 524 of 1911.—H. Yenjo. *The process of producing digestive ferment or "digestin."* (Specification filed 2 May 1912.)

No. 525 of 1911.—C. E. McCay. *Means for raising, lowering or conveying cargo or other weighty material from one level or position to another.* (Specification filed 1 May 1912.)

No. 592 of 1911.—R. M. Edey. *Improvements in block signalling.* (Specification filed 5 March 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

382 of 1898. Mein. (To 9 June 1913.)

371 of 1899. Jadhava. (To 9 May 1913.)

488 of 1904. Pollard and Behrmann. (To 26 May 1913.)

296 of 1905. Hatmaker. (To 28 May 1913.)

512 of 1906. Glasscoe. (To 8 May 1913.)

513 of 1906. Glasscoe. (To 8 May 1913.)
511 of 1906. Hatmaker. (To 13 May 1913.)
155 of 1907. Fox. (To 14 August 1913.)
432 of 1907. Budh Singh. (To 11 May 1913.)
602 of 1907. Haywood and Mackenzie & Holland Ld. (To 24 June 1913.)
16 of 1908. Ozonair Ld. (To 13 May 1913.)
18 of 1908. Martha. (To 5 August 1913.)
174 of 1908. Stephens. (To 22 May 1913.)
260 of 1908. Millington & Sons Ld. (To 28 July 1913.)
261 of 1908. Millington & Sons Ld. (To 25 July 1913.)
341 of 1908. Hayes. (To 28 September 1913.)
342 of 1908. Hayes. (To 28 September 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1902.

396, (Fraser, Fraser and Fraser).

1903.

235, (Price). 420, (Parker).

1905.

417, (Swan). 466, (Crawford).

1907.

70, (Comings). 297, (Das). 328, (Staunton). 341, (Minck).
347, (Scott). 348, (Scott).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

545 of 1904. N. O. Peters and M. Sukul. *Improvements in portable two hold latrine seat.*

472 of 1909. G. E. Marshall. *Improvements in airtight or lined trunks, boxes, chests or like receptacles.*

341 of 1911. J. P. Gregory. *Automatic self-locking lock for railway carriage windows and doors, doors and windows of any vehicle and doors and windows of any description including shutters and trap-doors.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

May 6th to the 11th, 1912.

Class 13. 57.—The Calico Printers Association Limited, calico printers, St. James Buildings, Oxford street, Manchester, England. March 20.

Class 13. 66-76.—The Calico Printers Association Limited, calico printers, St. ames Buildings, Oxford street, Manchester, England. May 8.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
Bombay—Record Office.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows:—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
" —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Office of the Director General of Commercial Intelligence.
" —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness The Nizam's Government.
Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.
London—The Patant Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—College of Engineering.
Nagpur—Office of the Director of Agriculture, Central Provinces.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(*a*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(*b*) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(*c*) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(*d*) Inventions (consolidated subject matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)		2	0
(*e*) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(*f*) Patent Office Journal, January to March	each	0	8
(*g*) Specifications of Inventions	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—

(a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.

(b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910 and 1910-11, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush' (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic ; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price R2-8.

"Akhlaq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R5-12 per copy.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

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4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
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13	Heading only
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16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
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20	Reference only.
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Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

POWDER.

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs or more in one delivery. R a. p	*Retail rate* For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery R a. p
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet form is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 14th May 1912.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund	1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office R 73,44,734 a. 5 p. 2; Public Deposits at Branches 1,02,17,840 3 5	1,75,62,574	8	7
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches	16,16,11,810	5	4
Bank Post Bills, etc.	12,45,878	10	2
Sundries	24,88,030	9	0
RUPEES	22,09,08,294	1	1

ASSETS.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities	2,79,72,015	0	0
Other authorized Investments	56,90,473	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities	4,07,01,951	15	11
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities	4,49,37,130	9	2
Bills discounted and purchased	3,40,78,651	1	3
Balances with other Banks	40,82,091	15	2
Bullion	...		
Dead Stock	25,37,950	6	10
Stamps	12,517	4	5
Sundries	3,72,665	0	4
	16,03,85,446	5	1
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office R *3,89,59,833 a. 7 p. 5; Cash and Currency Notes at Branches †2,15,63,014 4 7	6,05,22,847	12	0
RUPEES	22,09,08,294	1	1

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value	R4,25,970	0	0
† Do. do. do.	R5,54,340	0	0
	R9,80,310	0	0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 16th May 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 6 per cent.

Percentage 33·08.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	**8-8 per lb.**
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	**11-8 „**

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	**8 per lb.**
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	**11 „**

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 48 OF 1911.

In the matter of Cyril Hugh George.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Cyril Hugh George of No. 43, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 8 OF 1912.

In the matter of E Rouben.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said E Rouben of No. 33, 36th Street, Rangoon, an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 2nd day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA

Insolvency Jurisdiction

CASE NO. 57 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. L. Moriando, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Arthur Barnes & Co, Limited, of Rangoon, creditors of A. L. Moriando, carrying on business of confectioner, Restauranteur and Caterer under the style of Romani's at No. 68, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 25th day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said A L Moriando was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day

J HORMASJI,
Registrar

RANGOON;
The 2nd day of May 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 59 OF 1912

In the matter of Ram Kisson, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Ram Kisson, shoe-maker of Kalabusti, Rangoon, on the 27th day of April 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Ram Kisson.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of April 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 61 OF 1912.

In the matter of Caetano Francisco Britto, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Caetano Francisco Britto, Doctor of Medicine, carrying on business in co-partnership and practising at No. 90, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 1st day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Caetano Francisco Britto.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 1st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 62 OF 1912.

In the matter of P. N. Stathacopulos, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by P. N. Stathacopulos, carrying on business as merchant and now residing at No. 6, Barr Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said P. N. Stathacopulos.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 63 OF 1912.

In the matter of Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi, clerk of 14, 32nd Street, Rangoon, on the 2nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Amritlal Gangadhar Trivadi.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 64 OF 1912.

In the matter of H. A. Penfold, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by H. A. Penfold, late Superintendent of Conservancy, Eastern Division, Rangoon Municipality, residing at No. 28, 43rd Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said H. A. Penfold.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 10th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 9 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ahmed Sulaiman Mapara and Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, lately trading together in co-partnership under the style of " A. S. Mapara ".

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ahmed Sulaiman Mapara and Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, insolvents, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 10th day of May 1912.

HIGH COURT—ORIGINAL SIDE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th May 1912.

The Honourable the Chief Justice has, with the approval of His Excellency the Governor-General of India in Council, appointed Mr. Surendranath Ray, Barrister-at-Law, to officiate as an Assistant Registrar, on a salary of R200 a month, on the Original Side of this Court, with effect from the 11th April 1912, during the absence of Mr. Sotish Chandra Mitra whose services have been placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, he having been appointed to act as Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer of the Court of Small Causes, Calcutta.

By order,

J. H. HECHLE,
Registrar, High Court, Original Side.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th May 1912.

No. 613.—Lieutenant R. S. Wahab, I.A., Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 15 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 614.—The following temporary promotion is made, with effect from the 18th April 1912, *vice* Mr. J. P. Barker, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, on leave :—

Mr. F. C. Pilcher, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade, to officiate as Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade.

No. 615.—Mr. W. Newland, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 3rd grade, having, on return from leave, assumed charge of his duties on the forenoon of the 19th April 1912, the following reversion is made with effect from the same date :—

Mr. F. C. Pilcher Officiating Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, to revert to his substantive appointment of Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 1st grade.

S. G. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Quetta, the 8th May 1912.

No. 2380-*R*.—The Government of India having sanctioned* the appointment of a Native Assistant in Kharan as a temporary measure, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General is pleased to appoint to it M. Sharbat Khan, a Tahsildar of the 3rd grade, with effect from the 19th September 1911 (afternoon).

* Foreign Department letter No. 1117-Est. A., dated the 19th April 1912.

Notification No. 365-R., dated the 17th January 1912, is hereby cancelled.

By order,

J. L. R. WEIR, Captain,
Assistant to Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 1202.—The following candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed test in the Brahui language at the examination held at Quetta on the 6th May 1912:—

1. Captain C. E. M. Mayne, Army Remount Department.
2. Captain C. E. S. Cox, 67th Punjabis.
3. Major F. H. Goldthorpe, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
4. Major C. H. Hawes, 23rd Cavalry, F. F.
5. Captain F. O. Wyatt, M.V.O., Royal Garrison Artillery.
6. M. Khan Tama Khan, officiating Tahsildar of Killa Saifulla.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 8th May 1912.

No. 475—1125.—In exercise of the powers conferred upon him by section 20 of the Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation No. II of 1911, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased to make the following rules for the purpose of carrying into effect the provisions of the said Regulation:—

1. Application for a loan shall be made in writing to the Commissioner in Form A and shall be exempt from Stamp Duty.

2. Notice under section 6 shall be published in Form B.

3. On publishing a notice under section 6 the Commissioner shall at the same time send a copy thereof to all Civil Courts in Ajmer-Merwara.

4. Expenses incurred in connection with the observance of funerals, marriages and other ceremonies as provided for in section 8 must receive the sanction of the Commissioner in writing. The Commissioner in deciding the amount of expenditure which he deems to be reasonable shall in the case of Rajputs have regard to the scale laid down in the rules of the Walterkrit Rajputra Hitkarni Sabha. In the case of Talukdars other than Rajputs the expenditure will be fixed in accordance with the ordinary custom prevailing in the caste or family.

5. The statement required under section 9 shall be submitted in Form C.

6. The Commissioner in submitting to the Chief Commissioner his report under section 12 shall state clearly his proposals regarding the conditions under which the loan is to be granted. His proposals shall deal with the following points together with any others which he may desire to include:—

(i) the amount of the loan to be granted.

(ii) the interest to be charged thereon.

(iii) the period of the repayment of the loan.

(iv) the amount of the principal and interest to be repaid in each instalment and the date on which each instalment shall become due.

7. If the Chief Commissioner decides that a loan shall be granted under section 13, he will pass orders regarding each of the proposals put forward by the Commissioner and will intimate that a failure to pay any instalment by the date on which it becomes due will constitute an infringement of the conditions of the loan and will render the Talukdar liable to be declared disqualified to manage his own property as provided for in section 17.

8. When the Chief Commissioner has passed orders granting a loan under section 13 the Commissioner shall inform the Talukdar and shall explain to him the conditions under which the loan has been granted. The Commissioner shall at the same time inform the Talukdar that the liabilities for the liquidation of which the loan has been granted are being discharged in accordance with the provisions of section 15 (1).

9. Any infringement of the conditions of the loan shall be immediately reported by the Commissioner to the Chief Commissioner for orders.

10. The rate of interest payable on a loan granted under the Regulation will ordinarily be one anna per rupee or R6¼ per cent. per annum unless there are special circumstances indicating that the rate of interest should be lower, in which case the sanction of the Government of India will be necessary.

11. The instalments fixed for the repayment of a loan, unless there are special reasons to the contrary, should be half-yearly instalments payable on the dates fixed for the payment of Land Revenue.

12. The total period of repayment of a loan shall not ordinarily exceed 15 to 20 years, the latter period being regarded as a maximum, except in special cases in which the previous sanction of the Government of India will be necessary.

13. Notice under section 18 shall be published in Form D.

14. On publishing a notice under section 18 the Commissioner shall at the same time inform all Civil Courts in Ajmer-Merwara.

15. Any instalment due from a Talukdar to whom a loan has been granted may be suspended by order and at the discretion of the Chief Commissioner on the Talukdar presenting proof that he is unable to make payment owing to failure of crops or to any other circumstance which has subjected him to financial embarrassment through no fault of his own. The Chief Commissioner in suspending any instalment will pass orders regarding the date on which the Talukdar is to make payment of the instalment so suspended; and any failure on the part of the Talukdar to comply with such orders shall be regarded as constituting an infringement of the conditions of the loan and as rendering the Talukdar liable to the consequences attaching thereto.

FORM A.

Application for a loan under Regulation No. II of 1911 (Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation).

Name and title of applicant.	Name of estate. Amount of loan applied for.	Income of applicant.	Details of debt to be liquidated by the loan.	Proposed instalments for repayment of the loan.		Remarks.
				Amount of instalment.	Date of repayment.	

I hereby declare that I have made myself acquainted with the provisions of Regulation No. II of 1911 (Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation) and agree to abide by them and by the rules made thereunder and such other particulars as the Chief Commissioner may by rule prescribe. I also certify that the above statement is correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.

Signature of the borrower.

FORM B.

Notice under section 6 of the Talukdars Loan Regulation (II of 1911).

1. Whereas (name of applicant, title and estate) has applied for a loan under this Regulation. All persons having claims against the said or his immoveable property are called upon to submit a statement of the same in writing in Form C below to the Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, within six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

Every claim against the applicant or his immoveable property (other than a claim on the part of the Government) not submitted to the Commissioner in compliance with this notice, shall, save in the cases provided for by sections 6 and 13 of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908 be deemed for all purposes and on all occasions to have been duly discharged, unless in any suit or proceeding instituted by the claimant or by any person claiming under him in respect of any such claim, it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that he was unable to comply with the directions contained in this notice.

Every claim so admitted by the Court shall, notwithstanding any law, contract, decree or award to the contrary, cease to carry interest after the expiry of six months from the date of the publication of this notice.

2. With effect from the date of the publication of this notice, the consequences prescribed in sections 7, 8, 16, 17, 18 of the Regulation, a copy of which is published herewith, shall also ensue.

Copy of sections 7, 8, 16, 17, and 18.

7. With effect from the date of the publication of a notice under section 6, sub-section (1), the following consequences shall ensue, namely:—

(a) the applicant shall be incompetent to transfer or create any charge on, or interest in, his property or any part thereof, or to enter into a contract which may involve him in any pecuniary liability ; and

(b) all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the applicant shall be stayed, and no fresh suit or proceeding shall be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

8. Nothing in section 7, clause (a), shall—

(a) apply to debts due for liabilities incurred to the Government,

(b) apply to debts or liabilities which are incurred for necessaries for the maintenance of the applicant or his family, or for the due observance of funeral and other ceremonies to the extent approved by the Commissioner, or

(c) affect the capacity of the applicant to enter into a contract of marriage :—

Provided that he shall not incur in connection with such contract of marriage any pecuniary liability except such as the Commissioner, having regard to the personal law to which he is subject, and his rank and circumstances, may in writing declare to be reasonable.

16. (1) No suit shall be brought in any Civil Courts against any Talukdar upon any promise made after he has repaid a loan under this Regulation, to pay any debt contracted during the period between the grant and the repayment of such loan, or upon any ratification made after such loan has been repaid of any promise or contract made during such period, whether there is or is not any new consideration for such promise or ratification.

(2) Nothing in sub-section (1) shall apply to the debts or liabilities specified in section 8.

17. (1) If any Talukdar to whom a loan has been granted under this Regulation—

(a) infringes any condition imposed under section 13, sub-section (1), clause (b), or

(b) attempts to do any act, which, under section 7, clause (a), he is incompetent to do,

the Chief Commissioner may by order in writing declare such Talukdar to be disqualified from managing his own property and such Talukdar shall be deemed to be a land-holder who is disqualified to manage his own property within the meaning of the Ajmer Government of Wards Regulation, 1888, and the Court of Wards shall thereupon assume the superintendence of the property of such Talukdar.

(2) The Court of Wards shall withdraw its superintendence from any property of which it has assumed superintendence under sub-section (1) as soon as all instalments of the loan have been repaid to Government with the interest thereon.

18. In each of the following cases, namely—

(a) When a loan made under section 13 has been repaid to Government with the interest thereon, or

(*b*) When the amount so lent with interest has been recovered by the management of the property under section 17, or

(*c*) When an order rejecting an application has been passed under section 13, the Commissioner shall notify, in the *Gazette of India* and in such other manner as the Chief Commissioner may, by special or general order, direct, that the talukdar has ceased to be subject to the disabilities mentioned in section 7, with effect from the date of the publication of such notification.

FORM C.

Under section 9 of the Ajmer Talukdars Loan Regulation (II of 1911).

Name of creditor with caste and residence.	Name and title of debtor.	Amount of loan advanced and date of advancement thereof.	Rate of interest.	AMOUNT RECEIVED.		BALANCE DUE.		Reference to bonds or khatas.	REMARKS.
				Principal.	Interest.	Principal.	Interest.		

Signature of creditor.

FORM D.

Notice under section 19 of the Talukdars Loan Regulation (II of 1911).

Whereas by a notice under section 6 of the Talukdars Loan Regulation II of 1911 published in the *Gazette of India* dated , it was declared that (name of applicant, title and estate) having applied for a loan under this Regulation was incompetent to transfer or create any charge on or interest in his property or any part thereof or to enter into a contract which might involve him in any pecuniary liability.

And whereas it was further declared that all suits and proceedings in any Civil Court in respect of any claim against the said (name of applicant, title and estate) should be stayed and no fresh suit or proceeding should be instituted in respect of any such claim in any Civil Court.

Notice is hereby given that the purposes of the above notice under section 6 of this Regulation having been fulfilled, the said (name of applicant, title and estate) is released from the disabilities thereby imposed.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 504.—In supersession of his Notification No. 2422-C. of the 31st October 1911, the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner is pleased, under proviso (*b*) to section 18 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation, V of 1886, to appoint, as a temporary measure, Mr. B. J. Glancy, C.S., to be Chairman of the Ajmer Municipal Committee.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

Bangalore, the 9th May 1912.

No. 28.—Major Robert Fraser Standage, I.M.S., Medical Officer, is granted leave out of India for one year and six months with effect from the 30th April 1912 or date of departure.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 29.—Captain Henry Moore Annesley Cooke is granted leave out of India for six months with effect from the 7th May 1912, or date of departure.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers, dated at Mhow, this 12th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—6329, Private, Albert Derrick.
Age—32 years 5 months.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, sallow; hair, brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Labourer (said to be a sea-going man).
Date of enlistment—4th January 1900.

Place of enlistment—Bristol.
Parish and County in which born—St. Michael's, Bristol, Somerset.
Date of desertion or absence—12th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Mhow.

Marks—Tattoo marks both arms.

Under 2 years to count.

I. M. BONHAM-CARTER, Adjutant, for Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 9th May 1912.

No. 21.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 16, dated 2nd April 1912, Mr. C. S. Ritchie, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, is granted, under articles 233, 260 and 338 (*a*) of the Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for one year two months and twenty-six days (*viz.*, privilege leave for two months and twenty-six days and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 24th April 1912.

The 16th May 1912.

No. 22.—Mr. R. W. Taylor, Assistant Engineer, Eastern Bengal State Railway, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hisdustani held on 6th May 1912.

C. A. R. BROWNE, Colonel,
Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

LOWER GANGES BRIDGE.

NOTIFICATION.

Paksey, the 11th May 1912.

No. 4.—Mr. W. V. Butcher, Assistant Engineer, Lower Ganges Bridge, is granted language leave for 40 days under paragraph 654, Chapter VII of the State Railway Construction Code, with effect from the 28th May 1912, or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

R. R. GALES,
Engineer-in-Chief,
Lower Ganges Bridge.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th May 1912.

No. 238-*S.Ap.*—Bhai Narindra Singh, temporary Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Punjab and North-West Frontier, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 23rd April 1912 and until further orders, *vice* Khan Bahadur Muhammad Kazim, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, Bombay.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 250-*S. Ap.*—Mr. E. C. Lalkaka, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month and 4 days, with effect from the 20th May 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. J. E Reporter, Inspector of post offices, Thana Sub-Division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Mr. E. C. Lalkaka, or until further orders.

The 11th May 1912.

No. 278-*S.Ap.*—Mr. W. J. O'Grady, officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, Bengal, is granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 24th May 1912, or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on privilege leave, or until further orders :—

Mr. H. L. Duncan, Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, officiating in the 2nd grade, to act in the 1st grade ;

Mr. M. J. Stephen, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle, to act in the 2nd grade of Deputy Postmasters-General, *vice* Mr. A. R. Amman, Deputy Postmaster-General, 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle, on combined leave.

No. 282-*S.Ap.*—Mr. W. A. Roussac, Deputy Postmaster-General, officiating in the 2nd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 6th May 1912.

Mr. C. A. Stowell, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, and officiating Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Southern Circle, is appointed to act in the 2nd grade of Deputy Postmasters-General, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. A. Roussac, or until further orders.

No. 285-*S.Ap.*—Mr. Shanker Lal, Assistant Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 5th grade, and Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, with effect from the 6th May 1912 and until further orders, in the arrangement *vice* Mr. F. J. Baker, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, appointed to act as Deputy Postmaster-General, 3rd grade, and Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle.

No. 293-*S. Ap.*—Mr. V. Narayanaswamy Mudaliar, Postmaster, Madura, pay R300—400, is granted privilege leave for three weeks, with effect from the 13th April 1912.

Mr. S. K. Viswanatha Sastri, Deputy Postmaster, Madura, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Madura, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. V. Narayanaswamy Mudaliar, or until further orders.

No. 289-*S. Ap.*—Lala Peary Lal Tandan, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 10th April 1912.

M. Nabi Baksh, Supernumerary Inspector, Office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and N.-W. F., is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence, on privilege leave, of Lala Peary Lal Tandan, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 8th May 1912.

No. 21?-*S. G.*—The following promotions to the 2nd class of Deputy Superintendents, General, are sanctioned with effect from the 1st April 1912 on probation for six months, to fill existing vacancies in the sanctioned scale:—

Mr. F. Rowland.
Mr. W. G. Howard.
Mr. W. Carter, sub. *pro tem.*
Mr. C. T. O'Brien „

The sub. *pro tem.* promotion of Mr. R. Carr notified in this Department's Notification No. 8-G., dated the 9th May 1911, is hereby cancelled and made permanent from that date.

No. 217-*S.G.*—The following permanent promotion in the Superior Establishment of the Telegraph Department is sanctioned with effect from the date noted :—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Mr. W. D. MacGregor .	Assistant Superintendent	Superintendent . .	6th October 1911.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TRANSFER.

Lahore, the 9th May 1912.

No. 2570-*E. I. F.*—Mr. A. N. Lucy, Assistant Engineer, from the Mardan Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he left on the forenoon of the 1st April 1912, to the Malakand Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he joined on the same forenoon.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 2572-*E. I. F.*—Mr. A. W. M. Jesson, Assistant Engineer, from the Mardan Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 2nd April 1912, to the Malakand Division, Upper Swat River Canal, which he joined on the forenoon of the 9th *idem.*

W. E. T. BENNETT,
Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 17th May 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th May 1912.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase Price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	2,14 33 120	22,76,58,430	24,90,91,550	3,03,14,037	2,52,87,915	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	23,18,88,868	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500
Cawnpore	...	2,64,69,765	2,64,69,765	1,16,19,221	89 87,175	...	...	...	..	...	.	..	2,06 06 396	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571
Lahore	...	3,12,61 085	3,12,61,085	1,26,34,973	1,78,25,'90	...		...	...	...		...	3,04,60,163	
Bombay	68,99,345	13,15,12,995	13,84,12,340	2,65,76,238	15 54,39,067	.	.		..	...	...	...	18,20,15,305	
Karachi	...	1,28,84,465	1,28,84,465	37,03,630	7,15,290	..	...		...	..	...	...	44,18,920	
Madras	92,83,305	6,71 88,785	7,64,72,090	1,42,75,240	1,41,89 745		..	...	...	...	...	...	2,84 64,985	
Rangoon	...	4,84,42,435	4,84,42,435	1,80,39,583	1,68,22,245	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	3,48,61,828	
	3,76,15 770	54,54,17,960	58,30,33 730	11,71,62 922	23,92,66,627	7,86,970	8,55 00 000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	58,27,16,465	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			7,47,265	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									4,30,000	
Total Circulation R			58,22,86,465								Total Reserve R		58,22,86,465	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th May 1912.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th May 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day dismissed and that the orders of adjudication made therein against the said Insolvents have been annulled.

Number.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.
110—1910	Harishanker Welji Pandia	Hindu	No. 10, Doka Murdee, Bhuleshwar	Carrying on business in partnership with Meghji Pranji Pandia as confectioners under the name of Rewashanker Harishanker.	5th	April	1910
112—1910	Burjorji Shapurji Suratwala *alias* Gardy.	Parsee	Nos. 54—56, Gola Lane	Extra compositor	7th	"	"
203—1910	Ardesir Hirji Dady	Do.	Fort, Chowpati	Formerly carrying on business as Phœnix Cinematograph Company in Bombay, lately in partnership with Rustomji Merwanji Mody under the name and style of Cinema Star of India at Delhi and Meerut and now unemployed.	13th	June	"
238—1910	Cursondas Ramdas Thucker	Hindu	No. 25, Vithalwadi	Assistant in the All—India Agency Company, Limited.	2nd	July	"
240—1910	Tookaram Dhurma Khunde	Do.	No. 30, Running Engine Shed, Byculla.	Fitter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	4th	"	"
243—1910	Saleh Moses Israil	Jewish	No. 38, New Nagpada	Clerk in the employ of E. Y. Turki	"	"	"
244—1910	Khimji Nathu Thucker	Hindu	No. 54, Vurgadi	Lately hack Victoria keeper and now unemployed.	5th	"	"
246—1910	Haji Mahomed Jusab Memon and Jusab Haji Mahomed Memon.	Mahomedan	Nos. 51—53, Kolsa Molla	Trading in Bombay under the name of Haji Mahomed Jusab and in Jafrabad in the name of Jusub Haji Mahomed as dealers in chunam, dry fish and coal ash.	6th	"	"
247—1910	Eliah Silleman Mazgaokar	Jewish	Dubra Gully, Khadak	Carpenter in the Government Dockyard	"	"	"

8—1910	Jamsetji Sorabji Mooga	Parsee	Grant Road	Clerk in the Manekji Petit Mills	"	"	"
249—1910	Balkrishna Ramji Surway	Hindu	No. 65, Baboola Tank Road	Dealer in tobacco	7th	"	"
255—1910	Vishwasrao Ramchandra Kothare	Do.	No. 90, Kandewadi	Lately doing business in partnership with Trimbakrao D. Saney (since deceased) as Commission Agent in the name of V. Soan & Co., and now doing business as speculator in cotton in the name of V. Soan & Co.	9th	"	"
257—1910	Ramrao Govindrao Karnick	Do.	Jaoji Buildings, Chawl No. 4, Grant Road.	Formerly clerk in the National Bank of India, Ltd., and now unemployed.	11th	"	"
259—1910	Khanderao Bhasker Matre	Do.	No. 1251, Parel Village	Clerk in the employ of F. Stephens	12th	"	"
263—1910	Narsidas Jayshanker Joshi	Do.	Nos. 27-29-31, Khetwadi	Lately Proprietor of a Brass Foundry and now Mehta in the employ of Parbhashankar Pitamber.	15th	"	"
267—1910	Michael Bocarro	Eurasian	Mukba's House, Byculla	Formerly carrying on business as Artist and Printer under the name of Bocarro & Co., and lately as Lithographer and Printer under the name of Herbert & Co., and now unemployed.	22nd	"	"
270—1910	Esoofali Abdool Kayum Dawoodi Bhora and Abdul Kayumm Esoofalli Dawoodi Bhora.	Mahomedan	No. 32, Parel, and No. 334, Ghas Bazar, respectively.	1st Insolvent servant of Hebtoola Salebhoy and the 2nd Insolvent Fitter in the David Sassoon Mills.	19th	"	"
271—1910	Manuel Baptist Matray	Portuguese	No. 622, Naigaum Road	Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipality	21st	"	"
279—1910	Motilal Doolabram Vanka	Hindu	No. 1-B, Manek Building, Girgaum Back Road.	Clerk in the Bombay Improvement Trust	25th	"	"
283—1910	Dawoodbhoy Kadurbhoy Dawoodi Vora and Kadurbhoy Karimbhoy Dawoodi Vora.	Mahomedan	Khoka Bazar	Dealers in empty boxes	27th	"	"
285—1910	Andrew Reginald O'Gorman and Charles O'Gorman.	European	Rafia Manjil, Wodehouse Road	1st Insolvent lately a Photographer in the employ of A Page and now unemployed, and the 2nd Insolvent lately Excise Inspector and now unemployed.	26th	"	"
288—1910	Ramchandra Luxumon Khandaykar and Jankising Shivnarayensing Thakore.	Hindu	Tardeo, Arthur Road	Lately rent farmers in partnership and now dealers in vegetable, etc.	28th	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the undermentioned Insolvents have been this day dismissed and that the orders of adjudication made therein against the said Insolvents have been annulled—*contd.*

Number.	NAMES.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.
291—1910	Purshotum Jugjiwan Koomaria	Hindu	Anandji Mandji's Chawl, Parel	Carpenter	28th	July	1910
292—1910	Madhowji Nursy Sha	Do.	No 18, Koomartookda	Lately speculator in Shares and Silver and now unemploy.	29th	"	"
295—1910	Fazaldin *alias* Fazloodin Kowda *alias* Allabux Punjabi.	Mahomedan	Karratipura 11th Lane	Lately a Cook and now unemployed	1st	August	"
299—1910	Antonio Phillip DeCosta	Portuguese	No. 135, Parel	Carpenter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	3rd	"	"
300—1910	Mahomed Shafi Mahomed Jaffer Mogal.	Mahomedan	No. 29, Gilder Street	Muccadum	"	"	"
301—1910	Rustomji Cowasji Murigar	Parsee	No. 82, Lower Colaba	Manager to Cursetji Cowasji, Licensed dealer in country liquor, and now unemployed.	5th	"	"
304—1910	Rustomji Merwanji Mody	Do.	Walker's House, Chunam Kiln Road	Lately Cinematographic performer in partnership with Ardesir Hirji Dady under the name of Cinamaster of India, and now unemployed.	4th	"	"
305—1910	Jamnadas Dharamsy Thucker	Hindu	Holichukla, King Lane	Servant in the employ of Rampursad Mulchand	5th	"	"
307—1910	Nagardas Bhaichand Mehta Sha	Do.	No. 32, Bhuleshwar	Speculator in Jotta	9th	"	"
309—1910	Dwarkadas Leroji *alias* Ghella *alias* Goaldas Thucker.	Do.	Holichuckla, Fort	Lately Muccadum and now unemployed	"	"	"
310—1910	Dewji Kalidas Katera	Do.	Ghatkoper	Mehta in the employ of Messrs. Khunji Vishram & Co., Cotton Muccadums, at Dana Bunder, Bombay.	12th	"	"
311—1910	Mathuradas Toolsidas Thucker	Do.	Holicchukla, Fort	Lately carrying on business as General Merchant in partnership with the late Purshotum Bhimji under the name of Purshotum Bhimji and now unemployed.	"	"	"

313—1910	John Williamson	Eurasian	Dadar (above Market)	Gas maker in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	15th	"	"
315—1910	Goolmahomed Haji Allarakhia Memon.	Mahomedan	No. 40, Khadak	Lately dealer in cloth and chunam and now unemployed.	16th	"	"
323—1910	Ganpat *alias* Genoss Mahtarji Khersagar.	Hindu	Kamatipura 1st Lane	Barber	22nd	"	"
324—1910	Hassum Abba Memon	Mahomedan	No. 487, Nagdevi Street	Formerly carrying on business in partnership with Aba Alli under the name of Hassum Abba and latterly in partnership with Haji Cassum under the name of Haji Cassum as dealer in furniture, and now unemployed.	"	"	"
325—1910	Ismail Karmally Khoja	Do.	No. 181/85, Khadak	Lately dealer in glassware and now unemployed	"	"	"
326—1910	Balkrishna *alias* Balla Gaupal Vellal.	Hindu	No. 43, Koombarwada 5th Lane	Tailor	23rd	"	"
329—1910	Jamsetji Cooverji Amsolia	Parsee	No. 8, Pitha Gully, Fort	Fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	"	"	"
331—1910	Harry Yorke	European	No. 1, Elphinstone Circle	Lately proprietor of H. Yorke & Co., Saddlers and Bootmakers and now assistant in the firm of Messrs. Dunnett & Co.	25th	"	"
333—1910	Jehangir Rustomji Daroowala	Parsee	Tapia Building, Charni Road	General merchant and dealer in China Curios under the name of J. Ruston & Co.	"	"	"
337—1910	Jairam Abba Malajan *alias* Bhatkar.	Hindu	No. 613, Tardeo	Jobber in the Manekji Petit Mills	30th	"	"
339—1910	Itoo Sudoo Yedow and Mahadoo Itoo Yedow.	Do.	No. 40, Kali Chowki	1st Insolvent Sizer in the Kohinoor Mills and the 2nd Insolvent Wharfer in the Dawood Sassoon Mills.	"	"	"
341—1910	Ruttonji Sorabji Ruttonji Subedar	Parsee	No. 87, Parel	Engine driver in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	"	"	"

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT, FORT, BOMBAY :
This 1st day of May 1912.

SURVEY OF INDIA—NORTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Mussoorie, the 14th May 1912.

No. 3.—Mr. A. B. Hunter, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 6th grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 23 days under articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 18th April 1912.

C. H. D. RYDER, Major, R.E.,
Offg. Superintendent, Northern Circle.

THE GOVERNMENT, UNITED PROVINCES.

Educational Department.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Naini Tal, the 14th May 1912.

No. 603 XV—107.—The agreement hereinafter set forth entered into by the Company known as the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj Association, in accordance with the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894), is hereby published for general information.

By order, etc.,
S. P. O'DONNELL,
Secretary to the Government, United Provinces.

COPY OF AGREEMENT.

An agreement entered into on the day of 8th May of the year 1912 between the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereafter called the Secretary of State) on the one part and the Association named the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, a society registered under the Society's Registration Act XXI of 1860 on the other part.

Whereas the aforesaid Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire for the purposes of the said society under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act (I of 1894) plots of land numbered in the village survey 341, 342, 343, 347, 349, 350, 351, 352, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1327, 1328, and half of 1321 situate at Mauza Kasba Kanauj in the district of Farrukhabad amounting to 10·54 acres.

And whereas the aforesaid local Government is satisfied that the said Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, is a company within the meaning of the section III (*e*) of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894.

And whereas the aforesaid local Government, after making and holding such enquiry as is required and prescribed by law, is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land desired by the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public.

And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council regarding the matters specified in the aforesaid sections. It is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. That the aforesaid Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will pay to the local Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or to such person or persons whom the Local Government may appoint on its behalf, all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provision of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 as compensation to any person or persons who may be found on enquiry held under the provisions of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj.

2. That the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will defray and pay to the Local Government from its funds all such other charges as may be incidental to the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act of 1894.

3. That upon the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, having made the payment mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of this agreement, the Local Government will forthwith, in consideration of the payment of the compensation money and cost

of acquisition aforesaid, convey and grant to the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, all those aforesaid plots of land containing by village survey 10 54 acres situate at Mauza Kashba Kanauj pargana and tahsil Kanauj in the district of Farrukhabad free from all incumbrances and occupancy rights and together with all rights, easements and appurtenances thereto in fact or by reputation belonging or now or heretofore enjoyed therewith to hold the said plots of land unto and to the use of the said Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj.

4. That the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid land and premises and use the said land and premises for the purposes hereby agreed upon.

5. That the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will use the aforesaid plots of land for the purposes of erecting a boarding house, quarters, and other such buildings and works subservient to the registered objects of the said society.

6. That the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will immediately on being put in proprietary possession of the land clear out the whole site and begin the work as may appear necessary to carry out the aforesaid purposes for which the land is required and complete the same within 3 years from the date of these presents

7. That the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, will allow the public to have the full right and liberty to utilise the aforesaid institutions known as the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, and boarding houses and playgrounds and other accessories and appurtenances that shall be attached thereto by having their sons and wards admitted as students and scholars of the aforesaid institutions according to its rules and regulations and subject to the payment of such fees and the observance of such rules and regulations on the part of the students and scholars and their guardians as are or shall be for the time being fixed or framed by the said Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, or such person or persons as the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, shall appoint on their behalf or by any higher authority to whom the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj, is or may be by law subject

In witness whereof the parties hereto have set their hands the day and year first above written.

SARUP NARAYAN,
President, Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj.

Witnesses—

(1) ANANDA BEHARI LAL,
Government Pleader.

(2) JWALA PRASAD, RAI BAHADUR,
Vice-Chairman, Municipal Board, Farrukhabad

Signed, sealed, and delivered by the Secretary to the Government of United Provinces of Agra and Oudh in the Education Department for and on behalf of His Honour the Lieutenant Governor of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh acting in the premises for and on behalf of Secretary of State for India in Council.

S. P. O'DONNELL,
Secretary to Government, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh.

(1) A. FRANCIS,

(2) W. R. S. JERVIS.

Schedule of the land to be acquired for the Diamond Jubilee High School, Kanauj

Nos. 341, 342, 343, 347, 349, 350, 351, 352, 1314, 1315, 1316, 1317, 1318, 1319, 1327, 1328 and half of 1321 equal to 10·54 acres.

SARUP NARAYAN,
President

S P. O'DONNELL,
Secretary to Government.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Preliminary Report on an investigation into the Etiology of Oriental Sore in Cambay. By Captain W. S. Patton. New Series. No. 50. Super Royal 8vo. Board, 6*a*. or 8*d*. (3*a*.)

Fauna of British India including Ceylon and Burma. Coleoptra by W. W. Fowler. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R15 or 22*s*. 6*d*.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2. 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

Financial Statement and Budget for 1912-1913. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (6a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. Twenty sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (5a.)

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3d. (3a.)

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Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January and February 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of February and March 1912. No. 11 and No. 12. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Supplement to the Annual Statement (Volumes I and II) of the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India with British Empire and Foreign Countries, for the official year ending March 31st compared with the preceding year. Foolscap. Board. R5 or 6s. 8d. (12a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of India. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. III, Part II. Note on the Antiseptic Treatment of Timber in India with special reference to Railway Sleepers. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (3a.)

Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 3d. (1a.)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (1a.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8a. or 9d. (5a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 12a. or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army, in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I.M S.), (i) and (j) for promotion.

(2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.

(3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical Subjects, Part I Appendix XIV, King's Regulations.

(4) Majors of the Army Veterinary Corps in Technical Subjects, Appendix XV King's Regulations. Demy 4to. Board. R1 4a. or 1s. 9d. (3a.)

Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4a or 2s. (3a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover R2 8a. or 3s. 4d. (2a.)

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4*a.* 9*p.* (1*a.*)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7*s.* 6*d.* (12*a.*)

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Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3*a.* 3*p.* (1*a.*)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18*s.* (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3*a.* 9*p.* (1*a.*)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a.* or 1*s.* (3*a.*)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a.* or 1*s.* (3*a.*)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2*s.* 6*d.*

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33*s.* (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11*s.* 3*d.* (4*a.*)

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Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12*a.* or 3*s.* (7*a.*)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8*a.* or 2*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

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Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (3*a.*)

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Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals*. (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

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Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2*s*. 7*d*. (3*a*.)

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Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2*s*. (2*a*.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (2*a*.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a*. or 4*d*. (2*a*.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3*s*. (3*a*.)

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Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1*a*. 3*p*. or 2*d*. (1*a*.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

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Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

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War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

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Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

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Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

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History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

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Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 10d. (2a.)

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Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

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Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
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BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. B036308 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1842-43 for R1,000 (rupees one thousand only) originally standing in the name of "The Bank of India, Ltd.," and last blank endorsed by the above Bank and purchased by Krishnaji Rungnath Chinchore, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above Note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser.—KRISHNAJI RUNGNATH CHINCHORE,

Residence.—Ahamadabad, Raipoora Bhawoo's Pole House No. 1298, care of Gopal Narayan Sant.

Estate A. J. Brass deceased.

PURSUANT TO SECTION 42, ACT 28 OF 1866.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the late Arthur John Brass, late Resident Engineer, Bengal and North Western Railway, who died at Jhansi on 13th June 1911, Letters of Administration to whose Estate have been granted to James Edmund Vallance, Accountant, Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, are required to send in the same on or before 6th June next to the said Messrs. Grindlay & Co., Calcutta, after which date the said Administrator will proceed to administer the assets having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have received notice, and no claims sent in subsequently will be recognized, and all persons indebted to or holding any securities or property belonging to the said Estate are also hereby requested to pay without delay the amount owing by them, or deliver the said securities or property to the said Administrator whose receipt alone is valid for the same.

J. E. VALLANCE,

Administrator to Estate, A. J. Brass deceased.

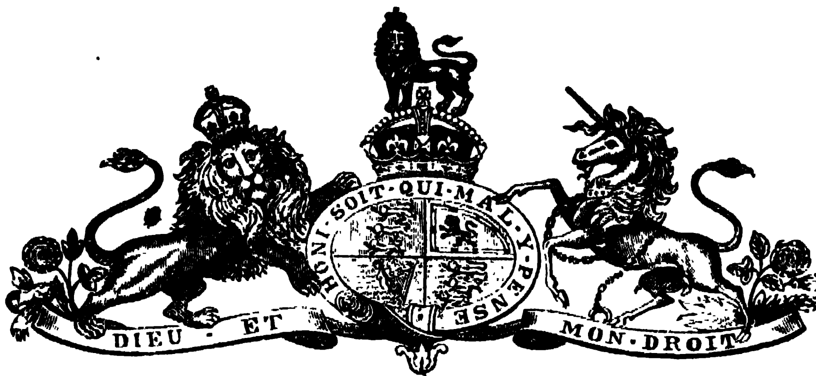
CALCUTTA;

The 23rd April 1912.

Lost.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 145037, 145038 and 145760, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000, 1,000 and 500, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Rajendra Nath Neogy, the Proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereof have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of Duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—RAJENDRA NATH NEOGY.
Residence—Chupra, District Saran.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 20.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM

ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT

TOBACCO LEAF
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
urma*—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui			50 39	41 56		...					..		..		.
Tavoy			39 26	31 53		..		.	..	..					
Moulmein and Amherst			42 95	44 14	55 65	55 65									
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon		.	43 24	38 55	35 36	33 33			.			.			–
Maubin			51 61	40	.	...					.	.	.	...	
Bassein			44 14	41 56											
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada			55 17	34 41	56 14	...			..	..	.				
Toungoo			38 55	.				.	..	..	.	.		...	
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay			42 67	37 21	43 84	34 78	.	..	.	..	22 38	19 69			..
Pakôkku			45 71	37 21	...	...			..	..	22 38	22 38		.	..
Arakan—															
Akyab							.	.		.					
ssam*—															
Brahmaputra—															
Goálpára	15	16 25	30	32 5									..		
Gauhati	16 25	22 5	30 87	32 5											
engal*—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong			37 5	36 25				...							
Dacca			43 75	35	37·5	38 75		..	..	17·5			..	.	.
Deltaic—															
Calcutta			48 75	4' 25	42 5	35			32 5	20	32 5		32 5		.
Western—															
Bardwan			40	32 81	..			.					..		..
Midnapur			38 75	27 5				.		.					
Northern—															
Pabna	21 25		36·25	38·12	..										...
Rangpur	17 5		36 25	35	42 5	50									
Bihar and Orissa—															
Behar, north—															
Bhágalpur			33 12	31 25	33 12	28 12		..	24 37	9 37				–	..
Muzaffarpur			40	40	33 28	0 78			22 19	19·06				..	...
Behar, south															
Patna			30 62	28 28	29 37	28·28			20	18 75	20	20	...	23·75	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack			35 31	29 22	35 91	33·85									.
United Provinces—															
(a) AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares	20 93	21 25	47 92	40 12	33 59	31 15	40·36	37 03	24 53	18 33	.	...	..	18 33	..
Central—															
Cawnpore	26 67	22·19	42·19	38 07	34 69	29 63	38·07	45·79	26 67	15·68	22·19	16 8	26 2	20·52	...
Jhánsi	.		48 12	44 13	25 16	30 21		..	21 35	17·08	22·4	17·08	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut	.		48 44	47·03	33 28	27 5	37·19	32·66	28·12	15·62	...	...	...	...	
Agra	50	47 08	53 33	53·33	43·79	29 63	34·85	36·98	27·6	18 18	24·22	19·53	...	21·61	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahánpur	25	18·75			30	26 61		.	24·37	18·12	...	16·56	23·75	18·12	...
(b) OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	.	..	43 23	40	31 98	27 6	40	36·35	24·22	14·79	...	20	24·22	18·18	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	22 5	20 62	44·74	42 5	32 5	30 6	...	...	23·44	17·5	.		...	...	

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds.

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	Mergui
	...	...	57·14	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	Tavoy
.	...		40·76	40·76	50	50	...	...	...	...		.	.		Moulmein and Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
.	...	...	33·16	28·19	45·07	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
.	25	31·22	51·61	50	51·61	51·61	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	Maubin
	...	...	39·02	32·82	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	..	...		Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
	...	...	40	45·07	50	51·2	...	..	...	...	..	..		.	Henzada
	...		...	..	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	..		Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
...	20	16·24	26·23	21·26	45·07	40·51	58·18	65·98	...	...	...	...			Mandalay
..	...	...	31·22	21·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		.	Pakókku
															Arakan—
	...	...	42·11	44·44	50	50	...	...	...	...	.	...		..	Akyab
															Assam—
															Brahmaputra—
.	..	...	..	..	.	...	...	.	...	...	.	.	61·25	45	Goálpára
..		..	...		...	...		..	...	..	...	120	56·87	43·75	Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Eastern—
...	...	.	...	...	50	40	...	..	...	...	.		62·5	60	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	40	37·5	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	.	Dacca
															Deltaic—
..	25	...	33·75	21·25	41·25	30	...	30	...	...	82·5	80	62·5	53·75	Calcutta
															Western—
	...	.	29·37	23·75	34·37	32·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	50	Bardwan
...	.		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	75	80	63·75 and 72·5	52·5 and 57·5	Midnapur
															Northern—
...		.	...	26·25	...	.	..	...	...	...	70	70	67·5	47·5	Pabna
.		...	...	...	35	40	...	...	...	...	..	...	65	57·5	Rangpur
															Bihar and Orissa—
															Bihár, north—
...	24·37	19·87	24·37	19·37	39·37	31·56	20	22·5	...	...	80	85	41·87 and 55	40 and 42·5	Bhágalpur
...	19·06	20·94	25	20	40	30·75	19·06	25	...	...	...	.	...		Muzaffarpur
															Bihár, south—
...	18·44	20	18·75	18·12	28·44	23·12	...	...	...	...	90	86·25	50	52·5	Patna
															Orissa—
...	...		33·75	30·47	33·75	22·34	27·66	28·8	...	..			75	48·49	Cuttack
															United Provinces—
															(a) Agra—
															Eastern—
	...	...	24·53	19·17	31·93	27·66	.	...	...	...	81·41	81·2	47·92	45	Benares
															Central—
...	20·52	14·79	22·19	17·76	28.07	24·22	32·66	...	21·61	20·52	71·09	78·03	47·08	43·59	Cawnpore
...	20	12·4	19·53	17·5	...	...	.	...	...	25	...	72·31	.	42·19	Jhánsi
															Western—
	...	...	21·86	18·59	30·78	23·59	22·19	26·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	Meerut
...	...	17·4	22·24	19·06	33·33	25	...	55·16	...	21·61	...	80	53·33	44·43	Agra
															Submontane, west—
...	...	16·25	20	20	25	25	30	32·5	20	21·87	.	...	...	.	Shahjahánpur
															(b) Oudh—
															Southern—
...	19·06	16·67	21·04	19·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	66·67	72·71	53·33	53·33	Lucknow
															Northern—
...	19·06	...	19·87	18·75	34·17	25	...	..	..	...	..	68·12	...	...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL—*continued*

DISTRICTS	SESAMUM (*Til or jinjili*)		GHI		SUGAR, RAW (*Gur*)		SALT		TOBACCO LEAF		TURMERIC		GRASS	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Burma—														
Tennasserim—														
Mergui	..	...	581·82	581·82	...	.	16·93	16	...	...	..	...	...	...
Tavoy	..	...	581·82	533·33	...	...	20·51	20·51	...	...	...	...	.	...
Moulmein and Amherst	..		457·14	400	...	...	17·98	18·77	...	...	...	..	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon		...	533·33	492·31	...	...	18·29	19·69	...	...	...	.	...	...
Manbin	..	..	581·82	533·33	...	...	21·62	21·77	..	...	..	..	...	...
Bassein	.		492·31	492·31		..	22·86	22·86	...	..	...	...	..	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada	.	.	533·33	492·31	..	...	22·86	22·15	..	..	...	.	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	..	...	24·81	22·61	...	..	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay	..	..	457·14	457·14	...	...	22·54	22·07	...	.		...	...	...
Pakôkku	.	.	711·11	581·82	...	..	22·54	22·54	...	..	..	...	...	..
Arakan—														
Akyab			533·33	457·14	...	...	30·77	26·67	...	...	.	..	.	.
Assam—														
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára		.	440		55	70	21·25	...	...	...				.
Gauhati			400		75	62·5	25	.	..	...		...	...	.
Bengal—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong	...	..	480	480	60	65	19·37	20	...	55			...	
Dacca	...	.	480	460	70	70	22·5	22·5	...	110	...	.	...	
Deltaic—														
Calcutta	75	60	470	450	50	47·5	18·12	18·75	65	75	...	...	12·5	18·75
Western—														
Bardwan	..	...	460	440	50	50	19·37	16·87	...	..		...	...	...
Midnapur		..	440 to 520	415	107·5	60	19·37	16·87	110	87·5 and 90		.		
Northern—													...	...
Pabna	...		...	580	50	47·5	21·25	20	...	...				
Rangpur	...		500	540	55	70	22·5	20·62	...	70	..	.	...	3·75
Bihar and Orissa—														
Bihár, north—														
Bhágalpur	69·37	...	484·37	490	39·79	40	20	21·25	80	40 to 80	..	...		...
Muzaffarpur	...		457·5	457·5	86·25	44·87	20·94	20·94	160	200		...	.	...
Bihár, south—														
Patna	70	67·5	430	420	43·75	43·12	20·62	20	20	20	.	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	85·78	40·73	411·41	411·41	53·33	51·41	15·62	18·12	101·87	101·87	.	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(*a*) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares	73·33	61·61	458·91	458·28	43·12	49·48	22·24	22·92	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	100	72·71	457·13	426·67	47·08	50	17·76	17·76	75	80	107·5	105	...	..
Jhánsi	64·32	55·16	400	400	50	53·33	20	20	...	...	...	...	5·73	3·33
Western—														
Meerut	..	...	476·41	441·56		53·28	17·34	17·81	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	...	...	441·35	426·67	57·13	53·33	17·76	17·4	80	100	130	135	7·97	6·67
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur	...	..	450	440	..	...	20	20	...	...	130 and 140	110 and 120	.	
(*b*) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	...	...	460	440	50	50	21·04	20	...	...	125	115	5	5
Northern—														
Fyzabad	...	...	455	500	35	48·75	20·94	20·94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	10·34	10·29	...	...	.	...	..	3	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·43	14·1	...	...	...	..	...	3	Tavoy
	...	...	.	...	...	11·85	11·85		...			2	2	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	1·75	1·75	Rangoon
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	25·3	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Maubin
...	...	...	...	..	...	14·29	11·43	...	..	...	...	1·75	1·75	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	1·69	1·81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	1·94	1·94	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	28·83	24·43	...	...	...		...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	1·81	..	Pakôkku
														Arakan—
...	...		.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		2·25	2·25	Akyab
														Assam—
														Brahmaputra—
...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	.		2·31	2·25	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..			1·97	1·56	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Eastern—
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		1·75	1·69	Chittagong
...	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	.	...			2·06	2·09	Dacca
														Deltaic—
8·75	8·75	.		17·5	20	23·75	22·5	-	...	..		1·72	1·73	Calcutta
														Western—
6·25	2·81			...	...	...	27·5	...		...		2·09	1·81	Bardwan
6·25	2·81		.	...	...	..	..	..	.	.		1·87	1·58	Midnapur
														Northern—
...	10	...		...	...	...	...	..	...	...		2·12	1·87	Pabna
...	10	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	.		2·19	2·06	Rangpur
														Bihar and Orissa—
														Bihár, north—
...	..	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	.		1·87	1·59	Bhágalpur
.	...	...		5	3·28	15·94	15·94	...	..			1·97	1·62	Muzaffarpur
														Bihár, south—
...	3·75	...	...	5	5.62	16·87	18·75		...	...		2·06	1·87	Patna
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62			...	...	6·25	6·25	...			...	2	1·75	Cuttack
														United Provinces—
														(a) Agra—
														Eastern—
...	...	.	.	7·97	10	21·09	21·09	...	50	...	40	2·75	2·62	Benares
														Central—
..	...	..	..	6·15	6·15	20	16·67	75	·5	..	...	2·12	1·86	Cawnpore
.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..		...	-	2·19	2·06	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	.		6·56	...	19 06	17·34	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	Meerut
6·67	7·5	8·91	6·67	8·91	5·73	21·04	21·04	...	...	80	80	2·28	2·14	Agra
														Submontane, west
...	...	...	...	5	6·72	30	28·28	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·19	2·19	Shahjahánpur
														(b) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	6·67	7·19	18·75	21·25	40	40	...	...	2·50	1·97	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	6·56	5·62	...	...	...	...	40	35	2 "	1·87	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL—*continued*

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1912	Rice, unhusked 1911	Rice, husked 1912	Rice, husked 1911	Wheat 1912	Wheat 1911	Flour (wheat) 1912	Flour (wheat) 1911	Barley 1912	Barley 1911	Jawar 1912	Jawar 1911	Bajra 1912	Bajra 1911	Ragi 1912
ajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	.	28·23	30 78	...	...	34·06	19·06	31·25	22·24	34·79	26 67	...
unjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	...	25	53·28	43·12	32·03	25	36·41	28·75	26·72	16·25	...	...	...	...	.
Central— Lahore	36·25	28·50	...	47·03	..	26·67	38·12	32·66	23 44	15·99	36·25	24·22	...	22·19	
South-eastern— Delhi	30	25	61·56	38·07	36·25	29·63	41·04	32·03	27·5	17·76	27·5	20·52	28·75	24·22	..
Submontane— Amritsar	32·66	28 50	55·16	48·49	...	25	35·62	28·59	...	15·99	..	..	...	...	
Northern— Rávalpindi	...	25	56·25	57·19	...	27·6	40	31·35	25	16·35	...	21·93	32·5	21·61	..
Western— Lyallpur	...	..	50	45	33·75	26·56	36·87	29·69	27·5	19·37	35	25	...	25	..
Multan	27·03	19·37	45	38·12	35·31	28·44	40	32·5	...	15 62	36 87	19·69	...	19·37	...
-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshàwar	..	21·98	...	...	36·35	27·07	40	32·4	21·98	114·53	34·22	21·98	...	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	36·87	26 69	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	21·35	..
nd and Baluchistan—															
Karáchi	...	..	53·91	41·25	37·34	35	...	.	38·44	...	30·31	22·92	37·34	28·28	.
Shikárpur	26·25		54·06	48·75	37·19	28·75	...	..	31·87	18·75	38·75	22·66	35·62	21·87	..
Quetta	...	...	...	..	36·87 to 40	37·5 to 38·75	65	57·5	28·12	24·69	36·25	25	.	...	
mbay—															
Deccan and Karnátak— Dharwar	...		..	...	...	33·91	..		..		..	..	...	...	...
Sholapur	...		..	..	..	36·3	..		...	...	26·2	21·09		...	.
Poona	..	.	61·46	44·43	54·69	42 66	..		...	...	35·05	27·45	43·07	33·33	..
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar	..		52·08	...	39·06	29·32	...	.	...	.	29·11	...	34·74	...	..
Dhulia		..	...	...	...	34·11	..		...		32·81	...	35·47	28·02	
Gujarat— Surat	.	...	...	..	41·82	38·18		...	...	...	38·18	27 45	39·63	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	47·5	45	40	36·25	.	..	30	31·25	31·25	21·25	35	30	...
ntral Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur			36 5	32·62	33·37	25·5	44·5	36·37	...	..	30·37	21·75	...	.	
Central— Jubbulpore	..		34·75	28·62	34·75	27·62	44·37	34·75	...	...	...	...	..		.
Eastern— Raipur	..		35	31	31	27	44·5	35	.	..		...	...		...
ar— Akola		..	39·75	36	39·75	30	...	...	..	...	26	20	..	...	..
Amráoti		...	35·62	42·5	35·62	30	...	48	..	...	25	20	..	...	...
dras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	.			..	...		..	...	...		42·5	31·9	39·1	29·3	...
Salem	..	-		...	...	...	..	...	...	.	...	...	.	..	32·2
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	..	...	28·5	30·5	...	...	...
Cuddapah	41 7	25·2	.	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	32·1	27 8	34·8	21·9	...
Karnul			...	...				..	..	..	...			...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore			...	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	26
East Coast, south— Madras	32·3	28·2	...	51·7	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...			
Tanjore	26·8	22·6	51	37·2	...	.	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Trichinopoly				..		...		..	..	...	...	...	...	...	28·2
Southern— Madura	...		...	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	39·1	33·8	48	36·5	...
ore— Mysore	24	16	56	44	56	54	50	51·98	.	...	25	22	...	...	25
Bangalore	24	16	60	52	52	52	67·76	67·76	...		...	...	...	...	28

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Rajputana—
	34·06	19·06	29·06	21·61		..	61·25	61·72	...	..	106·67	114·27		...	*Eastern*— Ajmer
															Punjab—
..	...	15	22·19	15	.	...	...	...	28·59	23·28	...	72·66	...	...	*Southern*— Ferozpur
...	28·59	19·06	24·22	17·34	38·12	26·67	30·78	25	30·78	28·59	87·66	..	53·28	44·43	*Central*— Lahore
	21·87	19·06	22·19	18·59	32·5	25	..	...	25	21·61	100	...	51·87	45·73	*South-eastern*— Delhi
..	23·44	16·67	23·12	18·18	..	...	.	...	29·37	27·81	...	...	55	47·03	*Submontane*— Amritsar
...	25·62	19·9	23·75	19·53	..	44·43	..	...	...	26·54	...	80	48·75	42·08	*Northern*— Ráwalpindi
	...	15	22·5	18·12	...	...	...	...	28·12	28·12	..	...	...	...	*Western*— Lyallpur
.	26·56	18·12	25	19·37	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	30·78	21·98	24·79	19·22	...	29·9	...	...	...	...	...	98·44	..	...	Pesháwar
...	...	...	22·81	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dera Ismael Khan
															Sind and Baluchistan—
..	...	...	30·62	22·81	...	...	...	...	26·72	26·25		...	...	39·17	Karachi
...	...	...	28·12	...	38·75	32·5	...	...	26·87	25·62		...	...	43·75	Shikarpur
	33·75	26·25	...		61·25	47·5	42·5	46·87	...	...		.		..	Quetta
															Bombay—
.	..	..	32·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		*Deccan and Karnatak*— Dharwar
...	..	...	...	23·38	...	27·29	...	...	20·42	...	72·02	80·62	...	...	Sholapur
..	..	...	31·61	26·09	-	...	...	...	26·3	24·58	...	...	...	.	Poona
...	..	..	30·05	22·5	...	...	...	...	...	18·33	77·4	83·18	.	.	*Khandesh and N. Deccan*— Ahmadnagar
..	..	..	30·1	25·47	...	...	...	...	...	24·01	...	85·36	..	..	Dhulia
..	..	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	*Gujarat*— Surat
..	.	...	28·75	25	40	30	..	...	30	30	...	...	.	..	Ahmadabad
															Central Provinces—
.	.	.	34	22·12	36	26·25	...	...	22·5	25	72·37	86·87	.	...	*Western*— Nagpur
...	.	.	25	21	33·37	28·62	40	37·5	23·5	23·5	76·12	76·12	47	38·12	*Central*— Jubbulpore
...	...		24	19·5	30	27	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	*Eastern*— Raipur
															Berar—
.	...	...	34·25	24	33·25	29	..	...	21·5	22	85·25	...	.	..	Akola
.	..	.	30	23·75	26	26	..	...	22·5	20·75	92·25	80·75	.		Amraoti
															Madras—
	...	.	47·1	42·9	-	...	...	...	-	38·5	...	.	...	..	*South, central*— Coimbatore
26·8	.	...		...	34·9	31·8	...	..	...	...	..	..		..	Salem
...	..	..	30·9	30·8	25·2	19·6	...	..	31·8	23·1	..	...	...	..	*Central*— Bellary
...	...	..	...	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	Cuddapah
...	.	.	..	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	Karnul
25·9	...	...	.	...	27·1	30·6	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	*East Coast, central*— Nellore
...	...	...	33·5	29·2		..	48·1	58·2	30·8	32·4	...	...	...	.	*East Coast, south*— Madras
...	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	Tanjore
24	...	...		..	...	...	65·2	61·8	...	...	...	...	..		Trichinopoly
...		...		...	31·7	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	.		*Southern*— Madura
22	...	...	25	24·5	44	46	68·59	68·12	...			...	..	..	Mysore— Mysore
24	...	...	25	26	50	48	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	..	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL—concluded

Districts	Sesamum (Til or Jinjili)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (Gúr)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Rajputana— *Eastern—* Ajmer	88·91	72·71	457·03	426·87	61·56	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	15·73	10
Punjab— *Southern—* Ferozpur	...	...	457·5	426·72	61·56	44·37	16·72	15·94	88·91	100	145·47	160	...	...
Central— Lahore	80	76·15	470	...	61·56	47·03	14·84	14·79	80	88·91	123·28	133·33	...	10
South-eastern— Delhi	88·75	66·67	510	457·13	50	50	17·10	17·4	80	80	130	133·33	13·12	10
Submontane— Amritsar	75	75	450	460	...	47·03	14·69	14·37	...	65	120	125	...	10
Northern— Rawalpindi	...	...	410	441·35	50	42·08	13·75	15·31	...	100	...	145·47	14·37	14·27
Western— Lyallpur	...	..	432·5	405	52·5	43·12	15	15	80	80	...	142·5	...	...
Multan	76·25	...	461·25	442·5	45·62	44·06	15·47	15·47	...	...	...	...	..	...
N.-W. Frontier Province— Peshawar	...	...	441·41	406·3	72·71	51·2	15·36	15·36	...	72·71	...	145·47	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	...	43·75	...	14·48	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan— Karáchi	91·25	81·25	510	440	75	...	...	...	61·87	51·87	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	482·5	461·25	56·25	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	..
Quetta	...	...	455 to 515	445 to 485	...	...								
Bombay— *Deccan and Karnátak—* Dharwar	...	31·35	...	...	66·93	77·3			175·42	157·92	92·97	...		..
Sholapur	...	...	466·67	414·01	66·67	72·5								
Poona	...	...												
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar	...	...	425	391·67	70	75	..		...	...		...		
Dhulia	...	...	...	...	...	...								
Gujarat— Surat	83·59	...	475·68	394·58	...	...		...	...	..	...	...	..	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	460	395	...	...		...	...	...		...	...	...
Central Provinces— *Western—* Nagpur	83	77·5	500	450	...	...	23·37	21·62	83·37	83·87	120	120	8·75	6·25
Central— Jubbulpore	66·62	57·12	420	420	...	...	22·25	22·87	90	100	123	123·75	6·62	6·62
Eastern— Raipur	...	...	460	425	...	...	25	20·5	135	140	125	...	...	...
Berar— Akola	78	...	390·5	400	...	...	18·25	20	95·25	96	...	...	...	7·5
Amraoti	83·25	77·25	460	400	..	...	19	19	156	130		..	...	
Madras— *South, central—* Coimbatore	93·1	88	487·9	487·9	51·1	51·2	22·5	22·4	188·4	188·4	92·8	89·6	.	...
Salem	...	...	445·2	428·2	...	...	...	...		...	114·7	114·7	..	.
Central— Bellary	77·2	66·2	444·5	380·9	67·4	67·4	...	..	..	...	75·8	82·4	...	...
Cuddapah	..	...	427·8	460·6	..	...	...	...	116·6	116·6	74·1	71·9	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	...	366·6	400	...	...	15·7	15·7		...				...
East Coast, south— Madras	74·1	77·1	493·8	493·8	54·7	51·9	12·5	12·8	131·7	131·7	75·7	104·5	..	...
Tanjore	...	...	466·6	466·6	...	...	13·1	13·1	113·1	133·6	..	.	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	641·6	574·4	...	...	17·6	17·6						
Southern— Madura	94·2	84·2	540·5	473	...	...	...	...	106·8	106·8	.		..	...
Mysore— Mysore	72	76	454·27	445·68	68·54	68·54	..	..	197·18*	197·18*	120	120	3·65	3·65
Bangalore	72	68	437·13	411·41	51·41	68·54	...	...	248·12*	248·12*	171·41	171·41	5·88	5·68

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Rajputana— *Eastern—*
9·37	6·15	12·19	7·29	...	...	30·98	28·59	100	100	85	85	2·91	2·31	Ajmer
														Punjab— *Southern—*
...	...	...	...	10	7·19	...	19·53	90	90	150	150	2·37	2·19	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	14·22	8·85	23·44	...	180	160	160	140	2·37	2·44	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	18·12	10	14·06	16	21·56	19·53	80	80	150	150	2·12	1·81	Delhi
														Submontane—
..	...	..	...	13·75	8·02	19·06	15·1	100	120	100	125	2·41	2·4	Amritsar
														Northern—
.	...	...	10	13·12	11·41	20	20	90	90	100	100	2·12	2·31	Rawalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	19	5	...	25	100	100	140	140	2·41	2·44	Lyallpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	2·44	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province
.	...	6·15	...	6·77	7·71	18·38	12·93	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2·69	2·72	Peshâwar
...	...	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	2·75	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
	...		...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	1·95	2	Karâchi
			...	11·25	8·75	17·5	15	...	...	...		2·22	2·28	Shikârpur
...	...		...	7·81	10·62	26·25	20·78	100 to 200	100 to 200	.		2·25	2·36	Quetta
														Bombay— *Deccan and Karnâtak—*
		.	..	...	..	...	...	.	.			2·12	...	Dharwar
	...	.	...	...	...	...		[illegible]	...	.	.	1·98	2·03	Sholapur
	...	.	...	...	..	...	23·59	...	...	...	...	2·05	1·69	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...		...	..	...	...	34·27	28·59	...	.	...	...	1·97	1·97	Ahmadnagar
...	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	2·16	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
	.	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	.		.	2·2	2·33	Surat
	.			...	...	22·5	16·25	.	..	.	..	2·25	2·19	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces *Western—*
...		13·37	10·62	...	...	...	...	50	50	100	90	1·87	1·87	Nagpur
														Central—
.	...	...		7	...	30	25	60	60	70	70	1·75	1·75	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
	..	.		...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	2·12	1·87	Raipur
														Berar—
.	.	20·75	8·25	...	...	...	...	85	77	58	59	1·87	1·87	Akola
...	...	12·25	7	...	2	33·25	40	60	55	80	100	2·12	2·12	Amrâoti
														Madras— *South, central—*
		4	3·2	12	12	115·2*	109·5*	...	...	50	50	2·13	2·06	Coimbatore
7·8	3·9		...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	.		2·03	2	Salem
														Central—
...	...	6·8	6·8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	140	2·25	2·25	Bellary
..			.	...	...	...	...	.	.	.	.	2	2	Cuddapah
		.	...	...	...	...	...	..	.			2·25	2·5	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
3·6	3·6	..		...	...	...	...	...	.	.		1·59	1·48	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
				14·2	14·2	38·3	25	98·75†	98·75†	.	..	1·79	1·79	Madras
.	...	.	..	..	...	18·6	12·3	130†	130†	..	...	1·66	1·68	Tanjore
.		.	–	18·1	19·8	42·6	35·8	...	...	...	...	2·32	2	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
12·9	6·4	..	...	12·5	12·5	16·9	16·9	...	...	40	40	2	2	Madura
														Mysore—
2·92	2·92	3·65	3·65	...	...	36·72	36·72	80	80	100	100	2·25	2·09	Mysore
5·88	5·88	...	...	...	...	33·8	33·8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	1·87	Bangalore

* Superior quality † Sheep or goats

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Calcutta, May 17, 1912

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912 [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	..	...	...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	..	7 15	7 15	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	..	...	8 9	8 9	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	.	...	...	8 9	8 9	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	10 13	10 5	...	...	8 5	8 1	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	...	...	6 10	6 10	7 12	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bassein	..	...	...	...	8 13	8 13	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 9	9 3	...	...	...	...
Henzada	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 1	5 1	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Prome	..	...	...	...	7 10	...	8 9	9 2	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	7 14	7 11	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	..	...	...	...	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	10 5	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	9 3	8 14	...	...	7 10	7 4	8 3	7 12	14 14	...	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	8 5	8 5	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	..	...	...	[illegible] 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	...	[illegible] —	7 —	8 —	8 —	17 4	17 2	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	5 —	4 —	...	...	6 —	7 —	6 8	8 —	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	...	...	8 8	9 8	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	12 3	11 11	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	..	...	3 8	8 8	8 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Gáro Hills	...	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	10 5	11 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	12 —	10 —	..	...	20 —	20 —	22 —	22 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	...	.	...	10 —	11 —	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	14 —	14 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	..	...	7 —	8 —	13 —	13 8	...	...	...	.
Sibságar	...	...	..	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	8 —	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...	.	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	.	...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 —	9 —	8 6	8 6	...	...	11 7	10 12	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 8	9 11	10 5	...	...	...	...
Dacca	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	9 2	9 10	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	9 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	8 —	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	9 —	9 4	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 14	8 —	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 4	10 —	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	12 5	12 5	11 7	16 —	...	...	8 14	9 2	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	12 —	17 —	30 —	25 —	...	...	10 12	11 4	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Bagi (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Marua or Bagi Previous half-month	Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Kangni Previous half-month	Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Gram Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half-month of report	Maize Previous half-month	Arhar Dál Half-month of report	Arhar Dál Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Salt Previous half-month	Districts
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	14 —	14 —	Mergui
...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	14 4	14 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 2	13 11	Pegu
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	[illegible]	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 2	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 13	7 13	14 —	14 —	Tharawadi
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 8	7 15	17 2	17 2	Henzada
...	...	...	...	11 7	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	12 —	Prome
...	...	...	...	9 7	...	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 13	13 11	13 11	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	18 5	18 5	8 4	8 4	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	12 1	11 6	18 9	18 12	8 9	8 8	16 2	16 2	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	[illegible]	4 —	4 —	21 4	21 4	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	[illegible]	5 —	4 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	9 8	17 —	16 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
...	...	...	...	7 12	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 4	10 4	10 8	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	..	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	4 8	5 —	12 —	14 —	5 —	6 —	9 —	12 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	10 —	10 —	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	...	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	18 —	18 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	9 —	10 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	15 —	Sibságar
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	22 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Backerganj
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	10 —	9 4	17 —	17 —	Dacca
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	13 4	13 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 4	10 —	10 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 8	...	...	8 14	8 14	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	18 —	14 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	16 —	17 —	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	11 8	12 —		...	..	...	11 —	12 —	..	...	...	...
Bardwan	...		.	...		...	10 —	10 8	..	...	.	...
Birbhum	10 —	10 —	..	...	...	..	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	.	..	..	..	10 10½	11 5½	...	...	.	
Murshidabad	13 4	12 —	18 8	18 —	...	...	10 8	11 —	..	...	...	..
Northern—												
Pabna	...		.	...	5 8	5 8	10 10	11 —	...	...	...	
Rajshahi	10 8	11 4	18 12	24 —	6 —	6 —	11 4	11 4	...	..	...	..
Malda	12 —	12 8	...	.	10 —	10 —	12 —	13 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 12	9 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 12	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 8	9 8	...	...	8 8	9 —	13 8	14 —	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	12 —	9 8	...	...		...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	9 8	9 8	..	...	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	..	7 —	7 —	...	..	...	..
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	14 —	14 —	..	...	..	..	12 8	11 8	..	.	..	..
Bhágalpur	12 —	12 8	16 6	18 4		...	11 14	11 8	...	...	.	
Darbhanga	12 1	11 —	18 11	20 11	...	...	11 —	11 —	.			
Muzaffarpur	12 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	.	.	10 —	10 —	.	..	.	.
Saran	11 — to 11 8	11 —	17 —	16 —		.	10 8	11 —	.	.	.	..
Champáran	14 —	12 —	20 —	24 —			11 8	11 —	...		..	..
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	10 —	10 —	14 —	13 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	..	.
Monghyr	14 8	14 4	21 —	21 —			13 10	13 —		...		...
Gaya	13 13	13 13	17 17	17 7		.	13 4	12 5	18 7	18 7	...	...
Patna	13 8	14 —	20 —	22 —		...	13 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	...	...
Shahabad	12 —	12 —	16 —	17 —		...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	12 —	13 —				..	10 —	10 —	...	...	..	..
Mánbhum	10 8	10 8	13 4	13 4	..	...	11 —	10 8	...	...	16 —	16 —
Ránchi	10 4	10 8	16 —	16 —	.	.	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Palámau	13 8	12 6	16 14	18 9	...	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	11 13	11 13	.	...	...	.	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 2	11 13	...	...	.	...	11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...
Balasore	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	..	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11 8	11 8	..	.	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(*a*) Agra—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	11 —	10 —	15 —	16 —	5 —	5 —	8 12	8 12	...	...	16 —	16 —
Benares	11 6	11 6	15 11½	16 12	6 —	6 —	8 1¼	8 1¼	...	...	...	16 4
Ghazipur	12 12	11 11	16 5	18 5	6 12	6 1	10 5	10 3	16 —	15 11	15 11	15 11
Jaunpur	12 3	12 3	16 4	17 13	5 1	5 1	8 —	7 5	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	10 —	9 12	16 8	16 8	5 12	5 12	8 8	8 8	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 8
Central—												
Bánda	14 12	11 13	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	12 —	11 —	16 8	16 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	12 12	10 8	15 8	16 8	6 4	6 4	8 4	8 4	19 4	19 4	14 10	14 10
Jalaun	14 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	9 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —
Cawnpore	11 2	11 —	14 8	15 8	...	...	8 12	9 —	17 8	18 —	15 —	15 4
Jhansi	11 2	11	18 8	18 12	5 12	5 14	8 —	8 —	17 8	17 12	...	...
Etáwah	12 4	11 10	15 4	15 2	3 —	3 —	8 8	8 8	14 8	15 8	14 8	14 12
Farukhabad	11 8	11 11	15 7	16 4	3 14	3 11½	8 2	6 8¼	18 —	15 10	18 5	14 5
Mainpuri	12 8	12 4	17 8	17 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 8	15 8	14 —	16 8
Etah	13 8	13 —	17 8	17 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	16 —	12 —	14 —
Western—												
Meerut	11 12	11 4	14 —	15 —	3 8	3 8	7 12	8 —	...	...	...	...
Agra	10 8	11 8	14 —	14 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Muttra	11 —	11 —	17 —	17 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Aligarh	13 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 —	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 12
Bulandshahr	12 8	11 8	16 4	17 4	3 —	3 —	5 — to 8 —	5 — to 8 —	14 —	15 —	12 —	14 8
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	11 —	13 —	15 15	16 1	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	...	...	13 10	...
Azamgarh	11 12	12 —	16 8	16	7 —	7 —	10 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	13 8	12 10	16 11	18 —	8 9	9 —	10 14	10 13	18 15	18 15	16 3	15 5
Basti	13 —	13 8	19 8	20 —	6 12	6 12	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Arhar Dál Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Districts
												Bengal—*continued*
												Western—
...	..	...	.	13 —	13 —	...	..	11 12	11 8	18 12	20 —	Bankura
...	.	...	...	13 —	13 12	...	...	12 -	12 —	19 —	19 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 —	..	...	8 8	9 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	..	.	11 8	11 8 to 12 —	..	..	10 —	10 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	...	...	.	18 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	.	.	9 —	9 —	18 —	19 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	15 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	9 12	15 12	15 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	16 —	13 4	...	...	8 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Malda
...	...	..	..	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 6	13 —	19 8	19 8	Bogra
...	...	...	...	11 —	10 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 4	...	...	8 8	9 —	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
10 —	11 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	13 8	15 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	15 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	16 6	15 8	16 6	17 —	10 2	10 12	18 8	18 —	Bhágalpur
22 —	22 —	...	...	18 11	17 9	22 —	22 —	9 14	9 14	17 9	17 9	Darbhanga
...	...	...	...	16 —	14 —	21 —	20 —	10 —	10 —	19 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	16 8	17 —	20 —	21 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Sáran
25 —	25 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	26 —	25 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	19 —	Champáran
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	13 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	19 4	17 8	18 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	18 14	20 —	Monghyr
25 10	25 10	16 6	16 6	16 6	15 14	24 9	[illegible]	12 —	11 13	16 6	16 6	Gaya
...	...	19 —	20 —	19 —	18 —	22 —	22	...	12 —	20 —	20 —	Patna
...	...	...	...	18 —	19 —	20 —	20 —	10 8	11 —	19 —	19 —	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	11 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	16 —	18 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	11 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	Mánbhum
27 —	26 —	...	...	11 —	13 —	30 —	18 —	8 4	9 —	16 —	16 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	...	16 14	15 3	27 —	27 —	16 14	13 8	18 —	18 —	Palámau
26 —	24 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	18 —	21 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Orissa—
..	...	...	...	12 2	11 2	...	..	9 13	9 13	26 8	26 8	Puri
...	...	...	...	11 13	11 13	...	...	11 13	11 13	22 —	22 —	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	11 8 and 12 —	11 8 and 12 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	..	11 8	12 —	...	16 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —½	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 11½	15 2	15 11½	16 4	...	...	10 13½	10 13½	18 —	18 —	Benares
...	...	...	...	17 11	16 13	...	...	10 14	10 9	17 —	17 8	Ghazipur
...	...	...	...	18 14	17 13	...	...	12 14	12 14	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	19 8	19 2	...	...	14 8	14 8	18 4	18 2	Bánda
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	22 4	21 4	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	20 8	21 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	11 8	12 —	17 12	18 —	19 —	19 —	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	20 4	21 9	19 12	18 —	10 —	10 4	19 8	19 —	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	14 8	15 8	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	Etáwah
..	...	...	...	16 —	15 11	20 10	17 8	10 10½	10 7	19 7	18 15½	Farukhabad
..	...	...	...	17 —	15 4	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 —	...	18 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	21 —	12 —	12 —	23 —	22 8	Meerut
...	...	...	...	17 —	18 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 8	Agra
...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	...	...	14 8	14 8	21 —	21 —	Muttra
..	...	6 8	6 8	18 —	18 —	18 —	17 6	12 8	12 8½	22 —	24 —	Aligarh
...	..	...	...	17 12	16 8	15 —	16 —	14 —	13 8	20 8	20 —	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	15 15	15 10	18 3	20 2	10 11	11	16 4	16 4	Ballia
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 8	...	...	10 8	11	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	15 5	15 5	16 2	16 2	18 15	18 15	12 —	13 —	18 6	18 6	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 12	10 12	19 —	19 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice * Best sort		Rice * Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(a) Agra—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	12 12	12 12	16 8	16 8	6 8	6 8	10 —	10 —		17 —	16 —	16 —
Budaun	12 4	12 —	15 12	15 14	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	15 —	14 12
Pilibit	10 —	10 8	16 4	18 —	5 8	5 8	7 12	8 4	...	...	...	...
Bareli	12 3	11 4	14 12	14 12	3 4	3 4	7 8	7 12	17 —	17 —	...	15 —
Moradabad	12 10	10 9	15 4	15 12	3 2	3 2	6 4	7 —	16 14	16 6	...	16 6
Bijnor	14 —	10 —	17 8	18 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	12 6	11 —	14 9	14 14	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Sahâranpur	10 10	10 10	14 4	15 15	3 8	3 7	6 14	6 14	12 9	14 14	12 9	14 14
Dehra-Dun	9 9	10 6	13 8	13 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	14 —	15 —	13 —	15 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	11 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Almora	8 8	9 4	11 8	11 12	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Garhwál	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 12	...	.	...	...
(b) Oudh—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	12 8	13 —	17 —	19 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Sultanpur	12 8	13 —	12 —	19 8	5 —	5 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	12 2	12 12	16 —	19 —	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	11 —	12 —
Unao	12 2	11 4	16 4	16 —	5 8	5 8	7 8	9 12	...	17 —	...	15 —
Lucknow	12 4	12 4	16 —	19 —	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 4	...	20 —	16 —	16 8
Hardoi	13 —	12 8	17 —	17 —	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 —	20	20 —	17 —	17 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 —	12 —	16 8	16 8	...	..	8 8	8 8	..	...	...	...
Barabanki	13 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	3 8	8 8	8	16 —	18 —	14 —	15 —
Gonda	12 —	11 —	20 —	19 —	7 4	7 4	8 12	9 —	21 —	22 —	19 —	18 —
Bahraich	13 4	12 —	18 —	19 —	5 8	6 —	9 8	10 —	27 —	27 —	19 —	17 8
Sitapur	13 —	12 12	16 —	16 8	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	12 8	20 —	16 —	16 8
Kheri	13 —	13 —	16 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	21 —	22 —	18 —	18 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	13 4	13 8	18 —	17 [illegible]	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	...	...
Bánswára	13 4	13 4	14 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	9 14	10 8	12 12	13 14	6 6	6 6	7 3	7 2	13 2	13 8	10 14	11 5
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	9 8	10 —	12 4	12 12	7 12	7 8	8 4	7 12	...	...	...	...
Ajmer	9 9	10 6	11 12	13 11	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	12 12	13 8	11 8	12 4
Kishangarh	9 —	9 —	11 8	11 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Bundi	16 1	16 14	19 3	20 —	2 15	5 —	5 15	6 4	22 9	22 8	11 14	12 8
Kotah	12 12	13 4	15 8	15 —	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	10 —	11 —
Jhalawar	12 4	12 8	18 5	18 7	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	12 10
Tonk	10 12	11 8	16 15	14 12	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Jaipur	11 8	11 —	14 10	14 10	5 4	5 4	5 12	5 12	14 6	14 10	13 10	13 5
Karauli	11 9	11 4	15 10	16 14	5 —	5 10	6 4	6 4	...	14 6	12 8	12 13
Dholpur	...	...	...	...	... *	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bharatpur	11 1	11 10	15 —	16 8	4 13	4 13½	5 8	5 8	...	15 8	11 10	12 2 and 12 10
Alwar	11 3	...	14 3	...	5 12	...	7 11	...	15 10	...	14 1	...
Deoli	12 8	13 1	16 —	16 12	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	15 4	15 4
Nasirabad	10 —	10 4	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	11 —	12 —	13 12	14 —	5 12	6 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	10 8	10 8
Western—												
Bikaner	9 4	9 8	13 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	11 —	12 —	8 8	9 —
Jaisalmer	7 —	7 3	...	...	4 10	4 10	5 12	6 1	8 13	8 10	7 10	7 13
Jodhpur	9 8 and 10 1	9 10 and 10 4	13 —	13 9	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	13 4	13 5	10 6 and 11 —	11 6 and 11 11
Bálmer	9 2	9 2	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 9	8 9	11 6	11 6	11 4	11 4
Erinpura	10 6	10 6	15 8	15 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Sirohi	9 8 and 10 8	9 4 and 10 4	13 8	14 —	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	10 8	11 —
Anádra	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	10 —	10 —
Abu	9 2	9 2	12 12	12 5	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	..	...	10 —	10 —
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	11 —	11 4	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	15 —	16 —	11 —	11 —
Gwalior	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 4	5 8	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 4	10 4	15 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	12 —	11 8	12 —
Ferozpur	12 —	12 —	14 8	16 —	..	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	10 12	12 4	16 8	14 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	10 8	11 8	10 —	13 8
Gujranwala	11 8	11 10	17 —	17 8	...	...	6 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	13 —	13 —
Jhelam	10 8	10 12	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —

* Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee|

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*) Half-month of report	Marua or ragi Previous half-month	Kangni or kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*) Half-month of report	Kangni Previous half-month	Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*) Half-month of report	Gram Previous half-month	Maize (*Zea Mays*) Half-month of report	Maize Previous half-month	Arhar dál Half-month of report	Arhar dál Previous half-month	Salt Half-month of report	Salt Previous half-month	Districts
												United Provinces—*continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	...	16 —	19 —	19 —	..	20 —	14 —	16 —	19 —	15 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	5 -	5	16 12	16 8	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
12 8	...	...		18 8	17 4	...	.	10 4	12 —	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	...	...	.	18 —	16 4	..	19 8	11 8	11 8	20 4	20 4	Bareli
...	...	...	..	16 13	16 8	18 —	19 2	15 2	14 12	20 4	20 4	Moradabad
...	...	..	...	13 —	16 4	18 —		12 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	Bijnor
...	...	.		18 11	17 10	16 8	16 8	8 12	8 12	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
16 —	16 —	14 14	14 14	18 —	17 —	18 —	18 1	10 10	10 10	21 4	21 4	Saháranpur
16 —	16 -	...		15 4	15 —	16 —	15 —	12 —	12 8	16 —	16 -	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	.	..	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
12 —	12 —	...	...	12 —	11 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	Almora
16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 -	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	..	18 —	18 —		..	11 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Partábgarh
..	...	...		20 —	20 —		..	11 8	13 —	21 8	22 —	Sultanpur
16 -	16 —	12 —	11 —	17 8	17 12	16 —	16 —	13 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 —	...	..	13 8	12 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	..	...	18 8	18 8	21 —	20 8	13 —	14 —	18 —	18 —	Lucknow
22 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	..	14 8	14 8	19 10	18 12	20 8	19 8	10 12	11 2	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	12 —	21 —	20 —	17 —	18 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	9 8	10 —	18 8	17 —	20 —	20 —	11 8	12 —	18 —	16 —	Gonda
...	...	...	.	23 —	21 8	24 8	24 8	12 —	12 8	18 8	18 —	Bahraich
16 —	17 —	16 —	16 —	21 —	21 —	18 —	19 —	12 8	13 —	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	11 —	11 —	21 -	21 —	21 —	23 [illegible]	12 —	12 —	20 —	19	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	..	...	17	17 —	16 4	16 8	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	Partábgarh
..	.	..		17 8	19	13 4	14 —	8 —	7 8	16 —	16 8	Bánswara
...		7 3	7 2	13 14	13 14	12 6	12 6	9 11	9 12	18 7	18 5	Mewar (Udaipur)
12 —	12 —	...	...	11 14	12 8	10 5	10 8	...	...	16 8	16 12	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	13 12	15 8	11 12	12 14	10 4	10 4	24 —	24 —	Ajmer
..	.	..	...	12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	.		19 —	19 —	Kishangarh
..	...	...	...	14 4	15 —	20 3	21 4	...	..	19 —	20 —	Bundi
...	.	...	..	16 8	18 —	16 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 -	Kotah
...	...	.		15 3	16 —	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 -	Jhalawar
...		...	...	16 12	17 —			..	.	18 —	18 —	Tonk
	...	6 13	6 18	12 18 and 16 7	13 1 and 17 8	14 2	14 6	16 11	16 11	24 —	24 —	Jaipur
.	...	...	...	16 14	17 13	..	...	..	..	20 10	20 —	Karauli
..	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	Dholpur
...	..	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	19 4	19 4	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Bharatpur
..	...	13 —	...	19 2		14 4	..	22 6		24 12		Alwar
...	...	...	..	15 4	16 8	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	21 12	21 12	Deoli
..	...	...	...	15 —	15 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Nasirabad
...	...	...	..	14 —	14 -	13 8	13 12	...	...	22 12	22 8	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	..		14 8	15 —	...	...	8 —	7 8	22 8	22 8	Bikaner
...	...	..	-	8 13	8 —	...	..	-	...	21 —	21	Jaisalmer
...	...	..	.	14 4	14 7	...	...	8 12	10 —	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
...	.	.	.	13 12	18 12	...	...	.		16 —	16 —	Bálmer
...	.	...	.	13 11	13 11	..	.	.	...	24 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	...	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 -	22 —	22 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8	..	...	20 —	20 -	Anádra
...	..	...	...	12 —	12 —	11 10	11 10	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	.	15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 8	.	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 8	.	...	...	.	25 —	25 —	Hissar
...	.	...		17 8	18 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	15 —	10 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	...	.	17 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	.	16 —	16 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	9 —	9 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	11 —	10 8	15 —	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	13 —	13 —	13 —	12 —
Delhi	10 8	11 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 4	6 4	14 —	14 —	13 8	13 8
Rohtak	10 8	10 8	15 —	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Karnál	11 —	11 8	14 4	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	19 —	19 —	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 4	12 8	14 4	14 12	...	...	8 4	8 4	19 8	19 8	13 12	14 12
Ludhiána	12 —	12 —	16 —	17 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	14 —	12 8	12 —	12 8
Jalandhar	12 8	13 —	17 —	18 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —
Hoshiárpur	11 8	11 12	16 8	16 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Gurdáspur	13 —	13 —	20 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 —	12 12	15 —	15 —	...	.	7 —	7 —	10 8	11 —	12 —	13 8
Siálkot	11 8	12 4	15 8	16 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 —	10 4	17 8	17 8	...		7 —	7 —	14 —	12 —	11 —	11 —
Kángra	11 13	11 8	20 —	20 —	...		8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	10 12	10 12	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	11 8	12 —	12 12
Attock	11 4	11 —	16 —	16 —	.	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Sháhpur	13 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	7 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Jhang	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 8	12 —	...	13 —
Lyallpur	11 8	12 —	14 —	14 —	...		7 8	7 8	11 —	...	...	...
Multan	11 4	10 12	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 12	8 4	10 8	13 —	12 4	12 4
Montgomery	10 15	11 4	14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Muzaffargarh	10 12	10 12	15 —	14 8	.	...	12 —	12 —	12 8	12 8	14 —	14 —
Dera Ghazi Khan*	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	9 10	9 8	13 —	18 —	3 3	3 3	8 1	8 1	...	...	11 8	11 8
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	17 —	16 —	5 3	5 3	7 13	7 13	11 —	13 —	11 —	13 —
Kohát	10 6	10 4	14 10	14 8	4 4	4 4	9 4	9 4	12 12	15 5	11 8	12 7
Bannu	14 11	12 6	23 7	18 5	3 12	3 12	8 12	8 12	12 8	15 —	12 3	13 2
Dera Ismael Khan	10 10	10 —	15 —	13 12	3 7	3 7	6 4	6 4	13 12	12 8	13 —	13 8
Tochi	10 —	12 —	14 —	16 —	[illegible]	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	[illegible]	10 —	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malakand	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 8	12 8	12 8	...	...
Wano	8 8	8 9	11 12	10 [illegible]	3 1	2 14	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	9 —	9 —	..	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	10 —	11 —	9 8	9 8
Hyderabad	8 12	8 12	...	...	6 —	6 8	7 8	8 —	10 4	10 4	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkár (Umarkot)	10 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikarpur	10 —	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 8
Upper Sind Frontier	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 8	10 4	11 —
Quetta	10 — to 10 14	9 13 to 10 8	13 5	13 4	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	10 8	10 13	10 —	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	7 13	7 13	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	10 2	10 2	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	7 7	7 7	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	10 6	10 6	10 10	10 10
Alibág	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 10	7 10	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 2	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 13	7 13	11 —	11 —	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 2	8 2	...	...	6 14	7 5	7 5	8 3	10 3	10 3	10 12	10 13
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 6	6 6	6 14	6 14	11 14	11 14	10 10	10 10
Belgaum	7 6	7 7	...	...	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 7	11 2	11 2
Satara	6 —	6 6	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	10 4	10 9	10 11	11 1
Sholapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	6 7	6 7	8 8	8 8	13 14	13 14	12 —	12 —
Bijapur	7 14	8 7	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	12 4	11 13	11 5	11 5
Poona	6 14	6 14	...	...	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	10 13	10 13	9 —	9 —
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	12 6	12 6	9 13	9 13
Násik	9 14	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 9	7 9	...	...	10 4	10 4
Dhulia	9 13	9 13	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	12 5	12 5	11 2	11 2
Jalgaon	9 14	9 14	...	.	5 10	5 10	6 7	6 7	10 10	10 10	9 15	9 10
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 14	8 5	10 3	10 3	9 11	9 11
Broach	8 8	9 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	10 —	10 —
Baroda	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Ahmadabad	9 5	10 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	10 8	10 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	10 —
Disa	9 4	9 4	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	10 8	10 8	10 —	9 12
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	9 —	9 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	9 8	9 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	10 2	10 8	...	...	4 6	4 6	7 9	7 9	12 —	13 8	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 11	12 11	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	14 14	14 14	...	...
Betul	13 7	14 6	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	15 15	...	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 11	6 11	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	...
Nagpur	11 7	11 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 7	11 11	12 11	12 11	...	...
Wardha	10 —	11 4	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 9	13 13	13 13	...	...

* Not reported

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or mandi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half month	
												Panjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	.	19 —	18 —	13 —	13 —	11 —	12 —	20	20 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	17 8	18 8	17 8	17 8	12 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	18 8	19 4	..	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	[illegible]	18 12	20 —		...	12 —	12 —	21 —	20 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
16 12	16 12	18 12	18 12	18 8	19 12	16 12	16 12	12 —	11 8	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	10 8	[illegible] —	17 8	18 —	18 12	18 8	...	.	26 —	26 —	Ludhiána
...	...	8 [illegible]	9 —	17 8	18 8	19 —	18 8	...	...	25	25 —	Jalandhar
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	16 —	16	18 8	18 12	..		23 -	23 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	[illegible]	[illegible]	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	...		24 —	24 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	[illegible]	7 8	17 —	17 —	16 8	16 8	10 —	10 —	26 8	26 8	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	16 —			25 —	25 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	13 8	14 —	17 8	17 8	8 8	8 4	17 8	17 8	Simla
...	...	..	...	13 8	14 —	18 8	18 8	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	13 —	13 —	16 4	15 8	15 —	14 12	9 —	9 —	26 —	26 -	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	16 —	15 —	14 8	14 8	8 —	8 -	26	26	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 -	17 —	..	.	...		23 -	23	Sháhpur
13 —	13 —	15 —	15 —	16 —	15 8	14 —	15 8	.		21 -	21 —	Jhang
...	...	..	...	17 —	17 —	...	16 —			24 —	24	Lyallpur
...	..	13 —	13 —	15 8	15 8	14 8	13 8			24	24 —	Multan
...	..	...	...	16 4	16 6	13 —	14 —	8 —	8 —	22 -	22 -	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	14 10	14 10	13 —	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...		.	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	12 11	12 9	12 13	12 13	...		20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	8 7	8 7	16 —	16 —	12 -	13 —	10 —	10 —	25	25 —	Peshávar
...	...	...		14 10	14 8	13 6	12 2	...		25 8	25 8	Kohát
...	.	..	..	20 4	16 7	15 10	15 8	..		31 14	30 10	Bannu
...	..	...		17 8	17 8	16 4	17 8	9 12	9 13	27 —	27 -	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	.	...	12 —	[illegible]	...	.	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	..	..	15 —	[illegible]		...	21 —	21 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8			6 —	6 —	20	18 -	Malakand
...	...	...	...	..	...	10 6	10 6	...	...	.		Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
				12 8	13 —		...	9 —	9 -	29	29 —	Karáchi
...	.		...	12 8	12 8		...	8 —	7 8	24 —	[illegible] —	Hyderabad
												Thar and Párkar
...	...	...		8	8 —	...		6 —	6 —	26 -	26	(Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —			9 -	9 —	22 -	22 -	Shikárpur
...	...			12 8	12 12			8 —	8 —	16	16	Upper Sind Frontier
	...	...		12 5	12 4	11 1	11 7	6 —	6 —	16	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
13 8	13 8	...	...	10 15	10 15			8 9	8 9	20 10	20 10	Karwar
11 8	11 8	...	.	11 -	11 11			8 12	8 2	23 6	23 6	Ratnagiri
...	...	...		9 —	9 —	...	..	8 5	8 5	23 12	23 12	Alibag
7 8	7 8	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	..	8 10	8 10	18 14	18 14	Bombay
11 14	11 14	...	...	11 2	10 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Thanna
												Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	...	10 15	10 15	...	...	9 2	9 2	18 -	18 -	Dharwar
14 8	14 8	...	...	11 —	10 8	..	...	9 —	8 8	20 10	20 10	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	8 14	9 9	19 —	19 —	Satara
...	...	...	..	13 2	12 3	...	...	10 13	11 3	18 —	18 12	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14	..	..	9 10	9 10	19 10	19 10	Bijapur
...	...	...	..	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 3	9 3	19 11	19 11	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-W. Deccan—
...	...	...	.	12 11	11 5	..	..	10 8	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmadnagar
16 10	14 4	...	...	11 5	13 7	..	...	8 14	8 14	22 5	22 5	Násik
...	..	...	...	12 10	12 10	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 8	18 8	Dhulia
...	..	...	...	13 8	13 5	...	..	10 15	10 15	16 8	16 8	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	..	10 8	10 10	...	.	8 13	8 13	26 13	26 13	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	..	9 —	9 —	24 9	24 9	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	26 8	26 8	Kaira
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	.	8 —	8 8	21 —	21 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	.	9 —	9 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	..	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 -	Godhra
...	...	...	.	13 —	13 8	...	..	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	.	12 —	12 —	...	.	7 —	7 -	80 —	80	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 3	..	.	9 11	10 7	17 4	17 4	Nimar
...	...	...	...	15 1	16 10	..	..	11 15	11 15	16 —	16 -	Hoshangabad
...	...	.	...	15 2	16 13	..	.	10 8	13 13	15 7	15 7	Betul
...	...	.	...	19 —	19 —	...	...	9 12	9 12	16 —	16 -	Chhindwara
...		..	..	14 4	14 4	...	...	11 —	12 4	16 -	16 —	Nagpur
...	...	...		9 11	12 2	...	...	13 —	13 1	17 —	17 —	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF APRIL 1912—*concluded* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—*continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 4	11 4	..		5 1	5 1	9 —	9 —	..	..	...	...
Saugor	11 8	11 8		..	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	17 1	...	...
Damoh	11 15	11 15	.	...	7 12	7 12	8 8	8 8	...	19 8	...	..
Jubbulpore	11 —	11 8	.	.	6 —	6 —	11 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Mandla	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 4	10 4	...	...	...	.
Seoni	12 —	12 —			7 2	7 2	11 5	11 5	...	..	...	...
Bálághát	10 3	8 15	...	..	5 7	5 7	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	11 4	11 4		...	...	..	9 4	9 4	...	15 —	...	...
Chánda	10 —	8 15		.	8 —	8 —	8 15	8 15	16 —	13 6	..	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	12 13	14 4	.	...	8 —	8 —	12 13	12 13	...	...	...	...
Raipur	12 8	12 4	.	...	[illegible] 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	.	...	...	..
Drug	13 11	15 15		...	11 3	11 3	11 14	11 14	...	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 11	12 —	...		5 —	5 —	7 14	7 14	17 5	16 —	.	..
Akola	8 15	10 12	...	..	7 13	7 13	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 8	10 8		..	6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal	9 11	9 11	.		4 6	4 6	9 15	8 1	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad	7 6	6 13	10 13	11 5	3 8	3 8	6 2	6 1	12 12	10 15	12 4	10 11
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	.	...		..		...	8 2	8 2	...	.	...	...
S. Canara		...	...	...	...	...	8 7	8 13	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore			..	...		...	6 10	6 10	11 —	11 —	12 5	12 5
Nilgiris	...	..	..	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem	..	.	..	...	...	...	6 3	6 10	10 3	11 —	8 4	8 14
Central—												
Bellary			...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah		...	...	...	...	...	7 13	8 1	13 12	13 15	12 5	13 2
Karnul	...	...	..	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 6	14 6	...	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	..	...	...	.	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	..	...	...	...	...	6 7	6 7	...	...	11 3	11 3
Godávari	...	...	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 4	14 6	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	..	.	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	14 1	14 1	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 11	12 9	12 9	11 8	11 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 14	9 14	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	7 8	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	.	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	.	.	...	...	..	...	7 13	7 13	...	...	11 10	11 10
Tanjore	...	.	..	...	...	...	8 7	8 7	...	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly		.	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 10	17 4	17 8	13 11	13 11
Southern—												
Tinnevelly		.	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	11 —	12 5	13 11
Madura	...	...	..	...	...	...	7 —	7 7	10 3	10 9	9 4	9 9
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 —	7 8	6 —	6 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 12	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar	..	.	7 —	7 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tumkur	7 —	8 —	7 —	8 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	12 8	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 4	6 8	8 —	8 —	16 —	19 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 8	6 12	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Aden	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 9	5 14	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 11	9 5	9 5

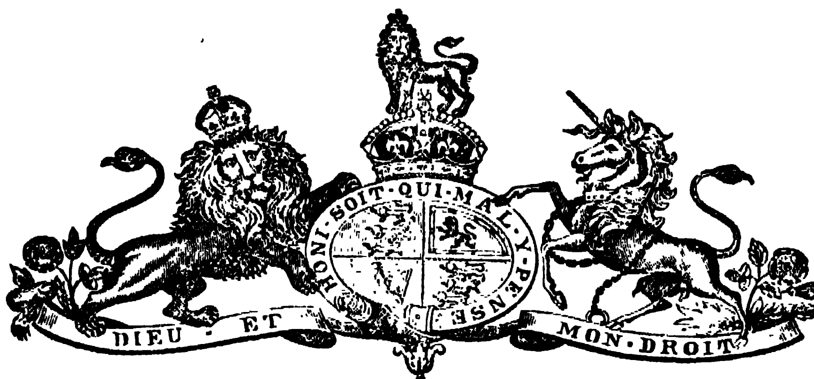
state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces— *continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	18 —	16 15	...	...	12 7	12 7	13 —	13 -	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	18 5	17 1	...	...	11 2	11 2	18 5	18 .	Saugor
...	...	...	...	18 8	20 13	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 -	Damoh
..	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	16 ..	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	Mandla
.	...	...	...	14 4	14 4	...	...	10 11	10 11	12 13	12 13	Seoni
...	...	...	...	13 1	13 1	..	...	10 2	10 2	14 10	14 10	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	13 12	13 12	...	...	10 —	10	18 7	18 7	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	..	..	11 7	11 7	20 —	20 —	Cháuda
												Eastern—
..	.	...	...	16 —	16 —	.	...	14 4	14 4	12 13	12 13	Biláspur
..	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	Raipur
..	...	..	..	16 —	16 —		.	12 —	12 —	15 2	15 2	Drug
												Berar—
.	...	...	...	14 15	14 15		.	11 1	11 —	16 —	16 —	Buldána
..	...	..	...	9 8	9 8	..	...	10 11	10 14	15 —	14 2	Akola
...	..		..	13 —	13 —	...		14 11	14 11	18	18 —	Amráoti
.	.	...	.	10 11	11 11	...	...	12 —	14 4	18 5	16 —	Yeotmal
												Nizam's Territories—
12 3	13 10	..	...	11 —	11 1	..	.	12 12	12 3	14 —	14 .	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	.	...	...	..		.	19 3	19 4	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		22 3	22 3	S. Canara
												South, central—
13 5	14 13	...	...	...	..	...	[illegible]		..	17 9	17 9	Coimbatore
...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 -	Nilgiris
13 11	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14 9	15 2	Salem
												Central—
15 8	15 8	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 7	17 7	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Anantapur
15 9	15 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	21 2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 1	14 11	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ganjam
13 2	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
12 11	12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	27 14	27 7	Madras
10 10	11 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Chingleput
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	25 8	N. Arcot
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	23 11	22 12	S. Arcot
13 5	13 4	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
13 5	14 13	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	22 1	22 1	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
14 1	14 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Tinnevelly
11 2	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	23 13	23 13	Madura
												Mysore—
16 —	16 —	...	...	10 —	11 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16	Mysore
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
18 —	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	18 -	18	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	..	8 8	8 8	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Hassan
16 —	16 —	...	...	9 —	9 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 -	16 —	Kadur
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 .	16 —	Shimoga
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12	12 -	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
16 —	17 —	...	...	15 —	16 8	..	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	9 5	10 3	...	...	9 5	9 5	32 —	32 —	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Calcutta, May 17, 1912.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 20.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 18, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	554—582
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	647—677
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations .	39—40

	Pages.
Supplement No. 20—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food-grains for the first-half of April 1912	1057—1075
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 11th May 1912 . . .	1077—1084
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 16th May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period .	1085—1086
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 11th May 1912 .	1087—1089
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways .	1090—1091

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th May, 1912.

No. 2334-*M*.—Intelligence having been received of the death of His Majesty the King of Denmark, K.G., Court mourning is ordered for four weeks from the 15th May, half mourning commencing from the 5th June.

When attending at the Viceregal Court, ladies will appear in black until the 4th June and thereafter in half mourning (white, grey or mauve) until the 12th June. Officers in uniform will, when attending at the Viceregal Court, wear a crape band on the left arm throughout the period of Court mourning.

By Command,

F. A. MAXWELL, *Lieut.-Colonel,*
Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 17th May, 1912.

No. 1024.—Rai Bahadur Charu Chandra Sarkar, a Superintendent in the Home Department, has been placed on special duty in that Department, with effect from the 14th May 1912.

No. 1025.—In consequence of the deputation of Rai Bahadur Charu Chandra Sarkar, a Superintendent in the Home Department, on special duty in that Department, with effect from the 14th May 1912, the following promotions with effect from the same date are notified :—

Mr. G. F. Winn to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. A. Lawrence to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. H. C. Marsden to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 3rd grade.

MEDICAL.

The 17th May, 1912.

No. 436—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), is granted leave on urgent private affairs for six months with effect from the 2nd May 1912.

No. 437.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. James, F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Medical Adviser, Patiala State, is appointed, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties, to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., or until further orders.

No. 438.—Major H. A. Smith, M.B., I.M.S., Civil Surgeon, Simla (East), held charge of the current duties of the Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), in addition to his own, with effect from the 2nd May 1912, until the date of his relief by Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. James, F.R.C.S., I.M.S.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 17th May, 1912.

No. 196.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the words "or by a plain granite or marble curb on a concrete foundation" shall be added after the words "metal pillars" in line 2 of rule 19, Part I of the Ecclesiastical Rules published with the Home Department Notification no. 465, dated the 6th November 1909.

SANITARY.

The 11th May, 1912.

No. 816.—The following telegram is published for general information :

Telegram dated Bushire, the 9th May 1912.

From—The Political Resident in the Persian Gulf, Bushire.
To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Education Department.

Enforcement of five days quarantine against arrivals from Karachi temporarily suspended owing to existence plague Bushire passengers by fast mail have to undergo medical inspection and proceed quarantine island for disinfection before they are allowed to land.

The 15th May, 1912.

No. 821.—Captain R. C. Brown, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to act as Assistant Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, during the absence on leave of Major S. R. Christopher, M.B., I.M.S., or until further orders.

No. 824.—The services of Captain A. Cameron, M.B., I.M.S., and of Captain H. C. Buckley, M.D., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., Plague Medical Officers in the Punjab, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department.

The 17th May, 1912.

No. 847.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 58 of the Pilgrim Ships Act, 1895 (XIV of 1895), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alteration shall be made in rule 57 of the rules published with the notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, no. 1902, dated the 14th October 1910, as amended by the Education Department notification no. 1549, dated the 21st August 1911:—

In column 2 of rule 57, against the words "Liquid extract of Ergot", substitute the figure and word "½oz." for the figure and word "8ozs."

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

CIVIL VETERINARY—ADMINISTRATION.

Simla, the 14th May 1912.

No. 1014—50-2.—The following order issued by the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, London, is published for general information:—

(8299.)

ORDER OF THE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE AND FISHERIES.

Dated 12th March 1912.

FOREIGN ANIMALS (AMENDMENT) ORDER OF 1912.

The Board of Agriculture and Fisheries, by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Diseases of Animals Acts, 1894 to 1911, and of every other power enabling them in this behalf, do order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows:—

Extension of Certain Provisions of the Foreign Animals Order.

1.—(1) Any provision of Chapter I of the Foreign Animals Order of 1910 which relates to an animal brought from a port in a scheduled country shall apply in like manner to a foreign animal brought from a port in a country which is not a scheduled country, if the animal since it was taken on board at that port has entered a port in a scheduled country.

(2) It shall not be lawful to land in Great Britain, except under the authority, and subject to the conditions, of a licence granted by the Board, cattle, sheep, goats or swine taken from the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, or the Isle of Man into a port in a scheduled country.

Amendment of Article 45 of the Foreign Animals Order.

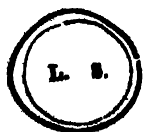
2. Article 45 of the Foreign Animals Order of 1910 is hereby revoked, and the following Article shall be substituted therefor:—

"45.—(1) This order shall not, except where otherwise expressly stated, apply in relation to animals brought from the Channel Islands or the Isle of Man.

"(2) Chapters 1 and 3 of this Order shall not apply to an animal the landing of which at a Foreign Animals Quarantine Station has been approved by the Board under the Foreign Animals (Quarantine) Order of 1896."

Short Title and Construction.

3. This Order may be cited as the Foreign Animals (Amendment) Order of 1912, and shall be read with the Foreign Animals Order of 1910.



In witness whereof the Board of Agriculture and Fisheries have hereunto set their Official Seal this twelfth day of March, nineteen hundred and twelve.

T. H. ELLIOTT,
Secretary.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 439-458-*E.*

Simla, the 15th May, 1912.

No. 25.—The following is published for general information :—

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Public Works Department.

In the Resolution of the Government of India in the Public Works Department Nos. 675—694-E., dated 24th April 1908, the Governor General in Council announced that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India had sanctioned the introduction of a scheme for the re-organisation of the engineer establishment of the Public Works Department. The main features of the scheme were the substitution of time scales of pay for the graded system of promotion formerly in force, and the complete separation of the Imperial and Provincial Engineer establishments by placing them in two distinct cadres with different rates of promotion to executive rank. It was hoped that the advantages which were held out in the matter of pay would have induced the majority of the Provincial engineers to accept the new conditions of service, but this hope has not been fulfilled. Numerous memorials from the officers themselves, and the result of enquiries made from local Governments and Administrations, shew that the members of the Provincial Engineer service attach much greater importance to being borne on a combined list with their Imperial confreres than was supposed to be the case, and that for this and other reasons it is desirable, so far as the Public Works Department is concerned, to abandon the attempt to carry out fully the recommendation of the Public Service Commission for a separate Provincial service. It was also represented that the scale of pay fixed for the Provincial engineers, although an improvement on the rates obtaining under the old graded system of promotion, was inadequate. In view of these representations the Governor General in Council has had under consideration the possibility of devising a scheme which would satisfy the reasonable demands of the memorialists, and at the same time secure a high standard of efficiency by attracting to the service the best material available in the country.

2. The Governor General in Council now desires to announce that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the introduction, with effect from the 1st April 1911, of the following revised scheme, which provides for the abolition of the dual cadre, the equalization of the period for promotion to executive rank in the two services, and the increase of the pay of the Provincial officer to an amount which shall bear, as nearly as possible, the same proportion to the pay of the Imperial officer, as that which existed prior to the introduction of the new scales in 1908. The rates of pay now sanctioned for members of the Provincial Engineer service are as follows :

		Maximum pay. Rs.
Assistant Engineer	1st year of service	250
" "	2nd " "	275
" "	3rd " "	300
" "	4th " "	325
" "	5th " "	350
" "	6th " "	375
" "	7th " "	400
" "	8th " "	425
" "	9th " "	450
" "	10th " "	475
Executive Engineer	11th " "	535
" "	12th " "	570
" "	13th " "	605
" "	14th " "	640
" "	15th " "	675
" "	16th " "	710
" "	17th " "	745
" "	18th " "	780
" "	19th " "	815
" "	20th " "	850

NOTE.—A special increment of Rs. 50 may be granted by the local Government to a deserving Executive Engineer, who, after completion of five years' service on the maximum pay of Rs. 850, is not promoted to administrative rank.

				Rs.
Superintending Engineer, 3rd class	...	...	...	1,200
" " 2nd "	...	...	...	1,400
" " 1st "	...	...	...	1,600
Chief Engineers	...	...	...	Imperial rates of pay.

The time scale of pay laid down in the Resolution of the 24th April 1908 for officers of the Imperial service remains unaltered, but future entrants will attain executive rank in the 11th, instead of in the 9th year of service as at present. Thus, in both services promotion to executive rank will take place at the same period, and will be subject only to the condition that the officer concerned is considered by the local Government to be fully qualified for the charge of a division. But no officer in the executive class may draw more than the lowest pay of the class, *viz.*, Rs. 800 a month in the case of the Imperial service, or Rs. 535 a month in the case of the Provincial service, except as a purely temporary arrangement, unless he holds a divisional charge, or a charge which in the opinion of the local Government is of equal importance. Further, an officer of the assistant class placed in charge of a division will draw, in addition to his substantive pay, the ordinary officiating allowance admissible under article 120, Civil Service Regulations, subject to a maximum of Rs. 800 in the case of the Imperial service, and of Rs. 535 in the case of the Provincial service. The alteration of the period of promotion will not however affect Imperial officers already in the service, who if qualified will be given the rank of Executive Engineer in the 9th year of service under existing rules. Similarly, any qualified Provincial officer now in the service will be given the rank of Executive Engineer in the same period irrespective of whether he is actually in charge of a division or not. Officers who were in the service on the 8th March 1908 will ordinarily resume the position in regard to seniority which they formerly occupied on the combined list, and officers appointed since that date will ordinarily take their position on the combined list from date of appointment as Assistant Engineer. Should however an officer's promotion have been retarded, the position he is to occupy on the combined list will be a matter for settlement by the local Government concerned.

3. With a view to placing all officers of the Provincial Engineer service on an equal footing, it has been decided to allow those who did not elect to come under the re-organization scheme of 1908, or who elected from a later date than that of its inception, the option of electing to come under the scale of pay introduced by that scheme from the 8th March 1908 to the 31st March 1911.

4. Subject to the modifications indicated above, which apply equally to Royal Engineers on the civil scale of pay, *vide* Public Works Department Resolution Nos 63—82-E., dated the 18th January 1911, the rules promulgated in the Resolution of the 24th April 1908, will continue in force.

Ordered that this Resolution be forwarded to local Governments, Administrations and officers noted in the margin for information and guidance, and that it be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, Punjab, Burma, Bihar and Orissa.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioners of the Central Provinces and of Assam.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General for Central India and Rajputana.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, Baluchistan.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province.

Ordered also that this Resolution be communicated to the Home, Finance, Revenue and Agriculture, Commerce and Industry, and Railway Departments of the Government of India.

No. 26.—Mr. R. H. Tickell Superintending Engineer, Punjab, is appointed to officiate as Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Irrigation Branch, with effect from the 11th May 1912, during the absence on combined leave of Mr. W. E. T. Bennett, or until further orders.

The 17th May, 1912.

No. 27.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 24, dated the 8th August 1911, Mr W. I. Tilden, is confirmed in his appointment of Superintendent, 3rd grade, with effect from the 1st December 1911, *vice* Mr. R. P. D. Burbridge, retired.

No. 28.—With reference to Public Works Department Notification No. 23, dated the 30th April 1912, the following officiating appointments are made with effect from the 6th May 1912 *vice* Mr. T. Gregory, Superintendent, 1st grade, on combined leave, or until further orders:—

Mr. W. G. Dollman, from Superintendent, 2nd grade, to Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. W. I Tilden, from Superintendent, 3rd grade, to Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. R. R. Reake, from Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, to Superintendent, 3rd grade.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 13th May, 1912.

No. 1055-*G*.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr Johann Frei as Acting Consul for Austria-Hungary at Madras.

No. 1058-*G*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. W. L. Wanklyn as Consul-General for Sweden at Calcutta.

No. 1061-*G*.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Mr. Edwin Theodore Hicks as Consul for Sweden at Rangoon.

No. 1488-*Est.-A*—Mr. P. J. Gould of the Political Department is posted as British Trade Agent at Gyantse, with effect from the 4th May, 1912.

The 15th May, 1912.

No. 1071-*G*.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Monsieur Constantin Nabokoff as Consul-General for Russia at Calcutta.

No. 1505-*Est.-A*.—Captain J. S. Crosthwaite, of the Political Department, is posted on return from leave as Assistant Commissioner, Kohat, with effect from the 24th April, 1912.

No. 1506-*Est.-A*.—Captain W. A. MacD. Garstin, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st May, 1912.

No. 1518-*Est.-A*.—Major F. B. Prideaux, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted temporarily as Political Agent in the Eastern States of Rajputana, with effect from the 28th April, 1912.

No. 1519-*Est.-A*.—Captain W. G. Hutchinson of the Political Department is posted temporarily as Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 1st May, 1912.

The 16th May, 1912.

No. 1524-*Est-A*.—Major A. D. Macpherson, of the Political Department, was employed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, from the 27th November, 1911, to the 14th February, 1912, both days inclusive

No. 1525-*Est.-A*.—Captain C. T. Daukes, of the Political Department, was posted as Political Agent, Gilgit, from the 27th November, 1911, to the 14th February, 1912, both days inclusive.

No. 1526-*Est.-A*.—Captain C. G. Ames, Assistant Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Infantry, was appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Assistant Political Agent, Chilas, in addition to his own duties, from the 27th November, 1911, to the 14th February, 1912, both days inclusive.

No. 1531-*Est.-A*.—With reference to Rule 5 of the rules published in the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3104-Est.-A., dated the 6th October, 1910, the undermentioned officer is confirmed in the Political Department:

Mr. B. J. Gould, Indian Civil Service (Punjab).

No. 1103-*I. B*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 13 of the Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act, 1886 (VI of 1886), and in supersession of the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 3998-I, dated the 30th September, 1891, as susequently amended, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to appoint the officers named in the first column of the schedule hereto annexed to be Registrars of Births and Deaths, in respect of the classes of persons indicated in section 11, sub-section (1), clause (*b*) of the said Act, for the local areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in the second column, including the railway lands situate therein.

2. For the purposes of section 24, sub-section (2) of the said Act, the Governor-General in Council is further pleased to appoint the Registrar-General of Births, Deaths and Marriages for the Central Provinces to be the Registrar-General for the said local areas.

SCHEDULE.

Officers.	*Local areas.*
The Resident at Gwalior	The Gwalior Residency, excepting Guna Cantonment.
The Resident at Indore	The Indore Residency
The Political Agent in Baghelkhand ...	The Baghelkhand Agency.
The Political Agent in Bhopal	The Bhopal Agency.
The Political Agent in Bhopawar ...	The Bhopawar Agency.
The Political Agent in Bundelkhand ...	The Bundelkhand Agency, excepting Nowgong Cantonment.
The Political Agent in Malwa	The Malwa Agency, excepting Nimach Cantonment.
The First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India. ...	Indore Residency Bazars.
The Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India at Agar. ...	Agar Cantonment.
The Assistant to the Resident at Gwalior at Guna. ...	Guna Cantonment.
The Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow ...	Mhow Cantonment.
The Cantonment Magistrate, Nimach ...	Nimach Cantonment.
The Cantonment Magistrate, Nowgong ...	Nowgong Cantonment.

No. 1205-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 8 and 9, respectively of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), the Governor-General in Council is pleased :—

(*a*) to appoint the officers named in the first column of the schedule hereto annexed, being Christians, to be Marriage Registrars in respect of the areas mentioned in the corresponding entries in the second column, and

(*b*) to licence the said officers to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the said areas.

2. The notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department—

No. 1311, dated the 11th June, 1873,

No. 3734-I., dated the 18th September, 1888,

No. 5019-I.B., dated the 6th November, 1903,

are hereby cancelled.

SCHEDULE.

Officers.	*Areas.*
The Resident at Gwalior	The Gwalior Residency, excepting the Guna Cantonment.
The Resident at Indore	The Indore Residency.
The Political Agent in Baghelkhand ...	The Baghelkhand Agency.
The Political Agent in Bhopal	The Bhopal Agency.
The Political Agent in Bhopawar ...	The Bhopawar Agency.
The Political Agent in Bundelkhand ...	The Bundelkhand Agency.

The Political Agent in Malwa ...	... The Malwa Agency.
The First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.	... The Indore Residency Bazars and Mhow Cantonment.
The Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India at Agar.	... Agar Cantonment.
The Assistant to the Resident at Gwalior at Guna.	... Guna Cantonment.

A. H. MCMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 15th May, 1912.

No. 66-*F.E*.—Mr. H. C. O'Brien, Officiating Chief Accountant in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 29th April 1912.

The 16th May, 1912.

No 70-*F E*.—Mr. K. B. Wagle, Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave with effect from the 28th April 1912, to the 7th July 1912.

Mr. H. N. Heseltine has been appointed to officiate as Accountant General, United Provinces, with effect from the 28th April 1912, and until further orders.

No. 71-*F.E*.—Mr. T. R. Vriddhagiri Sarma, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three weeks with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

Mr. R. F. George, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, class II, in that office, with effect from the 22nd April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 72-*F.E*.—Mr. J R. Gunjikar, Assistant Accountant General, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 29th April 1912.

Mr. B. L. Siqueira a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, class II, in that office, with effect from the 29th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 73-*F.E*.—Mr. W. E. Mellor has been appointed to officiate as Comptroller, Central Provinces, with effect from the 26th April 1912 and until further orders.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

PROVINCIAL FINANCE.

No. 27-*F*.

Simla, the 18th May, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

In connection with the Report of the Royal Commission upon Decentralization, the Government of India referred, for the opinion of local Governments,

a number of specific points affecting the financial relations of the Imperial with the Provincial Governments. The particular questions on which advice was sought may be summarised as follows:—

(a) Certain problems regarding the assignment of revenue to the provinces under the quasi-permanent settlements.
(b) The desirability of provincial taxation.
(c) The advisability of floating provincial loans in the open market.
(d) The control to be exercised over the borrowing of local bodies.
(e) The delegation of powers of reappropriation.

The reports of local Governments have been considered in detail by the Governor General in Council; the orders of the Secretary of State have been taken where necessary; and the object of the present resolution is to bring together in one place the decisions which have been reached upon the various points at issue.

The reason for not issuing the Resolution earlier lies in the desire of the Government of India to see the results of the first year's working of the new financial arrangements with the provinces.

2. *The revision of the Provincial Settlements.*—In connection with the quasi-permanent provincial settlements, the scope of the reference was comparatively limited. The Government of India expressly declared their intention of retaining unchanged the principles underlying the existing settlements, and the control which they exercised over the provincial budgets. They invited the opinions of the local Governments on three relatively minor points only; namely, the reduction of over-grown fixed assignments, the gradual elimination of divided heads, and the policy of making special grants from imperial to provincial revenues. When, however, the time came to consider the replies, conditions had changed. The financial position of India was such that it was clearly desirable to take a step which would constitute a decided advance in the evolution of the settlement system. It is not necessary here to describe at any length the history of this system.

Theory of the settlements.

Its institution represents an attempt to solve a problem which must always arise where there exists a local Government in complete or partial subordination to a central authority. Certain classes of expenditure must obviously be left to the subordinate authority, while other services can be satisfactorily administered by the central Government alone. Both these bodies require to be kept in funds. In India, where the great bulk of the revenues of the country is collected in, and credited in the accounts of, the various provinces, the problem resolves itself into the question how the central Government can best be supplied with resources to meet the charges of the services which it must of necessity administer. The provincial settlements represent a method of attaining this object, which has been evolved by diverse and protracted experiment. To meet its own expenditure, the Government of India retains, in the first place, the entire profits of the commercial departments and, secondly, all the revenue whose *locale* is no guide to its true incidence, such as the net receipts from Customs, Salt and Opium. The income derived from these sources is, however, insufficient to cover the cost of the imperial services, and an arrangement had therefore to be made by which the other sources of revenue should be distributed between the central and the various provincial Governments.

3. This arrangement took a semi-contractual shape, as a separate settlement, or agreement, concluded by the Government of India with each individual province. In the stage of development which it had reached when the Royal Commission reported, the settlement system presented three main features.

Their main features.

In the first place, the settlements had been declared to be *quasi-permanent*. The Government of India had, it is true, reserved the right of revision, but they had promised to exercise that power "only when the variations from the initial relative standards of revenue and expenditure were, over

a substantial term of years, so great as to result in unfairness either to the province itself, or to the Government of India, or in the event of the Government of India being confronted with the alternatives of either imposing general taxation, or seeking assistance from the provinces." The second important principle of the system was that the distribution of revenues between the provincial and central governments was made, except on occasions of grave emergency, with direct reference not to the needs of the central government, but to the outlay which each province might reasonably claim to incur upon the services which it administered. The first step taken in concluding a settlement was to ascertain the needs of the province and assign revenue to meet them; the residue only of the income of the province coming into the Imperial exchequer. The third feature of the system was the method by which the revenue accruing from various sources was distributed. The residue which was available for imperial purposes was taken in the shape of a fixed fractional share in a few of the main heads of revenue, which were known as "divided heads." As, however, the distribution of these heads could never be so adjusted as to yield to the province, when added to the revenue from the purely provincial heads, the exact sum necessary to meet provincial charges, equilibrium was effected by means of fixed cash assignments; a deficiency being remedied by an assignment to provincial revenues from the imperial share of the land revenue, and an excess by the reverse process.

Undesirability of altering their general principles except in the direction of greater permanency.

4. In the general principles of this system the Government of India had no desire to make any change. Various alternative methods of financing the Imperial Government had from time to time been suggested, and certain of these are discussed in paragraphs 65 to 68 of the report of the Royal Commission. The Government of India were in entire agreement with the Commission that any radical change of system was undesirable, and fully accepted the grounds on which they rejected the specific alternatives which they considered. It was clearly preferable to abide by the main lines of a system which had gradually been built up to meet the needs of the country, than to look about for an untried scheme of greater abstract perfection. There was, however, one main feature in which the system appeared susceptible of development, and this development seemed to the Government of India to be eminently desirable in the interests of both the imperial and the provincial Governments. The direction in which they desired to advance was that of giving greater permanency to the settlements. From the point of view of the central Government a measure of this kind was rendered vitally important by the existing situation of imperial finances. Simultaneously with the prospect of the loss of a considerable annual revenue from opium, the Government of India were faced by the necessity of providing large and increasing funds for the extension of education, for the improvement of sanitation, and for other kindred purposes. To insure successful conduct of their finance in these circumstances it was essential to remove every avoidable element of uncertainty. They therefore decided to introduce as great a degree of finality as possible into the financial relations of the imperial with the provincial Governments. If provinces could be provided, once and for all, with settlements so framed that local Governments could develop their administration from their own assigned resources and could fairly be warned that they must not, except in cases of unusual calamity, expect assistance from imperial funds, the task before the Government of India would be greatly simplified. At the same time it was considered that, by imparting greater precision to their relations with local Governments they would give the latter a more abiding interest in the husbanding and direction of their own resources; while a sharper definition of the limits of provincial independence in financial matters would make it possible to allow much greater freedom of action within those limits. Before detailing the steps which the Government of India decided to take in order to secure an increase of permanency in the settlements, it will be convenient to discuss the minor points which were specifically referred for the opinion of provincial Governments.

5. The first of these points was the desirability of converting overgrown fixed assignments into shares of growing revenue. As the needs of a province inevitably grow and the province is required to meet them from the expansion of its resources, it is frequently argued that the inclusion of a fixed and inelastic element in those resources hampers a local Government in its task of finding funds to meet the normal growth of its expenditure. The Royal Commission wrote with caution on this subject, but recommended the conversion of unduly large fixed assignments into shares of growing revenue by means of the gradual provincialization of heads of revenue which are now divided, and for which the provincial Governments must always be specially responsible. As suitable subjects for provincialization they suggested the revenue from Excise and Forests. The Government of India were in entire sympathy with the cautious attitude adopted by the Commission in this matter. It is by no means always the case that a fixed assignment hampers a province. The cardinal issue in the success of a settlement is that the normal growth of the assigned revenues should be at least equal to the necessary and carefully regulated growth of provincial expenditure. If this object is achieved, the fact that a part of the assigned revenue is fixed is of little or no importance. It is only when the normal increment of revenue falls short of the legitimate increase in expenditure that the fixed assignment becomes an evil and a danger. On these grounds, the Government of India were unable to accept the suggestion of certain local Governments for frequent and radical action in the matter of commutation. They considered that fixed assignments should be replaced by a share of growing revenue in the following circumstances only:—

Conversion of unduly large assignments into shares of growing revenue.

(1) When an assignment is so large as to prevent the increment in revenue from keeping abreast of the legitimate and necessary growth of expenditure; and

(2) When the financial outlook of the moment justifies the abandonment of the necessary amount of growing revenue in exchange for the reduction of fixed charges.

Such commutation will usually take the shape of the provincialization of heads formerly divided. Except in this connection, however, the Government of India were not inclined to accept the imperialization or provincialization of divided heads as an object in itself. Such heads possess the advantages detailed in paragraph 70 of the Royal Commission's Report, and constitute a factor of some value in the general system of Indian finance.

6. The second point of reference was the question of lump grants from imperial to provincial balances. Such grants have frequently been given to individual provinces, in order either to admit local governments to a share in an exceptional increase of prosperity, or to afford the means of financing a policy which commends itself to the central authority. The principle of making allotments of this kind, which has been described as a "policy of doles", was subjected to considerable criticism before the Royal Commission. The chief charges brought against it are that it increases the opportunities for interference by the Government of India in provincial affairs; that a fair distribution of the grants among the provinces is frequently a matter of extreme difficulty; and that the system often compels local Governments to spend money on objects of less comparative urgency than other needs of their populations. From the point of view of the stability of imperial finances, the policy has the additional disadvantage that it must tend to decrease the provincial sense of financial responsibility, by accustoming local Governments to look for special and spasmodic assistance outside the terms of their settlements. While fully appreciative of these drawbacks attaching to the system, the Government of India were in complete agreement with the Royal Commission that the total abolition of doles is impracticable. Special grants from imperial to provincial revenues are almost inevitable. A line of policy pressed upon the Government of India by the Secretary of State, by the obvious trend of public opinion, or by the competition for efficiency among local Governments must frequently be passed on to the provinces, and to insure its efficient prosecution,

Lump grants from Imperial to Provincial balances.

it is essential that the latter should be provided with funds additional to their ordinary resources. Such will doubtless be the case with the forward movement in education and sanitation, when special grants will have to be given on conditions to be settled in correspondence with local Governments. Again, it often happens that the Imperial Government secures a surplus which cannot suitably be employed in the reduction of taxation, and it naturally wishes to share its windfall with the provinces. In both these cases, doles are unavoidable. To minimise their disadvantages, the Royal Commission recommended the adoption of three principles :—

(1) The system should not involve any greater degree of interference by the central with the local Government than at present exists ;

(2) The grants should be given with due regard to the wishes of the provincial authorities ;

(3) They should not necessarily be assigned for the same object in every province.

These principles, which received the full support of the local Governments, were readily accepted by the Government of India. The Government of Bombay, which discussed the matter in some detail, made certain further proposals for the regulation of doles. They suggested, as the most satisfactory method of subsidising a province, the remission of imperial taxation which might, if the provincial authorities so desired, be re-imposed as a provincial burden. This scheme will merit further consideration at any time when the remission of taxation becomes a practical possibility, but there is little immediate prospect of any such action. The suggestion that doles, whenever given, should take the shape of a fractional addition to the provincial share of land revenue has been sufficiently met by the decision of the Government of India, already described, in the matter of the commutation of cash assignments. In any case this system, if adopted, could not be of universal application ; as it would clearly be unsuitable to a grant made against a fixed payment, such as the Famine Insurance credit, or to a dole given to a province in which the expansion of revenue already outpaces the normal growth of expenditure. To a third opinion expressed by the Government of Bombay, the Government of India were unable to subscribe. They could not admit that the employment of a grant should, except in the rarest instances, be left to the discretion of the local Government which receives it. While they could readily agree to abstain from critical inquiry into the objects to which a dole is applied, they held that the cases in which it would be necessary to specify the general purposes of the assignment would be the rule rather than the exception. When, for example, considerable sacrifices have been incurred in order to raise money for education, they could not contemplate with equanimity its expenditure upon hospitals or bridges. Similar considerations apply when the Government of India are engaged in distributing a windfall. The disposal of a surplus is akin to a legislative act, being decided after debate in the Imperial Legislative Council; and it is often an alternative to a remission of taxation, in which case the purposes to which it is proposed to devote the surplus are deliberately accepted as more needful and expedient than the relief of the general taxpayer. In such cases the Government of India incur a responsibility with reference to the disposal of grants made to local Governments of which they could not consent to divest themselves.

Alleged inequality in the settlements with the different provinces.

7. Before any steps could be taken to impart greater permanency to the provincial contracts, it was clearly desirable to remove any imperfections in the various settlements which might be found to exist. The Government of India were fully alive to the charge often brought against the settlements, that they are of unequal liberality in the different provinces. The assumption underlying the existing condition of quasi-permanency is that the settlements start from equilibrium at the given point of time when the contract is made, and that the inevitable growth of provincial expenditure will be met from the expansion of the revenues which have been assigned to the provinces. It is urged by certain critics that, to make the assumption

tenable, it must also be assumed that all provinces received equality of treatment at their settlement, and more particularly that the settlement standards provided for an equal degree of advance in the different administrations. It is perfectly well known, however, that, at the time of concluding the latest contracts, some provinces were more backward than others; it is known that some of the previous settlements had been framed on generous and others upon less liberal lines, that the standards of expenditure were in consequence unequal and that certain provinces have thus been placed at a definite disadvantage for all time. In this way, it is argued that the older provinces and those which were most insistent in their demands when the earlier settlements were framed now find themselves in comfortable circumstances; while the more backward and less demonstrative administrations have to face permanent financial stringency. The Government of India were prepared to admit the extreme difficulty of giving a conclusive reply to these arguments. It is impossible to devise a satisfactory test of equality of treatment, which could be applied with safety to the results of the various settlements. They were not, however, ready to concede the justice of the criticisms. The supposed inequality of treatment, if it exist at all, is historical and inevitable rather than the outcome of administrative partiality; while its very existence is extremely doubtful. Each province has had periodical re-settlements since 1882. During the intervening years, there has been a steady advance in the equipment of every local Government. The pressure has been constant, both from within and from above, in the direction of greater efficiency and increased administrative comfort: while the supervision and control of the central Government have had the same tendency. All these influences have reacted on each successive revision of the provincial settlements, and have inevitably worked towards an equalization of the scale of expenditure in the different provinces. At every periodical review, the poorer local Governments have pressed their grievances; and the haggling of a quarter of a century has established a rough equity which could not now be replaced by theoretical calculations. One province may be behind another in its jails, or a third in its roads, and its subordinate officials may be worse paid than in a fourth; but it probably spends more than its neighbours on police or on education. Taking the administrative equipment as a whole, the Government of India found it impossible to believe that inequality in the settlements had gone far enough to starve one province in its necessities in order to load another with luxuries, and they considered it entirely unnecessary, in seeking a basis for permanency, to make any radical alterations in the existing settlements which have been evolved by the slow process of years.

Removal of minor defects in the settlements preliminary to the introduction of permanent arrangements.

8. At the same time, it was undoubtedly the fact that imperfections were to be found in certain of the present contracts, which it was undesirable to confirm in perpetuity. Certain of these were due to miscalculations at the time of revision of settlement, or to an unexpected course taken after revision by the revenue of particular provinces. In a number of provinces the fixed assignment had reached a figure which showed signs of becoming excessive. The Government of India accordingly decided to undertake a careful revision of all existing settlements, with a view to the removal of minor defects and the replacement of large cash assignments by shares of growing revenue. With this object, they made a detailed review of the financial position of each province on the lines ordinarily followed in framing a new settlement, checking their conclusions by means of an independent report of the working of each contract obtained from the Accountant General of the province concerned. As a result of this examination, it was found advisable to make variations in the terms of the settlements, before attempting to make them permanent, in order to give the provinces a larger share in the expanding sources of revenue. The exact concessions made have been separately indicated in detail to the various local Governments, but they may for convenience sake, be briefly recapitulated here:—

(1) (a) Forest revenue and expenditure were made wholly provincial in all the provinces.

(b) Excise revenue and expenditure were made wholly provincial in Bombay, while in the Central Provinces and the United Provinces, the provincial share of these heads was increased to three-quarters.

(c) Land revenue was made half provincial in the Punjab and five-eighths provincial in Burma.

(d) The provincial interest of the Punjab in major Irrigation works (direct receipts, working expenses and interest on debt) was raised from three-eighths to one-half.

(2) The fixed assignments of the various provinces were reduced by the amount which these changes of classification added to the provincial share of growing revenue.

The financial effect of these arrangements was to convert fixed assignments amounting to 350 lakhs of rupees into growing net revenue, and to deprive the Imperial Government in future years of an annual net increment of 8·15 lakhs in its share of divided revenue. [In the foregoing description of the new settlements no allusion is made to Bengal or Eastern Bengal and Assam, because the subsequent re-constitution of these provinces has abrogated the permanent settlements and necessitated the formation of new and temporary arrangements.]

Reservation in respect of widespread famine.

9. Having thus remedied the defects of the existing settlements, the Government of India approached the task of imparting greater permanency to their financial relations with provincial Governments. They realised, at the outset, that complete permanency was not attainable. The possibility of famine constitutes a danger to the settlement contracts against which it is impossible to provide adequate safeguards. The famine insurance scheme is a convenient device for distributing the expenditure on famine in its earlier stages, or on a partial scarcity; but a really widespread calamity would sweep it away and leave the provinces dependent in large measure upon the bounty of the Imperial Government. In a crisis of this kind the Government of India must of necessity step in and supplement the provincial resources, as it has done in the past, and the contract obligations will, for the time being, remain partially in suspense. Subject, however, to provision against famine, the Government of India considered that the settlements, as now revised, might safely be declared to be fixed in perpetuity. They held that the time had come when local Governments might reasonably be informed that certain growing sources of revenue had been placed, once and for all, at their disposal from which to meet the future needs of the province which they administered. It would be for them to husband their resources and lay them out to the best economical advantage. With the introduction of this element of fixity into the financial relations, it would be possible to allow provincial authorities far greater independence within definite limits, and to relax a great measure of the control which the Government of India have hitherto exercised over the provincial bodies.

Summary of rules governing the future relations of provincial and imperial finance.

10. The views of the Government of India on the various points discussed in the preceding paragraphs were communicated to the Secretary of State, and, with his approval, the following rules have been laid down to govern the future relations of provincial and imperial finance :—

(i) With the exception indicated in rule II, the provincial settlements for Madras, Bombay, the United Provinces, Burma, the Punjab and the Central Provinces will in future be permanent and not subject to revision; and permanent settlements will be framed, as soon as may be found convenient, for Bengal, Bihar and Orissa, and Assam. In case of serious famine in a province, the question of assistance from the revenues of the Government of India will be considered. The Government of India reserve the right to call for assistance from provincial revenues in the event of grave embarrassment in their own finances,

(ii) When the fixed assignment of a province becomes unduly large and hampers the expansion of its revenue, as compared with the legitimate and necessary growth of expenditure, it will ordinarily be converted, either in whole or in part, into a share of growing revenues, as soon as the state of imperial finances permits.

(iii) In the event of the grant of special allotments to local Governments out of surplus revenues not required for the remission of taxation, the reduction of debt, or other purposes, the Government of India will retain the option of declaring the purposes for which the money is provided, but

(a) the grants will not involve greater interference by the central Government than at present exists;

(b) they will be allotted with due regard to the wishes of the recipient Governments; and

(c) they need not necessarily be devoted to one and the same purpose in every province.

(iv) A local Government may not budget for a deficit, unless it satisfies the Government of India that the excess expenditure is due to an exceptional and non-recurring cause, and also, if the deficit involves a reduction of the provincial balance below the prescribed minimum, that suitable arrangements will be made for the restoration of the minimum.

(v) If a local Government exhausts its own balances and receives permission to overdraw upon the general balances, it will be required to take the necessary amount as a short loan from the Government of India. The loan will bear interest and will be repayable in such instalments as the central Government may direct.

(vi) Future corrections in provincial budgets by the Government of India will be restricted to

(a) divided heads, and

(b) the proposed totals of revenue and expenditure.

A limit will be fixed by the Government of India for ordinary *plus* fresh recurring expenditure, and care will be taken to secure its observance. All extraordinary receipts will be excluded from the limit and will be applied to such non-recurring outlay on public works or other objects as the local Governments, assisted (where these exist) by their Councils, may determine. Relief should not, however, be afforded from these receipts towards meeting the ordinary civil works budget of a province in such a manner as indirectly to set free funds for recurring expenditure under another head. Moreover, when a local Government has taken a loan from the Government of India under the provisions mentioned above, extraordinary receipts shall not be regarded as applicable to non-recurring expenditure on public works or other objects until the whole of such loan is repaid. In a year in which there is no object of sufficient urgency and importance to justify the expenditure thereon of such extraordinary receipts, they should be added to provincial balances to serve as a reserve against future emergencies. In framing the budget estimates, the attention of the Government of India should be drawn to the existence of these special resources and to the manner in which it is proposed to dispose of them.

These rules represent, in the opinion of the Government of India, a decided advance in the path of decentralization. They place a greater responsibility on local Governments for the stability of their provincial finances, while at the same time investing them with wide independence. The arrangement aims at securing a clear division of duties and liabilities; and the Government of India trust that it will now be followed, on the part of each local Government by a careful examination of the scale of expenditure which now prevails, particularly in the Roads and Buildings Branch of the Public Works Department. The

Government of India have now conducted such an examination into their own finances, with a view to economy and retrenchment; and they think it would be well if local Governments should now do the same, bearing in mind the rigidity of the new arrangements and the grave responsibility for keeping the growth of provincial expenditure at a ratio which shall in no circumstances be greater than the growth of provincial resources.

11. *Provincial Taxation.*—On the subject of Provincial taxation the Royal Commission wrote with studied caution. They found in existence a restriction upon the powers of local Governments which forbade them to impose additional taxation without the previous sanction of the Government of India, and they did not advise the removal of this restriction. They thought, however, that if, in the future, there should come about a clear separation between imperial and provincial finance, with a more effective control over the latter by Legislative Councils, it might become practicable and necessary to allow local Governments to levy special provincial taxation if they wished to increase their scale of provincial expenditure. They did not propose to relax the present statutory safeguards of legislation, without which no taxation can become effective. The Government of India are once again in general agreement with the Commission. Their attitude towards provincial taxation in the past has never been one of disfavour. It has frequently been employed, and still in some measure exists, as a supplement to the general revenues for purely provincial purposes. The provincial rates and taxes which have recently been remitted owed their abolition, not to their provincial character, but to the fact that they rested almost entirely on the land, which the Government of India, in pursuance of a settled policy, desire to relieve of miscellaneous burdens. The central Government have in the past frequently advised that provincial resources should be supplemented by small and cautious measures of provincial taxation. They have assented to the theoretical considerations that, in a vast country of greatly varying conditions, imperial taxation must of necessity be restricted in its range, as very few taxes are suitable for imposition in every part of the Indian Empire; that the incidence of an Imperial impost must be lighter in some areas than in others; that provincial taxation might not inappropriately balance such inequalities; that a tax which would cause dissatisfaction in one part of the country might arouse no opposition in another; and that experiments in taxation might thus be made with safety on a small scale which would be imprudent or even dangerous if applied to India as a whole.

12. These considerations are however theoretical only. In actual practice definite schemes of provincial taxation have never been pressed with any enthusiasm, and the Government of India can see no strong reason for removing the safeguards which now surround its imposition. They fully recognise that such taxation is a necessary corollary of a fully decentralised system of finance; but pending the development of such a system they consider that no useful purpose would be served by an attempt to define its proper scope or to lay down the criteria which it should satisfy. Financial autonomy for the provinces, if and when it arises, must carry with it the power of taxation. In existing circumstances there is nothing to be gained by varying or diminishing the control, both executive and legislative, which the Government of India now retain. These views have been reported to the Secretary of State, who has expressed his concurrence with them.

13. *Provincial Borrowing.*—The Royal Commission discussed the advisability of permitting local Governments to raise provincial loans in the open market. The majority of its members considered that the existing embargo on such loans should be maintained, but that local Governments should be granted short term loans from imperial revenues to meet the cost of large non-productive works of manifest utility which they cannot finance from their own resources. With the exception of the Government of Bombay, who were particularly anxious to obtain access to the open market, these views found general acceptance with the local Governments, and the Government of India are strongly of opinion that they should prevail. The question of loans from imperial funds has already been settled by means of the new provisions regarding provincial

overdrafts which have been incorporated in the settlement rules. An overdraft on imperial balances will in future be treated as a short term loan, and it is precisely in connection with works of the kind contemplated by the Commission that such overdrafts will in future be sanctioned. The chief argument for the admission of local Governments to the open market lies in the claim that objects of purely provincial interest would succeed in attracting, at reasonable rates, capital which is not touched by the imperial loans. The truth of this argument could be tested by experience alone; though it is theoretically probable that a project which aroused local enthusiasm might tap resources which are not open to the Government of India. The drawbacks attaching to such an experiment are however very much greater than the possible advantages which might accrue from it. It would be extremely difficult to prevent a loan of the kind contemplated from competing with the imperial loans. The local market is narrow, the period of cheap money is confined to a few months of the year; and the loan business is mainly in the hands of a few large banks. On these grounds the Government of India have always been compelled to refuse to local authorities, such as Port Trusts and Municipalities, all access to the market during the months reserved for their own operations. Provincial loans would either have to be similarly held back until the Government of India had completed their own issues, a course which would certainly affect their prospects, or they would be floated simultaneously with the imperial loans, with depressing effect upon the prices of both.

14. A further objection to the flotation of provincial loans lies in the undesirability of increasing the non-productive debt of India. For really productive projects the Government of India are ordinarily prepared to find funds from their capital account, and the effect of allowing local Governments to enter the open market would undoubtedly be the creation of a considerable quantity of largely unproductive debt, which could not but injuriously affect the credit of India. The existence of a provincial public debt would, moreover, afford an inducement for lavish outlay upon public works and might thus lead up to a type of financial embarrassment which the Government of India could not view without grave concern. The experience of other countries has shown that debts of this kind tend to grow in volume until the magnitude of the loan charges either effects a material reduction in the margin available for current expenditure on public works or drives the Government into enhanced taxation. In these circumstances the Government of India are clearly of opinion that the grant of independent borrowing powers to local Governments should be deferred until a more distinct separation has taken place between the finances of the provincial and those of the central authority. The Secretary of State has expressed his general agreement with this view.

15. *Borrowing by local bodies.*—On the subject of borrowing by local bodies, the Royal Commission reviewed the existing practice with general approval and suggested two minor changes only:—

(*a*) Local Governments should have final power to sanction the borrowing in the open market of sums not exceeding 5 lakhs and repayable within 30 years; and

(*b*) the provision in section 2 of Act XII of 1897, which requires the previous sanction of the Governor General in Council to every loan under the Act, should be abrogated; general rules governing such loans should be drawn up under section 3 of the Act; and local Governments should then have power to sanction subject to compliance with these rules.

The former recommendation had reference to previous orders which directed that all proposals of local bodies for loans in the open market should be submitted to the Government of India, whose sanction was required in advance to the period of the loan, the date of issue and all other important features of the operation. Effect has already been given to the modifications advised by the Commission by the Notification in the Finance Department No. 6215-A., dated 30th October 1908. The second recommendation alluded to

loans raised by the local authorities to meet such temporary emergencies as the occurrence of famine or the outbreak of dangerous epidemic disease. The Government of India have accepted the proposed change, and steps will be taken to carry it out. The rules to be prescribed under section 3 of Act XII of 1897 will be framed as soon as the necessary delegation has been made of the power vested by section 2 in the Governor General in Council.

16. *Delegation to heads of departments of power of reappropriation.*— In paragraph 96 of their Report the Royal Commission advised that, under certain conditions, the powers of reappropriation enjoyed by local Governments should be delegated by them to their heads of departments. The Government of India have accepted this view and have, with the approval of the Secretary of State, authorised local Governments and the Administrations of the Central Provinces, Baluchistan, the North-West Frontier Province, Ajmer-Merwara and Coorg to delegate to Boards of Revenue Financial Commissioners, and such other officers subordinate to them as have been declared to be heads of departments, the power of making reappropriations in connection with the budget grants of the branches of the administration which they control. It has been laid down that such reappropriations shall be of a routine character only and shall be made from one minor head to another within the same major head, and that the power shall be exercised subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that savings under salaries and establishment shall not be reappropriated to other classes of expenditure ;

(2) that savings on non-recurring expenditure under supplies and services, contingencies and other detailed heads shall not be reappropriated in order to provide for additional recurring expenditure under salaries or establishment, or on any other account ; and

(3) that it will be open to the Government of India and local Governments to require, at any time of financial pressure, that the exercise by heads of departments of their powers of reappropriation shall be suspended.

These orders do not involve the curtailment of any more extended powers that may have already been delegated with the sanction of the Government of India to any authorities subordinate to local Governments and administrations.

17. *Relaxation of the limits imposed on the spending powers of local Governments and Administrations.*—In conclusion, the Government of India desire to intimate to local Governments that they have had under separate consideration the recommendations regarding the relaxation of the limits imposed on the spending powers of local Governments and Administrations which are contained in paragraphs 119 to 148 of the Royal Commission's Report. They have made extensive proposals for the increase of provincial powers in this connection which have met with the general approval of the Secretary of State ; and they hope soon to be in a position to issue separate orders on the subject.

ORDERED that a copy of the Resolution be communicated to all local Governments, the Honourable the Chief Commissioners, Central Provinces and Assam, the Home, Education, Commerce and Industry, Public Works and the Revenue and Agriculture Departments, the Comptroller and Auditor General, the several Civil Accountants General and the Comptrollers, Central Provinces and Assam.

Ordered also that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

R. W. GILLAN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 17th May, 1912.

No. 511-*E*.—Mr. W. C. Ashmore, Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department (Military Finance), has been placed on special duty in that Department, with effect from the 15th May 1912, and until further orders.

No. 512-*E*.—Major E. B. Peacock, I.A., Military Accounts Department, will continue to officiate as Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department (Military Finance), during the period of employment of Mr. W. C. Ashmore on special duty.

No. 513-*Accts*.—Captain H. Murray, I.A., Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for sixty days, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

No. 514-*Accts*.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 1st May 1912, vice *Captain H. Murray, granted privilege leave.*

Rai Sahib Debendra Nath Bhattacharya to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 518-*Accts*.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 15th April 1912, vice *Rao Bahadur R. D. Moghe, granted privilege leave.*

Mr. A. Pereyra, B.A., to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 519-*Accts*.—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made for the periods specified, *vice* Mr. T. J. Moriarty, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, granted privilege leave :—

Mr. E. Paulie from the 19th to the 29th February 1912.

Mr. A. E. Court from the 1st to the 14th March 1912.

No. 520-*Accts*.—Captain J. S. Graham, I.A., Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, Military Accounts Department, is granted privilege leave for ninety days, with effect from the 6th May 1912.

No. 521-*Accts*.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 6th May 1912, vice *Captain J. S. Graham, granted privilege leave.*

Rai Saheb Bhut Nath Chatterjee to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 522-*Accts*.—Major W. Donnan, I.A., Military Accountant, 1st class, Military Accounts Department, is granted an extension of one year's leave in and out of India on private affairs from the 12th August 1912 under the leave rules of 1886 for the Indian Army.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE.

Simla, the 18th May, 1912.

No. 3793-16.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 33 of the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in rule 54 of the rules published with the notification

of the Government of India in this Department No. 7397-285, dated the 5th August 1908, as subsequently amended.

In proviso (*h*) to rule 54 *add* the word "or" after the word "office" and *add* the following proviso to the rule:—

(*i*) in the case of damage arising from the nature of the article insured.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 18th May, 1912.

No. 3889-92.—Mr. J. W. Hensley, Director of Telegraphs, 3rd class, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough out of India for eight months and fourteen days, with effect from the 24th March 1912.

No. 3904-93.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion and reversions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department with effect from the dates specified:—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. H. C. A. Goodall ...	Director, 4th class...	Director, 3rd class...	Officiating ...	24th March 1912.
Mr. R. O. Lees ...	Director, 1st class, sub. *pro tem.*	Director, 1st class, Officiating.	Reversion ...	1st April 1912.
Mr. H. S. Styan ...	Director, 2nd class, sub. *pro tem.*	Director, 2nd class, Officiating.	Do. ...	Do.
Mr. J. M. Coode ...	Director, 3rd class, sub. *pro tem.*	Director, 3rd class, Officiating.	Do. ...	Do.
Mr. R Meredith ...	Director, 4th class, sub. *pro tem.*	Director, 4th class, temporary.	Do. ...	Do.
Mr. N. U. K. Leslie ...	Director, 4th class, temporary.	Director, 4th class, Officiating.	Do. ...	Do.

FACTORIES.

The 18th May, 1912.

No. 3937 35.—In accordance with the provisions of section 39 of the Indian Factories Act, 1911 (XII of 1911), the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish for general information the following draft of a rule which His Excellency in Council proposes to make in exercise of the powers conferred by section 38 of the said Act and in supersession of the rule published in the Home Department Notification No. 1126, dated the 25th June 1903, as amended by the Notification in this Department No. 1892, dated the 7th March 1906.

The draft will be taken into consideration by the Governor General in Council on the expiration of three months from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Gazette of India*:

Draft Rule.

"Every Manager of a factory shall furnish to the Inspector of Factories or other officer designated by the Local Government in this behalf the following returns, namely:—

I. On or before the 15th January of each year, an annual return in duplicate in the form set forth in the schedule hereto annexed.

II. Before the end of each calendar month, a return giving notice of all the days on which the factory will be closed during the next ensuing month. This return shall be submitted whether the factory is or is not working during the calendar month preceding the one to which the return relates."

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Name of [Ma]nager.	Hours of starting and stopping work.	AVERAGE NUMBER OF OPERATIVES EMPLOYED.				Whether interval is given after 6 hours work and if so, time and length of interval, or whether factory is worked in accordance with system of shifts, or whether factory is exempted from interval and if so under what provision of Section 21.	Whether holiday is invariably given on Sundays, or week days are sometimes substituted, or whether factory is exempted and if so under what provision of Section 22.	REMARKS.
		ADULTS.		CHILDREN.				
		Men.	Women.	Boys.	Girls.			
6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14

SCHED

RETURN

District.	Place.	Class of factory.	Name of factory.	Name of occupier.
1	2	3	4	5

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th May 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No 446.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to appoint Mr Frederick William Jandiy Devine to be Registrar of the Office of the Military Secretary to the Viceroy, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No 447—The services of Major P N Leslie, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN ARMY.

No 448—The following admissions to the Indian Army are made, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India.—

To be Lieutenants.

Eric Haldane Chapman, Double Company Officer, 107th Pioneers, from The Suffolk Regiment. Dated 23rd April 1912 but to rank from the 29th November 1908.

Charles Aubrey Pogson, officiating Double Company Officer, 117th Mahrattas, from The Norfolk Regiment. Dated 23rd April 1912, but to rank from the 24th April 1908.

Edward Jerome Semmi Double Company Officer, 79th Carnatic Infantry, from The Bedfordshire Regiment. Dated 3rd May 1912, but to rank from the 11th March 1910.

No. 449—The following admissions to the Indian Army from the Unattached List are made, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Second Lieutenants to be Lieutenants.

Andrew Arnold Williamson, Double Company Officer, 75th Carnatic Infantry. Dated 31st March 1912 but to rank from the 29th April 1911

John Leonard Kirkpatrick Kane, Double Company Officer, 109th Infantry. Dated 27th March 1912 but to rank from the 29th April 1912.

Leslie Hastings Double Company Officer, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers. Dated 26th March 1912 but to rank from the 29th April 1912.

James Wilfrid Haynes Park, officiating Squadron Officer, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 25th March 1912, but to rank from the 29th April 1912

Stuart Douglas Nugent Cahusac, officiating Squadron Officer, 10th Duke of Cambridge's Own Lancers (Hodson's Horse). Dated 23rd March 1912, but to rank from the 29th April 1912.

Second Lieutenants to be Second Lieutenants.

Percival Laurence Corban-Lucas, Double Company Officer, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry Dated 25th March 1912.

George Leslie Grove Pollard, officiating Double Company Officer, 106th Hazara Pioneers Dated 25th March 1912.

Roy Bathhurst Gore Cuddleford, Double Company Officer, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated 25th March 1912.

William Church Stacpoole Haycraft, Double Company Officer, 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 5th March 1912.

John Allan Mackay Scobie, officiating Double Company Officer, 59th Scinde Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 25th March 1912.

Valentine Colebrooke Lilly Taylor, Double Company Officer, 93rd Burma Infantry. Dated 25th March 1912.

George Stephen Brunskill, Double Company Officer, 47th Sikhs. Dated 6th March 1912.

Harold Lithgow Watkis, Double Company Officer, 31st Punjabis. Dated 6th March 1912.

Reginald Cheriston Geard, officiating Squadron Officer, 15th Lancers (Cureton's Multanis). Dated 6th March 1912.

Ralph Whitley Brander, Double Company Officer, 11th Rajputs. Dated 5th March 1912.

Douglas Gordon Pigou Mansel Shewen, officiating Double Company Officer, 27th Punjabis. Dated 29th March 1912.

Kenneth Amber North, officiating Double Company Officer, 24th Punjabis. Dated 24th March 1912.

Kenneth Joseph Gabbett, Double Company Officer, 23rd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 6th March 1912.

Lionel William Hughes, Double Company Officer, 125th Napier's Rifles. Dated 4th March 1912.

Henry Hampden Rich, Double Company Officer, 120th Rajputana Infantry. Dated 23rd March 1912.

Philip Gaisford officiating Double Company Officer, 31st Punjabis. Dated 27th March 1912.

Geoffrey Browning Reeves, officiating Squadron Officer, 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 2 th March 1912

Cecil Walter d'Alterac Steward, Squadron Officer, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse). Dated 25th March 1912.

Hugh Foynton Radley, Double Company Officer, 72nd Punjabis. Dated 6th March 1912.

Hedworth George Ailwyn Fellowes, officiating Squadron Officer, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse). Dated 25th March 1912.

Montagu Middleton, Double Company Officer, 87th Punjabis. Dated 25th March 1912.

Edward Robert Courtenay Booth, Double Company Officer, 98th Infantry. Dated 25th March 1912.

Philip Noel Anstruther, Double Company Officer, 108th Infantry. Dated 27th March 1912.

Charles Stuart Browning, officiating Double Company Officer, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis Dated 25th March 1912.

Edwin Leslie Ricketts, Double Company Officer, 96th Berar Infantry. Dated 6th March 1912.

Herbert Teesdale Craig, Double Company Officer, 43rd Erinpura Regiment. Dated 25th March 1912.

Charles Hugh Landale, officiating Squadron Officer, 16th Cavalry. Dated 5th March 1912.

Henry Dennis Hickley, Double Company Officer, 7th Gurkha Rifles. Dated 5th March 1912.

Philip Cowie Scudamore, Double Company Officer, 11th Rajputs. Dated 7th March 1912.

George Charles Bampfield, Double Company Officer, 90th Punjabis. Dated 5th March 1912.

Terence Fuller Stokes, officiating Double Company Officer, 82nd Punjabis. Dated 6th March 1912.

Alyn Charles Swinhoe Palin, Double Company Officer, 67th Punjabis. Dated 7th March 1912.

John Brownlow, officiating Squadron Officer, 28th Light Cavalry. Dated 6th March 1912.

Denis Charles Branfoot, officiating Squadron Officer, 22nd Sam Browne's Cavalry (Frontier Force). Dated 8th March 1912.

COMMANDS.

No. 450.—Major-General H. B. B. Watkis, C.B., Indian Army, to be a Divisional Commander, *vice* Lieutenant-General Sir J. E. Nixon, K C B., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 6th May 1912.

No. 451.—Brigadier-General P. M. Carnegy, C.B., Indian Army, Colonel-on-the-Staff, to be a Brigade Commander and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, *vice* Major-General E. S. Hastings, C.B., D.S.O., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 12th April 1912.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 452.—Lieutenant-Colonel A. A. M. M. Faulknor, Indian Army, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-one days, combined with furlough for four months and nine days, to Europe, on medical certificate ; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 453.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 23rd April 1912, pages 2893, 2896 and 2897.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,
23rd April 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

Colonel (temporary Brigadier-General) Charles J. Melliss, V C., C.B., Indian Army, to be Major-General, *vice* Sir A. W. L. Bayly, K C B., C.S.I., D.S O., transferred to the Unemployed Supernumerary List. Dated 19th March 1912.

* * * * * * * *

Honorary Lieutenant Malik Muhammad Mubaraz Khan, attached to the 9th Hodson's Horse, Indian Army, is granted the honorary rank of Captain. Dated 24th April 1912.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

COLONEL'S ALLOWANCE.

No. 454.—Colonel Edward Phillipson Mainwaring, General List Infantry, Bengal (Unemployed Supernumerary List), is admitted to the Colonel's Allowance, with effect from the 30th March 1912, in succession to Colonel Robert Emilius Cox, deceased.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 455.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenants to be Captains.

22nd April 1912.

William John Hopkins Ralston, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

Lancelot Conyers Trelawny, 69th Punjabis.

Godfrey Lionel John Cavendish, 97th Deccan Infantry.

16th May 1912.

Arthur Alexander George Duke, 18th Infantry.

No. 456.—The promotion to the rank of Captain of the following officers is as now shown, and not as notified in Army Department Notifications No. 531, dated the 26th June 1908, No. 18, dated the 8th January 1909, No 224, dated the 12th March 1909, No. 631, dated the 2nd July 1909, No. 830, dated the 3rd September 1909, and No. 237, dated the 31st March 1911:—

25th January 1908.

Richard John Clarke, 8th Rajputs.

Roger Fleetwood Sconce Beyts, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.

18th January 1909.

Frederick Sinclair Lindesay, 129th Duke of Connaught's Own Baluchis.

William Pulteney Michael Dalzell McLaughlin, 107th Pioneers.

Harold John Hunter Davson, 82nd Punjabis.

21st January 1909.

Tylden Luck, 67th Punjabis.

29th July 1909.

Edward Hale Lewin, 46th Punjabis.

28th July 1909.

Godfrey Howard Morgan, Military Accounts Department.

James Herbert Gray Wilson, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

Harold Yorke Salkeld, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse).

18th January 1911.

Clive Victor Martin, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 457.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Assistant Surgeon, having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 1st Class Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 17th April 1912:—

William George Mersh.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 458.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Hugh Alfred Lafond (*seconded*) to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain (*seconded*),

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Henry William De Blaquire Prescott (*seconded*) to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain (*seconded*),

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Charles Augustus Pruce to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain, and

First Class Assistant Surgeon Celestine Raymond to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Cajetan Marie DeSouza superannuated; with effect from the 19th April 1912.

INDIA MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

No. 459.—Sub-Conductor Charles Tucker to be Conductor and Staff-Sergeant Robert Saeddon to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* William Francis Coombs, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

No. 460.—Jemadar Mahesh-Bakhsh, 1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners, has changed his name to Mahesh Bakhsh Singh. All official documents and notifications concerning this native officer should be altered accordingly.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 461.—The following promotions are made:—

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Mahesh Bakhsh Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Ujagar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jadnandan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment with effect from the 1st February 1912.

15th Ludhiana Sikhs.

Jemadar Gurdatt Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Bhagwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sada Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th April 1912.

35th Sikhs.

Havildar Jiwan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Mit Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

37th Dogras.

Jemadar Dilbar to be Subadar and Havildar Narain Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Miyan Gobind Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

74th Punjabis.

Colour-Havildar Wilayat Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Baz Khan, promoted; with effect from the 16th December 1911.

(*Army Department Notification No. 310, dated the 4th April 1912, in so far as it relates to the 74th Punjabis, is hereby cancelled*).

104th Wellesley's Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Kalu Ram to be Jemadar, to fill an existing vacancy; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

125th Napier's Rifles.

Jemadar Jahan Shah to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Sarwar Khan to be Jemadar' *vice* Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 18th February 1912.

Jemadar Gopi Singh to be Subadar, *vice* Tulsi Ram, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

1st Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment).

Jemadar Kamsar Gurung to be Subadar and Havildar Tulia Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Jaibahadur Karki, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Jemadar Dhanbir Gurung to be Subadar and Havildar Arjun Rana to be Jemadar, *vice* Sital Sing Lama, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

2nd Battalion, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Hari Sing Burathoki to be Jemadar, *vice* Hira Sing Ale, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

19th Lancers (Fane's Horse).

No. 462.—In Army Department Notification No. 310, dated the 4th April 1912, *for* "Kalandar Singh" *read* "Kalandar Khan."

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 463.—The following appointments are made in the Reserve of the Supply and Transport Corps:—

To be Ressaidars.

Abdul Ghani of the Hissar District.
Pir Gulam Yasin Shah of the Multan District.
Gholam Kadar Khan of the Muzaffargarh District.
Kadar Baksh of the Muzaffargarh District.
Mohamad Wazir Khan of the Khanpur District, Bahawalpur State.
Mohamad Amir Khan of the Khanpur District, Bahawalpur State.
Farid Khan of the Multan District.
Qutab Din of the Hissar District.
Mohamad Haji Shah of the Multan District.
Pirzada Abdul Rahman of the Multan District.
Gurdit Singh of the Hoshiarpur District.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 464.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified:—

Conductor Joseph George Waldron, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bengal-Punjab List,—1st May 1912.

Conductor William Francis Coombs, India Miscellaneous List,—1st May 1912.

Sub-Conductor Henry Heapy, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bengal-Punjab List,—6th April 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 465.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified:—

Brevet Colonel Charles Arnulph Shrewsbury Montgomery,—29th March 1912.

Brevet Colonel Hugh David McIntyre,—15th April 1912.

No. 466.—Major Arthur Fowler Hislop, 35th Scinde Horse, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 10th April 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

No. 467.—The undermentioned departmental officers with honorary rank, are permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Henry Gilbert Booth, (late) Bengal-Punjab List,—15th March 1912.

Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Phillip Phillips, (late) Bombay List,—6th April 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Calcutta Light Horse.

No. 468.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Emanuel Charalampus Apostolides, V.D., A.D.C., Commandant, resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 469.—Army Department Notification No. 91, dated the 2nd February 1912, regarding the resignation of his commission by Lieutenant John Stratford Saunders, is hereby cancelled.

Madras Artillery Volunteers, "The Duke's Own".

No. 470.—Lieutenant-Colonel (Honorary Colonel) Arthur Gerald Norton-Knight, A.D.C., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 6th April 1912.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 471.—Percy Hamilton Retallack to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 4th April 1912.

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No 472.—Lieutenant William James Willison McQuillen, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 473.—Captain (Honorary Major) John Hill Burnand, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st May 1912.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 474.—Second Lieutenant Noel Pinkstan O'Reilly Blackwood to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 17th May 1912.

Second Lieutenant Arthur Brunel Cartwood to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 17th May 1912.

JUDICIAL.

No. 475.—In pursuance of section 3, sub-section (1), of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following classes of Government servants, when subject to the said Act in accordance with the provisions of section 2, sub-section (1), clause (c), thereof, shall be so subject in the manner hereinafter prescribed, namely :—

(1) All gazetted officers; and such non-gazetted officers as may have been granted by or under the orders of the Governor-General in Council the relative rank for precedence of subadar or jemadar, shall be so subject as native officers.

(2) Such non-gazetted officers as may have been granted by or under the orders of the Governor-General in Council the relative rank for precedence of warrant officer, shall be so subject as warrant officers; and such non-gazetted officers

as may have been granted by or under the orders of the Governor-General in Council the relative rank for precedence of havildar or naick shall be so subject as non-commissioned officers.

(3) Non-gazetted officers, other than those referred to in rules 1 and 2, whose salary exclusive of field allowances is sixteen rupees *per mensem* or upwards shall be so subject as warrant or non-commissioned officers, that is to say—

(a) An officer whose salary exclusive of field allowances is fifty rupees *per mensem* or upwards shall be so subject as a warrant officer.

(b) An officer whose salary exclusive of field allowances is sixteen rupees per mensem or upwards but is less than fifty rupees *per mensem* shall be so subject as a non-commissioned officer.

The Governor-General in Council is further pleased to authorize the officer commanding any force on active service to direct that any persons accompanying such force who are subject to the said Act in accordance with the provisions of section 2, sub-section (1), clause (c), thereof shall be so subject as Native officers, warrant officers or non-commissioned officers and to cancel such direction.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th May 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 8th and 14th May 1912 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.	Captain James de Swinton Spooner.	6th May 1912 ...	England ...	...	Was on leave out of India on medical certificate for 8 months commencing from 23rd February 1912.
Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bengal-Punjab List.	Sub-Conductor Edward Sherred.	11th May 1912 ...	Benares ...	...	...

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th May 1912.

LEAVE.

No. 25.—Lieutenant E. J. Constant, Royal Indian Marine, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave for four months, on medical certificate.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 17th May, 1912.

No. 43.—In continuation of Railway Board's Notification No. 39, dated 9th February 1911, it is hereby notified for general information, that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction on the 5' 6" gauge of the second section of the Bokharo-Ramgarh Extension from mile 12 to mile 24.

2. The project will be known as the second section of the Bokharo-Ramgarh Extension.

No. 44.—The privilege leave granted to Mr. A. G. Saldanha, Secretariat Superintendent, in Railway Board Notification No. 409, dated the 9th March 1912, is extended by fifteen days.

No. 45.—Mr. A. Cooper, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, in class II, of that establishment, with effect from the 19th April 1912, during the absence of Mr. D. B. Trevor, District Traffic Superintendent, on combined leave, or until further orders.

Mr. Cooper will officiate in class II during the privilege leave portion of Mr. Trevor's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank in class II, grade 5.

No. 46.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 33, dated the 3rd May 1912, Mr. N. D. Calder, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 11th April 1912.

Mr. Calder will officiate in class II during the privilege leave portion of Major Gardiner's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank in class II, grade 5.

No. 47—Mr. A. Crosbie, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 18th April 1912, during the absence of Mr. W. A. C. Thorpe, District Locomotive Superintendent, on combined leave or until further orders.

No. 48.—Mr. H. H. Spalding, District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class II, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Locomotive Superintendent of that railway in class I of that establishment, with effect from the 26th April 1912 *vice* Mr. A. C. Crighton, Deputy Locomotive Superintendent, granted combined leave.

No. 49—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 48, dated the 17th May 1912, Mr. M. G. Norman, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 10th April 1912.

No. 50.—The following officiating promotions are made *vice* Mr. J. A. Tenbroeke, Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade, granted privilege leave :—

—	From	To
Mr. S. C. Lahiri	Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade.	Secretariat Superintendent, 2nd grade.
Mr. T. B. Heysham	Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade...	Secretariat Superintendent, 3rd grade.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

Continuation Sheets of Supplement to the Gazette of India published at Calcutta.

NMENT OF INDIA.

T OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

the 16th May 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 11th May 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	98	90
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	..
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Kaira "	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Palanpur "	2	...
		Rewa Kantha "	...	...
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	2	1
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	3	2
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	...	...
		Chinchani	...	...
		Thana District	9	6
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	...	...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	1(a)	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	35	21
		Sholapur Town	1(a)	1
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	..
		Alibag "	...	...
		Kolaba District	*	*
		Vengurla Port	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	28	24
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	4	4
		Kanara "	4	3
		Bijapur "	10	11
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantvadi State	...	...

(a) Imported.
* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	78	62
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur ,,	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	2(a)	...
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	...	1
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	*	*
		TOTAL	277	226
Madras Presidency	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot ,,	1(b)	1 (b)
		South Arcot ,,	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	4(b)	5 (b)
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	1	1
		Coimbatore District	3(b)	1 (b)
		Godavri ,,	...	...
		The Nilgiris ,,	...	...
		Kistna District	...	...
		Salem District	3	4
		Sandur State	...	...
		Vizagapatam District	...	...
		TOTAL	12	12
Bengal	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	...
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	...	...
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	...	...
		Calcutta	85	77
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	85	77

(a) Between 3rd and 9th May 1912.
(b) One imported.
* Report not received.
In the return for the week ending 4th May 1912 *read* 8 for 1 death against Howrah town.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	36	37
		Patna District	114	95
		Gaya Town	1	1
		Gaya District	60	40
		Shahabad District	16	12
	Tirhut	Saran District	211	207
		Champaran District	2	1
		Muzaffarpur District	109	108
		Darbhanga District	270	253
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	6	6
		Monghyr District	92	74
		Bhagalpur Town	2	2
		Bhagalpur District	5	5
		Sonthal Parganas District	...	...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	...	...
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	924	841
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	2	1
		Saharanpur District	32	28
		Muzaffarnagar District	107	98
		Meerut City	3	2
		Meerut District	90	11
		Bulandshahr District	2	3
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	9	3
	Agra	Muttra District	3	3
		Agra City	1	1
		Agra District	12	12
		Farrukhabad City	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	9	9
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	...	...
		Etawah District	19	17
		Etah District	3	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	...
		Bareilly District	1	...
		Bijnor District	4	4
		Budaun District	4	4
		Moradabad District	43	48
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	16	7
		Pilibhit District	16	16

In the return for the week ending 4th May 1912 *read* 131 for 31 deaths in the Gaya District and 5 for 4 cases in the Budaun District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	3	3
		Cawnpur District	9	9
		Fatehpur „	10	8
		Hamirpur „	...	...
		Allahabad City	..	...
		Allahabad District	43	27
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	12	6
		Jalaun „	10	10
	Benares	Benares City	4	4
		Benares District	13	13
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	4	4
		Jaunpur „	2	2
		Ghazipur „	39	39
		Ballia „	243	261
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	43	38
		Basti „	48	48
		Azamgarh „	104	102
	Kumaun	Naini Tal „	8	7
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	13	13
		Lucknow District	20	20
		Unao „	65	63
		Rae Bareli „	20	18
		Sitapur „	23	14
		Hardoi „	5	5
		Kheri „	7	3
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	17	19
		Gonda „	7	6
		Bahraich „	35	27
		Sultanpur „	7	11
		Partabgarh „	4	4
		Bara Banki „	71	70
		TOTAL	1,270	1,111
PUNJAB	Delhi	Delhi City	6	5
		Delhi District	17	23
		Gurgaon „	45	49
		Rohtak „	119	108
		Karnal „	245	233
		Hissar „	*	*
		Ambala „	70	71
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	146	126
		Jullundur City	6	...
		Jullundur District	209	90
		Ludhiana „	708	520
		Ferozepore „	66	58

* Report not received.

In the return for the week ending 4th May 1912 *read* 6—3 for *nil*—*nil* against the Jhansi District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	10	10
		Amritsar District	29	29
		Gurdaspur District	278	249
		Sialkot District	251	246
		Gujranwala District	96	59
		Lahore District	*	*
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	250	250
		Shahpur District	68	47
		Jhelum "	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	14	4
		Attock District	*	*
	Multan	Montgomery District	5	1
		Lyallpur "	35	15
		Jhang "	13	10
		Multan "	1	2
		Muzaffargarh "	...	...
	...	Patiala City	4	4
		Patiala State	465	439
		Nabha "	*	*
		Jind State	40	26
		Kapurthala State	20	21
		Kalsia "	36	13
		Dujana "	*	*
		Malerkotla "	11	11
		TOTAL	3,273	2,734
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	4	4
		Hanthawaddy District	1	1
		Pegu District	...	...
		Tharrawaddy District	...	...
		Prome District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	...	...
		Bassein District	...	...
		Myaungmya District	...	...
		Maubin "	...	...
		Pyapon "	2	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton District	...	...
		Amherst District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	6	6
	Magwe	Thayetmyo District	...	...
		Minbu District	...	...
		Magwe District	...	...
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	...
		Mandalay District	...	...
		Bhamo District	3	4
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Meiktila District	...	...
		Yamethin District	...	...
		Myingyan District	...	...
		TOTAL	16	17

* Report not received.

In the return for the week ending 4th May 1912 note the corrections against the following places:—

Hissar District *read* 169—109 for *nil—nil*.
Lahore " *read* 14—8 for *nil—nil*.
Pegu District *read* 1—1 for *nil—nil*.
Maubin " *read* 1—1 for *nil—nil*.
Pyapon District *read* 2—2 for *nil—nil*.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	2	2
		Nagpur District	6	6
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	5	5
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	1	1
		Saugor District	2	1
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	6	4
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	2	2
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	4	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	1
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL .	28	22
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	...	...
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	2	2
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	...	...
		Hassan „	4	2
		Kadur „	...	...
		Kolar „	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	1
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga „	4	4
		Chitaldroog „	...	...
		TOTAL .	11	9

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	...	...
		Aurangabad "	...	..
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	7	7
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	4	4
		Nander "	3	2
		Hyderabad city and suburbs	...	...
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	...	...
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	5	4
		TOTAL	19 (a)	17 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	2	5
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District.	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	1	1
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	14	7
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	1	2
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	72	67
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

(a) From 29th April to 5th May 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitaman State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh "	...	...
		Orchha "	8	2
		TOTAL	98 (a)	84 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	31	26
		Jaipur	38	36
		Bikaner	...	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	..	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	2	2
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	21	14
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	...	...
		TOTAL	92 (b)	78 (b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	106	26
		TOTAL	106	26
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	6,211	5,244

(a) For the week ending 4th May 1912.
(b) For the week ending 10th May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 16th May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. A region of unsettled weather appeared in the southwest of the Bay of Bengal on the 10th, and in it there developed a storm which moved north-eastwards across the Bay and entered Bengal on the 15th. The storm had disappeared in southwest Bengal on the 16th, but a new disturbance was forming at the head of the Bay. Previously to the development of the storm, rainfall was chiefly due to local thunder showers which occurred in the extreme north, the north-central and northeast parts of the country, the Peninsula and Burma; but on the 11th rainfall began in Tenasserim, and subsequently extended northwards over practically the whole of Burma and north-east India. Heavy rain fell along the Arakan coast from the 13th to the 15th and some heavy falls occurred also in northeast India and the interior of Burma. Local thundershowers continued in the extreme south of the Peninsula and occurred at a few places in northern India after the development of the storm.

2. Temperature was markedly above normal in northwest India during the greater part of the week, and towards the end of the week these warm conditions extended over the central parts of the country and the north of the Peninsula. On the approach of the storm from the southwest of the Bay, temperatures in Burma, northeast India and the United Provinces fell largely below normal.

3. *Burma.*—Only local thundershowers were recorded until the 11th, but from the 11th to the 14th, rainfall extended over almost the whole of the division, and was very heavy on the Arakan coast. On the 15th precipitation diminished, but continued heavy in parts.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Local falls of rain occurred, chiefly in Bengal and Assam, until the 14th; after this date the storm from the Bay gave nearly general rainfall in these two areas, and local falls in Bihar and on the Orissa coast. Precipitation diminished on the 15th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—A few falls of rain were reported from the United Provinces and Central India.

Northwest India.—Some light precipitation occurred in Kashmir and the North-West Frontier Province, and a fall of hail was recorded at Jaipur on the 10th.

The Peninsula.—Numerous falls of rain occurred, chiefly in the extreme south, in the early part of the week, and occasional light rain was reported during the remainder of the week.

4. The most important precipitation recorded was as follows:—

May 9th. Victoria Point 1·05", Mandalay 1·28", Jalpaiguri 1·10" and Madura 0·80".
,, 10th. Naya Dumka 0·98".
,, 11th. Mergui 1·80", Darjiling 1·01", Hazaribagh 1·57", Gorakhpur 0·92" and Calicut 1·21".
,, 12th. Mergui 1·30", Moulmein 2·42", Yamethin 1·20", Tezpur 1·08", Gauhati 1·45" and Dhubri 3·90".
,, 13th. Moulmein 1·50", Diamond Island 2·02", Toungoo 1·60", Kyaukpyu 7·99", Akyab 7·37", Mandalay 1·01", Bhamo 1·08", Cox's Bazar 3·52" and Jalpaiguri 2·62".
,, 14th. Mergui 2·20", Moulmein 2·17", Bassein 1·09", Diamond Island 1·62", Toungoo 1·83", Kyaukpyu 5·12", Akyab 2·69", Thayetmyo 2·17", Minbu 2·86", Lashio 1·02", Maymyo 1·71", Silchar 4·89", Shillong 1·21", Calcutta 1·14", Jessore 2·51" and Berhampore 1·33".
,, 15th. Tavoy 0·99", Moulmein 2·64", Toungoo 1·61", Kyaukpyu 2·14", Akyab 5·90", Thayetmyo 1·08", Minbu 1·15", Yamethin 1·23", Myitkyina 3·41", Sibsagar 3·04", Cox's Bazar 2·28", Barisal 1·85" and Kodaikanal 1·23".

5. Rainfall during the week was normal in Central India East and the Bombay Deccan, and markedly above normal in Burma and Rajputana East; while in Central India West, which normally receives no rain, light falls were recorded. No appreciable rain fell in Orissa, the Punjab, Baluchistan, Sind, Rajputana West, Gujarat, Berar, the Central Provinces, the Konkan and Hyderabad North. During the two weeks 3rd May to 16th May the totals were in marked defect in the Bay Islands, Orissa, the United Provinces West, the greater part of north-west India, the Central Provinces, Hyderabad North, Mysore, the Madras Deccan and the Madras Coast North; normal or nearly normal in Assam, Bengal, Chota Nagpur, Rajputana East, Hyderabad South and Madras Southeast; and in marked excess in Upper Burma, Central India East, the Bombay Deccan and Malabar; while in Central India West and the Konkan where normally no precipitation occurs, light rain fell.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 16th May 1912.			Rainfall data from 3rd May 1912 to 16th May 1912.			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands*	1·7	4·2	−2·5	1·9	6·6	− 4·7	− 71	− 92
Lower Burma	5·8	2·8	+3·0	6·1	4·7	+ 1·4	+ 30	− 84
Upper Burma	3·2	1·1	+2·1	3·2	2·0	+ 1·2	+ 60	−100
Assam	3·0	2·5	+0·5	5·6	5·3	+ 0·3	+ 6	− 7
Bengal	1·8	1·6	+0·2	2·8	3·0	− 0·2	− 7	− 29
Orissa	0	0·6	−0·6	0·1	1·0	− 0·9	− 90	− 75
Chota Nagpur	0·7	0·5	+0·2	0·9	0·9	0	0	− 50
Bihar	0·7	0·5	+0·2	0·8	1·0	− 0·2	− 20	− 80
United Provinces, East	0·3	0·2	+ 0·1	0·4	0·3	+0·1	+ 33	0
United Provinces, West	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·1	0·3	− 0·2	− 67	−100
Punjab, East and North	0	0·2	− 0·2	0·1	0·3	− 0·2	− 67	0
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·2	−0·2	0·1	0·2	− 0·1	− 50	Infinite
Kashmir	0·1	0·7	−0·6	0·3	1·2	− 0·9	− 75	− 60
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·3	0·4	− 0·1	− 25	0
Baluchistan	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·2	− 0·2	−100	−100
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	0
Rajputana, East	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·2	0·2	0	0	−100
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0	+ 0·1	Infinite	0
Central India, East	0·1	0·1	0	0·2	0·1	+ 0·1	+100	Infinite
Berar	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central Provinces, West	0	0·1	− 0·1	0·1	0·2	− 0·1	−50	0
Central Provinces, East	0	0·3	−0·3	0·1	0·4	−0·3	− 75	0
Konkan	0	0	0	0·1	0	+ 0·1	Infinite	Infinite
Bombay Deccan	0·1	0·1	0	0·4	0·2	+ 0·2	+100	+200
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·2	− 0·2	− 100	−100
Hyderabad, South	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·3	0·3	0	0	+100
Mysore	0·1	0·8	−0·7	0·6	1·8	− 1·2	− 67	− 50
Malabar	0·7	1·1	−0·4	3·4	2·1	+ 1·3	+ 62	+170
Madras, Southeast	0·4	0·5	−0·1	0·8	0·9	− 0·1	− 11	[illegible]
Madras Deccan	0·1	0·3	−0·2	0·2	0·5	− 0·3	− 60	− 50
Madras Coast, North	0·2	0·4	−0·2	0·2	0·6	− 0·4	− 67	−100

* Information is incomplete.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.
E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 16th May 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 11th May 1912.

Burma.—Light showers fell in about half the number of districts in the Province while the other half received no rain. Reaping of spring rice is concluding and sowing of summer rice is completed. Other agricultural operations are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle and the state of standing crops are satisfactory. The price of unhusked rice is high and rising.

Assam.—The rainfall during the week was general and beneficial to cultivation and growth of crops. Sowing of rice and jute, planting of sugarcane and tea manufacture are in progress. Cattle disease is prevalent in six districts. The average price of rice has risen slightly.

Bengal.—Rain fell during the week all over the Province, except in Jessore, Khulna, Midnapore and Howrah. The fall was moderate in the Rajshahi and Dacca divisions and generally light elsewhere. Sowing of jute and autumn rice is still in progress. More rain is urgently wanted for this operation in Murshidabad, Jessore, Burdwan and Rajshahi. Damage to the mango crop is reported from Malda. The price of rice generally shows a tendency to increase. Cattle disease is reported from Nadia, Jessore, Malda, Dacca and Noakhali.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain fell in all the districts of the Province except Patna, Saran, Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Cuttack and Sambalpur. Preparation of land for the next season's crops still continues. Threshing of spring crops is approaching completion. Sowing of paddy is in progress. Sugarcane is doing well. The condition of other standing crops and vegetables is reported to be good. The price of common rice has risen in Gaya, Monghyr, the Sonthal Parganas, Sambalpur and Ranchi and has fallen in Darbhanga and Manbhum. Cattle disease is reported from Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Angul, Puri, Sambalpur and Palamau. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—Slight showers have fallen in some parts of the Provinces owing to hot weather storms. Threshing and winnowing are almost finished. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane is doing well. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from a few districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices shows a slight downward tendency.

Punjab.—The week was generally rainless. Harvesting of spring crops continue and the outturn is normal to good. The condition of standing crops is good. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are proceeding and are in time. They are generally normal in irrigated tracts and normal to below normal in unirrigated tracts. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather hot and cloudy. The condition of standing crops is average on irrigated areas and poor on unirrigated areas. Harvesting of spring crops is in progress and the outturn is generally below average on unirrigated areas. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops continue. Water began to flow in the Paharpur Canal. Cattle are in good condition. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Prices are stationary in Bannu and are still high elsewhere.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 14 and maize from 12 to 23 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—The weather is bright and warm. Slight rain fell on one occasion during the week and was beneficial to the next autumn crops. Zamindars are busy with sowings. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The rainfall during the week was 60 cents in Jaipur and 29 to 51 cents in the Merwara district. Bikaner reports 20 to 32 cents during the previous week. The weather is hot and cloudy in places. Land is being prepared for autumn sowing. Cattle are suffering for want of pasture in parts of the Western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder are scarce in Merwara. Cattle disease prevails in parts of the Mewar Residency. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in Merwara and the Hilly Tracts of Mewar. Prices are generally high and stationary.

Central India.—A very slight shower was received in Barwani in the Bhopawar Agency. The weather is hot and windy. Land is being prepared for autumn crops in the Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. The outturn of crops is above normal in Bundelkhand and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent and fodder insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are normal in Baghelkhand, fluctuating in parts of Indore and steady elsewhere. The report from Bhopal has not been received.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues but is not increasing. There is no wandering or emaciation. The condition of people is good. There is no influx of foreigners. Fodder is scarce. Prices of food grains are high in Kukshi and steady elsewhere. *Juar* and *bajra* sell at 11 to 12 seers per rupee. The number on relief works was :—Dhar 4,796, Jhabua 758, Ali Rajpur 997 and Jobat 876. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 724. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 168 and Ali Rajpur 50.

Central Provinces.—The weather is very hot. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops are still in progress in a few districts. Preparation of land for sowing of the ensuing season's crop and construction of field embankments in rice districts continue. Agricultural stock is in fair condition. Prices are almost steady.

Feudatory States.—Ploughing of land and repairs to embankments continue. There are no variations in prices.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan and the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering or emaciation. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 9 to 10 and maize at 10 to 11 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 11th May were :— Panch Mahals, on works 39,234, on gratuitous relief 41,720, total 80,954. Kathiawar,

on works 8,163. On test works in Kaira 2,031. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, West Khandesh, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur and Belgaum 18,204. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 4,825 on test works and 3,860 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—Report not received.

Hyderabad.—Little or no rain fell in the Mahratwara country but light to fair rain was received in Telingana during the week. The highest falls were :—2 inches 70 cents in Medak and 1 inch 7 cents in Shahpur. The average for the Dominions is 13 cents. After the close of the week Nizamabad received 42 cents and Raichur 30 cents. The late rice crop is being harvested in a few parts. Lands are under preparation in many parts of the Dominions for next season's sowings. Fodder scarcity prevails in 32 talukas, cattle disease in 9 and water scarcity in 29. Prices :—wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 12½ seers in Hyderabad City, showing a fall of ½ seer. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Aurangabad, Bir and Parbhani.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Bangalore and Tumkur and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition and prospects of the season are generally good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rain fell during the week in parts. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light to fair rain fell generally. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy, dry crops and sugarcane is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy is proceeding normally, The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	38,374	44,996	83,370	39,234	41,720	80,954	—2,416
Kathiawar	7,835	...	7,835	8,163	...	8,163	+328
Central India States	9,270	180	9,450	8,151	218	8,369	—1,081
Baroda*	10,658	4,652	15,310*	10,658	4,652	15,310*	...
Total	66,137	49,828	115,965	66,206	46,590	112,796	—3,169

* The figures are for the week ending 27th April 1912.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla*.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1912

☞ **Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.**

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette* The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 25th May 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

—May 13th—

234. J. R. Hebert-Percy. *A new or improved device for locating the presence of water, minerals and the like.*

235. Lobnitz and Company, Limited. *Improvements in hoisting machinery for dipper dredgers and excavators.*

236. Lobnitz and Company, Limited. *Improvements relating to the spuds of dipper dredgers.*

237. F. Wilkinson. *Improvements in mechanism for the stamping of letters, postcards and the like.*

238. J. T. Armstrong and J. Mordan. *Improvements in and relating to the solidification of hydrocarbon oils.*

239. J. Tanner and E. Graham. *Improvements in or relating to loom shuttles.*

—May 14th—

240. W. Dubilier. *Improved method of and apparatus for utilising transformed and primary currents.*

241. Farbwerke Vorm, Meister Lucius & Brüning. *Manufacture of derivatives of diamidodioxyarsenobenzene.*

242. P. W. Druitt and W. R. Gilpin. *Improvements in apparatus for composing and casting type.*

243. M. Churchill-Shann. *Improvements in gas turbines.*

244. E. Moss. *Improvements in and relating to postal franking machines.*

245. J. Maden. *The climax hollow concrete flooring.*

—May 15th—

246. J. Gott. *Improvements in or relating to electric signalling.*

—May 16th—

247. R. H. Morris. *Improvements in moulding plants for wrought-iron pulley bosses.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be for sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

131. Tej Shanker Kochak and Jagan Nath Prasad. *Improved water lift.*

158. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in non-skid tyres for motor cars and other road vehicles.*

159. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in the treads of non-skid pneumatic tyres.*

193. H. H. Jellett. *Point lock.*

204. H. Leitner. *Improvements in means for regulating electric lamp circuits.*

209. R. K. Biernacki. *Improvements in axle boxes for railway and tramway rolling stock.*

213. W. Meischke-Smith. *An improved machine for delivering measured quantities of liquids.*

219. (Mrs.) A. M. Hart. *Improvements in and the process of the manufacture of nitro-cellulose.*

220. M. Deacon and W. Gore. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for adding re-agents to liquids or for mixing liquids.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

20th May 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each :—

86. F. S. Old. *Improved railway gauge tie.*

110. J. A. Hill. *Improvements in and relating to furnace grates for locomotive and like boilers and other purposes.*

153. E. Ritter. *Improvements relating to the construction of hollow beams and the like.*

154. R. F. Sturrock. *Improvements in and relating to furnaces for boilers.*

155. N. V. Hybinette. *Improvements in the process of extracting copper from sulphide ores and other materials.*

157. K. W. Simmons. *An improved scotch block and derail.*

160. E. G. Godfree. *An improved automatic toll recorder for telephone systems.*

162. W. H. Morgan and W. V. Hartzell. *Improvements in and relating to means for securing railroad rails to metal ties.*

163. J. C. Liebenhals. *A combined token and tablet carrier for use on railways.*

165. H. Bille. *Apparatus for producing a perforated paper slip by electric current impulses.*

166. S. G. Brown. *Improvements relating to syphon recorders.*

172. G. Constantinescu. *Improvements in carburettors for internal combustion engines.*

176. K. H. Wimmer and E. B. Higgins. *Process for the reduction or hydrogenation of organic compounds, such as fatty acids and their glycerides.*

179. A. Laing. *Improvements in liquid fuel burners for oil-fired furnaces or other apparatus.*

180. J. H. Corthesy, J. H. Corthesy, Jr., and W. K. L. Dickson *Improvements in and relating to turbines.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

1. Browne and Masson.
2. J. Stone & Company, Ld.
3. Killen.
4. Von Augezd.

SPECIFICATIONS FILED (1888 Act).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 531 of 1911.—A. E. Prosser. *Improvements in racquet and like balls.* (Specification filed 11 May 1912.)

No. 532 of 1911.—B. Walker. *Improvements in looms for weaving pile fabrics.* (Specification filed 11 May 1912.)

No. 533 of 1911.—T. E. Ward and J. Grut. *Improvements in totalisators.* (Specification filed 11 May 1912.)
No. 541 of 1911.—G. Restucci. *Improvements in or relating to steam valve-separators.* (Specification filed 9 May 1912.)
No. 633 of 1911.—W. J. Brewin. *Applying the vacuum or compressed air brakes of a train when in motion through the medium of the foot boards attached to passenger train vehicles.* (Specification filed 9 April 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

261 of 1900. Hewitt. (To 31 October 1913.)
431 of 1900. Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Co., Ld. (To 18 June 1913.)
52 of 1901. West. (To 17 May 1913.)
84 of 1902. Bremer. (To 2 October 1913.)
221 of 1902. Kennicott. (To 23 July 1913.)
195 of 1903. Mather & Platt Ld. (To 19 June 1913.)
196 of 1903. Mather & Platt Ld. (To 19 June 1913.)
43 of 1904. Pedley. (To 20 May 1913.)
53 of 1904. Gahagan. (To 20 May 1913.)
378 of 1904. Manly. (To 23 May 1913.)
527 of 1904. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. (To 17 July 1913.)
203 of 1905. Mooney and The Armstrong Oiler Co. (To 3 June 1913.)
105 of 1906. U. K. Self-Adjusting Anti-Friction Metallic Packing Syndicate and Bell. (To 28 May 1913.)
538 of 1906. Kimber. (To 28 May 1913.)
547 of 1906. Magnoid Co., Ld. (To 28 May 1913.)
199 of 1907. Andrews. (To 23 May 1913.)
269 of 1907. Woods and Gilbert. (To 6 September 1913.)
491 of 1907. Eufon Co. Ld. (To 30 May 1913.)
204 of 1908. Pearson Fire Alarm Ld. (To 24 June 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1899.
249, (Marsland).

1903.
498, (Turck).

1905.
331, (Wood and McKenzie & Holland Limited).

1907.
545, (Shircore).

1908.
10, (Stitt).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

43 of 1904. T. F. Pedley. *A rainproof ventilator.*
315 of 1908. R. N. Mundul. *Improved harmonium reeds and improved hand and portable harmoniums.*
343 of 1910. R. E. H. Dyer. *A night marching compass.*
563 of 1909. C. C. Ghosh. *The Pusa continuous spinning machine.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

Class 13. 32-40. E. B. Redmayne & Sons, manufacturers, Preston, Lancashire, England. March 13.
Class 13. 77-79. E. B. Redmayne & Sons, manufacturers, Preston, Lancashire, England. May 8.

REPORT ON THE PATENT OFFICE.

The following report on the working of the Patent Office during the calendar year 1911, is published for general information :—

No. 1289-P., dated Calcutta, the 26th April 1912

From—H. G. GRAVES, Esq., Controller of Patents and Designs,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

I HAVE the honour to submit, for the information of the Government of India, the Annual Report of the Patent Office during the calendar year 1911.

2. As the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911, came into force on the 1st January 1912, and this report of the working of the office is accordingly the last under the Inventions and Designs Act, 1888, it may be of interest to review very briefly the development of Patents and Designs in India. The first Indian Patent law was the Act of 1856, but, as it was not sanctioned by the Home Government, there was no effective law until the Act of 1859 for granting exclusive privileges to inventors was passed. That Act was based on the British Act of 1852 and continued until June 30th, 1888. Act V of 1888 came into force on the following day and in turn has been repealed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911. Just as the 1888 Act followed the lead given by the British 1883 Act, so the new Act is a sequel to the modifications in the law made by the Patents and Designs Act passed in 1907 in the United Kingdom. The enactment in India was delayed, mainly on account of urgent legislative business in other directions during the cold weather session of 1909-10.

3. The 1888 Act has been in force for 23½ years. During that time 11,679 applications were made for the protection of inventions, and in the words of the Act, an "exclusive privilege" was obtained in 9,113 cases. The development in the numbers has been considerable as will be seen in the detailed statement in appendix C. In 1890 the number of applications was 319. In 1911 the applications numbered 807. This increase was somewhat exceptional as compared with 667 applications of the previous year and in part it was due to the rush at the last moment of applicants from the United Kingdom who desired to obtain certain advantages by applying under the old Act.

4. The registration of designs, which was also effected under the 1888 Act, has a shorter history as it only dates back to the Patterns and Designs Protection Act of 1872. Owing to the high fees, no great advantage was taken of the provisions of the law for safeguarding proprietorship in designs. In fact the applications during the 23½ years of the 1888 Act numbered barely a thousand.

5. The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911, which will in future regulate the patenting of inventions and the registration of designs, was passed during the year under consideration. The Bill, on 3rd January 1911, was referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, the Hon'ble Mr. Macpherson, the Hon'ble Mr. Graves, the Hon'ble Sir V. D. Thackersey, the Hon'ble Mr. Graham, the Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Robertson. I was nominated as an additional member of Council so as to serve on this Committee as the expert member. In Committee, in deference to opinion in India, a section was introduced under which a patent is liable to revocation if not worked in the country. Certain restrictions were, however, inserted to ensure that a patent should not be revoked unless there was a reasonable prospect of its being worked in India. The Select Committee reported on 23rd January 1911 and their report was presented by the Hon'ble Mr. Robertson in Council on the following day. On 1st March 1911 the report was taken into consideration, the Bill as amended was passed and received the assent of the Governor General.

6. A draft of the rules, which it was proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 57 and 77 (1) of the Act, was published in the *Gazette of India*, dated 24th June 1911, for the information of all persons likely to be affected. In response to this notice certain objections and suggestions were made and were taken into consideration in September by the Governor General in Council. As the result, a number of modifications were

incorporated in the draft and the rules were finally made and published in the *Gazette of India*, dated 23rd September 1911. The rules were at once reprinted and placed on sale at a price of two annas per copy.

7. The office has been in my charge throughout the year. In September it was moved from 2, Bankshall Street to 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. With the able assistance of the staff the move was effected with the minimum dislocation of business.

8. During the year 807 applications were made for leave to file specifications and 605 specifications were filed. As stated above, the total number of applications under the present Act has been 11,679, and of specifications 9,113. Compared with 1910 the increase in the number of applications has been 140, but there have been 13 fewer specifications filed The amount received as continuance fees, by payment of which existing privileges are kept in force, has increased by R2,650 and the total income of the office is better by R3,149-5-0.

9. The range of inventions covered by the applications was as wide as usual and the predominance in the railway and textile industries still persists. Improvements in flying machines find a small echo in India, where 12 applications were made. Other industries which received attention to the extent of a dozen or more applications, which is rather beyond the ordinary amount, are fuel, gas, indiarubber, locks, treating ores, talking machines and pumps.

10. Of the 807 applications made during the year, 53 related to inventions that *prima facie* did not appear to be novel. In accordance with the practice that is now well established the state of public knowledge was pointed out to the applicant, and he was given an opportunity of amending his application Including 13 cases pending from the previous year, the result has been that 22 applications were abandoned, 13 were finally refused, and leave was granted in 17 cases, 14 being still pending. Altogether leave was granted on 528 of these 807 applications during the year, 15 were rejected, 21 abandoned and 243 were pending on December 31st. The percentage of those questioned, rejected and abandoned applications is fairly constant from year to year. 341 specifications were filed in respect of applications made during the year, while the balance 264 appertained to the applications of the previous years.

11. Exclusive privileges were kept alive after the fourth year by payment of prescribed fees in 714 cases, or 51 more than in the previous year, whilst 510 or 15 more than in 1910, ceased. Of the 9,113 specifications brought on the register, 2,917 are now in force, an increase of 95 as compared with 2,822 at the end of last year Two exclusive privileges which were extended beyond the ordinary period of 14 years, are also still in force. The appended table shows the comparative age and number of these privileges for the various years.

12. Eighty-seven applications for the registration of designs were dealt with during the year, an increase of 51 as compared with 1910 Seventy-seven of these designs were registered. One application was abandoned and 9 were refused. The latter included one picture and 5 labels or trade marks which cannot be registered under the Inventions and Designs Acts. The annual number of applications in respect of designs has varied between 171 and 15. The relatively high fee of R10 is prohibitive of any marked increase and it is reduced under the new Act.

13. The work of the office has progressed satisfactorily and has been kept up to date during the year. The annual consolidated index of all inventions and designs, for which protection was sought or obtained during 1910, was issued early in the year Corresponding volumes, entitled "Inventions and Designs," are at this date available for the years 1905 to 1911 at the price of R1 each. A consolidated subject-matter index of inventions in the years 1900 to 1908, together with a chronological list of applications, 1900 to 1904, is also on sale at R2.

14. Although the Inventions and Designs Act is repealed by the Indian Patents and Designs Act, proceedings on applications, made under the repealed Act, are continued as if the new Act had not been passed. Section 6 of the General Clauses Act (X of 1897) gives the necessary saving for rights, etc., obtained on such current and previous applications. Otherwise all applications made after December 31st, 1911, come under the new Act, which, at the date of this report, appears to be working satisfactorily.

15. The usual tables are appended.

Statement showing (a) number of specifications filed; (b) privileges kept in force by payment of continuance fees to end of the 5th to the 14th years; (c) privileges expired through non-payment of continuance fees at commencement of the 5th to the 14th years.

Year.	Specifications filed and in force to end of the 4th year.	5th year.		6th year.		7th year.		8th year.		9th year.		10th year.		11th year.		12th year.		13th year.		14th year.	
		Lapsed.	Living.	Lapsed	Living.	Lapsed.	Living.	Lapsed.	Living	Lapsed	Living.	Lapsed	Living	Lapsed	Living	Lapsed	Living	Lapsed.	Living	Lapsed.	Living.
1889 . .	237	162	75	21	54	7	47	6	41	2	39	7	32	2	30	6	24	3	21	8	13
1890 . .	185	124	61	16	45	9	36	6	30	3	27	7	20	1	19	...	19	4	15	12	3
1891 . .	236	169	67	15	52	10	42	5	37	5	32	10	22	3	19	2	17	4	13	3	10
1892 . .	287	202	85	35	50	11	39	4	35	4	31	7	24	4	20	7	13	6	7	3	4
1893 . .	252	179	73	19	54	12	42	3	39	6	33	6	27	1	26	3	23	2	21	4	17*
1894 . .	286	195	91	31	60	9	51	10	41	10	31	7	24	3	21	4	17	3	14	5	9
1895 . .	320	191	129	21	108	10	98	26	72	27	45	3	42	3	39	8	31	4	27	4	23
1896 . .	298	203	95	22	73	15	58	9	49	12	37	5	32	7	25	4	21	3	18	3	15†
1897 . .	386	266	120	34	86	12	74	7	67	15	52	5	47	12	35	12	23	4	19	6	13
1898 . .	405	274	131	40	91	22	69	15	54	7	47	15	32	7	25	3	22	7	15	3	12
1899 . .	409	264	145	32	113	22	91	21	70	7	63	7	56	10	46	18	28	6	22		
1900 . .	403	259	144	40	104	16	88	17	71	16	55	17	38	7	31	6	25				
1901 . .	412	275	137	38	99	26	73	14	59	13	46	14	32	6	26						
1902 . .	375	216	159	28	131	17	114	18	96	20	76	32	44								
1903 . .	444	285	159	34	125	23	102	18	84	20	64										
1904 . .	468	307	161	39	122	22	100	33	67												
1905 . .	467	295	172	40	132	24	108														
1906 . .	538	329	209	53	156																
1907 . .	508	314	194																		
1908 . .	471																				
1909 . .	503																				
1910 . .	618																				
1911 . .	605																				

* Two of these privileges were extended under Section 15. One is still in force. † One of these privileges was extended under Section 15 and is still in force.

B.—Statement showing the proceedings under the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888 during the year 1911 as compared with the years 1910 and 1909.

	1911.	1910.	1909.
I. Applications under Part I of the Act for leave to file a specification—			
Number of applications received	807	667	695
(a) Granted	528	493	506
(b) Rejected	15	10	15
(c) Pending December 31st	243	138	146
(d) Abandoned	21	26	28
II. Applications from residents in India and from other persons—			
Number of applications from residents in India	206	199	238
(a) Natives of India	64	62	74
(b) Other residents	142	137	164
Number of applications from other persons	601	468	457
III. Specifications—			
Number of specifications filed	605	618	503
IV. Applications under Part II for copyright in a design—			
Number of applications for the registration of designs	87	36	51
(a) Registered	77	26	37
(b) Rejected	9	8	11
(c) Pending	...	1	1
(d) Abandoned	1	1	2
V. Privileges kept alive by payment of the prescribed fees—			
Number of cases in which exclusive privilege was kept alive	714	663	678
(a) Under clause 4 (a) of the fourth schedule	192	195	179
(b) For the fifth year	153	128	126
(c) " sixth year	109	95	100
(d) " seventh year	69	74	72
(e) " eighth year	68	45	51
(f) " ninth year	37	41	40
(g) " tenth year	30	28	52
(h) " eleventh year	23	31	23
(i) " twelfth year	25	13	19
(j) " thirteenth year	12	13	15
After the fourteenth year	1	...	1
VI. Applications for extension of privileges	...	1	1
VII. Privileges ceased—			
Number of cases in which exclusive privileges ceased	510	495	449
(a) Through non-payment of the fee prescribed in clause (4) (a) of the fourth schedule.	314	329	295
(b) Through non-payment of the fifth year's fee	53	40	39
(c) " " sixth "	24	22	23
(d) " " seventh "	33	18	18
(e) " " eighth "	20	20	13
(f) " " ninth "	32	14	17
(g) " " tenth "	6	7	10
(h) " " eleventh "	6	18	3
(i) " " twelfth "	6	7	4
(j) " " thirteenth "	3	6	3
At end of fourteenth year	13	14	23
After extension under section 15	...	...	1

C.—Statement showing the work of the Patent Office from 1890 to 1911.

Year.	Number of applications under Part I of Act. Inventions	Number of applications under Part II of Act. Designs.	Total number of applications filed.	Number of specifications filed	Fees: Applications.	Fees: Specifications	Fees: Continuance of privilege	Miscellaneous fees including fees for extension of time and other fees			Total receipts		
					R	R	R	R	a.	p	R	a	p
1890	319	49	368	194	3,680	5,820	50	856	10	0	10,106	10	0
1891	347	171	518	236	5,180	7,080	750	752	0	0	13,762	0	0
1892	336	89	425	305	4,250	9,150	1,400	905	6	0	15,705	6	0
1893	375	37	412	253	4,120	7,590	4,300	897	2	0	16,907	2	0
1894	375	38	413	294	4,130	8,820	6,610	2,270	10	0	21,830	10	0
1895	417	40	457	320	4,570	9,600	8,000	1,205	14	0	23,975	14	0
1896	460	27	487	312	4,870	9,360	11,950	1,281	5	0	27,461	5	0
1897	451	19	470	392	4,700	11,760	13 050	1 387	2	0	30,897	2	0
1898	481	16	497	409	4,970	12,270	17 400	1,523	9	0	36,163	9	0
1899	481	20	501	415	5,010	12 450	19,100	2,033	2	0	38,593	2	0
1900	492	22	514	410	5,140	12,300	23,700	1,824	5	0	42,964	5	0
1901	496	27	523	412	5 230	12,360	26,210	1 300	1	0	45,100	1	0
1902	524	28	552	375	5,520	11,250	27,000	1 777	4	0	45,547	4	0
1903	540	27	567	414	5,670	13,320	29,200	1,337	12	0	49,527	12	0
1904	552	32	584	468	5,840	14,040	36,450	1,431	13	0	57,761	13	0
1905	586	15	601	467	6,110	14,010	33,150	1,496	12	0	54 766	12	0
1906	620	15	635	538	6,410	16,140	34,250	1,040	3	0	57,870	3	0
1907	615	34	649	508	6,650	15,240	37,550	1,164	11	0	60,604	11	0
1908	551	66	617	471	6,380	14,130	37,800	1 288	10	0	59,598	10	0
1909	695	51	746	503	7,540	15,090	42,200	1,37[illegible]	10	0	66 200	10	0
1910	667	36	703	618	7,080	18 510	39,150	2 037	15	0	67,827	15	0
1911	807	87	894	605	8,950	18,150	42,100	1,777	4	0	70 977	4	0

D—Number of applications from abroad

	1911.	1910	1909	1908.	1907.
United Kingdom	337	254	253	192	217
United States of America	69	49	79	41	68
British Colonies	64	67	41	48	45
France	38	23	18	20	25
Germany	49	41	22	23	29
Switzerland	6	3	6	2	3
Belgium	3	5	5	3	3
Holland	...	2	4	2	4
Denmark	1	2	3	1	4
Austria	7	7	6	4	5
Sweden	5	1	7	4	2
Italy	7	3	3	4	6
Russia	5	4	2	3	1
Norway		1		1	
Hungary	2	1	2	.	.
Brazil	..			.	2
Japan	1	1	2	2	3
Argentine Republic	2	1	1	1	...
Siam	.			1	...
Straits Settlements	2	.	2	..	...
Roumania	...		1	.	...
Tunis	..	1	...	...	...
West Indies	...	1		...	..
Spain	..	1	.	..	...
Philipines	1	.	...	...	...
Egypt	1	..	..	.	...
Mexico	1				..
TOTAL	601	468	457	352	417

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. ***All communications*** relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions, so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows:—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.

Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.

„ —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.

Calcutta—Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

„ —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.

Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.

Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.

London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.

Madras—College of Engineering.

Nagpur—Office of the Director of Agricultur Central Provinces.

Poona—College of Engineering.

Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

	Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911 each	1	0
(f) Patent Office Journal, January to March each	0	8
(g) Specifications of Inventions each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910 and 1910-11, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush' (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

"Akhlaq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R5-12 per copy.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

II B 2

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R	a.	p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1	12	0
" " " Upper Sub-Class "	1	6	0
" " " Lower " " "	1	0	0
Tacheometric Plane tabling and Gradient Telemeter Level by Prof. C. J. Veale	1	13	0

E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in $3\frac{1}{4}$-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

POWDER.

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R	a.	p.	*Retail rate* For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. R	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 " "	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th May 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS							4 PER CENT. LOANS							4½ PER CENT. LOANS			GRAND TOTAL.
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	...	TOTAL.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	...	TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879, 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	TOTAL.	
Balance of 30th April 1912	36,24,700	1,23,57,100	7,07,13,900	1,82,42,500	93,26,400	22,03,900	...	11,28,43,800	6,933	5,000	..	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,65,47,533
Add—																			
Amount of transferred to in London		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to	...	...	...		...	...	...	...										...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to 3rd May 1912	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,500	...	2,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	2,500
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between 1st and 15th May 1912	...	11,700	...	2,300	...	...	...	14,000									...	...	14,000
	36,24,700	1,23,68,800	7,07,14,900	1,82,44,800	93,26,400	22,05,400	..	11,28,60,300	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,65,64,033
Deduct—																			
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	10,000	2,43,500	25,400	1,00,000	5,200	.	3,84,100	..			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,84,100
Balance on 15th May 1912	36,24,700	1,23,58,800	7,04,71,400	1,82,19,400	92,26,400	22,00,300	...	11,24,76,200	6,933	5,000		500	30,000	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,61,79,933

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th Mar. 1912 Enfaced from India 12,183 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,356 lakhs.
" 16th Mar. 1912 " 31st " " ditto 4 " ditto 7 "
" 1st April " " 15th April " ditto 1 lakh. ditto 3 "
" 16th " " " 30th " " ditto 5 lakhs. ditto 8 "
" 1st May " " 15th May " ditto ... ditto 4 "
12,191 lakhs. 12,378 lakhs.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 18th May 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 21st May 1912.

LIABILITIES.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	89,99,210	4	11			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,00,92,659	8	1	1,90,91,869	13	0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .				16,20,92,171	12	8
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				6,28,015	2	10
Sundries				24,51,063	10	6
RUPEES .				22,22,63,120	7	0

ASSETS.	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities . .				2,96,02,315	0	0
Other authorized Investments				56,32,473	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				3,95,63,065	0	9
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,53,63,299	14	11
Bills discounted and purchased				3,38,79,310	10	6
Balances with other Banks .				35,51,096	5	6
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock				25,38,115	8	10
Stamps				12,184	2	4
Sundries				3,73,369	4	7
				16,05,15,228	15	5
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*3,99,90,842	14	1			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,17,57,048	9	6	6,17,47,891	7	7
RUPEES .				22,22,63,120	7	0

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs, value			R5,09,370	0	0
† Do.	do.	do	R6,16,620	0	0
			R11,25,990	0	0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 23rd May 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 33·51.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
246—1912	Mahomedally Hyderally Dawoodi	Mahomedan	Bhendy Bazar, Parel Road	Lately carrying on business in partnership with Abdool Hoosem Ahmedji as Stationers under the name and style of Mahomedally Abdul Husein and now servant in the employ of the Rolled Steel Beam Company.	2nd	May	1912	3rd	May	1912
247—1912	William Baker	Eurasian	No. 24, Kelly's Building, Byculla.	Telegraphist in the Government Telegraph Office, Fort.	"	"	"	"	"	"
251—1912	Peter D'Sequira *alias* Peter Sequira	Portuguese	No 30, Mazagon Love Lane	Fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company	"	"	"	"	"	"
248—1912	Ranchordas Dwarkadas Sha and Nanabhai *alias* Brijmohandas Dwarkadas Sha.	Hindu	Bhuleshwar	Lately speculators in cotton and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
250—1912	Vanaychand Hindu Sha	"	No. 162, Kalbadevi Road	Lately trading in partnership with Hirachand Dayabhai Sha, Manroop Natha Sha and Lalchand Hindu Sha as money lenders and dealers in cloth in the name of Hirachand Dayabhoy and Company and now unemployed	"	"	"	"	"	"
252—1912	Lucien Augusto	Portuguese	Harbour View, Colaba Causeway.	Government Pensioner and clerk to the Bombay Gazette.	3rd	"	"	"	"	"

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination	Address in Bombay.	Description	Date of presentation of Petitions			Date of the adjudication.		
					Day	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
253—1912	Joseph Anthony Arland	East Indian	787, Dadar Koombarwada	Sub-Inspector in the Bombay Municipality	3rd	May	1912	3rd	May	1912
254—1912	Hatambhai Abdul Rahim Dawoodi	Mahomedan	Mirza Street	Lately carrying on business in partnership with Bawamiya Jamahimya and Dhunjibhai Bomanji under the name and style of B. Hatambhai & Co, and now under the name and style of Hatambhai & Co, as cutlery and toys merchant		"	"	"	"	"
249—1912	Mahomed Oomer Ismail Shaik	"	219, Bellasis Road	Lately petty dealer in Tea, Coffee, etc., and now unemployed.	2nd	"	"	6th	"	"
255—1912	Shantaram Bhagwant Mahajan	Hindu	N 3, Anant Shuvaji's Chawl, Grant Road.	Lately proprietor of the Hindustan Cap Factory and now unemployed	3rd	"	"	"	"	"
256—1912	David William Horden	Eurasian	Colaba, Grant's Buildings	Government Pensioner	6th	"	"	"	"	"
257—1912	Varajlal *alias* Brijlal Ghoridut Vyas	Hindu	Motisha's Chawl, Moombadevi	Silver broker and speculator	"	"	"	"	"	"
258—1912	Kadarbhai Mahomedali Mahimwala	Mahomedan	Bhendy Bazar Road	Tinman in the Bomanji Petit Mills, Ltd	"	"	"	"	"	"
260—1912	Frederick Eustace Dunn	European	5, Wodehouse Road	Formerly proprietor of the United Service Stores, Bangalore, and now Travelling Agent to Messrs Marcks & Co, Ltd	7th	"	"	8th	"	"

261—1912	Maniksing Lekhoosing Chawan	Hindu	Pimpalwadi, Mugbhat	Clerk in the General Post Office, Bombay.	8th	„	„	„	„	„
262—1912	Kashinath Jiwan Thacoor, Harichand Jiwan Thacoor, Manik Kashinath Thacoor and Dadoba Kashinath Thacoor.	„	Nos. 187, 334, 333, and 333, Agar Bazar, Mohim, respectively.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Debtors carpenters in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company and the 4th Debtor lately fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company and now unemployed	„	„	„	„	„	„
263—1912	Luxumon Maoji Thucker	„	Popatwadi	Carrying on business as dealer in stylo-pens, rubber stamps and reading books at 480, Abdul Rehman Street.	9th	„	„	9th	„	„
241—1912	Balkrishna Vithoba Vengurlekar	„	No. 18, Kandewadi	Lately clerk in the Bombay Steam Navigation Company and now unemployed.	26th	April	„	10th	„	„
264—1912	Abdool Rajab Aboo Memon and Aboo Mahomed Memon.	Mahomedan	Dadar	Hawkers in piece goods carrying on business in the name of Abdul Rajak Aboo.	9th	May	„	„	„	„
265—1912	Abasbhai Abdul Rahim Dawoodi Bora.	„	Parsi Gully	Lately clerk in the employ of Chandabhai Mahomedalli and now clerk in the employ of Mowji Ludha.	10th	„	„	„	„	„
266—1912	Haji Mahomed Hoosein Haji Ismail Memon *alias* Haji Hoosein Ismail *alias* Bachoo Haji Ismail Memon.	„	Kambekar Street	Carrying on business in partnership as tailors and outfitters under the name of Haji Ebram Brothers.	„	„	„	„	„	„
267—1912	Cyles John Gavare and Thomas John Gavare.	Native Christian	No. 4, Delisle Road	1st Debtor fitter in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company and the 2nd Debtor carpenter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	„	„	„	„	„	„
268—1912	Javerchand Ramji Sha	Hindu	Tamba Kanta	Goldsmith	„	„	„	„	„	„
269—1912	Mahomed Ludha Ghachi	Mahomedan	No. 23, Gogari Molla	Lately dealer in milk and oil and now dealer in milk.	„	„	„	„	„	„

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*concld.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
270—1912	Shaik Ahmed Mahomedally Marker	Mahomedan .	Nagpada (Manwar House) .	Engineer in the "Times of India" Press.	13th	May . .	1912	13th	May . .	1912
271—1912	Begumbai Woman *alias* Begumbai Naikin.	" . .	Corner, Grant Road . .	Dancing girl	14th	" . .	"	14th	" . .	"

Orders in the matters of the above-named Debtors' Petitions, that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents, and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 15th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 64 OF 1912.

In the matter of H. A. Penfold, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by H. A. Penfold, late Superintendent of Conservancy, Eastern Division, Rangoon Municipality, residing at No. 28, 43rd Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said H. A. Penfold.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 10th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 9 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ahmed Sulaiman Mapara and Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, lately trading together in co-partnership under the style of " A. S. Mapara ".

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ahmed Sulaiman Mapara and Ismail Mahomed Mamsa, insolvents, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 26th day of March 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 10th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 50 OF 1911.

In the matter of Edward Malcom Simmonds of No. 2-9, Merchant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Edward Malcom Simmonds an Insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 14th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 15th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 65 OF 1912.

In the matter of Jas. Barnabas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Jas. Barnabas, son of A. Barnabas, Teacher, residing at 113, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Jas. Barnabas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 10th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 66 OF 1912.

In the matter of George Ockhardt, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by George Ockhardt, hairdresser of No. 73, Phayre Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said George Ockhardt.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 16th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 67 OF 1912.

In the matter of L. Shain Paul, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by L. Shain Paul, Clerk of Messrs. Finlay, Fleming and Co., residing at 24, 16th Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said L. Shain Paul.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 16th day of May 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that orders have been made by this Court adjudging the persons hereunder mentioned Insolvents and vesting the estates and effects of the said Insolvents in Mr. J. R. B. Branson, the Official Assignee of this Court; and all persons indebted to the said Insolvents, or who have any of their estates and effects, are hereby required forthwith to pay or deliver the same to the said Official Assignee :—

Number of Petition.	Date of Presentation.	Name, Address and Description of Insolvents.	Date of Adjudication.	Date of Public Examination of the Insolvents.
64 of 1912	15th March 1912.	Mangadu Krishnasawmy Mudaly, M. Balasundra Mudaly, M. Ponnurunga Mudaly and M. Mahadeva Mudaly, merchants, residing in Mangadu, Saidapet Taluk.	16th March 1912.	19th July 1912.
94 of 1912	12th April 1912	Abdulla Saib, formerly piece-goods merchant, residing at No. 29, Godown Street, Georgetown, Madras.	12th April 1912	19th July 1912.
111 of 1912	30th April 1912	Veema Runganathum Chetty, hardware merchant, residing at No. 223, Ganindappa-Naick Street, Georgetown, Madras.	30th April 1912	19th July 1912.

J. R. ATKINSON,
Deputy Registrar.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, MADRAS;
The 16th May 1912.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH MAY 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins. Receipts				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin						Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion	Other Government Bullion	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage	Dollar coined and paid over	Closing balance of Bullion	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	1	..	1	1	...	1	...	190	11	18	1	220			.	.	...	...
Bombay	..	...		...	...	..	...	1	100		12		113		2			...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 21st May 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th May 1912.

No. 52.—First Class Assistant Surgeon A. Beale, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, is granted 60 days' privilege leave with effect from the date he may avail himself of the same.

The 9th May 1912.

No. 53.—1st Class Military Assistant Surgeon C. R. Pollock, I.S.M.D., has been granted 90 days' privilege leave with effect from the 5th April 1912.

The 10th May 1912.

No. 54.—No. 279, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dhan Shankar Suraj Ram Smart, I.S.M.D., has been granted 60 days' privilege leave with effect from the 12th April 1912 and his services are, on expiry thereof, replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India.

No. 55.—*Erratum.*—In Notification No. 46, dated the 16th April 1912, published in the *Gazette of India*, Part II, dated the 20th April 1912, *for* 31st March 1911, ***read*** 31st March 1912.

The 13th May 1912.

No. 56.—The services of 1st class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon ***Khan Sahib*** Shaikh Ahmed, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 21st December 1911.

No. 57.—The services of No. 1242, 3rd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Jan Muhammad, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, with effect from the 12th April 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 15th May 1912.

No. 616.—Major E. A. Tandy, R.E., Deputy Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for one month and four days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd May 1912.

S. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 10th May 1912.

No. 1217.—The undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the prescribed tests in the Baluchi language by the Higher Standard at an examination held at Quetta, on the 29th and 30th April 1912 :—

1. Mr. B. C. Fernandes, Registrar, office of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan.
2. Captain S. Morton, 24th Punjabis (Imperial Service Troops).
3. Lieutenant E. V. Binney, Royal Engineers.
4. Sergeant H. J. Elliott, Supply and Transport Corps.
5. Captain W. McM. Black, 58th Rifles, F.F.
6. Sergeant C. Echlin, Supply and Transport Corps.
7. Assistant Surgeon J. W. Gibbs, Indian Subordinate Medical Department.

By order,
DENYS BRAY,
First Assistant

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 14th May 1912.

No. 520.—The following bye-laws made by the Cantonment Committee of Nasirabad under Section 174 of the Cantonment Code of 1912, and confirmed by the Local Government under Section 279 (1) are hereby published, as required by Section 280 (3) of the said Code :—

1. The proprietor or in default of the proprietor, driver of any bullock cart kept or plying for hire within the limits of the Cantonment shall take out a license for the same in accordance with these bye-laws.

2. The Secretary, Cantonment Committee, for the time being shall be the licensing officer for the purposes of these bye-laws

3. Any person desiring to take out a license shall produce his bullock cart for inspection by the licensing officer together with the animals used for the draught at such time and place as the latter may direct

4. After such inspection the licensing officer may grant the license applied for. If he refuses to grant the license he shall record the reasons for his refusal.

APPEAL FROM ORDER OF LICENSING OFFICER

5. Any applicant to whom a license has been refused under the preceding bye-law may appeal to the Cantonment Committee against his order, but any such appeal must be lodged at the Cantonment office within seven days from the date of such order.

6. The Cantonment Committee shall, after giving the appellant sufficient notice to enable him to appear and state his case before the Committee, decide the appeal. The appellant may be represented by any recognised agent or by the person authorised by him in writing in this behalf.

7. Fees for licenses.

BULLOCK CARTS

	R	a	p
Drawn by two or more bullocks for one year . . .	1	8	0

8. At the time the license is granted, the licensing officer shall deliver or cause to be delivered, to the licensee a card (or metal plate) showing –

(1) The number of the bullock cart in the licensing officer's register of licenses.

(2) The name of the licensee

(3) The period for which the license is granted

(4) The maximum load permissible.

DUTIES OF LICENSEES AND CONDITIONS OF LICENSES

9. The licensee shall cause the card (or metal plate) delivered under the preceding bye-law to be affixed to the bullock cart in a conspicuous place and he shall not allow the bullock cart to ply for hire unless this card or plate has been affixed to it.

10. Each license granted under these bye-laws shall be subject to the following conditions :—

(i) The person in charge of the bullock cart shall not refuse except for reasonable cause to let the same for hire :

(ii) the load shall not exceed the amount fixed as a maximum by the Cantonment Committee :

(iii) the person in charge shall accept for carriage any weight of goods not exceeding the maximum load that the hirer may require to be carried :

(iv) the person in charge shall not demand a rate of hire exceeding that fixed by the Cantonment Committee :

(v) the person in charge shall assist in loading or unloading the bullock cart and shall require his assistant employed with the bullock cart to give assistance if required by the hirer to do so :

(vi) all disputes as to the amount of load to be carried or as to the hire due or to any other matter referred to in these bye-laws shall be decided by the Secretary, Cantonment Committee :

(vii) if any property is left in the bullock cart the persons in charge shall take the same, unless sooner claimed by the owner, to the nearest Police Station within 24 hours.

11. The Cantonment Committee (or if the Cantonment Committee has delegated this power to any officer) may at any time revoke or suspend a license for a breach of any of the above conditions.

12. The Cantonment Committee may from time to time appoint places or stands for bullock carts to wait at pending hire, no bullock cart shall be allowed to wait for hire at any place other than at such stands or at the licensee's own premises

13 No person hiring a bullock cart shall—

require the person in charge thereof to load thereon, or cause to be laden thereon goods in excess of the maximum load fixed by bye-law 15 below for such bullock cart.

14. The rates for hire which may be demanded are .—

BY DISTANCE.

When it is desired to hire a bullock cart by the mile, private arrangements should be made with the owner.

BY PLACES.

	R	a	p.
From Railway Station to any place in Cantonment .	0	6	0

BY TIME.

For first hour	0	4	0
For second hour and every subsequent hour . .	0	2	0
For half-day (4 hours)	0	8	0
For whole day (8 hours)	1	0	0

A minimum charge of annas six

The rates for hire outside Cantonment limits to be the same as those prevailing from time to time in the District

15 Loads to be carried

The load carried on any bullock cart shall not exceed that fixed below —

Maximum load to be carried . . 20 maunds

Section 278, Cantonment Code, 1912. 16 A breach of any such provisions of any such bye-law as is mentioned in the schedule appended shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees : and when the breach is a continuing breach, with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the date of the first conviction during which the offender is proved to have persisted in the offence

SCHEDULE.

Bye-law.	Provision, breach of which is punishable
1	Plying for hire without a license.
9	Allowing to ply for hire a bullock cart which has not a card (or metal plate) affixed to it.
13	Causing to be laden any amount exceeding the maximum load

The 16th May 1912.

No 545-327.—Consequent on the retirement from Government Service of Dewan Bahadur Pandit G R. Khandekar, Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, the following promotions are made in Ajmer-Merwara, with effect from the 1st April 1912 .—

(1) Rao Bahadur Munshi Damodar Lal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, I, Ajmer at present on Foreign Service, to be Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, but to continue on Foreign Service.

Munshi Damodar Lal's lien on the post is suspended under Article 89 of the Civil Service Regulations.

(2) Rao Bahadur Munshi Harnam Dass, Extra Assistant Commissioner, II, Ajmer, at present on Foreign Service, to be provisional Judicial Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer, but to continue on Foreign Service.

Munshi Harnam Dass will hold the post in subordination to the lien of Munshi Damodar Lal, *vide* Article 786 of the Civil Service Regulations.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner,
Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, the 14th May 1912.

No. 30.—The following draft of an amendment which it is proposed to make in the rules to regulate the possession and transport of petroleum, promulgated with this Residency Notification No. 52, dated the 19th July 1909, is published for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 1st August 1912.

Any objection which may be received from any person in respect of the said draft, before the date aforesaid will be considered by the Resident in Mysore.

DRAFT.

The first line of condition 4 of license Form A appended to the rules shall be altered so as to run thus :—

"The following distances round the building shall be kept clear of protected works."

The 15th May 1912.

No. 31.—The licenses issued under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), to the Revd. John Redmond Bacon of the London Mission, in Notifications Nos. 2616 and 2617, dated the 7th May 1902, to solemnize marriages and to grant certificates of marriage within the territories of Mysore including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, are hereby cancelled.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

The 18th May 1912.

No. 35.—Captain John Arthur Mathews is granted leave out of India for six months, with effect from the 1st June 1912 or date of departure.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

RAJPUTANA ADMINISTRATION—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Mount Abu, the 17th May 1912.

LOCAL ADMINISTRATION'S ORDERS.

No. 1463-S.—Mr. R. Gadsby, Assistant Engineer, is granted language leave for 3 months under paragraph 181 of Public Works Department Code, Volume I, with effect from 1st July 1912, or such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

H. C. SANDERS,

Secretary to A. G. G. in the P. W. D., Rajputana.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment, dated at Karachi this 16th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—8458, Dr., David W. Williams.
Age—21 years.
Height—5 feet 3¼ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Errand Boy.
Date of Enlistment—26th July 1906.
Place of Enlistment—Pontefract, Yorks.
Parish and County in which born—Thornaby, Stockton-on-Tees, Yorks.
Date of desertion or absence—12th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Karachi.
Marks—Scar on groin of left thigh. Tattoo marks, Rose, Crown, and 84th, right forearm, Anchor and Dot, left forearm.
Under six years' service.

F. W. DANIELL, Lieut.-Colonel,

Commanding 1st Battalion, York and Lancaster Regiment

II D

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers, dated at Mhow this 20th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—1963, L. Cpl. (now Pte.) Ernest Edgar Watson.
Age—24 years 6 months.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Wheelwright.
Date of enlistment—31st May 1906.
Place of enlistment—London.
Parish and County in which born—Kirby Wiske, Thirsk, Yorkshire.
Date of desertion or absence—14th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Colaba, Bombay.
Marks—Mole, right ribs, Scar, left temple.
On Furlough.
Under 3 years' service.

I. M. BONHAM-CARTER, Lieut. and Adjt., for Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th May 1912.

No. 346-*S. Ap.*—Mr. L. Hodgkinson, Postmaster, Ootacamund, pay R200—300, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

No. 350-*S. Ap.*—M. Muhammad Kasim, Postmaster, Sylhet, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for 15 days, with effect from the 14th May 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Babu Upendra Nath Sen, Deputy Postmaster, Sylhet, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Sylhet, during the absence on privilege leave of M. Muhammad Kasim, or until further orders.

No. 364-*S. Ap.*—Lala Madan Mohan Lal, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 25th April 1912.

The 17th May 1912.

No. 385-*S. Ap.*—Mr. L. E. Fox, Postmaster, Srinagar, pay R200—300, is granted furlough for three months with effect from the 17th April 1912, in combination with privilege leave for three months sanctioned in this office Notification No. 435-Ap., dated the 5th February 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 24th May 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 22nd May 1912.

	Total amount of notes in Circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.		Securities (Purchase price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	3,15,30,830	22,55,01,205	25,70,32,035	3,36,02,442	2,49,57,255	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	28,48,46,613	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500. (b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Cawnpore	...	2,15,16,725	2,15,16,725	1,25,03,446	86,34,990	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,11,38,436	
Lahore	...	2,91,25,515	2,91,25,515	1,05,55,263	1,53,76,725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,59,31,988	
Bombay	87,61,030	12,73,16,355	13,60,77,385	2,76,67,553	15,68,60,077	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,45,27,630	
Karachi	...	1,20,46,750	1,20,46,750	36,38,675	6,12,660	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	42,51,335	
Madras	1,03,00,235	6,53,73,505	7,56,73,740	1,38,76,360	1,36,91,085	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,75,67,445	
Rangoon	...	4,99,99,895	4,99,99,895	1,69,55,468	1,65,76,605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,35,32,073	
	5,05,92,095	53,08,79,950	58,14,72,045	11,87,99,207	23,67,09,397	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	58,17,95,520	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			8,86,525	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									12,10,000	
Total Circulation R			58,05,85,520	Total Reserve R									58,05,85,520	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 22nd May 1912.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 22nd May 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

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Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-I-Am Press, Lahore and Calcutta.
Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazir Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
Messrs. A. Chand & Co., Punjab.
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*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

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Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. II (D—I), Edition 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R11 or 16*s*. 6*d*. (15*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Preliminary Report on an investigation into the Etiology of Oriental Sore in Cambay. By Captain W. S. Patton. New Series. No. 50. Super Royal 8vo. Board. 6*a*. or 8*d*. (3*a*.)

Fauna of British India including Ceylon and Burma. Coleoptra by W. W. Fowler. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R15 or 22*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

The Proceedings of the First All-India Sanitary Conference held at Bombay on 13th and 14th November 1911. Foolscap. Board. R2 10*a*. or 4*s*. (5*a*.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a* or 5*d*. (2*a*.)

Financial Statement and Budget for 1912-1913 Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (6*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13 Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910 Vol. II. Twenty sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s* 6*d*. (5*a*.)

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover R2 or 3*d* (3*a*.)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of December 1911, January and February 1912. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a* or 9*d* (2*a*.) each

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January, February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched 2*a*. or 2*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of February and March 1912. No. 11 and No 12. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.) each.

Supplement to the Annual Statement (Volumes I and II) of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with British Empire and Foreign Countries, for the official year ending March 31st compared with the preceding year. Foolscap. Board R5 or 6*s* 8*d* (12*a*.)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the calendar year 1911, compared with the years 1909 and 1910 Royal 8vo Stitched 8*a*. or 9*d* (2*a*.)

Statistics of British India (with Statistics, where available, relating to certain Native States) for 1910-1911 and preceding years, Part VII, Educational, including Statistics relating to Education, Printing Presses and Publications Fifth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE

Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of India. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol III, Part II. Note on the Antiseptic Treatment of Timber in India with special reference to Railway Sleepers. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a* or 1*s* 3*d*. (3*a*.)

Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a* or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a*. or 1*s*. 3*d*. (1*a*.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan. Foolscap. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (5*a*.)

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (10*a*.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 12*a*. or 3*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army, in subjects (*d*), (*e*), (*h*) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (*h*) (*ii*) and (*iii*) (Lieutenants, I.M.S.), (*i*) and (*j*) for promotion.

(2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.

(3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical Subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations.

(4) Majors of the Army Veterinary Corps in Technical Subjects, Appendix XV, King's Regulations. Demy 4to. Board. R1 4*a*. or 1*s*. 9*d*. (3*a*.)

Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4*a* or 2*s*. (3*a*.)

Musketry Schools Regulations, India (Provisional), General Staff, India, 1912. Royal 16mo. Paper. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 4*d*. (2*a*.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book, 1679-1680. Foolscap. Board. R2 4a. or 3s. 6d. (4a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book. Military Department. 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 12a. or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1754, Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. As. 14 or 1s. 3d. (3a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4a. 9p. (1a.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7s. 6d. (12a.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3p. (1a.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3a. 3p. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18s. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3a. 9p. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Paludism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7s. 6d. (11a.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (5a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12a. or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8a. or 2s. 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals.* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12a. or 2s. 3d. (5a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in October and November 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

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Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (b) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (6a.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R. S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1912.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4*s.* 6*d.* (3*a.*)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3*s.* 0*d.* (6*a.*)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1*s.* 11*d.* (3*a.*)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9*d.* (3*a.*)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4*s.* 3*d.* (6*a.*)

Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1*a.*)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6*a.* or 2*s.* (2*a.*)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1*a.* (1*a.*)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 10 or 10*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a.* 3*p.* or 11½*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a.* or 11*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1*s.* 7*d.* (3*a.*)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1*s.* 4*d.* (3*a.*)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-9 or 2*s.* 1*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1*s.* 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow, R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
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Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chauder Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

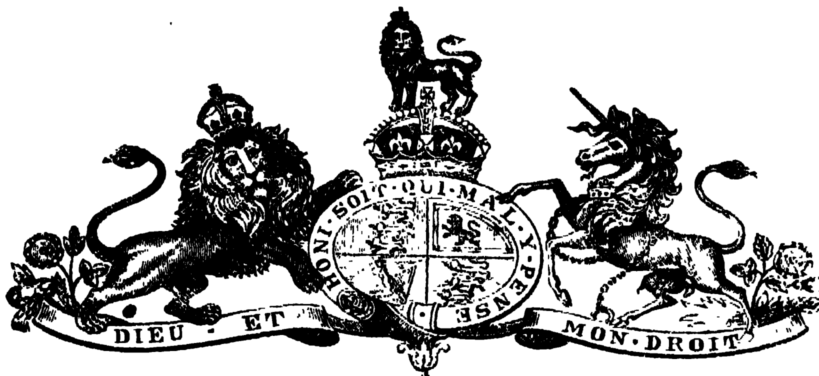
Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 145037, 145038 and 145760, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000, 1,000 and 500, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Rajendra Nath Neogy, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereof have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—RAJENDRA NATH NEOGY.

Residence—Chupra, District Saran.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 092030, 015610 and 081374 of the 3½ per cent. loans of 1842-43, 1879 and 1854-55, respectively, for R20,000, R4,000 and R3,000, respectively, originally standing in the name of Srimati Madhab Mohinee Dassee, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,

Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 041016 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000 originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral & Brothers and last endorsed to Purna Chandra Singha, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,

Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

For pages 577—591 of Part VI of the *Gazette of India*, dated 6th April 1912, please substitute the attached pages 577—592.

sincerely hope, that, if this consummation is reached, it would diminish the pressure upon us for the coinage of fresh rupees and simplify our exchange difficulties. These in their turn are weighty considerations and they are considerations which affect the practical outlook of the business man, who does not delude himself into the idea that the mere opening of the mints to gold would immediately provide a door for the export of superfluous currency in the form of sovereigns when exchange goes against us. I do not myself see any near prospects of that measure of assistance; but I readily admit that the coinage of gold, if it leads to a substantial and growing increase of the active circulation, will carry us some way in that direction, and consequently in the direction of greater security and of greater stability.

"I have now, as I undertook to do, laid before the Council the pros and cons of this important and attractive subject. As I explained, I can at the moment do no more; because the whole question, with the views of the Government of India upon it, awaits the final decision of the Secretary of State.

"If his decision should meet the wishes of my Hon'ble friend, no one will be more gratified than the present Finance Minister."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey: "My Lord, I must recognize that the reply of the Hon'ble Finance Member is very satisfactory; and I may say that he has said more in support, he has brought forward more cogent arguments in support, of opening the mints to the free coining of gold, than I was able to do in my opening speech I am perfectly satisfied with his assurance that he is doing his best to get the sanction of the Secretary of State, and therefofe, with Your Lordship's permission, I beg to withdraw my motion for the present."

His Excellency the President: "The Resolution is by permission withdrawn."

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey then moved the further Resolution:

"That this Council recommends to the Governor General in Council that a substantial portion of the Gold Standard Reserve be held in gold in India."

He said:

"My Lord, this question has been threshed out so often in the past that I will not attempt to weary the Council with any lengthy remarks on this subject. All the Chambers of Commerce have times out of number demanded that our Gold Standard Reserve should be held in gold in India. They have more than once pointed out the danger of either diverting any amount of this to any other purpose or to investing it permanently in gold securities. They have further pointed out that, in case of panic or war, the gold may not be available to us when we badly want it, and in that case it might be difficult, if not absolutely impossible, for India to maintain a Gold Standard. In these days, when the sensitiveness of the money market has become proverbial, it is easily conceivable how great will be the loss that the people of this country would suffer, and to what great extent the prestige of Government would be lessened, if there was the slightest reason to doubt that the gold in the Gold Standard Reserve may not be readily available to maintain the exchange. All the labour of years in creating confidence in the outside world will be lost in a second. And for what purpose is all this risk incurred? My friend the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, who has always proved himself a capable and sound financier, and whose elevation to the Lieutenant-Governorship of the United Provinces is a matter of deep gratification to all of us, presented last year to this Council what he called the other side of the shield. He said that gold was located in London to simplify the duty of the Government of India in maintaining the gold value of the

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

rupee, as when required to support our exchanges it would be immediately available. It had been mentioned, moreover, in the reply from the Government of India to the Bombay Chamber of Commerce in May 1907 that holding liquid gold in India would entail loss of interest which we at present earn by investment in gold securities. I will, therefore, with your Lordship's permission, deal also with this argument. The reply to the first argument is that the location of gold in India will not at all make the duty of the Government of India any more difficult in maintaining the gold value of the rupee. The call on this reserve is made only when it is required for export, and it will be as easy for the Government of India to deliver gold in India to those who want it in exchange for rupees as it is easy for the Secretary of State to deliver gold in London. If gold is required by the Secretary of State when he cannot sell Council Bills, it can be exported almost immediately. As to the second argument about earning interest, I need only repeat what has been so often and so unanimously said by all the Chambers of Commerce in India and by others who can speak with authority on this subject, that Government are taking a very great risk by this procedure. So long as things move smoothly and no storm breaks, this kind of investment may bring us some income; but it must not be forgotten, as the Bombay Chamber of Commerce wrote to Government in 1907, that the Gold Standard Reserve is being maintained for the sake of serious emergencies, and that, should such emergencies arise, it might very easily happen that it will be extremely difficult to realise rapidly the securities in England. Indeed, the state of the money market brought about by the very emergency would probably be considerably aggravated if it entailed the realising of a large quantity of British securities, whereas if the reserve was a metallic one the position could be at once relieved. My Lord, India is not the only country which has to maintain a metallic reserve of gold. The United States Treasury has the largest stock of gold held by any country in the world. On 31st December 1910, it amounted to over 233 millions sterling—over eleven times our Gold Standard Reserve. Does the United States Government invest it in gilt-edged securities? In the same way France and Russia have large Gold Reserves—certainly many times more than our reserve. Why do they not invest them? They rightly realise that their credit and honour and existence stand upon the Gold Reserve and they know that it may be required at any time in an emergency. I wish to speak with great respect of the Secretary of State's advisers. They are eminent and honourable men, but it is only necessary to mention the positions they occupy in the world of London finance to show that, human nature being what it is, they cannot be expected to be wholly free from a certain bias. Lord Inchcape is a Director of the National Provincial Bank of England—a very powerful Bank. Sir Felix Schuster, Baronet, is a Director of the German Bank of London, Limited, and also a Governor of the Union of London and Smith's Bank, Limited. Mr. Lawrence Currie is a managing partner in Glyn, Mills and Currie, Limited—a large and powerful private banking house. All these institutions are on the list of approved bankers and private individuals with whom according to the Hon'ble Finance Member all our cash balance is invested in London. Are the financiers of this Government less alert than the Secretary of State's advisers? But, my Lord, against the advice of these three eminent London financiers, the Secretary of State has before him the unanimous recommendation of independent experts well qualified to give sound advice on this subject who constituted the Indian Currency Committee over which Sir Henry Fowler presided. This recommendation was to the effect that any profit made on the coinage of rupees should be kept in gold as a Special Reserve. The Secretary of State is therefore incurring a very grave responsibility in disregarding independent advice.

"But, my Lord, this does not exhaust our cause for complaint. In addition to our Gold Standard Reserve, the Secretary of State has withdrawn 8½ million pounds of our Paper Currency Reserve and many million pounds more out of our Treasury balances over and above his budget requirements. The cash balances in the hands of the Secretary of State in London in January

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

1912 amounted to 17¼ million pounds sterling, and this year till the 20th instant the Secretary of State has drawn 3½ million pounds in excess of this year's requirements for Home charges, and still we have 10 days to run in this financial year. What is the object in withdrawing such large amounts from India? In reply to the Hon'ble Mr. Armstrong's question in Simla in September last inquiring whether much larger cash balances were now held in the Home Treasury than formerly, and if so, the reasons for this, the Hon'ble Finance Member gave, amongst other explanations, 'the heavy sales of Council Bills and telegraphic transfers in excess of the requirements of the Home Treasury.' My Lord, this explanation explains nothing. It is only a paraphrase of the question. In busy seasons, while India clamours for money, and while the Bank rate of interest on the security of Government paper goes up to 8 per cent. per annum, while the industry and commerce of the country suffer by the high rate of interest and sometimes find difficulty in getting money at all, the Secretary of State keeps millions and millions of our cash invested by him at a nominal rate of interest with the London bankers and financiers. A more unsatisfactory policy it is difficult to conceive. If even a portion of the amount lying in London had been available with our bankers here, the present stringency of the money market would not have arisen and the commerce and industry of the country would greatly have benefited. Apart from the interests of commerce and industry, which must be dear to us, is it to the interest of Government itself and to the credit of India that such a monetary stringency should be allowed to happen when we have the means of relieving it? Is it to India's credit that on the security of its own promissory notes the holders should have to pay in the busy season a high rate of 8 to 9 per cent. per annum, which is more than double the rate paid by Government? How can we expect under such circumstances that Government paper should be more popular? In England, every one, from the Chancellor of the Exchequer down to the humble banker and financier, is seriously concerned about the steps to be taken to make the British Consols more popular. At present that is the principal topic in England. We in India export our available capital to London and starve our banking institutions to the detriment of the popularity of our own paper. If means can be adopted by which we can prevent the enormous rise of the rate of interest in the busy season, I am sure, and that is the opinion of many bankers, that the price of Government paper would stand at a much higher figure than now. Apart from this consideration, we have to bear in mind that this periodical tightness of the money market is a great hindrance to our industrial progress. Violent fluctuations are always to be deprecated. In Great Britain, while the Bank rate varies from 3 per cent. to 5 per cent. in the busy season, a difference of 2 per cent., in India it varies from 3 per cent. to 8 per cent., a difference of 5 per cent. I find from the reply to-day that about 2½ per cent. is the average rate of interest with the London financiers.

"My Lord, this craving for India's money in London is so great and the Secretary of State is so much influenced by the London money market that his Council to-day may be said to be one of the biggest financial houses in London. It is impossible to describe the financial operations of the Secretary of State's Council in better words than those used by Lord Morley himself who, on May 10th last, was the principal guest at the annual dinner of the English Association of Bankers. It is a reported speech. He said (after dinner.) (This is not an after dinner topic, but I may as well speak of it, if you will allow me.) He said:—

'I think that even many of you, experienced men as you are, will be rather astonished at the magnitude of the India Office figures. The cash balance at the present term is £18,750,000—not rupees, but pounds—and of that £8,350,000 is placed on deposit at 2 to 3 months' credit, and nearly £10,000,000 is lent to first class firms on unimpeachable security from three to five weeks' notice. The maturing and re-lending of these sums cause a cash business which amounts to £60,000,000 a year. There are other details with which I will not burden you, but the India Office is responsible in the year 1910-11 for £160,000,000 (240 crores of rupees). There are other details of further management of accumulated funds of Gold Standard Reserve in this country, which amounts to upwards of £17,000,000, and of Paper Currency Reserve, which amounts to £7,500,000. It is

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

obvious, Gentlemen, that the influence of the money market on the movement of these very large sums must be considered, and large temporary and permanent investments of Indian balances of various kinds must affect, to a very considerable degree indeed, the rate of discount and the movement of the prices of securities. I only venture to bring that to your attention as showing how deeply you are all concerned in the prudent, judicious management of the finances of the India Office.'

" His Lordship continued :

' I only bring that before you in order to prevent anybody in India saying " Ah ! you have these enormous figures, this £160,000,000 but you are dealing with our figures. " Yes, we are dealing with their figures in a sense, but we are dealing with British capital for the most part. However, that may be, we are dealing with it to the enormous material advantage of the population concerned.'

"My Lord, the passage which I have quoted shows clearly that the India Office, in addition to its regular duties as a supervising agency, has undertaken the duties also of being a great banking house for financing the London money market. 160 million pounds, as Lord Morley says, is an enormous figure and it is not to be expected that those who control these investments will be easily persuaded to relax their hold on our money and leave it free to return to India. I realise therefore that the Secretary of State may have to face a very strong opposition before he could consent to the proposition which my resolution embodies. But I am confident, knowing as we do now so much about Lord Crewe after his recent visit to India and his desire to do everything in his power to advance Indian interests, that he will stand up for India's right against such opposition.

" Lord Morley anticipated a natural objection from India that he was dealing with our figures, and went on to reply that he was dealing with British capital. This is surely a novel statement.

"The whole of our Gold Standard Reserve, amounting to nearly 18 million pounds, which is in England is the accumulation of our profits on the coinage of rupees. We have circulated amongst the people a rupee with an intrinsic value of only annas ten, and the balance of annas six is carried to the Gold Standard Reserve. Is this British capital? Then, again, we have about 2¾ million pounds of our Paper Currency Reserve invested in England in addition to 5⅓ millions in gold earmarked for the Paper Currency. Is that British capital? Then, again, the large cash balances of the Secretary of State accumulated by the heavy sales of Council Bills and Telegraphic Transfers in excess of the requirements of the Home Treasury. Is that British capital? I fail to understand the cogency of this argument. If you say that because India raises loans for railways in England and therefore you should invest all these funds there, I would ask are the loans raised there on business principles and do those who buy our paper do it as a sort of investment for themselves or are they doing it to oblige us? Do Canada, Australia, South Africa and other British Colonies not raise loans in England? Do they maintain in England a financial house to finance, out of their own surplus money, the London market, or do they use their money for the development of their own country? The same argument applies to the loans raised by other foreign countries in the London market.

" My Lord, if our Gold Standard Reserve is kept in India in gold, we may be able in times of emergency to be of service to the London money market, while under the present policy, in time of emergency we may increase their difficulties by our necessity to withdraw the gold. A big money market like London will not be adversely affected by the gradual withdrawal of gold in normal times, but in times of trouble it may feel the pinch. With our gold in India, London will keep its necessary stock of gold in the usual way, and in times of trouble we can help them with our gold, which will be an extra reserve. So looking from the point of view of England itself, it is an advantage that our gold should remain in India. There is a further advantage if our Gold Reserve is in India. Government have tried to popularise currency notes and meet the wishes of the Commercial communities by making universal currency notes up to the value of Rupees 100. They have not been able to make all currency notes universal because of the

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey*; *Mr. Gokhale;* *Mr. Dadabhoy.*]

difficulty of meeting the demand of coins on presentation. With a large quantity of our gold in India and distributed over all important centres in addition to the Currency Reserve, our power of successfully meeting any demand for coins will be enormously increased. As years pass and people get used more and more to gold coins, it may be possible to make all currency notes universal. It will be an enormous advantage to trade and commerce, and at the same time it will still further popularise paper currency and largely increase its circulation. Those requiring rupees for small business will get them by tendering gold coins just as they get small change and copper by representation of rupees. Time does not permit me to develop up this argument any further, but I hope I have been able to show that it is both to the advantage of India and England that our Gold Standard Reserve should be held in gold in India.

The Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale: "My Lord, I wish to express my entire concurrence with my Hon'ble friend in all he has said. He has stated the case with that clearness and practical ability which always distinguish his utterances, and I do not think anything more need be added to what he has said. I heartily support his Resolution."

The Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy: "My Lord, I cordially support this Resolution. The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas has very forcibly and lucidly pointed out the injustice that follows to India from the investment of, at a nominal rate of interest, the bulk of the gold of the Gold Standard Reserve, while money is scarce here and the Bank rate of interest upon demand loans reaches at times the high figure of 9 per cent. It is admitted that liquid capital is what is most needed in this country, and one of the principal reasons for the Government anxiety at the falling exchange 20 years ago was that it retarded the flow of sterling capital here. Now that sterling exchange has steadied and Government holds a large amount of cash in the Gold Standard Reserve, much larger than is necessary to ensure success to the currency measures, the request does not appear extravagant that a substantial part of the Reserve should be held in India. The greater portion of the Reserve now helps to ease the stringency of the London market, and obviously such operations are not required for the support of exchange. Why should not then effect be given to the proposal? The industrial and commercial interests of India are a matter of supreme concern to the Government. When therefore it lies in their power to promote them by relieving the stringency of the Indian money market by timely and temporary advances to the banks out of the superfluity of the Gold Standard Reserve, it is only reasonable to expect that Government will listen to our prayer. The Hon'ble mover has drawn our attention to some of the disagreeable features of the present situation, as also to the heavy odds against which we have to fight in inducing a change of policy in respect of the management of the Reserve. We all sincerely hope and trust Government will resist the adverse and interested influences, and do to India that justice which is her due.

"My Lord, the proposal does not involve any serious departure from that cautious policy which has secured to us a steady exchange. The scheme of which the Reserve is an integral part does not require the maintenance of a bigger reserve in London than £5,000,000. The highest figure suggested by experts was £10,000,000. In 1893, when the closure of the Indian mints to the free coinage of silver initiated a new policy of currency reform, the idea of a Gold Standard Reserve was not entertained by Government. In fact, as has been pointed out by many, we had a gold standard years after. The proposals which were ultimately adopted by Government after the failure of the currency legislation of June 1893 to make the rupee convertible at 1*s*. 4*d*., had been first made public in 1876 by Mr. A. M. Lindsay, as pointed out by the Hon'ble Finance Minister this morning. After the slump in the sterling value of the rupee laid on the shoulders of this Government extraordinarily heavy financial liabilities. Mr. Ottomar Haupt of Paris, following the recent precedent of Austria-Hungary, suggested in the *Financial Times* certain relief measures, the principal feature of which was the closure of the mints.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Mr. Dadabhoy; Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*] [22ND MARCH, 1912.]

Then came the expert Committees, but apparently all to no good purpose. In January 189., however, the Madras Chamber of Commerce submitted to this Government for consideration Mr. Lindsay's scheme, whereby a gold standard could be adopted without a gold currency by the maintenance in London of a small reserve on the strength of which bills could be drawn upon India. This scheme was finally adopted by Government. It will be noted that in the original scheme a large reserve like the one we now have was not contemplated. The author, Mr. Lindsay, followed Ricardo both as regards the general plan and the amount of reserve. In Scotland and Ireland, where similar exchange difficulties had been experienced in the latter half of the eighteenth century and removed by arrangements with the Bank of England for the maintenance of gold funds, the reserve was never large. The Parliamentary Committee of 1804, consisting of Pitt, Fox, Foster and others, inquired into the whole question of the Irish currency, and recommended the creation of a small gold fund in London for the purpose of assuring fixity to exchange. Two members of the Indian Currency Committee, Lords Farrer and Welby, suggested in an Appendix to the Committee's Report the creation of a Gold Standard Reserve. But a large fund was not contemplated. So far as the legitimate functions of the Reserve were concerned, the consensus of expert opinion, no doubt, was that it should be held in London. But this does not militate against Sir Vithaldas's proposal. The Hon'ble mover does not propose that the whole of the Reserve should be transferred to India. His recommendation of transfer relates only to a substantial portion. And to this there could not be any reasonable objection. The present strength of the Reserve is already superfluous. We do not require such a large gold holding in London for the stability of the sterling exchange. The contingency is extremely unlikely that an adverse exchange would force the hands of the Secretary of State to exhaust the whole of a Reserve of five millions pounds sterling, and would compel this Government to send back the gold belonging to the Reserve transferred here from London according to the suggestion of Sir Vithaldas. Moreover, as a matter of fact, a substantial portion of the Reserve is now employed, as the Hon'ble Member has shown, in financing the London Banks. This is a purpose so obviously extraneous to the central object that the removal of that portion to India would not have the slightest influence, either present or prospective, upon sterling exchange. We do not object to Government putting as much spare cash as it can command to the Reserve. Our only grievance is, although built up at our cost, the country is deprived of the use of the Reserve in times of acute tightness."

The Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: "I congratulate my Hon'ble friend Sir Vithaldas on this second excursion into the regions of pure finance and on the vigour and lucidity with which he has handled a subject of no small intricacy and difficulty. He has, as I have already said, the advantage of me in the freedom with which he can speak on subjects upon which my position, and the position of the Government of India, in relation to the Secretary of State in Council, compels me to caution and even to silence. He must not therefore misjudge me if I cannot follow him over all the field which he has opened for us in the speech to which we have just listened. It would, for example, be wholly out of place for me to discuss his views regarding the financial advisers of the Secretary of State, and the influence which they exercise on the disposition of our Indian resources. The responsibility of the Secretary of State in Council is one and undivided, and I at any rate cannot discuss his policy as if it were the policy of individuals. I can only undertake to place before the Secretary of State the expert financial opinion which the Hon'ble gentleman represents in India, and to ask that it receives due consideration along with the expert opinion which His Lordship obtains in England.

"Nor, even if I had the same freedom as my Hon'ble friend, would it be possible for me in the time at my disposal to examine with sufficient care the wide variety of topics over which he has ranged. Let me take, for example,

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson.*]

the question of our high balances. I am quite at one with Sir Vithaldas in holding that high treasury balances, whether held in England or in India, are in ordinary circumstances wrong and wasteful.

"High balances in ordinary circumstances are an indication that we have borrowed more than is actually necessary. But it would require a somewhat detailed analysis to place the Council in a position to judge whether the recent history of our treasury balances justifies this rather severe condemnation. I should have to point out to what extent money has been accumulated in London to meet large payments for the redemption of railway debentures which shortly fall due; I should have to connect our opium windfall with the India Bills which I hope we are now on the eve of withdrawing; and I should no doubt have to add a number of other qualifications before I could answer with confidence the point which my Hon'ble friend has taken. Similarly with his arguments in favour of lending out our balances to banks in India; this is also a question to which there are two sides, and an examination of it would involve a lengthy and probably a somewhat dull dissertation on the metallic basis of credit in our Indian money market. To take only one other instance of the wide range of my friend's speech, I should have to go in some detail into the theory of the convertibility of our currency notes, if I were going to attempt an adequate reply to his suggestion for a wider dispersal of our gold resources as a reserve against our paper currency.

"I must, however, avoid these and other fascinating bye-paths into which the Hon'ble Member invites me to stray. And I must return to the literal phrasing of his motion, namely, that a substantial portion of the Gold Standard Reserve should be held in India. Now, I take it that, if Sir Vithaldas had his own way, he would transfer 10 or 15 millions sterling from London to Calcutta. It would come out in sovereigns, and we should then have to decide whether to keep it in sovereigns or to lend it out, as in London, to the banks and on approved short term securities. My Hon'ble friend has not said definitely which of these two courses he would follow; but from the general tenor of his arguments, I gather that he would not be averse to assisting the industry of India on reasonable terms. He has drawn attention, in the most reasonable and proper manner, to the great fluctuations in the rates of interest in this country, and to the prejudicial effect which these fluctuations must have on trade and business. He believes that a more liberal handling of the Government balances would steady the position; and I may, therefore, for the sake of argument, assume that he would not be unwilling to see our Gold Standard Reserve, or some part of it, lent out on approved security. Now, if this happened, it is quite possible that the market would be materially assisted for the moment; a fillip would be given to business; and for a time the severity of the bank rate might be mitigated. But let us see precisely what this would mean, and what would be the consequence when conditions changed. Our gold would be dissipated; it would have passed not only out of our own hands, but out of the hands of the larger banks, and would have flowed down the infinite number of small channels through which our currency trickles to the millions of producers in the country. So far all has gone well; but a bad year comes—and in India there is a tragic periodicity about bad years—and the whole situation changes; or there is a crisis in international finance, and the markets for our exports are temporarily closed. The occasion would thus present itself for the use of our gold. We should be asked to export it promptly and in large quantities to prevent a wholesale collapse of exchange. But where should we turn for it in response to this demand? We should have to realise our securities; we should have to call it in from the banks. The sovereign would already be, as it always is when the balance of trade is against us, at a premium; it would have practically disappeared from circulation; and large quantities would be obtainable only with the greatest difficulty. By calling in our stock, we should at once raise the premium on gold; we should increase alarm and we should precipitate a panic. The very people on whom we were foreclosing would be those who could worst afford to meet our claims. Exchange would go down with a rush, and commercial disaster might follow. I can imagine no more calamitous position

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson: Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH, 1912.]

than to have our Gold Standard Reserve, or any substantial part of it, out of our own hands in this country at a time of real difficulty.

"But let us take the other alternative. Let us assume that we are able to resist the desire of the market for our gold, and to maintain it in fluid form. We should then have large quantities of sovereigns shut up in the vaults of Fort William, dormant and inaccessible. In this condition they would remain until required for export in support of exchange. Now, what would happen when they are so required? Presumably, the demands for bills on London would be greater than the supply, and our import merchants would come to us and buy our sovereigns, in order to send them to London in the absence of bills at a reasonable price. They would obtain sovereigns from us; they would then have to arrange for freight; they would have to insure the consignments; and they would have to bear the burden of interest in the interval between the purchase of the gold and its delivery to their creditors in Europe. They would thus pay all expenses of freight, insurance and interest, besides the risk of loss or delay in transit. Would your import merchant prefer this process to the alternative process of coming to our Comptroller General and buying a telegraphic transfer on London, which could be cashed with absolute security by his creditor next day?

"I think there is little doubt which of these two alternatives the ordinary business man would prefer. It would almost certainly be the latter; and the latter is precisely what the Government of India offer to the mercantile public under existing arrangements, while the former is what my friend Sir Vithaldas would substitute for it. It seems to me that there is no real comparison between the inconvenience on the one hand of having gold locked up here, six thousand miles from the point where it is wanted and where it can be effectively employed, and the convenience on the other hand of holding a large quantity of gold or securities which presumably closely approach gold in their stability, which we are in a position to sell by cable the moment that it is wanted and at the place where it is going to be used.

"Sir Vithaldas has supported his arguments by a number of subsidiary considerations in favour of moving our gold from London to India. He points out, for example, that other great countries keep large reserves of liquid gold in their strongholds. I am not quite clear of the extent to which he is thinking of gold which is stored by Government to provide for the encashment of convertible notes, and I think it will be found that, in the countries which he mentions, a considerable proportion of their holdings is necessitated by the size of their paper currency. He also urges that our gold would be useless to us in London in the event of war or panic. If by panic he means an acute financial crisis, I can only repeat what I have said before in another connection, that the Secretary of State has deliberately accepted full responsibility for making the reserve available when required for the purpose for which it was created. In the event of war, I do not see how our gold would be in any degree more useful in India than in London. If the trouble were in this country, we should have all the anxiety and expense of protecting it If the war were in Europe, it might be perfectly impossible to ship gold from India to the European markets, and it would remain useless in our hands. Finally, Sir Vithaldas has alluded to the feeling that the gold reserve is our own money and that, as a matter of national pride, it should be in our own country as a visible possession. I know that such a sentiment exists, and I am far from despising sentiment even in financial matters; but I cannot seriously think that it should be weighed for a moment against the practical convenience and value of holding our gold in the place where it can best serve the interests of India. It is for this reason that I much regret that I am unable to accept the Hon'ble Member's motion."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey: "My Lord, I very much regret that Government are not willing to accept my Resolution. I shall not long detain the Council in reply to the several arguments advanced by the Hon'ble Finance Member, because the impression left on my mind

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[22ND MARCH, 1912.] [*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*]

at the end of his speech was, that the arguments he advanced against the proposition were so weak that I need not go into the details of them. I only therefore touch two or three points in his speech. He said that the policy that was followed in London was the policy of the Secretary of State in Council and not of individual members. I did not at all say in my speech that it was not so. The policy, of course, is the Secretary of State's policy; but what I pointed out was that the Secretary of State was advised by people who had also other than India's interests to guard. The statement* which the Hon'ble Member has placed before us in reply to my Hon'ble friend Mr. Armstrong's question clearly confirms my contention. It shows that over 10½ million pounds sterling have been lent to approvers, not necessarily joint stock banks, and that about 3¾ millions have been deposited with approved banks. On 3 out of the 6 approved banks as mentioned in the statement the Secretary of State's advisers sit as Directors or as Governors. I leave it to the Council to judge whether a man can act in two positions very justifiably. If we put the managers of the Bank of Bombay and the Bank of Bengal and the Bank of Madras on Your Lordship's Council, I am quite sure they will give strong reasons why our money should be brought here, and they will point out to the Hon'ble the Finance Member excellent securities on which those funds can be lent. I have not the slightest doubt that our money in England is being lent on good securities; but I say that we can lend money also on good securities in India with great advantage to ourselves. I will just read a few lines, from a report published in the *Times of India*, of an incident during an instructive discussion of Indian commerce following a well supported dinner of the London Chamber of Commerce at the Trocadero in February last, which shows how things move:

'Soon after we had a somewhat amusing reminder that, in monetary matters at least, the sense of reciprocal obligation to India is not so strong as it might be on the part of those who represent city banking interests on the India Council. Giving as a reason for the inadequacy of the flow of British capital into India, the existence even now of the old prejudices having their origin in the instability of the rupee, Sir Felix Schuster, member of the Secretary of State's Council, said that the duty of Government was to support the policy their predecessors laid down by building up their currency reserves in times of prosperity, so that exchange might stand severe tests such as that through which it passed two or three years ago. Someone (I think it was Mr. G. W. R. Forrest) called out, "yes, build up the gold reserve in India." The shaft went home, and Sir Felix, thrown off his habitual guard, made a remark he would much rather have left unsaid, as was clear from the incompleteness of his sentence: "Not only in India," he retorted, "but on our side as well; we can do with it here, and I sometimes wonder . . . . " (he left the sentence incomplete).'

"My Lord, we say we can do with it here to the greater advantage of India.

"Then the second point in the Hon'ble Member's speech was that if we brought all our gold to India, when the balance of trade went against us, we should have to export gold, and that would be a great inconvenience to merchants. I admit the cogency of the argument so far, but, during the last 11 or 12 years, how many times have we had to send gold to England? It was only in one year, in 1908, and every other year we have been accumulating our gold standard reserve. Only once in 11 or 12 years if there is any occasion for merchants to export gold, that cannot be called any great inconvenience compared with the great benefit which India would derive with a gold reserve here. Then he said that merchants would prefer telegraphic transfers instead of exporting gold. I did not propose that we should export gold always. In the usual way the Secretary of State would draw on India his Council Bills, and the money necessary to be sent out to England for home charges would be drawn in the usual way, and for that purpose you have not to export gold. It is only when the balance of trade goes against us that the occasion will arise, and that is very rarely, say once in 15 or 20 years. Again we are told that the Secretary of State has taken full responsibility for the present policy. Well, that does not satisfy us. Whoever may take the full responsibility, the everyday loss is ours, and we are not quite satisfied by simply an assertion that those who manage our currency and our reserve, assure us that in time of war or

* *Vide* Appendix.

GOLD STANDARD RESERVE.

[*Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

emergency our gold will be made available. We say we want it here, it is our gold, and it ought to remain here. I have already pointed out in my speech that all civilized countries in the world have gold reserves, and I will give you a few figures: United States treasury 233 million pounds, Russia 130 million pounds, France 131 million pounds, Australia 55 million pounds, Bank of England 31 million pounds, and so on. The real reason is that the gold reserve in the London Bank is so low that they cannot afford to send our gold here. We must recognise this; it is no use arguing against facts. The London gold reserve is only 31 million pounds, and the London financiers fear that they might be inconvenienced. My personal opinion is that they won't feel the pinch, if we withdraw our gold gradually. At the same time they will feel the pinch more if we have to withdraw our gold in times of emergency, and it is for England's sake also that our gold should be here. At least twice or thrice, the Bank of England had to go to France for gold. Well, I think it would increase the prestige of Great Britain to come to India for gold rather than to go to France or any other foreign country for gold in times of emergency. My Lord, although Government may not be able to accept this proposition as a whole, I hope the Government of India will take seriously into consideration the position in which the industries are placed in India in the busy season owing to the rise in the rate of interest. I have already said that the Bank rate goes up to 8 or 9 per cent. I will read to you a paragraph from the speech of the Hon'ble Sir James Begbie, who is the senior banker in India, and whose excellent work has been recognised by Government only the other day by honouring him. He said:

'You also know that as regularly as one season succeeds another, Bank rate rises from the minimum in the monsoon months to its maximum in the winter and spring months, and that the maximum may be anything from seven to nine per cent., nine per cent. being the highest point for a good many years past. It is inevitable under conditions in India that this regular waxing and waning of Bank rate should occur, but is it inevitable that the movement should be so extreme and especially that the rate should be so constantly forced to such high levels? I think not. The greatest factor in forcing up the rate is the great volume of money that is taken off the market by Government and locked away in the Treasury vaults. That money is released in bulk only through payments for Council bills, that is, after the public have either voluntarily sold their produce for export or been obliged to part with it under the pressure of a high Bank rate as frequently happens.'

"I hope the Government of India will seriously consider this position, and devise some policy by which the Bank rate may not go so high. Even our high cash balance in India might be utilized for the purpose, but I think the rate of interest in India ought not to rise above 5½ or 6 per cent.

"My Lord, I think the question is of such great importance that I hope the Council will accept my Resolution."

The Council divided:

Ayes—24.

The Hon'ble Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, the Hon'ble Nawab Abdul Majid, the Hon'ble Raja of Partabgarh, the Hon'ble Raja of Mahmudabad, the Hon'ble Maulvi Shams-ul-Huda, the Hon'ble Raja of Dighapatia, the Hon'ble Maharajadhiraja Bahadur of Burdwan, the Hon'ble Babu Bhupendranath Basu, the Hon'ble Mr. Sinha, the Hon'ble Mr. Haque, the Hon'ble Nawab Saiyid Muhammad, the Hon'ble Mr. Subba Rao, the Hon'ble Raja of Kurupam, the Hon'ble Mr. Gokhale, the Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar, the Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham, the Hon'ble Sir Gangadhar Rao Chitnavis, the Hon'ble Mr. Dadabhoy, the Hon'ble Mr. Shafi, the Hon'ble Malik Umar Hyat Khan, the Hon'ble Maung Mye, the Hon'ble Mr. Jinnah, the Hon'ble Mr. Bhurgri and the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey.

Noes—33.

His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, the Hon'ble Sir Robert Carlyle, the Hon'ble Sir Harcourt

Butler, the Hon'ble Mr. Syed Ali Imam, the Hon'ble Mr. Clark, the Hon'ble Sir Guy Fleetwood Wilson, the Hon'ble Major General Sir M. H. S. Grover, the Hon'ble Mr. Maclagan, the Hon'ble Mr. Porter, the Hon'ble Mr. Sharp, the Hon'ble Mr. Enthoven, the Hon'ble Mr. Wheeler, the Hon'ble Mr. Brunyate, the Hon'ble Sir A. H. McMahon, the Hon'ble Mr. Lyon, the Hon'ble Mr. Saunders, the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, the Hon'ble Mr. Gordon, the Hon'ble Surgeon General Sir C. P. Lukis, the Hon'ble Mr. Fremantle, the Hon'ble Mr. Vincent, the Hon'ble Mr. Carr, the Hon'ble Mr. Arthur, the Hon'ble Mr. Fyffe, the Hon'ble Mr. Phillips, the Hon'ble Mr. Meredith, the Hon'ble Mr. Gates, the Hon'ble Mr. Slacke, the Hon'ble Sir Charles Stewart-Wilson, the Hon'ble Mr. Dempster, the Hon'ble Sir T. R. Wynne, and the Hon'ble Mr. Kesteven.

So the Resolution was rejected.

[*At this stage, the Hon'ble* SIR GUY FLEETWOOD WILSON, *Vice-President of the Council, took the Chair.*]

INDIAN COMPANIES BILL.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark: "Sir, I move for leave to introduce a Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to trading companies and other associations.

"Government, Sir, hold that the time is now ripe for a further revision and consolidation of company legislation in this country. The existing law on the subject in India is contained in the Indian Companies Act of 1882, which was modelled on the English law in force in 1877. Since 1882, the Indian law has been added to by four amending Acts dealing with matters of relatively minor importance, while the substantial additions which have been made to the English law by a long series of Acts passed between 1879 and 1908 have not, with the exception of the matters contained in the four amending measures to which I have just referred, found a place in the Indian law. In England, since 1882, there have been no less than thirteen amending Acts, culminating in 1907 with a comprehensive amending Act based on the recommendations of a strong Committee among the members of which were some of the most eminent company lawyers of the day. This Act was followed by the Companies Consolidation Act of 1908, which consolidated the English law into a convenient code. The differences which now consequently exist between the Indian and the English law, in themselves form strong ground for legislation. Ever since we have had any company legislation in India, the advantages of having our company law as similar as possible to the English law has been recognised by the Indian Legislature. The Indian Act of 1857 was a reproduction of the English Joint Stock Companies Act of 19 and 20 Victoria. The Indian Act of 1866 copied the English Act of 1862; and the Indian Act of 1882 (the present Act) followed, as I have already said, the additions made in the English law up to 1877. The advantages of such assimilation are evident. The English law has been studied and commented on comprehensively, and in adopting it, we also inherit the wisdom of the many learned persons who have devoted their time to its exposition; and when it is necessary to carry a case up to the Privy Council, it is manifestly convenient that the law which is to be argued in English should be substantially the same as the English law. Assimilation of the law also tends to produce a feeling of greater security in the breast of the British investor whose capital we wish to attract to this country. As the Board of Trade pointed out in a Memorandum on the Company Laws of the Empire laid before the Imperial Conference of 1907, assimilation "would tend to increase the confidence of the home investor in companies registered in India and in the Colonies, and the result might well be a greater willingness on the part of capital from home to flow into Indian and Colonial undertakings and enterprises.

"Since 1882, there has been a great increase in the number of joint stock companies in India. In 1885-86, there were only 757 companies at work

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

with a paid up capital of 21 crores. In 1910-11, there were 2,251 companies with a paid up capital of 64 crores; in other words, the number of companies and their paid up capital has trebled since the legislation of 1882 came into force. I think it will be generally recognised that with this great increase in business, with the evidence before us of the frequent amendments in company legislation which it has been found necessary to make in England, Government cannot be held to have been premature in having taken up the amendment of the company law of India.

"From what I have said, Hon'ble Members will have anticipated that the Bill follows very closely the provisions of the English Act of 1908. We have not only adopted its principles but have aimed at reproducing as far as possible its language and arrangement. We have, however, preserved the provisions of the Indian Act in certain instances where the law of this country can claim to be more advanced than its elder sister, and we have added two entirely new provisions of some importance to which I shall presently refer.

"The Government of India took up the matter in 1909 and a circular letter was addressed to all Local Governments and Administrations asking for their opinions as to the suitability of the provisions of the English Act for adoption in India. The proposal to legislate has met with practically unanimous support from the authorities consulted. Such criticisms as have been made have been mostly in the direction of suggesting that the English law does not go far enough and that Government should take greater powers of control. A somewhat different point of view has been put forward by the Bengal Chamber of Commerce, and it is one which deserves careful consideration. The Committee of the Bengal Chamber suggest that it is questionable whether such an elaborate procedure as is prescribed by the Act of 1908 is necessary or desirable in India, and they thought that in the Indian Bill it should be possible to omit some of the details prescribed in the English Act. The Committee, however, preferred not to make any definite proposals as to matters which might be omitted until they had seen the actual Bill. The Government of India recognise the importance of the point, but it has seemed better to leave the question over until they have received the detailed suggestions of the Chamber after they have had the opportunity of fully examining the Bill.

"I now turn to the other class of criticism, namely, that the English law does not go far enough in the direction of State control. Suggestions of very varying scope have been made to us, some of which go so far as almost to require Government to undertake that a company should pay satisfactory dividends to its shareholders. As I said in connection with the Assurance measures which have just passed through this Council, I fully recognise that in India the State must be prepared to accept heavier responsibilities than in western countries, but I hope I shall carry with me the approval of Council when I say that in such legislation as this, the ideal to be aimed at is the minimum of State interference compatible with the due protection of the investor. We have included two, and only two, provisions working in this direction which do not appear in the British Act. Two may seem a small number, but they are both provisions of some considerable importance.

"Clause 109 of the English Act provides that the Board of Trade may appoint one or more competent inspectors to investigate the affairs of any company on the application of a certain proportion of the shareholders. In the Indian Bill we propose to go further, and to provide also that where the Registrar, on perusal of any document which the company is required to submit to him, considers that any further information or explanation is necessary, and where, after calling on the company to submit such information, he either does not receive it or is of opinion that an unsatisfactory state of affairs is disclosed, he shall report the circumstances of the case in writing to the Local Government, and it shall be open to the Local Government to appoint an inspector. By making this provision for an inspector to be appointed without any action being taken on the part of the shareholders, we hope to some extent to guard against abuses creeping in through apathy and lack of initiative

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [Mr. Clark.]

on the part of the shareholders, who in India cannot be accepted to be so alive to their own interests as in an European country.

"The other matter is in connection with auditors. In sections 112 and 113 of the English Act, the appointment, remuneration, powers and duties of auditors are fully provided for, but nothing is said as to the qualifications of the men who are to act as auditors. In India the question of their qualifications is one of supreme importance. The Bombay Chamber of Commerce referred to it in their letter on the subject of this legislation, and I had the further advantage of discussing it with their Committee, as the Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey will remember, when I was last in Bombay. What we propose is, in adopting the English provisions, also to provide in the Bill that no person, other than a person holding a certificate from a Local Government entitling him in that behalf, shall be appointed auditor of a company. In this country it would clearly be going too far to lay down that no one should act as an auditor who is not a Chartered or Incorporated Accountant. Such a provision would mean an undue restriction on business. But we hope by requiring such certification by a Local Government to establish a standard which will at least facilitate the elimination of the incompetent by the refusalor the cancellation of the certificate. I am also to say that the Government have under consideration a scheme for starting schools of accountancy for the training of auditors at suitable centres under the control of Local Governments and for the establishment of examinations in connection with the proposed Government certificate. My Hon'ble Friend the Member for Education is interesting himself in this matter, and we hope that a scheme on these lines will not only produce in time a sufficiency of thoroughly qualified accountants to meet the increasing demands for such work in India, but will also result in opening up a lucrative field of employment for Indians who should be well adapted for the work but at present enjoy few facilities to become qualified.

"These are the only two matters in which Government as at present advised propose to go further under this head than the English law, but I ought to point out that by the mere adoption of that law as it stands, we are greatly improving the present safeguards, especially in the direction of affording shareholders closer control over companies in the earlier stages of their formation. I will briefly mention the more important of these provisions. The first is the 'statutory meeting' which every company limited by shares and registered after the commencement of the Act is required to hold within a period of six months from the date on which it is entitled to commence business. At least ten days before this meeting is held, the Directors have to forward to every member of the company a report called the 'statutory report', which must be certified to by not less than two Directors of the company and must contain certain specified items of information regarding the position and constitution of the company. These provisions thus compel the Directors to let the shareholders know the exact financial position in the early stages of the company's history. The provisions in regard to the appointment and qualifications of Directors have been made much more stringent, and clauses dealing with the prospectus of a company require much fuller information to be given than heretofore including among other items the names of Directors and their interest in the company, the estimated amount of preliminary expenses, the amount paid or intended to be paid to the promoter, and the minimum subscription on which Directors may proceed to allotment. Other clauses prescribe restrictions on proceeding to allotment and on the commencement of business. I have already referred to the subject of auditors, whose appointment, remuneration, powers, duties and liabilities are now very strictly prescribed, and I may also mention another provision by which all companies situated outside British India, but operating therein, are required to make certain information available and to have a recognised agent in India to accept service of process or any notice which may have to be served on the company.

"While, generally speaking, we have followed the English law with an almost slavish exactitude, there are one or two points on which it has been necessary to depart from it. The most important of these is in regard to the

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

winding up of companies by order of the Court. We have decided to retain in the main the procedure of the existing Indian law in place of the provisions introduced into the British law by the Companies Winding-up Act of 1890. In the United Kingdom, important functions are exercised by the Board of Trade, by Official Receivers and by Committees of Inspection; but Government consider that it would be premature to attempt to create a corresponding machinery in this country. They therefore have left the discretion in the matter of winding-up in the hands of the Court. They have also retained the provisions of the existing Indian law in respect of the annual balance-sheet which can fairly claim to be more complete than the provisions of the English law. The other matters on which modifications have been made in the English law are of minor importance.

"I am afraid, Sir that I am taking up a very large amount of the time of Council, but there are two matters of considerable importance with which we have not attempted to deal in the Bill, and I think I ought to say a few words about their omission. The first of these is the question of Managing Agents, a problem peculiar to this country. The activities of these very useful persons, and their relations to the companies whose affairs they manage, have from time to time been open to attack, and it has been suggested that this Bill should more strictly regulate and define their position. Government have not seen their way to take action on this difficult matter which brings us up against the law of contract; but when I say that, I do not wish to suggest for a moment that we are shutting the door against legislation, if practicable suggestions are made to us before this Bill becomes law. I should like, however, to place one consideration before Council. A Managing Agent either is a Director or is not a Director of the company he manages. In the former case, which I believe is the commonest, he will come under the provisions of the Bill for Directors, and the definition of 'Director' in the Bill makes it clear that, whatever the title chosen for the governing body, the rules which apply to Directors apply also to persons who stand in the position of Directors. In the first case, therefore, he will be subject to the safeguards and penalties prescribed in the case of Directors. In the latter case, where the Managing Agent is not a Director, his relationship with the company is governed by contract and the Bill makes it necessary that every material contract should be disclosed in the prospectus. At any rate, therefore, full publicity is secured as to the nature of the relationship.

"The other even more thorny question with which we have not seen our way to deal is that of Banks or of businesses which with varying degree of accuracy prefer to call themselves Banks. This is not a specially Indian problem; the recent failure of the Charing Cross Bank in England, and the appalling abuse of the depositors' confidence which it disclosed, will be fresh in the memory of Council. The evil which wants a remedy is that poor and uneducated people are attracted by the word 'Bank,' thinking that it necessarily implies security and stability, and unscrupulous persons accordingly apply the term to any speculative business in order to attract investors and depositors. But how is the use of the term to be restricted and how is banking business to be defined for the purpose? Government will be very willing to consider any suggestions, but I must confess that the more I think of it the more difficult the problem appears of how to define a banking business, how to control it when you have defined it, and how to avoid interfering with the legitimate business of firms carrying on partly banking and partly other operations. I understand that informed opinion in the United Kingdom, where the question was stirred up again by the Charing Cross Bank smash, is against attempting to legislate, and we may well hesitate to rush in where more experienced legislators fear to tread.

"This, Sir, in more senses than one is a big measure. The Bill deals with big interest, and in the mere matter of bulk runs to 323 clauses and 31 pages of Schedules. It may well be that in such a mass of material those interested will find subjects for criticism and objection. I can only say that Government have no desire to hurry this legislation through; that every scope will be given for criticism; and that all opinions will be duly weighed; and I shall

COMPANIES.

[22ND MARCH 1912.] [*Mr. Clark ; Sir Vithaldas D. Thackersey ; Mr. Mudholkar ; Sir Cecil Graham*]

hope later on to have the advantage of personal discussion upon it in the different commercial centres of India. No legislation can prevent fraud or altogether indemnify the investor from the dangers of an incurable optimism : all you can hope for is to make the path of dishonesty more stony and the vagaries of ignorance less liable to disaster. I should be sorry if the impression were created that Government is undertaking this legislation owing to there being any widespread canker in Indian commercial circles ; though bad cases have occurred from time to time, here as in other countries, there is no ground for such a supposition. But we ought to have the best Act we can and I am sure that, as in other recent commercial legislation, I can count on the assistance of the important Chambers of Commerce and of all those interested in commercial law, in helping us to get it."

The Hon'ble Sir Vithaldas Thackersey : "Mr. Vice-President, I heartily congratulate Government on introducing this Bill in this Council. I have no opportunity of going through the several sections referred to by the Hon'ble Member, and therefore I am not prepared at present to go into the details of the Bill ; but on the principle of the Bill, I think commercial communities are at one that this Bill is not brought forward a day too soon."

The Hon'ble Mr. Mudholkar : "Sir, I had an opportunity of expressing my views in regard to the proposed legislation a year or so ago On that occasion I expressed my concurrence in the proposal that the amendment of the Indian Companies Act should be undertaken I have studied the English law and I consider that the new provisions introduced into the English Companies Consolidated Act are very desirable, and should be brought into our code aslo. There are of course several matters in regard to which slight alterations may have to be made, necessitated by the difference in the circumstances of the two countries. But there is no doubt that the English Companies Act of 1908 provides more safeguards than the old law, and that such safeguards are required in India also. It is not necessary to refer to these things specifically on this occasion. We shall have to go into these matters when the time comes. But with regard to the necessity for legislation on the lines which Government propose, I agree with the Hon'ble Member. The Conference which I have the honour to represent, the Indian Industrial Conference in which Indians and Europeans join on more occasions than one, dealt with the subject and expressed its view that the time has come for assimilating the Indian law to the improved English law. With these general observations, I heartily congratulate the Government and the Hon'ble Member on the steps which they propose taking in the matter."

The Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham : "Sir, I should like to join other Hon'ble Members in congratulating the Government and the Hon'ble Member in charge, for having brought this Bill in. The whole of the commercial community, I think, are at one in wishing for this legislation ; but as the Hon'ble Member has pointed out, the Chambers of Commerce preferred to wait and defer expressing their opinion on the details until the actual Bill was before them. However, the Hon'ble Member has promised us plenty of time to go thoroughly into the details and see how far the English Act will fall in line with the conditions governing commerce and business in India. There is only one thing I should like to ask the Hon'ble Member, and that is if he has any information he can give us as to how the English Act has worked in England so far."

The Hon'ble Mr Clark: "Sir, I am very much obliged to Hon'ble Members for the cordial reception they have given to this Bill.

"As regards the question which the Hon'ble Sir Cecil Graham has raised, we are expecting to receive a report from the Board of Trade in London on the subject of the English Act as applied to India, and I imagine that in that report they will inform us as to whether any of the provisions of the Act

COMPANIES.

[*Mr. Clark.*] [22ND MARCH 1912.]

of 1908 have been found not to work well. We had to introduce the Bill before receiving the report so as to avoid any risk of not getting it introduced this session."

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark introduced the Bill.

The Hon'ble Mr. Clark moved that the Bill together with the Statement of Objects and Reasons relating thereto be published in the Gazette of India in English and in the local official Gazettes in English and in such other languages as the Local Governments think fit.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council adjourned to Monday, the 25th March 1912.

W. H. VINCENT,
Secretary to the Government of India,
Legislative Department.

CALCUTTA;
The 30th March 1912.

APPENDIX.

Balances in the Home Treasury at the end of each month.

		£
April	1911	15,766,171
May	"	18,222,451
June	"	18,989,029
July	"	16,431,712
August	"	16,552,602
September	"	17,459,711
October	"	15,131,632
November	"	15,000,691
December	"	15,292,638



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 21.} SIMLA, SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	583—614
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	679—711
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations .	41*

	Pages.
Supplement No. 21—	
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday, the 23rd May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period .	1093—1095
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 18th May 1912 .	1096—1097
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 11th May 1912 . . .	1098
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 18th May 1912 . . .	1099—1106
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1107—1109

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 20th May, 1912.

No. 26.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, K.C.S.I., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 27.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 & 25 Vict., c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Mr. Henry Fraser Howard, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* the Hon'ble Sir James Meston, K.C.S.I., resigned.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

DELHI.

Simla, the 22nd May, 1912.

No. 561.—Captain W. H. Roberts, R.E., is placed on special duty under the Home Department in connection with the new Capital at Delhi, with effect from the 29th April 1912.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

The 20th May, 1912.

No. 1039.—A temporary vacancy having occurred in the office of an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, by the departure on leave of the Honourable Sir Guy Douglas Arthur Fleetwood Wilson, G.C.I.E., K.C.B., K.C.M.G., the Governor General in Council has been pleased, under the provisions of the Act 24 and 25 Vict., Cap. 67, section 27, to appoint Mr. Robert Woodburn Gillan, C.S.I., to act temporarily as an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India.

The Honourable Mr. Gillan has, on this day, taken upon himself the execution of his office under the usual salute.

MEDICAL.

The 22nd May, 1912.

No. 449.—Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., held charge of the current duties of the Civil Surgeon, Simla (East), in addition to his own as Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), from the 4th March to the 14th April 1912, both days inclusive.

The 23rd May, 1912.

No. 454.—The services of the undermentioned officers are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces :

Captain A. Cameron, M.B., I.M.S.

Captain H. C. Buckley, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S.

POLITICAL.

The 22nd May, 1912.

No. 542.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to sanction the admission of Chirag Din, a Fitter of the Ferozepore Arsenal, to the third class of the Civil Division of the Indian Order of Merit, for conspicuous bravery displayed by him on the 30th August 1906 in connection with a fire which broke out in one of the magazines of the Arsenal. Chirag Din assisted in working a steam-fire engine, which was brought within some 20 yards of the burning cells in the magazine, and under cover of the water, thus supplied, an adjoining cell containing 19,000 pounds of gunpowder was cleared. Had the powder in this cell exploded, the main magazine, situated at a distance of only 100 feet, and in which were stored about 135 tons of gunpowder, would undoubtedly also have exploded, and life and property over a wide area would have been destroyed. In spite of the expectation that this magazine might explode at any moment, Chirag Din remained with the pumping engine, and helped to work it until the work was completed.

PUBLIC.

The 23rd May, 1912.

No. 1128.—The Governor General in Council directs that the following rule shall be substituted for Rule I of the rules regarding the use of uniform by officers in civil employ, which were published with the Home Department notification no. 3580-Public, dated the 6th September 1911.

1. The uniform to be worn by officers in civil employ will be that shown in the Schedule appended to these rules, but in the case of Indian gentlemen who hold any of the offices therein specified a *pagri* may be substituted for the cocked hat, helmet or forage cap prescribed in the rules, or the national dress which they are accustomed to wear on ceremonial occasions may be worn in place of uniform.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SANITARY.

Simla, the 18th May, 1912.

No. 877.—Captain R. Knowles, I.M.S., is appointed to officiate in the Bacteriological Department with effect from the 22nd April 1912.

The 22nd May, 1912.

No. 902.—Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., I.M.S., Assistant Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

No. 903.—Captain J. Cunningham, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to act as Assistant Director, Central Research Institute, Kasauli, during the absence on deputation of Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., I.M.S., or until further orders.

No. 921—36.

The 23rd May, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Education.

The Government of India have had for some time under their consideration the question of the improvement and strengthening of the sanitary services in India. The Plague Commission in 1901 strongly urged the necessity for the improvement in certain directions of the organisation of the Sanitary Department in India, with the object of dealing more effectively with outbreaks of plague and other epidemics and with the general sanitation of India. In 1905 a scheme was formulated by the Royal College of Physicians for the creation of a medical and sanitary organisation in India, and the inadequacy of the sanitary services, as then constituted, was again emphasised.

In 1907 the Government of India addressed all local Governments inviting them to consider certain proposals for reform. The views of local Governments have been considered in detail, and a scheme has now been formulated which has received the sanction of the Secretary of State. The object of this Resolution is to indicate for general information the lines on which it is proposed that reorganisation should proceed.

2. The administrative machinery of the Sanitary Department is already in most respects fairly complete and efficient. The improvements that the Government of India desire to effect are in the direction of further decentralisation of control; of widening the field of recruitment by throwing open the higher posts to fully qualified Indians of proved aptitude; of strengthening the staff in some provinces in which at present it is admittedly inadequate.

3. Hitherto the appointment of Sanitary Commissioner in all provinces, with the exception of Madras and Bombay, has rested with the Imperial Government. The Government of India have now authorised all local Governments to select their Sanitary Commissioners from officers serving in the Provincial Sanitary Department, provided that no officer of less than fifteen years' service be appointed without their previous sanction. They will also retain the selection in their own hands when no suitable officer is available in the province,

or when the local Government desires to appoint any officer serving in another province. The Government of India further do not consider it desirable that there should be any limitation to the tenure of the office of Provincial Sanitary Commissioners and the existing orders on the subject contained in the Home Department Resolution No. 4-340-51, dated the 7th June 1888, are cancelled.

4. It has become evident that the existing number of Deputy Sanitary Commissioners in more than one province is inadequate in view of the exacting nature of the duties which they have to perform, and the unwieldy size of their charges. The area served by these officers ranges from 129,241 square miles in Madras to 24,597 square miles in Bombay, and the population from 36½ millions in Madras to 3½ millions in Bombay. The Government of India have now decided to create eight additional appointments of this class, two each in the three provinces of Madras, Bengal and the United Provinces and two which were originally proposed for Eastern Bengal and Assam. The allotment of these posts, with those sanctioned for Bengal, will require readjustment in view of the recent administrative changes.

The appointments of Deputy Sanitary Commissioners will no longer be reserved for officers of the Indian Medical Service and Indians possessing the necessary qualifications will be eligible for these posts. The selection of candidates for Deputy Sanitary Commissionerships, whether officers of the Indian Medical Service or not will remain with local Governments subject to the following conditions :—

(1) that the candidate holds a British diploma in public health and a registrable medical qualification ;

(2) that no officer is appointed who is not an accepted candidate for the Sanitary Department ; and

(3) that the Government of India is asked for an officer when the local Government has no candidate available who is qualified and on its accepted list of candidates.

5. The Government of India consider that the terms to be offered to Deputy Sanitary Commissioners not belonging to the Indian Medical Service should be non-pensionable, but that the scale of pay should consequently be fixed at rather more than two-thirds of the pay of Indian Medical Service officers in the department. The scale which they have determined is as follows :—

Years of service.	Rs.
1-2 (probationary)	500
3-5	600
6-10	700
11-15	800
16 and over	900

For approved service of over 20 years, pay of Rs. 1,000 will be given up to 25 years which will ordinarily be the limit of service. Officers appointed on this scale will be eligible for leave under the Indian Service Leave Rules. First appointments will be made on probation for a period of not less than two years, and no officer will receive any increment of pay during the probationary period of his service ; but in the case of men who have rendered approved service as municipal officers of health, the period of probation may be dispensed with at the discretion of local Governments and the full rate of pay (*viz.* Rs. 600) allowed. All Deputy Sanitary Commissioners will be debarred from private practice.

6. Another part of the administrative machinery which has attained a position of varying usefulness in different provinces is the Sanitary Board. These Boards are beneficial in emphasising the importance of the subject of sanitation,

in correlating sanitary schemes with administrative exigencies, and in securing direct discussion between sanitary experts and those who can appreciate and represent the attitude of the general population. The constitution of these Boards should, the Government of India consider, be determined by the local Government with reference to the functions with which they are to be entrusted. If the Board is purely an advisory body, it should contain the smallest number of persons sufficient to ensure that projects submitted to it will be examined adequately from the points of view of public health, of engineering and of finance and general administration. If the board has specific powers of sanction, and is, within certain limits, practically to represent the local Government in matters of sanitation, it will appropriately be larger; but it cannot, in the Government of India's opinion, be desirable that a large body of officials without power to sanction schemes should be interposed between the local authorities and the provincial Government.

7. The weakness of the executive establishment of the service, and the inadequacy of the staff of trained officers of health, is a defect which has been prominently brought to the notice of the Government of India, the remedy for which is a necessary preliminary to any substantial improvement of sanitation. The Presidency towns and a few of the larger cities have such officers; but as a rule the Civil Surgeon is the only health officer of the towns in a district. It is difficult for him to give sufficient attention to the sanitary requirements of the head-quarters town; it is impossible for him to make more than an occasional inspection of other towns. The scheme now sanctioned provides for the appointment of health officers of the first class for larger municipalities and of the second class for the smaller towns in accordance with detailed proposals received from the local Governments. A health officer of the first class will be required to have a registrable medical qualification and a British diploma in public health. The necessity for a British diploma will however be only temporary as the Government of India trust that it may be possible to remove the second restriction so soon as arrangements can be made in India which will enable Indians trained in this country to become health officers of the first class. For health officers of the second class the main qualifications will be a good general education, supplemented by a course of training in public health approved by the local Government. A salary of Rs. 300-20-500 is considered suitable for officers of the first class (with higher pay in exceptional cases) and of Rs. 150—10—300 for officers of the second class. The Government of India leave it to local Governments to determine in the case of both classes whether a provincial service should be constituted or whether the appointments should be local, but they consider that grants-in-aid by local Governments should be made only on conditions which will ensure that qualified men are appointed, and that they will have reasonable security of tenure. They also consider that the necessary power should be vested in local Governments to require a municipality to appoint a health officer and to veto the appointment of an unfit person.

In order to assist local Governments to establish this trained service, the Government of India have offered to grant an annual subsidy to those Governments which cannot find the money from provincial funds, to the extent of the entire cost of the additional Deputy Sanitary Commissioners (calculated at the rates proposed for men not belonging to the Indian Medical Service) *plus* half the cost of the municipal health officers in the towns in which local Governments consider they should be appointed. It is hoped that the balance can then be found by the municipalities and local Governments concerned.

8. The subordinate supervising staff of the conservancy establishment also calls for improvement. In most towns there is an official whose functions resemble those performed by an inspector of nuisances in England. It is however exceptional to find in this position a man who has any technical knowledge of his work. The Government of India think it desirable that a service of trained sanitary inspectors should be organised in municipalities, based on such standard of population, income or area as commends itself to the local Governments.

They have recommended to the notice of other provinces the system in force in Madras whereby every municipality is required to employ at least one trained inspector, a second inspector if the population exceeds 30,000 and three inspectors if the population exceeds 50,000; but they leave it to local Governments to determine the preliminary qualifications to be required from candidates, the course of training they must undergo, and the rates of pay to be given. They trust that local Governments will be able to give assistance to such municipal bodies as require it in the organisation of this subordinate staff.

9. The Government of India are confident that the schemes now sanctioned will mark a substantial advance towards the organisation of a trained sanitary staff capable of further expansion in the future, and which will prove an efficient agency for extending a knowledge of elementary hygiene among the people.

ORDERED.—Ordered, that a copy of this Resolution be communicated to *all local Governments and Administrations, to the Home, Finance and Foreign Departments of the Government of India, to the Director General, Indian Medical Service, and to the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.

* Madras. Bombay. Bengal. United Provinces. Punjab. Burma. Bihar and Orissa. Central Provinces. Assam. North-West Frontier Province. Coorg.

Ordered, also, that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

No. 938.—Captain J. Morison, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 1st September 1911.

No. 940.—Captain F. W. Cragg, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 15th January 1912.

No. 942.—Captain H. W. Acton, I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department, substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 6th March 1912.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 22nd May, 1912.

No. 322—89-9-*F*.—The three months' examination leave granted to Mr. M. C. C. Bonig, Extra-Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, with effect from the afternoon of the 6th April 1912, in the Notification of this Department No. 200-F., dated the 19th April 1912, is cancelled.

From the same date Mr. Bonig's services are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for special duty for a period of about three months.

On the expiry of the above period, Mr. Bonig is granted privilege leave for three months.

The services of Mr. A. R. Brown, Extra-Assistant Conservator of Forests on the Burma cadre, are, as already notified, placed at the disposal of the Superintendent of Port Blair for employment in the Andamans Forest Department, *vice* Mr. Bonig.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 23rd May, 1912.

No. 29.—Mr. W. I. Tilden, Officiating Superintendent, 2nd grade, Public Works Department, is granted combined leave for six months (privilege leave for 2 months and 22 days and furlough for the remaining period) under the provisions of Articles 233 and 338 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the afternoon of the 28th May 1912.

No. 30.—Mr. S. E. Crow, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, Public Works Department, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, during the absence of Mr. W. I. Tilden on combined leave, or until further orders.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th May, 1912.

No. 1104-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Daniel Miller as Vice-Consul for Norway at Tuticorin.

No. 1572-*Est.-A.*—*Corrigendum.* In Foreign Department Notification No. 1297-Est.-A., dated the 1st May, 1912, granting combined leave to Mr. H. R. C. Dobbs, C.I.E., *for* "11th April," *read* "10th April".

No. 1575-*Est.-A.*—Mr. V. A. Stow, Assistant Master in the Daly College, Indore, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 4th May, 1912, under Articles 272 and 273 of the Civil Service Regulations.

The 21st May, 1912.

No. 1120-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 444-G., dated the 22nd February 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Herr Fritz Feez as Consul for Germany at Bassein, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 1580-*Est.-A.*—Mr. C. Latimer of the Political Department and Superintendent, Census Operations, North-West Frontier Province, is posted as Assistant Commissioner and Commandant, Border Military Police, Hazara, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 25th April, 1912.

No. 1584-*Est.-B.*—Lieutenant H. G. Sutton, 42nd Deoli Regiment, is appointed to officiate as Adjutant of the Mewar Bhil Corps, with effect from the 30th April, 1912.

No. 1591-*Est.-A.*—Captain F. H. Humphrys of the Political Department is posted, on return from leave, as Assistant Commissioner, Charsadda, with effect from the 6th May, 1912.

No. 1592-*Est.-A.*—Captain F. H. Humphrys of the Political Department and Assistant Commissioner, Charsadda, is posted as Assistant Commissioner, Nowshera, in addition to his other duties, with effect from the 7th May, 1912.

No. 1593-*Est.-A.*—Mr. E. B. Howell of the Political Department is posted, on the expiry of the period of his deputation on special duty, as Assistant Commissioner, Mardan, with effect from the 8th May, 1912.

The 22nd May, 1912.

No. 1604-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India from the 30th April, 1912, to the 15th October, 1912, the first ninety days being privilege leave under Article 221, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, and the remaining period leave on private affairs under India Army Order, No. 64 of 1904:

Major R. G. Munn, 36th Sikhs, Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Imperial Service Troops.

Pension service—24th year commenced on the 23rd March 1912.

No. 1605-*Est.-B.*—Captain G. S. F. Routh, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), is appointed to officiate as Deputy Assistant Adjutant General for Musketry, Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 30th April, 1912, during the absence on leave of Major R. G. Munn, or until further orders.

No. 1609-*Est.-A.*—Major R. F. Standage, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is granted privilege leave for two months and five days combined with furlough for one year and four months, with effect from the 25th April, 1912.

No. 1610-*Est.-A.*—Major R. W. Knox, Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Residency Surgeon in Mysore, with effect from the 25th April, 1912.

No. 1614-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India for six months and eleven days, with effect from the 25th April 1912, the first sixty days being privilege leave, and the remaining period leave on private affairs under the Leave Rules of 1886 for the Indian Army:

Colonel A. R. Dick, Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province.

Pension service—30th year commenced on the 19th March, 1912.

No. 1615-*Est.-B.*—Major G. J. Davis, 22nd Punjabis, Commandant, Kurram Militia, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province during the absence on leave of Colonel A. R. Dick, or until further orders.

No. 1625-*Est.-A.*—Major W. F. T. O'Connor, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 1st April, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1626-*Est.-A.*—Captain J. B. D Hunter, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class and Medical Officer in Sistan, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of His Britannic Majesty's Consul for Sistan and Kain, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 1st April, 1912.

No. 1630-*Est.-A.*—3rd Class Military Assistant Surgeon A. L. Hudson Indian Subordinate Medical Department, held charge of the duties of Quarantine Medical Officer, Lingah, from 12th to 18th March, 1912, both days inclusive.

The 23rd May, 1912.

No. 1146-*I.B.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 1938-I.B., dated the 8th September 1911, regarding the service by Civil Courts of Native States of summonses issued by Courts in British India under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), namely:

(1) To the list of Courts under the heading "Janjira (Kolaba)" the following shall be added, namely:

"Court of the Munsiff at Janjira".

(2) For the list of Courts under the heading "Kolhapur" the following shall be substituted, namely:

"The Court of His Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur.

The Combined Court of the Resident, Kolhapur, and Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country States, and His Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur.

The Court of the Chief Judge, Kolhapur.

" " " Sadar Amin, Kolhapur.

" " " Munsiff of Sirol.

" " " Munsiff of Gad Hinglaj

" " " Joint Officer, Katkol.

" " " Jaghirdar of Kagal (Jr.).

" " " Munsiff of Kagal (Jr.).

" " " Jaghirdar of Bavda.

" " " Munsiff of Bavda.

The Court of the Jaghirdar of Ichalkaranji.
" " " Munsiff of Ichalkaranji.
" " " Munsiff of Ajra.
" " " Jaghirdar of Vishalgad.
" " " Munsiff of Vishalgad.
" " " Munsiff of Karvir.
" " " Jaghirdar of Kagal (Sr.).
" " " Munsiff of Kagal (Sr).
" " " Himat Bahadur, Kolhapur.
" " " Munsiff of the Himat Bahadur, Jaghir.
" " " Munsiff of Kapshi.
" " " Munsiff of Sarlashkar Jaghir."

No. 1147-*I.B.*—In the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2053-I.B., dated the 22nd September 1911, regarding the execution by Courts of Native States of the decrees of Civil Courts in British India, for the list of Courts under the heading " Kolhapur " the following shall be substituted, namely:

"The Court of His Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur.

The Combined Court of the Resident, Kolhapur, and Political Agent, Southern Maratha Country States, and His Highness the Maharaja of Kolhapur.

The Court of the Chief Judge, Kolhapur.
" " " Sadar Amin, Kolhapur.
" " " Munsiff of Sirol.
" " " Munsiff of Gad Hinglaj.
" " " Joint Officer, Katkol.
" " " Jaghirdar of Kagal (Jr.).
" " " Munsiff of Kagal (Jr.).
" " " Jaghirdar of Bavda.
" " " Munsiff of Bavda.
" " " Jaghirdar of Ichalkaranji.
" " " Munsiff of Ichalkaranji.
" " " Munsiff of Ajra.
" " " Jaghirdar of Vishalgad.
" " " Munsiff of Vishalgad.
" " " Munsiff of Karvir.
" " " Jaghirdar of Kagal (Sr.).
" " " Munsiff of Kagal (Sr.).
" " " Himat Bahadur, Kolhapur.
" " " Munsiff of the Himat Bahadur, Jaghir.
" " " Munsiff of Kapshi.
" " " Munsiff of Sarlashkar Jaghir."

No. 1148-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 29 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 4053-I.A., dated the 18th September 1902, declaring the provisions of section 650-A. of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1882 (XIV of 1882), to apply to certain Civil Courts situated beyond British India, which have not been established or continued by the Governor-General in Council, namely:

To the list of Courts under the heading " Janjira (Kolaba) " the following shall be added, namely:

" Court of the Munsiff at Janjira ".

No. 1638-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted combined leave out of India for six months, with effect from the 28th April 1912, the first month and eleven days being privilege leave under Civil Rules and the remaining period furlough under the Leave Rules of 1886 for the Indian Army:

Brevet-Colonel C. Hutton Dawson, I.A., Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, and Political Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, Mewar.

Pension service 32nd year commenced on the 23rd October 1911.

No. 1639-*Est.-B.*—Captain J. P. Stockley, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, and Assistant Political Superintendent Hilly Tracts, Mewar, is appointed to officiate as Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, and Political Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, Mewar, with effect from the 28th April 1912.

No. 1640-*Est.-B.*—Captain E. C. O. Ross, 44th Merwara Infantry, Adjutant, Mewar Bhil Corps, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, and Assistant Political Superintendent, Hilly Tracts, Mewar, with effect from the 28th April 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 21st May, 1912.

No. 88-*F. E.*—Mr. W. H. Scott has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 30th April 1912.

No. 89-*F. E.*—Mr. D. M. Sutaria, Chief Accountant in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 8th May 1912.

Mr. A. McGill, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 8th May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 90-*F. E.*—Mr. H. H. D. Butterfield has been posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway, with effect from the 17th April 1912.

Mr. H. M. C. Trotter has been posted as Government Examiner of Accounts, Great Indian Peninsular Railway, with effect from the 17th April 1912.

No. 91-*F. E.*—Mr. N. N. Padgett, Assistant Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-two days and, in continuation, special leave on urgent private affairs for four months and eight days, with effect from the 2nd May 1912.

No. 92-*F. E.*—Mr. P. K. Wattal has been appointed a probationer in the General List of the Indian Finance Department, and has been posted to the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, with effect from the 9th May 1912.

No. 93-*F. E.*—Mr. H. C. O'Brien, Accountant, 1st grade, in the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Military Works Services, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 29th March 1912 and until further orders.

No. 95-*F. E.*—The services of Mr. I. D'o. Elliott, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces, with effect from the 20th April 1912.

AUDIT, ETC.

MISCELLANEOUS.

No. 72-A.

The 22nd May, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Finance Department.

In 1908 the attention of the Government of India was drawn by an application received from the Comptroller, Post Office, for an increase in establishment, to the work and

requirements of the Postal Audit Department. They observed that there had been a continued growth of expenditure in this branch of the service, and so serious a view did they take of the situation that they thought it desirable to appoint a Departmental Committee to examine possible methods of simplifying procedure and reducing work in order to check the steadily rising expenditure which had been observed in this section of the accounts establishment. To this Committee Messrs. K. L. Datta of the Finance Department and W. Chard, Assistant Director General of the Post Office, were appointed, and, in Resolution No. 436-Ex., dated the 22nd January 1909, the scope of their enquiries was defined by the statement of various matters which they were to examine with the object of reducing work and establishments so far as this might be done without prejudice to efficiency. The results of the investigations of the Committee are embodied in their report, dated the 1st October 1909, which suggested numerous improvements in the various branches of work performed in the Postal Audit Department. It has taken some little time to give effect to the detailed proposals which were then made; but with the exception of certain recommendations relating to savings banks, which are now unnecessary in view of further reforms which have since then been sanctioned in that particular section, the work is now complete and the result is undoubtedly satisfactory. The establishment roll is now 253 less than the sanctioned scale when the Committee undertook its enquiries, and the expenditure on establishment is Rs. 76,000 per annum less. Nor is this a full statement of the savings effected, for the work of the Department has gone on increasing; several new duties have been assigned to it, as for example by the institution of the General Provident Fund, and in the ordinary course the Government would no doubt have been called on to make additions to the establishment. The Committee, therefore is to be congratulated on the result of its labours.

2. One matter dealt with in the report of the Committee, which still remains for decision, is of peculiar importance as it affects the general organisation of the Department. Up till the year 1899 the whole of the account and audit work of the Post Office in India was performed in one office in Calcutta. In 1900, however, at the instance of Mr. Badshah, Comptroller of the Post Office, a scheme of decentralisation was introduced, which was gradually advanced till at the time the Committee undertook their investigations, there were four postal accounts offices in addition to the central, or, as it is now, the Accountant General's office. The position then was putting aside miscellaneous work, such as Postal Life Insurance, etc, which was dealt with in the Accountant General's office, that the Calcutta office dealt generally with the Bengal, Eastern Bengal and Assam and Burma circles; the Delhi office with the Punjab (including North-West Frontier Province) and United Provinces circles; Nagpur with the Bombay and Central Provinces circles; and Madras with the Madras circle; but the Savings Banks accounts of the Bengal and Burma group went to the Central office, and the Postal audit work of Madras was done in the Nagpur Office. To this principle of decentralisation the Committee took exception. They considered that it had resulted in unnecessary expenditure, and was administratively undesirable, and they thought that economy and efficiency would both be secured by a re-concentration of the establishment in Calcutta.

3. The Government of India have given to this important question the careful attention which it deserves, and find themselves unable in this particular matter to accept the recommendations of the Committee. With regard to economy in working, the Committee appear to have placed a wrong interpretation on the figures with which they had to deal. On the one hand, they have debited to the account of the decentralisation principle the whole increase of expenditure which occurred after decentralisation was carried out, but it is not shown that this increase was not due to any cause other than the normal growth of work in the Department. Similarly, they have taken to the credit of the centralisation proposed by them the saving which they estimated would be the result of their recommendations; but this saving was in large measure due to reductions of work which are not affected by the location of the accounts offices, and the diminution in the number of gazetted officers, which they connected with their proposed reduction in the number of offices, was inconsistent with the requirements of the case. Indeed, if their proposals were sanctioned, a single officer would be in charge of 345 men in Calcutta and another in charge of 270 men in Delhi, and it is certain that under these conditions no proper supervision of the work of the subordinate staff would be possible. The Government of India are satisfied that centralisation is not essential to economy. And from the administrative point of view they consider that it would be extremely ill advised. The arguments, in brief, which have been advanced against the present system are first, that with offices scattered over India the Accountant General is out of touch with his subordinates, that he cannot exercise effective control over them, and that they lose the moral effect of his personal presence; secondly, that decentralisation necessarily means more work, that references between separate offices are increased, exchange accounts are multiplied, there is an addition to the number of accounts to be compiled, and the communication of decisions and rulings to a number of local offices adds to the volume of correspondence. The Government of India do not, however, attach much importance to the increase of work which is here alleged. It is not necessarily more difficult to compile half-a-dozen small accounts than one large one; nor would the rendition of returns and the circulation of orders be

avoided if all the offices were collected in one centre, or even if they were brought together in one building under a single officer, for they would probably still be considered necessary for the control of any very large establishment. The argument which appeals to the need of supervision is not effective; it proves, not that all offices should be collected at headquarters but that the head of the department should systematically visit all his offices. For these reasons, the Government of India are unable to accept the arguments which have been put forward in favour of centralisation, and, on the broadest grounds, they are opposed to it. They consider it essential, for the due development of both interests, that audit should be in touch with the administration and that there shou'd be a parallelism therefore in the organisation of the two departments. But this indispensable conditions would be rendered impossible by the proposals of the Committee. According to those proposals the whole of the audit staff of the department, practically, would be brought together in a single centre. To that centre the accounts of the whole of India would be collected; in due course they would be examined, objections would be raised and communicated. But between the audit and excecutive officers there would never be any opportunity of exchange of views, of explanations or of mutual assistance. The whole scheme rests on a purely mechanical conception of the functions of audit, and it cannot be accepted.

4. The Government of India pronounce unhesitatingly, therefore, in favour of the principle which underlies the present organisation of the Department, the principle, namely of decentralisation, and they have only to consider how far the details of the existing distribution of work need modification. The main point they think—and this it will be seen is a corollary from the general principles which they accept—is that each audit office should be self-contained, that is to say, it should do all the audit work for the postal circles with which it is concerned. To give full effect to this view, it is necessary to make two modifications in the existing arrangements as described in paragraph 2, and to transfer, first, the Savings Banks work now done in the Accountant General's central office to the offices dealing with the circles concerned, and, secondly, the Money Order work of the Bombay and Central circles from Delhi to Nagpur. It is considered desirable also to transfer the work of the Burma circle from Calcutta to Madras. These, however, are the only changes which the Government of India think it is necessary to make in the general framework of the Postal Accounts Department, and the Accountant General should now proceed on these lines under the direction of the Comptroller General with the further reforms which are contemplated in its constitution and personnel.

ORDERED that this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India*.

The 23rd May, 1912.

No. 105-*F. E.*—The following appointments in the office of the Accountant General Bihar and Orissa, are notified:

Mr. W. Alder, I.C.S., to officiate as Accountant General.

Mr. W. G. G. Bayly to be Deputy Accountant General.

Mr. J. C. Mitra to be Deputy Accountant General.

Mr. L. B. Ward to be Assistant Accountant General and Examiner, Local Funds Accounts.

Mr. J. W. Fellinger, Chief Accountant, in lieu of an Assistant Accountant General, which post is left unfilled for the present.

Mr. G. C. Ghosh to be Chief Superintendent.

The following appointments in the office of the Comptroller, Assam, are notified:

Mr. L. J. W. Worgan to be Comptroller.

Mr. J. Davidson to be Deputy Comptroller.

Mr. C. V. Bayliss to be Assistant Comptroller and Examiner of Local Accounts.

Mr. K. C. Das to be Chief Superintendent.

H. F. HOWARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 112-*F. E.*—Mr. H. F. Howard, I. C. S., is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with effect from the 19th May 1912 and until further orders.

F. W. JOHNSTON,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 23rd May, 1912.

No. 555-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners of the Military Accounts Department, are made, *vice* Mr. R. H. Rolfe, Military Assistant Accountant General, placed on special duty with effect from the 1st April 1912 :

I.—*From the 1st April to the 19th May 1912.*

Mr. H. D. Gracias, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade (temporary) to officiate as a supernumerary Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

Mr. E. F. Gonsalves to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

II.—*From the 20th May 1912.*

Mr. H. E. W. O'Brian, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as a supernumerary Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

COMMERCIAL EXHIBITION.

No. 4033-4054—4.

Simla, the 22nd May, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department.

With reference to the Resolution of this Department, No. 3639-3660—4, dated the 8th May 1912, regarding the Panama-Pacific International Exposition, intimation has been received from His Britannic Majesty's Consul General at San Francisco that the Exposition will be opened on the 20th February 1915 and that it will be closed on the 4th December of the same year.

ORDERED that the above information be published in the *Gazette of India*, and that copies be forwarded to the Local Governments and Administrations named in the margin.*

*The Government of Madras.
" " " Bombay.
" " " Bengal.
" " " the United Provinces.
" " " the Punjab.
" " " Burma.
" " " Bihar and Orissa.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Central Provinces.
" " " " Assam.
" " " " of Coorg.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara and the Honourable the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, and to the Foreign Department, for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy be forwarded to all Chambers of Commerce, for information.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 25th May, 1912.

No. 4062-2.—The following temporary promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 8th May 1912:

Name.	From	To
Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S. ...	Collector, class III ...	Collector, class II, sub, *pro tem.*
Mr. R. F. L. Whitty, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, class I ...	Collector, class III, sub *pro tem.*
Mr. P. Eccles, I.C.S. ...	Assistant Collector, class II ...	Assistant Collector, class I, sub. *pro tem.*
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S., *on leave.*	Assistant Collector, class III ...	Assistant Collector, class II, sub. *pro tem.*

No. 4070-2.—Mr. B. W. Swithinbank, I.C.S., an officiating Assistant Collector in class III of the Imperial Customs Service, officiated in class II on the 8th May 1912.

No. 4074-2.—Mr. N. Walker, I.C.S., is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Collector in class II of the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 9th May 1912; and is posted to Bengal.

No. 4080-2.—Mr. G. N. Bower, an Assistant Collector in class V of the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for twenty-six days, with effect from the 4th June 1912, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 25th May, 1912.

No. 4091-37.—Mr. H. C. A. Goodall, Director of Telegraphs, 4th class, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough out of India for thirteen months, with effect from the 10th July 1912.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 23rd May, 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY STAFF.

No. 476.—Colonel W. A. Watson, C.I.E., Indian Army, to be Brigadier-General, General Staff, Northern Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, *vice* Brigadier-General W. E. Bunbury, C.B., Indian Army, vacated. Dated 4th May 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 477.—The undermentioned Native Military Pupil, having passed his final examination, is admitted into the service as 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st April 1912:—

No. 394, Dhondo Narayan Kadhe.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 478.—Major T. C. Browning, Indian Army, has been granted combined leave for twelve months, the first six months and fifteen days (including one month and twenty days privilege leave) being under Civil Leave Rules, and the remainder (five months and fifteen days) being under the Leave Rules for the Indian Army of 1886; with effect from the 2nd May 1912.

Pension service—Twenty-third year, commenced 29th March 1912.

No. 479.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 996, dated the 1st December 1911, Major F. C, A. Parsons, Indian Army, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, an extension of leave on medical certificate for six months.

(*Army Department Notification No. 392, dated the 3rd May 1912, is hereby cancelled.*)

FIELD OPERATIONS.

ABOR.

No. 480.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council has much pleasure in directing the publication of the following letter from the Chief of the General Staff, dated the 13th May 1912, together with extracts from the despatch therein referred to from Major-General H. Bower, C.B., describing the recent operations against the Abors.

The Governor-General in Council concurs with His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in his opinion that, in spite of great physical difficulties, the main objects of the expedition have been accomplished, and that the operations were conducted by Major-General Bower with ability and care.

His Excellency in Council also shares in the Commander in-Chief's appreciation of the energy and good feeling displayed by all ranks of the Force.

No. 3141-108, dated Simla, the 13th May 1912.

From—LIEUTENANT-GENERAL SIR PERCY LAKE, K.C.M.G., C.B., Chief of the General Staff,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department.

I am directed to forward herewith for the information of Government, a despatch No. 1199-A., dated 11th April 1912, from Major-General H. Bower, C.B., describing the operations against the Abors, 1911-12.

2. I am to say that the Commander-in-Chief is of opinion the results show that although it proved impossible to explore the valley of the Dihong, where it breaks through the main mountain range on the confines of Thibet, and the inclemency of the weather seriously interfered with Survey operations, nevertheless in spite of great physical difficulties the main objects of the expedition have been accomplished. It will be seen that the principal persons implicated in the murder of Mr. Williamson have been punished; that a considerable amount of exploration and Survey work has been carried out, which when compiled, will add materially to our knowledge of this part of the Assam border; while the completion of the mule track and the visits of the small exploring parties to different remote places in these hills will tend to improve our future relations with many sections of the Abor tribe. Further the absence of any untoward incident and the display of force must have increased

the knowledge and respect of this tribe of the paramount power which should bear good fruit in years to come.

3. The conduct of the expedition by Major-General H. Bower, C.B., has been marked by ability and carefulness, while the energy and good feeling displayed by all ranks and the lack of disease due to good sanitary arrangements merit great praise.

4. His Excellency endorses the recommendation made by General Bower as regards the officers, non-commissioned officers and men mentioned in the despatch and brings their good service strongly to the notice of Government.

No. 1199-A., dated Kobo, the 11th April 1912.

From—MAJOR-GENERAL H. BOWER, C.B., Commanding, Abor Expeditionary Force,

To—The Chief of the General Staff, Army Headquarters, Simla.

Orders for the demobilisation of the Abor Expeditionary Force having been received, I have the honour to report as follows for the information of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief :—

* * * * * * * *

Probability of Abor coalition (summary).

32. Previous to the advance of the force information pointed to the great probability that we would not only be opposed by the Minyong but that several other tribes would coalesce with those responsible for the massacre in opposing our advance and from information obtained afterwards it appears that very many villages assisted in the preparation of stockades and stone shoots. It was soon however apparent that the tribes who promised their support to the Minyong had done so under the belief that the punitive force would be on the small and insufficient scale that has been such a marked feature of former expeditions against the Abors. As soon as our strength became manifest the coalition fell to pieces and the guilty villages were left to fight out their own quarrel with us alone. This materially reduced the active opposition.

Physical difficulties (summary).

33. On the other hand the physical difficulties of the country presented even a greater obstacle to rapid advance than had been anticipated. The Abor paths were quite unfit for use by laden carriers and as an example of the difficulties encountered I may mention that a small exploration party leaving camp soon after daylight only completed a march of 1½ miles by 4 P.M. Many other cases showing the difficulty of rapid movement could be quoted, and the necessity for searching out and destroying stone shoots, of which an incredible number had been prepared, also involved delay.

Results (summary).

34. As the result of the operations the culpable villages have been punished, six men who took part in the massacre of Mr. Williamson's party have been captured, tried, five found guilty and sentenced. The rifles taken have been restored, and our capability to punish evildoers, which hitherto has not been credited, has been brought home to the tribesmen. Practically the whole Abor country has been visited and excellent relations established. The domination exercised by the Kebang-Rotung group of villages has been broken, the villages in the interior can now trade with India which they express a great desire to do. The part of the north Lakhimpur Districts lying to the north of the Brahmaputra can be recolonised there being now nothing to fear from Abor raids.

Mule roads (summary).

35. A good road fit for mules has been constructed from Kobo to Yambung and Abor paths improved as far as Shimong and Riga and between Mishing and Kalek.

Survey (summary).

36. The absence of maps, native information being often misleading was a difficulty. In spite of the fact that the weather could hardly have been less favourable than it was for surveying, the following results were obtained :

(a) An accurate series of triangulation, emanating from the Assam Longitudinal series of the Great Trigonometrical Survey, has been carried over the outlying ranges to the latitude of Kebang, terminating in the base Sadup h. s. Namkam h. s. This will prove of the greatest assistance to future surveyors or explorers.

(b) From this series and an extension of reconnaissance triangulation to the latitude of Simong several large snowy peaks have been fixed on what appears to be the main Himalayan divide, including one very fine peak over 25,000′ high. Many more snow peaks have also been fixed on the watershed between the Dihang and Subansiri rivers, which seems to be a very prominent spur of the

main divide. It has only been possible to obtain a mere approximation of the topography of these snowy ranges, but the geodetic results are in themselves of great value.

(c) About 3,500 square miles have been more or less rigorously mapped on scale 4 miles = 1 inch, including the whole of the Yamne and Shimang Valleys, a portion of the Siyom River, and the whole of the Dihang Valley as far north as Singging. Although I venture to think it is now possible for very small parties to travel about the country it was found necessary in the first instance that exploring parties showed strength. In addition to reasons of safety a considerable number of men were required to clear hill tops.

Conduct of troops (summary).

37 Campaigning in a country, where the difficulties of transport are so great, necessarily involved considerable hardships on the men and great extremes were experienced from tropical heat to bivouacing in snow. In one place this was lying 9 feet deep. The continuous bad weather experienced during part of the operations was a greater hardship than it would be in a campaign on which tents could be carried. The work was hard, unremitting, and continued watchfulness was required against an enemy ever ready to take advantage of an opportunity. Difficulties of exploration were accentuated by the impossibility of columns living on the country. The Abors grow only sufficient rice for their own consumption and are most unwilling to part with it. Unhusked rice was obtained occasionally and considerable labour was required to husk it. I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of all ranks under trying circumstances and trust that the operations will meet with the approval of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

38. My recommendations and casualty return are attached.

I have the honour to bring to favourable notice the names of the following Officers, Non-commissioned Officers and Men.

Staff.

39. Major C. A R. Hutchinson, 41st Dogras, General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade. I am greatly indebted to this officer for much valuable assistance. He has shown himself a hardworking and capable staff officer.

Captain L. S. H. Smithers, 17th Infantry (The Loyal Regiment), was acting Brigade-Major, Assam Brigade, at the time preparations were being made and a great deal of General Staff work devolved on him. During the expedition he has often been of considerable assistance in other capacities than that of orderly officer. He is well fitted for staff employment.

Captain W. B. Hore, 120th Rajputana Infantry, Intelligence Officer, has an exceptionally good knowledge of the Abor-Miri language and was of the greatest assistance.

Captain H. S. Becher carried out the duties of Provost Marshal efficiently.

I am much indebted to Mr. A. Bentinck, I.C.S., Assistant Political Officer, for useful advice and assistance. He has an extensive knowledge of the tribes on this frontier and conducted under difficult circumstances several exploration parties showing tact in his dealings with the villages. His services are well worthy of commendation.

Line of Communications.

40. Colonel D. C. Macintyre, Indian Army, Base Commandant and Inspector, Line of Communications, has performed his duties to my complete satisfaction. He conducted missions to the Pangi and Padam countries, being in both political and military charge. Largely owing to his tact in dealing with savage people these missions were most successful and resulted in the establishment of excellent relations and a large increase to our geographical knowledge.

Corps and Departments.

41. *Assam Valley Light Horse dismounted detachment.*—The members of this detachment showed a most soldierlike spirit in volunteering, in many cases at great personal inconvenience and pecuniary loss to accompany the expedition. They underwent considerable hardship in a most cheerful spirit and played an important part in the taking of the Kekar Monying position. Captain C. L. Lovell commanded the detachment in an efficient manner.

42. *No. 1 Company (K. G. O.) Sappers and Miners*—The work done by this company is above all praise, and it is to the skill and energy displayed by all ranks that the success of the expedition is largely due. During six months of arduous work this energy has never flagged.

Major E C. Tyldon-Pattenson is an officer of exceptional ability and his advancement would be to the good of the service.

Lieutenant W. Cave-Brown did much good work particularly in the hazardous enterprise of getting a steel cable for rafting across the Dihang.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

No. 3165 Acting Sergeant Major J. F. Eltham.

Jemadar Sultan.

No. 12 Havildar Diwan Ali.

43. *1st Battalion, 2nd (K. E. O.) Gurkha Rifles.*—This corps well maintained its reputation for efficiency both on the Ledum Column and guarding the Line of Communications. An excellent spirit pervades the regiment.

Colonel J. Fisher commanded the Ledum Column and acted for some time as Officer Commanding Defences, Line of Communications. He performed both duties to my satisfaction.

Major A. B. Lindsay is a very capable officer with great enterprise. He acted as staff officer with the Ledum Column and accompanied the Pangi and Padam missions as intelligence officer and brought back very useful reports. He has all the qualities that go to make a good staff officer and his advancement would be to the good of the service.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

Lieutenant H. F. F. Marsh.

Subadar-Major Dalman Ale, I.O.M.

No. 2912 Havildar Siri Lal Thapa.

No. 3280 Rifleman Budhiman Gurung.

No 4144 Rifleman Deosur Thapa, has been the subject of a separate communication.

44. *32nd Sikh Pioneers.*—This corps has done much useful work on the Line of Communications.

Lieutenant Colonel H. Peterson, D.S O., is an officer of sound judgment and has commanded his regiment and carried out the duties of Officer Commanding Defences, Line of Communications, to my satisfaction.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

Major E. H. S. Cullen, M.V.O.

Captain the Honourable M.de Courcy.

Subadar Sundar Singh.

No. 2969 Havildar Budhe Singh.

45. *1st Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.*—On this corps devolved most of the fighting and the very hard work involved in escorting exploration parties. I cannot speak too highly of the manner in which it carried out its different duties. A better corps for jungle warfare it would be hard to find.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. Murray, D.S.O., commanded to my complete satisfaction and carried out various important detached duties in a most capable manner. His services are well worthy of recognition. He was invalided as a result of the hardships involved in campaigning in such a difficult country.

Major J. A. Wilson commanded when Lieutenant-Colonel Murray was invalided and carried out his duties to my satisfaction. He has shown energy and enterprise throughout and has commanded detached bodies on several occasions.

Captain J. F. S. D Coleridge is a most reliable officer of sound judgment and has done excellently in military charge of exploration parties.

Captain A. L. Molesworth has done well in command of exploration parties.

Lieutenant M. A. C. Kennedy is a good officer and distinguished himself at the taking of the Egar stockade.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

Subadar-Major Nawalsing Rana Bahadur, I O.M.

Jemadar Makansing Gurung.

Jemadar Narbahadur Gurung.

No. 2446 Havildar Bhairab Sahi.

No. 3729 Lance-Naik Chitrabir Rana.

No. 3202 Rifleman Kalia Pun.

46. *Signal unit from No. 31 (Divisional Signal) Company.*—Had great difficulties to contend with in the nature of the country and the long periods during which visual signalling was impossible. In spite of these difficulties its work was of the greatest assistance to me. Lieutenant J H. Knight is a most enthusiastic signaller and I could always feel that if it was at all possible, he would maintain communication with any detached parties.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

No. 1560 Lance-Naik Dharm Singh.

No. 1716 Lance-Naik Dost Mahammad.

47. *Supply and Transport Corps*—The questions of Supply and Transport to a great extent govern operations and in a trackless country there is a great deal to contend with I attribute the states of efficiency maintained by the force largely to the excellent personnel of the Supply and Transport Corps.

Major E. G. Vaughan, Assistant Director, Supply and Transport, is an officer who always keeps in view the comfort and efficiency of the troops, while being careful of the financial interest of the State.

Major H. H. M. Brooke did good service at the base.

Captain W. B Dunlop has done good work with the Advanced Supply Columns.

The five Naga Carrier Corps well justified their enlistment, better men for the duties they were called upon to perform it would be difficult to find, they were taxed to the utmost of their physical powers, but were always cheery, there never was any trouble with them and on several occasions, they showed themselves quite willing to engage the Abors.

These satisfactory results I largely attribute to the tact and firmness with which they were treated by the Corps Commandants. Where all did well it may appear inviduous to select any for special mention, but perhaps I may be permitted to mention Captain G. W. Bond and Captain C. W. Hext, whose work came more immediately under my notice.

Lieutenant A. B. H Webb, 5th Gurkha Rifles, under great difficulties did excellent work in charge of the Boat transport between Kobo and Pasighat.

The good work done by the following was noticeable :—

Captain C. E. Edward-Collins, Commandant, 26th Mule Corps.

Hony. Lieutenant J. Foy.

Conductor W. C. Hayman.

Conductor H. Wright.

Conductor J. Ballen, 26th Mule Corps.

48. *Indian Medical Service.*—To the efficient carrying out of sanitary and other medical duties, the comparatively good health and absence of epidemic disease is largely due.

Major J. Davidson, Assistant Director, Medical Service, has done well in that capacity.

Captain C. W. F. Melville is a very good officer and well worthy of advancement. He acted as Staff Surgeon and also accompanied exploration parties.

The good work done by the following was noticeable:—

Captain J. S. O'Neill.

No. 978 First Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mahadeo Parshad.

Second Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon Niranjan Das.

49. *Lakhimpur Military Police.*—On this corps ever since the massacre of Mr. Williamson's party has devolved the duty of keeping the North Lakhimpur District free from Abor raids. The difficulties and hardships involved in carrying out this duty during the rainy season can only be realised by those having knowledge of the country and climate. The battalion also did good work in the operations near Mishing.

Captain Sir George Duff-Sutherland-Dunbar, 31st Punjabis, has commanded to my satisfaction, and his services have also been brought to notice by Colonel Fisher, Commanding the Ledum Column.

The untimely death of Captain A. M. Hutchins as the direct result of continuous hardships during a long period is much to be regretted. He was a capable and gallant officer.

Surgeon Captain J. M. Falkiner, Assam Valley Light Horse, served as a Volunteer Medical Officer with the Ledum Column and Lakhimpur Military Police. He has served throughout without remuneration and I consider his services worthy of commendation.

The good work done by the following was noticeable:—

Captain J. Masters.

Subadar-Major Dorward.

Jemadar Jangbir Lama.

No. 1120 Havildar Dal Bahadur Thapa.

50. The survey party under Captain O. H. B. Trenchard, R.E., did good work.

The good work done by the following was noticeable:—

Lieutenant G. F. T. Oakes.

Surveyor Sher Jang.

Surveyor Hamid Gul.

51. The Ordnance Base Depôt under Conductor F. I. Williams was most useful and met all requirements.

52. The Telegraph Department under Mr. G. E. O. deSmidt did very useful work.

The good work done by the following was noticeable:—

Sub-Conductor W. Davies.

No. 6266 Private W. Rouse, 2nd Connaught Rangers.

53. The postal arrangements were satisfactory.

54. *Corps of Military Staff clerks.*—No. 9584 Sergeant A. Park.

RETURN OF CASUALTIES IN ACTION, ABOR EXPEDITIONARY FORCE, FROM 6TH OCTOBER 1911 TO 11TH JANUARY 1912.

Summary.

Officers.—*Nil* killed, *nil* died of wounds, 1 wounded, *nil* missing.

Indian Officers, British and Indian Rank and File—

Non-commissioned officers and men, 2 killed, *nil* died of wounds, 2 wounded, *nil* missing.

Followers.—2 killed, 1 died of wounds, 3 wounded, *nil* missing.

NOMINAL RETURN OF OFFICERS WOUNDED.

Rank.	Name.	Description of wound—dangerous, severe or slight.	Nature of wound.
Captain ...	J. R. Hutchison, Adjutant, Assam Valley Light Horse.	Severe	Arrow wound, right thigh.

NOMINAL RETURN OF NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS AND MEN KILLED, DIED OF WOUNDS, WOUNDED AND MISSING.

I.—*Killed.*

Regimental number.	Rank.	Name.	Nature of wound.
2153 ...	Rifleman ...	Dewan Sing Gurung, 1-2nd Gurkha Rifles	Gunshot wound (region not given).
3504 ...	Rifleman ...	Bali Bhadra Roka, 1-2nd Gurkha Rifles...	Gunshot wound (region not given).

II.—*Died of wounds—Nil.*

III.—*Wounded.*

Regimental number.	Rank.	Name.	Description of wound—dangerous, severe or slight.	Nature of wound.
3365 ...	Rifleman ...	Dhanbir Thapa, 1-2nd Gurkha Rifles.	Slight ...	Contusion (region not given) caused by falling stones.
3120 ...	Rifleman ...	Balbir Gurung, 1-2nd Gurkha Rifles.	Slight ...	Contusion (region not given) caused by falling stones.

IV.—*Missing—Nil.*

NOMINAL RETURN OF FOLLOWERS, KILLED, DIED OF WOUNDS, WOUNDED AND MISSING.

I.—*Killed.*

Rank.	Name.	Nature of wound.
Carrier	Tilchand Bhuman, Telegraph Department	Arrow wound, chest.
Bearer	Bhagwandin, 8th Company, Army Bearer Corps.	Gunshot wound, head and chest.

II.—*Died of wounds.*

Rank.	Name.	Nature of wound
Carrier	Lalbahadur Gurung, Telegraph Department	Arrow wound, abdomen.

III.—*Wounded.*

Rank.	Name.	Description of wound—dangerous, severe or slight.	Nature of wound.
Naga Scout	Pakaive	Severe ...	Gunshot wound, left upper arm.
Guide	Dal Bahadur ...	Severe ...	Gunshot wound, left shoulder.
Dhobi	Bhukal, 1-8th Gurkha Rifles.	Severe ..	Arrow wound, right thigh.

Return showing numbers of deaths from disease amongst troops and followers with the Abor Expeditionary Force.

Corps.	British Officers.	Indian Officers.	Non-Commissioned officers and men.	Public followers	Remarks.
No. 1 Company, Sappers and Miners.	...	1	...	...	
1-2nd Gurkha Rifles ...	...	...	3	...	
1-8th Gurkha Rifles ...	...	...	...	1	
Lakhimpur Military Police ...	1	...	2	...	Captain A. M. Hutchins.
1st Carrier Corps ...	...	...	...	11	
2nd ditto ...	...	...	...	9	
3rd ditto ...	...	...	...	4	
4th ditto ...	...	...	...	3	
5th ditto ...	...	...	...	8	
1st Gurkhali, C. C. ...	...	...	...	2	
2nd Gurkhali, C. C. ...	...	...	...	1	
66th Punjabis (attached to B Section, 168 Indian Stationary Hospital).	...	...	...	1	
Telegraph Department coolies	...	...	...	5	
Political Department (Abor)...	...	...	...	1	
Abor Prisoner	...	...	...	1	
Total ...	1	1	5	47	

Statement showing numbers of sick British and Indian troops of Abor Expeditionary Force invalided to depôts and stations in India.

Rank and Name.	Corps.	Remarks.
Lieutenant-Colonel, F. Murray ...	1-8th Gurkha Rifles.	
Captain R. T. Gamlen	Indian Medical Service.	
Lieutenant S. Sarkar	Indian Medical Service.	
Mr. J. E. Scott	Indian Civil Service.	

British Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers.

Corps or Department.	Number.	Remarks.
Assam Valley Light Horse	1	
Supply and Transport Corps	3	
26th Mule Corps	1	
Telegraph Department	2	
Total ...	7	

Indian troops.

Corps.	Number.	Remarks.
No 1 Company, Sappers and Miners	9	
1-2nd Gurkha Rifles	56	
32nd Sikh Pioneers	76	
1-8th Gurkha Rifles	16	
88th Carnatic Infantry	1	
Lakhimpur Military Police	62	
Sub-Assistant Surgeons	4	One Civil Department.
Total ...	224	

Statement showing number of sick followers invalided to their depôts and stations in India.

Corps.	Number.	Remarks.
No. 1 Company, Sappers and Miners	1	
1-2nd Gurkha Rifles	1	
32nd Sikh Pioneers	7	
1-8th Gurkha Rifles	6	
26th Mule Corps	26	
Supply and Transport Corps	7	
No. 7 Company, Army Bearer Corps	1	
No. 8 Company, Army Bearer Corps	20	
No. 9 Company, Army Bearer Corps	14	
Postal Department	1	
Telegraph Department	21	
Nagas—		
No. 1 Carrier Corps	116	
No. 2 Carrier Corps	6	
No. 3 Carrier Corps	53	
No. 4 Carrier Corps	36	
No. 5 Carrier Corps	83	
Gurkhalis—		
No. 1 Corps	33	
No 2 Corps	12	
Private servants, Indian	3	
Total ...	447	

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 481.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"*London Gazette,*" *dated the 30th April 1912, page 3097.*

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
April 30, 1912.

The following appointment has been made :—

Captain James Atkinson Longridge, Indian Army, Supply and Transport Corps, to be an Assistant Secretary to the Committee of Imperial Defence (General Staff Officer, 2nd Grade), *vice* Major Thomas Edwin Scott, C.I.E., D.S.O. Dated 27th April 1912.

* * * * * * * *

"London Gazette," dated the 3rd May 1912, pages 3177, 3180, 3181 and 3185.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,
3rd May 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

* * * * * * * *

The undermentioned Native Officer, Indian Army, is granted the honorary rank of Captain on retirement :—

Subadar Major Hira Singh, late 16th Rajputs (The Lucknow Regiment). Dated 4th May 1912.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
May 3, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments —

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Reinfred Tatton Arundell, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Rajput Light Infantry Dated 18th March 1909.

NOTE.—Captain Arundell's promotion to that rank should have been notified in the London Gazette of the 5th October 1909, which contained notice of his restoration to the Active List of the Indian Army from the temporary Half Pay List.

ERRATUM.—The name of Captain Willoughby Lugard Hogg, 3rd Brahmans, is as now stated, and not as in the London Gazette of the 22nd March 1910, in which his promotion to his present rank with effect from 30th October 1909, was notified.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

John Glendinning Bryden Shand, M.B. Dated 30th January 1912.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS

Deputy Commissary with the Honorary rank of Captain to be Commissary with the Honorary rank of Captain.

James Park. Dated 7th February 1912.

Assistant Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Deputy Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 25th June 1910.

William O'Brien.

Dated 7th February 1912.

Harry Robert Arthur.

John Leather.

To be Assistant Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Dated 27th July 1905.

Conductor George Anderson.

Conductor George Henry Phillips.

Dated 1st December 1911.

Conductor Thomas Francis Salmon.

Dated 15th January 1912.

Conductor William Power.

Dated 7th February 1912.

Conductor Charles O'Donnell.

NOTE.—The notification in the London Gazette of the 22nd March 1910, of the promotion of Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Anderson to that rank with effect from 23rd August 1909, is hereby cancelled.

Assistant Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Deputy Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 27th July 1909.

George Anderson.

George Henry Phillips.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army :—

Captain to be Captain.

Hugh Stafford Northcote Wright, by exchange from the Army Service Corps. Dated 19th April 1912, but to rank from 15th September 1909. Captain Wright's rank as Lieutenant is post-dated to 15th December 1902.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles William Henry Sealy. Dated 17th April 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Henry Lewis. Dated 26th April 1912.

Major John Charles Digby Pinney. Dated 23rd April 1912.

Lieutenant Denyss Chamberlaine Wace. Dated 3rd April 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Greany, M.D. Dated 27th April 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain William Alfred Boucher. Dated 12th March 1912.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Commissary and Honorary Captain William Angel Smith. Dated 7th February 1912.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 482.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

19th May 1912.

George Arthur Hawkins, Supply and Transport Corps.

Alfred Ralph Burlton, Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

16th March 1912.

Charles Haswell Standbridge, 117th Mahrattas.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 483.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be Colonel.

Lieutenant-Colonel Patrick Hehir, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., *vice* Colonel D. ffrench-Mullen, M.D., Bengal, retired ; with effect from the 25th March 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 484.—No. 654, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Sandhe Khán (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar,

vice 2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, Káshi Rám, invalided ; with effect from the 10th May 1912.

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs.

No. 485.—Jemadar Simbhu Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 1069, dated the 3rd December 1909, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 13th March 1909.

No. 486.—The following promotions are made :—

24th Punjabis.

Havildar Kishen Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Umar Hayat Khan, deceased ; with effect from the 14th April 1912.

42nd Deoli Regiment (Cavalry).

Jemadar Sant Singh to be Risaldar and Dafadar Jag Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kishan Singh, deceased ; with effect from the 8th January 1912.

43rd Erinpura Regiment (Infantry).

Subadar Darja Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Nur Bakhsh to be Subadar and Havildar Muhammad Yusuf to be Jemadar, *vice* Mahbub Ali, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st February 1912.

Jemadar Abdul Wahab Khan to be Subadar and Havildar Mahtab Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Bahadur Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st February 1912.

46th Punjabis.

Jemadar Shah Nur to be Subadar and Havildar Ghulam Muhiyuddin to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

58th Vaughan's Rifles (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Gokul to be Subadar and Havildar Suba to be Jemadar, *vice* Surjan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st April 1912.

64th Pioneers.

Colour-Havildar Thandavarayan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sayyid Saduddin, deceased; with effect from the 10th April 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

51st Camel Corps.

No. 487.—Sher Ahmad Khan, appointed Ressaidar on probation, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 3rd May 1910.

REWARDS.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 488.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following appointment to the Order of British India, with effect from the 23rd May 1912:—

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur".

Subadar Hayat Khan, 130th King George's Own Baluchis (Jacob's Rifles).

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 489.—The undermentioned Warrant Officer is transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified:—

Conductor Bryan Bull, Ordnance Department, Northern Army,—5th June 1912.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 490.—Captain Charles James White, 53rd Sikhs (Frontier Force), has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to resign the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 8th May 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 491.—No. 1145, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Saiyid Muhammad Ali is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 1st June 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Behar Light Horse.

No. 492.—The Hon'ble Sir Charles Stuart Bayley, K.C.S.I., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 23rd May 1912.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 493.—Lieutenant John Leitch resigns his commission. Dated 13th April 1912.

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 494.—Colonel Clement Alfred Righy Browne, R.E., to be Honorary Colonel. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Geoffrey Berkley Barton to be Captain, *vice* F. B. Thomas, deceased. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Robert Hugh Neville Baxter to be Lieutenant, *vice* G. B. Barton, promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

1st Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 495—Captain Julius Preston Mackeson, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Major. Dated 1st January 1912.

Cawnpore Volunteer Rifles.

No. 496.—Captain Peter Scott resigns his commission. Dated 11th April 1912.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 497.—The correct name of Colonel Reginald Woollcombe is as now stated and not as notified in Army Department Notification No. 274, dated the 22nd March 1912.

Burma Railways Volunteer Corps.

No 498—Lieutenant George Augustus Hicks to be Captain, *vice* H. M. Franks, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 15th February 1912.

Second Lieutenant Oliver Stephen Macdonell to be Lieutenant, *vice* G. A. Hicks, promoted. Dated 15th February 1912.

James Hepburn Rickie to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* O. S. Macdonell, promoted. Dated 15th February 1912.

Bengal and North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles

No. 499.—Lieutenant Henry Crichton Strachan to be Captain, *vice* H. L. S. Wilkinson, resigned. Dated 31st January 1912.

Second Lieutenant David Young Anderson to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. C. Strachan, promoted. Dated 31st January 1912.

North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 500.—Captain William John Littlewood, V.D, resigns his commission and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Major with permission to wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 25th April 1912.

Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 501.—Harold McComas to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th March 1912.

William Ingram Cooke to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy Dated 15th March 1912.

George Wright Norton Rose to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 15th March 1912.

Upper Burma Volunteer Rifles.

No. 502.—Bernard Rance to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 503.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer:—

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

Lieutenant Melville George Roe.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

7

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 23rd May 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 15th and 21st May 1912.

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
61st King George's Own Pioneers.	Captain George Shuldham Peard Kendall.	16th May 1912	Ootacamund	...	...

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 24th April and 21st May 1912.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. a. p.	
Brian Hill Lane* ...	Captain ...	Army Veterinary Corps.	5th November 1911.	Testate ...	1,787 13 4	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator General of Bengal.

* *Next-of-kin—Father.*—Mr. Alfred Charles Lane.
Address.—The Old Crypt Rectory, Gloucester, England.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 23rd May 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 26.—Chief Engineer H. F. White, Royal Indian Marine, is permitted to retire from the service; with effect from the 28th June 1912.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd May, 1912.

No. 51—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the Agency of Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Company, Managing Agents, the Shivrajpur Syndicate, Limited, Bombay, for a line of railway on the 2' 6" gauge from Shivrajpur, the terminus of the Champaner Shivrajpur Light Railway, *viâ* the Bamankua siding, to Pani, a distance of about 16½ miles.

This survey will be known as the Shivrajpur Pani Railway Survey.

The 23rd May, 1912.

No. 52—The following appointments are notified—

Names.	Designation.
Mr. D. Thomson	Coal Superintendent.
Mr. C. S. Whitworth	Assistant Coal Superintendent.
Mr. P. A. Russell	Assistant Coal Superintendent.

No. 53—The following is published for general information:—

No. 876-R. T., dated the 17th May 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Railway Board.

Application to the Nadiad-Kapadvanj Railway and to such portions of the Godhra-Lunavada Railway as are situate in British territory, of the General Rules for working railways under construction.

RESOLUTION.—The Agents of the Guzerat Railways Company, Limited, have applied for sanction to the adoption on the Nadiad-Kapadvanj and Godhra-Lunavada Railways of the General Rules for working railways under construction and not used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, which rules were promulgated under the Government of India, Public Works Department, Resolution No. 736 R. T., dated the 17th October 1890, and published in the *Gazette of India* of the 8th November 1890, under Public Works Department Notification No. 480½, dated the 30th October 1890.

2. In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, the Railway Board sanction, under section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), the application of the General Rules for working railways under construction, cited in paragraph 1 above, to the Nadiad-Kapadvanj Railway and to such portions of the Godhra-Lunavada Railway as are situate in British territory.

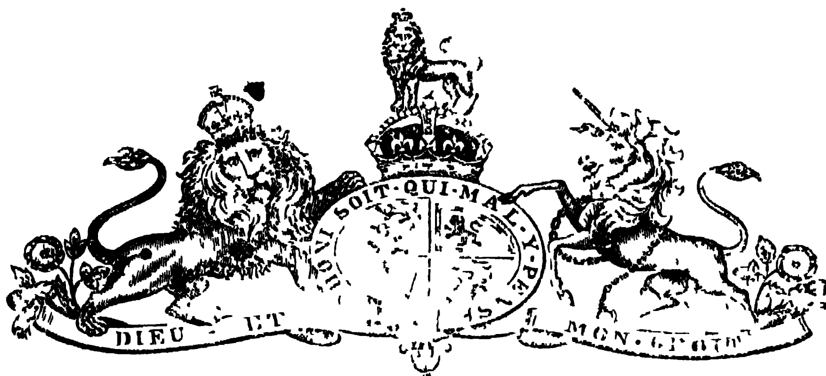
ORDER.—Ordered that this resolution be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India* as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890); also that the General Rules, which have already been published in the *Gazette of India*, be further notified to the

Railway servants concerned and to the public by a copy thereof being kept open to inspection, free of any charge, in the office of the Engineer in charge of the construction of the Nadiad-Kapadvanj and Godhra-Lunavada Railways, and that this resolution be communicated to the Agents of the Guzerat Railways Company, Limited, for information and communication to the said Engineer.

No. 54.—The furlough granted to Major W. D. Waghorn, R.E., Deputy Manager, North Western Railway, in Railway Board's Notification No. 90, dated the 23rd March 1911, has been extended by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India by 1 month and 5 days.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 21.} SIMLA, SATURDAY MAY 25, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and which may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on prepayment of* [illegible] *Rupee per annum if delivered in Calcutta or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 23rd May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The principal feature of the weather of the week was the appearance, unusually late in the season, of a depression of the cold weather type. It showed itself over the extreme north of India on the 17th and was the cause of moderately heavy rain and snow in Kashmir and light thundershowers, in some cases accompanied by hail, in the Punjab. The disturbance disappeared on the 22nd Weather was wet throughout the week in Lower Burma, and rainfall extended on the 20th into Upper Burma owing to the formation of a small storm off the Chittagong coast. Rainfall occurred on most days in Assam and Bengal, and spread into Bihar and Chota Nagpur towards the end of the week. A few thundershowers were also reported from the United Provinces and the south of the Peninsula, but almost over the whole of the rest of India weather was even drier than usual.

2. The high temperatures which had characterized the weather in the plains of north-west and central India during the previous week began to disappear on the 19th, under the influence of the cold weather disturbance referred to above, and by the 22nd temperature had fallen below normal.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall was of daily occurrence in Lower Burma, and was fairly general in Upper Burma on the last three days of the week.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall occurred chiefly in Assam and the east of Bengal, and extended into Chota Nagpur and Bihar on the 21st.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—There was no rain in the Central Provinces, and from the United Provinces and Central India only a few thundershowers were reported.

Northwest India.—Kashmir and the Punjab were the only parts of the division that recorded precipitation ; and in the latter area rainfall was confined chiefly to the hill districts.

The Peninsula.—Except for a few falls in the south dry weather prevailed during the week.

4. The chief daily falls of rain were as follows :—

May 16th. Moulmein 7·90", Tavoy 3·63", Diamond Island 3·17", Cox's Bazar 1·85" and Salem 1·39".

" 17th. Rangoon 1·68", Narayanganj 2·53", Bogra 1·68", Gulmarg 2·20", Dras 1·16" and Skardu 1·14".

" 18th. Tavoy 1·30", Gulmarg 2·50" and Sonamarg 1·93".

" 19th. Victoria Point 2·18", Lashio 0·95" and Gauhati 1·45".

" 20th. Akyab 3·70", Lashio 1·54", Myitkyina 1·05", Silchar 2·05", Cox's Bazar 1·72", Darbhanga 1·01", Benares 0·49", Bahraich 0·99", Delhi 0·24" and Calicut 1·21".

" 21st. Moulmein 2·00", Lashio 1·10", Myitkyina 0·90", Chittagong 2·38", Narayanganj 1·85", Berhampore 1·55", Hazaribagh 0·79", Naya Dumka 1·25", Delhi 0·27" and Sutna 0·36".

" 22nd. Akyab 3·10", Maymyo 0·76", Cox's Bazar 3·39", Balasore 1·32" and Mysore 2·62".

5. The week's rainfall exceeded the average by more than 10 per cent in Lower Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, the United Provinces East, Kashmir, Central India East and Mysore. It was an inch or more in defect in Malabar and the Bay Islands.

The only areas in which the rainfall of the period from the 3rd May to date has been in excess are Burma, Bihar, the United Provinces East, Kashmir and Central India East. In the Bay Islands rainfall has been very scanty, the deficiency amounting to 6 inches or 55 per cent of the normal fall.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 23rd May 1912.			Rainfall data from 3rd May 1912 to 23rd May 1912.			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain-fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	3·0	4·8	—1·8	5·1	11·4	— 6·3	— 55	— 68
Lower Burma	6·2	4·2	+2·0	12·3	8·9	+ 3·4	+ 38	+ 30
Upper Burma	1·3	1·4	—0·1	4·5	3·4	+ 1·1	+ 32	+ 60
Assam	2·5	2·1	+0·4	8·1	7·4	+ 0·7	+ 9	+ 6
Bengal	2·0	1·6	+0·4	4·8	4·6	+ 0·2	+ 4	— 7
Orissa	0·5	0·7	—0·2	0·6	1·7	— 1·1	— 65	— 90
Chota Nagpur	0·5	0·5	0	1·4	1·4	0	0	0
Bihar	0·9	0·4	+0·5	1·7	1·4	+0·3	+ 21	— 20
United Provinces, East	0·3	0·2	+0·1	0·7	0·5	+0·2	+ 40	+ 33
United Provinces, West	0·1	0·2	—0·1	0·2	0·5	— 0·3	— 60	— 67
Punjab, East and North	0·2	0·2	0	0·3	0·5	— 0·2	— 40	— 67
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·3	— 0·2	— 67	— 50
Kashmir	2·0	0·5	+1·5	2·3	1·7	+ 0·6	+ 35	— 75
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	—0·1	0·3	0·5	— 0·2	— 40	— 25
Baluchistan	0	0·1	—0·1	0	0·3	— 0·3	—100	—100
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	—0·1	0	0·2	— 0·2	—100	—100
Rajputana, East	0	0·2	—0·2	0·2	0·4	— 0·2	— 50	0
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·1	0	0	...
Central India, East	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·4	0·2	+ 0·2	+100	+100
Berar	0	0·1	—0·1	0	0·1	— 0·1	—100	0
Central Provinces, West	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·3	— 0·2	— 67	— 50
Central Provinces, East	0	0·1	—0·1	0·1	0·5	— 0·4	— 80	— 75
Konkan	0	0·2	—0·2	0·1	0·2	— 0·1	— 50	...
Bombay Deccan	0	0·2	—0·2	0·4	0·4	0	0	+100
Hyderabad, North	0	0·1	—0·1	0	0·3	— 0·3	—100	—100
Hyderabad, South	0	0·2	—0·2	0·3	0·5	— 0·2	— 40	0
Mysore	0·9	0·8	+0·1	1·5	2·6	— 1·1	— 42	— 67
Malabar	1·2	2·2	—1·0	4·6	4·3	+ 0·3	+ 7	+ 62
Madras, Southeast	0·4	0·6	—0·2	1·2	1·5	— 0·3	— 20	— 11
Madras Deccan	0	0·4	—0·4	0·2	0·9	— 0·7	— 78	— 60
Madras Coast, North	0	0·4	—0·4	0·2	1·0	— 0·8	— 80	— 67

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 23rd May 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 18th May 1912.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general but light in parts of the dry zone. Reaping of spring rice has almost been completed. Ploughing for cotton, sesamum and autumn rice has begun in Upper Burma and is proceeding normally. Standing crops are in good condition. Cattle are healthy. The price of unhusked rice has risen considerably at Rangoon and is abnormal.

Assam.—Sufficient rain fell throughout the Province except in some hill districts where more rain would be advantageous. Sowing of jute is nearing completion and that of early rice continues. Ploughing for winter rice, transplanting of sugarcane and tea manufacture are in progress. Cattle disease prevails in seven districts. The average price of rice has fallen by two per cent.

Bengal.—The seasonable character of the weather during the past week has improved the prospects of agriculture generally and has enabled cultivators to get on with the work of weeding their fields. The rainfall in April was excessive in the eastern districts of the Province but the deleterious effects of this have now been to a large extent counteracted. The price of rice still shows a slight tendency to rise. Cattle disease is reported from Nadia Jessore, Malda, Dacca, Mymensingh and Noakhali.

Bihar and Orissa.—Rain fell in Manbhum, Ranchi and in all the districts of the Tirhut and Bhagalpur divisions, and in parts of the Patna, Shahabad and Balasore districts. The fall was moderate in Champaran and parts of Muzuffarpur and Purnea but was generally light in the remaining districts. Preparation of lands continues but more rain is urgently wanted in Angul and Singhbhum. Sowing of paddy and jute continues. Sugarcane and vegetables are doing well. The price of common rice has risen in Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Balasore, Angul, Puri and Hazaribagh and has fallen in Monghyr, the Sonthal Parganas and Ranchi. Cattle disease is reported from Gaya, Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Angul, Puri and Sambalpur. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient in all the districts of the Province.

United Provinces. Hot weather storms have given local showers chiefly in the submontane districts. Threshing and winnowing are practically finished. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane is doing well. Sowing of cotton in irrigated tracts has commenced. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from several districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is constant except for a rise in Bundelkhand.

Punjab.—The week was generally rainless and hot with high winds. Harvesting has been somewhat delayed by winds. The outturn is normal to good. The condition of standing extra spring and autumn crops is good. Further sowings of crops are in progress. The sown area is normal in irrigated tracts but is somewhat restricted in unirrigated tracts. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless. The weather is hot and occasionally cloudy. The condition of standing crops has undergone no change. Harvesting of spring crops continues and the outturn is average but is generally below normal on unirrigated areas. Sowings of extra spring and autumn crops are in progress. Cattle are in good condition. Fodder and water are sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Jammu.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 10 to 15 and maize from 12 to 24 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—It rained on three occasions during the week. Zamindars are engaged in sowing operations. Prices are unchanged. Rivers rose to flood level on account of the recent heavy rains but no damage was done. The Jammu-Kashmir road is much damaged by hill torrents. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—The weather is hot and generally clear. Land is being prepared for autumn sowings. Cattle are suffering for want of pasturage in parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder are also scarce in Merwara. Cattle disease prevails in parts of the Mewar Residency. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in Merwara and the Hilly Tracts of Mewar. Prices are generally high and stationary. The numbers on relief were:—Merwara, on gratuitous relief 70. In the Dungarpur State there were 1,336 on works and 19 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in Dhar in the Bhopawar Agency. The weather is seasonable. Land is being prepared for autumn crops in the Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. The outturn of crops is above normal in Bundelkhand and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen slightly in Gwalior, are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, are fluctuating in Bhopawar and steady elsewhere.

The weekly report on famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues but is not increasing. There is no wandering or emaciation. The condition of people on relief works is good. There is no influx of foreigners and no disinclination to

resort to works. Fodder is scarce. Prices of food grains vary from 11 to 13 seers per rupee. The number on relief works was :—Dhar 3,267, Jhabua 1,184, Ali Rajpur 1,944 and Jobat 827. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 659. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 168 and Ali Rajpur 56.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues to be very hot and accompanied with high winds. Threshing and winnowing of spring crops still continue in places. Ploughing of land for sowing of the next autumn crops and construction of field embankments are in progress. Cattle are in fair condition. Scarcity of water is reported in Berar. Fodder is dear. The price of gram rose in Hoshangabad by 3 seers per rupee.

Feudatory States.—Preparation of land and manuring of fields are in progress everywhere. Prices.—Gram in Sirguja and rice in Jashpur fell by 3 and 4 seers per rupee, respectively.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan and the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows.—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar There is no wandering. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue is being granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells from 8 to 10 and maize from 10 to 10½ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 18th May 1912 were:—Panch Mahals, on works 37,638, on gratuitous relief 38,913, total 76,551. Kathiawar, on works 8,097. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, West Khandesh, Nasik, Ahmednagar, Poona, Sholapur, Bijapur and Belgaum 19,216. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 7011 on test works and 4,339 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The numbers on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending the 4th May were:—11,900 workers, 3,716 dependents on works and 1,004 on gratuitous relief, total 16,620. For the week ending 11th May the figures were:—9,758 workers, 3,584 dependents and 973 on gratuitous relief, total 14,315 For the week ending 18th May the numbers relieved were:—9,930 workers, 3,593 dependents and 762 on gratuitous relief, total 14,285.

Hyderabad.—Slight rain fell during the week in isolated parts of the Telingana. The highest fall was 2 inches 80 cents in Mahbubabad. The average for the Dominions is 5 cents. Harvesting of the late rice crop continues in parts. Lands are being prepared throughout for monsoon sowings. Fodder scarcity prevails in 32 talukas, cattle disease in 7 and water scarcity in 26. Prices:—wheat 7, coarse rice 6 and *juar* 13½ seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 12½ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 22 seers in Parbhani.

Mysore.—The rainfall was slight throughout the State. Prices of food grains have risen slightly in Bangalore and Hassan and are steady elsewhere. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good but more rain is needed in parts of Kolar, Tumkur and Mysore. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rain fell in parts. Ploughing for rice has commenced. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light to fair rain was received generally. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are generally stationary.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	39,234	41,720	80,954	37,638	38,913	76,551	—4,403
Kathiawar	8,163	...	8,163	8,097	...	8,097	—66
Central India States	8,151	218	8,369	7,881	224	8,105	—264
Baroda	9,758	4,557	14,315	9,930	4,355	14,285	—30
Rajputana	...	...	...	1,336	19	1,355	+1,355
TOTAL	65,306	46,495	111,801	64,882	43,511	108,393	—3,408

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

B

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 11th May 1912

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF. Area affected in square miles	Estimated population of area in column 3	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST. Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	...	...	...		...	...	296
2	Panch Mahals	1,606	321,000	39,234	602	41,118	41,720	80,954	...	...
3	Kaira ..	1,595	692,000	...	...	...	...	...	2,031	8,821
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,808
5	Poona ...	2,274	329,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	586
6	West Khandesh.	2,530	280,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	748
7	Sholapur	3,097	377,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,004
8	Belgaum ...	816	113,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	54
9	Nasik .	514	72,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	94
	Native States									
1	Kathiawar .	(Not known)	...	8,168		...	...	8,168	1,50	3,228
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)		...	...	...	...	...	2,590	167
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	..	...	...		...	...	682	464
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	.	...	...	...	...	...	99	1
	Total Bombay	22,804	3,906,000	47,397	602	41,118	41,720	89,117	6,856	22,771
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	876	...	...	...	876	...	...
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	997	...	50	50	1,04	...	...
3	Jhabua ..	84	25,207	1,482	...	...	...	1,482	...	...
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	4,796	...	168	168	4,964	...	...
	Total Central India States.	224	40,768	8,151	...	218	218	8,369	...	...
	BARODA STATE.									
1	Baroda ...	4,370	1,010,481	9,758	3,584	973	4,557	14,315	...	

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.
PLAGUE.

Simla, the 23rd May 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 18th May 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	88	8[illegible]
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Kaira "	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Palanpur "	...	...
		Rewa Kantha "	...	...
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Randor Port	...	...
		Surat District	7	4
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	...	...
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "	1	1
		Thana "	...	...
		Chinchani Port	2	3
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	...	...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	...	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	8	6
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag "	...	...
		Kolaba District	4(b)	3(b)
		Vengurla Port	1(a)	1(a)
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	16	7
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	2	1
		Kanara "	2	2
		Bijapur "	2	2
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantwadi State	...	...

(a) Imported.
(b) For two weeks.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	79	72
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur "	...	...
		Baroda State	2(a)	1 (a)
	Political Charges	Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	...	...
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		Murad Port	18(b)	6 (b)
		TOTAL	227	189
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	1	1
		Mangalore Town and Port	2	2
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	2	1
		Godavri "	1(c)	1 (c)
		The Nilgiris "	1(c)	...
		Salem District	1	...
		Tinnevelly District	2(c)	1 (c)
		Sandur State	...	...
		TOTAL	10	6
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	...
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	3	3
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	...	...
		Calcutta	60	53
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	63	56

(a) Between 10th and 16th May 1912.
(b) For two weeks.
(c) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	10	10
		Patna District	60	50
		Gaya Town	...	...
		Gaya District	4	2
		Shahabad District	6	6
	Tirhut	Saran District	173	174
		Champaran District	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	55	55
		Darbhanga District	216	169
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	4	4
		Monghyr District	48	28
		Bhagalpur Town	...	...
		Bhagalpur District	2	1
		Southal Parganas District	3	3
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	...	...
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	581	502
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	1	1
		Saharanpur District	16	16
		Muzaffarnagar District	79	76
		Meerut City	...	...
		Meerut District	3	3
		Bulandshahr District	..	...
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	7	7
		Agra City	1	1
		Agra District	12	12
		Farrukhabad City	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	7	6
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	3	2
		Etawah District	10	7
		Etah District	1	2
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	...
		Bareilly District	...	...
		Bijnor District	13	12
		Budaun District	6	6
		Moradabad District	31	27
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	5	4
		Pilibhit District	6	6

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
UNITED PROVINCES	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	1	1
		Cawnpur District	19	19
		Fatehpur "	5	7
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	..	...
		Allahabad District	15	14
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	10	7
		Jalaun "	7	6
	Benares	Benares City	1	1
		Benares District	...	...
		Mirzapur City	..	...
		Mirzapur District	1	1
		Jaunpur "	2	2
		Ghazipur "	24	19
		Ballia "	147	162
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	63	63
		Basti "	28	29
		Azamgarh "	64	64
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	6	5
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	3	3
		Lucknow District	21	21
		Unao "	48	45
		Rae Bareli "	9	4
		Sitapur "	15	11
		Hardoi "	7	7
		Kheri "	7	4
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	14	14
		Gonda "	7	7
		Bahraich "	13	12
		Sultanpur "	12	4
		Partabgarh "	2	2
		Bara Banki "	47	47
		TOTAL	790	769
PUNJAB	Delhi	Delhi City	2	1
		Delhi District	10	8
		Gurgaon "	38	39
		Rohtak "	116	31
		Karnal "	168	166
		Hissar "	176	107
		Ambala "	18	18
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	78	49
		Jullundur City	19	3
		Jullundur District	162	88
		Ludhiana "	*	*
		Ferozepore "	80	61

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	16	16
		Amritsar District	28	28
		Gurdaspur District	275	232
		Sialkot District	80	78
		Gujranwala District	148	110
		Lahore District	9	4
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	128	127
		Shahpur District	105	69
		Jhelum "	..	...
		Rawalpindi District	12	15
		Attock District	1	1
	Multan	Montgomery District	27	27
		Lyallpur "	32	18
		Jhang "	7	8
		Multan "	5	1
		Muzaffargarh "	...	...
	...	Patiala City	22	21
		Patiala State	299	250
		Nabha "	118	57
		Jind State	55	33
		Kapurthala State	3	1
		Kalsia "	22	10
		Dujana "	10	10
		Malerkotla "	*	*
		TOTAL	2,269	1,082
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	5	5
		Hanthawaddy District	1	1
		Pegu District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	..	...
		Maubin District	..	...
		Pyapon "	...	..
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District		...
		Thaton District	1	1
		Moulmein Town	13	13
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	..	...
		Bhamo District		...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	1	1
		TOTAL	21	12

* Report not received.

In the return for the week ending 11th May 1912 against the following places note the figures given —

		Cases.	Deaths.
Hissar District	...	162	100.
Lahore "	...	12	8.
Nabha State	...	146	134.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	1	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	1	1
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	2	2
		Saugor District	...	1
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	1	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	...	...
		Chhindwara District	1	1
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL	6	5
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	...	...
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	...	...
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	...	...
		Hassan "	...	...
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	1	2
		Kolar Gold Fields	1	1
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	4	2
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	6	5

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	...	...
		Aurangabad "	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	2	1
		Nander "	6	6
		Hyderabad City and suburbs	...	...
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	...	...
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	...	...
		TOTAL	8 (a)	7 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District.	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	...	...
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	...	1
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	59	55
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

(a) From 6th to 12th May 1912.

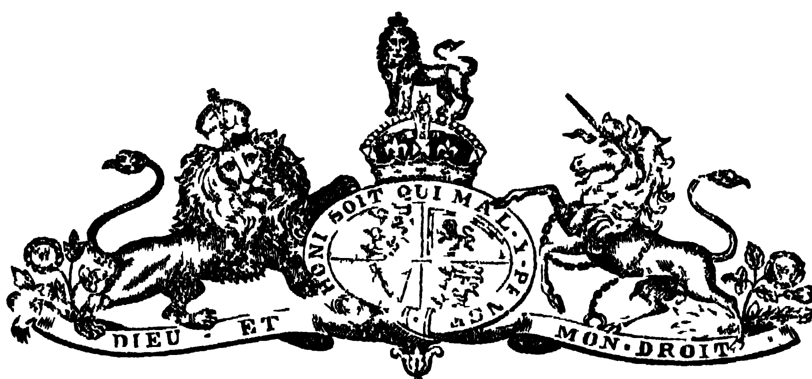
Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitaman State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh "	...	...
		Orchha "	5	2
		TOTAL	64 (a)	58 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	48	52
		Jaipur	14	15
		Bikaner	...	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	..	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	...	...
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	31	23
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	...	...
		TOTAL	93 (b)	90 (b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	10	25
		TOTAL	10	25
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	4,157	3,415

(a) For the week ending 11th May 1912.
(b) For the week ending 17th May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

Printed and Published for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India.

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	615—626
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General Department of Commerce and Industry Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General North West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	713—843
PART III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	43—44
SUPPLEMENT No. 22—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food grains for the second-half of April 1912	1111—1129
Tariff valuation of Sugar	1130
Imports of Cotton, Wheat, Linseed Indigo, Jute, Tea and Rice	1131—1135
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 25th May 1912	1137—1144
Execution of Deeds Contracts and other Instruments on behalf of the Secretary of State	1145
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday the 30th May 1912 based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1146—1147
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday the 25th May 1912	1148—1150
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works etc for the week ending 18th May 1912	1151
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1152—1153

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 31st May, 1912.

No. 1116.—Mr. C. W. Caston, I.S.O., Registrar, Home Department, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 1st June 1912.

No. 1117.—Mr. G. F. Winn, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is appointed to be Registrar in that Department, *vice* Mr. C. W. Caston, I.S.O., with effect from the 1st June 1912.

No. 1118.—In consequence of the appointment of Mr. G. F. Winn, a Superintendent in the Home Department, to be Registrar in that Department, with effect from the 1st June 1912, the following promotions with effect from the same date are notified.

Mr. A. Lawrence to be Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. H. C. Marsden to be Superintendent, 3rd grade.

No. 1119.—The promotions notified in the Home Department notification no. 1025, dated the 17th May 1912, in consequence of the deputation of Rai Bahadur Charu Chandra Sarkar, a Superintendent in the Home Department, on special duty in that Department, are, with effect from the 1st June 1912, modified as follows:

Mr. J. H. Frost to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 1st grade.

Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. Gouri Kant Roy to be sub. *pro tem.* Superintendent, 3rd grade.

MEDICAL.

The 31st May, 1912.

No. 493.—The services of Major G. Bidie, M.B., F.R.C.S.E., I.M.S., are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 7th May 1912.

H. WHEELER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 30th May, 1912.

No. 228.—The services of the Reverend F. L. Bridges are placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces with effect from the 1st June 1912.

The 31st May, 1912.

No. 230.—The Reverend T. Scott, a Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Bengal Ecclesiastical Establishment, has been permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 9th October 1912.

SANITARY.

The 30th May, 1912.

No. 993.—Captain F. N. White, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of the Director, Bombay Bacteriological Laboratory, in addition to his own special duties, with effect from the date on which he assumes charge of those duties.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

AGRICULTURE.

Simla, the 28th May, 1912.

No. 346-136—2.—Mr. S. Milligan, M.A., B. Sc., Deputy Director of Agriculture, Punjab, is appointed to be Imperial Agriculturist in the Imperial Department of Agriculture in India, with effect from the 9th May 1912.

FAMINE.

The 30th May, 1912.

No. 360-40—1.—With reference to Rule 3 of the Rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 1616-F., dated the 25th July 1900, and amended by the Notification in the same Department, No. 1321, dated the 5th June 1902, the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the Hon'ble Sir Robert Warrand Carlyle, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., Member of the Executive Council of the Governor General and a Member of the Board of Management of the Indian People's Famine Trust, to be Chairman of the Board of Management of the Trust, *vice* the Hon'ble Sir Lawrence Hugh Jenkins, Kt, K.C.I.E, K.C., Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature, Fort William, Bengal, resigned.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 31st May, 1912.

No. 31.—Government of India Notification No. 35, dated the 16th January 1896, so far as it relates to the project for remodelling, improving, and extending the Naulakhi canal in the Hyderabad Collectorate in Sind, is hereby cancelled.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 27th May, 1912.

No. 1663-*Est-A*.—Major H. A. K. Gough of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for one year and three months, with effect from the 25th April 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1664-*Est-A*.—Major A. L. Jacob of the Political Department is posted as Political Agent, Zhob, with effect from the 25th April, 1912.

No. 1668-*Est-A*.—Mr. F. P. Rennie of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for seventeen days, combined with furlough on medical certificate for five months and thirteen days, under the provisions of Articles 233 and 311 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 9th May, 1912.

No. 1669-*Est-A*.—Mr. A. R. Jelf of the Political Department is posted as Deputy Commissioner, Kohat, with effect from the 9th May, 1912.

The 30th May, 1912.

No. 1699-*Est-B*.—Captain F. R. Teesdale, 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force), is appointed to officiate as Adjutant of the Imperial Cadet Corps, with effect from the 29th April, 1912, and until further orders.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 29th May, 1912.

No. 88-F.—*Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.*

April 1912. **Lakhs of Rupees.**

	April.		To end of April.		Whole Year.	
	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	1912-1913.	1911-1912.	Budget, 1912-1913.	Actuals, 1910-1911.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation) ...	1,03	2,15			33,99	33,26
Opium ...	78	82			5 43	11,[illegible]8
Salt ...	41	44			5,14	4,76
Stamps ...	69	64			7,36	7,03
Excise ...	1,05	98			11,85	10,54
Provincial Rates ...	6	5			83	84
Customs ...	95	79			9,60	9,93
Assessed Taxes ...	8	8			2,32	2,23
Forest ...	13	7			2,56	2,46
Registration ...	5	5			67	64
Tributes from Native States ...	5	6			91	91
Other Civil Revenue ...	17	32			4,48	3,98
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	6,47	6,45			85,54	87,86
Major Irrigation Revenue ...	3	3			3,36	3,26
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue ...	5	4			75	64
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works) ...	6,55	6,52			89,65	91,76
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works ...	—4	—12			—4,72	—4,60
Opium ...	—35	—29			—1,03	—1,87
Famine Relief (Civil) ...	—1	...			—10	...
Other Civil Expenditure ...	—3,22	—3,57			—44,37	—37,11
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	—3,62	—3,98			—56,32	—43,58
Major Irrigation Working Expenses ...	—11	—14			—1,66	—1,64
Buildings and Roads Expenditure ...	—21	—26			—6,82	—5,48
Famine Relief (Public Works) ...	...	...			—10	...
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure ...	—12	—11			—1,97	—1,79
Irrigation Capital Expenditure ...	—15	—15			—2,08	—1,69
Delhi Capital Expenditure ...	...	...			—2,00	...
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works) ...	—4,21	—4,64			—64,85	—54,18
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from, and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments:						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net) ...	+11	+8			+2,37	+1,74
Telegraph (Net) ...	—10	—8			—1,15	—94
Marine (Net) ...	—3	—3			—40	—51
Military Works (Net) ...	—6	—7			—1,07	—1,36
Military Receipts ...	+6	+4			+1,13	+98
Military Issues ...	—1,60	—1,54			—20,29	—20,82
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway ...	+73	+61			} +50,81	} +48,44
Other Railways ...	+4,18	+3,61				
TOTAL ...	+4,91	+4,22			+50,81	+48,44
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway ...	—34	—38			} —33,63	} —31,11
Other Railways ...	—2,82	—2,53				
TOTAL ...	—3,16	—2,91			—33,63	—31,11
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ...	+13	—29			—2,23	—3,58
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.						
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net: + Receipts more,—Receipts less than payments) ...	...	...			+2,56	+1,25
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above)	...	—2			...	...
Currency Transfers for Gold in England ...	...	...			...	...
Do. for Sterling investment ...	...	...			...	...
Transfer from Gold Standard Reserve ...	...	...			...	...
Deposit of District Funds ...	—17	+3			+11	+23
Loans by Government ...	+1	+15			—61	+1,12
Exchange on Remittance Accounts ...	...	+2			...	..
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at R 15 per £	—2,83	—2,28			—23,65	—34,87
Other Debt Heads ...	—98	—71			+52	+19
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	—3,97	—2,81			—20,98	—32,08
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	—1,50	—1,22			+1,59	+1,92
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	18,43	20,36			17,71	18,44
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	16,93	19,14			19,30	[illegible]

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 28th May, 1912.

No. 121-*F.-E.*—In notification in this department No 95-F.-E., dated the 21st May 1912, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* dated the 25th May 1912, *for* "20th April 1912" *read* "20th May 1912".

The 30th May, 1912.

No. 135-*F.-E.*—Mr. J. F. Graham, I.C.S., has been appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 14th May 1912, and until further orders.

No. 137-*F.-E.*—Mr. A. N. J. Harrison, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three months and, in continuation, special leave for three months with effect from the 9th May 1912.

No 138-*F.-E.*—Mr Taj ud-din Malak, Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, has been granted leave on medical certificate for three months with effect from the 4th April 1912.

No. 139-*F.-E.*—Mr. K. Balarama Ayyar, Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been granted privilege leave for one month and ten days with effect from the 20th May 1912.

Mr. W. H. Scott has been appointed to officiate as Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 20th May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 140-*F.-E.*—Mr. R. B. C. Scott, Government Examiner of Accounts, South Indian Railway, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 6th May 1912.

Mr. M. deM. Sinaes, an Accountant, 1st grade, and Honorary Assistant Examiner in the Office of the Government Examiner of Accounts, South Indian Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant in that office with effect from the 6th May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 146-*F.-E.*—The following promotions in the Indian Finance Department are notified :—

With effect from the 27th March 1912—

Mr. W. H. E. Mellor to officiate in Class I of the General List.

With effect from the 9th April 1912—

Mr. K.L. Datta, Officer on special duty, to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. W. S. Adie, I.C.S., to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. V. C. Scott O'Connor to officiate in Class III of Accountants General.

Mr. L. J. W. Worgan to officiate in Class I of the General List.

The 31st May, 1912.

No. 151-*F.-E.*—The following promotions in the classes of Superintendents in the Finance Department of the Government of India Secretariat are notified :—

With effect from the 30th May 1912—

Mr. Muhammad Hasan Khan is confirmed in Class III.

Mr. G. W. C. Bradey to officiate in Class III.

H. F. HOWARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 31st May, 1912.

No 590-*Accounts.*—The following reversion of an officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified :—

From the 20th May 1912, consequent on the return of Mr. F. I. L. Clarke from privilege leave.

Khan Saheb B. C. Lichmore, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent.

No. 591-*Accounts.*—The following reversions and officiating appointments of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

I.—*From the 11th March 1912, consequent on Major K. H. Jackson's return from leave out of India.*

Major K. H. Jackson, Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain H. C. Szczepanski, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain H. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain E. D. S. Robertson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

II.—*From the 28th March 1912, consequent on Captain H. F. Shairp's return from special duty.*

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain C. W. Butler, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain J. F. Allen, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

III.—*From the 20th April 1912, the date of Captain H. D. Watson's return from leave out of India.*

Captain H. D. Watson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

IV.—*From the 20th April 1912, the date of commencement of (i) furlough portion of Major M. E. L. Bruce's leave, and (ii) Captain J. F. Allen's leave.*

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain C. W. Butler, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain H. D. Watson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

POST OFFICE.

Simla, the 1st June, 1912.

No. 4222-99.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7397-225, dated the 5th August 1908, as subsequently amended, namely :—

For rule 169, substitute the following :—

169. Letters which cannot be disposed of under section 38 of the Act, shall be dealt with as follows :—

(i) Letters containing nothing of intrinsic value shall be detained for a period of—

(*a*) one month, when they are unregistered, and

(*b*) three months, when they are registered :

(ii) Other letters shall be detained for a period of—

(c) three months, when the postage is not prepaid or is insufficiently prepaid, and

(d) six months, when the postage is fully prepaid.

On the expiration of the prescribed period, the letters shall be destroyed by being burnt.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 1st June, 1912.

No. 4236-2.—The following officiating promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 17th May 1912 :—

Name.	From	To
Rao Bahadur S. T. Bhandare	Assistant Collector, Class III, sub. *pro tem.*	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.
Mr. C. R. Watkins ...	Assistant Collector, Class V ...	Assistant Collector, Class IV, officiating.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 1st June, 1912.

No. 4185-82.—Mr. G. de P. Cotter, Assistant Superintendent in the Geological Survey Department, is appointed Curator of the Geological Museum, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st June 1912, *vice* Mr. H. S. Bion.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

The 1st June, 1912.

No. 4166-93.—Mr. F. J. Baker, Superintendent, Railway Mail Service, 2nd grade, and Personal Assistant to the Inspector General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster General, 3rd grade, and Inspector General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Western Circle, with effect from the 6th May 1912, and until further orders, in the arrangements, *vice* Mr. P. J. Gorman, Deputy Postmaster-General, 1st grade, and Inspector General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Southern Circle, on combined leave.

SALT.

The 1st June, 1912.

No. 4160-52.—Mr. E. D. Beatson, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, is granted an extension of furlough for four months, with effect from the 6th June 1912.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 31st May 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

No. 504.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to gazette the appointment of the undermentioned officer :—

Mr. Frederick George Williams, Chemist, Gun and Shell Factory, Cossipore.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 505.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

19th May 1912.

Francis William Hallowes, Supply and Transport Corps.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

19th March 1912.

Bertie Stedman Joseph McMurray, 108th Infantry.

27th May 1912.

Alan Douglas Wise, 27th Light Cavalry.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

47th Sikhs.

No. 506.—Jemadar Mit Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 567, dated the 1st July 1910, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 8th April 1910.

No. 507.—The following promotions are made :—

21st Punjabis.

Jemadar Nawab Khan to be Subadar, *vice* Khwaram Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 19th April 1912.

51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Havildar Sham Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sajan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 6th May 1912.

82nd Punjabis.

Subadar Afzal Khan to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Mastan Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Phuman Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sundar Singh, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

121st Pioneers.

Havildar Gora Ram to be Jemadar, to fill an existing vacancy ; with effect from the 29th May 1912.

61st King George's Own Pioneers.

No. 508.—The promotions of Subadar Nur Khan, *Bahadur*, Jemadar Gangayya and Havildar Veerappen, notified in Army Department Notification No. 310, dated the 4th April 1912, should have effect from the 18th February 1912 and not as therein stated.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 509.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

To be supernumerary Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

28th May 1912.

First Class Assistant Surgeon William St. Michael Hefferman.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Amalgamated List.

No. 510.—Store-Sergeant Michael Henry Rowland to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Alfred Charles Tinkler, appointed Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Dum Dum, *seconded* ; with effect from the 7th March 1912.

(*Army Department Notification No. 399, dated the 3rd May 1912, is hereby cancelled.*)

No. 511.—Store-Sergeant Henry John Roberts to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Harry Wigmore, appointed Assistant Overseer, Rifle Factory, Ishapur, *seconded* ; with effect from the 11th March 1912.

(*Army Department Notification No. 400, dated the 3rd May 1912, is hereby cancelled.*)

No. 512.—Store-Sergeant John Leigh Needham McDougall, Head Clerk, Madras Arsenal, *seconded*, to be Sub-Conductor, *seconded*, and

Store-Sergeant John Burles Biggs to be Sub-Conductor,

vice James William Goff, deceased ; with effect from the 6th April 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Assam Valley Light Horse.

No. 513.—Hugh Warburton Davies to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 18th December 1911.

Madras Artillery Volunteers, " The Duke's Own."

No. 514.—Frederick Anns to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 515.—Lieutenant Geoffrey Welsh Kellner resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 516.—Lieutenant Edwin Percy Richards resigns his commission. Dated 29th April 1912.

Simla Volunteer Rifles.

No. 517.—Thomas Augustine Duffy to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Captain William Gaskell resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Harry Crowther Atkinson resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lucknow Volunteer Rifles.

No. 518.—Lieutenant Harry Banbury resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Agra Volunteer Rifles.

No. 519.—Major Herbert Austen Smith, M.B., I.M.S., Medical Officer, resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 520.—Harold Russell Macpherson to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 4th May 1912.

Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

No. 521.—Lieutenant-Colonel John Christie, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Colonel. Dated 1st April 1912.

Assam-Bengal Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 522.—Second-Lieutenant George James Wilson to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 16th February 1912.

George Harold Stevenson to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 17th February 1912.

Gordon Maitland Crosthwaite to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy, Dated 17th February 1912.

Leslie John Marriott to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 17th February 1912.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 523.—In section 226 of the Cantonment Code, 1912, after sub-section (2) the following sub-sections shall be inserted :—

"(3) Any clerical error which may at any time be discovered in the registers may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate. An error of fact or substance in any such register may be corrected by the Cantonment Magistrate by an entry in the margin, without any alteration of the original entry, upon production to the Cantonment Magistrate, by the person requiring such error to be corrected, of a declaration on oath setting forth the nature of the error and the true facts of the case, made before the Cantonment Magistrate by the person required to give information concerning the birth or death with reference to which the error has been made or, in default of such person, by two credible persons having knowledge of the case and certified by the Cantonment Magistrate to have been made in his presence."

Cf. City of Bombay Act III of 1888, s. 452.

"(4) Except as aforesaid, no alteration shall be made in any such register."

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 31st May 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893 it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 22nd and 28th May 1912 :—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
India Miscellaneous List.	Honorary Lieutenant Percy Russell.	20th May 1912	Saharanpur	...	Was attached to Army Remount Department, Saharanpur.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 31st May 1912

APPOINTMENTS.

No 27—The services of Commander G N Forteith, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bengal for employment as Deputy Port Officer and Deputy Shipping Master, for the Port of Calcutta, *vice* Commander C. B Henley, Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

No 28—Engineer J W. M. Godden, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Engineer-in-Charge of the Factory, Bombay Dockyard, *vice* Engineer W. C Constable, Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

No. 29—The following appointments have been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the dates specified.—

To be Sub-Lieutenants.

12th December 1911.

Henry Welch Thomas.

19th January 1912.

Ludovic Roy Miller.

LEAVE.

No. 30—The undermentioned officers have been granted extensions of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India:—

Commander C. G. Sinclair, Royal Indian Marine,—one day (private affairs).

Lieutenant C. E. Edmonds, Royal Indian Marine,—four months (medical certificate).

PROMOTIONS.

No. 31—The following promotion is made in the Royal Indian Marine, with effect from the 30th April 1912.—

To be Engineer.

Assistant Engineer George Reginald Ellis.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th May, 1912.

No. 55.—Mr. R. N. Nicolls, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, held sub. *pro tem.* rank in class III, grade 2, from the 24th February to the 21st March 1912 inclusive.

The 30th May, 1912

No. 56.—Mr. P. J. Hammill, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway with effect from the 18th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 57.—Colonel C. A. R. Browne, Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway, was granted combined leave for six months (privilege leave for one month and twelve days and special leave on urgent private affairs for the remaining period), with effect from the 11th April 1911.

Notification No. 69, dated the 9th March 1911, is hereby cancelled.

No. 58.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 22, dated the 19th April 1912, Mr. N. A. Todd, Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, will continue to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway until further orders.

The 31st May, 1912.

No. 59.—*Corrigendum.*—In Railway Board's Notification No. 30, dated the 3rd May 1912, granting three months' furlough to Mr. S. A. J. Keatinge, Chief Storekeeper, North Western Railway, *for* "1st May 1912" *read* "4th May 1912."

No. 60.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 31, dated the 3rd May 1912, Mr. A. K. Muirhead, Assistant Storekeeper, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate in class II of that establishment, as a Storekeeper, with effect from the 4th May 1912.

No. 61.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No 440, dated the 26th March 1912, Mr. A. Lines is granted the officiating rank of Superintending Engineer 3rd Class, during the period that he officiates, as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE

Simla, the 30th May 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 25th May 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	73	71
		Ahmedabad City	2(a)	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port		...
		Broach District	...	
		Kaira "	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency		...
		Palanpur "		...
		Rewa Kantha "		...
		Bulsar Port		
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	3	3
		Surat Agency	...	
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	...	...
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "		...
		Thana "		...
		Chinchani Port	1	1
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District		...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	...	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	5	4
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag "	...	...
		Kolaba District	2	4
		Vengurla Port		...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	21	10
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	8	4
		Kanara "	4	2
		Bijapur "	8	8
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantvadi State		...

(a) Imported.

In the return for the week ending 18th May 1912 read 8 for 7 deaths against the Belgaum District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	39	36
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur "	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	...	...
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	1	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	4	3
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		Murad Port	3	2
		TOTAL	179	148
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	1	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	2	1
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	...	...
		Godavri "	...	...
		The Nilgiris "	...	1 (*a*)
		Salem District	...	...
		Tinnevelly District	...	...
		Sandur State	...	...
		TOTAL	3	2
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	...
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	...	...
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	...	...
		Calcutta	38	36
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	38	36

(*a*) Imported.

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	8	8
		Patna District	36	30
		Gaya Town		..
		Gaya District	.	..
		Shahabad District	27	15
	Tirhut	Saran District	114	94
		Champaran District	...	
		Muzaffarpur District	42	42
		Darbhanga District		..
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	7	7
		Monghyr District	16	8
		Bhagalpur Town	1	1
		Bhagalpur District	1	1
		Sonthal Parganas District	.	
	Orissa	Sambalpur		
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribagh	5	2
		Manbhum District	..	..
		TOTAL	257	218
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	3	8
		Saharanpur District	3	1
		Muzaffarnagar District	30	30
		Meerut City		...
		Meerut District	..	...
		Bulandshahr District	14	8
		Aligarh City	..	.
		Aligarh District	.	..
	Agra	Muttra District	3	3
		Agra City		...
		Agra District	...	...
		Farrukhabad City	...	
		Farrukhabad District	4	4
		Fatehgarh	..	
		Mainpuri District	4	4
		Etawah District	5	4
		Etah District		...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	..
		Bareilly District	1	1
		Bijnor District	2	2
		Budaun District	4	4
		Moradabad District	14	15
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	2	1
		Pilibhit District	5	5

In the return for the week ending 18th May 1912 *read* 214 for 216 cases against the Darbhanga District.

Province	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	2	2
		Cawnpur District	4	4
		Fatehpur "	1	1
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	...	...
		Allahabad District	12	9
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	2	...
		Jalaun "	12	7
	Benares	Benares City	...	
		Benares District	...	...
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	...	...
		Jaunpur "	...	...
		Ghazipur "	27	25
		Ballia "	102	121
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	14	19
		Basti "	12	9
		Azamgarh "	24	23
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	7	6
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	6	6
		Lucknow District	15	15
		Unao "	28	20
		Rae Bareli "	16	12
		Sitapur "	10	8
		Hardoi "	3	4
		Kheri "	8	4
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City		...
		Fyzabad District	9	9
		Gonda "	8	3
		Bahraich "	31	20
		Sultanpur "		...
		Partabgarh "	...	...
		Bara Banki "	34	32
		TOTAL	476	438
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City	...	...
		Delhi District	10	4
		Gurgaon "	84	85
		Rohtak "	*	*
		Karnal "	58	58
		Hissar "	69	61
		Ambala "	47	43
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	81	81
		Jullundur City	8	1
		Jullundur District	189	85
		Ludhiana "	231	158
		Ferozepore "	170	169

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	8	8
		Amritsar District	1	1
		Gurdaspur District	133	119
		Sialkot District	223	222
		Gujranwala District	39	37
		Lahore City	1	..
		Lahore District	1	1
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	227	186
		Shahpur District	73	54
		Jhelum „	..	...
		Rawalpindi District		6
		Attock District	1	.
	Multan	Montgomery District	*	*
		Lyallpur „	58	47
		Jhang „	6	4
		Multan „	...	1
		Muzaffargarh „	..	...
	..	Patiala City	5	5
		Patiala State	314	287
		Nabha „	2	2
		Jind State	34	27
		Kapurthala State	5	3
		Kalsia „	9	7
		Dujana „	2	3
		Malerkotla „	3	2
		TOTAL	1,986	1,712
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	8	4
		Hanthawaddy District	1	1
		Pegu District	...	...
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	1	...
		Maubin District	3	3
		Pyapon „	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District		...
		Thaton District	..	...
		Moulmein Town	9	9
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town		...
		Bhamo District	..	...
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	.	...
		TOTAL	22	17

* Report not received.

The following figures should be noted in the returns for the weeks ending 11th and 18th May 1912 —

			Cases.	Deaths.
11th May	Pegu District	...	1	1
	Maubin „	...	6	6
18th May	Ludhiana „	...	472	383
	Malerkotla State	...	6	6
	Bhamo District	...	4	4
	Maubin „	...	1	1

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Central Provinces	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	3	2
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	...	...
		Saugor District	...	...
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	...	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Nerbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsingpur District	3	3
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL	6	5
Mysore State	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	...	...
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	5	5
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	2	1
		Hassan "	3	3
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	...	1
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	1	2
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	11	12

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	...	...
		Aurangabad "	...	...
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	1	1
		Nander "	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs	...	...
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	...	...
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	...	...
		TOTAL	1 (a)	1 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District.	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	...	...
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	...	...
		Kurwai State	1	...
		Rajgarh State	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	...	...
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

(a) From 18th to 19th May 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitamau State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh "	...	...
		Orchha "	...	1
		TOTAL	1 (a)	1 (a)
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	30	27
		Jaipur	...	...
		Bikaner	...	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	13	8
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	13	13
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	...	...
		TOTAL	56 (b)	48 (b)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	23	20
		TOTAL	23	20
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	3,059	2,648

(a) For the week ending 18th May 1912.
(b) For the week ending 24th May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 995.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

JUDICIAL

Dated Simla, the 28th May 1912.

RESOLUTION.

IN exercise of the powers conferred by section 2 of the East India Contracts Act, 1870 (33 and 34 Vict., C. 59), and of all other powers enabling him in this behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following be inserted after clause II of Part M of the Resolution of the Government of India in the Home Department, no. $\frac{\text{3-Judicial}}{\text{485—501}}$, dated the 28th March 1895, relating to the execution of deeds, contracts and other instruments on behalf of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council:—

II (*a*).—Conveyance deeds for the purchase of land which Conservators of Forests are authorized to buy for Forest purposes up to a cost of Rs. 2,000.	By Conservators of Forests.

ORDER.—Ordered that the above Resolution be communicated to the Government of the United Provinces for information, with reference to its letter* no. 124, dated the 29th March 1912, and to the Department of Revenue and Agriculture for information, with reference to their memorandum no. 257-F-122-2, dated the 3rd May 1912; and that it be published in the *Supplement to the Gazette of India.*

* Addressed to the Department of Revenue and Agriculture.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 30th May 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. At the beginning of the week a feeble advance of the monsoon was in progress over the Arabian Sea, but it was not until the 27th that the west coast districts had rainfall of any importance. Rainfall continued on the west coast for the next two days and extended into the interior of the Peninsula on the 28th.

The distribution of pressure over the rest of the country was abnormal throughout the week, and although some rain fell in Burma and northeast India it was more or less local and below the average.

A feeble disturbance gave some rain and snow in Kashmir, and a few duststorms and thunderstorms accompanied by light rain occurred in the plains of northwest and central India.

2. Temperature conditions during the week were fairly normal.

3. *Burma.*—Fairly general rain fell on the 28th; but on the remaining days only a few falls occurred.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Weather was practically dry in the province of Bihar and Orissa, while in Assam rainfall was fairly general on only four days and in Bengal on two.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Except for a few scattered falls weather was dry throughout the week.

Northwest India.—Fairly general rain fell in Kashmir on three days, but over the rest of the division only a few light falls occurred.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was confined almost entirely to the west coast districts, except on the 28th when it also occurred in the Bombay Deccan, Hyderabad, Mysore and the Madras Deccan.

4. The chief daily falls of rain were as follows :—

May 23rd. Tavoy 1·56", Dhubri 2·17", Mymensingh 2·25", Bogra 0·98", Bareilly 1·00" and Calicut 0·97".

„ 24th. Rangoon 1·20", Sibsagar 1·52" and Dhubri 1·12".

„ 25th. Rangoon 0·93", Dhubri 2·65", Jalpaiguri 1·30", Chaibasa 1·25" and Kodaikanal 1·05".

„ 26th. Naya Dumka 0·98", Jagdalpur 1·97" and Mercara 0·91".

„ 27th. Calicut 1·41".

„ 28th. Mymensingh 1·64", Jalpaiguri 1·68", Burdwan 1·72", Ratnagiri 1·17", Bangalore 0·64" and Mangalore 0·99".

„ 29th. Mandalay 1·22", Dinajpur 1·71", Burdwan 1·19", Goa 1·63", Marmagao 1·50", Cochin 1·11" and Trivandrum 1·45".

5. The week's rainfall was above the average in Kashmir, the Konkan and Hyderabad North. It was most largely in defect in the Bay Islands, Burma, Orissa and Malabar.

The rainfall of the period from the 3rd May to date was in defect throughout the Indian region, except in Central India East and Kashmir, where it was in excess, and in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, United Provinces East and the west coast, where it was approximately normal. The deficiency amounted to 10¼" in the Bay Islands, 2¼" in Orissa and 1½" in Mysore.

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 30th May 1912.			Rainfall data from 3rd May 1912 to 30th May 1912.			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	0·3	4·5	−4·2	5·4	15·9	−10·5	−66	−55
Lower Burma	0·9	4·6	−3·7	13·2	13·5	−0·3	−2	+38
Upper Burma	0·5	1·8	−1·3	5·0	5·2	−0·2	−4	+32
Assam	2·5	2·7	−0·2	10·6	10·1	+0·5	+5	+9
Bengal	1·9	2·6	−0·7	6·7	7·2	−0·5	−7	+4
Orissa	0·4	1·7	−1·3	1·0	3·4	−2·4	−71	−65
Chota Nagpur	0·5	1·1	−0·6	1·9	2·5	−0·6	−24	0
Bihar	0·4	1·1	−0·7	2·1	2·5	−0·4	−16	+21
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	−0·2	0·7	0·7	0	0	+40
United Provinces, West	0·2	0·2	0	0·4	0·7	−0·3	−43	−60
Punjab, East and North	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·4	0·7	−0·3	−43	−40
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·4	−0·3	−75	−67
Kashmir	0·5	0·4	+0·1	2·8	2·1	+0·7	+33	+35
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	−0·1	0·3	0·6	−0·3	−50	−40
Baluchistan	0·1	0	+0·1	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−100
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0·1	0·1	0	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−100
Rajputana, East	0·2	0·2	0	0·4	0·6	−0·2	−33	−50
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0·1	0·3	−0·2	0·2	0·4	−0·2	−50	0
Central India, East	0·2	0·1	+0·1	0·6	0·3	+0·3	+100	+100
Berar	0	0·3	−0·3	0	0·4	−0·4	−100	−100
Central Provinces, West	0	0·3	−0·3	0·1	0·6	−0·5	−83	−67
Central Provinces, East	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·2	0·7	−0·5	−71	−80
Konkan	1·4	1·1	+0·3	1·5	1·3	+0·2	+15	−50
Bombay Deccan	0·3	0·6	−0·3	0·7	1·0	−0·3	−30	0
Hyderabad, North	0·4	0·2	+0·2	0·4	0·5	−0·1	20	−100
Hyderabad, South	0·2	0·2	0	0·5	0·7	−0·2	−29	−40
Mysore	0·7	1·1	−0·4	2·2	3·7	−1·5	−41	−42
Malabar	1·9	3·3	−1·4	6·5	7·6	−1·1	−14	+7
Madras, Southeast	0·2	0·4	−0·2	1·4	1·9	−0·5	−26	−20
Madras Deccan	0·1	0·4	−0·3	0·3	1·3	−1·0	−77	−78
Madras Coast, North	0	0·4	−0·4	0·2	1·4	−1·2	−86	−80

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 30th May 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 25th May 1912.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general; it was light in the dry zone and moderate elsewhere. Ploughing for the winter rice crop has begun in Lower Burma. In Upper Burma, ploughing for autumn rice and upland crops is proceeding normally. The standing summer rice crop is in good condition. The health of cattle is satisfactory. The price of unhusked rice remains abnormal and tends to rise.

Assam.—The weather is seasonable and generally favourable for cultivation and growth of crops. Sowing of jute and harvesting of spring rice are almost over. Sowing of early rice, ploughing for and sowing of winter rice, transplanting of sugarcane and tea manufacture continue. Cattle disease prevails in five districts. The average price of common rice has fallen slightly.

Bengal.—During the week light to moderate showers of rain fell almost throughout the Province and the weather though hot continued to be seasonable. Sowing of jute is nearing completion and that of autumn rice still continues. Owing to favourable conditions, weeding operations are in full swing. The price of common rice shows a slight tendency to rise. Cattle disease is reported from Malda, Jessore, Nadia, Dacca, Mymensingh and Noakhali.

Bihar and Orissa.—The rainfall during the week was general over the Province. There were good showers in Muzaffarpur, Darbhanga, Monghyr, Bhagalpur, Purnea, the Sonthal Parganas and Balasore. The fall was generally light in the remaining districts. Preparation of land continues. Sowing of paddy and jute is going on. Standing crops are doing well The price of common rice has risen in Saran, Balasore, Sambalpur, Ranchi and Maubhum and has fallen in Gaya, Monghyr and Puri. Cattle disease is reported from Muzaffarpur, Bhagalpur, Angul, Puri, Sambalpur and Hazaribagh. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient throughout the Province.

United Provinces.—There have been considerable falls of rain, particularly in the central and eastern sub-montane tracts where the average fall exceeds 1 inch. Extra crops are flourishing and sugarcane has been benefited by the rain. Sowing of cotton in irrigated tracts and of rice and fodder crops in places have commenced. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from several districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is unchanged.

Punjab.—The week was generally rainless and hot. Harvesting of wheat continues. The outturn is normal to good. The condition of standing extra spring crops is good. Sowings of autumn crops are proceeding. The sown area is normal in irrigated tracts but is somewhat restricted in unirrigated tracts. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—Slight rain fell during the week in places. The weather is hot and cloudy. Standing crops are average on irrigated areas and below average on unirrigated lands. Harvesting of spring crops is proceeding and the outturn is average except on unirrigated areas where it is below normal. Autumn crops are being sown. Sowings of extra spring crops are finished. The condition of cattle is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Prices are stationary but still high in Dera Ismail Khan.

Jammu.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 16 and maize from 16 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—It rained on three occasions during the week. Zamindars are busy with sowing of paddy. Prices are unchanged. Fodder is good. There is no disease among cattle. Some loss of cattle has been caused by the recent rains.

Rajputana.—Local showers were received in a few places. The weather is hot. Land is being prepared for autumn sowings. Cattle are suffering for want of pasturage in parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies. Pasturage and fodder are also scarce in Merwara. Cattle disease prevails in parts of the Mewar Residency and the Haraoti Agency. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in Merwara and the Hilly Tracts of Mewar. The numbers on relief were:—Merwara, on gratuitous 85. In the Dungarpur State there were 1,154 on works and 69 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Central India.—Slight and partial rainfall was received in Bhopal and in Bagar in the Malwa Agency. The weather is close and cloudy. Land is being prepared for autumn crops in the Gwalior, Indore, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. The outturn of crops is above normal in Bundelkhand and good elsewhere. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen in Gwalior, are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand, are fluctuating in Bhopawar and parts of Indore and steady elsewhere.

The weekly report on famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues but is not increasing. People on relief works are in good condition. There is no wandering or emaciation and no disinclination to resort to relief works. There is no influx of foreigners. Fodder is scarce. Prices of food grains range from 10½ to 13 seers per rupee. The number on relief works was :—Dhar 3,054, Jhabua 1,231, Ali Rajpur 2,613 and Jobat 658. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 715. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 177 and Ali Rajpur 56.

Central Provinces.—The weather is hot and generally cloudy. Preparations for autumn sowing continue all over the Provinces. Agricultural stock is in fair condition. The supply of water is inadequate in parts of nine districts. Fodder is dear or scarce in four districts. Prices :—Gram sells cheaper by 3 seers per rupee in Hoshangabad.

Feudatory States.—Agriculturists are busy in ploughing land for the next season's crops. Prices are almost stationary except in Chhuikhadan where *kodon* fell by 2½ seers per rupee.

Bombay.—Slight rain fell during the week in parts of the Karnatak. Preparation of lands for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 8½ to 10 and maize at 9½ to 10 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 25th May were :—Panch Mahals, works 38,336, gratuitous 39,183, total 77,519. Kathiawar, on works 8,007. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan and the Karnatak, 20,564. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 6,672 on test works and 4,288 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The numbers on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending 25th May were :—9,943 workers, 3,170 dependents on works and 901 on gratuitous relief, total 14,014.

Hyderabad.—No rain fell during the week. After the close of the week Raichur received 30 cents and Parbhani 42 cents. Lands continue to be prepared for autumn crops throughout the Dominions. Fodder scarcity prevails in 32 talukas, cattle disease in 8 and water scarcity in 31. Prices :—wheat 6¾, coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee, showing a rise of ½ seer each. White *juar* is selling at 12½ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir, Parbhani and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall during the week was slight in Bangalore, Mysore and Hassan. Prices of food grains are steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good but rain is needed generally throughout the State. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 1 inch 12 cents. Ploughing for rice continues and sowing has commenced. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light to fair rain fell in some districts. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding normally in parts. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	37,638	38,913	76,551	38,336	39,183	77,519	+968
Kathiawar	8,097	...	8,097	8,007	...	8,007	-90
Central India States	7,881	224	8,105	8,271	233	8,504	+399
Baroda	9,930	4,355	14,285	9,943	4,071	14,014	-271
Rajputana	1,336	19	1,355	1,154	69	1,223	-132
TOTAL	64,882	43,511	108,393	65,711	43,556	1,09,267	+874

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 18th May 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
					BOMBAY.					
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	296
2	Panch Mahals	1,606	321,000	37,638	638	38,275	38,913	76,551	......	......
3	Kaira ...	1,595	692,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	9,958
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	7,470
5	Poona ...	2,274	329,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	586
6	West Khandesh.	2,530	230,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	756
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,004
8	Belgaum ...	816	113,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	54
9	Nasik ...	514	72,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	94
10	Bijapur ...	200	45,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	113
11	Dharwar ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	8,097	......	......	......	8,097	2,494	3,544
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	3,696	322
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	722	472
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	99	1
	Total Bombay	23,004	3,951,000	45,735	638	38,275	38,913	84,648	7,011	24,673
					CENTRAL INDIA STATES.					
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	827	......	......	......	827	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur	(Not known)	...	1,944	......	56	56	2,000	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	1,843	......	......	......	1,843	......	......
4	Dhar ...	(Not known)	...	3,267	......	168	168	3,435	......	......
	Total Central India States.	224	40,768	7,881	......	224	224	8,105	......	......
					BARODA STATE.					
1	Baroda ...	4,870	1,010,431	9,930	3,593	762	4,355	14,285	......	......
					RAJPUTANA.					
	Districts.									
1	Merwara...	(Not known)	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	7
	Native States.									
1	Dungarpur	(Not known)	...	1,836	......	19	19	1,855	......	......

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

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The Gazette of India.

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CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901:—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

No. B. R. C.—759.—Preliminary Account of Receipts and Disbursements of the Government of India for the year 1911-1912 as compared with 1910-1911.

ENGLAND. Whole year. Accounts, 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. Whole year. Revised, 1911-1912.	ENGLAND. April to March Preliminary. 1910-1911.	ENGLAND. April to March Preliminary. 1911-1912.	ENGLAND. April to March Preliminary. Increase.	ENGLAND. April to March Preliminary. Decrease.	RECEIPTS.	INDIA. Whole year. Accounts, 1910-1911.	INDIA. Whole year. Revised, 1911-1912.	INDIA. April to March Preliminary. 1910-1911.	INDIA. April to March Preliminary. 1911-1912.	INDIA. April to March Preliminary. Increase.	INDIA. April to March Preliminary. Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Revenue.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
						PRINCIPAL HEADS OF REVENUE.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Land Revenue (including that due to Irrigation)	33,08,33,000	33,14,52,000	33,26,14,000	33,36,74,000	10,60,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Opium	11,28,29,000	8,85,71,000	11,28,28,000	8,93,94,000	...	2,34,34,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Salt	4,76,30,000	5,11,47,000	4,75,64,000	5,08,38,000	32,74,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Stamps	7,21,75,000	7,17,12,000	7,02,80,000	7,03,87,000	1,07,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Excise	10,54,55,000	11,47,03,000	10,54,79,000	11,41,30,000	86,51,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Customs	9,62,85,000	9,85,20,000	9,92,71,000	9,70,14,000	...	22,57,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Other Heads	7,51,59,000	7,71,01,000	7,22,99,000	7,47,70,000	24,71,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	TOTAL PRINCIPAL HEADS	84,33,75,000	83,33,12,000	84,03,35,000	83,02,07,000	...	1,01,28,000
412,100	448,000	412,100	457,000	44,900	...	Interest	1,58,00,000	1,50,03,000	1,52,27,000	1,41,17,000	...	11,10,000
4,300	5,100	4,300	5,100	800	...	Post Office, Telegraph, and Mint	4,77,88,000	5,28,70,000	4,49,00,000	5,02,54,000	53,54,000	...
2,100	1,800	2,000	1,900	...	100	Receipts by Civil Department	1,81,30,000	1,80,73,000	1,78,57,000	1,86,95,000	8,38,000	...
92,400	89,700	92,400	103,400	11,000	...	Miscellaneous	87,83,000	60,53,000	63,88,000	72,53,000	8,65,000	...
26,000	45,000	26,000	45,100	19,100	...	Railways	45,06,47,000	49,74,82,000	45,59,17,000	50,20,07,000	4,63,00,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Irrigation (excluding Land Revenue due to Irrigation)	3,77,48,000	3,93,54,000	3,55,23,000	3,89,84,000	34,61,000	...
20,000	...	20,000	...	...	20,000	Other Public Works	41,07,000	48,85,000	38,80,000	49,70,000	10,09,000	...
419,000	474,700	419,000	479,900	60,900	...	Military Receipts	1,20,30,000	1,28,76,000	1,05,93,000	1,17,70,000	11,77,000	...
975,900	1,064,300	975,800	1,092,400	116,600	...	TOTAL REVENUE	1,44,74,14,000	1,48,35,06,000	1,43,03,26,000	1,47,82,72,000	4,79,46,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital subscribed by Native States towards outlay on State Railway	...	...	...	.	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Profits on Rupee coinage appropriated to Railway construction	...	...	...	..	.	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Capital of Railway Companies (net Receipts)	3,87,40,000	...	...	.		...
...	...	...	...	...	...	TOTAL	3,87,40,000	...	...			...
						Debt, Deposits, and Advances.						
[illegible],061,000	578,900	8,061,000	578,900	...	7,482,100	Permanent Debt (net incurred)	1,25,30,000	1,87,00,000	1,25,42,000	1,86,65,000	61,23,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Temporary do. (do.)	...		..	..	..	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Unfunded do. (do.)	1,74,72,000	2,74,06,000	1,00,66,000	1,94,83,000	94,17,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Deposits and Advances (net)	4,32,56,000	3,53,52,000	1,00,22,000	2,58,23,000	1,58,01,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans and advances by Imperial Government	38,34,000	40,02,000	41,07,000	26,02,000	...	15,05,000
...	...	...	...	...	..	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,05,00,000	1,42,73,000	1,97,05,000	1,48,14,000	...	48,91,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans to Local Boards	95,000	[illegible]	95,000	99,000	4,000	...
650,900	...	651,400	...	...	651,400	Remittances (net)	...	3,37,00,000	...	2,85,39,000	2,85,39,000	...
[illegible],638,300	25,100,000	23,638,300	25,070,200	1,431,900	...	Secretary of State's Bills drawn	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Drafts on London (net)	..	...	..	..	...	...
[illegible],350,200	25,678,900	32,350,700	25,649,100	..	6,701,600	TOTAL	[illegible]67,88,000	13,39,37,000	5,65,27,000	11,01,15,000	5,35,88,000	...
[illegible],326,100	26,743,200	33,326,500	26,741,500	...	6,585,000	TOTAL RECEIPTS	1,58,20,51,000	1,61,71,43,000	1,48,68,53,000	1,58,83,87,000	10,15,34,000	...
[illegible],809,600	18,174,300	15,809,600	18,174,300	2,364,700	...	Opening Balance	18,44,31,000	20,35,04,000	18,44,31,000	20,35,04,000	1,90,73,000	...
[illegible],135,700	44,917,500	49,136,100	44,915,800	...	4,220,300	GRAND TOTAL	1,76,73,82,000	1,82,06,47,000	1,67,12,84,000	1,79,18,91,000	12,06,07,000	..

ENGLAND.						DISBURSEMENTS.	INDIA.					
WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO MARCH PRELIMINARY.					WHOLE YEAR.		APRIL TO MARCH PRELIMINARY.			
ounts, 10-1911.	Revised, 1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Increase.	Decrease.		Accounts, 1910-1911.	Revised, 1911-1912.	1910-1911.	1911-1912.	Increase.	Decrease.
£	£	£	£	£	£	**Expenditure.**	R	R	R	R	R	R
91,700	105,500	91,700	101,100	9,400	...	Direct Demands on the Revenues	13,14,68,000	12,80,17,000	13,07,05,000	12,80,58,000	...	27,07,000
272,300	2,284,700	2,272,600	2,283,600	11,000	...	Interest (including in India that on Capital Expenditure on Railways and Irrigation Works)	5,34,65,000	5,49,20,000	4,69,23,000	4,83,43,000	14,20,000	...
191,100	248,000	191,100	244,200	53,100	...	Post Office, Telegraph and Mint	4,24,35,000	4,55,27,000	3,97,86,000	4,23,38,000	25,52,000	..
403,400	503,300	403,400	503,400	100,000	...	Salaries and Expenses of Civil Departments	21,70,19,000	23,04,43,000	21,74,60,000	23,06,27,000	2,21,67,000	...
608,100	2,629,500	2,608,500	2,616,200	7,700	...	Miscellaneous Civil Charges	3,30,41,000	3,45,56,000	3,51,72,000	3,45,30,000	...	6,42,000
18,400	19,000	18,400	19,700	1,300	...	Famine Relief and Insurance	1,47,24,000	1,47,15,000	55,36,000	84,39,000	29,03,000	...
740,200	8,803,700	8,739,900	8,804,700	64,800	...	Railway Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	25,87,02,000	27,71,31,000	25,17,07,000	27,19,27,000	2,02,20,000	...
112,600	117,500	112,600	117,400	4,800	...	Irrigation Revenue Account (excluding in India interest on Capital Expenditure)	2,06,16,000	3,00,11,000	2,92,86,000	2,97,06,000	5,10,000	...
80,500	85,500	80,500	84,800	4,300	...	Other Public Works	6,68,55,000	7,88,06,000	6,42,72,000	8,05,06,000	1,63,24,000	...
063,300	5,223,500	5,063,000	5,183,100	120,100	...	Military Services	23,13,41,000	23,60,74,000	22,87,43,000	23,45,75,000	58,32,000	...
581,600	20,020,200	19,581,700	19,958,200	376,500	...	TOTAL EXPENDITURE, IMPERIAL AND PROVINCIAL	1,07,08,66,000	1,13,08,04,000	1,04,90,50,000	1,11,82,29,000	6,85,79,000	..
...	...	...	...	...	...	*Add*—Provincial Surpluses, that is, portion of allotments to Provincial Governments not spent by them in the year	2,94,18,000	1,23,78,000	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	*Deduct*—Provincial Deficits, that is, portion of Provincial Expenditure defrayed from provincial balances	...	...	...	...	...	...
581,600	20,020,200	19,581,700	19,958,200	376,500	...	TOTAL EXPENDITURE CHARGED AGAINST REVENUE	1,10,02,84,000	1,15,27,72,000	1,04,96,50,000	1,11,82,29,000	6,85,79,000	...
						Railway and Irrigation Capital not charged to Revenue.						
1,922,200	2,161,400	1,922,200	2,228,200	306,000	...	Capital Outlay on Railways and Irrigation Works	8,85,30,000	9,60,23,000	4,73,23,000	9,48,82,000	4,75,59,000	...
5,904,100	...	5,904,100	...	...	5,904,100	Capital Charge involved in redemption of Liabilities	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,120,000	753,000	1,120,000	711,900	...	408,100	Capital of Railway Companies (net payments)	...	22,77,000	26,63,000	38,11,000	11,48,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Initial expenditure on new Capital at Delhi	...	15,00,000	...	...	...	...
946,300	2,914,400	8,946,300	2,940,100	...	6,006,200	TOTAL	8,85,30,000	9,98,00,000	4,99,86,000	9,86,93,000	4,87,07,000	...
						Debt, Deposits, and Advances.						
...	...	...	...	...	...	Permanent Debt (net discharged)	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,000,000	500,000	1,000,000	500,000	...	500,000	Temporary do. (do.)	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	..	Unfunded do. (do.)	...	..	...	...	...	...
1,433,500	452,100	1,433,500	450,000	...	983,500	Deposits and Advances (net)	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans and Advances by Imperial Government	12,23,000	13,70,000	12,25,000	9,45,000	...	2,80,000
...	...	...	...	...	...	Do. do. by Provincial Governments	1,09,48,000	1,01,06,000	1,12,75,000	1,77,81,000	65,06,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Loans to Local Boards	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1,634,900	...	1,603,900	1,603,900	...	Remittances (net)	67,13,000	...	83,58,000	...	..	83,58,000
...	...	...	...	..	...	Secretary of State's Bills paid	34,86,72,000	37,23,08,000	34,86,72,000	37,39,38,000	2,52,66,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Do. do do. exchange	—15,01,000	—20,13,000	—15,01,000	—20,96,000	—5,95,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	Drafts on London (net)	...	...	...	...	..	...
2,433,500	2,587,000	2,433,500	2,553,900	120,400	...	TOTAL	36,60,55,000	39,00,51,000	36,80,29,000	39,05,68,000	2,25,39,000	...
0,961,400	25,521,600	30,961,500	25,452,200	...	5,509,300	TOTAL DISBURSEMENTS	1,56,38,78,000	1,64,35,23,000	1,46,76,65,000	1,60,74,90,000	13,98,25,000	...
8,174,300	19,395,900	18,174,600	19,463,600	1,289,000	...	Closing Balance	20,35,04,000	17,71,24,000	20,36,19,000	18,44,01,000	..	1,92,18,000
9,135,700	44,917,500	49,136,100	44,915,800	...	4,220,300	GRAND TOTAL	1,76,73,82,000	1,82,06,47,000	1,67,12,84,000	1,79,18,91,000	12,06,07,000	...

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Comptroller General.

The 31st May 1912.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 1st June 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

——May 20th——

248. J. A. Olsen and H. Petrie. *A new or improved boat lowering gear and releasing apparatus connected therewith.*

249. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *The manufacture and production of new materials suitable for use in tanning.*

250. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in tanning.*

251. S. W. Bonsall. *Improvements in rotary drying apparatus.*

252. G. F. Eckart. *Improvements in machines for stemming tobacco and the like.*

253. Société Générale des Nitrures. *Process for the manufacture of aluminium nitride.*

254. Société Générale des Nitrures. *The manufacture of aluminium nitride.*

255. Société Générale des Nitrures. *Process for the manufacture of ammonia by means of aluminium nitride.*

256. C. Ranson. *Improvements in the manufacture of zinc compounds.*

257. B. Chapiro. *Improved process for rendering fabrics and paper "solid" and impervious.*

——May 21st——

258. Postum Cereal Co., Ld. *Beverage extracts.*

259. Burn & Co., Ld. and H. E. Desbruslais. *A releasing panel for press boxes.*

260. The Techno-Chemical Laboratories Limited. *Improvements in and relating to the treatment of oils, fats and the like.*

——May 22nd——

261. H. V. Kramer and G. Kapp. *Improvements in resonating relays.*

——May 23rd——

262. E. J. Faraday. *Improvements in power operated portable hammers for use with percussive tools for rivetting, caulking, chipping and the like.*

——May 25th——

263. J. C. Dallas. *Improvements in apparatus for delivering measured quantities of liquid.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be for sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

161. A. M. Sayad, V. R. Kokatnur, G. M. Chiplunker, G. N. Sahasrabuddhe and D. L. Sahasrabuddhe. *The Bharat steam cooker.*

171. H. D. H. DaCosta. *An improved method for the preparation of red ferric oxide paint and the like from other natural earth pigments from the crude ores.*

216. Vickers, Limited. *Improvements in means for supplying liquid fuel to internal combustion engines.*

222. American Sign Company. *Signs.*

225. G. Ranson. *Improvements in the manufacture of oxide of zinc by direct extraction from its minerals or compounds.*

226. J. A. Snee. *Method of obtaining carbon or lamp black.*

227. J. H. Corthesy and W. K.-L. Dickson. *Improvements in turbines.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

24th May 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each :—

16. F. Scherrer. *Fire-escape with extensible landings and railings to enable persons to save themselves from fire.*

89. H. J. S. Gilbert-Stringer and P. W. Druitt. *Improvements in apparatus for composing and casting type.*

128. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Composite timber and iron transverse sleeper for railway track.*

132. G. S. Pelly. *Deflection weigh bridge.*

183. M. Einstein. *Process for obtaining the bast from ramie-stalks and from kindred plants.*

206. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

207. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

208. C. A. R. Browne and Rala Ram. *Improved railway sleepers.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta.

6. Inshaw.
7. McCarter.
8. Edge.
10. Simpson and Oviatt.
11. Neil.
12. Juarez.
13. Woodward and Burn.
14. Brook.

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

125 of 1902. Andrews and Andrews. (To 7 July 1913.)
100 of 1904. Creed and Coulson. (To 13 July 1913.)
508 of 1905. Lock. (To 3 July 1913.)
513 of 1905. Cummins. (To 30 May 1913.)
323 of 1906. Bryant and May Ld. (To 10 August 1913.)
568 of 1906. Tropenas. (To 15 June 1913.)
589 of 1906. Linotype and Machinery Ld. (To 8 July 1913.)
590 of 1906. Linotype and Machinery Ld. (To 8 July 1913.)
27 of 1907. Herbert. (To 29 June 1913.)
223 of 1907. Gibb. (To 14 June 1913.)
286 of 1907. Durham. (To 20 December 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1898.

282, (Temperley & Temperley).

1900.

490, (Westinghouse Brake Co.).

1902.

210, (Westinghouse Brake Co.).

1906.

19, (Standard Oil Co. of New York). 349, (Lea). 356, (Nikolsky).

1907.

406, (Colquhoun). 536, (Cox).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

188 of 1905. A. B. Duggan. *Improved lubricator for journals of railway vehicles and locomotives.*

488 of 1905. A. B. Duggan. *Tyre compressing machine for engines and wagon wheels of locomotive and other vehicles.*

380 of 1908. Surapaty Ghatak. *Improved paddy boiler.*

662 of 1909. M. M. Wolff. *An improvement to roller furnitures and shutters to be known as "Zabe obvoluted furniture."*

87 of 1910. A. E. W. Sharpe. *An improved type of journal bearing for railway rolling-stock.*

289 of 1911. A. Hitchon. *Improvements in anti-ballooning fingers or separators for ring spinning and twisting frames.*

422 of 1911. R. Williams. *A self-emptying sanitary dust-bin.*

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

May 20th to the 25th.

Class 13. Nos. 83-94. The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, St. Jame's Buildings, Oxford Street, Manchester, England. May 16.

Class 13. Nos. 95 and 96. E. B. Redmayne & Sons, manufacturers, Preston, Lancashire, England. May 16.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
Bombay—Record Office.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions, so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows:—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
" —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
" —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—College of Engineering.
Nagpur—Office of the Director of Agriculture, Central Provinces.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Patent Office Journal, January to March	each	0	8
(g) Specifications of Inventions	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910 and 1910-11, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic ; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price R2-8.

"Akhlaq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R5-12 per copy.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R a. p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
" " " Upper Sub-Class "	1 6 0
" " " Lower " " "	1 0 0
Tacheometric Plane tabling and Gradient Telemeter Level by Prof. C. J. Veale	1 13 0

E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER. Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery. R a. p.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery. R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	0 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount. Rs	a.	p.
Prior to 1842	Collins, ——, Sergeant	......	Two children	157	14	1
"	Lee, E., Corporal	......	Two children	111	9	6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth	828	0	0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant Major	......	Margaret	78	6	5
"	Story, ——, Sergeant	......	Thomas	117	5	4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant	......	John	77	15	3
"	Ratherford, Sergeant	......	Margaret	138	10	8
"	Hewetson, William, Gunner	......	John	47	5	7
"	Taylor, John, Private	......	John	214	11	1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal	......	Thomas	274	14	6
"	McCullum, ——, Conductor	......	John	354	6	10
"	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	589	2	2
"	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109	12	4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62	12	3
"	Cassidy, ——, Corporal	......	John	61	3	9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor	......	Thomas	187	1	10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant Major.	11th Dragoons	William	64	8	0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C., 1st En. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124	11	6
"	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne.	13	13	9
"	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23	11	0
"	Tailor, John, Bombardier	......	Elizabeth	43	0	0
"	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43	0	0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal	......	Joseph	160	0	0
"	Moore, Bombardier	......	Dorothy	5	9	5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant.	......	George	11	8	2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16	12	0
"	McCoy, ——, Sub-Conductor	......	John and George	958	3	2
"	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment.	Ann and Robert D.	137	3	9
"	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32	1	4
"	Hills, ——, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30	[illegible]	1
"	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10	6	9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134	6	5
"	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6	5	5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn. Arty.	Charles	123	13	4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6	1	4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11	12	9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3	0	6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William, and Margaret.	21	2	11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65	11	9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116	10	9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189	3	6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant	......	Mortimer	12	10	11
"	Reid, ——, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68	6	5
"	South, ——, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth Martha	310	0	0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37	14	6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor	......	Children (names not recorded).	12	12	3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant	......	Esther and Amelia	23	15	0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	20th N. I.	Thomas	711	15	2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant Major	......	Robert Charles and John.	141	7	1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23	15	2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died, 11th May 1842).	272	2	8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded)	......	Bryon, Margaret, and William.	53	8	3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded)	......	Daly Robert	23	9	1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112	9	0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4	2	8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st En. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7	13	3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2	1	8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine.	19	14	9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, ——, Private	44th Foot	George	200	0	0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277	11	11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	William Thomas	63	9	8
			James John	63	9	8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.
				Rs. a. p.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	27 3 2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, ——, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28 12 0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	130 0 0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156 12 5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, ——, Sergeant Major	......	Harriett M. and James	31 14 1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, ——, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12 6 9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	......	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204 7 8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	......	John	61 2 3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28 8 3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant Major	......	Thomas	101 5 4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292 15 8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77 4 11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167 15 5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7 1 7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, ——, Sergeant	......	Julia B. and George J.	120 13 0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	......	Hannah	152 0 9
...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	......	Ellen Sarah	66 10 3
...	Ridley, Henry, Gunner	......	Henry	34 9 3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20 5 3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	......	Martha	83 3 6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	......	Adam T. and John	79 14 0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104 10 8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125 15 10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, ——, Corporal	......	Maria	59 0 0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	......	C. William and William H.	148 3 5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant Major.	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99 6 1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36 5 6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9 8 4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7 6
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor	......	Emeline	50 0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, ——, Sergeant Major	......	George	69 14 4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26 3 5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29 15 0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23 5 6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25 14 6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9 11 11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36 5 9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97 2 6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49 10 3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206 1 2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61 10 3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	......	Mary Harriet	283 1 11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209 14 0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25 15 6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86 0 0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152 14 2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalzell	39 5 10
Mar. 10, 1864 May 19, 1864	Anderson, William, Gunner	5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35 4 11
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8 0 0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4 0 0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21 1 4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60 0 0
July 6, 1887 June 2, 1888 and Sept. 7, 1888	Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	John Thomas	176 15 1
Apl. 11, 1889	Hyland, M., Drummer	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558 9 8
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399 3 7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113 13 9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

R. H. S. WHITCHURCH, Captain,

For Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and Ex-officio Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION;
Lucknow, the 25th May 1912.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 16TH TO 22ND MAY 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	..	...	...	...	5	...	5	1	190	11	13	...	215	.	.	.	...	...	...
Bombay	..	1	..	1	1	...	1	...	100	..	12	1	113	...	...	...	..	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

His Majesty's Mint;
Calcutta, the 29th May 1912.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Receipts in the North-West Frontier Province for March 1912 Preliminary and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Revenue and Receipts.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12.			Receipts in March 1912 Preliminary.	Receipts from 1st April 1911 to 31st March 1912 Preliminary.		
	Imperial.	Special.	Total.		Imperial.	Special.	Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
I.—Land Revenue	...	22,60,000	22,60,000	1,10,092	...	21,48,843	21,48,843
II.—Opium	...	23,000	23,000	3,257	...	20,543	20,543
IV.—Stamps	...	5,22,000	5,22,000	53,259	...	5,54,412	5,54,412
V.—Excise	...	2,60,000	2,60,000	25,408	...	3,16,143	3,16,143
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	4,000	4,000	2,801	...	5,574	5,574
VII.—Customs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	5,000	1,33,000	1,38,000	6,428	5,301	1,37,602	1,42,903
IX.—Forest	...	1,64,000	1,64,000	30,259	...	1,56,540	1,56,540
X.—Registration	..	42,000	42,000	4,572	...	40,683	40,683
XI.—Tribute from Native States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
XII.—Interest	12,000	...	12,000	1,999	5,038	...	5,038
XVIA.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	...	1,03,000	1,03,000	14,384	...	1,10,259	1,10,259
XVIB.— Ditto —Jails	...	21,000	21,000	1,971	...	24,015	24,915
XVII.—Police	...	81,000	81,000	2,413	...	40,789	40,789
XIX.—Education	...	1,000	1,000	47	...	848	848
XX.—Medical	...	1,000	1,000	43	..	254	254
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	..	...	725	...	872	872
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, etc.	...	16,000	16,000	1,402	..	19,420	19,420
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing	...	12,000	12,000	1,069	...	18,007	18,007
XXV.—Miscellaneous	...	1,25,000	1,25,000	35,456	...	1,36,565	1,36,565
XXIX.—Irrigation—Major Works—Direct Receipts	4,00,000	4,00,000	8,00,000	1,18,758	3,07,483	3,07,484	6,14,967
XXX.—Irrigation—Minor Works and Navigation	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
XXXI.—Civil Works	...	1,36,000	1,36,000	12,062	...	1,29,343	1,29,343
TOTAL REVENUE AND RECEIPTS	4,17,000	43,04,000	47,21,000	4,35,405	3,17,822	41,69,006	44,86,918
Add—Debt Accounts	...	..	...	74,66,755	...	...	6,55,09,966
TOTAL	...	...	...	70,02,160	...	...	6,99,96,884
Opening Cash Balance	...	.	...	(a)18,72,604	...	...	(b) 9,82,606
GRAND TOTAL	...	.	..	97,74,764	...	...	7,09,79,490

(a) On 1st March 1912. (b) On 1st April 1911.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th May 1912.

ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Distribution Statement of the Expenditure in the North-West Frontier Province for March 1912 Preliminary and of the Budget Estimate for the year 1911-12.

Expenditure.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Imperial.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Special.	Budget Estimate for 1911-12. Total.	Disbursement in March 1912 Preliminary.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st March 1912 Preliminary. Imperial.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st March 1912 Preliminary. Special.	Disbursement from 1st April 1911 to 31st March 1912 Preliminary. Total.
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
1.—Refunds and Drawbacks	13,000	12,000	25,000	2,380	9,969	9,970	19,939
2.—Assignments and Compensations	9,000	10,000	19,000	206	8,910	8,909	17,819
3.—Land Revenue	3,53,000	2,61,000	6,14,000	51,200	3,51,618	2,51,439	6,03,057
6.—Stamps	11,000	11,000	22,000	1,445	7,718	7,118	15,436
7.—Excise	7,000	8,000	15,000	3,807	7,301	7,301	14,602
10.—Assessed Taxes	1,000	...	1,000	223	688	688	1,376
11.—Forest	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	20,113	44,708	44,707	89,415
12.—Registration	5,000	5,000	10,000	1,181	5,278	5,279	10,557
13.—Interest on Ordinary Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14.—Interest on other obligations	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18.—General Administration	2,94,000	1,59,000	4,53,000	29,790	2,15,396	86,938	3,02,334
19A.—Law and Justice—Courts of Law	3,79,000	1,88,000	5,67,000	56,161	3,89,381	1,89,772	5,79,153
19B.— Ditto —Jails	68,000	69,000	1,37,000	10,985	72,007	72,007	1,44,014
20.—Police	8,54,000	8,54,000	17,08,000	1,60,823	8,23,080	8,23,079	16,46,159
22.—Education	64,000	63,000	1,27,000	60,502	79,270	79,271	1,58,541
23.—Ecclesiastical	41,000	...	41,000	3,032	38,873	...	38,873
24.—Medical	1,23,000	1,07,000	2,30,000	27,337	75,862	60,015	1,35,877
25.—Political	16,80,000	15,04,000	31,84,000	3,32,543	15,53,078	14,20,996	29,74,674
26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	45,000	45,000	90,000	8,002	46,802	32,161	78,963
27.—Territorial and Political Pensions	59,000	...	59,000	3,610	63,444	...	63,444
28.—Civil, Furlough and Absentee Allowances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29.—Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	62,000	62,000	1,24,000	13,672	67,483	67,484	1,34,967
30.—Stationery and Printing	50,000	50,000	1,00,000	8,618	34,148	34,148	68,296
32.—Miscellaneous	18,000	18,000	36,000	3,519	17,834	17,835	35,669
33.—Famine Relief	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
36.—Reduction or avoidance of Debt	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
42.—Major Works—Working Expenses	4,29,000	2,19,000	6,48,000	26,701	1,29,035	1,29,035	2,58,070
43.—Minor Works and Navigation	35,000	35,000	70,000	7,755	15,921	15,921	31,842
45.—Civil Works	10,48,000	10,47,000	20,95,000	1,51,068	7,34,970	7,34,970	14,69,940
TOTAL EXPENDITURE	56,98,000	47,77,000	1,04,75,000	9,85,878	47,93,374	40,99,643	88,93,017
Add—Debt Accounts	...	...	...	73,21,814	...	...	6,06,19,401
TOTAL	...	...	...	83,07,692	...	...	6,95,12,418
Balance on 31st March 1912	...	...	...	14,67,072	...	...	14,67,072
GRAND TOTAL	...	...	...	97,74,764	...	...	7,09,79,490

OFFICE OF THE ACCOUNTANT GENERAL, PUNJAB,
LAHORE;
The 20th May 1912.

A. MONTAGU BRIGSTOCKE,
Accountant General, Punjab.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

IN INSOLVENCY.

On the dates enumerated below orders were made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the several persons below as Insolvents

Number.	Names	Address in Calcutta	Description	Date of the Adjudication — Month	Year
82	Sasi Bhuson Ghose Mullick	18, Scott's Lane .	Late a dealer in Milk . .	24th April .	1912.
84	Francis D Cruz . .	15, Robert Street .	A Section Holder in the Bengal Secretariat Press	24th ,,	1912.
86	Gocool Nath Dutt .	33, Phear's Lane . . .	Proprietor of the firm of Day and Cousin, Stationers	24th ,,	1912.
87	Bissessur Das . .	15, Colootollah Street .	Late a dealer and Broker in Gunny bags, at present without occupation	29th ,, .	1912.
89	Benode Behary Dass .	57, Bulloram Mozoomdar's Street	Late a dealer in Jute but now of no occupation.	6th May .	1912.
90	Leonard Montgomery D'Costa	4, Elliot Road . .	Assistant in the employ of River Steam Navigation Company, Limited	6th ,, .	1912.
91	Radha Roman Mullick .	A prisoner in the Civil Side of the Presidency Jail	At present of no occupation	6th ,, .	1912
93	Edgar John D'Santos	13, Kupalitolla Lane .	Assistant to Messrs James Murray & Co	7th ,, .	1912.
94	Frederick James Gibbons	157, Dhurrumtolla Street .	A Yard Foreman in the E I. Railway	7th ,, .	1912.
95	Ram Lall Ram, Narain Ram and Gopal Ram	52, Grey Street . .	Merchants	7th ,, .	1912.
96	Moti Lal Ghose . .	3/1, Kartick Bose's Lane .	Oil Mill owner, now employed as a Mohorer	8th ,, .	1912.
97	Doongursi Das Balchand and Kanya Lal	2, Juggo Mohun Mullick's Lane	Dealers in umbrella, etc .	9th ,, .	1912
98	Dedraj	Monohur Dass's Katra, Cross Street.	Late a dealer in piece-goods, at present without employ	10th ,, .	1912.
100	Taruk Das Dhur . .	11, Wellington Street . .	Landholder . .	15th ,, .	1912.
101	Probodh Kristo Ghose .	9, Ramdhone Mitter's Street	A clerk in the Paper Currency Office	15th ,, .	1912.
102	Anandi Lall . . .	38/1, Moyrahutta Street .	Dealers in Ghee and Flour .	21st ,, .	1912.

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

C. E. GREY,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA;
The 29th day of May 1912

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 50 OF 1911.

In the matter of Edward Malcom Simmonds of No. 2-9, Merchant Street, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Edward Malcom Simmonds an Insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 14th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 15th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 65 OF 1912.

In the matter of Jas. Barnabas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Jas. Barnabas, son of A. Barnabas, Teacher, residing at 113, Montgomery Street, Rangoon, on the 10th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Jas. Barnabas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 16th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 66 OF 1912.

In the matter of George Ockhardt, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by George Ockhardt, hairdresser of No. 73, Phayre Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said George Ockhardt.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 16th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 67 OF 1912.

In the matter of L. Shain Paul, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by L. Shain Paul, clerk of Messrs. Finlay, Fleming and Co., residing at 24, 16th Street, Rangoon, on the 16th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said L. Shain Paul.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar,

RANGOON;
The 16th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 68 OF 1912.

In the matter of Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut, rice broker, Mogal Street, Rangoon, on the 17th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 17th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 69 OF 1912.

In the matter of Walter Coggan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Steel Brothers & Co., Limited, creditors of Walter Coggan carrying on business in person under the style and firm of Coggan & Co., as Engineer and Builder at Balthazar's Buildings, on the 17th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Walter Coggan was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 21st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 70 OF 1912.

In the matter of Jacob Fauth, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Jacob Fauth, Mechanical Engineer of No. 2, Brooking Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Jacob Fauth.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 21st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 71 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. J. Salvador, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. J. Salvador, Piano Tuner of No. 276, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 22nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. J. Salvador.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 22nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 72 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. A. Churcher, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. A. Churcher, Assistant of Messrs. Mackenzie & Co., residing at 49, Lewis Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. A. Churcher.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 23rd day of May 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS

Simla, the 18th May 1912.

No. 58.—Third class Assistant Surgeon C. ?. Claudius, I.S.M D., is granted two months' privilege leave, with effect from the afternoon of the 17th April 1912.

No. 59.—No. 975, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dhani Ram, I.S.M.D., is granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the afternoon of the 10th April 1912.

The 22nd May 1912.

No. 60.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon H. Peters, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India.

The 23rd May 1912.

No. 61.—The services of No. 223 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kalidas Chhote Lal, I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in India, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd May 1912.

No. 617.—Lieutenant F. B. Scott, I.A., Assistant Superintendent, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 17 days under Article 260 of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 14th May 1912 or subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 618.—In supersession of Notification No. 609, dated the 4th April 1912 Lieutenant C. F. Nation, R.E., Assistant Superintendent, is granted general leave in India from 4th to 11th April 1912 and out of India for 5 months and 22 days with effect from 12th April 1912 under paragraphs 251 and 252 of the Army Regulations, India, Volume II.

S. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 21st May 1912.

No. 755-*B*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (Act XV of 1910), as applied to the Cantonment of Mhow by the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 988-I.B., dated the 12th May 1911, the Agent to the Governor General is pleased (1) to appoint Captain Harrison, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate of Mhow, to be an Additional Judge of the Court of Small Causes in the Cantonment of Mhow and (2) to declare that suits of which the value does not exceed R50 and which are cognizable by a Court of Small Causes shall be cognizable by him as such Additional Judge.

No. 756-*B*.—Under the provisions of Section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), as applied to the Cantonment of Mhow by the Foreign Department Notification No. 2691-I.A., dated the 7th October 1898, the Agent to the Governor General in Central India is pleased to appoint Captain Harrison, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate of Mhow, to be a Magistrate of the 2nd Class within the limits of the Mhow Cantonment.

By order, etc.,

G. D. OGILVIE,
for First Assistant Agent to the Governor General
for Central India.

The 23rd May 1912.

No. 1446-*D*.—Captain G. B. Harrison assumed charge of the office of Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, Mhow, from Captain W. D. Reid, with effect from the forenoon of the 14th May 1912.

No. 1450-*D*.—The services of Captain W. D. Reid, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate Mhow, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of India in the Army Department with effect from the 14th May 1912.

By order, etc.,

L. M. CRUMP,
First Assistant to the Agent to the
Governor General in Central India.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 18th May 1912.

No. 1697.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872 as amended by Act II of 1891), the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased (*a*) to grant a license to the Reverend George S. Karimullah, an ordained Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, residing at Piploda in the Kotah State, to solemnise marriages within the District of Ajmer and Merwara; and (*b*) to grant a license to the said Reverend George S. Karimullah authorizing him to grant certificates of marriage between Native Christians within the limits of the said district.

No. 1701.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act (XV of 1872 as modified by Act II of 1891) which have been delegated to him by the Governor General in India in Council under Section 86 of the said Act, the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana is pleased to grant license to the Reverend George S. Karimullah, an ordained Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, residing at Piploda in the Kotah State, to solemnise marriages within the territories of the Native States under the Rajputana Agency; and to grant a license to the said Reverend George S. Karimullah authorizing him to grant certificates of marriages between

Native Christians within the said territories, provided that the powers conferred by this Notification shall be exercised only in the case of Christian subjects of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor of India.

The 20th May 1912.

No. 1714—332.—Captain E. C. O. Ross, Officiating Assistant Commandant, Mewar Bhil Corps, is granted privilege leave for one month and 23 days with effect from the 7th May, 1912.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,

First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor-General, Rajputana

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 21st May 1912.

No. 576.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 12 of the Provincial Small Causes Courts Act (IX of 1887) the Honourable the Chief Commissioner is pleased to appoint Munshi Madan Gopal, Clerk of the Court of the Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara, to officiate as Registrar of the Court of Small Causes at Ajmer, and to confer upon him, within the local limits of the jurisdiction of that Court, the jurisdiction of a Judge of the Court of Small Causes for the trial of suits of which the value does not exceed twenty rupees, with effect from the date of assuming charge of the office of Registrar.

The 23rd May 1912.

No. 1760.—In supersession of Notification No. 1251-410, dated the 19th April 1912, published at page 546 of Part II of the *Gazette of Government of India*, dated the 27th April 1912, Rao Bahadur Munshi Harnam Dass, an Extra Assistant Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, on Foreign Service in the Jodhpur State, has been granted privilege leave for 1 month and 12 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 4 months and 18 days with effect from the afternoon of the 31st March 1912.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,

First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, the 24th May 1912.

No. 36.—Under the provisions of section 13 of the Bangalore Municipal Law, 1897, the Resident in Mysore is pleased to notify that Mr. W. Davis has been elected a Municipal Commissioner for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore to represent the Bangalore Trades Association.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

LEAVE.

The 24th May 1912.

No. 37.—Captain Henry Maurice Ray is granted leave out of India for 25 days with effect from the 30th May 1912 or date of departure.

By order,

P. B. WARBURTON,

First Assistant Resident.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 25th May 1912.

No. 299-J.—In exercise of the powers conferred on the Local Government by section 12 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, as applied to the territories administered by the Honourable the Agent to the Governor General in Baluchistan as such Agent, the said Agent is pleased to appoint Hakim Rattan Chand, Tahsildar, on special duty with the Political Agent, Loralai, to be a Magistrate of the First Class within the Loralai District while so employed or until further orders.

By order,

DENYS BRAY,

First Assistant.

CENTRAL INDIA ADMINISTRATION—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Indore, the 17th May 1912.

LOCAL ADMINISTRATION'S ORDER.

No. 2137.—In pursuance of Notification No. 54, dated the 25th April 1912, in the Central Provinces Gazette, Major S. G. Rivett-Carnac, R.E., Executive Engineer, Indore Division, discharged the duties of Superintending Engineer and Secretary to the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor General in the Public Works Department, Central India, in addition to his own duties from the 11th to the 19th April 1912, inclusive.

W. B. STARKY,

Secretary to the Agent to the Governor-General in the P. W. D., Central India.

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION, BANGALORE.

Municipal Office.

NOTIFICATION.

The 18th May 1912.

No. 1122.—Under the provisions of section 44(8) of the Bangalore Municipal Law 1897, it is hereby notified that the Municipal Commission for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, with the sanction of the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore, direct the imposition of a tax on all persons carrying on the trade of a "Hawker" in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore at the undermentioned rates with effect from the 1st October 1912:—

1. *Hawkers who are not permanent residents in the Station—(Foreign) Hawkers.*

(*i*) For dealing in precious stones and jewellery R10 per quarter or portion of a quarter of a year.

(*ii*) For dealing in drapery, such as piece-goods, etc., R6 per quarter or portion of a quarter of a year.

(*iii*) For dealing in hardware and all articles other than precious stones, jewellery and drapery, R3 per quarter or portion of a quarter of a year.

2. Hawkers who are permanent residents in the Station—(Local) Hawkers.

For dealing in any article or articles, R1-8 per quarter or portion of a quarter of a year.

F. J. RICHARDS,

President, Municipal Commission, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 28th May 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up . . .				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund . . .				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	85,24,514	1	5			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,11,24,346	15	7	1,96,48,861	1	0
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .				16,08,51,352	3	9
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				6,93,486	15	7
Sundries				24,89,080	2	10
RUPEES .				22,16,82,780	7	2

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities . . .				2,89,26,630	0	0
Other authorized Investments				56,12,923	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				3,86,29,061	8	7
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,50,37,681	15	5
Bills discounted and purchased				3,25,81,758	1	6
Balances with other Banks .				44,73,572	15	8
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock . . .				25,40,429	0	11
Stamps				11,722	5	4
Sundries				3,73,451	8	7
				15,81,87,233	8	0
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*4,01,10,612	6	11			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,33,84,934	8	3	6,34,95,546	15	2
RUPEES .				22,16,82,780	7	2

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value R1,56,660 0 0
† Do. do. do. R5,30,190 0 0

R6,86,850 0 0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 30th May 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 34·56.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 21st May 1912.

No. 16.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 16th May 1912:—

Lieutenant R. H. Garstin, R.I.M. . . . . . 12 months.

No. 17.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II, the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 18th May 1912:—

Chief Engineer A. Bonny, R.I.M. . . . . 12 months.

F. DOBSON,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Agra, the 14th May 1912.

No. 53.—Mr. S. A. Potter, Inspector, 4th grade, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, with effect from the 22nd April 1912, during the absence on leave of Mr. C. C. Chill, officiating Superintendent, or until further orders.

R. A. GAMBLE,
Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 21st May 1912.

No. 23.—Honorary Captain G. F. Silvester, Assistant Engineer, is granted combined leave for one year (*viz.*, privilege leave for one month and nineteen days and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 3rd July 1912 or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

H. B. HOLMES,
Offg. Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Lahore, the 23rd May 1912.

No. 29.—Mr. H. P. R. Goulding, Probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railway, passed the Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani on the 1st April 1912.

No. 30.—Mr. A. A. Richardson, Assistant Engineer, is granted under articles 233, 246, 260 and 308, Civil Service Regulations, combined leave for 1 year, *viz.*, privilege leave due and furlough on medical certificate for the remaining period with effect from the 20th May 1912 or any subsequent date.

E. A. S. BELL,
Offg. Manager, North Western Railway.

INDIAN MUSEUM.

NOTIFICATION.

ZOOLOGICAL AND ANTHROPOLOGICAL SECTION.

Calcutta, the 23rd May 1912.

Dr. N. Annandale, D.Sc., F.A., S.B., F.L.S., etc., Superintendent of the Indian Museum, is granted combined leave (privilege and furlough) for 6 months, with effect from 1st June 1912.

Mr. S. W. Kemp, Senior Assistant Superintendent, Indian Museum, Zoological and Anthropological Section, has been appointed to act as Superintendent of the Indian Museum during Dr. Annandale's absence on leave.

By order,

N. ANNANDALE,
Secretary to the Trustees, Indian Museum.

METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 22nd May 1912.

Mr. J. H. Field, M.A., Imperial Meteorologist, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under articles 246 and 260, Civil Service Regulations, combined with furlough for 1 year and 9 months under articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations, (total combined leave two years), with effect from 23rd August 1912, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 22nd May 1912.

No. 431-*S. Ap.*—Mr. J. J. Williams, Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for one month and fifteen days with effect from the 6th May 1912.

Mr. S. P. R. Granger, Probationary Superintendent of post offices, Eastern Bengal and Assam, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. J. Williams, or until further orders.

The 23rd May 1912.

No. 440-*S. Ap.*—Mr. Kundan Lal, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of leave on medical certificate for four months with effect from the 11th March 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

REPORT OF DESERTION.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers, dated at Mhow, this 28th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—2691, Lance-Corporal, A. H. Palmer.
Age—21 years 7 months.
Height—5 feet 9 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, dark brown; eyes, dark brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—12th July 1909.
Place of enlistment—Scarborough.
Parish and County in which born—Rotherham, Rotherham, Yorkshire.
Date of desertion or absence—11th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Mhow.
Marks—*Nil.*
On furlough.
Under 3 years' service.

I. M. BONHAM-CARTER, Lieut. and Adjt., for Major,
Commanding 1st Battalion, Northumberland Fusiliers.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the Matriculation Examination, 1912 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abbas Ali Khan ...	16-8	Dacca Pogose School.
	Abdul Alim ...	23-2	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„ Aziz Khan ...	16-2	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Bari ...	16-10	Bankura Zila School.
	„ Baqi ...	18-8	Patna Collegiate School.
	„ Gafoor ...	19-5	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	„ Gofur ...	16-5	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Ghani Abusad ...	19-1	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Hai ...	18-6	Gaibandha H. E. School.
10	„ Hai Khan ...	16-7	Patna Collegiate School.
	„ Hakim ...	18-1	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	„ Hakim ...	16-1	Chapra Zila School.
	„ Hamid ...	19-11	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Hamid ...	17-8	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	„ Hamid ...	19-10	Chittagong Madrasah.
	„ Huque ...	17-1	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	„ Koddosh ...	16-8	Nowgong High School.
	„ Latiff ...	19-3	Lakshmipur H. E School.
	„ Latif Mian ...	18	Pabna Zila School.
20	„ Majid ...	19-2	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	„ Matin Chowdhury ...	16-11	Habiganj Government High School.
	„ Wahed Mollick ...	19-7	Mugkalyan H. E. School.
	„ Lais Mohammad ...	16-1	Dacca Madrasah.
	Abdur Rahman ...	20-9	Noakhali Zila School.
	„ Rahman ...	23-5	Patna Collegiate School.
	„ Rasheed ...	19-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Razzaque ...	16-4	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Razzaque ...	19-1	Khalispur H. E. School.
	Abdur Rezzaque	21-3	Hasara Kalikisor H. E. School.
30	Abdur Razzaque Bhuiyan ...	16-10	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Abdus Samad	18-6	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Abraham	21	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Abu Abdul Motaleb Serajul Islam Khan	19	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	Abu Ahmad Faizal Mohi ...	16-2	Faridpur Zila School.
	Abul Hasan	17-6	Calcutta, Madrasa.
	Abul Quasem	16-9	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Abu Usman Khalid	20-5	Barh Bayley H. E. School.
	Abu Yusuff	18-8	Kushtia H. E. School.
	Acharyya, Baghambar ...	20-4	Contai H. E. School.
40	„ Basudeba	19-9	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	„ Bibhutibhushan ...	21-5	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Kshitischandra ...	16-3	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	„ Nilmani	16-8	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Sachinandan ...	21-5	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Mushidabad.
	„ Surendranath ...	20-1	Tala B. De Institution.
	Acharyyachaudhuri, Surendranarayan.	16-6	Deoghar H. E. School.
	Adak, Panchudas	19	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Addi, Purnachandra	19-1	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	Adhikari, Birendranath ...	16-2	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.

50	Adhikari, Brahmanarayan	... 18	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	" Haradhan ...	... 20	Mahishadal Raj H. E. School.
	" Haripada ...	... 18-10	Potajia H. E. School.
	" Lakshmibilas	... 17-2	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	" Phanibhushan	... 16-10	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	" Rangalal ...	... 18-4	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
	" Sachindrakumar	... 18-1	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	" Sannyasicharan	... 19-5	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra	... 16-6	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Adhya, Abinaschandra...	... 16-8	Metropolitan Institution.
60	" Phulchand ...	... 18-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Saurindramohan	... 17-1	Ditto.
	Agarwala, Gadadhar	... 16-4	Giridih H. E. School.
	" Harkissen Das	... 16-9	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Aikat, Nalinbihari	... 16-10	Ranchi St. John's H. E. School.
	" Praphullachandra	... 19-1	Raghunathpur G. D. Lang Institution.
	A. K. Khalilur Rahman	... 16-4	Dacca Madrasah.
	A. K. M. Rafiqul Haque	... 17-3	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	Alla Nowaz	... 16-10	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Ambika Prasad	... 17	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
70	Aminuddin Ahmad	... 17-5	Dacca Madrasah.
	Akhileswar Prasad	... 16-8	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Ainal Kobi	... 18-3	Dhubri High School.
	Amanta, Bansidhar	... 21-2	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	Ambika Sahai	... 17-7	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Amrit Lall	... 19-10	Monghyr Zila School.
	Ananda Prasad Sinha	... 19-1	Arrah Zila School.
	Anant Das	... 17-2	Chapra Zila School.
	Anthoni, L. N.	... 20-11	Bettia Raj H. E. School.
	Anwar Ali	... 17-7	Munsiganj H. E. School.
80	Ash, Nrityagopal	... 17-8	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	Ashraf Ali Khan	... 17-10	Madhipura Shirres' Institution.
	Aung Gyee	... 18-10	Akyab Government High School.
	Aung Tun Oo	... 17-10	Ditto.
	Ayodhya Prosad	... 19-6	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Azizal Hoque	... 16-2	Pabna Zila School.
	Aziz Rahaman Khan	... 17-1	Santipur Oriental Academy.
	Babu Ram	... 16-6	Siwan V. M. H. E. School.
	Bachaspati, Jyotirindrakumar	... 16-3	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	Badri Narayan Prasad	... 16-7	Darjeeling High School.
90	Bag, Jyotindranath	... 17-4	Midnapore Town School.
	Bagchi, Debendranath	... 16-2	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	" Jagatbandhu	... 17-3	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	" Kalipada	... 16	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	" Nandalal	... 18-2	Uttarpara Government School.
	" Pramathanath	... 16-9	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	" Satischandra	... 16-4	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
	Ba Goon	... 20-2	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Bahadur Ali Khan	... 17-10	Pabna Zilla School.
	Bahadur Sing Nahar	... 26-6	Ripon Collegiate School.
100	Ba Htu	... 19-4	Government High School, Rangoon.
	Baidya, Nagendranath	... 18-8	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 26.
	" Saratchandra	... 17-7	Feni H. E. School.
	Baidyanath Prosad	... 18-1	Matihari Zila School.
	Bain, Gangadhar	... 25-7	Teacher, Roll Far. T. 1.
	Bajpai, Ramcharan	... 24	Teacher Roll Bha. T. 1.
	Baker, Grace	... ...	Loreto House, Calcutta.
	Baksi, Abhayapada	... 17-8	Torekona Jagabandhu H. E. School.
	" Dhirendramohan	... 17-4	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Kshitischandra	... 16-10	Meherpur H. E. School.

110	Baksi, Sambhunath	...	16-1	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Thakahari	...	17-1	Ukhara H. E. School.
	„ Upendramohan	...	19-1	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	Ba Kyaw	...	17-4	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Bal, Prakaschandra	...	19-2	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	Baldeo Narayan ...	...	21-7	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Baldeo Prasad ...	...	18-3	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Balkhundee Proshad ...	...	20-1	Private student Roll, Pat., P. 29.
	Balmukund Sahay ...	...	18-6	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Bandyopadhyay, Abanindranath	...	16-5	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
120	„ Ahibhushan	...	16-8	Okersa H. E. School.
	„ Ajaychandra	...	16-11	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„ Akshaykumar	...	17-4	Kendrapara H. E. School.
	„ Amalanganath	...	16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Amarnath	...	21-4	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	„ Amulyakumar	...	16-4	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	„ Anantakumar	...	16-4	Bhola Government High School.
	„ Anilchandra	...	16-5	Khalia Rajaram Institution.
	„ Asitabaran	...	17-7	Santipur Oriental Academy.
	„ Aswinikumar	...	18-5	Babulia J. S. H. E. School.
130	„ Balaram	...	16-8	Sil's Free College.
	„ Benilal	...	17-7	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Bhabakinkar	...	16-8	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
	„ Bholanath	...	18-9	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	„ Bholanath	...	16-10	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„ Bholanath	...	19-7	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	„ Bhuthnath	...	17-2	Okersa H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutibhushan		20	Calcutta High School.
	„ Bidhubhushan	...	17-1	Sonamukhi Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Binaykumar	...	18-2	Krishnagar A. V. School.
140	„ Bipradas	...	21	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	„ Birajmohan	...	18-3	Kurigram H. E. School.
	„ Birendranath	...	18-8	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Bishnupada	...	16-1	Bettia Raj H. E. School.
	„ Bisnupada	...	17-7	Okersa H. E. School.
	„ Biswanath	...	16-10	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	„ Bisweswar	...	18-6	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Brajajiban	...	17-1	Salkia A S. School.
	„ Brajeschandra	...	19-1	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	„ Brajeschandra	...	17-1	Maldah Zila School.
150	„ Byomkes	...	16-11	Santipur Municipal School.
	„ Charuchandra	...	16-3	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	„ Chandrachur	...	17-2	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Dharanidhar	...	19-11	Bandgora A. E. School.
	„ Dineschandra	...	16-1	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	„ Dukari	...	16	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	„ Durgadas	...	18-2	Kurigram H. E. School.
	„ Durgadas	...	18-7	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Durgapada	...	18-1	Okersa H. E. School.
	„ Ganeschandra	...	16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
160	„ Gaurkisor	...	20-8	Ukhara H. E. School.
	„ Gobinlal	...	22-5	Teacher, Roll Bur. T1.
	„ Gopalchandra	...	16-11	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Haradhan	...	17	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Haranchandra	...	19-6	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	„ Harendrakumar		17-7	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Harendranath	...	16-6	Balurghat H. E. School.
	„ Haridhan	...	16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Hemchandra	...	16-9	Jamtara Jung Bahadur Coronation School.
	„ Herambachandra		18	Munsiganj H. E. School.
170	„ Jadupati	...	18-3	K. K. Jnanada Institution.
	„ Jatindrakumar	...	17-7	Purnea Zila School.
	„ Jatindralal	...	20-5	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Jatindramohan	...	18-3	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	„ Jatischandra	...	16-1	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Jibanmohan	...	16-2	Ariadaha Kalachand H. E. School.

	Bandyopadhyay,	Jitendranath	20-5	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	"	Jnanendranath II	16	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	"	Jogendrachandra	18-4	Private student, Roll Dac., P. 10.
	"	Jogeschandra	17	Madaripur H. E. School.
180	"	Jogeschandra	19	Idilpur H. E. School.
	"	Jogeswar	16-7	Birbhum Zila School.
	"	Kalipada	17-8	Bangaon H. E. School.
	"	Kantigopal	16-2	Gaya Zila School.
	"	Karunakinkar	16-9	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	"	Khagendranath	18-2	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	"	Kshetranath	18-3	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	"	Kshitischandra	16-10	Okersa H. E. School.
	"	Lalitmohan	16-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	"	Makhanlal	23	Midnapur Town School.
190	"	Manabendranath	16-4	Morton Institution Calcutta.
	"	Manindrakrishna	18-2	Ditto.
	"	Manmathanath	16-5	Telinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
	"	Manmathanath	18-2	Dubalhati Haranath H. E. School.
	"	Mrityunjay	16-10	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	"	Mukulchandra	17-3	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	"	Nakurchandra	18	Uttarpara Government School.
	"	Narayanchandra	16-5	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	"	Narayanchandra	17-3	Barisal Zila School.
	"	Narendranath	18-11	Ripon Collegiate School.
200	"	Nikunjabihari	19-1	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	"	Nityagopal	17-7	Training Academy, Calcutta.
	"	Nrisinhachandra	16	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	"	Nrisinhaprasad	16-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	"	Panchanan	17-4	Naihati Mahendra School.
	"	Panchanan	16-7	Sil's Free College.
	"	Paresnath	17-2	Panditsar H. E. School.
	"	Prabhamay	19	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	"	Prabodhkrishna	18-1	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	"	Pramathanath	18-1	Ukhara H. E. School.
210	"	Praphullakumar	16-8	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	"	Praphullakumar	17	Bandgora H. E. School.
	"	Pulinbihari	16-6	Srischandra Institution, Ethora.
	"	Pulinbihari	18-4	Andul H. C. E. School
	"	Rabindranath	16-3	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	"	Radhikamohan	16-7	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.
	"	Ramanath	17-9	Jangipur H. E. School.
	"	Rameschandra	18-3	Barisal Zila School.
	"	Rameswar	16-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
	"	Ramgopal	16-4	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
220	"	Ramkinkar	17-7	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	"	Rasbihari	17	Ripon Collegiate School.
	"	Rasbihari	17-6	Maliara H. E. School.
	"	Ratischandra	17-3	Sodepur H. E. School.
	"	Rebatimohan	18-5	Feni H. E. School.
	"	Sachinath	17	Baisari H. E. School.
	"	Sachindranath	16-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	"	Sanatkumar	17-2	Maldah Zila School.
	"	Santanukumar	18-10	Uttarpara Government School.
	"	Santoshkumar	16-1	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
230	"	Saradindu	16-3	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	"	Saratchandra	17	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	"	Sasikumar	18	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	"	Satischandra	17-9	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	"	Satischandra	16-6	Bankura Zila School.
	"	Satyabrata	16-1	Dupleix College, Chandernagar.
	"	Satyakisor	17-1	Ditto.
	"	Sobhendusundar	17-1	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	"	Srigopal	19-1	Belpukur H. E. School.
	"	Srikumar	16-3	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.

240	Bandyopadhyay, Srischandra	... 17	Arya Mission Institution.
	" Srischandra	... 16-6	Bankura Zila School.
	" Sudhansubhushan	16	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	" Sudhansusekhar	16-4	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	" Surendranath	... 16-1	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Surendranath	... 17-8	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	" Sushthirkumar	... 16-11	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	" Susilkumar	... 16-2	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur
	" Taradas	... 17-1	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	" Tarakdas	... 18	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
250	" Tarasankar	... 16-9	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	" Tejendranath	... 17-3	Narail Victoria Collegiate, School.
	" Tinkari	... 19-3	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	" Upendranath	... 16-3	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	" Upendranath	... 18-1	Behala H. E. School.
	" Upendranath	... 18-10	Sil's Free College.
	Banik, Rameschandra	... 17-7	Cooch Behar Jenkin's School.
	Bans Lochan Lal	... 20-5	Arrah Zila School.
	Bansi Prasad	... 18	Ranchi Zila School.
	Bar, Chandrakumar	... 16-11	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
260	Baral, Kalidas	... 17-4	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	" Udaychand	... 16	Bowbazar High School.
	Barari, Harendrachandra	... 17-3	Dhalla H. E. School.
	Barat, Susilkumar	... 16-6	Gopalganj V. M. H. E. School.
	Bardhan, Jagneswar	... 18-11	Comilla Zila School.
	Bardolai, Mohanchandra	... 16-9	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Barik, Daitari	... 16-10	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	Barma, Jnanendramohan	... 16-3	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	Barman, Kirtichandra	... 18-3	Ukhara H. E. School.
	Barmania, M. D.	... 16-4	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
270	Bartlett, Naesaretnam Collin	... 23	C. M. S. High School, Calcutta.
	Baruya, Bansibhushan	... 16-8	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	" Dhirendralal	... 20	Saroatoli H. E. School.
	" Girischandra	... 19-11	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	" Krishnadas	... 18-1	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Phanidhar	... 19-7	Private student, Roll., Deb. P. 3.
	" Rajanikanta	... 18-8	Nowgong High School.
	" Saradaprasad	... 20	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Suryyakumar	... 19-4	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Basak, Anathbandhu	... 18-7	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
280	" Brindabanchandra	... 17-11	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Hirankumar	... 16-8	Giridih H. E. School.
	" Haripada	... 18-1	Dupleix College, Chandernagore.
	" Nityananda	... 16-8	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Purnachandra	... 20	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	" Rajiblochan	... 18-4	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Santoshkumar	... 19	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	" Sricharan	... 16-3	Pabna Zila School.
	Basista Narain Sinha	... 18-11	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Basu, Amarnath	... 17-1	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
290	" Amulyachandra	... 16-11	Birbhum Zila School.
	" Amulyanath	... 16	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Anilchandra	... 16-5	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Anilgopal	... 16-3	Bankipur Rammohan Roy Seminary.
	" Atulkrishna	... 17-1	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Raruli.
	" Bhabanikinkar	... 16-2	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Bhupendranath	... 16-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Bibhutibhushan	.. 18-3	K. K. Jnanada Institution.
	" Bibhutibhushan	... 17	Senhati High School.
	" Bijaykrishna	... 19-4	Kotalpur H. E. School.
300	" Bimalkrishna	... 18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Chandrabhushan	... 19-7	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Debendranath	... 16	Jessore Zila School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 17-7	Barrackpur Government School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 16-4	Jamui H. E. School.

	Basu, Digindranath	... 21	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	" Gopalchandra	... 19-2	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Haranchandra	... 17-11	Narikeldanga George High School.
	" Harendranath	... 17-8	Konnagar H. E. School.
	" Hemkumar	... 18-9	Comilla Zila School.
310	" Jadunath	... 17-1	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	" Jitendranath	... 18-6	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	" Jitendranath	... 19-2	Baisari H. E. School.
	" Jnanendranath	... 18-10	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	" Jogeschandra	... 17-4	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Jyotishchandra	... 18-8	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	" Jyotishchandra	... 16-10	Arbalia J. V. H. E. School.
	" Kamalendranath	... 16-5	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Kananbihari	... 16-8	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Krishnaprasad	... 17-5	Jajpur H. E. School.
320	" Kshetranath	... 16-10	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	" Kshitischandra	... 17-1	Banaripara Union Institution.
	" Kshitishchandra	... 16-3	Pingna H. E. School.
	" Kumudbihari	... 17-10	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	" Kunjabihari	... 18-5	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	" Lalitmohan	... 16-2	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	" Lalitmohan	... 16	Calcutta High School.
	" Manoranjan	... 16-6	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	" Murarimohan	... 16-10	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	" Nalinibala	... ...	Alexander Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
330	" Nagendranath	... 17-9	Abhayeswari High School.
	" Naliniranjan	... 17	Itna H. E. School.
	" Nandalal	... 17-5	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	" Nanigopal	... 16-5	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	" Narayandas	... 17-5	Bhaita H. E. School.
	" Narendrakrishna	... 16	Indus H. E. School.
	" Narendranath	... 17-11	Raspur H. E. School.
	" Narendranath	... 17-3	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	" Nibaranprasad	... 19-8	Jajpur H. E. School.
	" Nilratan	... 16-7	Bishenpur H. E. School.
340	" Niradbhushan	... 32-6	Private Student, Roll Cal., P. 13.
	" Nirmalchandra	... 16-5	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Nisikanta	... 16-9	Khararia H. E. School.
	" Panchudas	... 16-1	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	" Paritoshkumar	... 17-2	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Prabhaschandra	... 18-10	Pandra H. E. School.
	" Pramathanath	... 17-3	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	" Praphullakanta	... 18-10	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	" Priyanath	... 17-6	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	" Rabindranath	... 16-1	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
350	" Radharanjan	... 16-3	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution.
	" Ramanath	... 16	Darjeeling High School.
	" Sachindranath	... 16-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Sailendranath	... 16-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Saileschandra	... 18-7	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	" Santikumar	... 18-4	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	" Sarbeswar	... 18-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Saratchandra	... 21-6	Panchetgarh H. E. School.
	" Satindranath	... 18-1	Gabha High School.
	" Satischandra	... 17-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
360	" Satyendranath	... 16-2	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Sibchandra	... 17-1	Collins' Institute, Calcutta.
	" Sujata	... ...	Brahma Girls' School.
	" Sukhendrachandra	... 16-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Sukumar	... 17-11	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Sukumar	... 16-3	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Surendranath	... 18-1	Gabha High School.
	" Saurendranath	... 16-10	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra	... 16-9	Banaripara Union Institution.
	" Tarakumar	... 16-6	Noakhali Zila School.
370	Basuchaudhuri, Harisadhan	... 16-4	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.

	Basuray, Krishnanath	... 19-4	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	" Satyakrishna	... 17-5	Scottish Churches Collegiate School,
	Ba Shin	... 19-2	Government High School, Rangoon.
	Ba Thaung	... 18-6	Ditto ditto.
	Ba Thaw	... 18-1	Ditto ditto.
	Baw Mya	... 17-8	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Bazlur Rahaman	... 18-2	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	Bera, Kshirodkumar	... 16-1	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	Bhabai, Satyacharan	... 16-10	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
380	Bhaduri, Durgacharan	... 17-2	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Lalitmohan	... 17	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Parbaticharan	... 16-2	Karakdi H. E. School.
	" Sailendranath	... 19	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Sibnarayan	... 16-8	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Somnath	... 18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Sudhirchandra	... 17-3	Cooch Behar Jenkins School.
	Bhadra Dhirendramohan	... 16-8	Muradnagar D. R. H. E. School.
	" Harisadhan	... 17-3	Jaynagar Institution.
	" Phatikchandra	... 17-11	Private student Roll Cal., p. 29.
390	" Radhabinod	... 17-5	Kagram H. E. School.
	Bhagwat Prasad	... 18-4	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	Bhakta, Basantakumar	... 17-7	Karakdi H. E. School.
	Bhan Chandra	... 16-4	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Bhanja, Harendranath	... 16-2	Baharu H. E. School.
	Bhar, Prabhaschandra	... 16-4	Serampur Union Institution.
	Bhatta, Lalitmohan	... 19-8	Dinhata H. E. School.
	Bhattacharyya, Abinaschandra	... 17-2	Pabna Zilla School.
	" Anathnath	... 23-11	Teacher, Roll Bank T. 1.
	" Ardhendubhushan	17	Andul H. C. E. School.
400	" Asutosh	... 19-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Aswinikumar	... 17-7	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	" Aswinikumar	... 17-6	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	" Baikunthanath	... 18	Senhati High School.
	" Basantakumar	... 18-6	Cooch Behar Jenkins School.
	" Bhabanipati	... 17	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Bholanath	... 17-4	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	" Bhudeb	... 17-8	Meherpur H. E. School.
	" Bibhutibhushan	... 17-1	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	" Bimalchandra	... 18-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
410	" Binodbihari	... 17	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	" Birendranath	... 16-8	Halisahar High School.
	" Bireswar	... 16-6	Private student Roll Bir., p. 15.
	" Bishnucharan	... 21	Private student Roll Cal., p. 20.
	" Brahmeswar	... 17-1	Cooch Behar Jenkins School.
	" Brajendrakisor	... 19-10	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Brajendrakumar	... 17-2	Ditto.
	" Chandicharan	... 16-4	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	" Chandrabhushan	... 17-3	Naihati Mahendra School.
	" Charuchandra	... 17	Boinchee B. L. Free Institution.
420	" Charuchaddra	... 17-2	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	" Charuchandra	... 20-6	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	" Debendrachandra	... 18-2	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	" Debendrachandra	... 16-6	Khararia H. E. School.
	" Debendrachandra	... 18	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Dharanichandra	... 17-3	Shillong Government High School.
	" Dwijendrakumar	... 16-4	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	" Gangacharan	... 17	Sarail Annada H. E. School.
	" Girijakanta	... 16-5	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Guruprasad	... 16-7	Sandwip Cargill H. E. School.
430	" Harendranath	... 16-5	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur
	" Haricharan	... 16-11	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
	" Haripada	... 16	Jessore Zila School.
	" Haripada	... 18-1	Calcutta Academy.
	" Hemendranarayan	16-11	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Hrishikes	... 18-3	Karimganj Aided High School.
	" Jasodakanta	... 17-1	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	" Jajnapati	... 17-1	Taki Government School.

	Bhattacharyya, Jatindramohan	... 17-1	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Jatindranath	... 16-1	Hughli Branch and Model School.
440	" Jitendranath	... 16-11	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Jitendranath	... 16-9	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	" Jnanananda	... 16-1	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Jnanendranath	... 20-1	Dhalla H. E School.
	" Jogendranath	... 16-2	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	" Jogendranath	... 18	Patiya High School.
	" Jogeschandra	... 16-6	Comilla Zila School.
	" Kalicharan	... 17-6	Purnea Zila School.
	" Kalikumar	... 17-4	Bawali H. E. School.
	" Kamalakinkar	... 16-4	Palasdanga H. E. School.
450	" Karunakanta	... 17-3	Nagarpur H. E. School.
	" Kedarnath	... 18-8	Karimganj Aided High School.
	" Kisorimohan	... 17-4	Arbalia J. V. H. E. School.
	" Krishnahari	... 16-2	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. E. School.
	" Krishnachandra	... 16	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Kshitindranath	... 16-1	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	" Kshitischandra	... 17-2	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	" Kumudkumar	... 17-3	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Lalitmohan	... 19-10	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	" Lalmohan	... 17-10	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
460	" Manmathanath	... 16-1	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Manomohan	... 24-11	Private student, Roll Pab. p. 3.
	" Nalinimohan	... 17-7	Bogra Zila School.
	" Nalininath	... 16-5	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Narayanchandra	... 19-7	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Nepalchandra	... 16-2	New Indian School, Calcutta
	" Nikhileschandra	... 19	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	" Nilkanta	... 18-11	Gabha High School.
	" Niradchandra	... 18-4	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	" Nisikanta	... 19-7	South Suburban School, Bhawanipur.
470	" Paresnath	... 17	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Paritosh	... 16-11	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	" Pasupati	... 18-6	Kalighat High School.
	" Prabhaschandra	... 17-9	Hajipur H. E. School.
	" Pramathanath	... 17-2	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	" Pramathanath	... 16-5	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	" Pramodkumar	... 17-1	Balasore Zila School.
	" Prasannakumar	... 17	Sarail Annada H. E. School.
	" Pratapchandra	... 16-2	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	" Radhakisor	... 17-3	South Suburan School, Bhowanipur.
480	" Rajendrachandra	19-2	Dhalla H. E. School.
	" Ramnibas	... 17-7	Jaynagar Institution.
	" Ramnidhi	... 18-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Rukminikanta	... 17-11	Pabna Institution.
	" Sahayram	... 16-4	Chinsura, Training Academy.
	" Sailesendu	... 16	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Saratchandra	... 17-6	Panditsar H. E. School.
	" Satischandra	... 18	Pabna Institution.
	" Satischandra	... 17-2	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	" Siteschandra	... 16-8	Chinsurah Training Academy.
490	" Srikantha	... 17-4	Fukra Madanmohan Academy.
	" Sudhakar	... 17-2	Narit Nyayaratna Institution.
	" Sudhamay	... 17-6	Teota Academy, Dacca.
	" Sudhindranath	... 16-1	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	" Sureschandra	... 16-3	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra	... 17-11	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	" Syamapada	... 16-11	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Tareschandra	... 19-10	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	" Umapada	... 16-7	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Umeschandra	... 16-10	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
500	Bhattasali, Praphullakumar	... 18-11	Idilpur H. E. School.
	Bhaumik, Abhaykumar	... 18-4	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	" Atulchandra	... 20-2	Comilla Victoria School.

	Bhaumik Chandramohan	... 20-1	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 18-2	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	" Jadunath	... 28-5	Teacher, Roll Mym, T. I.
	" Jatindrakumar	... 19-11	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	" Jatindramohan	.. 18-9	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	" Jogeschandra	... 17-2	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Kshitischandra	... 16-5	Tajhat H. E. School.
510	" Kshitischandra	... 18-6	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Nibaranchandra	... 16	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	" Pramathanath	... 18-8	Magura H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	... 16-8	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
	Bhowal, Sureschandra	... 17	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Bhuniya, Gajendranath	... 19-2	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Bilas Ray Bhiwaniwala	... 19-3	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Bindeswari Prasad	... 19-11	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Bindheshwari Prasad	... 16-6	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	Bindeshwari Prasad Verma	... 18-3	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
520	Bindhyachal Prosad	... 16-2	Buxar H. E. School.
	Bindhyeswari Prasad Sahu	... 16-1	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Bishnu, Jitendralal	... 20-10	Silchar Government High School.
	" Umeschandra	... 16-7	Pabna Institution.
	Bishnudeva Narayan	... 18-3	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Biswanath Sahay	... 17-1	Monghyr Zila School.
	Biswas, Abinaschandra	... 16-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Arungopal	... 16-8	Bhagirathpur H. E. School.
	" Asutosh	... 16-10	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Baidyanath	... 16-6	Meherpur H. E. School.
530	" Basudeb	... 20-3	Itachuna Srinarayan Institution.
	" Bhabataran	... 16-6	Dumkal H. E. School.
	" Bholanath	... 17	Dinhata H. E. School.
	" Binaykrishna	... 17-2	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Binodbihari	... 20-7	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Birendrakumar	... 16	Barisal Zila School.
	" Debendranath	... 20-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Durgapada	... 17-3	Aryya Mission Institution.
	" Edward Shudhangshu Prokash.	18-6	C. M. S. High School, Calcutta.
	" Gobindachandra	... 17	Dainhat H. E. School.
540	" Harendranath	... 17-6	Orakandi H. E. School.
	" Jitendranath	... 17-1	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Jitendranath	... 18-5	Baharu H. E. School.
	" Jnanendranath	... 19-7	Barasat Government School.
	" Jogeschandra	... 16	Bankura Zila School.
	" Kalipada	... 16-2	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	" Karnadhar	... 19-2	Natuda H. E. School.
	" Karunamay	... 16-1	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	" Kesablal	... 18-6	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School,
	" Khagendranath	... 16-2	Telinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School
550	" Krishnachandra	... 17-4	Natuda H. E. School.
	" Krishnachandra	... 16-2	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Mahendranath	... 17-6	Pabna Institution.
	" Makhanlal	... 17-5	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Nagendranath	... 16-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensing Branch.
	" Naliniprakas	... 16-11	Seakhala H. E. School.
	" Narendrachandra	... 18-10	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	" Narendragopal	... 16-10	Khulna Zila School.
	" Narendranath	... 18-11	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Nisamayi	... ...	Christ Church School, Calcutta.
560	" Panchanan	... 18-10	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Pratibhabhushan	... 16-7	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Purnachandra	... 17	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.

	Biswas, Radhikaprasad	20-7	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	„ Ramdas	19-1	Sil's Free College.
	„ Rasamay	16-10	Makara H. E. School.
	„ Saradindu	16-7	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Satischandra	16-7	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Sibchandra	17-3	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	„ Subodhchandra	17-1	Barasat Government School.
570	„ Surendranath	16	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	Biswasthakur, Surendranath	19-2	Orakandi H. E. School.
	Bora, Kubaram	16-10	Government High School, Jorhat.
	Brahma, Sibnarayan	19-9	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	Brahmadeva Narayan Sinha	17-1	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Brijnandan Prosad	18-11	Buxar H. E. School.
	Brijanandan Sahai	16-6	Purnea Zila School.
	Brij Bhushan Prasad Sharma	22-7	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Bukshi Jagdeva Prasad	19-6	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Chaki, Mahendranath	16-2	Ullapara H. E. School.
580	„ Manomadhab	17-6	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	Chakladar, Manmathanath	16	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Chakrabarti, Abinaschandra	18-3	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Adwaitachandra	17	Private Student, Roll Dac., P. 11.
	„ Akhilchandra	16-11	Cooch Behar Jenkin's School.
	„ Akshaykumar	20-4	Private Student, Roll. Bar., P. 4.
	„ Akulchandra	18	Ambikacharan Institution, Disargarh.
	„ Amareschandra	16-2	Magura H E. School.
	„ Annadaprasad	18-2	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	„ Aswinikumar	17-10	Raja Grishchandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Bankimchandra	19-8	Bogra Zila School.
590	„ Baradacharan	18-4	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	„ Basantikumar	16-1	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	„ Bhupendrachandra	17-8	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	18-11	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	„ Bidhubhushan	16-10	Pabna Institution.
	„ Bijanranjan	16-2	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Birendrachandra	20	Private Student, Roll Dac., P. 9.
	„ Bireswar	17-3	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Bishnupada	18-9	Budge-Budge P. K. H. E. School.
600	„ Bisweswar	21-11	Pingna H. E. School.
	„ Brajendrachandra	16-11	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Charuchandra	19	Raja Suryya Kumar Institution, Rajbari.
	„ Charuchandra	16-1	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Dakshinaranjan	18-1	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Dasarathi	18-11	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	„ Debendranath	18-7	Dinajpur Zilla School.
	„ Dhirendranath	18-6	Bharenga High School.
	„ Durgasankar	18-3	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Dwijendranath	16-2	Netrakona Dutt High School.
610	„ Gobardhan	18-5	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	„ Harendrakumar	18-6	Baburhat H. E. School.
	„ Harijiban	18-10	Barisa H. E. School.
	„ Haripada	16-8	Giridih H. E. School.
	„ Hemendranath	19-8	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	„ Hemendranath	17	Jaynagar Institution.
	„ Jagatchandra	19-3	Private Student, Roll Mym., P. 1.
	„ Jaminimohan	16-2	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
	„ Jatindranath	16-4	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	„ Jatindralal	16-2	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
620	„ Jitendranath	20-2	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Jogendrakisor	18-7	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra	16-3	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Karunasankar	18-2	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	„ Kshitischandra	17-5	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	„ Kshitischandra	17-9	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Lalitkumar	21-3	Banaripara Union Institution.

	Chakrabarti, Lalitmohan	... 17	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	„ Lalmohan	... 16	Idilpur H. E. School.
	„ Madhabchandra	... 18	Bisari H. E. School.
630	„ Madhusudan	... 17-4	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
	„ Maheschandra	... 16-8	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Makhanlal	... 18-2	Private Student Roll. Deb. P. 1
	„ Manmathanath	... 16-4	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Matilal	... 16-11	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	„ Mohinimohan	... 16-3	Nakrakunda H. E. School.
	„ Mohinimohan	... 17-2	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	„ Mohitkumar	... 17-3	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Mrityunjay	... 17-11	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	„ Nalininath	... 16-1	Chittagong Municipal School.
640	„ Nareschandra	... 16-7	Rangpur Zila School.
	„ Nripendrakumar	... 22-7	Edward Institution. Calcutta.
	„ Pareschandra	... 16-7	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	„ Pasupati	... 18-3	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Phakirchandra	... 16-7	Maju B. N. Bose High School.
	„ Phanibhushan	... 17-10	Cooch Behar, Jenkin's School.
	„ Prabhaschandra	... 18-5	Midnapur Town School.
	„ Prabodhanandra	... 16-2	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... 17	Hindu School Calcutta.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... 18-9	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	„ Prakaschandra	... 16-1	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
650	„ Prakaschandra	... 16-1	Muzaffarpur Mukherjee's Seminary.
	„ Prakaschandra	... 16-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Pramodkanta	... 16-6	Kishorganj H. E. School.
	„ Prafullachandra	... 16	Potajia H. E. School.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 16-3	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Purnendranath	... 17-1	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	„ Rajendranath	... 16-2	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	„ Rajkumar	... 16-11	Noakhali Zila School.
	„ Ramanimohan	... 17-4	Rangamati H. E. School.
660	„ Ramchandra	... 17-3	Jhalakati Government School.
	„ Ramcharan	... 19-1	Baisari H. E. School.
	„ Ranes	... 16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Sachindramohan	... 18-4	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	„ Sachindramohan	... 18-1	Naraingauj H. E. School.
	„ Sachindranath	... 17-9	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Santoshkumar	... 16-2	Debrugarh Government High School.
	„ Sarbarinath	... 18-2	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	„ Sasadhar	... 17-2	Chikandi H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra	... 17-8	Mymensingh Zila School.
670	„ Sudhakar	... 18-9	Dupleix College. Chandernagar.
	„ Sukumar	... 16-11	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	„ Surendrakumar	... 19-1	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Sureschandra	... 18-7	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Sureschandra	... 16-2	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Susilchandra	... 16-6	Basirhat H. E. School.
	„ Taraprasad	... 17-2	Khulna Zila School.
	„ Tripurari	... 16-1	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Umeschandra	... 18	Pingna H. E. School.
	„ Upendranath	... 17	Bhanderhati B. M. Institution.
680	„ Upendranath	... 16-1	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	Chand, Baradaprasanna	... 17-4	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	Chanda, Hemchandra	... 18-9	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Narendrakisor	... 17-6	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Pramathanath	... 17	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur
	Chandra, Deo Prasad	... 24	Chapra Zila School.
	„ Haradhan	... 19	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	„ Manmohan	... 16	Muragacha H. E. School.
	„ Pramathanath	... 17-11	Dumka Zila School.
	„ Ramkumar	... 19-6	Midnapore Collegiate School.
690	„ Saratchandra	... 18-1	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	Chandradip Sinha	... 18-9	Chapra Zila School.
	Chandragupta, Himadrikumar	... 16-6	Brahma Boys' Boarding and Day School.
	Changkakati, Doleswar	... 22	Private Student, Roll Jor. P. 4.

	Chattopadhyay,	Abaniranjan	16-2	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	„	Abhaypada	16-3	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„	Achintyanath	18-7	Palkadanga H. E. School.
	„	Amritalal	17-11	Sylhet Government High School.
	„	Anantalal	18-10	Ranchi Zila School.
	„	Asutosh	18	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
700	„	Aswinikumar	16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„	Atulchandra	16-2	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„	Bhupendrakumar	16-3	Silchar Government High School.
	„	Bidhubhushan	16-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„	Bibhucharan	16-1	Ariadaha Kalachand H. E. School.
	„	Bibhutibhushan	17-7	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„	Bibhutibhushan	17-7	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	„	Bimalaprasad	17-2	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	„	Binaybhushan	19-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„	Bisnucharan	16-9	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
710	„	Chamelikumar	16-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„	Chandmohan	18-2	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„	Debendranath	19-9	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	„	Dhirendranath	16-5	Shillong Government High School.
	„	Dhirendranath	18-1	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	„	Dhirendranath	16-10	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	„	Dineschandra	16-5	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„	Gauripada	16-6	Chaibasa Zila School.
	„	Gobardhan	17-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„	Haralal	16-2	Solak-Batajor Union Institution.
720	„	Haranchandra	17-3	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	„	Haridas	16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„	Haridas	17	Badla H. C. E. School.
	„	Harihar	17-2	Telinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
	„	Harimohan	17-5	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	„	Hariprasad	17-10	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„	Harisadhan	16-4	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	„	Himansunath	17-9	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„	Indubikas	17-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„	Induchandra	16-9	Metropolitan Institution.
730	„	Jagadischandra	17-3	Lakshmipasa D. C. Institution.
	„	Jaminikanta	20	Gopalganj M. N. Institution.
	„	Jitendranath	16-2	Khulna Zila School.
	„	Jitendranath	17-3	Behala H. E. School.
	„	Jogendranath	18-4	Mangaldai Aided High School.
	„	Kalicharan	16-9	Deoghur H. E. School.
	„	Kalikrishna	18-7	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	„	Kalikrishna	16-7	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	„	Kalipada	17-7	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„	Kamalakanta	20-4	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
740	„	Kanailal	16-1	Salkia Hindu School.
	„	Kesabchandra	19-7	Serampur Collegiate School.
	„	Khagendranath	20-3	Kidderpur Academy.
	„	Krishnadhan	16-6	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„	Kshetragopal	18-3	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„	Kumarischandra	18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„	Mahendranath	16-6	Ditto.
	„	Mahendranath	19-3	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„	Manindranath	17	Nawabganj Sridhar Bansidhar School.
	„	Manoranjan	16-8	Rowile H. E. School.
750	„	Manasaram	16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„	Muktipada	16-7	Birbhum Zila School.
	„	Nandagopal	17-1	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	„	Narayanchandra	18-3	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„	Narendranath	17-5	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	„	Nrisinhaprasad	16-6	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„	Nrityagopal	17-1	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	„	Nutbihari	17-5	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	„	Panchanan	16-11	Ripon Collegiate School.

	Chattopadhyay, Prabodhchandra ...	16-1	Jaynagar Institution.
760	,, Paresnath ...	16-1	Rangpur Zila School.
	,, Prandhan ...	16-4	Uttarpara Government School.
	,, Pulinbihari ...	16-1	Birbhum Zila School.
	,, Pulinbihari ...	16-1	Itna H. E. School.
	,, Ramanath ...	18-11	Searsol H. E. School.
	,, Ramchandra ...	17-5	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	,, Sanatkumar ...	16-2	Jessore Zila School.
	,, Santoshkumar ...	22-7	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	,, Saratchandra ...	16	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	,, Saratchandra ...	18-6	Monghyr Training Academy.
770	,, Satischandra ...	18-3	Katwa H. E. School.
	,, Satyagopal ...	18-2	Maldah Zila School.
	,, Satyakali ...	16	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Sisirkumar ...	17	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	,, Sita ...	...	Bethune Collegiate School.
	,, Sudhirranjan ...	19-5	Lohajang H. E. School.
	,, Sureschandra ...	19-8	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
	,, Tapanmohan ...	16-1	Private Student Roll Bir., P. 12.
	,, Tarapada ...	18-2	Ukhara H. E. School.
	,, Tribhangamurari	17-3	Ditto.
780	Chattoraj, Prabhakar ...	17-2	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	,, Sasankamohan ...	17-10	Salar Edward H. E. School.
	Chaudhuri, Asutosh ...	16-10	Srikhanda H. E. School.
	,, Becharam ...	16-8	Palasdanga H. E. School.
	,, Bechulal ...	16-1	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	,, Bhabeschandra ...	16-11	Bogra Zila School.
	,, Bhupendranath ...	17-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	,, Bibhutibhushan ...	16-1	Raniganj H. E. School.
	,, Binodlal ...	22-2	Private Student Roll, Com., P. 1.
	,, Charuchandra ...	16-3	Calcutta High School.
790	,, Chittaranjan ...	17-2	Sylhet Government High School.
	,, Debendranath ...	17-6	Puthia P. N. H. E. School.
	,, Dhirendrachandra ...	17-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	16-5	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	18	Andul H. C. E. School.
	,, Dinabandhu ...	16-3	Navadwip Hindu School.
	,, Girindranath ...	17-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	,, Haraprasad ...	16-5	Calcutta High School.
	,, Haricharan Prasad ...	16-4	Jamui H. E. School.
	,, Harikripa ...	16-3	Chittagong Municipal School.
800	,, Jatindranath ...	16-3	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	,, Jatindranath ...	16-8	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	,, Jatindranath ...	16-3	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	,, Jiteschandra ...	21-4	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	,, Kantipada ...	20-6	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	,, Kaumudikanta ...	17-9	Sylhet Government High School.
	,, Krishnachandra ...	17-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	,, Kshitischandra ...	19-11	Pabna Institution.
	,, Lakshmikanta ...	16-4	Balasore Zila School.
	,, Lakshminarayan ...	18-1	Chittagong Collegiate School.
810	,, Madanmohan ...	19-1	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	,, Mahendralal ...	19-1	Chittagong Collegiate School
	,, Manoranjan ...	19-2	Private Student Roll, Bir., P. 16.
	,, Mukundalal ...	18-8	Chittagong Municipal School.
	,, Nalinaksha ...	16-1	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	,, Nalinimohan ...	19-2	Maldah Zila School.
	,, Narayanchandra ...	19-10	Kalna Maharaja School.
	,, Naresnarayan ...	16-11	Armenitola Government High School Dacca.
	,, Nibaranchandra ...	16-2	Kotwalipara Union Institution.
	,, Nilkantha ...	16	Jessore Zila School.
820	,, Nirmalchandra ...	16-11	Chittagong National Institution.
	,, Praphullachandra ...	16-10	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Praphullanan ...	16-7	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	,, Purnachandra ...	30-4	Teacher, Roll Che. T. 1.

	Chaudhuri, Purnendubikas	... 17-9	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Rajyeswar	... 17-2	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	„ Ramanimohan	... 16	Patna High School.
	„ Ramanimohan	... 19-7	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Ramendralal	... 16-4	Sarisa H. E. School.
	„ Sanjibkumar	... 16	Chittagong Municipal School.
830	„ Saradacharan	... 17-11	Patiya High School.
	„ Saradacharan	... 20-2	Brahmanberia Edward Institution.
	„ Sasindranath	... 16	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Sibdas	... 16-1	Birbhum Zila School.
	„ Srischandra	... 17-7	Patiya High School.
	„ Subalchandra	... 16-3	Serampur Union Institution.
	„ Sudhansubadan	... 16-3	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Sureschandra	... 16-4	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Sureswar	... 16-2	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	„ Syamasankar	... 17-2	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
840	Chaudhury Mahammod Yahiya	... 19-4	Rayna H. E. School.
	Choo Kyin Lyan	... 16-4	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Choube, Haricharan	... 17-10	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Choudhuri Benimadhava Rai	... 19-4	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	C. Krishnasawmy	... 18-2	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Dalal, Dwarikanath	... 22	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	Daliluddin Ahmed	... 18	Jessore Zila School.
	Daliluddin Ahmed	... 17-1	Bogra Zila School.
	Dalui, Krishnapada	... 16-11	Uluberia H. E. School.
	Dam, Atulchandra	... 18-6	Feni H. E. School.
850	Damodar Prasad Sinha	... 22-2	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Daphadar, Bholanath	... 17-6	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Das, Abanibhushan	... 16-9	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Adwaitacharan	... 16-5	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	„ Akshaykumar	... 17-11	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Amarendrakumar	... 16-11	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	„ Anadinath	... 16-3	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Anangamohan	... 17-6	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Anathnath	... 16-5	Uttarpara Government School.
	„ Annadacharan	... 17-6	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
860	„ Atulkrishna	... 17	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	„ Banamali	... 19-11	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Bhabadischandra	... 18-1	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	„ Bhujangabhushan	... 21-1	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	„ Bijaykrishna	... 16	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Bipinbihari	... 16-9	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Bipinbihari	... 18-3	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„ Bipracharan	... 16-2	Maldah Zila School.
	„ Bipracharan	... 16-2	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	„ Birendramohan	... 16	Dacca Collegiate School.
870	„ Brajendrakrishna	... 18-6	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Chandrakanta	... 20-11	Commilla Victoria School.
	„ Chandrakumar	... 19-7	Dinhata H. E. School.
	„ Charuchandra	... 21-8	Private Student, Roll Mid., P. 2.
	„ Charuchandra	... 16-6	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	„ Charulata	... ...	Diocesan Collegiate School.
	„ Chunilal	... 17-10	Habiganj Government High School.
	„ Dhirendrakumar	... 16-2	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E School.
	„ Dhirendranath	... 17-6	Cooch Behar Jenkin's School.
	„ Gajendrachandra	.. 18-8	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
880	„ Girindramohan	.. 16-3	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Gobardhan	... 17-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Gobindaram	... 18-10	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak
	„ Gokulchandra	... 16	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Haralal	... 19	Armenitola Government High Sch Dacca.
	„ Haridas	... 19-1	Uttarpara Government School.
	„ Harilal	... 16-1	R. R. Institution, Raozan.
	„ Hemantakumar	... 16-2	Midnapur Collegiate School.

	Das,	Hemendranath	19-4	Brojamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„	Hirendranath	16-1	Debrugarh Government High School.
890	„	Jadabchandra	16-7	Barpeta H. E. School.
	„	Jagadischandra	18	Dumka Zila School.
	„	Jagatbandhu	18-11	Habiganj Government High School.
	„	Jagatbandhu	18-5	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	„	Jagatbandhu	18	Fukra Madanmohan Academy.
	„	Jajneswar	18	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	„	Jaminimohan	19-10	Silchar Government High School.
	„	Jatindralal	16-3	Gaya Zila School.
	„	Jitendranath	16-1	Khalispur H. E. School.
	„	Jnanendranath	17-11	Hare School, Calcutta.
900	„	Jogendralal	18-1	Dacca Pogose School.
	„	Jogeschandra	17-3	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	„	Judhishthirchandra	16-1	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	„	Kalikumar	16	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	„	Kaliprasanna	22-11	Teacher, Roll. Bar. T. 2.
	„	Kamalakanta	17-6	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	„	Kanailal	18-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„	Kanailal	19-1	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	„	Khageswar	19	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	„	Kharganarayan	17-2	Nilphamari H. E. School.
910	„	Kisoricharan	17-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„	Krishnaballabhlal	17-10	Madhipura Shirres Institute.
	„	Kshetramohan	20-7	Jhalakati Government School.
	„	Kshitischandra	18-9	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	„	Kumudbandhab	16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„	Kumudnath	18-5	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„	Lalitmohan	19	Metropolitan Institution.
	„	Manindrachandra	16-8	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	„	Manindramohan	16-2	Dacca Pogose School.
	„	Manmohanlal	19-2	Madhipura Shirres Institution.
920	„	Manomohan	18-1	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	„	Manomohan II	17-2	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„	Manohar	18-2	Dupleix College, Chandernagar.
	„	Mukundmurari	17-9	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	„	Nagendranath	16-1	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„	Nanigopal	16-6	Kotchandpur H. E. School.
	„	Narendrachandra	16-10	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	„	Nibaranchandra	19-2	Habiganj Government High School.
	„	Nikunjabihari	16-11	Ditto.
	„	Nikunjabihari	20-8	Panjia H. E. School.
930	„	Nilmani	18	Mangaldai Aided High School.
	„	Nilmani	18-5	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„	Nityananda	17	Srischandra Institution, Ethora.
	„	Panchanan	16-8	Metropolitan Institution, Bowbazar Branch.
	„	Pareschandra	17	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	„	Pareschandra	16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„	Phanibhushan	22	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„	Phatiklal	17-8	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
	„	Pramadacharan	16-7	Autshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	„	Pramathanath	18	Dacca Collegiate School.
940	„	Prannath	16-7	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„	Priyanath	16-3	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	„	Priyanath	21	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„	Pulinbihari	20-1	Solak Batajor Union Institution.
	„	Purnachandra	17	Feni H. E. School.
	„	Pyarimohan	17-7	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„	Rabinarayan	16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„	Rajkumar Lall	16-10	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	„	Rameschandra	19-6	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„	Rameschandra	17-3	Debrugarh Government High School.
950	„	Rameschandra	16-9	Nabinagarh H. E. School.
	„	Rohinikumar	20-6	Sandwip Cargill H. E. School.
	„	Saradaranjan	19-2	Kesorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.

	Das, Saratchandra	... 18-5	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Sarojkumar	... 16-6	Ranchi Zila School.
	„ Saratkumar	... 18-2	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Satyanarayan	... 18-9	Andul H. C. E. School.
	„ Satyendrakumar	... 17-2	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
	„ Sibendrachandra	... 20-11	Private Student Roll, Mym. P. 5.
	„ Srinath	... 16-7	Bhadrak H. E. School.
960	„ Sripatibhushan	... 19	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Sudhindrachandra	... 16-5	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Surendrakumar	... 17-2	Maldah Zila School.
	„ Surendramohan	... 21-5	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	... 17-11	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Surendranath	... 16-11	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Tarapada	... 16-8	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Upendrachandra	... 18-5	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Umeschandra	... 16-2	Sylhet Government High School.
	Dasbaksi, Abinashchandra	... 17-11	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
970	Dasbasu, Goshthabihari	... 16-4	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	Daschaudhuri, Sibakrishna	... 16-7	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
	Dasghosh, Kisorimohan	... 18-10	Dasghara H. E. School.
	Dasgupta, Ajaychandra	... 16-1	Rangpur Zilla School.
	„ Amulyachandra	... 19-4	Karimganj Aided High School.
	„ Anukulchandra	... 17-1	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	„ Bhupendrachandra	... 18-7	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutiranjan	... 17-6	Noakhali Zila School.
	„ Debendranath	... 18-6	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Dhirananda	... 17-7	Darjeeling High School.
980	„ Dineschandra	... 16-3	Senhati High School.
	„ Gopalprasad	... 16-9	Government High School, Jorhat.
	„ Harimohan	... 18-2	Noakhali Zila School.
	„ Hiralal	... 17-7	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Jitendranath	... 16-6	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
	„ Jyotirindranath	... 16-8	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Kiranchandra	... 16-4	Autshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	„ Lalitkumar	... 16-3	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Mrinmay	... 16-10	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Nagendramohan	... 16-11	Perojpur Government High School.
990	„ Nagendranath	... 19-3	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Nanilal	... 16-8	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Nalinimohan	... 16-4	Senhati High School.
	„ Narendranath	... 16-11	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 17-2	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Pratapchandra	... 16-5	Feni H. E. School.
	„ Ramanimohan	... 17	Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra	... 17-1	Barisal Zila Scool.
	„ Rebatikanta	... 18-7	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Sasadhar	... 16	Patiya High School.
1000	„ Satischandra	... 17	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	„ Satischandra, II	... 18-7	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Satyabrata	... 18-7	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Subodhranjan	... 17-7	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Sukumarranjan	.. 16-1	Ditto ditto.
	„ Surendrachandra	... 16-4	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Taraknath	... 16-5	Purulia Zila School.
	„ Umeschandra	... 16-8	Durgapur H. E. School.
	Dasmahapatra, Chakradhar	... 16	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Daspurkayastha, Nripeschandra	... 17-5	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
1010	„ Upendranath	... 17-7	Ditto ditto.
	Datta, Abanimohan	... 19-6	Baburhat H. E. School.
	„ Amulyachandra	... 16-4	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	„ Anathbandhu	... 20	Satirpara Kali Kumar Institution.
	„ Anathbandhu	... 17-5	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Annadaprasad	... 20	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Apurbakrishna	... 18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Arunchandra	... 16-2	Hughli Collegiate School.

	Datta, Asutosh	... 16-2	Howrah Zila School.
	" Atulkrishna	... 16-2	Private student Roll, Cal., p. 9.
1020	" Balaram	... 18	Pandra H. E. School.
	" Bankimchandra	... 17-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	" Basantakumar	... 17	Mahestala H. E. School.
	" Bhabendranath	... 16-5	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Bhagabaticharan	... 16-11	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	" Bhubanmohan	... 16-2	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	" Bijanchandra	... 16	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Binaybhushan	... 19-2	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Binodbihari	... 18-7	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	" Birendrachandra	... 16-3	Silchar Government High School.
1030	" Birendranath	... 18	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	" Bishnupada	... 18-4	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Chandranath	... 18-8	Government High School, Jorhat.
	" Charuchandra	... 18-1	Cooch-Behar Jenkin's School.
	" Debendranath	... 16-5	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. School.
	" Dineschandra	... 19-2	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	" Durgapada	... 17-2	Sil's Free College.
	" Gangesnath	... 16-5	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Girindrachandra	... 18-2	Karimganj Aided High School.
	" Girindrakumar	... 18	Mymensingh Zila School.
1040	" Gopendranath	... 17-8	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Gopeswar	... 20-2	Salar Edward H. E. School.
	" Haridas	... 16-4	Howrah Zila School.
	" Haridas	... 18-8	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Haripada	... 16-4	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	" Indumati	... ...	Private student Roll, Haz. F. P. I.
	" Jahnabisekhar	... 16-2	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	" Jatindrakumar	... 16-1	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Jatindranath	... 16	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	" Jatindranath	... 17-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1050	" Jatindranath	... 16-10	Nawabganj H. E. School.
	" Jitendranath	... 23-1	Barisal Zila School.
	" Jitendranath	... 19-4	Basirhat H. E. School.
	" Jnanendranath	... 18-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Jnanendranath	... 22-1	Private student Roll, Cal., P. 8.
	" Jogendrachandra	... 16-6	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Jogendrakumar	... 16-11	Gabha High School.
	" Kalipada	... 19	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Khagendranath	... 16-6	Jaynagar Institution.
	" Mahendrachandra	... 17-8	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
1060	" Manindrakumar	... 17-9	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E. School.
	" Manindranath	... 20	Chirkunda H. E. School.
	" Manomohan	... 21-5	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	" Meghnath	... 18-8	Jhalakati Government School.
	" Murarimohan	... 16-8	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	" Nagendrakumar	... 16-3	Jaypur Lohagara Institution.
	" Nalinchandra	... 19-1	Dupleix College, Chandernagar.
	" Nanigopal	... 16-11	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Narendranath	... 19-1	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	" Panchanan	... 17-7	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1070	" Panchanan	... 17-4	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	" Parasuram	... 17-4	Government High School, Jorhat.
	" Phanibhushan	... 18-5	Hughli Branch and Model School.
	" Prabhaschandra	... 17-5	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	" Prabhaskumar	... 16-7	Howrah Zila School.
	" Praphullakumar	... 18-3	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Radhamadhab	... 17-3	Pandra H. E. School.
	" Rajendrakumar	... 20	Sylhet Government High School.
	" Ramanimohan	... 18-11	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Rameschandra	... 16-2	Private Student Roll Cal., p. 22.
1080	" Sachinandan	... 16-9	Belpukur H. E. School.
	" Sailendranath	... 16	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Sailendranath	... 17	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.

	Datta, Sasankasekhar	17-1	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
	„ Sasibhushan	18-4	Kasba H. E. School.
	„ Sasibhushan	20	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Satindrakumar	16-7	Khararia H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra	16-3	Rangdia H. E. School.
	„ Satyendranath	18	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Srischandra	16-2	Khalispur H. E. School.
1090	„ Sukhamay	18-9	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	„ Sunitchandra	16-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Surendranath	17-7	Banaripara Union Institution.
	„ Surendranath	23-1	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	„ Sureschandra	16-2	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Sureschandra	16-7	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Syamakanta	17-2	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Taradas	16-2	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Taraknath	17-10	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	„ Tarapada	16-7	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
1100	Dattachaudhuri, Rasamay	18-3	Raja Girischandra High, Sylhet.
	Dattagupta, Sudhirendranath	17-2	Narikeldanga George High School.
	Dattaray, Brajagopal	16-7	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Sudhirendrakisor	16-4	Private student, Roll. Chi, p. 3.
	Dayawant Sahaya Varma	16	Palamau Zila School.
	De, Anilchandra	16-1	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Aswinikumar	18	Bhola Government High School.
	„ Baradacharan	18-8	Lohajang H. E. School.
	„ Basantakumar	18-8	Patiya High School.
	„ Brajendranarayan	16-2	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
1110	„ Chandrakisor	20-8	Rajkisor Radhamohan Institution, Raipura.
	„ Charuchandra	18-8	Hasara Kalikisor H. E. School.
	„ Chintaharan	16	Araihazar H. E. School.
	„ Dhirendrakrishna	16	Boral H. C. E. School.
	„ Digambarchandra	19	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Girindranath	19-11	Boinchee B. L. Free Institution.
	„ Girischandra	20	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Girischandra	16-4	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„ Hridaychandra	19-10	Harischandra High School, Baniga-chong.
	„ Isanchandra	18	Munsiganj H. E. School.
1120	„ Jatindracharan	17-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath	18-5	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Jibankrishna	16-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Jitendranath	16-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Jyotsnakumar	17-4	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Kalipada	19-1	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	„ Kiranchandra	16-7	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Kisorimohan	20-10	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	„ Kshemeschandra	16-6	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Kumudbandhu	17	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
1130	„ Lalitkumar	16-2	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Madhusudan	17	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	„ Manomohan	18-1	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Manomohan	17-2	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Nagendrachandra	18-7	Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Nalinaksha	16-9	Nasigram H. E. School.
	„ Nandakumar	18-1	Chittagong National Institution.
	„ Nanigopal	16-6	Santipur Municipal School.
	„ Narendranath	16-2	Atheneum Institution.
	„ Pramathanath	17-2	Taki Government School.
1140	„ Praphullachandra	16-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	„ Rajanikanta	23-4	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra	17-10	Brahmanbaria Edward Institution.
	„ Sachindrakumar	19-11	Private Student, Roll Syl. P. 3.
	„ Sachindrakumar	19-2	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Saratchandra	19	Bhola Government High School.
	„ Satischandra	17-2	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.

	De, Satischandra	20-1	R. R. Institution, Raozan.
	„ Satischandra	17-9	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„ Satischandra	17	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
1150	„ Satischandra	17-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	„ Sudhansuranjan	16-6	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Sudhindranath	17-2	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Surendrakumar	17-6	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Syamacharan	18-1	Chittagong National Institution.
	„ Upendranath	16-10	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	Deb, Aswinikumar	17	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Harimohan	20	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Indubhushan	16-2	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Sitanath	18-2	Nabinagar H. E. School.
1160	Debnath, Satyasakha	17-9	Bangora Umalochan H. E. School.
	Debsarma, Tapeswar	16-8	Mangaldai Aided High School.
	Dechaki, Jogendranath	22-1	Teota Academy, Dacca.
	Dechaudhuri, Haragobinda	16-2	Private Student, Roll Bir. 6 P. 14.
	Dejobala Bapaniah	...	Gardner Memorial High School, Calcutta.
	Deka, Anantachandra	17-11	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	„ Habiram	18-5	Ditto
	„ Krishnachandra	17-11	Ditto.
	Deokumar Prasad	18	Chapra Zila School.
	Desarkar, Atulyakumar	17-11	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
1170	„ Mahendrakumar	16-11	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Phanindrakumar	16-11	Balasore Zila School.
	Dhali, Aswinikumar	18-6	Banaripara Union Institution.
	Dhanushdhari Prasad Sinha	17	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	Dhar, Bipinbihari	17-5	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Bipinchandra	17-6	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	„ Dhirendranath	18-1	Bogra Zila School.
	„ Digendrakumar	19-1	Comilla Victoria School.
	„ Hemranjan	16-11	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Jibankrishna	17	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
1180	„ Jnanendrasankar	16-2	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Kesablal	18-11	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	„ Narendrachandra	16	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Paresnath	17-1	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	„ Parimalchandra	18-7	Habiganj Government High School.
	„ Pramodlal	17-1	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Radhikaranjan	17-7	Mahishadal Raj H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	20-6	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	Dhol, Narendramohan	17-3	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	Dhua, Banamali	17-5	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
1190	„ Pramathanath	16-5	Ditto.
	Dhupi, Kartikchandra	18-3	Gaila H. E. School.
	Din Mahammad Khan	17-8	Dacca Pogose School.
	Doerah, Saratkumar	18-1	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Dost Mahammad	18-8	Calcutta Madrasah.
	Dube, Bodhram	18	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	„ Gangaprasad	20-1	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	„ Jamunaprasad	18	Ditto.
	Durga Prasad	18-7	Hathwa Eden School.
	Durga Prasad	16-1	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
1200	Durga Prasad Verma	22	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	Dwibedi, Brindabanchandra	27-4	Private Student, Roll Bal. P. 2.
	Easin Ali Khan	19-6	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	Ebrahim Khan	16-7	Pingna H. E. School.
	E. Tun	18-2	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Farzand Ahmad	16-2	Patna Collegiate School.
	Faujdar Kumar	22-1	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 18.
	Fazal Halim	16-10	Barari Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's H. E. School.
	Fazleuddin Molla	19-10	Pabna Zila School.

	Fazlar Rahim Choudhury	... 16-2	Barisal Zila School.
1210	Gajadhar Lal ...	... 19-2	Arrah Town School.
	Gajadhar Parsad ...	... 16-3	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Gan, Sailendranath ...	... 18-3	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	Ganga Prasad ...	... 19-1	Ranchi Zila School.
	Ganga Prasad Bhotiha ...	... 18-6	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Gangaprasad Singh ...	... 19-6	Dhubri High School.
	Gangopadhyay, Abhayapada	... 24-1	Private Student, Roll Birb. P. 5.
	" Amarnath	... 18-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Dhirendralal	... 16-4	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Dhirendramohan	... 17-2	Dacca Pogose School.
1220	" Dhirendranath	... 16	Kalighat High School.
	" Gangaprasad	... 16-8	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	" Gopalchandra	... 17-9	Kalma Lakshmikanta H. E. School.
	" Haribilas	... 16-3	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	" Hrishikes	... 16-6	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	" Hrishikes	... 21-1	Garbeta H. E. School.
	" Jagadis	... 17-2	Banaripara Union Institution.
	" Kanailal	... 18-1	Barisal Zila School.
	" Lalmohan	... 17-9	Uttarpara Government School.
	" Manmathanath	... 16-1	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
1230	" Mrigendrachandra	16-3	Tejpur High School.
	" Nirmalchandra	... 16-2	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	" Panchanan	... 16-5	Seakhala H. E. School.
	" Panchugopal	... 18-2	Midnapur Town School.
	" Paresnath	... 16-5	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Phanibhushan	... 16-11	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Pulinbihari	... 16-6	Mitra Institution, Bhownipur Branch.
	" Rajendranath	... 16-9	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Ramaprasad	... 17	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.
	" Subodhchandra	... 16-4	Khurda H. E. School.
1240	" Sudhirkumar	... 17-4	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Surathnath	... 17-4	Uluberia H. E. School.
	" Taraknath	... 17-11	Jhenidah H. E. School.
	" Tarapada	... 16-3	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Gaurishankar Narayan	... 19-7	Chapra Zila School.
	Gaurishankor Prasad	... 19-8	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Gayetri Upadhyay	... 20-4	Patna Collegiate School.
	Gazadhar Marwari	... 18-11	Asansole H. E. School.
	Ghatak, Anantakumar	... 16-7	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	" Bhaskarchandra	... 20-1	Kotalpur H. E. School.
1250	" Digindrachandra	... 16-2	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	" Durgaprasanna	... 16-8	Jalpaipuri Zila School.
	" Jatindranath	... 21-8	Barrackpur Government School.
	" Taraknath	... 16-3	Palong H. E. School.
	" Taranath	... 16-10	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 35.
	" Upendranath	... 17-6	Howrah Zila School.
	Ghorai, Bankimbihari	... 17-5	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Ghosh, Abhayacharan	... 21-7	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	" Amalchandra	... 17-6	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Amulyacharan	... 16-1	Bhagalpur Zila School.
1260	" Amarendranath	... 17	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Arunchandra	... 17-7	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	" Asutosh	... 19-3	Dhubri High School.
	" Asutosh	... 16-2	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Balahari	... 19-5	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	" Banbihari	... 16-7	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	" Bankimbihari	... 20-8	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	" Bhabendrabijay	... 18-3	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Biharilal	... 21-11	Cooch-Behar Jenkin's School.
	" Bijaykrishna	... 16-7	Jaynagar Institution.
1270	" Binodbihari	... 19-1	Salap H. E. School.
	" Birendranath	... 16-9	Shillong Government High School.
	" Bishnudas	... 17-8	Baruipur H. E. School.

	Ghosh, Bishnupada	... 19-4	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Bisweswarchandra	... 16	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	" Chandicharan	... 18-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Charuchandra	... 17-3	Gobardanga H. E. School.
	" Charuchandra	... 18	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	" Charukumar	... 16-5	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Chintaharan	... 17-4	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
1280	" Dasarathi	... 16-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Dayalprasad	... 16-8	Konnagar H. E. School.
	" Debnath	... 18-4	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 16-3	Naihati Mahendra School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 18	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 17-2	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	" Ganeschandra	... 16-9	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Girindralal	... 18	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Girindranath	... 18-11	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	" Gobindasaran	... 18-7	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
1290	" Gopikrishna	... 20-9	Private Student, Roll Birb. P. 6.
	" Harendrakumar	... 16-11	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Raruli.
	" Harendranarayan	... 17-9	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	" Harendranath	... 17-10	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Haricharan	... 17	Narit Nyayaratna Institution.
	" Haridhan	... 16-2	Uttarpara Government School.
	" Harischandra	... 16	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Harisadhan	... 18-1	Taki Government School.
	" Hemantakumar	... 19-5	Bogra Zila School.
	" Hemendrakrishna	... 16-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
1300	" Hemendranath	... 16-3	Khulna Zila School.
	" Hemendranath	... 18-6	Dhubri High School.
	" Indubhushan	... 16-4	Thakurgaon H. E. School.
	" Indubhushan	... 19	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Induprakriti	... ...	Alexander Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	" Jagadindranath	... 17-3	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Jagadischandra	... 17	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Janakinath	... 18-3	Kasba H. E. School.
	" Jasodakinkar	... 16-4	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Jibankrishna	... 17-3	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
1310	" Jitendrakisor	... 16-7	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	" Jitendranath	... 16-6	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Jogendramohan	... 18	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
	" Jogini	... ...	Alexander Girls' High School, Mymensingh.
	" Jyotirmay	... 16-2	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	" Kalicharan	... 17-7	Andul H. C. E. School.
	" Kalidas	... 18-7	Sankari H. E. School.
	" Kalipada	... 18-2	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Kaminikumar	... 26-11	Private student, Roll Com. P. 2.
	" Kedarnath	... 19-3	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
1320	" Kirankumar	... 16-9	Comilla Zila School.
	" Krishnapada	... 16-2	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	" Kshitibhushan	... 16-7	Harina Chalitatali Edward Institution.
	" Kshitischandra	... 17-7	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	" Kshitischandra	... 17-8	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	" Lalbihari	... 16-7	Bagati H. E. School.
	" Lalitmohan	... 18-6	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	" Lalitmohan	... 16-5	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	" Manimohan	... 17-3	Comilla Zila School.
	" Manindramohan	... 18-2	Ripon Collegiate School.
1330	" Manindranath	... 16-7	Mitra Institution Bhowanipur Branch.
	" Manmathanath	... 17-3	Jangipur H. E. School.
	" Manoranjan	... 17-1	Madaripur H. E. School.

	Ghosh, Mohitkumar	...	17-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Mrityunjay	...	19-11	Bankura Zila School.
	" Nagendranath	...	19-2	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	" Nagendranath	...	16-11	Memari V. M. Institution.
	" Nagendranath	...	21-6	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	" Nagendranath	...	17-1	Badla H. C. E. School.
	" Nagendranath	...	17-10	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
1340	" Nalinaksha	...	16-4	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	" Narayanchandra	...	19-11	Beldanga G. S. H. E. School.
	" Narendranath	...	20-3	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School.
	" Narendranath	...	16-11	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 27.
	" Narendranath, I	...	17-5	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	" Nareschandra	...	16-7	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	" Niradkrishna	...	17-8	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Nitaichand	...	16-1	Mahespur H. E. School.
	" Nityananda	...	17-4	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	" Panchanan	...	16-1	Dhankuria H. E. School.
1350	" Panchanan	...	18-9	Memari V. M. Institution.
	" Paresnath	...	17	Calcutta High School.
	" Phanibhushan	...	17-1	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	" Prabhakar	...	16-10	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Prabhaschandra	...	16-1	Serampur Union Institution.
	" Prabhatchandra	...	19-5	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Pramadabhushan	...	17-2	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	" Pramathanath	...	16-11	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	" Pramathanath	...	16-4	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	" Pramathanath	...	17-4	Pabna Zila School.
1360	" Praphullakumar	...	16-4	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	" Priyanath	...	16-2	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	" Rajendracharan	...	18-11	Barisal Zila School.
	" Ramanikanta	...	19	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	...	16-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Sachindranath	...	18-1	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Sachipati	...	19-11	Birsinha Bhagabati Vidyalaya.
	" Sailendranath	...	19-1	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Raruli.
	" Salilkumar	...	17-7	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	" Santikumar	...	16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
1370	" Saralkumar	...	16-3	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Saratchandra	...	20-1	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Sasadhar	...	18-4	Dumka Zila School.
	" Sasibhushan	...	16-8	Bankura Zila School.
	" Satischandra	...	16-5	Narail Subdivisional H. E. School.
	" Satischandra	...	18-1	Taki Government School.
	" Satischandra	...	17-5	Jamtara Jung Bahadur Coronation School.
	" Satischandra	...	17-10	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	" Satischandra	...	19-3	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Satischandra	...	21-10	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
1380	" Satischandra	...	21	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	" Satyendrakumar	...	16-6	Badrunnessa H. E. School, Paschimgaon.
	" Satyendranath	...	17-1	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Siddheswar	...	16-5	Katwa H. E. School.
	" Sisirkumar	...	20-8	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	" Subodhkumar	...	16-5	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	" Sudarsan	...	17-11	Andul H. C. E. School.
	" Sudhirkumar	...	18	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Sudhirkrishna	...	16-5	Oriental Seminary Calcutta.
	" Sukumar	...	16-7	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur
1390	" Sureschandra, I	...	16-10	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	" Sureschandra, II	...	17-4	Ditto.
	" Susilkumar	...	17-5	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Upendrachandra	...	16-4	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Taraknath	...	17-7	Barasat Government School.
	Ghoshal, Bibhutibhushan	...	16-10	Mitra Institution Bhowanipur Branch.

	Ghoshal, Brajendakumar	... 18-3	Ukhara H. E. School.
	„ Manmathanath	... 19-7	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	„ Prandhan	... 17-4	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Santoshchandra	... 16-1	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
1400	„ Santoshkumar	... 16-1	Uluberia H. E. School.
	Ghoshchaudhuri, Anupkumar	... 17-7	Atheneum Institution.
	„ Matilal	... 18	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Nirmalchandra	... 16-1	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	Ghoshdastidar, Nirmalchandra	... 16-4	Faridpur Zila School.
	Ghoshmaulik, Batakrishna	... 17-2	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	Giri, Ghanasyam	... 21	Kendrapara H. E. School.
	Girija Narayan	... 16-2	Dinapur Aided H. E. School.
	Gogai, Chakreswar	... 17-8	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	Gokul Singh	... 16-10	Darjeeling High School.
1410	Golam Sobhan Mondal	... 17	Okersa H. E. School.
	Goolam Mohamed	... 20	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Gop, Hemantakumar	... 23-3	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	Gopiballbh Sahay	... 16-1	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	Gopinath Dobe	... 20-3	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Gopinath Gartia	... 17-10	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	Goswami, Birendrakumar	... 17-8	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Gaurchandra	... 23-5	Private student, Roll Bank. P. 4.
	„ Harakrishna	... 17-7	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Jadupati	... 17-9	Jamtara Jung Bahadur Coronation School.
1420	„ Kaliyadaman	... 18-2	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	„ Lakshminarayan	... 20-11	Nasigram H. E. School.
	„ Nabahas	... 16-2	Nowgong High School.
	„ Naliniranjan	... 18-8	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Nripendranath	... 17-11	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	„ Nrityagopal	... 18-9	Kushtia H. E. School.
	„ Prabhaschandra	... 16-3	Santipur Municipal School.
	„ Prandhan	... 16	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	„ Purnananda	... 19-11	Mankar H. E. School.
	„ Ramkrishna	... 17-6	Singur Mahamaya Institution.
1430	„ Rukminiraman	... 20-8	Private student, Roll Syl. P. 1.
	„ Srischandra	... 16-2	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Tarinikanta	... 18-4	Tejpur High School.
	„ Upendranath	... 16-10	Senhati High School.
	Gouri Ram	... 18-5	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Govind Rao	... 17	Kidderpur Academy.
	Guha, Atulchandra	... 16-3	Perojpur Government High School.
	„ Birendralal	... 19-5	Saroatali H. E. School.
	„ Chiranjib	... 18-4	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Dhirendramohan	... 17-1	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
1440	„ Dhirendranath	... 17-8	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Hemendrakumar	... 16-5	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	„ Hemendranath	... 21	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Jagadischandra	... 18-9	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Jatindranarayan	... 16-9	Dinajpur Zila School.
	„ Jitendranath	... 17-1	Baisari H. E. School.
	„ Nripendranarayan	... 17-3	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Nripendraprasad	... 17-7	Mymensingh Zila School.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 17-2	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Priyalal	... 20-1	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 2.
1450	„ Sukumarchandra	... 16-4	Natore Maharajah's High School.
	„ Susantachandra	... 17	Comilla Zila School.
	Guharay, Jitendranath	... 16-4	Mymensingh Zila School.
	„ Nikhilranjan	... 18-7	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	Guhathakurta, Bimalchandra	... 16-3	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Kiranchandra	... 16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 18-9	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Sanjibkumar	... 16-5	Mymensingh Zila School.

	Gulam Sarwar	... 17-4	Barh Bayley H. E. School.
	Gulzar Raya	... 19-1	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
1460	Gupta, Bhupatimohan	... 17-5	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Bijaysri	... 16-2	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Brajendramohan	... 16-9	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Debendranath	... 17-6	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Dhirendrachandra	... 16-6	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Dwijendramohan	... 17-8	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Harendranath	... 16-2	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Indubhushan	... 20-3	Senhati High School.
	" Jogeschandra	... 17	Kasba H. E. School.
	" Kiranchandra	... 17-1	Khulna Zila School.
1470	" Kshitindrakumar	... 17	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Krishnadas	... 16-6	Barasat Government School.
	" Kunjabihari	... 16-5	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Lilananda	... 18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Nagendranath	... 17-4	Barisal Zila School.
	" Niranjan	... 16-4	Krishanath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Niraprabha	... ...	Private Student, Roll Mym. F. P. 1.
	" Pasupati	... 18-4	Torekona Jagabandhu H. E. School.
	" Pramodranjan	... 17-8	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	" Purnendu	... 18-7	Ranchi Zila School.
1480	" Rameschandra	... 16-8	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	" Rasbihari	... 18	Aryya Mission Institution.
	" Saradacharan	... 19-10	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	" Sarbeswar	... 17-3	Barisal Zila School.
	" Sudha	...	Brahma Girls' School.
	" Sudhansukumar	... 16-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Tatini	... ...	Bethune Collegiate School.
	Habibur Rahman	... 20-11	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
	Hajarika, Dibakar	... 16	Tejpur High School.
	Hajra, Bijaymadhab	... 16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
1490	" Birendranath	... 17	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	" Dwijapada	... 17-7	Bhaita H. E. School.
	" Gajendranath	... 18	Pingla K. K. Institution.
	" Khagendranath	... 17-11	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
	" Khagendranath	... 16-6	Jamtara Jang Bahadur Coronation School.
	" Parimal	...	Diocesan Collegiate School.
	" Prankrishna	... 18-6	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	" Sachinandan	... 18-2	Midnapur Town School.
	" Saradaprasad	... 20	Kalighat High School.
	" Saratchandra	... 17-4	Nasigram H. E. School.
1500	Haldar, Atindranath	... 16-2	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Kalipada	... 17-6	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
	" Nrityakali	... 17-2	Bhastarah H. E. School.
	" Pulinbihari	... 17-5	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. E. School.
	" Ramanath	... 16-11	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Saradaprasad	... 21-11	Jaynagar Institution.
	" Satischandra	... 26-7	Teacher, Roll Cal. T. 5.
	" Satyendranath	... 17-4	Calcutta High School.
	Hla Tin	... 18-6	Government High School, Prome.
	Halkhori Ram	... 18-2	Sasseram H. E. School.
1510	Hamid Ali Miah	... 18	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Hanumanprasad Saraph	... 16-1	Shree Vishuddhananda Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Hardeva Narayan	... 17-6	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Hassan Aley Ahamed	... 18-1	Dinajpur Zila School.
	Hor, Rajendranath	... 17-1	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	Indra Dewan Saran	... 16-7	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Ishwar Dayal Sinha	... 19-7	Buxar H. E. School.
	Jadu Nandan Parshad	... 18-10	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Jagannath Prasad	... 19-3	Chapra Zila School.
	Jagannath Prasad Singh	... 16-9	Bihar H. C. E. School.

1520	Jagdish Nandan Sinha	...	18-11	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Jagatananda	...	18	Chapra Zila School.
	Jagadish Prasad	...	18	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Jahiruddin Sarker	...	17-10	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	Jainath Prosad	...	19-10	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Jana, Banbihari	...	17-11	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Bhupatilal...	...	20-2	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	„ Bikramaditya	...	21	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Jajneswar	...	16-10	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	...	18-7	Midnapur Town School.
1530	Jha, Chandrashekher	...	22-11	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	„ Jaddoo	...	18-7	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	„ Keshabnath	...	20-6	Ditto ditto.
	„ Maheswarprasad	...	16-2	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Oudh Lall	...	18-1	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	„ Riddhinath	...	18-4	Ditto ditto.
	„ Tribeni Kant	...	19-5	Ditto ditto.
	Jamil Ahmad	...	17	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Jamuna Prasad	...	20-9	Buxar H. E. School.
	Jamuna Prasad	...	17-5	Arrah Zila School.
1540	Jang Bahadur Lal	...	17	Arrah Town School.
	Jaspat Roy Verma	...	16	Gaya Zila School.
	Jawahirmal Ratnoo	...	21-5	Private Student, Roll. Cal. P. 14.
	Jwala Prasad	...	16-3	Bethia Raj H. E. School.
	Jaglal Mahto	...	17-3	Chapra Zila School.
	Jaydeb Khan	...	17-9	Srischandra Institution, Etmora.
	Kanailal Jhunjhunwala	...	16-5	Raniganj H. E. School.
	Kabi, Padmalabh	...	18-2	Chaibasa Zila School.
	Kabiraj, Purnachandra	...	19-3	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	Kailash Prasad	...	18-7	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
1550	Kajemuddin Ahmed	...	17-6	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Kakati Now Ram	...	16-7	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	Kali Prasad ...	...	16-3	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Kalimuddin Ahmed	...	17-10	Bogra Zila School
	Kamala Prasad	...	17-7	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Kameshwari Prasad	...	18-1	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Kandhji Sahai	...	19-11	Patna Collegiate School.
	Kanhaiyalal Chittangia	...	18-3	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Kanhucharan Bassa	...	16-8	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	Kanhjee Sahai	...	16-7	Gaya Town H. E. School.
1560	Kanji, Upendranath	...	18-10	Taltola H. E. School.
	Kantal, Nataikisor	...	18-1	Bawali H. E. School.
	Kanungo Kalikaranjan	...	18-7	Saroatali H. E. School.
	Kar, Bankimchandra	...	16-6	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	„ Birupaksha	...	17-5	Puri Zila School.
	„ Chapalakanta	...	19-2	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„ Gajendranath	...	17-3	Mahishabad Raj H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan	...	20-2	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Khagendralal	...	17-3	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Matilal	...	16-10	Rangdia H. E. School,
1570	„ Nagendranath	...	16-5	Balasore Zila School.
	„ Nilambar	...	19-2	Puri Zila School.
	Karamchand Prasad	...	24-10	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Karam Sinha Mahto	...	17-7	Ranchi Zila School.
	Karan, Upendranath	...	17-1	Mahishadal Raj H. E. School.
	Karfarma, Radhapada	...	17-5	Hetampar Raj H. E. School.
	Karmakar, Banamali	...	18	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	„ Haripada	...	19-5	Taki Government School.
	„ Kaliprasanna	...	19-11	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Nagendranath	...	16-4	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
1580	„ Nagendrachandra	...	16-8	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
	„ Radharanjan	...	20-4	Arambagh H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	...	17-11	Barisal Zila School.
	Kasimuddin Ahmed ...	...	19-2	Cooch-Bihar Jenkins School.
	Kasinath Sahai ...	...	16-9	Siwan V. M. H. E. School.
	Kaur, Karindranarayan	...	18-10	Dhubri High School,

	Kayemuddin Ahmed	... 19-10	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Kazi Abdul Moujud	... 16	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Ajahar Ali	... 16-8	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	" Alim Ullah	... 18-10	Feni H. E. School.
1590	Kedar Nath ...	... 17-1	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Kedarnath Verma	... 20	Patna Collegiate School.
	Kesho Lall ...	... 18	Monghyr Zila School.
	Khajeh Ahammud	... 21-2	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	Khaliluddin Bhuyah	... 17-5	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.
	Khalilur Rohman Khan	... 18	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Khan, Amritalal	... 16-9	Muragachha H. E. School.
	" Narendrachandra	... 16-8	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Ramrenu	... 16-1	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	Khara, Khagendranath	... 16-8	Shashati Nahala Abinash H. E. School.
1600	Khatua, Satischandra	... 18-4	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Khondker Ali Hossain	... 19-11	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Khondkar Dadelahi	... 17-8	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Khondaker Hosain Reza	... 17-10	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	Khorshed Ali Khan	... 19-7	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	Khurshid Ali Choudhury	... 17-11	Silchar Government High School.
	Kishore Narain	... 17-4	B. B. Col. School, Muzaffarpur.
	Kole Kshudiram	... 16-11	Memari V. M. Institution.
	Krishnadeoprashad Varma	... 21-3	Hathwa Eden School.
	Kumar Kalyan Lal	... 16-5	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
1610	Kumbhakar Basantaranjan	... 16-2	Chaibasa Zila School.
	Kundu, Baidyanath	... 16-11	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	" Binaybhushan	... 17	Maldah Zila School.
	" Binaylal	... 18-1	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	" Debendranath	... 16-2	Bantra Madhusudan Pal Chaudhuri H. E. School.
	" Dharanidhar	... 16-1	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	" Jibankrishna	... 16-2	Howrah Zila School.
	" Jogendrakumar	... 16-4	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Jogeschandra ...	... 17-4	Kushtia H. E. School.
	" Manmathanath	... 18-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1620	" Rajendrachandra	... 16-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Ramkrishna	... 17	Chanchartala Sidheswari H. E. School.
	" Saktipada	... 16-2	Okersa H. E. School.
	" Sibtosh	... 16-8	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	Kushiari, Brajagopal	... 18	Banaripara Union Institution.
	" Jogeschandra	... 17	P. R. Institution, Kirtipara.
	Kyaw Zan Hla	... 21-3	Akyab Government High School.
	L. Choon Foung	... 16-3	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	Laha, Akshaykumar	... 17-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Sureschandra	... 17-3	Scotish Churches Collegiate School.
1630	Lahiri, Abanikanta	... 17-1	Maldah Zila School.
	" Asutosh	... 18-7	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	" Aswinikumar	... 17-5	Karakdi H. E. School.
	" Harendranath	... 17-3	Ranchi Zila School.
	" Hridayranjan	... 16-7	Rangpur Zila School.
	" Jatindramohan	... 18	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Praphullakamal	... 17-3	Cooch-Bihar Jenkins School.
	" Sanjibchandra	... 20-5	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	" Satyendramohan	... 19-11	Pabna Zila School.
	" Satyendranath	... 16-8	Cooch-Bihar Jenkins School.
1640	" Subodhchandra	... 16-9	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	" Sudharanjan	... 16-1	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Sudhansusekhar	... 16-11	Rangpur Zila School.
	" Taraprasanna	... 16-7	Jamirta H. E. School.
	Lakshmi Narayan	... 20-7	Chapra Zila School
	Lala Gonesh Prasad	... 16-2	Jamui H. E. School.
	" Jyotish Chandra	... 18	Dumka Zila School.
	" Munindra Prasad	... 17-7	Birbhum Zila School.
	Lalita Prasad Verma	... 16-4	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
	Lalla Damodar Ray	... 19-2	Puri Zila Shcool.

1650	Lama Pratiman Singh	...	16-11	Darjeeling High School.
	Laskar Sajaniranjan	...	16-8	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	Lim Htain-Whet	...	20-2	Government High School, Moulmein.
	Lutfar Rahman Tarafdar	...	16-8	Hare School, Calcutta.
	Madan Mohan Prasad	...	16-1	Patna Collegiate School.
	Mahabir Prasad	...	17-11	Patna City School.
	Mahadeo Sahay	...	17-1	Gopalganj V. M. H. E. School.
	Mahadeva Lal	...	18-7	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Mahalanabis Atulchandra	...	17-1	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Bankimchandra	...	16	Munsiganj H. E. School.
1660	„ Hemchandra	...	17-2	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Parswanath	...	16-3	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	Mahamad Abdul Aziz Mea	...	18-3	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Hassen Khan	...	18-10	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	„ Kamaluddin	...	18-3	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Sadeque	...	18-8	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Harrun-al-Rashid	...	18-7	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	„ Zakaria	...	17-10	Salar Edward H. E. School.
	Mahanta, Indreswar	...	19-6	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	Mahanti Charuchandra	...	18-3	Contai H. E. School.
1670	„ Damodar	...	21-1	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Gobindachandra	...	19-5	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Gurucharan	...	17-6	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	„ Haricharan	...	16-11	Puri Zila School.
	„ Kartikchandra	...	19-8	Jajpur H. E. School.
	„ Lakshmidhar	...	17-7	Ditto.
	„ Madhusudan	...	18-3	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„ Nandakisor	...	18-7	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Nisamani	...	18-6	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	„ Phakircharan	...	16-6	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
1680	„ Satyananda	...	18-5	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Mahapatra, Banchhanidhi	...	16-3	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Bhagirathi, II	...	22-3	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	„ Lemuel	...	19-1	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	Maharana, Rajaniranjan	...	19-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Mahbubuddin Ahmed	...	16-5	Barisal Zila School.
	Mahesh Narain Srivastva	...	18-8	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
	Maheshwar Prasad	...	18-8	Siwan V. M. H. E. School.
	Mahtabuddin Ahmed	...	17	Jessore Zila School.
	Maiti, Pareschandra	...	18-10	Contai H. E. School.
1690	„ Praphullakumar	...	16-5	Ditto ditto.
	„ Ramchandra	...	19-4	Parbatipur Patitpabani H. E. School.
	Maitra, Amiyachandra	...	17-4	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Baradaprasanna	...	18-2	Aryya Mission Institution.
	„ Dharanikanta	...	17	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Dhirendranath	...	20-4	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Ganeschandra	...	18	Andul H. C. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan	...	19-5	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath	...	17-1	Purnea Zila School.
	„ Jnanendranath	...	19-1	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
1700	„ Kshitischandra	...	17-9	Kurigram H. E. School.
	„ Nimaichand	...	16-5	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	...	16-2	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Rabindranath	...	16	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra	...	16	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	„ Sudarsanchandra	...	16-5	Rangpur Zila School.
	„ Suresnath	...	17-11	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	„ Upendranath	...	17-1	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	Maji, Durgacharan	...	18-4	Jharia H. E. School.
	Majibuddin Ahmed	...	17-5	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
1710	Majumdar, Annadacharan	...	16-6	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Atulgobinda	...	16-6	Rangpur Zila School.
	„ Brajagopal	...	16-2	Kushtia H. E. School.
	„ Chunilal	...	17-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Dasarathi	...	16	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Dhirendrachandra	...	16-10	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.

	Majumdar, Dhirendranath ...	16	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Girindrakumar ...	16-7	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	„ Harabilas	16-3	Gopalganj Mathuranath Institution.
	„ Indubhusban ...	16-5	Puri Zila School.
1720	„ Jadabchandra ...	19-8	Harina Chalitatali Edward Institution.
	„ Jatindrakumar ...	16-10	Kartikhur H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	18-4	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Jyotishchandra ...	17-11	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	„ Khagendrachandra ...	16-3	Ramgopalpur P. J. K. High School.
	„ Krishnahari ...	19-4	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	„ Lalitchandra ...	17-2	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Mahendrakumar ...	19-2	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Makhanlal	19-2	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Mohinimohan ...	16	Netrakona Dutt High School.
1730	„ Nagendranath ...	18-8	C. M. S. High School, Calcutta.
	„ Nripendranath ...	16-10	Basirhat H. E. School.
	„ Ramaniranjan ...	20-1	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Sasadhar	16-8	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Satischandra ...	19-1	Comilla Victoria School.
	„ Saurindralal ...	16-4	Saroatali H. E. School.
	„ Subodhchandra ...	16-3	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	„ Suniti	...	Private Student, Roll F. P. 1.
	„ Surathkumar ...	17-3	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Sureshchandra ...	16-3	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
1740	„ Tarakadas	18-7	Shillong Government High School.
	„ Upendrachandra ...	18-9	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	Malakar, Anantakumar ...	16-3	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Jatadhar	18-9	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Srischandra	16-7	Jaypur Lohagura Institution.
	Mallik, Bhaktapada	16-4	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	„ Debendranath	17-10	Midnapur Town School.
	„ Dulalchandra	18-7	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	„ Jnanendranath... ...	17-1	Hughli Branch and Model School.
	„ Murarimohan	17-11	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
1750	„ Narendranath	17-1	Hughli Branch and Model School.
	„ Saradinduprakas ...	16-1	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Sudhansukumar ...	16-6	Chapra Zila School.
	„ Sukumar	16	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	Mandal, Agarchand	17-2	Araria H. E. School.
	„ Amulyaratan	17-2	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	„ Atulkrishna	19-4	Sahebganj H. E. School.
	„ Bholanath	19-11	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
	„ Brajamohan	18-1	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Brajendranath ...	16-9	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
1760	„ Gourchandra	19-5	Asansol H. E. School.
	„ Gokulchandra... ...	17-9	Ramgopalpur High School.
	„ Gurudas	19-3	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Harabhushan	16-7	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Jagatchandra	21-5	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„ Janakinath	18-2	Sahebganj H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	17-2	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	„ Jaykrishna	16-10	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Jitendranath	16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Jnanendranath ...	17-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
1770	„ Manimohan	19-5	Bawali H. E. School.
	„ Mohinimohan ...	19-7	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Nilkantha	21-6	Garbeta H. E. School.
	„ Praphullakumar ...	16-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Ramchand	19-11	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	„ Rasaraj	20-4	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	„ Ratikanta	19-10	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	„ Saratchandra	17-4	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	„ Satyacharan	16-7	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	„ Sibamay	17-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1780	„ Sibchandra	16-8	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.

	Manna, Upondranath ...	...	17-11	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	Maqsudul Hossain ...	...	16-8	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	Masanta, Pulinbihari ...	...	17-7	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	Maschatak Nagendranath	...	17-6	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	M. K. Masilamani ...	...	17-10	A. B. M. High School, Mandalay.
	Math, Panchanan ...	...	16-6	Sanjipur Municipal School.
	Matiur Rahman ...	...	16-7	Chittagong Madrasa.
	Maulik, Birendranath ...	...	16-4	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Gopalchandra ...	...	19-2	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
1790	Maung Aung Kyaw ...	...	17-7	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Aye Maung ...	...	16-1	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Ba ...	...	17-5	St. John's College, S.P.G., Rangoon.
	„ Ba Chit ...	...	19-4	Government High School, Maulmein.
	„ Ba Han ...	...	19	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Ba Saw ...	...	19-11	Private Student, Roll Ran. P. 5.
	„ Ba Thaung ...	...	17	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	„ Ba Thin ...	...	17-2	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Chit Tun ...	...	16-5	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Chit Twa ...	...	17-1	Government High School, Maulmein.
1800	„ Gale ...	...	18-1	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Ko Gale ...	...	18-8	Government High School, Rangoon.
	„ Lwin ...	...	16-3	Government High School, Maulmein.
	„ Maung ...	...	19-1	Government High School, Prome.
	„ Maung ...	...	19-1	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	„ On Pe ...	...	17-3	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ On Shwe ...	...	17-4	Government High School, Maulmein.
	„ Po Tun ...	...	22-3	Private Student, Roll Ran. P. 1.
	„ Sain Pe ...	...	16-4	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Sein Loon ...	...	16-4	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
1810	„ Than ...	...	16-9	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	„ Tha Zan ...	...	19-6	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Thein Maung ...	...	16-8	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Thin, (i) ...	...	18 ?	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	„ Thwin ...	...	17	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Tin Maung ...	...	18-2	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	„ Tint ...	...	18-7	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	„ Tun Aung ...	...	20-6	Akyab Government High School.
	„ Tun E. ...	...	17-1	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	„ Tun Tin ...	...	17-3	Ditto, ditto.
1820	„ Usoof ...	...	20-2	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Mazharul Karim ...	...	16-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	M. Bashirul Huq ...	...	18-8	Gaya Zila School.
	Md. Abu Sayeed ...	...	19	Calcutta Madrasa.
	„ Arfan Ali ...	...	18-2	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Gholam Husain ...	...	18-2	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	„ Hafizul Huq ...	...	16-6	Calcutta Madrasa.
	„ Ishaque ...	...	17-1	Ranchi Zila School.
	„ Ishaque ...	...	17-1	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„ Khalil ...	...	17	Ditto.
1830	„ Qamrul Hoda ...	...	17-1	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	„ Saidur Rahman ...	...	18-8	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Rashidul Huq ...	...	16-1	Gaya Zila School.
	„ Saleem ...	...	16-1	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	„ Somed Ali ...	...	19-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Taheruddin ...	...	17	Rajshahi Collgiate School.
	„ Umair ...	...	17-1	Patna Collegiate School.
	„ Jahir Khan ...	...	18-7	Ditto ditto.
	M. Fukhruddin ...	...	16-1	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Mg. Ba Chit ...	...	16-2	Government High School, Rangoon.
1840	„ Ba Maung ...	...	19-1	Private Student, Roll Ran P. 6.
	„ Ba Zan ...	...	17-6	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	„ Gale ...	...	16	Government High School, Rangoon.
	„ Hla Gyaw ...	...	18-2	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	„ Maung ...	...	19-9	Government High School, Rangoon.
	„ Po Kaung ...	...	20-4	Ditto ditto.
	„ San Nyun ...	...	16-10	St. Patrick's Institution, Maulmein.

	Mg, Saw Lwin	18	Government High School, Rangoon.
	„ Sit Ned	21	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	„ Tun	18-2	Government High School, Rangoon.
1850	„ Tun Aung	18-4	Ditto ditto.
	„ Tun Myine	16-3	St. Patrick's Institution, Maulmein.
	„ Tun Tin	16-5	St. Peters High School, Mandalay.
	Mhd. Maniruddin	16-2	Monghyr Training Academy.
	Mihir Chandra	17	Ranchi Zila School.
	Mir Abdul Hai	17-8	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Pear Ali	19-3	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Mirza Abdul Karim	18-10	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Afsaruddin	17-1	Dacca Madrasa.
	„ Ismail	20-10	Balasore Zila School.
1860	Misra, Balabhadra	19-8	Puri Zila School.
	„ Balakrishna	16-9	Ditto.
	„ Dasarathi	16-1	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Dinabandhu	26-8	Puri Zila School.
	„ Jagannath	18-2	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„ Jagannath	18-3	Puri Zila School.
	„ Lingaraj	17	Ditto.
	„ Madanmohan	16-5	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Sankarprasad	16-9	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	„ Saratchandra	17-3	Tamluk Hamilton School.
1870	„ Smritinath	18-6	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	Mitra, Anadischandra	17-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Arunkumar	17-3	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„ Bankimchandra	16-2	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Bhabatosh	16-6	Raniganj H. E. School.
	„ Bholanath	21-7	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Bhujangabhushan	16-4	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Bidhubhushan	19-5	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„ Bijayabhushan	16-10	Dumka Zila School.
	„ Bijaykrishna	16-1	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
1880	„ Brajendranath	16-1	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Brishabhasan	16-5	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	„ Charuchandra	17-2	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	„ Dasarathi	16-8	Gustia K. N. H. E. School.
	„ Dayamay	17-1	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Debendranath	17-1	Midnapur Hindu School.
	„ Dhirendramohan	16-4	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Dwipendranath	17	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Gaurhari	17-1	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Gokulchandra	18-7	Balasore Zila School.
1890	„ Golakchandra	17-1	Collins' Institute, Calcutta.
	„ Harakrishna	17-1	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Hemchandra	19-3	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	„ Hemendranath	16-3	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„ Hrishikes	17-5	Jaynagar Institution.
	„ Jagadishchandra	16-3	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Jitendranath	17	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Jnanchandra	17	Faridpur Zila School
	„ Jogeschandra	16-4	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Kaminikumar	17-10	Private Student, Roll Bog. P. 2.
1900	„ Kanailal	16-10	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Krishnacharan	16-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Kshitishchandra	18-2	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Manindranath	16-10	Balasore Zila School.
	„ Manindranath	17-10	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Manmathanath	19-6	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	„ Manmathanath	16-3	Hindu School. Calcutta.
	„ Matindranath	17-2	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	Nagendranath	16-2	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Nandagopal	16-6	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
1910	„ Narendrakrishna	17-4	Scottish Churches Collegiate School
	„ Narendranath	18-11	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	„ Narendranath	17	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.

	Mitra, Nareschandra ...	... 16-5	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Nirmalchandra ...	... 19-2	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Nutbihari ...	... 18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Phanibhushan ...	... 18-2	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	„ Phanindranath ...	... 17-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... 16	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... 16-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
1920	„ Prabodhchandra	... 17-1	Gabardanga H. E. School.
	„ Praphullachandra	... 16-10	Bawali H. E. School.
	„ Prasaddas ...	... 18-4	Private Student Roll Cal. p. 4.
	„ Rabindralal ...	... 17-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Rajendranath ...	... 18-4	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	„ Ramendraprasad	... 17-6	Howrah J. R. Belilios Institution.
	„ Rameschandra ...	... 16-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Ramranjan ...	... 18	Pakur Raj H. E. School.
	„ Saratchanda ...	... 17-1	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Satkari ...	... 17-1	Chapra Zila School.
1930	„ Subodhchandra ...	... 16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Sudhirchandra ...	... 16-3	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	„ Surendranath ...	... 18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Upendranath ...	... 16-6	Ripon Collegiate School.
	M. K. Jairam Sastry ...	... 17	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Mobarak Ali ...	... 16-2	Bhola Government High School.
	Mobarak Ali ...	... 19-5	Ramgopalpur High School.
	Modabbir Husain Choudhuri	... 18-6	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Mohadeo Prasad ...	... 17	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Mohamed Ebrahim ...	... 19-8	Government High School, Prome.
1940	Mohamed Esoof ...	... 17-6	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Mohammad Abdul Jalil	... 17-11	Arrah Zila School.
	Mohammad Abdur Rashid	... 16-1	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Mohammad Faeq ...	... 23-1	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	Mohammad Hesamul Huque	... 16	Arrah Zila School.
	Mohammad Husnain ...	... 16	Siwan V. M. H. E. School.
	Mohammad Ismail ...	... 17-10	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	„ Ismail ...	... 17-3	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	„ Mozaffor Hossain	... 16-9	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Sirajul Haquo	... 21-8	Darjeeling High School.
1950	„ Yakub Hossain	... 19	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Zainul Abdeen	... 16-7	Gaya Zila School.
	„ Zakir ...	... 16-1	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Mohammed Monsur Ali Shaikh	... 20-2	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Sabbed Ali	... 19-2	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Mohan Prashad ...	... 20-9	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Mohd. Yusuf Imam ...	... 16-2	Private Student Roll Pat P. 5.
	Mohiuddin Ahmed, II ...	... 17-9	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Mohiuddin Biswas ...	... 19-7	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Mohommad Abdul Aziz	... 19-3	B.-N. Ry. Indian School, Kharagpur.
1960	Mokhlesar Rahman ...	... 18-2	Noakhali Zila School.
	Mollah James Esekiel ...	... 17-5	C. M. S. High School, Calcutta.
	Motaher Uddin Ahmed	... 18-9	Dacca Madrasa.
	M. Q. Oollah ...	... 18	Private Student Roll Shi. P. 2.
	Mra Paw Oo ...	... 21	Akyab Government High School.
	Mridha, Aswinikumar ...	... 20-2	Woolpur-P. C. H. E. School.
	Muhammad Abdur Razak	... 16-3	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	„ Golam Sobhan	... 17-4	Satkania H. E. School.
	„ Rashidul Haq	... 16-8	Patna M. A. A. School.
	„ Reajuddin ...	... 18-2	Shikarpur H. E. School.
1970	„ Yunus ...	... 17	Satkania H. E. School.
	Muhammed Ali Mirdey	... 18-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Asgar ...	... 16-10	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	Muhammod Mahmud ...	... 16-8	Ditto ditto.
	Mukerjea, Kusumkumar	... 16-9	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	Mukhati, Abanimohan ...	... 18	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.

	Mukhopadhyay,	Amulayakrishna	17	Nakipur H. E. School.
	"	Amulyacharan	16-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	"	Anadikumar	18-11	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	"	Anukulchandra	17-11	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
1980	"	Ardhendusekhar	18-10	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	"	Arunnarayan	16-2	Santipur Municipal School.
	"	Asitaranjan	16-11	Khulna Zila School.
	"	Asutosh	16	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	"	Asutosh	31-4	Teacher Roll Ber TI.
	"	Asutosh	17-10	Bhola Government High School.
	"	Asutosh	19	Bhaita H. E. School.
	"	Aswinikumar	17-3	Chaibasa Zila School.
	"	Atulchandra	19-1	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	"	Atulkrishna	16-11	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1990	"	Benimadhab	17	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	"	Bholanath	16-10	Belpukur H. E. School.
	"	Bhubanmohan	16-3	Kotalpur H. E. School.
	"	Bhudeb	17-5	Burdwan Municipal School.
	"	Bhupalchandra	16-2	Kurigram H. E. School.
	"	Bhupatinath	19-9	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	"	Bhupendranath	21-9	G. C. H. E. School, Nawapara.
	"	Bibhutibhushan	17-4	Lakshmipasa D. C. Institution.
	"	Bibhutibhushan	16-3	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	"	Bibhutibhushan	17	Srikrishna Pathsala.
2000	"	Binaybhushan	16	Senhati High School.
	"	Bireswar	17-6	Bhanga H. E. School.
	"	Bisweswar	16-1	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
	"	Brahmananda	16-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	"	Chandrakanta	18-11	Srischandra Institution, Ethora.
	"	Chintaharan	16-1	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	"	Dayamay	19-10	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	"	Dhirajchandra	16	Ranchi Zila School.
	"	Dhirendrakrishna	16-11	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	"	Dhirendranath	18-5	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
2010	"	Dibakar	17-3	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	"	Gadadhar	17-7	Khalia, Rajaram Institution.
	"	Gopalchandra	17-4	Balagarh H. E. School.
	"	Guruprasanna	17-2	Barisa H. E. School.
	"	Haraprasanna	19-1	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	"	Haripada	17-10	Bandgora H. E. School.
	"	Haripada	16-5	Kidderpur Academy.
	"	Hemantakumar	16-5	Calcutta High School.
	"	Hemchandra	19-6	Khelat Chandra Calcutta Institution.
	"	Hrishikes	18	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
2020	"	Hrishikes	17-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	"	Indranarayan	16	Aryya Mission Institution.
	"	Jatindranath	16-6	Ranchi Zila School.
	"	Jnanadaprasad	16-3	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	"	Jnanendranath	17	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	"	Jogendralal	17	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	"	Jogeschandra	16-2	Sil's Free College.
	"	Juranjiban	17-2	Gobardanga H. E. School.
	"	Jyotirmay	18	Hooghly Branch and Model School.
	"	Jyotirmay	20	Bandgora H. E. School.
2030	"	Kalachand	17-3	Faridpur Zila School.
	"	Kalidas	16-4	Chirkunda H. E. School.
	"	Kalikinkar	17	Teacher, Roll Haz. T. 1.
	"	Kalikumar	17-4	Jangipur H. E. School.
	"	Kartikchandra	17-7	Kuchkuchia H. E. School
	"	Kartikchandra	18-3	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	"	Karunamay	16-11	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
	"	Kisorilal	16-1	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	"	Krishnachandra	16-10	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	"	Krishnalal	19	Brajamohan Institution Barisal.

2040	Mukhopadhyay,	Krishnamohan	16-3	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	"	Kshirodlal	17-7	Barisal Zila School.
	"	Kshitiprasanna	16-1	Gobardanga H. E. School.
	"	Kunjabihari	19-6	Jessore Zila School.
	"	Lalitkumar	17-3	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	"	Madhusudan	16-11	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	"	Mahitosh	16-2	Halisahar High School.
	"	Malinkumar	16-2	Calcutta High School.
	"	Manindranath	17-8	Darbar High School, Nepal.
	"	Manmathanath	20-3	Private Student, Roll Haz. P. 1.
2050	"	Mihirkumar	17-1	Barackpur Government School.
	"	Mohinimohan	18-10	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	"	Mohinimohan	19	Behala H. E. School.
	"	Nabakrishna	17-5	Janai Training School.
	"	Nalinaksha	17-3	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	"	Nalinimohan	16-7	Bowbazar High School.
	"	Nanibhushan	17-1	Basirhat H. E. School.
	"	Nanilal	16-3	Bajitajogini H. E. School.
	"	Narendranath	16-1	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	"	Narendranath	16-1	Jangipur H. E. School.
2060	"	Nirmalchandra	17-10	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	"	Panchanan, II	16-8	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	"	Panchanan	19-2	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	"	Panchanan, I	17-3	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	"	Panchugopal	16-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	"	Pankajbihari	17	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	"	Phanindranath	17-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	"	Prabhakar	16-7	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhari H. E. School.
	"	Pramathanath	17-3	Kumar Radha Prasad Institution.
	"	Praphullakumar	18-8	K. M. S. C. Institution.
2070	"	Rameschandra	18	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	"	Ranjitkumar	18	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	"	Sachindranath	17-2	Baluti H. E. School.
	"	Sarojendranath	16-2	Balagarh H. E. School.
	"	Sarojkumar	16-3	Meherpur H. E. School.
	"	Satischandra	18-9	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	"	Satkari	16-10	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	"	Satyabrata	16-5	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	"	Satyadas	17-11	Nasigram H. E. School.
	"	Satyakinkar	18-3	Ukhara H. E. School.
2080	"	Satyendramohan	16-1	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	"	Satyendranath	19	Raja Suryya Kumar Institution, Rajbari.
	"	Sibaram	19-11	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	"	Siddheswar	16	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	"	Siddheswar	16-2	Bowbazar High School.
	"	Sitalchandra	16-5	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	"	Sridhar	19-5	Raniganj H. E. School.
	"	Sripaticharan	19-8	Itachuna Srinarayan Institution.
	"	Subodhkumar	16	Uttarpara Government School.
	"	Sudhirprasanna	16-6	Jamtara, Jang Bahadur Coronation School.
2090	"	Sunitchandra	18-2	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	"	Surendranath	20-1	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	"	Surendranath	16-5	Patajia H. E. School.
	"	Sureschandra	17-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	"	Sureschandra	17-2	Sil's Free College.
	"	Suryyakumar	17-3	Private Student Roll Cal. P. 28.
	"	Syamapada	19-6	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	"	Syamapada	16	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	"	Tarakisor	16-4	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	"	Tarapada	18-5	Cooch-Bihar Jenkins School.
2100	"	Tarapada	16-3	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	"	Tulsicharan	16-1	Baluti H. E. School.
	Mukhoti, Atulchandra		17-2	Cooch-Bihar Jenkins School.

	Muhkoti, Bankimchandra	18-3	Gaibandha H. E School.
	Munder Lall	17-2	Gaya Zila School.
	Munsi Anantakumar	18-1	Itna H. E. School.
	Muzaffar Hosseon	18-3	Munsiganj H. E. School
	Naderazzaman	19-10	Noakhali Zila School.
	Nag, Atrikumar	16-4	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Dineschandra	17-4	Karatiya M. A. O. H. E. School.
2110	„ Gopalchandra	18	Ripon Collegiate School.
	„ Kalyankumar	17-9	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Kesabchandra	16-6	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	„ Kshirdchandra	18-6	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Nirmalkanta	16-2	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Pratapchandra	18-10	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Rameschandra	16-11	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Rohiniranjan	17-2	Dinhata H. E. School.
	„ Surendrakumar	16	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Sureschandra	17-11	Scottish Churches Collegiate, School.
2120	„ Umeschandra	19	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	Nagchaudhuri, Binodbihari	17-7	Taki Government School.
	Nageshwar Prasad	16-2	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Naimuddin Ahmad	16-3	Dacca Madrasa.
	Nan Kanailal	16-1	Hooghly Branch and Model School.
	Nanda Gaurhari	18	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	Nandan Gobindachandra	17-5	Purnea Zila School.
	„ Jatindranath	18-6	Sil's Free College.
	Nanda Lall	16-3	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Nand Lall Singh	17-10	Chapra Collegiate School.
2130	Nandi, Aswinikumar	17-6	Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Atulchandra	20	Private Student, Roll Sil. P. 2.
	„ Bhupendranath	17-2	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	„ Bijaybasanta	16-4	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Dhirendrakrishna	16-10	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Dulalchand	16-10	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Gopendranath	16-8	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Herambakumar	18-11	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	„ Jogendranath	17-2	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	„ Jyotirindranath	17-6	Khulna Zila School.
2140	„ Mahimchandra	18-4	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Mihirlal	16-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Pareschandra	16-7	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Pasupati	21-11	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	„ Ramsankar	16-6	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	„ Sarala M.	...	U. F. C. High School, Calcutta.
	„ Satyacharan	18-2	Scottish Churche's Collegiate School.
	„ Sudhindrakumar	16-4	Armenitola Govt. High School, Dacca.
	„ Surendranath	17	Satkania H. E. School.
	„ Tulsicharan	17-1	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
2150	Narayandas Bajoria	17-7	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Narayan Prasad	17-8	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Nasipuri, Haripada	20-1	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Nasir Ahmed	17-4	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Nath, Brajamohan	21	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Debakinandan	16	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Nilkamal	19-2	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	„ Radhikaprasad	16-11	Arambagh H. E. School.
	„ Satyacharan	19-8	Khulna Zila School.
	Nawabuddin Ahmed	21	Purnea Zila School.
2160	Nayak, Nityananda	17-4	Town Victoria H. E. School Katak.
	Niyazuddin Ahmed	20-3	Taltola H. E. School.
	Niyogi, Anangamohan	17-4	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Bhupendraprasad	16-10	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	„ Birendrakrishna	19	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Dhirendranath	17-11	Hooghly Collegiate School.

	Niyogi, Indubhushan ...	16-10	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Jatindranarayan ...	17-10	Dhubri High School.
	" Sisirkumar ...	16-7	Manikganj H. E. School.
	Noorul Islam Chowdhury ...	16-2	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
2170	Nuruddin Ahmad ...	16-1	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Ogh, Jacob ...	18-6	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	On Pe ...	20-6	Private Student, Roll Ran. P. 2.
	Oudh Bihari Lal ...	18-7	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Padhan, Kruttibas ...	19-10	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	Padhee, Jaybihari ...	19	Ditto.
	Pain, Tushtucharan ...	17	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	Paitual, Haribandhu ...	20	Katak T. M. Academy.
	Pal, Abhaschandra ...	16-2	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	" Anantakumar ...	20	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
2180	" Asutosh ...	17	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	" Bankimkumar ...	16-2	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Brajaraj ...	19	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Brajendranath ...	16-1	Ranchi St. Paul's High School.
	" Gaurchandra ...	19-11	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	" Gobindachandra ...	18-8	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	" Gopeswar ...	18-3	Raghunathpur G. D. Lang Institution.
	" Hajarilal ...	20-2	Natuda H. E. School.
	" Hemchandra ...	20	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	" Hemendranath ...	16-2	Dhubri High School.
2190	" Jagatbandhu ...	18-3	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	" Jajneswar ...	18-2	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Jatindranath ...	16-7	Khalispur H. E. School.
	" Jnananjan ...	16-7	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	" Jogendranath ...	17-9	Bandgora H. E. School.
	" Kalipada ...	18-2	Kaikala H. E. School.
	" Kanailal ...	17-1	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Mahendranath ...	17-6	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	" Nagendranath ...	16-2	Senhati High School.
	" Narayanchandra ...	17-7	Telinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
2200	" Nityananda ...	16-6	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	" Prabhatchandra ...	18-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Rajendranath ...	20	Andul H. C. E. School.
	" Sarasijakanta ...	17-8	Naihati Mahendra School.
	" Saratchandra ...	18-2	Sagar Dutt Free H. E. School, Kamarhati.
	" Sasadhar ...	17-6	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	" Sasibhushan ...	17-10	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Satischandra ...	16-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Satischandra ...	17-10	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Sibnarayan ...	18-11	Serampur Union Institution.
2210	" Sureschandra ...	16-2	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Upendranath ...	17-3	Harinarayanpur H. E. School.
	" Palat Lal ...	18-11	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Palit, Kanailal ...	16-2	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	" Khagendranath ...	17-2	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	Paltasinha, Jagannath ...	18-8	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Pan, Sailajakanta ...	20-2	Uttarpara Government School.
	Panda, Krishnachandra ...	18-1	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Panday, Indranarayan ...	17-2	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	" Ramchandra Sahay ...	18-2	Patna Collegiate School.
2220	" Basantokumari ...	...	Private Student, Cal. F. P. 1.
	" Satischandra ...	18	Garbeta H. E. School.
	" Saurindranath ...	21	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 27.
	Pandit, Nikunjabihari ...	16-2	Jhikra H. E. School.
	" Jatindrakumar ...	16-6	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	Pangiara, Ratinath ...	18-10	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Paramanund Sinha ...	20	Bethia Raj H. E. School.
	Parija, Khosalicharan ...	16-2	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Patangiah, Somnath ...	19-5	Tejpur High School.

	Pathak, Haridayal ...	... 16-8	Barpeta H. E. School.
2230	" Bhupal ...	... 19-4	Monghyr Zila School.
	Patra, Bhupendranath ...	... 19-7	Contai H. E. School.
	" Narendrakumar ...	... 16	Khurda H. E. School.
	" Ramchandra ...	... 16-2	Howrah Zila School.
	" Sasibhushan ...	... 20-10	Pandra H. E. School.
	" Sasibhushan ...	... 20-3	Parbatipur Patitpabani H. E. School.
	Pattajoshi, Dasarathi ...	... 16-11	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	Pattanayak, Bisweswar	... 16-3	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	" Durgacharan	... 17	Katak P. M. Academy.
	" Prasannakumar	... 16-11	Sambalpur H. E. School.
2240	" Udaynath ...	... 21-8	Khurda H. E. School.
	Phanindra Bihary Sinha	... 19-8	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 23.
	Phulena Prasad ...	... 16-3	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	P. K. Gajapathi ...	... 20-6	Private Student, Roll Mand. P. 1.
	Poddar, Madhabchandra	... 17-11	Barisal Zila School.
	" Narendrachandra	... 16-1	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	Porhel, Jagannathprasad	... 16	Salkia A. S. School.
	P. Radha Kishon Gurtoo	... 16-9	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Pramanik, Amarnath ...	... 16-10	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Arunoday ...	... 16-2	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
2250	" Biharilal ...	... 20-3	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Bijaykrishna ...	... 17-5	Salkia A. S. School.
	" Haripada ...	... 16-1	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 16	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	" Kalidas ...	... 16-1	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Kiranchandra	... 19-3	C. M. S. High School, Krishnagar.
	" Kshetramohan	... 17-1	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	" Lalitmohan ...	... 16-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Satischandra	... 19-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Susilkrishna	... 16	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
2260	" Upendranath	... 20-10	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	Prameshwar Dyal ...	... 18-9	Gaya Zila School.
	Pradhan, Krishnadas ...	... 18-7	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Purkayastha, Hemantakumar	... 18-6	Silchar Government High School.
	" Iswarchandra	... 18-1	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Kshetramohan	... 16-6	Sylhet Government High School.
	" Rajendranath	... 18-4	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	Purohit, Achyutananda	... 19	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	Putatunda, Jitendranath	... 17	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	Radha Krishna ...	... 18-6	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 6.
2270	Radha Krishna Proshad	... 19-6	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Raghovaprasad Sinha ...	... 20-5	Madhipura Shirres Institute.
	Raghubir Narayena ...	... 17-6	Chapra Zila School.
	Raghunath Parida ...	... 19-5	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Raghunath Parsad ...	... 17-11	Chapra Zila School.
	Raha, Jaygopal ...	... 17-1	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
	" Sudhindranath ...	... 16-3	Debiganj N. N. H. E. School.
	Rahamat Ali ...	... 16-4	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Raja Vallabh Sahaya ...	... 20-3	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Rajeshwari Proshad ...	... 16-4	Matihari Zila School.
2280	Rajkhowa, Purnananda	... 16-8	Mangaldai Aided High School.
	Rajkumar Prasad ...	... 20-8	Giridih H. E. School.
	Rakshit, Ageschandra ...	... 18-3	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	Ramankrishna ...	... 16-2	Konnagar H. E. School.
	Rama Prasad ...	... 17-1	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	Ramavatar Lal ...	... 18-9	Dinapur Aided H. E. School.
	Ram Das	... 16-8	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Ramdas Lal	... 19-7	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Ramdeo Narayan ...	... 17-5	Chapra Zila School.
	Ramdeo Proshad ...	... 18-8	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
2290	Ramdhan Singh ...	... 19-5	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Rameshwar Prasad ...	... 19-3	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Rameshwar Prasad ...	... 17-7	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Ramgulam Rai ...	... 19-3	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	Ram Khelawan Sinha ...	... 18-3	Patna Collegiate School.
	Ramkishore Lal ...	... 18-7	Arrah Town School.

	Ram Lakshan Lal ...	... 18-7	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	Ramnagina Sahay ...	... 18-1	Chapra Zila School.
	Ram Narain ...	... 16	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Ram Pratap Sinha Verma	... 19-4	Tikari Raj H. C. E. School.
2300	Ram Prit Sinha ...	... 18	Banka M. K. H. E. School.
	Ram Rasik Lal Verma ...	... 18-9	Monghyr Zila School.
	Ramroop Lal ...	... 16-2	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Rana, Satischandra ...	... 16-6	Jhapardah Duke Institution.
	Randhir Sahay ...	... 18	Ranchi Zila School.
	Ranjit Prasad ...	... 19-3	Gopalganj V. M. H. E. School.
	Rashbihari Lall ...	... 18-1	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Rath, Damodar ...	... 18-10	Puri Zila School.
	Raut, Dinabandhu ...	... 17-4	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Praphullakumar ...	... 21-8	Tamluk Hamilton School.
2310	Ray, Abaninath ...	... 17-2	Mahespur H. E. School.
	„ Abinaschandra ...	... 17-8	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Amulyakumar ...	... 17-8	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Amulyaratan ..	... 16-1	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Anathbandhu ...	... 17-3	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Anilchandra ...	... 16	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	„ Anukulchandra ...	... 18-3	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Arunchandra ...	... 16	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Atulchandra ...	... 18-1	Banaripara Union Institution.
	„ Baidyanath ...	... 16-2	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
2320	„ Bankabihari ...	... 17-3	Brahmanberia Annada H. E. School.
	„ Bankimchandra ...	... 16	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Bela ...	... ...	Brahma Girls' School.
	„ Bhupendrachandra	... 16-8	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Bhupendranath ...	... 17-5	Midnapur Hindu School.
	„ Bhutnath ...	... 18-9	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	„ Bidhubhushan, I ...	... 18	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Bidhubhushan, II	... 17-6	Ditto.
	„ Binodbhushan ...	... 16-3	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	„ Brajaballabh ...	... 16-6	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
2330	„ Brajanath ...	... 19	Comilla Zila School
	„ Chandrabhushan ...	... 18-2	Kurigram H. E. School.
	„ Debendranath ...	... 16-11	Perojpur Govt. High School.
	„ Debendraprasad ...	... 18	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Debeschandra ...	... 17-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	... 19.1	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	... 17-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Digindranarayan ...	... 17-11	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	„ Dineschandra ...	... 18-11	Gafargaon Islamia H. E. School.
	„ Dwijendralal ...	... 16-11	Comilla Victoria School.
2340	„ Gajendranath ...	... 17	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Gangadhar ...	... 17-7	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Gaurmohan ...	... 16-10	Torekona Jagabandhu H. E. School.
	„ Girijabhushan ...	... 16-2	Bera Bipin Behari H. E. School.
	„ Girijananda ...	... 18-1	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	„ Gobindachandra ...	... 16-5	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Gopalchandra ...	... 16-2	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	„ Gopalchandra ...	... 18-7	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	„ Goshthabihari ...	... 17-4	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	„ Harendrabhushan	... 16-5	Nasigram H. E. School.
2350	„ Harendrakumar ...	... 17-9	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Haricharan ...	... 19-3	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	„ Hemchandra ...	... 18-9	Purnea Zila School.
	„ Hemendrachandra	... 16-8	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	„ Hemendranath ...	... 17-6	Banaripara Union Institution.
	„ Hemendranath ...	... 16-4	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Hrishikes ...	... 16-8	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Indrachandra ...	... 21-2	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	„ Jagadischandra ...	... 17-11	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Jaminipati ...	... 19-4	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.

2360	Ray, Jatindramohan	18-2	Nagarpur H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan	16-11	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath	17-1	Karimganj Aided High School.
	„ Jitendranath	17-11	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	„ Jnanendranath	17-1	Pabna Institution.
	„ Jnanendranath	16-6	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Jnanendranath	16-2	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Jogendrabhushan	17-9	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Jogeschandra	16-6	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Kalipada	18-3	Ditto.
2370	„ Kamakhyakanta	16-3	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Kesabkrishna	23-6	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Krishnachandra	17-6	Bankura Zila School.
	„ Krishnachandra	18-6	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	„ Krishnadas	18-2	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Krishnanath	17	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„ Kshetramohan	27-10	Private Student, Roll Kat. P. 9.
	„ Kshirodlal	18	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Kshirodlal	17	Nawabganj H. E. School.
	„ Krishnagobinda	22-5	Edward-George School, Madhupur.
2380	„ Kumudnath	16-8	Jiaganj Edward Coronation Institution.
	„ Lalbihari	18-10	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Madanlal	16	Karakdi H. E. School.
	„ Madhusudan	17-2	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Malati		Loreto House, Calcutta.
	„ Manindranath	16	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Manmathanath	18-9	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Manohar	17	Pandra H. E. School.
	„ Manomohan	16-7	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	„ Mohanlal	16-1	Pabna Institution.
2390	„ Mrityunjay	17-11	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Murarimohan	16-4	Mymensingh Zila School.
	„ Nagendrachandra	26-6	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Narayanchandra	19-4	Kotalpur H. E. School.
	„ Narendranath	17-8	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Narendranath	17-2	Dinajpur Zila School.
	„ Narendranath	17-2	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	„ Nareschandra	16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nareschandra	17-3	Rangpur Zila School.
	„ Nrisinhaprasad	20-3	Putsuri I. P. Institution.
2400	„ Pabitrakumar	16-2	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Panchkari	21-10	Beldanga G. S. H. E. School.
	„ Pareschandra	16-7	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Phakirlal	18-7	Mankar H. E. School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	16-2	Bankipur Anglo Sanskrit School.
	„ Prabodhchandra	18-7	Jara H. E. School.
	„ Prasadchandra	16-7	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Prithwischandra	16	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Purnachandra	19-9	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Radhagobinda	21-8	Jangipur H. E. School.
2410	„ Rajendralal	18-7	Ripon Collegiate School.
	„ Rajendranarayan	16	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
	„ Rajendranath	17-2	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Rameschandra	29-4	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 17.
	„ Ramgati	19-3	Birsinha Bhagabati Vidyalaya.
	„ Sachindranath	17-3	Sahebganj H. E. School.
	„ Saktipada	18-7	Birbhum Zila School.
	„ Sanjiman	18-6	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Semiuary.
	„ Saratchandra	16-10	Gabha High School.
	„ Saratchandra	17-2	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
2420	„ Satyakinkar	16-6	Nasigram H. E. School.
	„ Satyakinkar	17-9	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„ Satyendranarayan	18-6	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	„ Satyendranath	17-5	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Saurendramohan	20-11	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.

	Ray, Saurendrakumar ...	...	17	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Seshnarayan ...	...	16-8	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„ Shâmbhu Narayan	...	23-2	Private Student, Roll Mur. P. 3.
	„ Sibkrishna ...	...	17	C. M. S. High School. Garden Reach.
	„ Sitikanta ...	...	19-4	Raniganj H. E. School.
2430	„ Sucharuranjan ...	...	16-10	Halisahar High School.
	„ Sudhindralal ...	...	16	Chapra Zila School.
	„ Sukhendranath ...	...	18	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Sukumar ...	...	16-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Surendranath ...	...	20-11	Comilla Victoria School.
	„ Surendranath ...	...	16-4	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	„ Surendranath ...	...	17-10	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Sureschandra ...	...	16-6	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Sureschandra ...	...	19-3	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Swarnakamal ...	...	16-6	Comilla Zila School.
2440	„ Syamapada ...	...	16-1	Bistupur H. E. School.
	„ Tariniprasad ...	...	19	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Tinkari ...	...	18-1	Itachuna Srinarayan Institution.
	Raybarik, Upendranath	...	16-10	Bhagirathpur H. E. School.
	Raychaudhuri, Akhilbhushan	...	18	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Arunendranath	...	16-1	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Asutosh	...	19-11	Nakipur H. E. School.
	„ Bhupalchandra	...	18-1	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	...	16	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Birajmohan	...	17-3	Baisari H. E. School.
2450	„ Brajendranath	...	20-2	Khulna Zila School.
	„ Dhananjay	...	16-2	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	„ Dhirendrakisor	...	17-6	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Jasodanandan	...	17-9	Gokarna P. M. H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath	...	17-1	Banwaripara Union Institution.
	„ Jatindranath	...	18-1	Matihari Zila School.
	„ Kirttichandra	...	16-6	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	„ Krishnabihari	...	16-5	Panitras H. E. School.
	„ Lalitkumar	...	16	Mahespur H. E. School.
	„ Mahendranath	...	18-7	Nakipur H. E. School.
2460	„ Manindrakumar	...	16-1	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Nalinimohan	...	17-11	Tajhat H. E. School.
	„ Narendramohan	...	16-5	Jessore Zila School.
	„ Pannalal	...	17-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Prabhatchandra	...	16-9	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Prabodhchandra	...	18-5	Khararia H. E. School.
	„ Radhanath	...	17	Baruipur H. E. School.
	„ Sachindranath	...	21-7	Taki Government School.
	„ Sadhanchandra	...	16-6	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Satindranath	...	16-2	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
2470	„ Satischandra	...	19	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Saurendranath	...	20-2	Taki Government School.
	„ Sureschandra	...	18-4	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Triguneswar	...	16-6	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	Raygupta, Sarojkumar ...	...	16-7	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	R. Bhushan Choudhury	...	18-5	Arrah Zila School.
	Rofikuddin Ahamad ...	...	18-10	Comilla Victoria School.
	Rozario, Anthony ...	...	17-3	Hughli Branch and Model School.
	Rudra, Rajendrakumar ...	...	18-11	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Jnanendranath ...	...	16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
2480	„ Kuladachandra ...	...	17-2	Purnea Zila School.
	Rudradeva Singh ...	...	16	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Ruj, Dwijapada ...	...	16-2	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Rup Narain Lal ...	...	18-10	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Saad Uddin Mohammad Abul Fazle		18-11	Serajgunj B. L. High School.
	S. Abdur Rohim ...	...	19-3	Hare School, Calcutta.
	Sadhu, Gokulkrishna ...	...	20-1	Jamtara Jung Bahadur Coronation School.
	Sadhu Saran ...	...	17-11	Monghyr, Zila School.
	Saha, Amarendra ...	...	20-1	Ilsoba Mondlai H. E. School.

	Saha, Basantakumar	17-2	Dubalhati Haranath H. E. School.
2490	„ Binaykrishna	19-1	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Bipinchandra	18-3	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
	„ Jayagopal	19-3	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan	20-1	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Jatischandra	19-3	Private Student. Roll Pub. P. 2.
	„ Jnanendranath	17-2	Ullapara H. E. School.
	„ Jogendrakumar	17-2	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Kisoriprasad	16-1	Birbhum Zila School.
	„ Kshetramohan	16-7	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Kshitiskumar	18-2	Dumkal H. E. School.
2500	„ Kunjabihari	22-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Madhusudan	16-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Matilal	18-2	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	„ Meghlal	17-5	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	„ Murarimohan	17-1	Ullapara H. E. School.
	„ Nakulchandra	21	Sarail Annada H. E. School.
	„ Nanimadhab	17-2	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Nityananda	19-2	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur
	„ Nripendrachandra	19-3	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Pratapchandra	21-8	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
2510	„ Raimohan	16-11	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Rajkumar	17-10	Itna H. E. School.
	„ Ramanimohan	18-7	Rangamati H. E. School.
	„ Sachinandan	20-3	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	„ Sadakrishna	19-1	Hasara Kalikisor H. E. School.
	„ Satindrakumar	18	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	„ Satischandra	17-11	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Satyanarayan	18	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Sibdas	17-9	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Siteskumar	17-2	Bhagirathpur H. E. School.
2520	„ Srischandra	18-1	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	„ Surendrachandra	18	Bajitpur H. E. School.
	„ Tikendranath	15-8	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	Sahabanik, Kanailal	16-1	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	Sahi, Jagdeo Prasad	16-1	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Sahu, Padmalochan	21-5	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Pulinbihari	18-5	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Sukhaday	17-11	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	Saikh Mohommed Hossain	20-6	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Saiyed Ali Amir	16-7	Patna Collegiate School.
2530	Saiyid Aboo Nisar Mohammad Omer.	16-7	Ditto.
	Samaddar, Prabodhkumar	16-6	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Samanta, Chandrasekhar	16-1	Howrah Zila School.
	„ Gangadhar	16-2	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	„ Manindranath	16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Monoranjan	21	Purulia Zila School.
	„ Susilkrishna	18	Kalighat High School.
	„ Prahladchandra	16-6	Nasigram H. E. School.
	Samantaray, Kailaschandra	16-2	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„ Krishnachandra	19-8	Katak Misson H. E. School.
2540	Samiruddin Ahamad	19-3	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	Samiruddin Ahamed	18-1	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	Sandel, Ganendralal	18-5	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	Sankey, Parbaticharan	18-1	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	San Pwan	17-10	Akyab Government High School.
	Santra, Abhayapada	18-5	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„ Isaac	19-10	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	„ Kisorilal	17	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	Sanyal, Amiyanath	16-9	Gaya Zila School.
	„ Anantakumar	16-4	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
2550	„ Hariprasad	16-9	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpnr.
	„ Jatindranath	16-11	Salap H. E. School.
	„ Jyotishchandra	18	Bera Bipin Behari H. E. School.
	„ Krishnalal	16-3	Serampur Union Institution.
	„ Kshitimohan	16-2	Pabna Zila School.

	Sanyal, Kshitischandra	... 18-1	Kushtia H. E. School.
	" Phanibhushan ...	... 16-4	Edward-George School, Madhupur.
	" Pramadabhushan	... 16-2	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	" Ramchandra ...	... 16-1	Bogra Zila School.
	" Sudhansudhar ...	... 22-3	Jangipur H. E. School.
2560	" Susilkumar ...	... 16-11	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	" Tarapada ...	... 18-4	Giridih H. E. School.
	Saphui, Nagendranath ...	... 19-4	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	Sarbadhikari, Dhirendranath	... 16-3	Dasghara H. E. School.
	Sarkar, Adyanath ...	... 19	Karakdi H. E. School.
	" Akshaykumar	... 18-2	South Suburban School, Bhawanipur.
	" Asitakumar ...	... 16-6	Jaynagar Institution.
	" Asutosh ...	... 20-4	Janai Training School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 16	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Aswinikumar ...	... 21-8	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
2570	" Baidyanath ...	... 18-4	Puthia P. N. H. E. School.
	" Bhushanchandra	... 18-10	Nawab Bahadur Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Bhutnath ...	... 18-6	Searsol H. E. School.
	" Bijaybhushan ...	... 16-9	Sudhakarpur H. E. School.
	" Binaybihari ...	... 16-1	Darjeeling High School.
	" Bipinbihari ...	... 17-6	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School
	" Brajendralal ...	... 16-10	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	" Debendranath ...	... 19-9	Dinajpur Zila School.
	" Harihar ...	... 16-2	Konnagar H. E. School.
	" Hirendrachandra	... 16-1	Madaripur H. E. School.
2580	" Hirendranath ...	... 19-2	Sil's Free College.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 16-5	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 18-7	Kotchandpur H. E. School.
	" Jitendranath ...	... 16-3	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Baruli.
	" Jitendranath ...	... 18-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Jitendranath ...	... 17-2	B. N. Railway Indian School, Kharagpur.
	" Jyotishchandra	... 19-6	Amla Sardarpur H. E. School
	" Kalidas ..	... 17-5	Dighapatiya P. N H E. School
	" Kalidas ...	... 17-5	Bandgora H. E. School.
	" Kalihar ...	... 18	Comilla Zila School.
2590	" Kalipada ...	... 17-1	Chaibassa Zila School.
	" Kisorigopal ...	... 16-11	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	" Krishnacharan	... 18-3	Balurghat H. E. School.
	" Kulachandra ...	... 18	Balasore Christian High School.
	" Mahendranath	... 20-1	Atheneum Institution.
	" Manikchandra	... 16-6	Irphala K. M. Institution.
	" Manindralal ...	... 18-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Mohinimohan ...	... 17-4	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	" Narendranath ...	... 19-9	Chittagong H. E. School.
	" Panchkari ...	... 17-2	Uttarpara Government School.
2600	" Pramathanath	... 20-3	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Pramathnath ...	... 16-10	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Prasannakumar	... 19-1	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	" Radhagobinda	... 19-2	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	" Radhagobinda	... 17-2	Jangipur H. E. School.
	" Radhikanath ...	... 17-6	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Rasikchandra ...	... 18-1	Solak Batajor Union Institution.
	" Sachindranath	... 17-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Sailendranath ...	... 16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Santoshkumar ...	... 19-6	Serampur Collegiate School.
2610	" Satischandra ...	... 19-1	Puthia P. N. H. E. School.
	" Suryyakumar ...	... 16-1	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	Sarkarmukhopadhyay, Panchugopal ...	... 21-1	Giridih H. E. School.
	Sarma, Chandranath ...	... 19-10	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	" Guruprasad ...	... 19-9	Abhay Talukdar Institution, Kazirpagla.
	" Jaminikumar ...	... 19-2	Silchar Government High School.

	Sarma, Kshetragopal ...	... 21-7	Ujanchar K. N. H. E School.
	" Kunjabihari ...	... 18-7	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	" Prabhanath ...	... 16-6	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	" Radharaman ...	... 19	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
2620	" Rajaninath ...	... 17-1	Nazira Aided High School.
	" Sarbeswar ...	... 19-11	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	" Siddhinath ...	... 18-1	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	Sarmabaruya, Jajnadhar	... 17-2	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Sarmasarkar, Sureschandra	... 19-11	Mymensingh Zila School.
	S. A. Salam Razvi	... 16-4	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Satpathi, Chintamani ...	... 18-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Saw Hla Pru ...	... 20	Akyab Government High School.
	Sayed Md. Qayem ...	... 16-3	Dinapur Aided H. E. School.
	Sayidur Rahman ...	... 16-4	Dibrugarh Government High School.
2630	Seeta Ram Tewari ...	... 21-3	Barh Bayley H. E. School.
	Sen, Akshaykumar ...	... 18-10	Deoghar H. E. School.
	" Amarkumar ...	... 16-11	Giridih H. E. School.
	" Anadicharan ...	... 18-4	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	" Atulkrishna ...	... 16	Rangdia H. E. School.
	" Bankimchandra ...	... 18-3	Magura H. E. School.
	" Bhujangabhushan	... 16-7	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	" Bhupendranath ...	... 18-4	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Binodbihari ...	... 17-5	Goalando High School, Rajbari.
	" Birendranath ...	... 16-5	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
2640	" Chaitanyachand ...	... 16-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Chandicharan ...	... 17-9	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	" Debendranath ...	... 16-5	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath ...	... 16-2	Bankipur Rammohan Ray's Seminary.
	" Girischandra ...	... 18-8	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	" Gorachand ...	... 16-2	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	" Guneswar ...	... 16-1	Jharia H. E. School.
	" Haranchandra ...	... 17-7	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	" Hariranjan ...	... 16-2	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Hemendrabijay ...	... 17-11	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
2650	" Hirendranath ...	... 17	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 16-10	Palong H. E. School.
	" Jagannath ...	... 16-6	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Jatindranath ...	... 17	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	" Jitendrachandra ...	... 17-1	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Kshitindranath ...	... 16-4	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Krishnagobinda ...	... 16-2	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Kshitischandra ...	... 16-4	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	" Mahendralal ...	... 16-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Maheschandra ...	... 17	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
2660	" Manindrabikas ...	... 17	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Manmathanath ...	... 19-9	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Nakuleswar ...	... 17-9	Bhola Government High School.
	" Narendranath ...	... 16-6	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
	" Nareschandra ...	... 16-9	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	" Nareschandra ...	... 17-2	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Nikunjabihari ...	... 18-2	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Nirmalkrishna ...	... 16-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Nripendranath ...	... 16-3	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Prankumar ...	... 16-9	Munsiganj H. E. School.
2670	" Praphullachandra	... 17-9	Silchar Government High School.
	" Praphullachandra	... 17-6	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Praphullakumar	... 16-9	Gaya Zila School.
	" Radhagobinda ...	... 19-2	Nagarpur H. E. School.
	" Rakhalchandra ..	... 16-2	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	" Ramendu ...	... 17-10	Comilla Zilla School.
	" Rameschandra ...	... 17-1	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Sachindrachandra	... 16-3	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Sachindralal ...	... 16-11	Saroatali H. E. School.
	" Sailendranath ...	... 17-3	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
2680	" Satibhushan ...	... 16-2	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Satischandra ...	... 17-10	Satkania H. E. School.
	" Satischandra ...	... 18-8	Chittagong H. E. School.

	Sen, Satyakinkar ...	... 17-2	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Satyakinkar ...	... 17-1	Bankura Zilla School.
	" Satyendranath ...	... 16	Nawab Bahadur Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Sisirkumar ...	... 16	Chandpur Hasssanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	" Somendranath ...	... 16-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Sripatimohan ...	... 18	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	" Sudhansubhushan	... 18-7	Hughli Collegiate School.
2690	" Sudhirchandra ...	... 17-5	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Sudhirkumar ...	... 17	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	" Sukumar ...	... 17-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Suryyakumar ...	... 17-1	National Institution, Chittagong.
	" Syamapada ...	... 16-1	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Taraknath ...	... 17-4	Sil's Free College.
	" Taritmohan ...	... 17-9	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	" Upendrachandra ...	... 16-2	Mymensingh Zilla School.
	" Upendralal ...	... 17-5	Nawabganj H. E. School.
	Senapati, Aghornath ...	... 18-9	Tamluk Hamilton School.
2700	Senapati, Anukulchandra	... 16-3	Shashati Nahala Abinash H. E School.
	Senchaudhuri, Aswinikumar	... 17-8	Feni H. E. School.
	" Jadabchandra	... 16-11	Noakhali Zila School.
	Sengupta, Amulyakumar	... 16	Jhenidah H. E. School.
	" Arabinda ...	... 18-9	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 17	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 20-7	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	" Atulendu ...	... 18-8	Private Student, Roll Birb. P. 13.
	" Bholanath ...	... 16-10	Bandgora H. E. School.
	" Bhuperdranarayan	... 16-4	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
2710	" Bhupendranath	... 16-6	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	" Bipinbihari ...	... 17	Gabha High School.
	" Birendranath	... 16-2	Pabna Zila School.
	" Birendranath	... 16-5	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	" Birendranath	... 16-8	Senhati High School.
	" Dhirenarakumar	... 19-9	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Dhirendralal	... 17	Senhati High School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 19	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 18-3	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	" Gopalchandra	... 16-5	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
2720	" Gurudas ...	... 16-2	Barahanagar Victoria School.
	" Haripada ...	... 17-7	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	" Hemantakumar	... 17-8	Bankura Zila School.
	" Hemchandra	... 18-6	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 17-2	Jessore Zila School.
	" Jnanranjan ...	... 16-7	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	" Jnanaranjan	... 17-2	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	" Jogendranath	... 18-9	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Jogeschandra	... 16-9	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Jyotishchandra	... 16-6	Bhola Government High School.
2730	" Kalikrishna ...	... 16-1	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	" Kedareswar ...	... 16-6	Dacca Pogose School.
	" Khagendranath	... 17-9	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Kshitindrabhushan	... 17-6	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Makhanlal ...	... 17-2	K. M. D. M. Institution, Telirbag.
	" Manoranjan ...	... 17-6	Chandpur Hossanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	" Manoranjan ...	... 16-2	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Nalinbihari ...	... 16-5	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Narendranath	... 18-2	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	" Nareschandra	... 18	Hazaribagh Zila School.
2740	" Nibaranchandra	... 16-7	Ambikacharan Institution, Disargarh.
	" Nilratan ...	... 16-9	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Nisikanta ...	... 17-4	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	" Paresnath ...	... 16-9	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Pramodkumar	.. 17-9	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Rabindranath	... 16-7	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	... 17-10	Gaila H. E. School.

	Sengupta, Ramranjan ...	... 16-7	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	" Satindranath	... 19	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	" Saurendrakumar	... 16	Gaila H. E. School.
2750	" Sudhansukumar	... 16-11	Barisal Zila School.
	" Sudhindranath	... 17-5	Harinarayanpur H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra	... 17-7	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Taritmohan ...	... 16-7	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Upendranath	... 17-6	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Serajuddin Ahamed ...	... 17-7	Saidpur H. E. School.
	Serajul Haque Chowdhury	... 17-7	Satkania H. E. School.
	Set, Amritalal ...	... 16-9	Aryya Mission Institution.
	" Jogendramohan ...	... 17-2	Seakhala H. E. School.
	" Manindrachandra ...	... 16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
2760	" Manmathanath .	... 16-11	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Phanindranath ..	... 16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	Shafiquddin Ahmed .	... 17-11	Silchar Govt. High School.
	Shah Abdul Wahid ...	... 21-3	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	" Muizzuddin Chowdhury	.. 21-1	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Shaikh, Abdul Zohad ...	... 16-11	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Esa Huq ...	... 18-5	Mugkalyan H. E. School.
	" Hafizuddin ...	... 16-7	Balasore Zila School.
	" Subal Mandal ...	... 19-7	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	Shamsher Ali ...	... 17-7	Shillong Govt. High School.
2770	Shehab Ullah ...	... 26-8	Private Student, Roll Chi. P. 1.
	Sheikh Sanwar Mollah	... 16-4	Budge Budge P. K. H. E. School.
	Sheo Gopal Prasad ...	... 16-10	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Shi, Gopaldas ...	... 18-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	Shibeshwarprasad Singha	... 19-3	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Shivadwip Narayan Sinha	... 16-7	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	Shivanandan Prosad ...	... 21-3	Purnea Zila School.
	Shiva Narain Lal ...	... 16-3	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Shiva Pujan Thakur ...	... 22-11	Buxar H. E. School.
	Shoflar Rahaman ...	.. 18-11	Armanitola Govt. High School, Dacca
2780	Shukur, Mahammed Dewan	... 17-11	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	Shyam Deva Narayan Misra	.. 17-2	Chapra Zila School.
	Siddheswar Sahay ...	... 20-1	Ranchi Zila School.
	Sikdar, Haripada ...	... 19-4	Manikganj H. E. School.
	" Jogendramohan	.. 16-9	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	" Narendranath ...	... 16-2	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	Sil, Adwaitanath ...	.. 16-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Bimalacharan ...	... 17-1	Chinsura U. F. C. Institution.
	" Debendranath .	.. 16-6	Sil's Free College.
	" Kartikchandra ..	.. 18-3	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
2790	" Nalinikanta .	... 19-2	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
	" Pulinbihari ..	... 19-1	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet
	" Sisirkumar ...	... 16	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Tarakdas .	... 16-5	Chinsura U. F. C. Institution
	Shyamjit Sinha ...	... 21-3	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Sinaha Anugrehit ...	... 18-3	Gaya Zila School.
	Singh, Alfred ...	... 18-5	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	" Mahendraprasad	... 21-10	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	Singha, Sailabihari Lal	... 16	Ukhara H. E. School.
	Sinha, Bhabendranarayan	... 17-10	Gouripur P. C. Institution.
2800	" Bhupendranath	... 16-10	Andul H. C. E. School.
	" Chandrabhushan	... 19-7	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	" Dasarathi ...	... 19-2	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution
	" Debendra Narain	... 18-11	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Gopalchandra	... 17-11	Lakshmanath H. E. School.
	" Kalipada ...	... 19-2	Kanchantala J. D. J. Institution.
	" Kapildeva ...	... 18-8	Buxar H. E. School.
	" Kedarnath ...	... 18-6	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	" Kripanath ...	... 17-2	Araria H. E. School.
	" Kuldeep ...	... 20-2	Patna Collegiate School,
2810	" Madanmohan ...	... 16-5	Arrah Zila School.

	Sinha, Manmohan ...	... 17	Monghyr Training Academy.
	" Parasnath ...	... 16-2	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	" Pardhan Ramantar	... 20-7	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	" Phanibhushan	... 18-3	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	" Pulinkrishna ...	... 16-5	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	" Radhaprasad ...	... 17-7	Arrah Zila School.
	" Raghunath ...	... 18	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	" Sachindranath	... 17-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Sailendranath ...	... 16-6	Metropolitan Institution.
2820	" Sanatkumar ...	... 21-8	Kalna Maharaja's School.
	" Sasankabhushan	... 16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	" Satischandra ...	... 17-6	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Satischandra ...	... 17-6	Haripal Gurudayal Institution.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 19-5	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	Sinharay, Kantigopal ...	... 17-11	Ranaghat P. C. H. E School.
	" Sitaram ...	... 16-9	Ripon Collegiate School.
	Sinhathakur, Keshimathan	... 17-6	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	Sircar, Augustine S. ...	... 18-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Siromani, Brajendralal	... 16-10	Tajhat H. E. School.
2830	Sita Saran Varma ...	... 17-8	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Siva Prasad Varma ...	.. 18-6	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	S. M. Abu Nasar ...	... 16-9	Monghyr Training Academy.
	S. Maung Mu ...	... 16-9	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	S. M. N. Hassan Kazmi	... 16-5	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Sohorab Ali Seikh ...	... 17-3	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	Som, Birendrakumar ...	... 17-7	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Debendranath ...	... 16-4	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Hemchandra ...	... 16-5	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	" Jogeschandra ...	... 18	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
2840	" Sukumar ...	... 17	Gaila H. E. School.
	Sombarman, Harendranath	... 16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	Somchaudhuri, Jagatbandhu	... 19-5	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Sriram Gohain ...	... 18-5	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	S. Syed Md. Nawab ...	... 17-4	Patna City School.
	Sudhiranjon Ally ...	... 20	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Sukanta Rao ...	... 16-2	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	Sukul, Madangopal ...	... 17-1	Garbeta H. E. School.
	" Sibasankar ...	... 20-11	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Sultan Ahmed ...	... 18-11	Hugli Branch and Model School.
2850	Sur, Brajendrakumar ...	... 16-2	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Nityananda ...	... 16-1	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	" Upendrakumar ...	... 16-8	Noakhali Zila School.
	Surajprasad Dubey ...	... 18-3	Matihari Zila School.
	Suraj Prasad Sinha ...	... 20	Arrah Zila School.
	Surya Deva Narayan ...	... 16-10	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Suryya Narayan Prasad	... 16-5	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Susila Khilnani ...	...	Brahma Girls' School.
	Sutradhar, Annadacharan	... 16-11	Maulvi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	Syad Moazzem Hosain	... 18-5	Dacca Madrasa.
2860	Syam, Debendranath	... 22	Raja Girishchandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Subodhchandra	... 18-7	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	Syed, Abdul Hameed	... 17-4	Muzaffarpur Zilla School.
	" Abul Fazal Md. Idris	... 16-1	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	" Ahmmed ...	... 20-9	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Ali Mohammad ...	... 17	Muzaffarpur Zilla School.
	" Ashraf Husain ...	... 18-5	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Hafizullah ...	... 18-8	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
	" Hassan ...	... 16-5	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	" Izhar Hosain ...	... 19-1	Patna M. A. A. School.
2870	" Jalaludddin Ahmad	... 17-6	Patna Collegiate School.
	" Latif Hosain Razui	... 19-6	Palamau Zila School.
	" Mohammad ...	... 19-4	Patna Collegiate School.
	" Mohammad Kobad Aly	... 18-3	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	" Mohiuddin Ahmed	... 17-1	Arrah K. J. Academy.
	" Mohd Reza ...	... 17-5	Matihari Zila School.

	Syed, Quamaruzzaman	...	23-6	Private Student, Roll Bir. P. 1.
	„ Qameuddin Ahmad	...	18	Gaya Zila School.
	„ Qamrul Haq ...	...	16-5	Bankipur Ram Mohan Ray Seminary.
	„ Qamrul Hoda ...	...	16-2	Patna Collegiate School.
2880	„ Shafiq Ahmud ...	...	16-1	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	„ Zafar-Husain ...	...	18-6	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Syud Nowab Ali ...	...	16-4	Bogra Zila School.
	Tagore, Surindranath ...	...	18-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Talukdar, Basantakumar	...	18-5	Pingna H. E. School.
	„ Haridas ...	...	18-11	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	Tamiz Ulla ...	...	19	Sylhet Government High School.
	Tan Poo Thein ...	...	18-8	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Tapaswi, Sukritichandra	...	19-2	R. K. B. K. Haris Chandra Institution, Raruli.
	Taran, Nanigopal ...	...	17-8	Khalispur H. E. School.
2890	Taraphdar, Manindrakisor	...	16-1	Ramgopalpur P. J. K. High School.
	Tasiruddin Sircar ...	...	17	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	T. S. Varada Chari ...	...	16-8	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Thakur, Brijnandan ..	...	20	Arrah Town School.
	„ Jadabendranath	...	17-1	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	„ Misra ...	...	16-10	Chapra Zila School.
	„ Prasad ..	...	17-8	Buxar H. E. School.
	„ Tarapada .	...	16-8	Kalna Maharaja's School.
	Tara Prasada Singha ..	...	16-2	Patna Collegiate School.
	Tha Maung ...	...	19-8	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
2900	Tiwari, Badrinarain ...	...	18-3	Motihari Zila School.
	Todd John	...	20-1	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Tripathi, Bhagirathi ...	...	17-4	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Kutak.
	Tun Ohn	...	17-2	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Tun We	...	19-1	Government High School, Rangoon.
	Hari Singh Lyngdoh ...	...	17-6	Shillong Government High School.
	Ukil, Haripada ...	..	19-7	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	Umar Ali Barlaskar ...	...	16-10	Hailakandi V. M. H. E. School.
	Umar Daraz ...	...	20-7	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Upadhyay, Ramakant ..	...	18	Arrah Town School.
2910	„ Sewpujan ...	...	18-7	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	Upendra Narayan ...	...	18-10	Monghyr Zila School.
	Ramasanker Varma ...	...	19-9	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Venkata Row ...	...	18-7	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	William Maung Than ...	...	20-2	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Winchoon Saing ...	...	27-6	Teacher, Roll Ran. T. 1.
2916	Yakub Ali	...	18-3	Kushtia H. E. School.

SECOND DIVISION.

In alphabetical order.

	Abdul Aziz	...	17-1	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	„ Aziz	...	18-6	Dhubri High School.
	„ Aziz Khan ...	...	19	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Bari	...	19-1	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	„ Ghafur Sircar ...	...	19	Pingna H. E. School.
	„ Gofure ...	...	18-11	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	„ Jabbar Sikder ...	...	20	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Jobbar ...	...	17	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Jubbar ...	...	20	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
10	„ Kaddus ...	...	17-6	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Karim ...	...	18-10	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Karim ...	...	17-11	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	„ Majid ...	...	18-8	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	„ Majid ...	...	20-10	Comilla Zila School.
	„ Majid Khan ...	...	21-11	Pabna Zila School.
	„ Mokaddas ...	...	16-11	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	„ Quddus ...	...	19-10	Calcutta Madrasa.
	„ Rashid ...	...	17-3	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	„ Sabahan ...	...	18-4	Comilla Victoria School.

20	Abdul, Wahab Khan	17-1	Calcutta Madrasa.
	„ Wahed Ahmed ...	19-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	„ Wahid	18-3	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Wajed	18	Dacca Madrasa.
	Abdul Wajed Choudhury ...	17-2	Kisoreganj H. E. School.
	Abdur Rakib	16-5	Rampur Hât H. E. School.
	„ Rakib	16-7	Raja Girischandra H. School, Sylhet.
	„ Raquib	18-5	Dacca Madrasa.
	„ Rashid	18-4	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Roufe Sirdar	16-11	Howrah Zila School.
30	Abdus Salam	17-10	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Salam	18-6	Jessore Zila School.
	„ Salam	20-4	Rangpur Zila School.
	Aboul Hussain	18-3	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	Abul Hossain	16-9	Barari Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's H. E School.
	Abul Hussain Ahmed	16-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	Abul Kasem Khan	16-3	Bajitpur H. E. School.
	Acharyya, Amulyanath ...	17-4	Magura H. E. School.
	„ Gaurkisoi	19-1	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Harendrachandra ...	20-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
40	„ Jagatbandhu ...	19-5	Baburhat H. E. School.
	„ Sudhirchandra ...	19-8	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Achyutanand ...	17-1	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Adhikari, Asutosh	20-3	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	„ Balaichand	16-4	Kidderpore Academy.
	„ Kunjabihari	18-1	Gopalnagar Keir Institution.
	„ Manmathanath ...	19-10	Khoksa-Janipur H. E. School.
	„ Manmathanath ...	18	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Nikunjabihari ...	16-6	Ripon Collegiate School.
	Adit Lall	20	Bhagalpur Zila School.
50	Adya Prasad	18-5	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	Afsaruddin Miah	20-7	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	Aftabuddin	20-2	Comilla Victoria School.
	Aftabuddin Biswas	17-2	Nawabganj Harimohan Institution.
	Agarwala, Satischandra ...	18-5	Maldah Zila School.
	„ Udaychand	16-11	Aryya Mission Institution.
	Ahamad Salim	21-3	Chittagong Madrasa.
	Ahmad Raza	19-11	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
	Ahsan Ulla Khan	17-5	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Akbarali	18-7	Dacca Madrasa.
60	Akhauri Sahadeo Sahay ...	18-3	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	Akhaury Jagat Dhari Lal ...	18-7	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Akhchaibat Prashad	17-6	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Akhouri Gokul Prasad	16-10	Ranchi St. John's H. E. School.
	„ Mathura Prasad ...	17-9	Ditto ditto.
	Aklimuddin Ahmed	17-4	Dinajpur Zila School.
	A. K. Md. Mohiuddin	16-4	Calcutta Madrasa.
	A. K. M. Gulam Rabbani ...	19	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	Akramaddin Patwari	23-8	Baburhat H. E. School.
	Aktrauddin Ahmed	19-7	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
70	Ali Asgar	22-3	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	Ali Azmal Hossain Khondkar ...	16-11	Jhalakati Government School.
	Alice Gerrard	...	Private Student, Roll Hug. F. P. 2.
	Ali Hossain	18-3	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	Aliullah Mian	20-7	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	Allen, Gladys	...	Private Student, Roll Hug. F. P. 4
	Amanat Khan	18-6	Chittagong Municipal School.
	Ambikadatta Jha	22-4	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Amir Ahmad	20-10	Bankura Zila School.
	Amiruddin Ahamed ...	18-10	Bogra Zila School.
80	Amir Ullah	17-11	Sandwip Cargill H. E. School.
	Amjad Ali	19-6	Shillong Government High School.
	A. M. Mafizuddin	21-5	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	Anirudha Jha	19-6	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Aref Ali Sirker	18-2	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	Asadulla	18-3	Chandipur Hassanali Jubilee H. E School.

	Asimuddin Ahmed ...	... 23-5	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	A. S. M. Karim ...	... 18-4	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Aung Nyein ...	... 20-5	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Avadesh Ji Barman	... 16-1	Patna M. A. A. School.
90	Ayodhya Pd. Singh	... 22-5	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Ayodhaprasad Tewari	... 20-7	Hathwa Eden School.
	Azharuddin ...	... 19-4	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	Azharuddin Ahmed	... 18-2	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	Azizer Rohoman Khan	... 16-1	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	Azizul Haque ...	... 16-1	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Azizun Nabi Khan ...	... 17-7	Patna Collegiate School.
	Bachamiyan Chowdhuri	... 20-1	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	Badiuzzaman ...	... 19-10	Feni H. E. School.
	Badiuzzaman ...	... 16-5	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
100	Badri Narain . .	... 17-11	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	Badrinath Tiwari . .	... 20-1	Hathwa Eden School.
	Ba E.	... 17	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Bag, Anantakumar ...	... 18-5	Town School, Calcutta.
	Bagchi, Gangaram ...	... 18-9	Bhupendra Narain H. School, Jamsherpur.
	„ Narendranath ...	... 20-9	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 36.
	„ Priyanath .	... 20-10	Khoksa-Janipur H. E. School.
	„ Santasaran .	. . 18-9	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	Bahral Haq	... 17-8	Uluberia H. E. School.
	Baikunth Narain Sinha	... 19-3	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
110	Bairagi, Pulinkrishna	... 20	Collins' Institute, Calcutta.
	Bajpai, Bijaykrishna ..	... 18-2	Ukhara H. E. School.
	Baksi, Narendrabhushan,	... 16-1	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	„ Santikumar ...	... 19-3	Itachuna Srinarayan Institution.
	Balau, Surendrakumar ...	... 22-1	Private Student, Roll Bog. P. 1.
	Baldeo Prasad ...	... 17-10	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	Baldeo Prashad ...	... 18-11	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Baldeo Sahay ...	... 16-2	Ditto ditto.
	Balgobind Sahay ...	. . 16-8	Ranchi Zila School.
	Ba Maung	... 20-8	Government High School, Rangoon
120	Bandyopadhyay, Abanibhushan	... 18-11	Barasat Government School.
	„ Amalchandra	... 16	Khalia Rajaram Institution.
	„ Amulyaratan	... 17-6	Darbar High School, Nepal.
	„ Anadikrishna	... 19-11	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	„ Anilchandra	... 17-6	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Asutosh	... 17-2	Talinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
	„ Aswinikumar	... 17-7	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Atulpati	... 20-1	Jaynagar Institution.
	„ Baidyanath	... 17	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Baidyanath	... 17-5	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
130	„ Bhabeschandra	... 17	Maliara H. E. School.
	„ Bhupendranath	... 17-2	Janai Training School.
	„ Bhupendranath	... 18-5	Muragachha H. E. School.
	„ Bhutnath	... 16-11	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	„ Binayendranath	... 17-10	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	„ Binaykrishna	... 17-6	Ditto ditto.
	„ Binaykumar	... 16-2	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	„ Birendranath	... 19-2	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	„ Bisweswar	... 17-11	Perojpur Government High School.
	„ Boymkes	... 17-5	Araria H. E. School.
140	„ Brajagopal	... 18-8	Ariadaha Kalachand H. E. School.
	„ Brajendranath	... 17-2	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Debendrachandra	16-1	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Durgapada	... 17-1	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	„ Dwipendranath	... 22-7	Teacher, Roll Cal. T. 1.
	„ Ganeschandra	... 18-5	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	„ Haricharan	... 17	Mahestala H. E. School.
	„ Haridas	... 18-1	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Harihar	... 16-1	Somra D. C. H. E. School.
	„ Hemchandra	... 16-3	Munsiganj H. E. School.
150	„ Hemkamal	... 19-11	Midnapur Town School.
	„ Hiralal	... 16-7	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.

	Bandyopadhyay,	Hiralal	... 17-7	Khulna Zila School.
	"	Janardan	... 16-11	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	"	Jitendranath	... 20-3	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	"	Jugalkrishna	... 16-7	Singur Mahamaya Institution.
	"	Kalidas	... 19	Kalma Lakshmi Kanta H. E. School.
	"	Kalikrishna	... 19	Searsol H. E. School.
	"	Kartikchandra	... 16-1	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	"	Kasipati	... 17	Gosain-Durgapur H. E. School.
160	"	Krishnadas	... 17-1	Sagor Dutt Free H. E. School, Kamarhati.
	"	Krishnamohan	... 17-11	Hughli Collegiate School.
	"	Lakshmikanta	... 18-5	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	"	Matangicharan	... 16-8	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	"	Munindranath	... 18-2	Solaghar H. E. School.
	"	Murarimohan	... 16-5	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	"	Nabadwipchandra	18-9	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	"	Nalinaksha	... 17-4	Raniganj H. E. School.
	"	Nalinikanta	... 16-10	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	"	Nalinikanta	... 17-3	Krishnagar A. V. School.
170	"	Nalinimohan	... 17-1	Town School, Calcutta.
	"	Narendrakumar	... 16	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
	"	Narendranath	... 16-1	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
	"	Nareschandra	... 16-[illegible]	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	"	Nilmani	... 20-8	Private Student, Roll. Cal. P. 1.
	"	Nirmalchandra	... 16-4	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	"	Nirmalkumar	... 18-1	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	"	Panchanan	... 17-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	"	Panchkari	... 19-7	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	"	Pannalal	... 18	Midnapur Town School.
180	"	Paresnath	... 18-10	Sil's Free College.
	"	Phanibhushan	... 17-3	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	"	Phanibhushan	... 18-2	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	"	Phanindranath	... 17-1	Taki Government School.
	"	Phanindranath	... 16-11	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
	"	Praphullakumar	... 16-11	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	"	Praphullakumar	.. 21-6	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	"	Pramathanath	... 18	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	"	Rabindranath	... 18-2	K. M. S. C. Institution.
	"	Rakhaldas	... 19	Sagor Dutt Free H. E. School, Kamarhati.
190	"	Ramanath	... 16-8	Asansol H. E. School.
	"	Rampada	... 16-1	Arrah K. J. Academy.
	"	Ranupada	... 16-7	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	"	Rebatimohan	... 19-3	Katadia-Simulia Coronation H. E. School.
	"	Sabharanjan	... 18	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	"	Saratchandra	... 18-4	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	"	Satipada	... 17-11	Burdwan Municipal School.
	"	Satischandra	... 17	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	"	Satyendranath	... 19-1	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
	"	Sibadas	... 18-7	Deoghar H. E. School.
200	"	Sibadas	... 18-10	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	"	Sibadas	... 17-8	Raniganj H. E. School.
	"	Sibapada	.. 17	Keshab Academy, Calcutta.
	"	Sisirkumar	... 16-1	Guptipara H. E. School.
	"	Smarajitkumar	... 19-2	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 15.
	"	Sudhansumohan	17-2	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	"	Sudhindranath	... 16-5	Abhayeswari High School.
	"	Sudhirajkumar	... 17-7	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	"	Sudhirkumar	... 17-11	Okarsa H. E. School.
	"	Surendranath	... 16-4	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
210	"	Susilkumar	... 20	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	"	Syamalananda	... 19-3	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	"	Tarapada	... 19-6	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	"	Tinkari	... 24-3	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	"	Umapati	... 16-6	Deoghar H. E. School.
	"	Umapati	... 18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	"	Upendrachandra	17-2	Dacca Collegiate School

	Banik, Aparnacharan ...	18-7	R. R. Institution, Raozan.
	„ Aswinikumar ...	16-1	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Balaichand ...	19	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
220	„ Bharatchandra ...	21-9	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	„ Haranchandra ...	16-8	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Jadunath ...	18-11	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	Bankey Behari Lall ...	23-10	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 21.
	Bansidhar Prasad ...	17-6	Madhipura Shirres Institution.
	Banwari Ram ...	21-1	Jamui H. E. School.
	Baral, Bhabanicharan ...	17-11	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Purnachandra ...	20-10	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	Barbara, Baikunthanath ...	18	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	Bardhan, Jogenchandra ...	16	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
230	„ Manindramohan ...	20-4	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	Bargohain, Durgaprasad ...	17-8	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Barik, Magunicharan ...	18-3	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
	Barma, Prabhatnath ...	16-6	Singur Mahamaya Institution.
	Barman, Baneswar ...	19-10	Jiaganj Edward Coronation Institution.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	16-4	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	Baruya, Bansidhar ...	16-6	Bezbaruya High School, Jorhat.
	„ Bhabananda ...	21-7	Nowgong High School.
	„ Bhubaneswar ...	16-10	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	„ Jadunath ...	17-10	Government High School, Jorhat.
240	„ Jayraj ...	18-1	Patiya High School.
	„ Lakshmiram ...	16-11	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	„ Mahendralal ...	16-10	Mahamuni Anglo-Pali Institution.
	„ Manomohan ...	17-6	Chittagong H. E. School.
	„ Radhikaprasad ...	16-2	Tejpur High School.
	„ Sarbeswar ...	16-7	Government High School, Jorhat.
	Basak, Jagatbandhu ...	17-10	Purnea Zila School.
	„ Mukundalal ...	17-4	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Radhagopal ...	16-10	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Ramchandra ...	19-9	Srikrishna Pathsala.
250	„ Surathlal ...	21-4	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 20.
	Basir Uddin ...	19-2	Bogra Zila School.
	Basiruddin	24	Baburhat H. E. School.
	Basu, Abhilashchandra...	17-1	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Akshaykumar ...	18-3	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Amritalal ...	18-7	Sankari H. E. School.
	„ Amulyadhan ...	16-3	Raniganj H. E. School.
	„ Anantagopal ...	17-5	Rayna H. E. School.
	„ Anathsaran ...	18-11	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Baidyanath ...	17-10	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
260	„ Bhabeswar ...	19-6	Sankari H. E. School.
	„ Bijaychandra ...	22-6	Dinhata H. E. School.
	„ Binaykrishna ...	17-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Binaykrishna, I ...	19-3	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Birajmohan ...	17-2	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	„ Brajendralal ...	16-1	Cuttack P. M. Academy.
	„ Debendranath ...	18-1	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution
	„ Debendranath ...	17-3	K. M. S. C. Institution.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	18	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Dibakar ...	18	Srikrishna Pathsala.
270	„ Dineschandra ...	19-8	Bajitpur H. E. School.
	„ Durgadas ...	16-8	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Dwijendralal ...	16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Girijabhushan ...	19-2	Karapara H. E. School.
	„ Girischandra ...	18-7	Cuttack P. M. Academy.
	„ Guiram ...	17-6	Seakhala H. E. School.
	„ Gunindranath ...	17-11	Barasat Government School.
	„ Harendrakrishna ...	16-1	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	„ Harendranath ...	16-1	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.

	Basu, Haripada	18-4	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Karuli.
280	" Hemchandra	19-6	Sil's Free College.
	" Jnanendranath	17	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	" Jogendrakumar	17	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Jogindranath	16-1	Aryya Mission Institution.
	" Kalidas	16-9	Ajagora H. E. School.
	" Kaliprasad	19-8	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Kamakhyaprasad ...	17-5	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Kamalkrishna	16-9	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	" Madhabananda	17-9	Budge-Budge P. K. H. E. School.
	" Madhusudan	16-1	Karakdi H. E. School.
290	" Mahendralal	18-5	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	" Manindrabhushan ...	18-6	Atheneum Institution.
	" Manindranath	16-4	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	" Manindranath	20-11	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Karuli.
	" Manindranath	17-11	Uluberia H. E. School.
	" Mantoshkumar	16-2	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Mrinalkumar	20-4	Midnapur Hindu School.
	" Nagendranath	19-2	Dinajpur Zila School.
	" Nagendranath	16	Phultala Reunion H. E. School.
	" Nirmalchandra	16-2	Chaibassa Zila School.
300	" Nripendrakumar	19-10	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Pasupati	20-2	Panjia H. E. School.
	" Pasupatinath	17-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Pramathanath	16-1	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	" Praphullachandra ...	16-7	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	" Ramanimohan	20-3	Dacca Pogose School.
	" Ramendrakrishna ...	17-5	Bowbazar High School.
	" Ramendrakumar	16-6	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	" Rishipada	19-3	Natuda H. E. School.
	" Sachindranath	17-4	Metropolitan Institution.
310	" Sailendranath	17-2	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Saratkumar	20-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Sarojkumar	16	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Satischandra	23	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Satischandra	16-6	Narikeldanga George High School.
	" Satyajyoti	19-2	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	" Satyaranjan	18-1	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Satyendranath	17-10	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Subodhchandra	17-1	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Sudhansumohan	16-3	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
320	" Sudhirkumar	17-10	Kalighat High School.
	" Sudhirkumar	17-1	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	" Sujayendranath	18	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Surendrachandra	18-11	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Sureschandra	17-6	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Susilkumar	16-3	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	" Upendrachandra	20	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	Basubarman, Charuchandra ...	17	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	" Susilkumar ...	16-3	Ditto Ditto.
	Basumajumdar, Upendramohan ...	17-11	Faridpur Zila School.
330	Basumallik, Makhanlal ...	16-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Nanilal	16-7	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	Batabyal, Narendranath ...	17-5	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Sasankasekhar ...	16-11	Burdwan Municipal School.
	Ba Thet	19-8	E. W. M. A. V. Boys' High School, Mandalay.
	Ba Yi	18-6	Government High School, Rangoon.
	Behari Sah	21-1	Patna Diamond Jubilee School.
	Beni Madhava Prasad	19	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Bepinbiharee Saran	17-11	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.

	Bhadra, Bhupendrakrishna ...	16-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
340	„ Pramathanath ...	16-10	Baharu H. E. School.
	Bhagwan Sahai	20-3	Arrah ZKa School.
	Bhagwan Sahai	16-3	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Bhagwati Prasad	21-8	Buxar H. E. School.
	Bhairabprasad Pande	19-6	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	Bhar, Gaurchand	16-1	Hugli Collegiate School.
	Bharadwaj, Kumudbandhu ...	18-11	Harina Chalitatalji Edward Institution.
	Bharat Sahay	18-1	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Bhattacharyya, Anantakumar ...	19	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Anantamohan ...	19-3	Ichhapura H. E. School.
350	„ Anilkumar ...	18-1	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Anukulchandra ...	16	Araibazar H. E. School.
	„ Bagalacharan ...	18-7	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Bagischandra ...	17-10	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Bholanath ...	16	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Bhubanmohan ...	17-10	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	„ Bhupendrakrishna	18-11	Bagati H. E. School.
	„ Bhupendranarayan	23-1	Khankhanapur Surajmohini Institute.
	„ Bibhutibhushan ...	18	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Bijaykrishna ...	19	Harischandra High School. Baniyachang.
360	„ Bireswar ...	20	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	„ Chandicharan ...	16-2	Midnapur Town School.
	„ Chirojiban ...	16	Belpukur H. E. School.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	16	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Dhirendraprasad ...	17-7	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Dineschandra ...	18-7	Lonsing H. E. School.
	„ Ganeschandra ...	18-4	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Girindrachandra ...	18-4	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Girischandra ...	19-3	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 11.
	„ Harigopal ...	17-8	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
370	„ Herambanath ...	18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Jitendrakisor ...	20-8	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Jitendranath ...	19	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	„ Jogendrachandra ...	19-11	Teota Academy, Dacca.
	„ Jogendralal ...	18-6	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	16-1	Mahamuni Anglo-Pali Institution.
	„ Kamalananda ...	16-2	Nowgong High School.
	„ Karunakanta ...	16-7	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Kuladabhushan ...	20-3	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	16-11	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
380	„ Manmathanath ...	20	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	„ Manmohan ...	17-10	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	„ Manomohan ...	20-10	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	„ Manomohan ...	27-6	Bhanga H. E. School.
	„ Manoranjan ...	20-11	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„ Mrityunjay ...	19	Boinchee B. L. Free Institution.
	„ Mukulchandra ...	17-3	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	„ Naliniranjan ...	17-8	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Narendranarayan ...	23-5	Private Student, Roll. Cal. P. 10.
	„ Nirmalchandra ...	18-3	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
390	„ Nitaisundar ...	21-11	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	„ Nrityagopal ...	19-2	Calcutta Academy.
	„ Nyayapada ...	18-7	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Parbatisankar ...	18-1	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Paresnath ...	18-3	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	„ Phanibhushan ...	17-10	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Phanindranath ...	17-9	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	„ Pramathabhushan ...	16-3	Serampur Union Institution.
	„ Pramathanath ...	19-3	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Prankumar ...	19-9	Private Student, Roll Far. P. 1.
400	„ Praphullachandra ...	17-4	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Purnachandra ...	18-5	Ditto ditto.
	„ Purnendu ...	18-8	Giridih H. E. School.
	„ Pyarilal ...	16-7	Siddhakati H. E. School.

	Bhattacharyya, Pyarimohan	... 16-5	Raja Girischandra H. E. School, Sylhet.
	„ Ramanuja	... 19-11	Bhaita H. E. School.
	„ Ramanimohan	... 18	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Rameschandra	... 22-2	Private Student, Roll Far. P. 3.
	„ Rebatinath	... 16-3	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Rebatiraman	... 17-10	Patiya High School.
410	„ Sailajakanta	.. 17-7	Katwa H. E. School.
	„ Sambhuchandra	... 19-2	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	„ Satischandra	... 18-3	Basirhat H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra	... 20-9	Nawabganj Harimohan Institution.
	„ Satyendranath	... 19-1	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Sudhirkumar	... 17-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Surathkumar	... 17-2	Sagor Dutt Free H. E. School, Kamarhati.
	„ Surendramohan	... 18-4	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	... 22-3	Saroatali H. E. School.
	„ Suresananda	... 23	City Collegiate School. Mymensingh Branch.
420	„ Sureschandra	... 16-4	Basirhat H. E. School.
	„ Tarinicharan	... 19-4	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	„ Umeschandra	... 21-4	Private Student. Roll Pat. P. 12.
	Bhaumik, Jatindranath	... 17-1	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Kshetramohan	... 22-2	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	„ Sisirkumar ...	... 17-7	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	„ Surendrachandra	... 18-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Surendranath	... 18-11	Jamirta H. E. School.
	Bhola Prasad ...	... 20-8	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Bhowal, Abhimanyu ...	... 20-7	Munsiganj H. E. School.
430	Bhuniya, Gopalchandra	... 19-10	Gopalnagar Kerr Institution.
	Bhuvaneshwar Prasad	... 16-2	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Bhuyan, Kalpanath ...	... 16-6	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	Binda Prasad ...	... 20-6	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.
	Bindhyaprasad Jha ...	... 19-4	Godda Coronation H. E. School.
	Bindhyeswari Prasad ...	... 18-2	Dumka Zila School.
	Biswal, Baishnabcharan	... 18	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
	Biswas, Anilchandra ...	... 18-9	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Apurbadhan ...	... 19-10	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Balaram ...	... 19-1	Burdwan Municipal School.
440	„ Binodbihari ...	... 20-4	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 6.
	„ Brajendrakumar	... 18	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Dhirendramohan	... 18-1	Rangamati H. E. School.
	„ Kaliprasanna	... 18-11	Gosain-Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Manindrakumar	... 19-9	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	„ Manindralal ...	... 17-2	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Manomohan ...	... 16-7	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Mrinalini ...	... ...	Christ Church School, Calcutta.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 16-8	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	„ Pankojini ...	... ...	U. F. C. High School, Calcutta.
450	„ Phanindranath	... 16-10	Jamui H. E. School.
	„ Prabaschanda	... 19-8	C. M. S. High School, Krishnagar.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... 18-7	Amla-Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 18-8	Harinarayanpur H. E. School.
	„ Prithwischandra	... 19-3	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Purnachandra ...	... 18-5	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Sudarsan ...	... 18-7	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	„ Tarapada ...	... 16-10	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. School.
	„ Tarapada ...	... 18-2	Bangaon H. E. School.
	„ Umaprasad ...	... 19-1	Bhagirathpur H. E. School.
460	„ Upendranath ...	... 16-6	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	Bisweswar Jha ...	... 16-8	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Bisweswar Pershad ...	... 17-9	Jamui H. E. School.
	Brahmachari, Sarasikumar	... 16-3	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur
	Brajanandan Sahai Sinha	... 20-4	Arrah Zila School.
	Brajanath Prasad Sinha	... 16-5	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Brijbelas Prasad ...	... 17-7	Arrah K. J. Academy.

	Buchcha Rai	...	... 23	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Chakrabarti, Abanimohan		... 17-6	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	„ Abanimohan		... 20-1	Comilla Victoria School.
470	„ Aghorchandra		... 17-3	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	„ Amritalal		... 18-7	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
	„ Anathbandhu		... 16-3	Feni H. E. School.
	„ Anantakumar		... 16	Abhay Talukdar Institution, Kazirpagla.
	„ Asutosh		... 17-2	Feni H. E. School.
	„ Aswinikumar		... 17-1	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Atalkumar		... 16-11	Chittagong H. E. School.
	„ Bankimbihari		... 16-9	Birbhum Zila School.
	„ Bankimchandra		... 17-10	Balurghat H. E. School.
	„ Bharatbhushan		... 17-8	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
480	„ Bimalacharan		... 17-2	Malda Zila School.
	„ Bimalananda		... 17-10	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Chandicharan		... 17-1	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	„ Debendrachandra		... 19-1	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
	„ Debendranath		... 20	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Dhirendranath		... 17-5	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Dhireschandra		... 16-10	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Durgadas		... 18-1	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	„ Durgamohan		... 19-10	Sonargaon R. G. Institution.
	„ Durgaprasad		... 16-4	Kishorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
490	„ Gaurmohan		... 20-4	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„ Girindranath		... 19-4	Pingna H. E. School.
	„ Gopendrakumar		... 20-1	Shikarpur H. E. School.
	„ Gurudas ...		... 19-7	Salkia A. S. School.
	„ Haridas ...		... 18	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Haripada...		... 18-3	Jaypur Lohagara Institution.
	„ Herambanath		... 20-5	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 14.
	„ Hridaygobinda		... 1[illegible]-7	Kurigram H. E. School.
	„ Indrabhushan		... 18	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	„ Jadunath		... 22-5	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
500	„ Jagatchandra...		... 21-6	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan		... 19	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath		... 16-9	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	„ Jatindranath		... 18-7	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	„ Jatischandra		... 16-2	Andul H. C. E. School.
	„ Jitendranath		... 16-1	Lonsing H. E. School.
	„ Jnanendranath		... 17-8	Pabna Institution.
	„ Jogendrachandra		... 16-1	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra		... 17-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra		... 17-10	Manikganj H. E. School.
510	„ Jogeschandra		... 19-1	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	„ Jyotishchandra		... 17-7	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Kalidas ...		... 19	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Kamakhyacharan		... 20-11	Giridih H. E. School.
	„ Kulendramohan		... 18-9	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Madanmohan		... 16-6	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	„ Madhusudan		... 26	Teacher, Roll Hug. T. 1.
	„ Mahendranath		... 19-10	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Mukundachandra		... 19-7	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„ Mukundalal		... 16-3	Munshiganj H. E. School.
520	„ Murarimohan		... 18-2	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	„ Nagendranath		... 16-9	Senhati High School.
	„ Nalinikanta		... 20	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„ Nalinimohan		... 19-11	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Nisikanta		... 17-6	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	Praphullakumar		... 18-4	Shillong Government High School.
	„ Priyanath		... 21-4	Dhubri High School.
	„ Pulinbihari		... 21-11	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Rajendrachandra		... 16-7	Kalighat High School.
	„ Rameschandra		... 17-1	Netrakona Dutt High School.
530	„ Rasmohan		... 18-2	Bijhari H. E. School.

	Chakrabarti, Santoshkumar ...	16-11	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	,, Saradacharan ...	19-11	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	,, Saranhari ...	17-2	Kidderpore Academy.
	,, Sasibhushan ...	18-9	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	,, Satischandra ...	17-2	Lakshmipasa D. C. Institution.
	,, Satischandra ...	16-4	Atheneum Institution.
	,, Satischandra ...	17-11	South Suburban School, Bhowanipore.
	,, Satischandra ...	19-6	Antshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	,, Sridharnath ...	19-1	Midnapore Town School.
540	,, Sudhirchandra ...	17-9	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	,, Sudhirchandra ...	16-8	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	,, Sureschandra ...	17-11	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	,, Sureschandra ...	21-4	Taltola H. E. School.
	,, Sureschandra ...	16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	,, Susilkumar ...	19-7	Giridih H. E. School.
	,, Syamacharan ...	20-8	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	,, Syamsundar ...	18-6	Private Student, Roll Bir. P. 17.
	,, Tarakanta ...	16-11	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	,, Tarapada ...	19-10	Raniganj H. E. School.
550	,, Tulsicharan ...	18-1	Serampur Union Institution.
	,, Umacharan ...	16-11	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	Chand, Gobindaprasad ...	18	Maliara H. E. School.
	Chanda, Jaminikanta	16-8	Baburhat H. E. School.
	,, Kalikanta	16-8	Solak-Batagor Union Institution.
	,, Saradacharan	17-7	Chikandi H. E. School.
	Chandi Purshad	16-5	B. N. Railway Indian School, Kharagpore.
	Chandra, Kansarilal	17-2	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	,, Phakirchandra ...	19-3	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	,, Satischandra	19-1	Midnapore Town School.
560	Chattopadhyay, Amulyacharan ...	16	Mugkalyan H. E. School.
	,, Asutosh ...	18-5	Birsingha Bhagabati Vidyalaya.
	,, Atulkrishna ...	16-1	Khulna Zilla School.
	,, Bagalaranjan ...	18-7	Maliara H. E. School.
	,, Bankimchandra ...	17	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampore.
	,, Basantidas ...	16-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	,, Bhabanicharan ...	18-1	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	,, Bhupatinath ...	17-8	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
	,, Bhupendramohan	16-7	Jaynagar Institution.
	,, Bibhutibhushan ...	17-2	Barrackpore Government School.
570	,, Bibhutibhushan ...	20-1	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	,, Bijaylal ...	20-11	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	,, Birendralal ...	18-7	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	,, Debendranath ...	18-4	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	,, Debendranath ...	19-1	Salkia A. S. School.
	,, Dharanikanta ...	16-10	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	,, Dhawjadhari ...	18	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	18-6	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	,, Dwijapada ...	17-1	Mankar H. E. School.
	,, Haripada ...	18-9	Kushtia H. E. School.
580	,, Haripada ...	17-10	Senhati High School.
	,, Harisadhan ...	17-2	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	,, Jaladhar ...	17-2	Khulna Zilla School.
	,, Jatindrachandra ...	17-1	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School Beltali.
	,, Jayharilal ...	18-1	Chittagong Municipal School.
	,, Jnanendramohan	17-3	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School Beltali.
	,, Jnanendranath ...	17-3	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution Raruli.
	,, Jugalkisor ...	21-6	Bagati H. E. School.
	,, Kamakhyaprasad	16-7	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	,, Krishnagopal ...	17-5	Okersa H. E. School,
590	,, Kshetramohan ...	16-1	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	,, Kshitibhushan ...	17-3	Dainhat H. E. School.
	,, Lalbihari ...	17-9	Howrah Zilla School.

	Chattopadhyay, Mahendranath	... 17-6	Baranagar Victoria School.
	" Makhanlal	... 20-6	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	" Manomohan	... 17-2	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Matigobinda	... 17-2	Raghunathpur G. D. Lang Institution.
	" Matilal	... 21	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Mohitchandra	... 16-6	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	" Mukundalal	... 17-4	Basirhat H. E. School.
600	" Nanilal	... 18-4	Kurigram H. E. School.
	" Narendranath	... 16	Baharu H. E. School.
	" Nibaranchandra	... 19-4	Bhola Government High School.
	" Nirmalkumar	... 16-9	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
	" Nrisinhaprasad	... 22	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Pabitranath	... 18-10	Noakhali Zilla School.
	" Phanindranath	... 18-8	Maju R. N. Basu High School.
	" Prabhaschandra	... 18-3	Magura H. E. School.
	" Prabhatkumar	... 19-7	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Prakaschandra	... 16-7	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
610	" Radhasyam	... 18-11	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	" Rajendralal	... 17-1	Konnagar H. E. School.
	" Sahayram	... 18-2	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	" Sailendranath	... 16-7	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	" Santoshkumar	... 18-8	Belpukur H. E. School.
	" Saratchandra	... 17-6	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	" Sasankasekhar	... 19-2	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	" Satyacharan	... 19-1	Kaikala H. E. School.
	" Satyapada	... 16-6	Kalna Maharaja's School.
	" Sudhirchandra	... 17-8	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
620	" Sureschandra	... 16-3	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Syamakanta	... 16-7	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Umeschandra	... 16-4	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	" Upendranath	... 16-1	H ndu School, Calcutta.
	Chaudhuri, Akhilchandra	... 21-10	Com lla Victoria School.
	" Amulyanarayan	... 18-8	Private Student, Roll Chi. P. 5
	" Anantalal	... 16-3	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	" Annadacharan	... 17-11	Pakur Raj H. E. School.
	" Balaramchandra	... 17-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Bimalchandra	... 16-3	Chittagong National Institution.
630	" Bipinbihari	... 18-11	Monghyr Training Academy.
	" Biswapati ...	... 16-9	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Chakradhar	... 17	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	" Charubhushan	... 20-1	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	" Charuchandra	... 17-8	Kakina M. R. M. H. E. School.
	" Debendrakumar	... 18-11	Brahmanbaria Edward Institutior
	" Dhirendranath	... 16-6	Kesorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Digendranath	... 17-6	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Gangeschandra	... 19-1	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh
	" Haralal ...	... 16-4	Chikandi H. E. School.
640	" Harendralal	... 16-6	Patiya High School.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 18-11	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Jagatkisor ...	... 16-6	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	" Jaminikanta	... 18-8	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Jayananda	... 18-6	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	" Jitendramohan	... 17	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Jogendranarayan	... 18-1	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
	" Jogeschandra	... 18-10	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	" Krishnagobinda	... 17	Rangamati H. E. School.
	" Kshirodnath	... 18-6	Purbasthali Victoria Institution.
650	" Kshitischandra	... 21-1	Nawabganj H. E. School.
	" Panchanan	... 16-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Pasupati ...	... 21-9	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
	" Purnachandra	... 20-1	Private Student, Roll Pab. P. 1.
	" Rajanikanta	... 20-2	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	... 18-1	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	... 17	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra	... 16-9	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet
	" Ratneswar	... 16-8	Gauripur P. C. Institution.

	Chaudhuri, Rebatiraman	19	Satkania H. E. School.
660	,, Sailendrakumar	16-7	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	,, Satischandra	17-4	Serajgunj Victoria High School.
	,, Sitaram	18	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	,, Sudarsanprasad	17-1	J. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	,, Tarapada	16-4	Basirhat H. E. School.
	Ch. Nasiruddin Ahmed	16-2	Arrah Zilla School.
	Chongdar, Pramadaprasad	18-4	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	Choudhuri, Nural Hossain	17-2	Hughli Collegiate School.
	Dam, Asutosh	17-7	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	Damri Lal	17-4	Arrah Zilla School.
670	Das, Adwaitaprasad	18-6	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	,, Akshaynarayan	16-6	Hare School, Calcutta.
	,, Amiyakumar	16-7	Tejpur High School.
	,, Anantanath	19-2	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	,, Antaryyami	17-2	Khurda H. E. School.
	,, Aswinikumar	16-9	South Suburban School, Bhowanipore.
	,, Atulkrishna	18-4	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	,, Baikunthanath	18-7	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	,, Baishnabcharan	17-2	Khurda H. E. School.
	,, Balaram	16-2	Katak P. M. Academy.
680	,, Bamapada	18	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	,, Bhupendranath	17-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	,, Bibhutibhushan, I	20-4	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	,, Biharilal	22	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	,, Chandramal	17-8	Private Student, Roll Gau. P. 4.
	,, Charukanti	21-4	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	,, Debendrachandra	19-9	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	,, Debkumar	17-1	Giridih H. E. School.
	,, Dhirendrachandra	16-11	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	,, Dimbalal	25-8	Private Student, Roll Jor. P. 5.
690	,, Dinabandhu	21-11	Binodpur B. K. H. E. School.
	,, Dwijadas	16-8	Bangora Umalochan H. E. School.
	,, Gaurchandra	17-7	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	,, Gobindaprasad	19-11	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	,, Gokulchandra	17-3	Training Academy, Calcutta.
	,, Haranchandra	17-7	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	,, Haridas	16-6	Comilla Zilla School.
	,, Harimohan	22-10	Dacca Pogose School.
	,, Harischandra	17-8	Dhalla H. E. School.
	,, Hireswar	18-5	Government High School, Sibsagar.
700	,, Jaminikanta	17-2	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	,, Jaminimohan	17-1	Katwa H. E. School.
	,, Jatindranath	16	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	,, Jnanchandra	20-4	Feni H. E. School.
	,, Jogendranarayan	18-2	Dinajpur Zilla School.
	,, Jogendranath	17-1	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	,, Jogeschandra	16-7	Lonsing H. E. School.
	,, Jogeschandra	19-7	Akyab Government High School.
	,, Kalabaran	22-1	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	,, Kalachand	16-5	Chinsura Training Academy.
710	,, Kalicharan	17-1	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	,, Kalinarayan	16-10	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	,, Kartikchandra	18	Salkia A. S. School.
	,, Khagendrakumar	18-4	Debrugarh Government High School.
	,, Kirankumar	18-5	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Krishnachaitanya	19-11	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	,, Krishnachandra	16-8	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
	,, Kumudbandhu	23	Sarail Annada H. E. School.
	,, Labanyalata	...	Brahma Girls' School.
	,, Lalbihari	17-11	Dinajpur Zila School.
720	,, Mahodarchandra	18-1	Abhayeswari High School.
	,, Manmathanath	18-11	Bhanga H. E. School.
	,, Manoharchandra	22-2	Krishnagar Collegiate School.

	Das, Manomohan ...	... 20-3	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	" Manomohan, I ...	... 20-7	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	" Manomohan ...	... 18-11	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	" Manomohan ...	... 18-5	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	" Nandeswar ...	... 22-6	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	" Narottam ...	... 16-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Narendranath ...	... 18-7	Victoria Memoril Boarding Institution.
730	" Nakshatrabhushan	... 19	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Nepalchandra ...	... 17-8	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Nibaranchandra ...	... 16-11	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	" Nimaicharan ...	... 19-4	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	" Nirendrakumar ...	... 17-2	Karimganj Aided High School.
	" Nirpendranath ...	... 17	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	" Parbaticharan ...	... 20-11	Solak-Batajor Union Institution.
	" Parbat mohan ...	... 20-5	Raja Grischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Parimal Hashinie	... ...	Christ Church School, Calcutta.
	" Prabhendrakumar	... 18-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
740	" Pulinbihari ...	... 17-10	Midnapore Hindu School.
	" Pulinbihari ...	... 18-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Radhaballabh ...	... 17	Mankar H. E. School.
	" Radhacharan ...	... 21-2	Private Student, Roll Ber. P. 1.
	" Radhanath ...	... 18-5	Jiaganj Edward Coronation Institution.
	" Ra charan ...	... 20-5	Raja Grischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Rakbalchandra ...	... 18-9	Birbhum Zilla School.
	" Rakhabari ...	... 18-6	Bandgora H. E. School.
	" Ramaniranjan ...	... 18-1	Brahmanbaria Edward Institution.
	" Rameswar Lal ...	... 16-11	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
750	" Ramlal ...	... 18-2	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	" Ramranjan ...	... 19	Dainhat H. E. School.
	" Ratikanta ...	... 20-10	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Rohinimohan ...	... 18-1	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Sachinandan ...	... 17-11	Habiganj Government High School.
	" Sachinandan ...	... 17	Morton Institution Calcutta.
	" Satischandra ...	... 18-2	Taltola H. E. School.
	" Satischandra ...	... 18-7	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E School.
	" Satyacharan ...	... 16-7	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	" Satyendranath ...	... 17-5	Gauripur P. C. Institution.
760	" Saurendralal ...	... 18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Srikrishna ...	... 18-1	Puri Zilla School.
	" Srischandra ...	... 22	Araibazar H. E. School.
	" Srishtidhar ...	... 18-9	Mahishadal Raj H. E. School.
	" Subodhkumar ...	... 18-7	Midnapore Town School.
	" Surendrachandra ...	... 17-7	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	" Surendranath ...	... 19-8	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Surendranath ...	... 21-10	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	" Surendranath ...	... 18	Serampore Union Institution.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 16-4	Chanchal Siddheswari Institution.
770	" Umeschandra ...	... 19-6	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	" Upendrakumar ...	... 18-3	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	" Upendranath ...	... 18-11	Sarisa H. E. School.
	Dasbhaumik, Narendakumar	... 20	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	Dasgupta, Abanimohan	... 16	Madaripur H. E. School,
	" Amulyacharan	... 17-11	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Annadacharan	... 18-3	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Atulchandra...	... 17-10	Kalia Re-modelled H. E. School.
	" Bimalananda	... 16	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Birendrakumar	... 17-11	Chittagong H. E. School.
780	" Birendramohan	... 16-11	Faridpur Zilla School.
	" Debescharan	... 18-1	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Dharanikanta	... 22	Palong H. E. School.
	" Ganeschandra	... 18-11	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Hrishikes ...	... 16-4	Chittagong H. E. School.
	" Jananibas ...	... 20	Hazaribagh Zilla Scnool.
	" Jatindranath	... 19-6	South Suburban School, Bhowanipore.
	" Jitendranath	... 18-11	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Jnanranjan	... 17-2	Giridih H. E. School.

	Dasgupta, Jogaranjan ...	... 17-5	Faridpur Zilla School.
790	" Jogendrachandra	... 18-6	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Jogendranath	... 17-4	T. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	" Kumudnath ...	... 17-7	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	" Kunjabihari	... 18	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Manindramohan	... 18-5	Autshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	" Matilal ...	... 17-7	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Nakuleswar ...	... 16-3	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Nisikanta ...	... 19-1	Barisal Zilla School.
	" Nityaranjan ...	... 18-8	Dinajpur Zilla School.
	" Nripendraprasanna	... 17-3	Kalia Re-modelled H. E. School.
800	" Pareschandra	... 16	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Pramodkamal	... 18-3	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Rajendranath	... 17	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Ramendramohan	... 18-5	Monghyr Zilla School.
	" Sasankamohan	... 16-7	Armanitola Government High School, Dacca.
	" Sasankusekhar	... 16-6	Patiya High School.
	" Satyendranath	... 18-3	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	" Surendranath	... 17	Gaila H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra	... 18-2	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	Daspurkayastha, Bireschandra	... 16-2	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
810	Dastidar, Satischandra	... 17-1[illegible]	Chittagong National Institution.
	Datta, Abadhautapada	... 17-7	Katwa H. E. School.
	" Abhayakumar ...	... 16-8	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	" Amarendranath ...	... 16-1	Sibpur H. C. E. School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 18-9	Khalispur H. E. School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 19-4	Karapara H. E. School.
	" Asutosh ...	... 16-6	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	" Baidyanath ...	... 18-2	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	" Basantakumar ...	... 19	Mymensingh Zilla School.
	" Bhabaniprasad ...	... 18-2	Debrugarh Government High School.
820	" Bhudebendrakumar	... 16	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Bidhubhushan ...	... 22-2	Bajitpur H. E. School.
	" Bijaykrishna ...	... 18-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Binodlal ...	... 18-2	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Bipinbihari ...	... 16	Metropolitan Institution, Bowbazar Branch.
	" Birendrakumar ...	... 17-8	Narail Subdivisional H. E. School.
	" Biswanath ...	... 19-10	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Brajasundar ...	... 19-3	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	" Brajendrachandra	... 18-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Charuchandra ...	... 16-3	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipore Branch.
830	" Chintaharan ...	... 18	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	" Chunilal ...	... 18-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Debendranath ...	... 16-8	Paigram Kasba H. E. School.
	" Debendranath ...	... 16	Khalispur H. E. School.
	" Durgaprasad ...	... 19-5	Baburhat H. E. School.
	" Dwijendranath ...	... 18	Barisal Zilla School.
	" Dhirendranath ...	... 16-2	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	" Gaurhari ...	... 17-1	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School.
	" Gopalchandra ...	... 19-3	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	" Haralal ...	... 17-7	Gaila H. E. School.
840	" Hemchandra ...	... 18	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	" Jadunath ...	... 18-3	Nawabganj H. E. School.
	" Jajneswar ...	... 17-6	Abhay Talukdar Institution, Kazirpagla.
	" Jitendramohan ...	... 17-1	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	" Jogendrachandra	... 19-1	Karimganj Aided High School.
	" Jogendramohan	... 16-7	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	" Jogeschandra ...	... 20	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	" Kalikumar ...	... 19-11	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	" Khagendranath	... 18-8	Midnapore Hindu School.
	" Kiranchandra ...	... 16-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
850	" Kisorimohan ...	... 17-6	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Kripanath ...	... 17	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Krishnalal ...	... 18-11	Lakshmipasa D. C. Institution.

	Datta, Kumudbandhu ...	17-10	K. M. D. M. Institution, Telirbagh.
	„ Lakshmikanta ...	18-8	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Lalmohan ...	19-9	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Makhanlal ...	20-3	Abhay Talukdar Institution, Kazirpagla.
	„ Makhanlal ...	18-2	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Manindralal ...	19	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Manoranjan ...	17-2	Dhubri High School.
860	„ Manoranjan ...	18-3	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	„ Mukundalal ...	17-3	Abdullapur High School.
	„ Nalinimohan ...	18-7	Maulavi Bazar High School, Sylhet.
	„ Nanigopal ...	16-5	Nasigram H. E. School.
	„ Narendrakrishna ...	17	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	„ Narendranath ...	17	Chittagong Mun cipal School.
	„ Nitulchandra ...	22-8	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. School.
	„ Paritoshkumar ...	16-7	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	„ Prabhatchandra ...	16-10	Raja Girishchandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Prabodhchandra ...	17-7	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
870	„ Purnendubikas ...	18	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Raghunath ...	17-7	Jangipur H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra ...	18-2	Solaghar H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra ...	17-1	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	„ Rasamay ...	17-8	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	„ Rasaraj ...	16-5	Hetampura Raj H. E. School.
	„ Rebatiraman ...	18-10	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Sailendranath ...	19-6	Bangaon H. E. School.
	„ Saratchandra ...	17-11	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra ...	16-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
880	„ Satischandra ...	17-3	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra ...	17-8	Brahmanbaria Edward Institution.
	„ Satyabhushan ...	17-4	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Saurindramohan ...	20-10	Comilla Victoria School.
	„ Sukumar ...	16-1	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Surendramohan ...	18-1	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Surendranath ...	16-2	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath ...	16-1	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Surendranath ...	21-8	Silchar Govenent High School.
	„ Susilchandra ...	17-5	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
890	„ Tarakchandra ...	19-2	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	„ Upendrachandra ...	17-3	Habiganj High School.
	„ Upendranath ...	18-3	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	Dattabarman, Hiralal ...	16-11	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	Dattachaudhuri, Saradacharan ...	16-8	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	Dattagupta, Dhirendramonan ...	17	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Nareschandra ...	18-4	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	Dattapurkayastha, Jitendranath ...	19	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	Daya Nand ...	19-8	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
	De, Abinaschandra ...	18-2	Chittagong Collegiate School.
900	„ Akhilchandnara ...	16-4	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Akshaykumar ...	17-5	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	„ Bankabihari ...	17-2	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Bhupendranath ...	19-2	Aryya Mission Institution.
	„ Binayeswar ...	20-5	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Bipinbihari ...	21-3	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
	„ Dayalhari ...	21-4	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	„ Debendranath ...	17	Senhati High School.
	„ Debendranath ...	19	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	„ Gopendrakumar ...	17-9	Hughli Collegiate School.
910	„ Haribhushan ...	19	Barisa H. E. School.
	„ Harischandra ...	17-3	R. R. Institution, Raozan.
	„ Harischandra ...	19-4	Aryya Mission Institution.
	„ Hemangachandra ...	18-3	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	„ Hemantakumar ...	16-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak
	„ Hemkaman ...	17	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Hrishikes ...	18-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.

	Do, Indrakumar ...	... 18-11	Silchar Government High School.
	„ Jaminimohan ...	... 16-8	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	... 18-3	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
920	„ Jnanendranath ...	... 19-1	Purnea Zilla School.
	„ Jnankinkar ...	... 16-9	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	„ Kalipada ...	... 17-1	Birbhum Zilla School.
	„ Kaminikumar ...	... 19-8	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Kiranchandra ...	... 19-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Krishnachandra ...	... 16-11	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 17-6	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	„ Mahendrachandra ...	... 18-8	Murapara Victoria H. E. School.
	„ Mahendrakumar ...	... 19-5	Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Maniklal ...	... 17-10	Srikrishna Pathsala.
930	„ Manmathanath ...	... 17-8	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	„ Manoranjan ...	... 16-2	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 18-6	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Nilmani... ...	... 16-1	Barahanagar Victoria School.
	„ Nimaichand ...	... 17-7	Sil's Free College.
	„ Pareschandra ...	... 16	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	„ Pramathanath ...	... 16-4	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	„ Prankrishna ...	... 17-1	Atheneum Institution.
	„ Pratapchandra ...	... 18-7	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	„ Rajanikanta ...	... 20-4	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
940	„ Ramanikanta ...	... 17-1	Chittagong National Institution.
	„ Rasbihari ...	... 18-6	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	„ Rasbihari ...	... 21-10	Narail Subdivisional H. E. School.
	„ Sachindranath ...	... 18-10	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Satischandra ...	... 16-4	Calcutta High School.
	„ Satischandra ...	... 17-4	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Upendrachandra ...	... 20	Comilla Zilla School.
	„ Upendranath ...	... 19-10	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Upendranath ...	... 18-1	Bahirdia H. E. School.
	„ Upendranath ...	... 22-5	Pingla K. K. Institution.
950	Deb, Benimadhab ...	... 19-7	Chittagong National Institution.
	„ Dibyasankar ...	... 20-5	Bamra Rajkumar High School.
	„ Hiralal	... 19-6	Karapara H. E. School.
	„ Jajneswar ...	... 16	Jamirta H. E. School.
	„ Mukundachandra ...	... 20.11	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	„ Rabindramohan ...	... 17-4	Shillong Government High School.
	Dechaudhuri, Krishnakumar	... 20-1	Madaripur H. E. School.
	Dekerhayarika. Prahladchandra	... 21-11	Private Student, Roll Deb. P. 4.
	Demunshi, Gopal Chandra	... 16-11	Solak Batajor Union Institution.
	Deoghoria, Bholanath ...	... 18	Burdwan Municipal School.
960	Deonarayan Lal ...	... 16-4	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.
	Depurkayastha, Mahendranath	... 20-2	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	Desarkar, Satyasaran ...	... 18-4	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
	Dhanesh Lal ...	... 18-3	Gaya Zilla School.
	Dhanoo Lall... ...	... 18-1	Patna M. A. A. School.
	Dhar, Makhanlal ...	... 16-10	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E. School.
	„ Radhagobinda ...	... 18-1	Sanmilani Institution, Jessore.
	„ Ramakanta ...	... 17	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	Dharamdeo Singh ...	... 16-4	Saidpur H. E. School.
	Dharray, Benimadhab...	... 17-3	Nabinagar H. E. School.
970	Dhoj, Kulachandra ...	... 20-10	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Didar Hossain Sircar ...	... 17-5	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	Dil Mahammad ...	... 17-11	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
	Dil Mahammad Meah ...	... 20-2	Dubalhati Haranath H. E. School.
	Din Mohommad ...	... 21-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Dinda, Prabhatkumar ...	... 17-11	Contai H. E. School.
	Doss, Shudhanshumohan	... 18	Barisal Zilla School.
	Dost Mahammad ...	... 16-1	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Dowera, Pratulchandra	... 21-7	Private Student, Roll Deb. P. 6
	Dube, Bhagwat Prasad ...	... 17-11	Hajipur H. E. School.
980	„ Phanindrachandra	... 16-10	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampore.
	„ Satischandra ...	... 17-11	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	Dufferin	... 18-2	Government High School, Prome.

	Ebad Ali Molla ...	... 20-8	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	Ekka Stanis ...	... 19-3	Ranchi St. John's H. E. School.
	Ekhlakulla Chaudhuri ...	... 17-11	Etheneum Institution.
	Elisha Mary ...	... ...	Private Student (Roll) Cal. F. P. 3.
	Emdadulla ...	... 18-3	Comilla Victoria School.
	Eman Ali Shaikh ...	... 20-1	Panjia H. E. School.
	Esahak Ali Talukder ...	... 20-9	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
990	Eshaque Uddin Munshi	... 18-5	Sirajganj B. R. High School.
	Eusofuddin Miah ...	... 19-1	Rangpur Zilla School.
	Farhad Ali Mallik ...	... 21-11	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Faujdar Sinha ...	... 18-7	Matihari Zilla School.
	Fazarali Khan ...	... 20-6	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	Fazlal Karim Khan ...	... 20-1	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	Fazlur Rahman ...	... 18-4	Barh Bayley H. E. School.
	Faiyazul Haq ...	... 16-5	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Fredishon ...	... 17	Shillong Government High School.
	Gadadhar Prasad ...	... 19	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 28.
1000	Gadakar Jha ...	... 17-11	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	Gain Binaykrishna ...	... 18-1	Town School, Calcutta.
	Gan Satyacharan ...	... 19	Bhaita H. E. School.
	Ganesh Lall, II ...	... 18-1	Dinapur aided H. E. School.
	Ganesh Lal Maskay ...	... 18-7	Darbar High School, Nepal.
	Gangopadhya, Akshaykumar	... 16-1	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	„ Asutosh	... 20-10	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Atalbihari	... 19	Autshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	„ Debendranath	... 18	Kumar Radhaprasad Institution.
	„ Gurudas	... 18-6	Dinhata H. E. School.
1010	„ Guruprasad	... 16-10	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	„ Hrishikes	... 17-7	Bera Bipin Behari H. E. School.
	„ Kaliprasanna	... 18	Faridpur Zilla School.
	„ Kumudkanta	... 17-11	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E. School.
	„ Madhusudan	... 16-4	Khalia Rajaram Institution.
	„ Muralidhar	... 18	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Nalinaksha	... 21-1	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	„ Nalinikanta	... 23-1	Baisari H. E. School.
	„ Nanigopal	... 16-2	Palasdanga H. E. School.
	„ Narendranath	... 18	Faridpur Zilla School.
1020	„ Panchanan	... 17-6	Jhapardah Duke Institution.
	„ Rohiniranjan	... 19-5	Chitagong Collegiate School.
	„ Upendranath	... 19-2	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	Gargari, Bidhubhushan	... 21	G. C. H. E. School, Nawapara.
	Gauhar Ali Ahmed ...	... 23-2	Hughli Collegiate School.
	Ghatak, Basantakumar ...	... 17	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Herambanath ...	... 18	Swarnagram Radanath H. E. School.
	Ghosh Abinaschandra ...	... 21-10	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
	„ Achyutananda ...	... 16-10	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
	„ Aghornath ...	... 19-5	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
1030	„ Amarendranath	... 19-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
	„ Amulyachandra	... 18-6	Guptipara H. E. School.
	„ Annadaprasad	... 23-4	Baharu H. E. School.
	„ Arunchandra	... 16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Arunendraprasad	... 16-5	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Asutosh ...	... 17-1	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	„ Asutosh ...	... 23-4	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	„ Aswinikumar ...	... 18-7	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	„ Badarikanath ...	... 16-9	Jaynagar Institution.
	„ Balaichand ...	... 17-6	Sil's Free College.
1040	„ Banikanta ...	... 19	Rajkumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
	„ Bhabendrakumar	... 20-1	Khararia H. E. School.
	„ Bholanath ...	... 16-10	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	... 16-2	Nakipur H. E. School.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	... 19-1	L. M. S. Institution, Bhawanipur.
	„ Bijaychandra ...	... 18	Dumka Zilla School.
	„ Bijaychandra ...	... 18.1	Phultola Re-union H. E. School.
	„ Bijaykrishna ...	.. 18-2	Binodpur B. K. H. E. School.

	Ghosh,	Bijaykrishna ...	... 18-7	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	"	Bimalchandra ...	... 17-7	Perojpur Government High School.
1050	"	Binaybhusan ...	... 17-4	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 31.
	"	Binaykumar ...	... 17-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	"	Bishnupada ...	... 17-7	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	"	Biswambhar ...	... 21	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	"	Brajendrakumar	... 16-3	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	"	Charuchandra ...	... 18	Ranchi St. Paul's High School.
	"	Debendranath ...	... 19-3	Serampur Union Institution.
	"	Dharmadas ...	... 18-5	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	"	Dhirendranath ...	... 21-2	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	"	Dhirendranath ...	... 17	New Indian School, Calcutta.
1060	"	Digendralal ...	... 20-3	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	"	Digesranjan ...	... 17-5	Abhay Talukdar Institution, Kazirpagla.
	"	Dinendranarayan	... 18-4	Nilphamari H. E. School.
	"	Durganath ...	... 21-5	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	"	Dwijeschandra ...	... 18	Teota Academy.
	"	Ganesdas ...	... 18-1	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
	"	Gaurchandra ...	... 17-3	Kuchiakol Radhaballabh Institution.
	"	Harilal ...	... 17-9	Sodepur H. E. School.
	"	Haripada ...	... 17-2	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	"	Haripada ...	... 21-8	Midnapur Town School.
1070	"	Hemantakumar	... 17	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	"	Jatindralal ...	... 18	Khararia H. E. School.
	"	Jatindranath ...	... 19-1	Taki Government School.
	"	Jatindranath ...	... 16	Bistupur H. E. School.
	"	Jitendralal ...	... 21	Banaripara Union Institution.
	"	Jitendranath ...	... 18-4	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	"	Jogeschandra ...	... 21-10	Naihati Mahendra School.
	"	Jogindranath ...	... 16-1	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	"	Jyotiprasad ...	... 17-1	Dupleix College, Chandernagar.
	"	Kamakhyacharan	... 19-4	Comilla Zilla School.
1080	"	Kesabchandra ...	... 17-2	Jessore Zilla School.
	"	Kiranchandra ...	... 22-1	Munshiganj H. E. School.
	"	Kshetramohan ...	... 16-5	Town School, Calcutta.
	"	Kshitischandra...	... 17	Karatiya M. A. O. H. E. School.
	"	Lalitmohan ...	... 17-3	Hare School, Calcutta.
	"	Lalitmohan ...	... 17-3	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	"	Manindranath ...	... 17-9	Town School, Calcutta.
	"	Nagendrachandra	... 19-8	Private Student, Roll Chi P. 2.
	"	Nalinikumar ...	... 16-6	Midnapore Hindu School.
	"	Nalinikumar ...	... 16-9	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
1090	"	Nalinprakas ...	... 19	Sodepur H. E. School.
	"	Narendrakumar	... 18-1	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	"	Narendranath ...	... 17-2	Binodpur B. K. H. E. School.
	"	Nareschandra ...	... 17-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	"	Nilmani ...	... 17-5	Rajagram A. S. School.
	"	Prabhaschandra	... 18-4	Bangaon H. E. School.
	"	Praphullakumar	... 18-5	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	"	Pulinbihari ...	... 16-11	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	"	Rabindranath ...	... 16-11	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
	"	Rakhalchandra...	... 20-1	Arambagh H. E. School.
1100	"	Raktollpal ...	... 18-3	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	"	Ramanath ...	... 16-1	Khararia H. E. School.
	"	Rebatimohan ...	... 23-3	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	"	Sailajakanta ...	... 21-4	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	"	Satischandra ...	... 22-6	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
	"	Satischandra ...	... 17-7	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	"	Satyaranjan ...	... 17-8	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	"	Satyendramohan	... 16-2	Mymensingh Zilla School.
	"	Srischandra ...	... 18-4	Khulna Zilla School.
	"	Surendranath ...	... 17-3	Chittagong Collegiate School.
1110	"	Surendranath ...	... 19-11	Baghutia Bibhagdi H. E. School.
	"	Surendranath ...	... 18-3	Ramlal Academy, Chakdaha.
	"	Surendranath ...	... 19	Narail Subdivisional H. E. School.
	"	Sureschandra ...	... 20-8	Salap H. E. School.

	Ghosh, Susantakumar	18-2	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Susilkumar	18-7	Satkhira Prannath H. E. School.
	,, Tarakdas	18-7	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	,, Tarakdas	18-10	Giridih H. E. School.
	,, Taraknath	17-3	Bahirdiah H. E, School.
	Ghoshal, Anathnath	16-4	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
1120	,, Atulchandra	19-6	Baisari H. E. School.
	,, Gopendrachandra	20-3	Srikhanda H. E. School.
	,, Harikrishna	19	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	,, Jogeschandra	19	Memari V. M. Institution.
	,, Manindranath	17-1	Serampur Union Institution.
	,, Matilal	17	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	,, Nilaksha	16-9	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	Ghoshbarman, Phanibhushan	19-3	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	Ghoshchaudhuri, Gangadhar	16-8	Dainhat H. E. School.
	Goshdastidar, Anilbihari	17-8	Gabha High School.
1130	Ghoshdastidar, Sumantakumar	18-3	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Ghoshhajra, Dhirendrakumar	17-1	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	Ghulam Jilani	16-6	Calcutta Madrasah.
	Ghulam Martuza Khan	16	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	Gogai, Girindranath	16-3	Nazira Aided High School.
	Kulanath	19-2	Government High School, Jorhat.
	Gokula Nand	17	Hazaribagh Zilla School.
	Golam Idris Khan	17-5	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Golam Kibria	18-10	Salar Edward H. E. School.
	Gop, Chandrakumar	19	Saroatali H. E. School.
1140	Lalitmohan	20-11	Abdullapur High School.
	Gorakh Prasad Sinha	17-7	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
	Goswami, Atulchandra	18-7	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	,, Byomkes	16-4	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	,, Hiralal	16-2	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	,, Jagatbandhu	20-3	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	,, Jasodananda	17-1	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	,, Jatindramohan	17-2	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	,, Jnanadananda	19-8	Private Student, Roll Jor. P. 12.
	,, Krishnachandra	18-10	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
1150	,, Nandeswar	16-7	Government High School, Jorhat.
	,, Panchanan	18-1	Mathrun N. C. Institution.
	,, Ramranjan	18-9	Pakur Raj H. E. School.
	,, Rasbihari	20	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	,, Satyaniranjan	19-11	Nasigram H. E. School.
	Guha, Charuranjan	21-10	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	,, Debendrabijay	17-6	Saroatali H. E. School.
	,, Dineskamal	16-9	Kurigram H. E. School.
	,, Hemangabhushan	16-10	Chittagong Municipal School.
	,, Hemantakumar	17-9	Serajganj B. L. High School.
1160	,, Jitendranath	20	Private Student, Roll Far. P. 2.
	,, Kshitischandra	20-6	Ghatal Municipal H. E. School.
	,, Matilal	16-10	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	,, Mukundalal	17-10	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	,, Munindrachandra	16-6	Dacca Collegiate School.
	,, Nripendrachandra	21-6	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	,, Pramathanath	16-4	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
	,, Ramanimohan	19-1	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	,, Sailendrachandra	18-1	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	,, Sasankasekhar	18-6	Bhanga H. E. School.
1170	,, Surendramohan	22-1	Armenitola Govt. High School, Dacca.
	Guhathakurta, Kesabchandra	16-11	Banaripara Union Institution.
	,, Upendranath	19-10	Ditto ditto
	Gupta, Achintyanath	16-6	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	,, Basantakumar	20-9	Metropolitan Institution, Bowbazar Branch.
	,, Brajendrakumar	18-3	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	,, Chandidas	16-3	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	,, Dhirendranath	17-1	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	,, Digendranath	16-7	K. M. D. M. Institution, Telirbag.
	,, Gaurmohan	18-1	Srikrishna Pathsala.

1180	Gupta, Girindrachandra	19-6	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	„ Harshanath	19	Badrunnessa H. E. School, Paschimgaon.
	„ Jitendranath	18-11	Banaripara Union Institution.
	„ Pankajkumar	19-7	Bhola Govt. High School.
	„ Praphullakumar	16	Comilla Zilla School.
	„ Sisirkumar	16-11	Satragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Sudhanyakumar	16-2	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Taritkumar	23	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 18.
	„ Upendrakumar	16-1	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	Gupteshwar Nath	17-10	Private Student, Roll Pat, P. 16.
1190	Guruprasad Lall	20-11	Dinapur Aided H. E. School.
	Hafizuddin	19-7	Muradnagar D. R. H. E. School.
	Hait, Binaybhusan	18-1	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Hajarika, Benaram	20-2	Mangaldai Aided High School.
	Hajra, Bhubanmohan	16-11	Katak P. M. Academy
	„ Bijaykrishna	18-1	Narit Nyayaratna Institution.
	„ Chandicharan	18-11	Kagram H. E. School.
	„ Dhirendranath	17-11	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	„ Hrishikesh	17	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	Haldar, Hemantakumar	18-2	Barrackpore Government School.
1200	„ Kaliprasanna	18-6	Victoria Memorial Boarding Institution.
	„ Nagendranath	16-5	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	„ Sanatkumar	20-6	Sankari H. E. School.
	Halder, Darbari	20-6	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	Hareram Dalal	17-7	Burdwan Municipal School.
	Hari Prasad Deo	19-9	Deoghar H. E. School.
	Har Gobinda Prasad	17-11	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
	Harihar Pershad	18	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Hashmatali Khan	16-5	Sonargaon G. R. Institution.
	Hassan Raza	21-2	Sylhet Government High School.
1210	Helaluddin Ahmed	18-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Hla Taw	19	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Hogan, Winnifred	...	Private Student, Roll Hug. F. P. 1.
	Hriday Narayan	17-3	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Hui Jyotishchandra	18-1	Midnapur Town School.
	Idris Miah	20-9	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 1.
	Ijjetullah Ahamed	20-5	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	Ikhlaser Rohman	20-1	Chittagong H. E. School.
	Ishwarinandan Parshad	16	Supaul William's H. E. School.
	Ismatullah Miah	19-11	Donough H. E. School, Jamalpur.
1220	Jabbar Ali	20-5	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	Jadu Nandan Proshad, I	17-3	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Jagannath Prasad	19	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Jagat Singh	17-9	Darjeeling High School.
	Jamaloddin Ahmad	17-1	Calcutta Madrasah.
	Jamaluddin Ahmad	18-1	Thakurgaon H. E. School.
	Jamil Ahmad Khan	19-2	Palamau Zilla School.
	Jamuna Pershad	19-5	Chapra Zilla School.
	Jamuna Prasad Varma	20	B. B. Col. School, Muzaffarpur.
	Jamuna Prosad	17-10	Palamau Zilla School.
1230	Jan Mahammad Biswas	22-3	Jangipur H. E. School.
	Jana, Kokilchandra,	21-6	Chandrakona Jirat, H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath	20-4	Parbatipur Patitpabani High School.
	„ Suryyakumar	21-1	Midnapore High School.
	Janak Jee	18-3	Arrah Zilla School.
	Janki Prasad	18-3	Private Student, Roll Bha. P. 2.
	Jaripulla Mandal	20-9	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	Jay Parakash	16-3	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Jha Harinandan	20-8	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	„ Mohinimohan	18-8	Maldah Zilla School.
1240	„ Umadatta	20-9	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	Jog Sinha Chatri	16-8	Nowgong High School.
	Emmanuel John	22-4	St. Columba's Collegiate School, Hazaribagh.

	Joyen Ulla ...	... 22-1	Ulipur M. S. H. E. School.
	Joynul Abedin ...	... 18-2	Naogaon K. D. H. E. School.
	Jrimson ...	... 17-8	Private Student, Roll Shi. P. 3.
	Jugeshwar Purshad ...	... 19	Muzaffarpur Mukherjee's Seminary.
	Junoschandra Singh ...	... 20-11	Serampur Collegiate School.
	Jyoti Prasad ...	... 17-5	Chapra Zilla School.
	Kab'raj, Bidhubhusan	... 17	Maliara H. E. School.
1250	„ Chinmay ...	... 18	Burdwan Municipal School.
	Kabraji, Sherabanoo ...	... ...	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	Kafiluddin Ahamad ...	... 19-11	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	Kahali, Satish Chandra	... 18	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	K. A. H. M. Nural Haque	... 18-6	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Kali, Nagendranarayan	... 19	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	Kalita, Dehiram ...	... 17-2	Private Student Roll, Gau. P. 3.
	Kalimuddin Miah ...	... 19-5	Kanchantala J. D. J. Institution.
	Kajemali Nazir ...	... 25-1	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
	Kakoti, Ramprasad ...	... 18-2	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
1260	Kalimuddin Ahmed ...	... 19	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Kamaleswari Sahai ...	... 18-4	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	Kamaleshwari, Charana	... 16	Palamau Zilla School.
	„ Prasad	... 17-10	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Kamalanand Jha ...	... 22-8	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	Kamla Prasad Sahaiya	... 20-5	Banka M. K. H. E. School.
	Kamta Prasad Verman	... 20-2	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Kanjilal, Lalitmoham	... 17-8	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	Kanungo, Rajkisor ...	... 17-1	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Kar, Amulyachandra ...	... 18-7	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
1270	„ Bhupendranath ...	... 16-11	Kidderpore Academy.
	„ Hemchandra ...	... 17-2	Khulna Zilla School.
	„ Khetranath ...	... 17	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Madanmohan ...	... 21	Araihazar H. E. School.
	„ Nabinchandra ...	... 23-6	Private Student, Roll Mym. P. 4.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 16-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Nilkanta ...	... 20-2	Jamtara Jung Bahadur Coronation School.
	„ Saratchandra ...	... 18-6	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	„ Sasibhushan ...	... 17-1	Uluberia H. E. School.
	„ Karamat Ali ...	... 18-6	Calcutta Madrasah.
1280	Karimbaksa Gazi ...	... 22	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Karimuddin Ahmed ...	... 20	Private Student, Roll Bog. P. 3.
	Karmakar Atalbihari ...	... 16-10	Banupur H. E. School.
	„ Banamali ...	... 21	Sholak Batajor Union Institution.
	„ Ramlal ...	... 25-9	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 6.
	„ Saratchandra	... 21	Noakali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	„ Surendranath	... 18-11	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	Kazemuddin Molla ...	... 17-3	Munshiganj H. E. School.
	Kazi Abdul Malik ...	... 17	Jessore Zilla School.
	„ Mahomed Abdul Mazid	... 17-11	Kartikpur H. E. School.
1290	„ Mohammad Ali ...	... 20	Calcutta Madrasah.
	„ Mohammud Hossain	... 20-3	Comilla Zilla School.
	„ Sonamuddin ...	... 21-6	Dacca Pogose School.
	Kedar Nath ...	... 16-6	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	Kes, Jananendranath ...	... 18-2	Ramgopalpur High School.
	Keshava Prasad Sinha	... 18	Arrah Zilla School.
	Khandakar Moazzam Hossain	... 17	Dinajpur Zilla School.
	Khairati Mian ...	... 19-11	Abaipur Ramsundar Institution.
	Khatua, Nabakumar ...	... 17-8	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	Khin, Maung Gyi ...	... 18-4	Government High School, Prome.
1300	„ Maung Dway ...	... 17-5	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Khorshed Alam Chowdhury	... 16-2	Barisal Zilla School.
	Khorshed Ali Talukdar	... 17	Hemnagar Sasimukhi H. E. School.
	Ko Ko ...	... 19	Government High School, Prome.
	Kole, Kalipda ...	... 19-7	Amta H. E School.

	Konar, Bibhutibhusan ...	... 17-6	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	„ Birajamohan ...	... 18-11	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Pramathanath ...	... 17	Badla H. C. E. School.
	Kong Hla ...	... 19-11	Ripon Collegiate School.
	Kumar, Charuchandra ...	... 20-2	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
1310	„ Pasupati ...	... 19	Memari V. M. Institution.
	Kundu, Becharam ...	... 19-3	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
	„ Bharatchandra	... 17-8	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	„ Binodbihari ...	... 18-1	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Ganganarayan ...	... 16-1	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 19-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Mohendrachandra	... 17-1	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	„ Narendrakrishna	... 17-6	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Santoshlal ...	... 19-2	Abdullapur High School.
	„ Saratchandra ...	... 19-1	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
1320	„ Shashtidas ...	... 16	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	Kuldipnarayan Tewari	... 17-2	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Lachminaraien Sinha ...	... 16-2	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Laha, Asutosh ...	... 16-8	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	Lahiri Amritalal ...	... 17	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	„ Bhujangabhushan	... 18-5	Beldanga G. S. H. E. School.
	„ Bijaybasanta ...	... 20-2	Pabna Zilla School.
	„ Haricharan ...	... 20-5	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Herambachandra	... 19	Araria H. E. School.
	„ Jitendranath ...	... 17-8	Serajganj Victoria High School.
1330	„ Jogendrnath ...	... 19-7	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	„ Lalitkanta ...	... 16-4	Mymensingh Zilla School.
	„ Sibaprasad ...	... 16-9	Jiaganj Edward Coronation Institution.
	„ Suprasanna ...	... 17	Motihari Zilla School.
	„ Sureschandra ...	... 18-3	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	Lahirichaudhuri Sachindrakanta ...	17-4	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Lakshmi Narain ...	... 23-7	Buxar H. E. School.
	Lalsaran Singh ...	... 21-10	Ranchi Zilla School.
	Laurie	... 20-11	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Sagarchandra Lodh ...	... 19-8	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
1340	Mabarak Ali ...	... 19-1	Saroatali H. E. School.
	Madhu Persad ...	... 18-1	Bankipore Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Mahabbat Ali ...	... 17-10	Dacca Collegiate School.
	Mahamad Abdoor Razzak	... 19-10	Khurda H. E. School.
	„ Mafizuddin Khandaker	18-9	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	Mahamed Keyamuddin	... 18-3	Bogra Zilla School.
	Mahammad Din ...	... 19-2	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	„ Abdul Latif Bhuyan ...	20-6	Gafargaon Islamia H. E. School.
	„ Abdul Qador	... 17-5	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Afsaruddin	... 19-9	Gafargaon Islamia H. E. School.
1350	„ Besharat Ali	... 19-5	Pabna Zilla School.
	„ Fazlar Rahman	... 23-1	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	„ Moquebul Hussain	... 18-5	Gafargaon Islamia H. E. School.
	„ Sultan Khan	... 20-4	Araihazar H. E. School.
	„ Tajuddin ...	... 18-9	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	„ Yasin ...	... 20-7	Pabna Zilla School.
	Mahammed Azizur Rahman	... 19-6	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	„ Mojibur Rahman Chowdhuri	... 19-10	Maldah Zilla School.
	„ Najar Ali ...	... 20-11	Kaliganj Raja Rajendra Narayan H. E. School.
	„ Ruhul Amin	... 17	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
1360	Mahanta, Mitradeb ...	... 17-6	Government High School, Jorhat.
	Mahanti, Abinaschandra	... 18-4	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	„ Achyutananda	... 19-8	Town, Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	„ Anathbandhu	... 19-8	Puri Zilla School.
	„ Banchhanidhi	... 16-1	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	„ Dwarkanath ...	... 18-6	Balasore Zilla School.
	„ Loknath ...	... 17-4	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Madhusudan ...	... 20-8	Puri Zilla School.
	„ Radhakrishna	... 18-2	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.

	Mahanti, Rudracharan ...	... 17	Katak P. M. Academy.
1370	Mahapatra Banamaliprasad	... 17-11	Bhadrak H. E. School.
	" Birabar	... 17	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	" Gajendra ...	... 17	Katak P. M. Academy.
	" Nilamani ...	... 16-8	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Maharaj Fateh Chand ...	... 22	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	Mahbooh Alam ...	... 17-1	Bankipore B. N. Collegiate School.
	Mahommed Abdul Majid	... 17-4	Bogra Zilla School.
	Mahindraram Khaund ...	... 16-7	Dibrugarh Government High School.
	Mahata Jnanendranath	... 19-11	Hitampore Raj H. E. School.
	Mah Khin Nyum ...	... 19	Baptist College, Rangoon.
1380	Mainuddin Mian ...	... 19	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	Maiti, Asutosh ...	... 20-9	Contai H. E. School.
	" Bharatchandra ...	... 18-10	Midnapore Hindu School.
	" Jibangobinda ...	... 17-10	Midnapore Town School.
	" Kedarnath ...	... 18	Mahishadal Raj H. E. School.
	" Sarojkumar ...	... 16-8	Contai H. E. School.
	Maitra, Amritalal ...	... 17-6	Arbalia J. V. H. E. School.
	" Debendrakumar	... 19	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Jogendrachandra	... 16	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Kalipada ...	... 17-10	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E., School.
1390	" Kshitischandra	... 17-10	Saidpur H. E. School.
	" Kuladanath ...	... 18-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Manindralal ...	... 20-3	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	" Nilmani ...	... 17-4	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Sisirkumar ...	... 16-8	Nabadwip, Hindu School.
	" Sudhansubhushan	... 20-8	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Sudhansukumar	... 18	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 17	Howrah Zilla School.
	" Tarakdas ...	... 16	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	Maji, Sarbeswar ...	... 19-2	Pingla K. K. Institution.
1400	Majumdar, Abanimohan	... 16-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Ajitnath ...	... 16-2	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	" Ambujaksha	... 16-1	Amta H. E. School.
	" Bijaykumar	... 18-5	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	" Binaybhusan	... 17	Munshiganj H. E. School.
	" Bipinbihari	... 19-2	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 3.
	" Birendranath	... 18-8	Magura H. E. School.
	" Charuchandra	... 18-5	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	" Chintaharan	... 16-9	Patiya High School.
	" Debendrakumar	... 18-5	Noakhali R. K. Jubilee High School.
1410	" Dhirendrachandra	... 16-11	Baradi H. E. School.
	" Dwarkanath	... 18	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 5.
	" Girischandra	... 16-2	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	" Harendranath	... 16-7	Khulna Zilla School.
	" Jagadischandra	... 18-2	Pabna Zilla School.
	" Jagadischandra	... 17-8	Pabna Institution.
	" Kiranchandra	... 19	Kushtia H. E. School.
	" Kunjabihari	... 18-3	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Mahendrakumar	... 18	Feni H. E. School.
	" Nagendrakumar	... 20-6	Comilla Victoria School.
1420	" Narendranath	... 16-3	B. C. Institntion, Khulna.
	" Padmalochan	... 19-9	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Phanibhusan	... 17-10	Halisahar High School.
	" Praphullakumar	... 19-3	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	" Rameshchandra	... 18-1	Pabna Institution.
	" Rameschandra	... 16-10	Bhanga H. E. School.
	" Rebatimohan	... 19	Sonarang H. E. School.
	" Saratchandra	... 20-9	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	" Tinkari ...	... 21-3	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Trailokyanath	... 19-11	Bhanga H. E. School.
1430	Makbul Ahmed ...	... 19-11	Private Student, Roll Dac. P 2.
	Makhleswar Rahman ...	... 18-10	Bogra Zilla School.

	Mal, Purnachandra ...	... 16	Midnapore Town School.
	Malakar, Ramsaran ...	... 16-2	Maliara H. E. School.
	Mallik, Amarendranath	... 17-4	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Gunamay ...	... 16-4	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Jogendranath ...	... 19-6	Orakandi H. E. School.
	" Kripamay ...	... 18-5	Hazaribagh Zilla School.
	" Narendrachandra	... 18-1	Kesab Academy, Calcutta.
	" Parbatinath ...	... 19	Basirhat H. E. School.
1440	" Pramadaprasad ...	... 21-5	Private Student, Roll Birb. P. 11.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 18-9	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	Mandal, Baikunthanath	... 27-6	Private Student, Roll Mid. P 1.
	" Jajneswar ...	... 22	Kidderpur Academy.
	" Jogendranath ...	... 22-3	Bangaon H. E. School.
	" Kamalkrishna	... 16-10	Kidderpur Academy.
	" Kasimuddin ...	... 18-5	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Mangalgan ...	... 20-3	Bistupur H. E. School.
	" Nagendranath ...	... 18-2	Garbeta H. E. School.
	" Phanibhushan ...	... 16-2	Midnapore Town School.
1450	" Phanindranath	... 21	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	" Prasadgobinda	... 17	Jaypur Phakirdas H. E. School.
	" Priyanath ...	... 20-9	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Rajkisorprasad	... 18-8	Madhipura Shirres Institute.
	" Saratchandra ...	... 16-2	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	" Sibaprasad ...	... 16-8	Khulna Zilla School.
	" Surendranath ...	... 16-10	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
	" Surendranath ...	... 18-2	C. M. S. High School, Krishnagar.
	Manharam Pandey ...	... 18-5	Chapra Collegiate School.
	Manna, Panchkari ...	... 18-11	Uluberia H. E. School.
1460	Manrakhan Lall ...	... 22-8	Arrah Zilla School.
	Marik, Kanailal ...	... 16-9	Sil's Free College.
	Masihdas Soy ...	... 22-9	Ranchi H. E. L. Mission School.
	Mashaheduddin Choudhury	... 16-3	Sylhet Government High School.
	Mathoor, Surajmohan ...	... 16-2	Patna City School.
	Mathura Prasada ...	... 18	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Matiar Rahaman ...	... 23-4	Bangaon H. E. School.
	Maung Ba Than (2992) ...	... 17-2	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Maung Ba Thaw ...	... 18-7	Government High School, Prome.
	Maung Ba Thaw ...	... 19-10	Baptist College, Rangoon.
1470	Maung Ba Tin ...	... 17-1	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	Maung Hla	... 22	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung Hmun ...	... 22-2	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	Maung On Tin ...	... 18-6	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Maung Po Kya ...	... 22	Bap ist College, Rangoon.
	Maung Po Louck ...	... 17-1	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	Maung Po Sein ...	... 21	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung Po Than ...	... 19-6	Government High School, Prome.
	Maung Po Twe ...	... 20-10	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung San Htain ...	... 17	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
1480	Maung Sein	... 18-2	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung So Bon ...	... 17-7	A. B. M. High School, Mandalay.
	Maung Tin	... 16-8	Municipal High School, Bassein.
	Maung Tun Pe ...	... 18-7	Ditto Ditto.
	Maung Tun U. ...	... 17-9	A. B. M. High School, Mandalay.
	Md. Abdul Haque ...	... 19-1	Kurigram H. E. School.
	Md. Gholam Ali Biswas	... 19-8	Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Md. Hamidar Rahman Khan	... 20-1	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	Md. Hashmat Ali ...	... 21-1	Dhalla H. E. School.
	Md. Hussain Ali ...	... 20-1	Ditto Ditto.
1490	Md. Imam Hussain Khan	... 21	Ditto Ditto.
	Md. Ismail	... 17	Muzaffarpur Zilla School.
	Md. Jalaluddin Miah ...	... 19-1	Ullapara H. E. School.
	Md. Kasiruddin ...	... 21-4	Naokhila P. N High School.
	Md. Meheruddin ...	... 19-1	Perojpur Government High School.
	Md. Rafique	... 19-6	Arrah Zila School.
	Md. Shahid Karim ...	... 20-8	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Md. Yaseen Siddiqui ...	... 18-5	Ditto Ditto.

	Meher Ali	... 19-2	Chittagong Madrasah.
	Mehta Deva Narayan Persad	... 19	Ranchi Zilla School.
1500	Meseruddin Bhuya ...	... 17-10	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	Mewa Misra	... 17-11	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Mg. Ba Aung *(a)* ...	... 16-8	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Mg. Ba Than *(3922)* ...	... 21-8	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Mg. Chit Swe ...	... 20-1	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Mg. Nyun	... 21-2	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Mir Hashem Ali ...	... 17-11	Jessore Zilla School.
	Mir Hossain ...	... 17-4	Feni H. E. School.
	Mirza Esmail Beg ...	... 18-3	Contai H. E. School.
	Misra Atulchandra ...	... 24-3	Garbeta H. E. School.
1510	„ Bagalaprasad ...	... 19-2	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	„ Birinchi ...	... 19-2	Barari Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's H. E. School.
	„ Damodar ...	... 18-4	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	„ Dinabandhu ...	... 16-6	Jajpur H. E. School.
	„ Gopinath ...	... 18-10	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	„ Jadunath ...	... 17-6	Katak Town Victoria H. E. School.
	„ Lalita ...	... ...	L. M. S. Girls' High School.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 19-6	Pakur Raj H. E. School.
	„ Sarbeswar ...	... 20-3	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	„ Shivendra Prasad	... 18-9	Monghyr Zilla School.
1520	Mitra, Abhaydas ...	... 19-2	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	„ Abinaschandra ...	... 18-1	Kishorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Amarendranath ...	... 18-1	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	„ Amarendranath ...	... 18-8	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Amarnarayan ...	... 17-7	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Anilchandra ...	... 17-3	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Bhanubikas ...	... 16-5	Hathwa Eden School.
	„ Bilaschandra ...	... 16-11	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampore.
	„ Charuchandra ...	... 17-6	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Birendranath ...	... 21-8	Tala B. Dey Institution.
1530	„ Dhirendranath ...	... 16-4	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	„ Dulalchandra ...	... 16	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Gopendranath ...	... 17-10	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Hanseswar ...	... 19-5	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Janakinath ...	... 16-11	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath ...	... 17-5	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	„ Kalikrishna ...	... 17	B. M. Institution, Baidyabati.
	„ Kalipada ...	... 17-2	Birbhum Zilla School.
	„ Khagendranath ...	... 16-3	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Krishnachandra ...	... 19-1	Hindu School, Calcutta.
1540	„ Kumudkumar ...	... 16	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 17-11	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
	„ Mahendranath ...	... 16-4	K. M. S. C. Institution.
	„ Mansadas ...	... 20-1	Banwaribad H. E. School.
	„ Manindrakumar ...	... 17-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Munindranath ...	... 17-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Narendrakumar ...	... 18-1	Narail Sub-Divisional H. E. School.
	„ Narendranath ...	... 19-4	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nareschandra ...	... 18-2	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	„ Nareschandra ...	... 16-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
1550	„ Nibaranchandra ...	... 16	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	„ Pareschandra ...	... 20	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Phanindrakumar	... 16-8	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	„ Praphullakumar	... 16-10	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Radhagobinda ...	... 17-6	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	„ Radhagobinda ...	... 22-3	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	„ Ramchandra ...	... 16-1	Ditto Ditto.
	„ Ramkrishna ...	... 17-11	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Sadhucharan ...	... 17-9	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Sanatkumar ...	... 17	New Indian School, Calcutta.
1560	„ Siddheswar ...	... 17	Hooghli Collegiate School.
	„ Sudhindramohan	... 17-6	Comilla Zilla School.

	Mitra, Sukumar ...	... 16-8	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	„ Sukumar ...	... 17-10	Mitra Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Sukhamay ...	... 16-6	Katak P. M. Academy.
	„ Tejendramohan ...	... 18	Mymensingh Zilla School.
	Mirza Md. Ebrahim ...	... 16-6	Armenitola Govt. High School, Dacca.
	Mohamad Abdul Hai ...	... 18-11	Gopalganj V. M. H. E. School.
	Mohamad Zahiruddin	... 17-10	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Mohamed Ishaque ...	... 16-3	Bhola Government High School.
	Mohamed Rokonuddin	... 18-10	Karatiya M. A. O. H. E. School.
1570	Mohamed Yusuf ...	... 17-9	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Mohamed Abdul Halim	... 17-4	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	Mohammad Abid ...	... 18	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Mohammad Anwar Ullah	... 19-2	Noakhali Zilla School.
	Mohammad Ayub ...	... 18-4	Khagole E. I. R. H. E. School.
	Mohammad Azher ...	... 19-1	Calcutta Madrasah.
	Mohammad Ayub Khan	... 22-8	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 13.
	Mohammad Badiuzzaman	... 18-9	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Mohammad Budruddoja	... 17-5	Arrah Zilla School.
1580	Mohammad Ebadulla ...	... 23	Jessore Zilla School.
	Mohammad Golam Rabbani	... 18-6	Noakhali Zilla School.
	Mohammad Habibur Rahim	... 16-2	Patna Collegiate School.
	Mohammad Hashim Khan	... 16-7	Calcutta Madrasah.
	Mohammad Ibrahim ...	... 17-7	Baburhat H. E. School.
	Mohammad Ismail ...	... 16-4	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	Mohammad Moheeuddin	... 20-3	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	Mohammad Muzaffer ...	... 16-11	Chapra Zilla School.
	Mohammad Sabir ...	... 19-3	Ditto.
	Mohammed Abdul Hauque	... 18-3	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
1590	Mohammed Bakhtiyar ...	... 18-7	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Mohammed Ismail ...	... 19-1	Dacca Madrasah.
	Mohammed Osman ...	... 16-3	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	Mohammod Abdul Jubber Miah	... 18-11	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	Mohiuddin Ahmed ...	... 19-2	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Mohd. Abdul Hameed ...	... 18-5	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
	Moniruddin Sarkar ...	... 22	Dacca Madrasah.
	Montajuddin Ahmed ...	... 16-3	Munshiganj H. E. School.
	Moqbul Hossain ...	... 20-6	Bogra Zilla School.
	Mosharraf Hossain ...	... 19-10	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
1600	Mosharraff Hossain ...	... 16-1	Munshiganj H. E. School.
	Mosleh Uddin ...	... 17-6	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	Motayed Atulchandra ...	... 21-2	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Muhammad Abdul Ally	... 17-2	Barisal Zilla School.
	Muhammad Abdul Mannan	... 18-11	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	Muhammad Abdus Salam	... 18-1	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	Muhammad Hanif ...	... 17-3	Chittagong Municipal School.
	Muhammad Hifzullah ...	... 16-9	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Muhammad Ibrahim ...	... 20-10	Chittagong H. E. School.
1610	Muhammad Israil Uddin Talukdar	20-1	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	Muhammad Jaylall Abedin	... 20-3	Puthia P. N. H. E. School.
	Muhammad Mohosen ...	... 17-6	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	Muhammad Rasaikh ...	... 18-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	Muhammad Rashiduddin	... 18-1	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak
	Muhammad Saleem ...	... 20	Patna M. A. A. School.
	Muhammad Sherajud Doullah	... 16-7	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Muhammad Shafi Khan	... 21-9	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	Muhammed Bader Bukht	... 18	Calcutta Mrdrasah.
	Muk hlal Sinha ...	... 21-7	Monghyr Training Academy.
	Muhri, Dhirendranath ...	... 16-1	Bhagalpur Zilla School.
1620	Mukhopadhyay, Adwaitacharan	... 16-6	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	„ Amarnath	... 16-8	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Amiyanath	... 18	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Anadinath	... 18-4	Haripal Gurudayal Institution.
	„ Anantalal	... 18-2	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Aparnakumar	... 16-3	Dinapur Aided H. E. School.
	„ Asitaranjan	... 18-7	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	„ Asutosh	... 16	Jhapardah Duke Institution.
	„ Baidyanath	... 18	Hare School, Calcutta.

	Mukhopadhyay,	Bamacharan ...	18	Narayanganj H. E. School.
1630	"	Banamali ...	17-2	Kotalpur H. E. School.
	"	Bankimchandra ...	17-5	Dacca Pogose School.
	"	Bholanath ...	18-7	Bhanga H. E. School.
	"	Bhudeb ...	16-8	Arrah K. J. Academy.
	"	Bhupendrakumar	17-10	Aryya Mission Institution.
	"	Bhutnath ...	18-7	Jamtara Janj Bahadur Coronation School.
	"	Bibhutibhushan ...	16-10	Midnapore Town School.
	"	Bidyudbaran ...	17-3	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	"	Bimalacharan ..	19-1	Giridih H. E. School.
	"	Birajmohan ..	19	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
1640	"	Bishnupada ..	17-7	Itachuna Srinarayan Institution.
	"	Debendranath ..	20-8	Aryya Mission Institution.
	"	Debendranath ...	18-9	Hughli Branch and Model School.
	"	Dhaneschandra ...	16-8	Rayna H. E. School.
	"	Dinabandhu ...	16-4	Ripon Collegiate School.
	"	Durgacharan ...	21-1	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	"	Durgacharan ...	16-10	Guptipara H. E. School.
	"	Gaurhari ...	20-2	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	"	Golakbihari ...	16-3	Ditto.
	"	Gopeswar ...	18-3	Midnapore Hindu School.
1650	"	Gopinath ...	19-11	Karapara H. E. School.
	"	Harendranth ...	16-1	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	"	Harilal ...	16-7	Dinajpur Zilla School.
	"	Harilal ...	19-3	Rowile H. E. School.
	"	Hemchandra ...	19-1	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	"	Hemchandra ...	18-11	Jaypur Lohagara Institution.
	"	Hiralal ...	18	Teota Academy, Dacca.
	"	Hrishikes ...	16-5	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	"	Jagadischandra ...	18-8	Khulna Zilla School.
	"	Jagadischandra ...	17-5	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
1660	"	Jagatchandra ...	16-11	Midnapore Town School.
	"	Jitendranath ...	17-3	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	"	Jitendranath ...	20-6	Madaripur H. E. School.
	"	Jitendranath ...	20-7	Baluti H. E. School.
	"	Jyotindrakumar ...	17-7	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	"	Jyotirmay ...	18-6	Barrackpore Government School.
	"	Kalidas ...	17-10	Baharu H. E. School.
	"	Kalidas ...	16-10	Uttarpara Government School.
	"	Kamalakanta ...	16-9	Bankipore T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	"	Kamalaprasanna ...	16-1	Hare School, Calcutta.
1670	"	Khagendranath ...	16-11	Collin's Institute, Calcutta.
	"	Kunjabihari ...	18-10	Solak-Batajor Union Institution.
	"	Manimohan ...	17-4	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	"	Manmathanath ...	20-1	Bhola Government High School.
	"	Manoranjan ...	18	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	"	Manmathanath ...	17	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	"	Mritunjay ...	21	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 30.
	"	Nakules ...	17	South Suburban School, Bhowanipore.
	"	Nalinimohan ...	18	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	"	Nandadulal ...	17-7	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipore.
1680	"	Nanilal ...	17-2	Howrah Zilla School.
	"	Narendranath ...	20-1	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	"	Panchanan ...	18-5	Purnea Zilla School.
	"	Panchanan ...	22-7	Saktipur K. M. C. Institution.
	"	Phanindrabhusan	18-2	Ramlal Academy, Chakdaha.
	"	Phanibhusan ...	16-8	Gustia K. N. H. E. School.
	"	Phelaram ...	17-8	Barasat Government School.
	"	Prabodchandra ...	16-6	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	"	Prabodhchandra ...	19	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	"	Prabodhchandra ...	16-11	Baharu H. E. School.
1690	"	Priyanath ...	17-4	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	"	Purnachandra ...	19-3	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	"	Rakhalchandra ...	16-11	Autshahi, R. N. School.
	"	Rakhalchandra ...	17	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	"	Ramanimohan ...	19-5	Birbhum Zilla School.
	"	Rameshchanra ...	17-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.

	Mukhopadhyay, Ramranjan ...	16-10	Nawabganj Harimohan Institution.
	" Ramranjan ...	19-1	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	" Sachindrachandra	17-3	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
	" Saileshnath ...	20	Dacca Collegiate School.
1700	" Santibhusan ...	16-2	Katadia Simulia Coronation H. E. School.
	" Santikumar ...	18	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Santoshkumar ...	16-3	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	" Santoshkumar ...	18	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	" Sarojkumar ...	19-2	Sadhuhati H. E. School.
	" Satishchandra ...	17	Rampurhat H. E. School.
	" Satyakinkar ...	17-3	Searsol H. E. School.
	" Sidheswar ...	18	Bhaita H. E. School.
	" Sisirkumar ...	18-3	Jalpaiguri Zilla School.
	" Sudhendumohan ...	20-8	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
1710	" Sudhirkumar ...	16-10	Deoghur H. E. School.
	" Sureswar ...	19	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	" Suryyaprasad ...	16	Howrah Zilla School.
	" Syamakanta ...	16-1	Malkhanagar H. E. School.
	" Syamananda ...	19	Birbhum Zilla School.
	" Tarakeswar ...	19-20	Perojpur Government High School.
	" Taraknath ...	19-2	Serampur Union Institution.
	" Upendrachandra ...	22	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Upendranath ...	16-7	Narail Sub-Divisional H. E. School
	Mukhoti Rasikananda	17-6	Faridpur Zilla School.
1720	Mullick Sarojakshi		Gardner Memorial High School, Calcutta.
	Mundle, Herbert Benjamin ...	17-10	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	" Lilabati	...	Gardner Memorial High School, Calcutta.
	Munshi, Amiyakrishna... ...	19-3	Chittagong Municipal School.
	Munshi Golamahammod ...	16-11	Okersa H. E. School.
	Munsur Ali Miah	20-3	Abdullapur High School.
	Mustaphi Anantakumar ...	16-5	Senhati High School.
	" Manindramohan ...	16-10	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipore Branch.
	" Surendranath ...	16-4	Senhati High School.
	Muzafforali Bhuyiah	16-3	Munshiganj H. E. School.
1730	Nag, Bijaykumar	17-7	Phultala Re-Union H. E. School.
	" Bimalchandra	17-2	Barisal Zila School.
	" Gadadhar	16	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Jaminikanta	17-3	Karatiya M. A. O. H. E. School.
	" Niharmala	...	L. M. S. Girls' High School.
	" Phanindranath	16-5	Memari V. M. Institution.
	" Satischandra	17-1	Ripon Collegiate School.
	Nageshwar Prasad	19-6	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Naharay, Hemchandra ...	18	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Nandi. Binaykrishna	16-1	Garbati H. E. School.
1740	" Jaminikanta	19-11	Parjana M. N. H. E. School.
	" Lakhsminarayan ...	16-5	Collin's Institute, Calcutta.
	" Nagendranath	16-2	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	" Pulinbihari	18	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	" Saratchandra	18-1	Khulna Zila School.
	" Satindranath	20-6	Khelat Chandra Calcutta Institution.
	" Satischandra	18-2	Telinipara Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
	Nandkumar Lall Sherivastava ...	16-2	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Nasib Lall	18-9	Patna City School.
	Nasir Ahmad	16-7	M. L. Jubilee Institution, Calcutta.
1750	Nath, Amiyanath	18-9	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	" Chandrasekhar	18-9	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	" Gaurchandra	19	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Jogendrachandra ...	20-11	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Lalitmohan	17-6	Goalpara P. R. H. E. School.
	Nathak, Jaminikanta	16-4	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
	Nawab Uddin Ahmed	23-1	Mymensingh Zila School.
	Nawazesh Ali	19-2	K. K. Jnanada Institution.
	Nayak, Haripada	19-8	Ukhara H. E. School.
	Nazir Hossain	16-2	Bogra Zila School.

1760	Nehemiah Nanigopal Dey ...	16-9	C. M. S. High School, Calcutta.
	Nezamuddin Ahmed ...	18-3	Rangpur Zila School.
	Nil Kantha Dayal ...	18-9	Arrah Zila School.
	Niyogi, Anantaram ...	17-11	Hughly Collegiate School.
	" Kartikchandra ...	17-1	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Praphullakumar ...	18-6	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	" Sarojbandhu ...	17-3	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	Nongyai Singha ...	19-11	Silchar Government High School.
	Noor Mohammad ...	18-11	Dacca Madrasa.
	Nurahad Bhuia ...	18-2	Rajkisor Radhamohan Institution, Raipura.
1770	Nur Ahmed ...	18	Sandwip Cargill H. E. School.
	Nurul Hussain Ahmed ...	17-3	Bezbaruya High School, Jorhat.
	Debnandan Ojha ...	20	Chirkunda H. E. School.
	Pain, Amulyadhan ...	16-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Nitaichand ...	16-8	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Prasaddas ...	17	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	Pakrasi, Kalachand ...	16-2	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	" Nareschandra ...	17-9	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
	Pal, Baidyanath ...	16-1	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	" Banamali ...	18	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
1780	" Basantakumar ...	18-10	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	" Bholanath ...	18-8	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Bimalacharan ...	17-11	Patiya High School.
	" Binodbihari ...	21-10	Muradnagar D. R. H. E. School.
	" Chintaharan ...	18-1	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	" Dasarathi ...	18	Halisahar High School.
	" Debendrachandra ...	21-6	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	" Durgapada ...	18-11	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Dwijapada ...	16-8	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	" Gorachand ...	16-9	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
1790	" Gosthabihari ...	17-4	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	" Hemendranath ...	16-5	Barahanagar Victoria School.
	" Jitendranath ...	16	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Jnanendranath ...	16-5	Radhanagar Majumdar Academy.
	" Jogeschandra ...	18-3	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	" Kalipada ...	18-2	Edward George School, Madhupur.
	" Lakshmikanta ...	20-4	Harinarayanpur H. E. School.
	" Mathurchandra ...	20	Rajkisor Radhamohan Institution, Raipura.
	" Mukundalal ...	17-3	Ichhapura H. E. School.
	" Paranchandra ...	19-1	Armenitola Government High School, Dacca.
1800	" Praphullakumar ...	20-5	Pingla K. K. Institution.
	" Pryanath ...	21-2	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Saratchandra ...	16-10	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	" Sitanath ...	16-2	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Tarinicharan ...	17-2	Sonamukhi Jubilee H. E. School.
	Palchaudhuri, Kanailal ...	18-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Sarbaranjan ...	17-8	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	Palit, Nagendranath ...	17-1	Patiya High School.
	Pan, Gatikrishna ...	17-6	Bankura Zila School.
	Panda, Kripasindhu ...	21-1	Kendrapara H. E. School.
1810	" Purushottam ...	20-3	Balasore Zila School.
	Panday, Jaigopal ...	16-8	Muzaffarpur Mukherjee's Seminary.
	Pande, Dibakar ...	24-8	Teacher, Roll Mid. T. 1.
	" Ramnarayan ...	20	Private student, Roll Pat. P. 25.
	Pandit, Kshitindranath ...	16-7	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	" Pradumnananath ...	18-7	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Panja, Bhubanmohan ...	21	Private student, Roll Cal. P. 25.
	" Praphullanath ...	19	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	Parmeshwar Dayal ...	22-1	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Parui, Asutosh ...	16-4	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
1820	Pathak, Hemchandra ...	18	Searsol H. E. School.
	" Jogeschandra ...	20	Sandwip Cargill H. E. School.

	Patnayak, Giridhari ...	... 19-7	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	Pattanayak, Madanmohan	... 18-10	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	" Chintamani	... 19-7	Khurda H. E. School.
	" Manmohan	... 17-8	Kendrapara H. E. Sechool.
	" Nibaranchandra	... 16-11	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	" Sadhucharan	... 19-2	Private student, Roll Kat. P. 4.
	Patra, Harischandra ...	... 18-11	Serampur Union Institution.
	Paul, K. N.	... 18-6	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
1830	Permaswer Prasad ...	... 16-7	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Pradhana Braja Narayan Sahai Sinha.	17-2	Arrah Zila School.
	Prahlad Ray Bhiwaniwala	... 17-3	Shree Vishuddhanand Saraswati Vidyalaya.
	Pramanik, Ashutosh ...	... 19-8	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	" Banamali ...	... 18	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Bipinbihari	... 17-1	Garalgacha H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath	... 20-8	Santipur Municipal School.
	" Jitendranath	... 17-2	Kotchandpur H. E. School.
	" Narendrakumar	... 16-7	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	" Rajanikanta	... 21-1	Puthia P. N. H. E. School.
1840	" Surendranath	... 17-4	Uluberia H. E. School.
	Pujari, Janardan ...	... 18-7	Sambalpur H. E. School.
	Purkayastha, Praneshchandra	... 16-7	Sylhet Government High School.
	Quazi Abdur Rab ...	... 17-10	Daulatpur H. E. School.
	" Mazüuddin ...	... 18	Government High School, Jorhat.
	Rafiuddin	... 16-11	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Raghunandan Prasad ...	... 17-11	Bankipur Ram Mohan Ray Seminary.
	Raghunandan Prosad ...	... 20-11	Jamui H. E. School.
	Raghunandan Prosad ...	... 18-11	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Raha, Nirmalchandra ...	... 17	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
1850	Rahim Baksha Mian ...	... 18-2	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	Rahmatullah Khan ...	... 17-4	Kaliganj Raja Rajendra Narayan H. E. School.
	Rai Jamuna Prosad Sinha	... 16-7	Munghyr Zila School.
	" Rajani Kanta ...	... 17	Bankipur Ram Mohan Ray Seminary.
	" Rajeshwar Prasad ...	... 16-3	Ranchi Zila School.
	Rajab Ali Khan ...	... 19-4	Pabna Zila School.
	Rajballabh Narayan ...	... 19-11	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Rajballabh Sahay ...	... 18-10	Hathwa Eden School.
	Rajendra Prasad ...	... 20-6	Patna Collegiate School.
	Rajeshwari Saran ...	... 19	Chapra Collegiate School.
1860	Rajeswar Prosad ...	... 18-2	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	Rajeshwari Prasad ...	... 19-5	Private student, Roll Pat. P. 10.
	Rakshit, Srischandra ...	... 18-7	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 17-11	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	Rama Avatar Lal ...	... 21-3	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Ramavatar Lal ...	... 20-1	Chapra Zila School.
	Ram Bahadur ...	... 17-6	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Ram Bahadur Prashad ...	... 20	B. B. Coll. School, Muzaffarpur.
	Ram Baran Singh ...	... 17-4	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Ramchandra Lal ...	... 18	Dumraon Raj H. E. School.
1870	Ramek Bal Singh ...	... 16-1	Training Academy, Calcutta.
	Ramdeva Narain ...	... 17-5	Arrah Zila School.
	Rameshwar Prasad Mundal	... 21-7	Barar Rai H. M. T. Bahadur's H. E. School
	Rameshwar Prashad Singh	... 17-2	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Rameshwar Prashad Chowdhury	... 17-8	Patna Collegiate School.
	Ramkrishnaprasad Varma	... 20-7	Hathwa Eden School.
	Ram Nandan Prasad ...	... 18-1	Darbhanga Northbrook School.
	Ram Persad	... 16-11	B. B. Coll. School, Muzaffarpur.
	Ramsaran Proshad ...	... 22	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	Ram Shewak Lal ...	... 20-4	Gaya Town H. E. School.
1880	Rasdhari Sinha ...	... 21-3	Matihari Zila School.
	Raut, Bimbadhar ...	... 18-10	Katak P. M. Academy.
	Ray, Abinaschandra ...	... 17	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	" Abinaschandra ...	... 19-10	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Akshaykumar ...	... 20-10	Private student, Roll Cal. P. 18.

	Ray, Amarnath ...	... 19-9	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
	„ Annadacharan ...	... 20-2	B. C. Institution, Khulna.
	„ Anukulchandra ...	... 16-11	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	„ Arunchandra ...	... 22-1	Gokarpa P. M. H. E. School.
	„ Atulchandra ...	... 20-1	Jhalakati Government School.
1890	„ Baidyanath ...	... 18-3	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Balaichand ...	... 19-2	Burdwan Raj Collegiate School.
	„ Bholanath ...	... 16-8	Bankura Zila School.
	„ Binaycharan ...	... 17-10	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Binaykumar ...	... 19	Comilla Zilla School.
	„ Binodbihari ...	... 22-6	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
	„ Binodchandra ...	... 18-8	Dhalla H. E. School.
	„ Bansidhar ...	... 19-7	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	„ Birendranath ...	... 16-11	Araihazar H. E. School.
	„ Bireswar ...	... 19-6	Calcutta Aryan Institution.
1900	„ Bishnupada ...	... 21-7	Amta H. E. School.
	„ Brajagopal ...	... 22-2	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	„ Charuchandra ...	... 16	Baral H. C. E. School.
	„ Charuchandra ...	... 17-11	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	„ Dasrath ...	... 20-11	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	„ Debendranath ...	... 17-8	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Gaganchandra ...	... 20-11	Majdia Rail Bazar H. E. School.
	„ Gajanan ...	... 21-7	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Girindranath ...	... 18	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	„ Gopinath ...	... 19-3	Chinsurah Training Academy.
1910	„ Gunendranath ...	... 17-1	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	„ Gurubaksh ...	... 16-2	Garbeta H. E. School.
	„ Haripada ...	... 17-4	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	„ Harisadhan ...	... 18-6	B. N. Railway Indian School, Kharagpur.
	„ Jagatchandra ...	... 17	Debiganj N. N. H. E. School.
	„ Jatindrachandra ...	... 16-9	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Jatindrakumar ...	... 19	Nasigram H. E. School.
	„ Jatindrakumar ...	... 19-1	Feni H. E. School.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	... 16-9	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath ...	... 20-5	Sikendarpur K. P. Pal's Free H. E. School.
1920	„ Jibankumar ...	... 19-4	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Jitendramohan ...	... 18-9	Salap H. E. School.
	„ Jitendranath ...	... 17	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Jitendranath ...	... 21-11	Bishtupur H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	... 18-3	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
	„ Kalachand ...	... 18-5	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Khagendrakrishna	... 16-7	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Kiranchandra ...	... 18-5	Salkia A. S. School.
	„ Krishnaballabh ...	... 16-1	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
	„ Krishnachandra ...	... 18-11	Khurda H. E. School.
1930	„ Krishnamohan ...	... 19	Kalighat H. E. School.
	„ Kshirodballabh ...	... 22-10	Jajpur H. E. School.
	„ Kshirodchandra ...	... 18-3	Bera Bipin Behari H. E. School.
	„ Kshitischandra ...	... 16-2	Dumkal H. E. School.
	„ Kshitischandra ...	... 19-1	Krishnath Collegate School, Berhampur.
	„ Kumudchandra ...	... 19	Private student, Roll Bog. P. 1.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 17	Singur Mahamaya Institution.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	... 16	Salkia A. S. School.
	„ Lalmohan ...	... 17-2	Satkhira P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Mahabebchandra ...	... 18-4	Joradah H. E. School.
1940	„ Maheshchandra ...	... 18-11	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Manmathanath ...	... 16	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	„ Manmathanath ...	... 19-7	Harinabhi A. S. School.
	„ Manoranjan ...	... 20-8	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Mohinimohan ...	... 20-10	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Mohinimohan ...	... 16-8	Garbeta H. E. School.
	„ Murarimohan ...	... 18-6	Midnapur Hindu School.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 16-5	Birbhum Zilla School.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 17-4	Siddhakati H. E. School.

	Ray, Nandadulal ...	... 16-8	Haripal Gurudayal Institution.
1950	„ Nanibushan ...	... 17-3	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	„ Narendranath ...	... 18-10	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Narendranath ...	... 18-5	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Nareshchandra ...	... 18-8	Darbhanga North Brook School.
	„ Natendramohan ...	... 16-1	Edward Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Nirankasasi ...	... 17-11	Sanskrit Collegiate School.
	„ Nirendralal ...	... 16-3	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	„ Nirmalchandra ...	... 17	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Nripendrakumar ...	... 18-4	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Phakirchandra ...	... 17-7	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
1960	„ Prabhakar ...	... 18	Jharia H. E. School.
	„ Pramathanath ...	... 17-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Praphullachandra	... 19-5	Palong H. E. School.
	„ Rajanimohan ...	... 20-10	Habiganj Govt. High School.
	„ Rajendrachandra ...	... 16-2	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Rajendrachandra ...	... 18-2	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra ...	... 17-8	Muradnagar D. R. H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra ...	... 18	Uluberia H. E. School.
	„ Sachindranath ...	... 19-8	Irphala K. M. Institution.
	„ Saraswatikumar ...	... 18-7	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
1970	„ Saratkumar ...	... 17-6	Nowgong High School.
	„ Sasadhar ...	... 17-10	Birbhum Zilla School.
	„ Satischandra ...	... 17-4	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	„ Satischandra, (I) ...	... 19-8	Cooch Behar Jenkins School.
	„ Satiprasad ...	... 17-3	Behala H. E. School.
	„ Satyaprasad ...	... 18	L. M. S. Institution, Bhownipur.
	„ Satyendranath ...	... 16	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	„ Sibcharan ...	... 16-4	Sailkupa H. E. School.
	„ Sisirkumar ...	... 16-2	Senhati High School.
	„ Srischandra ...	... 18-9	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
1980	„ Sudhindrakumar ...	... 18-1	Birbhum Zila School.
	„ Sudhiraditya ...	... 16-10	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Sudhirkumar ...	... 17	Ditto ditto
	„ Surendrachandra ...	... 20-1	Satirpara Kali Kumar Institution.
	„ Surendranath ...	... 18-5	Barisal Zila School.
	„ Surendranath ...	... 20-2	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Susobhanchandra	... 18-3	Mathabhanga H. E. School.
	„ Suryyanarayan ...	... 17-6	Deoghar H. E. School.
	„ Syamapada ...	... 17-4	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Upendranath ...	... 18-8	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
1990	„ Taranath ...	... 17-4	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Raychauduri, Anadichandra	... 17	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Atulchandra	... 17-11	Karimganj Aided High School.
	„ Balaram	... 17-7	Sikendarpur K. P. Pal's Free H. E. School.
	„ Bimallal	... 17-9	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Girindranath	... 19-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Gopalchandra	... 20	Private student, Roll. Cal. P. 12.
	„ Gopalchandra	... 17	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Hridaynath	... 18-1	Collins' Institute, Calcutta.
	„ Jadunath	... 17-7	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
2000	„ Jitendranath	... 18-8	Monghyr Training Academy.
	„ Jnanendramohan	... 18	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Jojnendranath	... 18-2	Taki Government School.
	„ Kaminiranjan	... 19-1	Senhati High School.
	„ Kshitischandra	... 17	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Phanibhushan	... 20-8	Taki Government School.
	„ Rajendrachandra	... 16-10	Idilpur H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra	... 17-2	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	„ Sailendranath	... 19-1	Taki Government School.
	„ Saurendrakumar	... 17-5	Baruipur H. E. School.
2010	„ Sudhirchandra	... 17-1	Karapara H. E. School.
	„ Susilchandra	... 17-8	Kalighat H. E. School.
	Razzob Ali Sardar ...	... 18-1	Fukra Madanmohan Academy.

	Reazuddin Miah ...	... 20-1	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Riazuddin Ahmed ...	... 17-3	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Roy, Baleshwar ...	... 22	Buxar H. E. School.
	Rudra, Binodbihari ...	... 16-5	Irpinla K. M. Institution.
	Ruj, Haripada ...	... 19-2	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	Sabdar Ali	... 18-6	Comilla Zila School.
	Sadhu, Jyotishchandra	... 18	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
2020	„ Ramendrakumar	... 16-1	Jhenidah H. E. School.
	Safiquer Rohman ...	... 19-4	Comilla Zila School.
	Safiur Rahman ...	... 17-8	Sylhet Government High School.
	Saha, Baikunthachandra	... 21-9	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Balaichandra ...	... 19-6	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Birinchikumar ...	... 20-11	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School,
	„ Brajagopal ...	... 20-11	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Dulalchandra ...	... 19-1	Pabna Institution.
	„ Dhirendrakumar	... 19-4	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Durgacharan ...	... 20-4	Radhanagar Majumdar Academy.
2030	„ Gangacharan ...	... 19-1	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	„ Gopeswar ...	... 17-10	Pabna Institution.
	„ Gopiballabh ...	... 17-11	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Harekrishna ...	... 18	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Jogendralal ...	... 20-2	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	„ Jogendranath ...	... 17-5	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	... 19-11	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Kshetramohan ...	... 18-4	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 13.
	„ Kunjabihari ...	... 17-1	Jaypur Lohagara Institution.
	„ Lalmohan ...	... 19-2	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E. School.
2040	„ Mahendranath ...	... 19-6	Dighapatiya P. N. H. E. School.
	„ Manindramohan ...	... 16-3	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Manomohan ...	... 19-9	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Meghlal ...	... 20-7	Rowile H. E. School.
	„ Mrigendranath ...	... 16	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
	„ Nabadwipchandra	... 17-1	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Narendrakumar ...	... 24-8	Dacca Pogose School.
	„ Prasannakumar ...	... 19-1	Chandpur Hassanali Jubilee H. E. School.
	„ Radhaballabh ...	... 17-9	Ditto ditto.
	„ Surendramohan ...	... 18-7	Bhagyakul Harendralal H. E. School.
2050	Sahana, Kamalakinkar ...	... 19-2	Jamtara Jang Bahadur Coronation School.
	„ Prabhaschandra	... 17-6	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	Saharay, Aswinikumar	... 17-7	Gopalpur A. R. Victoria H. E. School.
	Sahay, Baidyanath ...	... 17-9	Monghyr Training Academy.
	„ Devindranath ...	... 19-6	Bhagalpur Zila School.
	„ Ramchandra ...	... 19-4	Ranchi G. E. L. Mission School.
	Sahebjuchandra Bikram Shah *alias* Lakshman Raja	... 17-11	Darbar High School, Nepal.
	Sahu, Adikanda ...	... 21-7	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Iswarchandra ...	... 18-4	Contai H. E. School.
	„ Krittibas ...	... 18-11	Ditto ditto.
2060	Saidal Haque Miah ...	... 21-2	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	Saikia, Tulsidhar ...	... 19-8	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Salamat Ullah ...	... 17-1	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	Samajdar, Narayanchandra	... 18-2	Muktagacha R. K. H. E. School.
	„ Rajendranath	... 18-3	Woolpur P. C. H. E. School.
	„ Syamacharan	... 20-4	W. B. Union Institution, Wazirpur.
	Samanta, Jogajiban ...	... 16	Jamtara Jang Bahadur Coronation School.
	„ Matilal ...	... 18-2	Tamluk Hamilton School.
	San Aung ...	... 18-6	Government High School, Prome.
2070	San Lwin ...	... 17-9	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Santra, Abhayacharan ...	... 18-7	Birsinha Bhagabati Vidyalaya.
	„ Surendranath ...	... 19-4	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	Sanyal, Bijaygopal ...	... 17-3	Chatra Nandalal Institution.

	Sanyal, Digendranath ...	... 17-7	Calcutta Academy.
	„ Hemendranath	... 17-11	Ripon Collegiate School.
	„ Hridaytaran ...	... 22-2	Natore Maharaja's High School.
	„ Jnanendrabhushan	... 17-6	Bera Bipin Behari H. E. School.
	„ Karunakanta ...	... 16-5	Raj Kumar Edward Institution, Bajitpur.
	„ Nitaichandra ...	... 16-10	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	„ Rajanimohan ...	... 20-1	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
2080	„ Ramendranath	... 19	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	„ Somnath ...	... 16-7	St Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
	Sar, Pramathanath ...	... 18-2	Bhaita H. E. School.
	Sarafat Ali	... 17-2	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E. School.
	Saraju Prosad ...	... 22-1	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	Sarbadhikari, Nisithanath	... 17-1	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	„ Prabhatchandra	... 17-2	Calcutta High School.
	Sarju Prasad ...	... 17-2	Arrah Town School.
	Sarkar, Anukulchandra	... 19-1	Bhastarah H. E. School.
	„ Arabindabandhab	... 19-6	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
2090	„ Bhudebchandra	... 18-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Bijaychandra ...	... 19-3	Kirnahar Sibchandra H. C. E. School.
	„ Dhirendranath	... 17-7	Scottish Churches Collegiate, School.
	„ Dhirendranath	... 17-10	Rajagram A. S. School.
	„ Harendranath ...	... 18-3	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal,
	„ Jagadischandra	... 19-1	Goalando High School, Rajbari.
	„ Jagadischandra	... 17-10	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„ Janakinath ...	... 17-11	Garbeta H. E. School.
	„ Jatindrakumar	... 17-6	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	„ Jatindramohan	... 16-2	Jagatballabhpur H. E. School.
2100	„ Jatindranath ...	... 18-5	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	„ Jitendralal ...	... 18-1	Gopalganj Mathuranath Institution.
	„ Jnanendranath	... 18-8	Pabna Institution.
	„ Jogendranath ...	... 17-11	Bogra Zila School.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	... 16-10	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Khagendrachandra	... 19-1	Lohajang H. E. School.
	„ Khagendranath	... 17-2	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	„ Kshetranath ...	... 19-6	Indus H. E. School.
	„ Kumudbandhu	... 18-2	City Collegiate Sohool, Mymensingh Branch.
	„ Lalitkumar ...	... 17-1	Gabha High School.
2110	„ Nabakumar ...	... 19-1	Solak-Batajor Union Institution.
	„ Nagendranath ...	... 18-10	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	„ Nandagopal ...	... 18	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Panchanan ...	... 19-2	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Parimalchandra	... 20-8	Dacca Collegiate School.
	„ Phanibhushan ...	... 18-6	Private Student, Roll Baul. P. 2.
	„ Prakaschandra	... 17-7	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	„ Pramathanath ...	... 17-11	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	„ Purnachandra ...	... 21-2	Manikganj H. E. School.
	„ Pundariksha ...	... 18-9	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
2120	„ Rajanikumar ...	... 17-9	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	„ Rameschandra ...	... 18-3	Private Student. Roll Baul. P. 3.
	„ Rasbihari ...	... 22-7	Serampur College School.
	„ Satischandra ...	... 18-8	Harinarayanpur H. E. School.
	„ Srikanta ...	... 20-3	Amla Sadarpur H. E. School.
	„ Sripatibhushan	... 20	Meherpur H. E. School.
	„ Surendralal ...	... 18-5	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
	„ Surendranath ...	... 19-1	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	„ Tapatosh ...	... 17-11	Metropolitan Institution, Bowbazar Branch.
	„ Tarakchandra ...	... 17-6	Shahzadpur H. E. School.
2130	„ Taranath ...	... 17-8	Labpur J. L. H. E. School.
	Sarkarmukhopadhyay, Anukulchandra.	18-2	Giridih H. E. School.
	Sarkhel, Prabhatchandra	... 19-10	Solak-Batajor Union Institution.
	Sarma, Basantakumar ...	... 21	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.

	Sarma, Debeswar ...	... 16-1	Bezbaruya High School, Jorhat.
	" Jagatchandra ...	... 16-8	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	" Kanakchandra ...	... 21-8	Nowgong High School.
	" Madhusudan ...	... 16-4	Hare School, Calcutta.
	" Ratnadeb ...	... 18-2	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	" Tankeswar ...	... 19-8	Tejpur High School.
2140	Sarmabarthakur, Hemakanta	... 17-7	Bezbaruya Government Aided High School, Golaghat.
	Sarmabaruya, Ambikakumar	... 18-8	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Sarmakataki, Sarbeswar	... 17-8	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	Sastri, Radhamohan ...	... 17-2	Jajpur H. E. School.
	Satpathi, Sadasib ...	... 21-1	Puri Zila School.
	Sau, Saratchandra ...	... 19-8	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	Sayed Darafali Mollah	... 17-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	S. Ehsan Ahmad ...	... 17-4	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Sen, Akshaykumar ...	... 16	Itna H. E. School.
	" Amarendranath	... 19-6	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
2150	" Aswinikumar ...	... 17-8	Sunamganj Jubilee High School.
	" Atulchandra ...	... 16-9	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.
	" Banamali ...	... 17-7	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	" Bhagabaticharan	... 17	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 8.
	" Bireschandra ...	... 17-3	Faridpur Zila School,
	" Chittaranjan ...	... 18-2	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad,
	" Gangacharan ...	... 19	Imperial Seminary, Dacca.
	" Haribinod ...	... 19	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	" Haripada ...	... 17-2	Shambazar Vidyasagar School.
	" Harisankar ...	... 16	Chittagong Collegiate School.
2160	" Jatindrakumar ...	... 17-3	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Jatindramohan ...	... 16-7	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Jatindranarayan ...	... 16-8	Saroatali H. E. School.
	" Jatindranath ...	... 16-9	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Kanailal ...	... 17-8	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Kasinath ...	... 18-5	Paigram Kasba H. E. School.
	" Kiranbala ...	... ...	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	" Kshetramohan ...	... 17-10	Chittagong H. E. School.
	" Kshitischrndra ...	... 18-7	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
	" Kshitischandra ...	... 16	Dupleix College, Chandernagore.
2170	" Lakshmikumar ...	... 16-3	Feni H. E. School.
	" Manindranath ...	... 16-7	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Manoranjan ...	... 19-5	Jaydebpur Rani Bilasmani H. E. School.
	" Nagendrakumar ...	... 16-1	Senhati High School.
	" Nakulchandra ...	... 17-10	Sutragarh M. N. H. E. School.
	" Nalini	... ...	Bethune Collegiate School.
	" Nanindrachandra ...	... 16-2	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Nibaranchandra ...	... 19-10	Private Student, Roll Bank. P. 1.
	" Nibaranchandra ...	... 17-11	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
	" Pabitramohan ...	... 16-11	Comilla Victoria School.
2180	" Prakaschandra ...	... 19-6	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	" Pramodmohan ...	... 16-1	Nabinagar H. E. School.
	" Praphullachandra ...	... 16-11	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	" Rabindranath ...	... 16-2	Dacca Collegiate School.
	" Radhikaranjan ...	... 17-5	Saroatali H. E. School.
	" Sailendranath ...	... 17-4	Baharu H. E. School.
	" Sankarnath ...	... 16-3	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	" Saradasankar ...	... 19-6	Bajitpur H. E. School.
	" Sarojkumar ...	... 19-5	Brahma Boys' Boarding and Day School.
	" Sasankasekhar ...	... 19-6	Bhagirathpur H. E. School.
2190	" Surendralal ...	... 16-6	Mahamuni Anglo-Pali Institution.
	" Sureschandra ...	... 16-2	Ripon Collegiate School.
	Senapati, Jadumani ...	... 18-11	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
	Sengupta, Anantakumar	... 18-8	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.

	Sengupta, Asutosh ...	... 19	Chittagong Municipal School.
	„ Asutosh ...	... 18-10	Swarnagram Radhanath H. E. School.
	„ Atalbihari ...	... 16-5	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Bijaygopal ...	... 17-3	Sammilani Institution, Jessore.
	„ Binodbihari	... 18-10	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	„ Gangakanta ...	... 16-7	Ripon Collegiate School.
2200	„ Harendrakumar	... 16-10	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	„ Hariprasad ...	... 18-11	Comilla Victoria School.
	„ Herambachandra	... 19-2	Madaripur H. E. School.
	„ Hridayranjan	... 16-6	Dinajpur Zila School.
	„ Hrishikes ...	... 16-1	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	„ Jagajiban ...	... 16-4	Antshahi R. N. H. E. School.
	„ Jatindranath	... 17-8	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	„ Jayantikumar	... 18-10	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Jitendramohan	... 17-4	Panditsar H. E. School.
	„ Jyotishchandra	... 17	Dinajpur Zila School.
2210	„ Kalipada ...	... 18	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	„ Kumudlochan	... 18-1	Goalanda High School, Rajbari.
	„ Nagendranath	... 16-8	Sonarang H. E. School.
	„ Nagendranath	... 16-11	Morton Institution, Calcutta.
	„ Narendranath	... 16-5	Senhati High School.
	„ Nepalchandra	... 16-1	Siddhakati H. E. School.
	„ Nibaranchandra	... 18-4	Dinajpur Zila School.
	„ Nirmalchandra	... 17-5	Santosh Jahnabi H. E. School.
	„ Ramgopal ...	... 16-1	Sylhet Government High School.
	„ Saratchandra	... 27	Teacher, Roll Bar. T. 1.
2220	„ Satyendranath	... 18-8	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Sudhansunath	... 18-3	Abdullapur High School.
	„ Surendranath	... 19-9	Gaila H. E. School.
	„ Sureschandra	... 17-7	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	Set, Prabhaschandra ...	... 17-9	Jhikra H. E. School.
	„ Sailendrachandra ...	... 17-6	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	Seyed Muhmood Ahmud	... 17-8	Burdwan Municipal School.
	Shafiur Rahman ...	... 18-10	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Shahabuddin Ahmed ...	... 19-10	Bezboonya High School, Jorhat.
	Shahi, Durgaprasad ...	... 18-1	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.
2230	Shah Masaud Alam ...	... 16-3	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Sharada Prasad ...	... 18-9	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Shaikh Saber Ali ...	... 19-10	Telinipara-Bhadreswar H. C. E. School.
	Sheikh Golam Ehia ...	... 17	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
	„ Lalmahammod	... 21	Chanchal Siddheswari Institution.
	„ Mahammud Iaqub	... 19-3	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	„ Naibuddin ...	... 20-4	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	„ Nakitulla ...	... 17-6	Khararia H. E. School.
	Sheo Kumar Sinha ...	... 19-8	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Shiva Asrya Prasad Varma	... 19-1	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
2240	Shivagovind Prasad ...	... 19-9	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	Siva Nandon Prasad ...	... 16-9	Patna Collegiate School.
	Showers, W. M. B. ...	... 24-8	Teacher, Roll Dar. T. I.
	Shrinandan Prasad Narain Sinha Sharma ...	... 19-6	Bankipore Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Shri Prabhu Narain ...	... 19-3	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Shwe Hla U. ...	... 19-4	Rangoon St. Paul's High School.
	Shyam Bahadur ...	... 22-6	Muzaffarpur Mukerjee's Seminary.
	Shymachandra Jha ...	... 18-9	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Shyam Parkash Lall ...	... 19-1	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	Shyam Sunder Behari Lal	... 16-8	Ditto ditto.
2250	Sil, Balaichand ...	... 16-6	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Bijaykrishna ...	... 16-3	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Bisweswar ...	... 18-9	Solaghar H. E. School.
	„ Chittabinod ...	... 16-7	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	... 16-8	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Ganeschandra ...	... 16-4	Chinsura Training Academy.
	„ Harendrachandra ...	... 21	Elliotganj H. E. School.
	„ Kanailal ...	... 17-7	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Meghnath ...	... 20	Patiya High School.
	„ Nagendralal ...	... 19-10	Chittagong National Institution.

2260	Sil, Radhagobinda	18-1	Hughli Collegiate School.
	„ Rakhalchandra	19	Nagarpur H. E. School.
	„ Rameswar	19-6	Solagnar H. E. School.
	„ Sibcharan	16-11	Badla H. C. E. School.
	Simlai, Amritalal	19-11	Patuakhali J. H. E. School.
	Sinha, Abhaypada	19-3	Deoghur H. E. School.
	„ Amalendunarayan	17-6	Bandgora H. E. School.
	„ Bhagwatikumar	18-3	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	„ Bimalchandra	16-1	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Charuchandra	20-4	Kagram H. E. School.
2270	„ Durgaprasad	20-11	Arrah Zila School.
	„ Girischandra	19-1	Baruipur H. E. School.
	„ Girischandra	30-2	Teacher, Bal. T. 1.
	„ Hrishikeschandra	17-1	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	„ Jainandan	20-1	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	„ Jatindramohan	18-3	Kagram H. E. School.
	„ Jitendranarayan	18-4	L. M. S. School, Khagra.
	„ Jugalkisor	17	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	„ Kedarnath	22-3	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	„ Kshetragopal	22	Nibodhai H. E. School.
2280	„ Narayana	20-3	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	„ Nitaikrishna	18-3	Sil's Free College.
	„ Parimal	16-3	Kuchkuchia H. E. School.
	„ Prabhaschandra	16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Radhakrishna	22-8	Serajganj B. L. High School.
	„ Rambilas	18	Matihari Zila School.
	„ Ramchhabila	17	Malda Zila School.
	„ Sachindranath	17-3	Howrah I. R. Belilios Institution.
	„ Sarasimohan	17-3	Panchthupi T. N. Institution.
	„ Satischandra	19	Bankura Zilla School.
2290	„ Shyamnarayan	21-3	Saran Academy, Chapra.
	„ Tarakdas	18-3	Memari V. M. Institution.
	Sinhachaudhuri, Binayendranath	17-10	Krishnath Collegiate School, Berhampur.
	Sinharay, Kamalaksha	17-10	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	„ Ramanimohan	19-4	Ditto ditto.
	Sit, Krishnachandra	17-2	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	„ Ramprasad	17-1	Ditto ditto.
	Sita Rama Narayen	18-6	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
	S. Mahamed Zaki	18-5	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 23.
	S. M. Ismail Hossain	17-7	Khulna Zila School.
2300	S. M. Shoab	16-1	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Som, Akhilchandra	17-11	Kartikpur H. E. School.
	„ Banamali	17-7	Ajagora H. E. School.
	„ Dinendranath	19-7	Burdwan Municipal School.
	„ Jnanendrachandra	18-3	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	„ Panchanan	19-8	Chinsura Training Academy.
	Sominuddin Ahmed	18-1	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	Sonai Sarder	22-9	R. K. B. K. Harischandra Institution, Rarui.
	Sowab Ullah	16-10	Karimganj Aided High School.
	Sridhar Narayan Upadhyay	18	Arrah K. J. Academy.
2310	Subed Ali	24	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	Sukha Deva Narayan	17-8	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
	Sultan Ahmad	20-3	Chittagong Madrasa.
	Sur, Bijayratan	18-4	Durgapur H. E. School.
	„ Panchugopal	16-5	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Rasiklal	16-2	Khalispur H. E. School.
	„ Susilkumar	17-3	Sammilane Institution, Jessore.
	Surjaballi Narain	18-7	Monghyr Training Academy.
	Syamnandan Singh	20-5	Ditto ditto
	Syed Abdul Ghani	19	Private Student, Roll Pat. P. 3.
2320	„ Abdul Sattar	18-9	Bhola Government High School.
	„ Abdul Wahed	22-3	Faridpur Zila School.
	„ Abul Barkat	16-10	Bankipur T. K. Ghose's Academy.
	„ Abul Fazl	18	Pabna Zila School.

	Syed, Afzal Hosain ...	...	16-7	Calcutta Madrasa.
	" Afzal Hosain ...	...	17	Gaya Zila School.
	" Akbar Ali ...	...	19-3	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	" Aleemuddeen Ashruf	...	19-7	Patna City School.
	" Ali Asgher ...	...	16-6	Matihari Zila School.
	" Ali Raza ...	...	18-7	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
2330	" Badiuzzaman ...	...	16-1	Calcutta Madrasa.
	" Golam Mohammed	...	17-2	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	" Hyder Husain ...	...	17-1	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	" Isaac Khandaker ...	...	20-10	Serajganj B. L. High School
	" Kamal Hason ...	...	21-1	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	" Mahammad Easin	...	20-2	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Manzurul Imam ...	...	20-6	Matihari Zila School.
	" Md. Abul Hossain	...	18-5	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Mohamad Ali Mirza	...	19-2	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.
	" Mohamad Sulaiman	...	20-6	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
2340	" Mohammad Yaseen	...	19-2	Ditto ditto.
	" Sharfuddin Hussain	...	18-3	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Wasi Ahmad ...	...	18-3	Patna Collegiate School.
	" Zafir Ahsan ...	...	16-7	Calcutta Madrasa.
	" Zahur Ali ...	...	19-1	Silchar Government High School.
	Synd Jalaluddin ...	...	18-2	Tala B. De. Institution.
	" Sher Ali ...	...	16-2	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	Tahiruddin Ahmed ...	...	19-11	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Talebar Rahaman ...	...	19-1	Bogra Zila School.
	Talukdar, Nalinimohan	...	19-9	Chittagong Collegiate School.
2350	" Purnachandra	...	18	Cooch-Behar Jenkins School.
	" Surendralal ...	...	20	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	Tar, Upendrachandra ...	...	23-1	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	Taraphdar, Jatindranath	...	18	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	Tejbahadur Prasad ...	...	19-2	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.
	Tewari, Bulaki ...	...	17-9	B. B. Collegiate School, Muzaffarpur.
	" Hariprasanna ...	...	20-4	Maliara H. E. School.
	" Nityananda ...	...	17-5	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	T. Gangatharam ...	...	16	St. Peter's High School, Mandalay.
	Thakur, Hari Nath ...	...	20-8	Madhubani Watson H. E. School.
2360	" Murmu ...	...	21-2	Godda Coronation H. E. School.
	" Prasad, T ...	...	17-2	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	" Sureschandra ...	...	18-6	Bezbaruya High School, Jorhat.
	Tirkey, Antipas Rauel ...	...	18-3	Ranchi St. Paul's High School.
	Titus Toppo ...	...	20-8	Ditto ditto
	Tripathi, Brindaban ...	...	19-1	Dhenkanal H. E. School.
	" Krishnachandra	...	19	Kendrapara H. E. School.
	Trivedi, Sitalprasad ...	...	22-3	Teacher, Roll Mand. T. 1.
	Tun Pe	...	18-10	St. John's College, S. P. G., Rangoon.
	Ukil, Manoranjan ...	...	17-11	Chanchartala Siddheswari H. E. School.
2370	Upadhyay, Jamunaprasad	...	16-2	C. M. S. High School, Bhagalpur.
	Upadhyayadhikari, Debiprasad	...	20-5	Darbar High School, Nepal.
	Varma, Kedarnath ...	...	17-2	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	Vera Namey ...	...	...	Private Student, Roll Hug. F. P 3.
	V. Ethirajaloo Pillay ...	...	18-9	Government High School, Rangoon.
	Vindhyesvari Prasad ...	...	16	Palamau Zila School.
	Vishnu Prasad ...	...	19-10	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	Wajed Ali Khan ...	...	16-11	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	Waliar Rahman ...	...	20-1	Narail Sub-Divisional H. E. School.
	Wali Mohammad ...	...	19-2	Bettiah Raj H. E. School.
2380	Waliullah	...	19-2	Dacca Madrasa.
	Watling, J. Donland ...	...	22-6	Teacher, Roll Pat. T. 1.
	Yar Mohamed Khan ...	...	18-11	A. B. M. High School, Mandalay.
	Yousuff Ali	...	18-1	Dacca Pogoso School.
	Yu Shein	...	18-2	Government High School, Maulmein.
	Zahural Anwar ...	...	17-8	Chittagong Madrasa.
	Zemin, Eric Vivian ...	...	18-8	St. Mary's School, Bhowanipur.
2387	Zahur Alum ...	...	19-7	Siwan V. M. H. E. School.

THIRD DIVISION.

(*In alphabetical order*).

	Abdul Gaffur, II	21-10	Rajkisor Radhamohan Institution Raipura.
	" Hakim, I	19	Chittagong H. E. School.
	" Kader Khan	20	Raja Suryya Kumar Institution, Rajbari.
	" Karim	19-6	R. R. Institution, Raozan.
	" Kasim Jasimuddin Ahmed	19-8	Mymensingh Zila School.
	" Latiff	20-7	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	" Mazid Mean	21	Netrakona Dutt High School.
	Abdur Roaf	17-3	Private Student, Roll Syl., P. 2.
	Abdussuban	21-1	Syamagram M. K. H. E. School.
10	Abu Yousof Lutful Kabir ...	16-6	Kaliganj Raja Rajendranarayan H. E. School.
	Adhikari, Kantichandra ...	20-2	Kandi Raj H. E. School.
	Afsaruddin	23-9	Ujanchar K. N. H. E. School.
	Aftabuddin Mullah	17-3	Sthal Pakrasi Institution.
	Aich, Bhupeschandra	16-4	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	Aikat, Manindranath	17-2	Manbhum Victoria Institution.
	Akaddas Ali	18-2	Sylhet Government High School.
	Akhouri Janki Prasad	20-8	Gaya Zila School.
	Aminuddin	22-10	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	Amir Hasan	16-10	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
20	Anwar Ulla	20	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 35.
	Asarfi Lall Dass	19-3	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
	Azhar Ali Munshi	17-1	Kumarkhali M. N. H. E. School.
	Babu Lall Sinha	16-6	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	Balbhadra Saran Misra ...	17-1	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Baldeo Sahai	18-4	Darbhanga Saraswati Academy.
	Baldeo Sahay	16-3	Begusarai B. P. H. E. School.
	Bandyopadhyay, Dhirendranath ...	17-11	Madaripur H. E. School.
	" Harendranath ...	18-2	Magura H. E. School.
	" Harigopal ...	18-8	Salkia A. S. School.
30	" Jnanranjan ...	17-11	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Manindrakumar	16-3	Katadia Simulia Coronation H. E. School.
	" Munindrakumar	17-3	Calcutta Academy.
	" Nripendralal ...	17-7	Gaya Town H. E. School.
	" Rabindranath ...	18-7	Metropolitan Institution, Barabazar Branch.
	" Rajendralal ...	21-5	Rahamatpur H. E. School.
	" Ramanimohan ...	16-6	Dacca Pogose School.
	" Sasadhar ...	17-7	Okersa H. E. School.
	" Sibchandra ...	16-6	Monghyr Training Academy.
40	Barma, Rakhaldas	17	Singur Mahamaya Institution.
	Barrack, Lena Mabel	...	L. M. S. Girls' High School.
	Baruya, Dharanidhar	20-3	Private Student, Roll Jor. P. 3.
	Basharat Ali	21-5	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	Basiruddin Khandaker ...	19-10	Araihazar H. E. School.
	Basu, Bhupendranath	17-4	Khoksa Janipur H. E. School.
	" Birendranath	20-1	Katak Mission H. E. School.
	" Dhirendranath	18-5	Kalighat H. E. School.
	" Hemchandra	17-2	Hughli Collegiate School.
	" Malinchandra	18-7	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. E. School.
	" Nakuleswar	19-1	Karapara H. E. School.
50	" Narendranath	16-5	Howrah Zila School.
	" Niradkanta	23-5	Baradi H. E. School.
	" Purnachandra	18-6	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Saratchandra	19-2	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Saurindramohan	17	Narail Subdivisional H. E. School.
	" Subodhchandra	16-9	Atheneum Institution
	Basudeva Naryan	19-11	Gaya Town School.
	Basudeva Prasad Sinha ...	21	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit Schoo
	Bethia	17-2	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Bhagwat Prasad	20-3	Saran Academy, Chapra.
60	Bhakat, Sitalprasad	16-6	Nawab Bahadur's Institution, Murshidabad.

	Bhattacharyya, Binodbihari ...	17-11	Nibodhai H. E. School.
	" Janakinath ...	20-7	Kotwalipara Union Institution.
	" Kedareswar ...	17	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	" Kiritibhushan ...	16	Debrugarh Government High School.
	" Prakaschandra ...	18-2	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	" Ramchandra ...	17	Santipur Oriental Academy.
	" Siddheswar ...	19-1	Hatuganj M. N. K. H. E. School.
	Bhaumik, Rajendrachandra ...	19	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Bhuyan, Gaganeswar ...	17-6	Bezbaruya High School, Sibsagar.
70	Bishwajit Narayan Sinha ...	18-8	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Biswas, Amarnath ...	18-7	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" David Jogendra ...	22	Barisal Zila School.
	" Debendranath ...	18	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	" Sudhirkumar ...	18-3	Nabadwip Hindu School.
	" Upendranath ...	18-10	Chuadanga V. J. H. E. School.
	Brajamohan ...	18-8	Shillong Government High School.
	Braja Velas Sahay ...	18-3	Arrah Zila School.
	Bukhshi Ambika Prasad ...	19	Hazaribagh Zila School.
	Chakrabarti, Aparnacharan ...	17-11	Chittagong H. E. School.
80	" Kalipada ...	20-1	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Kamakhyacharan ...	18-9	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	" Pramathanath ...	17-11	Dhalla H. E. School.
	" Priyanath ...	19-10	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Rameschandra ...	21-1	Harina Bagbati H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra ...	20-5	Private Student Roll Bar, P. 2.
	" Upendrakumar ...	18-7	Tangail Bindubasini H. E. School.
	Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra ...	22-1	Balasore Christian High School.
	" Aswinikumar ...	19-2	Fukra Madanmohan Academy.
	" Bibhutibhushan ...	17-9	Hare School, Calcutta.
90	" Bibhutibhushan ...	17-6	Serampur Union Institution.
	" Bijalibhushan ...	17-11	Scottish Churches Collegiate School.
	" Dhirendrakumar ...	20-10	Dupleix College, Chandernagar.
	" Jnanendranath ...	20-3	Puri Zila School.
	" Lakshminarayan ...	16-4	Bally Rivers Thompson School.
	" Narayanchandra ...	16-6	Narit Nyayaratna Institution.
	" Prabhaschandra ...	17-6	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Pramathanath ...	18-11	Bishenpur H. E. School.
	" Pyarimohan ...	19	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	" Ramadas ...	19-8	Kalna Maharaja's School.
100	Chattoraj, Kenaram ...	17-9	Dumka Zila School.
	Chaudhuri, Banwarilal ...	19-1	Bantra Madhusudan Palchaudhuri H. E. School.
	" Phanindralal ...	16-1	Patiya High School.
	" Praphullakumar ...	19	Ukil's Institution, Dacca.
	" Sailendranath ...	19-1	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Chutiya, Narayanchandra ...	19-10	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	D. N. Narasingha Rao ...	27	Private Student, Roll Cal. P. 7.
	Dan, Bireswar ...	16-7	Hare School, Calcutta.
	Das, Dineschandra ...	17-2	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Gangacharan ...	18-9	Gafargaon Islamia H. E. School.
110	" Gopipada ...	19-10	Kishenganj H. E. School.
	" Jadunath ...	16-3	Satirpara Kalikumar Institution.
	" Kamala ...	...	Private Student, Cal. F. P. 2.
	" Prasannakumar ...	20-8	Noakhali Zila School.
	" Pyarimohan ...	19-3	Yussuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	" Rajanikanta ...	18-10	Barpeta H. E. School.
	" Rameschandra, I ...	17-11	Bogra Zila School.
	" Sahadeb ...	18-2	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
	" Sibchandra ...	19-9	Boral H. C. E. School.
	Dasadhikari, Rajiblochan ...	17-10	Mayurbhanj Raj H. E. School.
120	Dasgupta, Anantakumar ...	17	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	" Debendranath ...	16-3	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Jajneswar ...	18-2	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Surajmohan ...	18-1	Kalia Remodelled H. E. School.
	Daspramanik, Khagendranath ...	18-10	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Datta, Abanibhushan ...	17-9	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Anilchandra ...	16-2	Gaya Zila School.

	Datta, Birendrabijay ...	20-11	Idilpur H. E. School.
	" Dwarikanath ...	19-7	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
	" Harashit ...	19-8	Bahirdia H. E. School.
130	" Jatindranath ...	20-10	Rajagram A. S. School.
	" Jogendrakumar ...	19-1	Baburhat H. E. School.
	" Panchanan ...	16-11	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	" Sarajendranath ...	19-2	Dasghara H. E. School.
	" Surendranath ...	16-7	Mugkalyan H. E. School.
	" Upendralal ...	16-6	Chittagong Municipal School.
	Dattaray, Rupendrakisor	20-6	Brahmanbaria Edward Institution.
	De, Anangamohan ...	18-5	Satkania H. E. School.
	" Anukulchandra ...	17-10	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Baikunthanath ...	19	Sylhet Government High School.
140	" Basantakumar ...	16-2	Bankura Zila School.
	" Nagarbasi ...	18-2	Comilla Victoria School.
	" Nalinaksha ...	18-5	Nakrakonda H. E. School.
	" Pabanchandra ...	19-5	Khalispur H. E. School.
	" Rajendrachandra ...	18-1	Tulasar Gurudas H. E. School.
	" Sudhirkumar ...	17-3	Chinsurah Training Academy.
	Deb, Jogeschandra ...	18-11	Kasba H. E. School.
	Dewan, Rajmohan ...	16-1	Rangamati H. E. School.
	Dhar, Manoranjan ...	20-8	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	Dikpati, Taraprasanna ...	17-2	Burdwan Albert Victor Institution.
150	Faizar Ali ...	17-3	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	Gangopadhyay, Abanimohan	17-6	Salap H. E. School.
	" Atulchandra	19-9	Hasara Kalikisor H. E. School.
	" Jatindranath	18-10	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.
	" Subodhkumar	19-9	Kisorilal Jubilee School, Dacca.
	Ghosh, Aditinath ...	19-11	Taki Government School.
	" Apurbakrishna ...	17-11	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Bhupendranath	16-1	Bogra Zila School.
	" Bhutnath ...	20-1	Private Student, Roll. Cal. P. 11.
	" Dhirendranath ...	17-2	Serampur Union Institution.
160	" Dwijendrakumar	17-4	Raniganj H. E. School.
	" Kamalakanta ...	17-10	Narail Victoria Collegiate School.
	" Kshirodendu ...	18-1	Kanchantala J. D. J. Institution.
	" Maheschandra ...	16-10	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Nabanidhar ...	20-6	Dumka Zila School.
	" Nirmalchandra	19-9	Baburhat H. E. School.
	" Priyanath ...	16-3	Narayanganj H. E. School.
	" Ramgati ...	18-11	Srikhanda H. E. School.
	" Sureschandra ...	20	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	Ghoshal, Anantabihari	17-10	Ichhapura H. E. School.
170	" Praphullakumar	16-7	Monghyr Training Academy.
	" Ramgati ...	18-8	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	Ghoshdastidar, Praphullakumar ...	18-8	Gabha High School.
	Gogai, Hemakanta ...	20-2	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	" Narendranath ...	18-2	Ditto ditto.
	Goswami, Padmakanta	16-8	Tejpur High School.
	" Purnachandra	16-2	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	" Sri Giri ...	18-6	Patna Diamond Jubilee School.
	Guha, Pratibha ...	...	Eden High School for Girls, Dacca.
	" Sailendrachandra	17-4	Raja Girischandra High School, Sylhet.
180	Guhathakurta, Binaybhushan	16	Banaripara Union Institution.
	Gupta, Bikaschandra ...	17-11	Gauhati Collegiate School.
	" Bhupendranath	18-1	Ramgopalpur High School.
	" Debkumar ...	16-6	Burdwan Municipal School.
	" Rabindranath ...	16-11	Town School, Calcutta.
	" Ratiranjan ...	18-11	Faridpur Zila School.
	" Sanatkumar ...	17-4	Krishnagar A. V. School.
	Habeeb Ahmed ...	16	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Hajarika, Dandiram ...	18-1	Nazira Aided High School.
	Hakim Uddin Ahmad ...	16-3	Dacca Madrasa.
190	Haldar, Bidhubhushan	18-9	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Kshetranath ...	21	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	" Mukundalal ...	18-3	Narikeldanga George High School.

	Harihar Prashad ...	... 16-11	Muzaffarpur Zila School.
	Hari Prasad Pathak ...	... 17-6	Monghyr Training Academy.
	Hrishikes Narayan ...	... 18-8	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	Imamuddin Lashkar ...	... 20-9	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 25.
	Jang Bahadur Prosad Sinha	... 16-1	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Jha, Jagadischandra ...	... 16-10	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	Kamla Proshad Sinha ...	... 20-1	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
200	Kar, Narendrachandra ...	... 19-11	Satirpara Kali Kumar Institution.
	Karmakar, Kshetramohan	... 17-2	Mrityunjay School, Mymensingh.
	„ Surendranath	... 21-5	Dhankuria H. E. School.
	Kazi Abdul Aziz ...	... 17-1	Khararia H. E. School.
	Kedar Nath ...	... 17	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Kumar, Nisapati ...	... 17-2	Oriental Seminary, Calcutta.
	Kundu, Goshthabihari ...	... 19-3	Gangaprasad Jagannath H. E. School, Beltali.
	„ Jatindranath ...	... 20	Abaipur Ram Sundar Institution.
	Laha, Sitalchandra ...	... 18-1	Chatra Nandalal Institution.
	Lahiri, Jogeschandra ...	... 16-9	Tajhat H. E. School.
	„ Sudhirchandra ...	... 17-2	Raja Suryyakumar Institution, Rajbari.
210	Luthbaran Ram ...	... 19-7	St. Columba's Collegiate School, Hazaribagh.
	Madanmohan Sahay ...	... 19-8	Banka M. K. H. E. School.
	Mahalanabis, Taraknath	... 19	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 7.
	Mahammad Hashem Ali	... 21-6	Barisal Zila School.
	Mahammed Mahibus Sammad Choudhury.	16-2	Debrugarh Government High School.
	Mahanta, Tulsikanta ...	... 18-5	Tejpur High School.
	Mahbubar Rahman Khan	... 20-2	Naokhila P. N. High School.
	Mahommed Mahsen Khan	... 16-5	Barisal Zila School.
	Maiti, Bipinbihari ...	... 22-4	Garbeta H. E. School.
220	„ Kasinath ...	... 18-4	Pingla K. K. Institution.
	„ Murarimohan ...	... 19-4	Parbatipur Patitpabani H. E. School.
	Maitra, Kamadanath ...	... 16-6	Rajshahi Bholanath Academy.
	Majumdar, Herambakumar	... 18	Barahanagar Victoria School.
	„ Kantiranjan	... 19-6	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Manindrachandra	... 17-11	Khulna Zila School.
	„ Manoranjan	... 20-1	Krishnagar Collegiate School.
	„ Taraprasanna	... 19-1	Brahmanbaria Edward Institution.
	Mal, Asutosh ...	... 19-1	Midnapur Hindu School.
	Mallik, Bhabatosh ...	... 18-10	Nawabganj Sridhar Bansidhar School.
230	Maniruddin Ahmed ...	... 21-10	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 16.
	Maung Myat San ...	... 20	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung Po San ...	... 19-6	Ditto.
	Maung Than ...	... 18-4	Government High School, Moulmain.
	Md. Ismail	... 16-11	Calcutta Madrasa.
	Mg Kyaw	... 21	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Mistri, Krishnachandra	... 22	Naldanga Bhushan H. E. School.
	Mitra, Harendranath ...	... 17-7	Chinsurah U. F. C. Institution.
	„ Hemchandra ...	... 17	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Cuttack.
	„ Jatindranath ...	... 17-1	St. Columba's Collegiate School, Hazaribagh.
240	„ Matilal ...	... 18-3	Agartala Umakanta Academy.
	„ Praphullanath ...	... 16-7	Midnapore Collegiate School.
	„ Saurindranath ...	... 18-11	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	„ Subodhkrishna ...	... 16	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	„ Sudhansukumar...	... 17-9	Town School, Calcutta.
	„ Umeschandra ...	... 20	Dacca Pogose School.
	Mitter, Robin ...	... 20-4	Bangabasi Collegiate School.
	Moazzam Hosain ...	... 19-2	Hooghly Collegiate School.
	Mohammad Idris ...	... 18-9	Monghyr Training Academy.
	Mohammad Sarbesh Ali	... 19-11	Karatiya M. A. O. H. E. School.
250	Moksed Ali Khan ...	... 20-6	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	Muhammad Rafik-ul-Islam	... 16-1	Jalpaiguri Zila School.
	Mukhopadhyay, Anangamohan	... 17	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Bhupaticharan	... 17-2	C. M. S. High School, Garden Reach.
	„ Bhupendranath	... 16-7	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
	„ Charuchandra	... 18	Udaynarayanpur S. C. Institution.

	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath ...	19-11	Boinchee B. L. Free Institution.
	,, Dinanath ...	18-7	Howrah Zila School.
	,, Harendranath ...	16-8	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	,, Jagadischandra ...	18-3	Bajrajogini H. E. School.
260	,, Jatindralal ...	16-6	Munsiganj H. E. School.
	,, Jatindranath ...	18	Howrah Zila School.
	,, Jatindranath ...	17-10	Indus H. E. School.
	,, Jatindranath ...	19-2	Serampur Union Institution.
	,, Kshetrapada ...	18-6	Panihati Trannath H. E. School.
	,, Manotosh ...	17-6	Monghyr Training Academy.
	,, Nepalchandra ...	16-3	Palong H. E. School.
	,, Panchugopal ...	18-1	Ripon Collegiate School, Howrah Branch.
	,, Priyanath ...	16-10	Noakhali Rajkumar Jubilee School.
	,, Purnendukumar ...	16-1	South Suburban School, Bhowanipur.
270	Munna Lal	17-8	Sasseram H. E. School.
	Munsi, Gobindalal	18	Chatmohar S. N. H. E. School.
	Nag, Dineschandra	23-1	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	,, Jagabandhu	17-8	Private Student, Roll Bur. P. 2.
	,, Kesabchandra	17	Sherpur Victoria Academy.
	Nand Kishore Prasad Sinha ...	18-3	Patna M. A. A. School.
	Nandi, Bhupatinath	20-2	Chakdighi S. P. Institution.
	,, Radhikamohan	18-1	Dacca Pogose School.
	Nasaraj Jóma Kazi	17-3	Diamond Harbour H. E. School.
	Naziruddin Ahmad	16-1	Thakurgaon H. E. School.
280	Niyogi, Upendrachandra ...	19-11	Mekliganj H. E. School.
	Noor Mahammed	19-3	Bezbaruya High School, Sibsagar.
	Nozirul Islam Barah	16-1	Government High School, Sibsagar.
	Nurbakhsh	21-1	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 15.
	Ojha, Ramsankar	20	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Pain, Kumudbihari	19-7	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	,, Surendrachandra ...	20-7	Private Student, Roll Dac. P. 21.
	Pal, Aswinikumar	18-1	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	,, Basantakumar	17-11	Lakshmipur H. E. School.
	,, Jadugopal	16-2	Abdullapur High School.
290	,, Jatindranath	20-9	Bankura Hindu H. E. School.
	,, Jogeschandra	19-7	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	,, Nagendranath	21-1	Central Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	,, Pratapchandra	17-3	Private Student, Roll. Dac. P. 30.
	,, Surathmohan	17-1	Andul H. C. E. School.
	Pan, Surendranath	19-1	Baluti H. E. School.
	Poddar, Radhagobinda	20-1	Noakhali R. K. Jubilee High School.
	Prithwinarayan Sinha	18-8	Godda Coronation H. E. School.
	Radha Krishna	20	B. B. Col. School, Muzaffarpur.
	Radhamohan Persad Singh ...	18	Arrah Zila School.
300	Ragho Parshad	18-4	Bankipur B. N. Collegiate School.
	Rajendra Narayan	20	Bihar H. C. E. School.
	Ramadhin Prasad	18-6	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary
	Ramavatar Proshad Verma ...	24-10	Sitamarhi H. E. School.
	Ray, Akhilchandra	17-4	Domshar Jagatchandra Institution.
	,, Amulyadhan	16-11	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	,, Baikunthaprasad	17-10	Bankipur Rammohan Ray Seminary.
	,, Binaybhushan	17-6	Balurghat H. E. School.
	,, Biswanath	18-11	Jhalakati Government School.
	,, Brajeschandra	16	Rowile H. E. School.
310	,, Hemendrachandra ...	22-3	City Collegiate School, Mymensingh Branch.
	,, Jadugopal	19-8	Pabna Zila School.
	,, Kiranchandra	18-6	Karapara H. E. School.
	,, Madhusudan	20-10	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	,, Manmathanath	18-3	Bagerhat H. E. School.
	,, Niharkumar	16-7	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	,, Nripendranath	16-1	Bankipur T. K. Ghosh's Academy.
	,, Purnachandra	18-7	Town Victoria H. E. School, Katak.
	,, Sailendrakumar	16-3	Khulna Zila School.

	Ray, Satischandra	18-10	Chandrakona Jirat H. E. School.
320	" Srinarayan	17	Midnapur Collegiate School.
	" Sripaticharan	16-5	Shashati Nahala Abinas H. E. School.
	" Surendranath	21-3	Faridpur Isan Institution.
	" Syamsundar	19-11	Ranaghat P. C. H. E. School.
	Raychaudhuri, Benimadhab	17-5	Ripon Collegiate School.
	" Nakuleswar	17-7	Hetampur Raj H. E. School.
	" Premranjan	18	Brahma Boys' Boarding and Day School.
	Roy, Ramnandan	21-2	Gopalganj V. M. H. E. School.
	Sabar Khan	20-10	Solaghar H. E. School.
	Sabir Ali	19-1	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School.
330	Sadaruddin Ahmed	16-3	Hughli Collegiate School.
	Sadhu, Kumarnath	17-3	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sadhukhan, Satischandra	21-6	Central Collegiate School. Calcutta.
	Saha, Radhaballabh	16-9	Abdullapur High School.
	" Radhacharan	18-1	Sonakanda B. M. Union H. E. School.
	" Sureslal	16-11	Serajganj Victoria High School.
	Saileshwari Prasad	16-1	Gaya Sahebganj H. E. School.
	Sanyal, Nageschandra	18-1	Asansol H. E. School.
	" Rajkumar	23-10	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal
	Sarkar, Achyutananda	19-2	Private Student, Roll Bn. P. 9
340	" Akshayjiban	20-7	Dacca Pogose School.
	" Dineschandra	18-2	Baisari H. E. School.
	" Gokulbihari	17-6	Khelatchandra Calcutta Institution.
	" Surendranath	17	Bally Rivers Thompson School
	" Surendranath	19-4	Srikrishna Pathsala.
	" Upendramohan	22	Private Student, Roll Baul P. 1.
	Sarkhel, Kunjabihari	19-5	Atheneum Institution.
	Sarma, Bachaspati	19	St. Columba's Collegiate School, Hazaribagh.
	" Jogeschandra	18-9	Brahmanbaria Annada H. E School.
	" Mahendranath	22-1	Private Student, Roll Jor. P. 1.
350	Sekander Mahammad Khan	17-7	Bhupendra Narayan High School Jamsherpur.
	Sen, Atulchandra	16-7	Satkania H. E. School.
	" Bhupatiranjan	16	Chittagong Collegiate School.
	" Bimalchandra	19-3	Chittagong National Institution.
	" Debendranarayan	18-2	Kisorganj H. E. School.
	" Dwijabar	20-4	Khalispur H. E. School.
	" Jitendranarayan	16-10	Kishorganj H. E. School.
	" Mahananda	17-3	Panditsar H. E. School.
	" Purnendubikas	18-1	Chittagong Municipal School.
	" Satischandra	17-6	Howrah Zila School.
360	" Upendralal	22-5	Chittagong Municipal School.
	Sengupta, Kasinath	16	Jhenidah H. E. School.
	" Khagendramohan	20-1	Barisal Zila School.
	" Sitansukumar	16-2	P. K. Institution, Kirtipasa.
	Sikdar, Akshaykumar	21-8	New Indian School, Calcutta.
	" Amares	17-5	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	Singh, Adharchandra	18	Balasore Christian High School.
	Singha, Shyam Narayain	18	Hajipur H. E. School.
	Sinha, Basantakumar	16-1	Abhayeswari High School.
	" Chunilal	16-6	Mitra Institution, Bhowanipur Branch.
370	" Nalinkumar	16-2	Bankipur Anglo-Sanskrit School.
	" Radhikaprasad	20	Arrah Zila School.
	Sinharay, Pratapchandra	18	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sinhasarma, Sudhirchandra	17	Hindu School, Calcutta.
	Shah, Nirmalchandra	18-6	Ravenshaw Collegiate School, Katak.
	" Shahebulla	18-1	Kakina M. R. M. H. E. School.
	Shaik Khoda Baksh	19-6	Ukils' Institution, Dacca.
	" Maksum Ahmed	21	Arambagh H. E. School.
	Shamsuddin Ahmed	23-6	Comilla Victoria School.
	Sheikh Abdul Mozid	17-11	Daulatpur H. E. School.
380	Shubh Narayan Choudhary	19-8	Darbhanga Raj H. E. School
	Soren, Jujhar	17-8	Dumka Zila School.
	Sri Krishna Sahay Verma	20-3	Chapra Collegiate School
	Sukul, Basudeb	19-5	Natore Maharaja's High School.

	Syed Ashruf Ali	... ...	16-6	City Collegiate School, Calcutta.
	" Kabir Ahmed	... ...	18-7	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Rejwan Ali	... ...	19-8	Silchar Government High School.
	" Syed Ahmed	... ...	18-7	Yusuff H. E. School, Comilla.
	Talukdar, Aghorchandra	...	18-8	Rajshahi Collegiate School.
	Tarni Prasad	... ...	16-3	Madhipura Shirres Institution.
390	Tarni Prosad	... ...	20	Supaul Williams H. E. School.
	Taslimuddin Khan	... ...	17-9	Gaibandha H. E. School.
	Tha Dun Zan	... ...	20	Baptist Collge, Rangoon.
	Uday Narayan	... ...	20-2	T. N. Jubilee Collegiate School, Bhagalpur.
	Umacharan Prosad	... ...	17-6	Monghyr Training Academy.
395	Wadadar, Prasannakumar	...	17-11	Patiya High School.

II. The following candidates, who were permitted to sit for the Matriculation Examination in the subject noted against the name of each, are declared to have passed in that subject :—

	Subject.
Roll Ran. No. P 7, Maung Thein Maung	Mathematics.
Roll Ran. No. 4, W. Martin	Pali.

G. C. MOOKERJEE,
Assistant Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 27th May 1912.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 21st May 1912.

No. 363-*S.G.*—Mr. P. R. Ralston, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, General, has been granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the 23rd of April 1912.

The 24th May 1912.

No. 399-*S.G.*—Mr. S. C. Mitra, Assistant Superintendent, has been granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 30th April 1912.

The 30th May 1912.

No. 70-*T.*—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry Resolution No. 9640-9643-133, dated the 21st of October 1908, the following promotion in the Traffic Branch Subordinate Establishment is sanctioned for the period shown :—

Name.	Promoted.		Date of Promotion.	
	From	To	From	To
Mr. R. J. Keys	Telegraph Master.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class officiating.	24th of February 1912.	6th of January 1913.

N.B.—This cancels Notification No. 69-T., dated the 30th March 1912, so far as Conductor S. H. Wells is concerned.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 24th May 1912.

No. 7-*T.*—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 8th May to 21st May 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Allapilli	Central Provinces	2nd April 1912	Opened.
Balek	Eastern Bengal and Assam	18th May "	"
Kudligi	Madras Presidency	18th " "	"
Mahishadal	Bengal Presidency	8th " "	"
Ranchi Cantonment	Ditto	1st April "	Closed.
Renging	Eastern Bengal and Assam	17th May "	"
Rikhikesh	United Provinces	4th " "	Opened.
Sakti	Central Provinces	11th " "	"
Shoranur	Madras Presidency	16th " "	"
Sironcha	Central Provinces	10th April "	"
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
Anangur	South Indian Railway	1st May "	Closed.
Balagarh	East Indian Railway	4th " "	Opened.
Bansabati	Ditto	4th " "	"
Bhoyni Road	Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.	1st April "	"
Dainhati	East Indian Railway	15th May "	"
Dhatrigram	Ditto	4th " "	"
Fudkipore	Ditto	15th " "	"
Gadkhali	Eastern Bengal State Railway	15th " "	"
Guptipara	East Indian Railway	4th " "	"
Kalna	Ditto	4th " "	"
Katwa	Ditto	15th " "	"
Keti	South Indian Railway	1st " "	Closed.
Khamargachi	East Indian Railway	4th " "	Opened.
Nadia Ganges	Ditto	4th " "	"
Namma	Burma Railway	1st " "	"
Pattambi	South Indian Railway	1st " "	Closed.
Patuli	East Indian Railway	15th " "	Opened.
Purbasthali	Ditto	15th " "	"
Samudragarh	Ditto	4th " "	"
Tribeni	Ditto	4th " "	"

The following alterations in the names of the Railway Telegraph Offices are notified:—

On the Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

"Bhadli" instead of "Bhadi".

On the North-Western Railway.

"Gharibwal" instead of "Baghanwala".

On the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

"Mewa-Newada" instead of "Sahispur".
"Partabgarh Oudh" instead of "Partabgarh".

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TRANSFER.

Simla, the 22nd May 1912.

No. 0138-*E.I.F.*—Mr. R. A. Routh, Assistant Engineer, from the Swabi Division, Upper Swat Canal, which he left on the afternoon of the 25th April 1912, to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, which he joined on the forenoon of the 27th *idem.*

TRANSFER AND TAKING OVER CHARGE.

The 23rd May 1912.

No. 0160-*E.I.F.*—Mr. A. J. Wadley, officiating Superintending Engineer, from the Western Jumna Canal Circle, which he left on the forenoon of the 30th April 1912, to the office of the Superintending Engineer, Swat River Canals Circle, which he joined on the forenoon of the 6th May 1912.

Mr. Wadley took over charge of the Swat River Canals Circle of Superintendence on the forenoon of the 7th May 1912 from Mr. R. H. Tickell, Superintending Engineer.

LEAVE.

The 28th May 1912.

No. 0212.-*E.I.F.*—Mr. F. A. Farquharson, Assistant Engineer, attached to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, is allowed, under Articles 260, 233 and 311 of the Civil Service Regulations, privilege leave for seventeen days combined with furlough on medical certificate for five months and fourteen days or six months in all with effect from the 1st May 1912.

R. H. TICKELL,
Offg. Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

HIGH COURT—ORIGINAL SIDE.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 29th May 1912.

It is ordered that Rule 749 of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal on its Original Side be repealed and that in substitution therefor the following Rules be read and passed as Rules and Orders of the said Court on its Original Side to take effect from the 15th day of June 1912.

Rule 749.—Every person to whom a grant of Letters of Administration, other than a grant under section 212 of the Indian Succession Act (X of 1865), is committed shall give a Bond to and in the name of the Chief Justice with one or more sufficient sureties to be approved by the Registrar. Such Bond shall in all cases be prepared in the office of the Registrar (Forms Nos. 1 and 2) and shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or a Judge, be given in the amount of the full value of the property for which the grant is to be made.

Rule 749-A.—A Guarantee Society, duly approved of by the Court, may be accepted as surety upon its joining in a Bond with the Administrator or Administrators in either form No. 3 or form No. 4.

Rule 749-B.—Where such a Guarantee Society is represented by Agents the document or documents authorising the latter to act on behalf of the Society shall in the first instance be submitted to and approved of by the Court and whenever a Bond is sent to them for signature it must be accompanied by a letter in form No. 5 and the Agents shall sign a reply in form No. 6.

Rule 749-C.—Every such Society shall each year file with the Registrar a copy of the Society's Annual Balance Sheet duly audited which copy shall be verified by the affidavit of the Agent or principal officer and be submitted by the Registrar to the Court.

By order of the Full Court.

J. H. HECHLE,
Registrar.

No. 1.

Bond in case of Intestacy.

Know all men by these presents that we

are held and firmly bound unto the Honourable (The Chief Justice's name) Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in the sum of Rupees

of good and lawful money to be paid to the said Honourable (The Chief Justice's name) or the Chief Justice of the said High Court for the time being for which payment we do hereby bind ourselves, and each and every of us binds himself for the whole, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators unto the said Honourable (The Chief Justice's name) his executors, administrators or assigns firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals dated the day of in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and

The Condition of the above written obligation is such, that if the above bounden Administrator of the property and credits of deceased, do make or cause to be made a full and true inventory of all the estate of the said deceased, which has or shall come to the hands possession, or knowledge of the said or into the hands or possession of any other person or persons for , and the same so made to exhibit or cause to be exhibited into the Registry of the said High Court, at or before the day of next ensuing or within such further time as the Court may from time to time appoint: And the same estate, and all other the estate of the said deceased at the time of death which, at any time after, shall come to the hands or possession of the said

or of any other person or persons for do administer according to law And further do make, or cause to be made, a true and just account of said administration at or before the day of which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and or within such further time as the Court may from time to time appoint. And all the rest and residue of the said estate which shall be found remaining upon the said administration account, the same being first examined and allowed of by the said High Court of Judicature, shall deliver and pay unto such person or persons respectively as shall be lawfully entitled to such residue; And if it shall hereafter appear that any last will and testament was made by the said deceased, and the executor or executors therein named do exhibit the same into the said Court, making request to have it allowed and approved accordingly if the above bounden

being thereunto required, do render and deliver the letters of administration to granted (approbation of such testament being first had and made) in the said Court, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, else to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, Sealed and delivered at

in the presence of

Registrar.

No. 2.

Bond in case of Letters of Administration with Will annexed.

Know all men by these presents that we

are held and firmly bound unto the Honourable (The Chief Justice's name) Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, in the sum of Rupees

of good and lawful money to be paid to the said Honourable (The Chief Justice's name) or the Chief Justice of the said High Court for the time being for which payment we do hereby bind ourselves and each and every of us binds himself for the whole, our and each and every of our heirs, executors, and administrators, unto the said Honourable (The Chief Justice's name), his executors, administrators, or assigns firmly by these presents. Sealed with our seals dated the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and

The Condition of the above written obligation is such, that if the above bounden

Administrator of the property and credits of deceased, do make or cause to be made a full and true inventory of all the estate of the said deceased, which has or shall come to the hands, possession, or knowledge of the said or into the hands or possession of any other person or persons, for , and the same so made to exhibit or cause to be exhibited into the Registry of the said High Court, at or before the day of next ensuing or within such further time as the Court may from time to time appoint: And the same estate, and all other the estate of the said deceased at the time of death, which, at any time after, shall come to the hands or possession of the said

or of any other person or persons for do administer according to law: And further do make, or cause to be made, a true and just account of said administration at or before the day of which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and or within such further time as the Court may from time to time appoint: And all the rest and residue of the said estate which shall be found remaining upon the said administration account, the same being first examined and allowed of by the said High Court of Judicature, shall deliver and pay unto such person or persons respectively as shall be lawfully entitled to such residue, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, else to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, Sealed and delivered at
in the presence of }

Registrar.

No. 3.

Bond by Guarantee Society, in cases of Intestacy.

Know all men by these presents that I (or we) and we Society Limited carrying on business in Calcutta at through (and hereinafter called the Society) are held and firmly bound unto the Hon'ble (the Chief Justice's name) Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the sum of R of good and lawful money to be paid to the said Hon'ble (the Chief Justice's name) or the Chief Justice of the said High Court for the time being for which payment I (or we) the said do hereby bind myself / ourselves, and each and every of us binds himself for the whole my / our and each and every of my / our heirs, executors and administrators, and we the Society for ourselves and our successors, do bind and oblige ourselves for the whole unto the Hon'ble (the Chief Justice's name) his executors administrators or assigns firmly by these presents and we the Society do hereby submit ourselves to the jurisdiction of the said High Court. Sealed with the seal of the said and also with the seal of the said Society, dated the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and .

THE CONDITION of the above written obligation is such that if the above bounden Administrator of the property and credits of deceased, do make or cause to be made a full and true inventory of all the estate of the said deceased, which has or shall come to the hands, possession, or knowledge of him / them the said , or into the hands or possession of any other person or persons for him / them and the same so made to exhibit or cause to be exhibited into the Registry of the said High Court, at or before the day of next ensuing or within such further time as the Court may from time to time appoint: And the same estate, and all other the estate of the said deceased at the time of his / her death, which at any time after, shall come to the hands or possession of the said or of any other person or persons fo him / them do administer according to law: And further do make, or cause to be made, a true and just account of his / their said administration at or before the day of which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and or within such further time as the said High Court may from time to time appoint: And all the rest and residue of the said estate which shall be found remaining upon the said administration account, the same being first examined and allowed of by the said High Court shall deliver and pay unto such person or persons respectively as shall be lawfully entitled to such residue. And if it shall hereafter appear that any last will and testament was made by the said deceased, and the executor or executors therein named do exhibit the same into said High Court, making request to have it allowed and approved accordingly, if the above bounden

being thereunto required, do render and deliver the Letters of Administration to him / them granted (approbation of such testament being first had and made) in the said High Court, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, else to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, Sealed and delivered at
in presence of

Registrar.

No. 4.

Bond by Guarantee Society, in case of Letters of Administration with Will annexed.

Know all men by these presents that I (or we) and we Society Limited carrying on business in Calcutta at through (and hereinafter called the Society) are held and firmly bound unto the Hon'ble (the Chief Justice's name) Chief Justice of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in the sum of R of good and lawful money to be paid to the said Hon'ble (the Chief Justice's name) or the Chief Justice of the said High Court for the time being for which payment well and truly to be made I (or we) the said do hereby bind myself/ourselves and each and every of us binds himself for the whole my/our and each of my/our heirs, executors and administrators, and we the Society for ourselves, and our successors, do bind and oblige ourselves for the whole unto the Hon'ble (The Chief Justice's name) his executors administrators or assigns firmly by these presents and we the Society do hereby submit ourselves to the jurisdiction of the said High Court Sealed with the seal of the said , and also with the seal of the said Society dated the day of in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and

The CONDITION of the above written obligation is such, that if the above bounden Administrator of the property and credits of deceased, to make or cause to be made a full and true inventory of all the estate of the said deceased, which has or shall come to the hands, possession, or knowledge of him/them the said or into the hands or possession of any other person or persons, for him/them and the same so made to exhibit or cause to be exhibited into the Registry of the said High Court, at or before the day of next ensuing or within such further time as the said High Court may from time to time appoint : And the same estate, and all other the estate of the said deceased at the time of his/her death, which at any time after, shall come to the hands or possession of the said or of any other person or persons for him/them do administer according to law ; And further do make, or cause to be made a true and just account of his/their said administration at or before the day of which will be in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and or within such further time as the said High Court may from time to time appoint : And all the rest and residue of the said estate which shall be found remaining upon the said administration account, the same being first examined and allowed of by the said High Court, shall deliver and pay unto such person or persons respectively as shall be lawfully entitled to such residue, then this obligation to be void and of none effect, else to remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, Sealed and Delivered at } in the presence of }

Registrar.

No. 5.

From

The Registrar,

High Court, Original Side,

To

at Calcutta, the 19 .

Sirs,

It is proposed that the Assurance Co. Limited should stand surety for the administrators in the above Estate to the amount of R . I sent herewith a bond No. for signature. I shall feel obliged if you will inform me whether the signatory of the bond, or if more than one each of the signatories, is the authorized agent of the Assurance Company for the purpose of executing the proposed bond for R as it is only on that assumption that the bond is accepted.

I have the honour to be,

Sirs,

Your most obedient servant,

Registrar.

No. 6.

From

To

The Registrar,

High Court, Original Side,

Calcutta.

Calcutta, the 19 .

Sir,

We return herewith the bond No. and in reply to your enquiry, we have to state that its signature is duly authorized.

We have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servants,

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LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. II (D—I), Edition 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R11 or 16*s*. 6*d*. (15*a*.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. April to June 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Preliminary Report on an investigation into the Etiology of Oriental Sore in Cambay. By Captain W. S. Patton. New Series. No. 50. Super Royal 8vo. Board. 6*a.* or 8*d.* (3*a.*)

Fauna of British India including Ceylon and Burma. Coleoptra by W. W. Fowler. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R15 or 22*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

The Proceedings of the First All-India Sanitary Conference held at Bombay on 13th and 14th November 1911. Foolscap. Board. R2 10*a.* or 4*s.* (5*a.*)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a.* or 3*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*)

Financial Statement and Budget for 1912-1913. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (6*a.*)

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Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

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Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

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Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. Twenty-sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of December 1911, January and February 1912. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

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Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of February and March 1912. No. 11 and No. 12. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Supplement to the Annual Statement (Volumes I and II) of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with British Empire and Foreign Countries for the official year ending March 31st compared with the preceding year Foolscap. Board. R5 or 6*s.* 8*d.* (12*a.*)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the calendar year 1911 compared with the years 1909 and 1910. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Statistics of British India (with Statistics, where available, relating to certain Native States) for 1910-1911 and preceding years, Part VII, Educational, including Statistics relating to Education, Printing Presses and Publications. Fifth issue Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of India. By R. S. Pearson Esq. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (4*a*.)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. III, Part II. Note on the Antiseptic Treatment of Timber in India with special reference to Railway Sleepers. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a*. or 1*s*. 3*d*. (3*a*.)

Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a*. or 1*s*. 3*d*. (1*a*.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (5*a*.)

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (10*a*.)

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The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 12*a*. or 3*s*. 6*d*. (6*a*.)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army, in subjects (*d*), (*e*), (*h*) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (*h*) (*ii*) and (*iii*) (Lieutenants, I.M.S.), (*i*) and (*j*) for promotion.

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Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4*a* or 2*s*. (3*a*.)

Musketry Schools Regulations, India (Provisional), General Staff, India, 1912. Royal 16mo. Paper. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

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Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 4*d*. (2*a*.)

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Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government of North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2*a*. 3*p*. or 2½*d*. (1*a*. 6*p*.)

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LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4a. 9p. (1a.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7s. 6d. (12a.)

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Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3a. 3p. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18s. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3a. 9p. (1a.)

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The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

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Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12a. or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board R1 8a. or 2s. 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

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Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

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Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

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Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals.* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended.) Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Prices and Wages in India, 28th issue. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12a. or 2s. 3d. (5a.)

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Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

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Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R. S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

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Field Service Regulations, Part II. Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

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Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As 10 or 10d. (2a.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. 3p. or 11½d. (2a.)

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Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1s. 4d. (3a.)

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Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
- Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
- Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.

Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4a.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4a.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4a.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8a.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4a.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.
Monthly Weather Review, January 1912. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 092030, 015610 and 081374 of the 3½ per cent loans of 1842-43, 1879 and 1854-55, respectively, for R20,000, R4,000 and R3,000, respectively, originally standing in the name of Srimati Madhab Mohince Dassee, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,
Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 041016 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000 originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral & Brothers and last endorsed to Purna Chandra Singha, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,
Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Note No. 122754 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R500 originally standing in the name of Messrs. Macneill & Co. and last endorsed to Rebati Mohan Ghose (on or about 1908), the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—REBATI MOHAN GHOSE,
Sub-Agent, I. G. & R. S. N. Co., Pabna.

Lost.

The upper halves of the Government Promissory Notes Nos. 145037, 145038 and 145760, of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000, 1,000 and 500, respectively, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Rajendra Nath Neogy, the proprietor, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereof have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of Advertiser—RAJENDRA NATH NEOGY.
Residence—Chupra, District Saran.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)

IN THE COURT OF MUNSIF AT MIRZAPUR, DISTRICT MIRZAPUR.

Suit No. 36 of 1912.

Thakur Prasad, etc., of Mirzapur . . . . . *Plaintiffs*,

versus

Shyam Sees, etc. . . . . *Defendants*.

To—Mandhari, son of Raghoo Kasarwari, at present dwelling at Hanumanah, Rewa State, Bhaghelkhand.

Whereas the above Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for R428 and costs, etc., you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions, on the fourth day of June 1912 at 10-30 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which you intend to reply in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 21st day of May 1912.

By order,

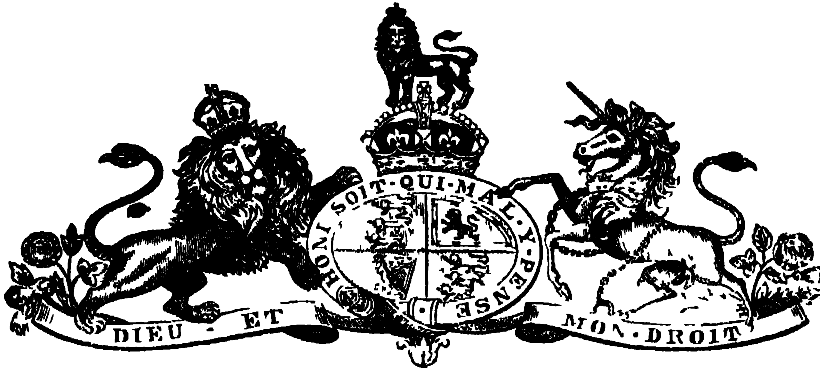
SURAJNARAIN,
in charge Munsarim.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the interest of Mr. J. Pugh Evans in, and his connection with, the firm of Messrs. T. H. Wilson & Co., carrying on business as Attorneys-at-Law and Agents in Privy Council appeals, formerly at 6, Old Post Office Street, and now at 12, Hastings Street, both in Calcutta, ceased and determined as and from the 25th day of October 1911; and that the liability of the said Mr. J. Pugh Evans in relation to the said firm and to the acts and contracts thereof also ceased and determined as and from that date.

J. PUGH EVANS.

Dated this 9th day of April 1912.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 22.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 1, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM
ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT
TOBACCO LEAF
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL

DISTRICTS	RICE, UNHUSKED		RICE, HUSKED		WHEAT		FLOUR (WHEAT)		BARLEY		JAWAR		BAJRA		RAGI
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
Burma*—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui	...	...	50·39	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	39·26	31·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	42·95	44·14	55·65	55·65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon	...	...	53·78	39·02	36·57	36·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	...	51·61	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	41·44	41·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada	...	...	48·48	34·41	56·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	38·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay	...	...	44·44	36·57	45·07	33·51	...	...	...	...	22·38	21·48	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	45·71	37·22	...	...	...	...	...	...	22·38	22·38	...	...	...
Arakan—															
Akyab			...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam*—															
Brahmaputra—															
Goálpára	15·62	16·25	30	32·5	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gauhati	27·5	18·12	37·5	32·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal*—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	...	...	37·5	32·5	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...		45	36·25	37·5	37·5	...	...	...	16·25		...	...	...	...
Deltaic—															
Calcutta		...	48·75	41·25	42·5	38·75	...	...	32·5	20	32·5	...	31·25	...	...
Western—															
Bardwan		...	42·5	36·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	38·75	30·62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Pabna	21·25	...	36·25	33·12	35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	19·37	...	36·25	35	42·5	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—															
Bihár, north—															
Bhágalpur		...	33·12	31·25	33·12	27·81	...	...	24·37	17·5	...	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	40	40	33·28	30·78	...	...	22·19	19·06	...	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—															
Patna	...		30	29·69	29·37	28·12	...	...	18·75	18·12	20	22·19	...	22·19	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack	...	...	37·19	30	35·94	33·85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—															
AGRA—															
Eastern—															
Benares	20·99	21·25	47·92	45	34·27	30·21	40·36	37·08	25·16	20·52	...	...	...	19·37	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	26·67	32·19	42·19	38·07	32·66	29·06	36·35	34·06	26·67	16·67	21·61	15·99	26·67	20·52	...
Jhánsi	...	...	53·33	45·68	32·66	30·02	...	...	23·28	17·08	23·49	17·19	...	...	...
Western—															
Meerut	...	...	50	47·03	32·03	28·59	36·25	33·28	26·56	16·25	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	50	47·08	53·33	53·33	31·98	30·78	44·74	40	26·25	19·06	24·22	19·53	29·53	24·22	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahánpur	27·5	18·75			28·75	26·61	...	...	24·37	18·12	...	16·56	23·75	18·12	...
OUDH—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	...	...	43·23		30·78	27·6	38·07	36·35	22·86	15·36	...	20	...	19·06	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	22·5	20·62	44·74	42·5	32·5	26·87	...	...	23·44	17·5	...	...	...	...	

* The figures under " Rice, husked " represent the prices of common rice

The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds.

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dal		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..		..	Mergui
...	...	...	57·14	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	Tavoy
...	...	..	40·76	40·76	50	50	...	..	...	...			..		Moulmein and Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	33·16	28·19	43·54	45·71	..	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	25	31·22	51·61	50	51·61	51·61	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	Maubin
..	...	...	39·02	34·22	...		...	...		...	..		...		Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	40	45·07	54 24	51·2	...	..		...			.	.	Henzada
..	...	.	...	.	...	...	..	..		...	...	.	...		Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
...	20	16·84	28·7	21·84	49·23	40·51	53·78	65·98	...	...	..				Mandalay
...	...	...	31 22	21·84	...	...		...	..	...	.	..	...	.	Pakôkku
															Arakan—
..	...	...	42·11	44·44	50	50	...	...	...	..		.		..	Akyab
															Assam—
															Brahmaputra
...	...	...	..	...		...	...	..	...	...		...	57·5	47·5	Goálpára
...	...	...	..		...	...	.	...	...	..	...	...	57·5	45 62	Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Eastern—
...	...	...	...	26·25	50	35	...	...	...	...	.		65	55	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	28·75	40	35	...	..	.	...	...	..	...	.	Dacca
															Deltaic—
...	...	...	33·75	22·5	41·25	30	30	30	...	...	81·25	83·75	62·5	53 75	Calcutta
															Western—
...	...	...	29·37	22·5	34·37	32·5	...	...	..	...	..	..	60	58 12	Bardwan
...	..	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	.	75	75	65 and 75	52·5 and 57·5	Midnapur
															Northern—
...	..	...	...	26·25	.		.	...	...	.	70	70	66·25	47·5	Pabna
..	...	...	...	40	35	40	..	...	...	...		..	65	57·5	Rangpur
															Bihar and Orissa—
															Bihár, north—
...	24·37	19·37	25·62	19·37	39·37	31·56	20	26·25	...	...	85	87·5	41·87 and 55	48·75	Bhágalpur
...	19·06	20·94	25	22·5	33·28	30·75	19·06	20	...	...	...	..	...	.	Muzaffarpur
															Bihár, south—
...	20	19·37	18·75	18·12	28·44	23·12	...	...	...	...	80	86·25	60	51·25	Patna
															Orissa—
...	...	...	33·75	30·47	33·75	22·34	27·66	23·8	...	..	...	...	75	48·49	Cuttack
															United Provinces—
															(a) AGRA—
															Eastern—
...	...	...	24·53	20·88	31·93	27·66	...	...	...	...	81·41	81·2	47·92	45	Benares
															Central—
...	21·04	14·79	21·93	17·4	28·07	23·54	31·98	...	20	21·61	69 53	80	48 19	43·65	Cawnpore
...	19·74	12·4	21·15	17 97	...	33·91	.	...	...	25	69·53	72·71	44 37	43·28	Jhánsi
															Western—
..	...	...	22·19	18·59	30 78	24·22	22·10	25	...	...	88 75	...	51·56	...	Meerut
...	...	17·4	22·24	20	34·79	25·78	41·25	55·16	...	21·61	100	80	55·21	47·08	Agra
															Submontane, west—
...	...	16·25	20	20	25	25	30	32·5	20	21·87	..	...	...	...	Shahjahánpur
															(b) OUDH—
															Southern—
...	...	16·67	20	19·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	66·67	75·94	53·33	53·33	Lucknow
															Northern—
...	19·06	...	19·37	18·12	35·47	25	...	...	...	...	60	70	...	...	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL—*continued*

Districts	Sesamum (Til or jinjili) 1912	Sesamum (Til or jinjili) 1911	[illegible] 1912	[illegible] 1911	Sugar, raw (Gúr) 1912	Sugar, raw (Gúr) 1911	Salt 1912	Salt 1911	Tobacco leaf 1912	Tobacco leaf 1911	Turmeric 1912	Turmeric 1911	Ghee 1912	Ghee 1911
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui		..	581 8[illegible]	581 82			16 93	16	.	..	..	—		...
Tavoy		..	581 82	533·33	.	.	20 51	20·51	..		.	.		...
Moulmein and Amherst			457 14	400		.	17·98	18·77	.		.		.	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon			533 33	492 31		.	18 55	17·44	...		..		..	...
Manbin			581 82	533 33			22 86	21·77					.	...
Bassein			492 31	492 31			22 86	22·86	..					..
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada			533 33	492·31			22 86	22·15					..	...
Toungoo				...			24 81	22·61	.					...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay			457 14	457·14			22 54	22·07				...	...	...
Pakôkku			711·11	581·82	.		22 54	22·54				..	.	
Arakan—														
Akyab			553 33	457·14		.	30 77	26·67		..				.
Assam—														
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára			46[illegible]		60	71·25	21 3	.	.	...				.
Gauhati			4[illegible]		65	60	27 5					.	.	..
Bengal—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong			480	470	65	65	19 37	20	..	50			..	.
Dacca			500	480	72 5	70	22 5	20		100	..			
Deltaic—														
Calcutta	75	62 5	470	450	51·25	47 5	18 12	19·37	65	77·5	.	.	12·5	18·75
Western—														
Bardwan			470	440	50	55	19 37	20	...	...		...	...	...
Midnapur			440 to 550	420	111·25	60	20	21 87	110	100				
Northern—														
Pabna			...	530	45	47·5	20	20	...				..	...
Rangpur	.		500	540	55	70	22 5	20 62		70			..	3·75
Bihar and Orissa—														
Bihár, north—														
Bhágalpur	69·37		484·37	490	39 53	43·12	21·25	20 62	80	55				...
Muzaffarpur	..		457 5	457·5	36 25	44·37	20·94	22 19	160	200		...		...
Bihár, south—														
Patna	70	67·5	430	420	40	43·12	20 62	20	20	20		.	...	..
Orissa—														
Cuttack	85·78	40·73	411 41	411 41	53·33	51·41	15 62	18·12	101·87	101·87		..	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) Agra—														
Eastern—														
Benares	73·33	61 61	458 91	458·28	43 12	49 48	22·24	22·92	..	...	...	...	..	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	100	72·71	457 13	426 67	47·08	50	17·76	17 76	72·5	80	107·5	105	...	..
Jhánsi	59·58	59 37	400	387·66	50	55 16	20 52	20	...		...	..	6·67	...
Western—														
Meerut			492 5	..			17·34	17·34	...	...	...	..	...	...
Agra	..	..	441 35	426 67	57·13	53·33	17·76	17·4	80	100	130	120	7·97	5·73
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur	.		450	440		.	20	20	...	...	130 and 140	110 and 120	..	...
(b) Oudh—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	...	..	460	460	...	57·13	21·04	21·04	...	...	125	110	7·5	5
Northern—														
Fyzabad	..	...	455	500	35	45	20·94	20·94	...	...	...	..	...	...

he figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw 1912	Straw 1911	Jawar stalks 1912	Jawar stalks 1911	Bhusa 1912	Bhusa 1911	Bran 1912	Bran 1911	Sheep, per score 1912	Sheep, per score 1911	Plough bullocks, per pair 1912	Plough bullocks, per pair 1911	Kerosene oil, per tin 1912	Kerosene oil, per tin 1911	Districts
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	10·34	10·29	...	...		...	...	3	Mergui
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·43	14·1	...	...	...	...	...	3	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85	...	...	...		2	2	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·75	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·3	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Maubin
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·29	11·43	...	...	...	...	1·75	1·75	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1·69	1·81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·94	1·94	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	28·83	24·43	...	...	...		...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·81		Pakôkku
														Arakan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		2·25	2·25	Akyab
														Assam—
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2·31	2·28	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1·75	1·5	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		1·78	1·69	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	2·37	2·03	Dacca
														Deltaic—
8·75	8·75	...		18·75	18·75	23·75	22·5	...	...	...	...	1·72	1·73	Calcutta
														Western—
6·25	3·12	...	...	...	...	...	22·5	...		...	...	2·03	1·78	Burdwan
5·62	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·94	1·58	Midnapur
														Northern—
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		2	1·87	Pabna
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...		2·19	2·06	Rangpur
														Bihar and Orissa—
														Bihár, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			1·87	1·59	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	3·28	3·28	15·94	15·94	...	...			1·97	1·62	Muzaffarpur
														Bihár, south—
...	3·75	...	...	5	5·62	16·87	18·75		...	...		2·06	1·87	Patna
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62	...	...	...	...	6·25	6·25	...			...	2	1·75	Cuttack
														United Provinces—
														(a) AGRA—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	7·97	8·12	21·09	21·09	...	50	...	40	2·75	2·62	Benares
														Central—
...	...	...	...	6·67	5·31	20·52	16·67	75	75		...	2·19	1·87	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	2·16	2·06	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	6·56	...	18·75	17·31	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	Meerut
6·67	7·5	8·91	6·67	8·91	5	21·04	21·04	...	...	80	80	2·31	2·06	Agra
														Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	5	6·09	30	28·28	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·19	2·19	Shahjahánpur
														(b) OUDH—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	5	5·62	18·75	21·25	40	40	...	...	2·28	1·97	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	6·25	5·62	...	...	...	...	40	35	2	1·87	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL—*continued*

Districts	Rice, unhusked		Rice, husked		Wheat		Flour (wheat)		Barley		Jawar		Bajra		Ragi
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
[Ra]jputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer	26·67	26·67	...	...	30·01	29·63	...	...	38·28	19·27	31·25	22·24	34·79	26·67	...
[Pu]njab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	...	...	53·28	44 37	34·06	25·78	38·12	28·75	27·66	13·75	...	...	...	...	...
Central— Lahore	36·25	28·59	58·44	5 0	38·12	28·59	41·87	32·66	24·22	16·67	...	23·54	38·12	22·19	...
South-eastern— Delhi	30	25	63·75	38·12	36·25	30·78	41·41	34·01	27·5	17·4	35	20·52	33·12	24·22	...
Submontane— Amritsar	33·12	28 59	55	50	33·12	25	...	28·59	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Northern— Rāwalpindi	...	25	56·25	57·19	36·25	26·67	40	30·78	24·37	15·99	...	21·87	32·5	20·99	...
Western— Lyallpur	...		50	50	32·5	27·19	135·62	30·94	27·5	19·37	35	25	...	25	...
Multan	28·75	19·37	45·62	37·5	33·75	28·75	39·37	32·81	26·87	15·62	40	20·62	...	...	...
[N.]-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshāwar	24·63	..	49·22	...	36·15	26·77	41·04	31·98	21·98	13·33	35·16	21·98	..	21·35	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	36·25	25 94	..	...	..	..	...	14·37	...	16·87	...
[Si]nd and Baluchistan—															
Karāchi	...	...	54·37	41·25	40 62	33·44	...	..	37·03	...	31·25	..	39·17	28·28	..
Shikārpur	...		56·25	47·5	...	30 16	...	...	...	19·06	38·75	20·94	36·25	20·62	...
Quetta	...	...	...	...	40·94 to 43·12	36·87 to 38 12	65	57·5	28·75	23·75	37·5	28 75	..	...	..
[B]ombay—															
Deccan and Karnātak— Dharwar	...	.	...	...	39·58	33·28	...	...	...	.	..	...	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	..		..	...	36·72	.	...		...	26·2	21·09	...	...	...
Poona	..	...	61·46	45·73	...		...	...	38·75	...	36·09	27·76	43·75	33·33	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar	..	.	53 18	...	39·63	35·62	...	...	...	...	29·11	...	36·2	27·34	...
Dhulia	..	...	...	...	42·21	...	..	...	.		32·5	22·45	36·04	...	..
Gujarat— Surat		...	...	...	43·23	37·81	..	...	...	...	37·5	27·03	40·36	35 31	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	47·5	47·5	40	35	..	.	30	21·25	31·25	23·12	36·25	27·5	...
[C]entral Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur		...	36 5	32·62	33 37	26·5	44·44	36·37	...	...	28·25	21·75	...	..	...
Central— Jubbulpore	...	...	34·75	28·62	34·75	27·62	44·5	34·75	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Eastern— Raipur	...	..	35·25	32	31	28	45	36	...	...	.	...	...	...	...
[B]erar—															
Akola	..	...	39·75	36	39·75	30	...	...	...	...	26	20	...	...	...
Amrāoti	..	...	44·75	42·5	35·62	30	...	48	..	...	25	20	...	...	...
[M]adras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	..	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	42·5	31·9	39·1	29·8	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·2
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	28·5	20·5	...	...	...
Cuddapah	41·7	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	32·9	27·8	34	21·9	...
Karnul	..	..	...	...	..		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26
East Coast, south— Madras	32·2	28·2	...	51·7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	28·8	22·6	51	37·2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28·2
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·1	30	48	36·5	...
[M]ysore—															
Mysore	24	16	56	44	56	50	50	49·01	...	...	28	22	...	...	28
Bangalore	24	16	60	52	52	52	67·76	67·76	...	...	...	...	...	...	28

*The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

he figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi 1911	Maize 1912	Maize 1911	Gram 1912	Gram 1911	Arhar dal 1912	Arhar dal 1911	Oats 1912	Oats 1911	Cotton seed 1912	Cotton seed 1911	Linseed 1912	Linseed 1911	Mustard and rapeseed 1912	Mustard and rapeseed 1911	Districts
															Rajputana—
															Eastern—
...	34·06	18·12	28·04	22·86	..	...	61·56	61·72	...	...	106·67	114·11		...	Ajmer
															Punjab—
															Southern—
...	...	...	24·69	15·62	...	...	...	...	28·59	22·59	...	80	...	41·09	Ferozpur
															Central—
...	29·69	19·06	25·78	18·18	40	27·6	28·59	26·67	29·69	28·59	87·66	88·91	53·28	44·43	Lahore
															South-eastern—
.	21·87	19·06	22·19	18·12	35	25	...	...	...	21·61	100	...	53·28	42·13	Delhi
															Submontane—
...	25	...	24·22	18·18	...	...	...	...	28·75	28·75	...	...	57·5	47·5	Amritsar
															Northern—
...	25·62	20	23·75	19·27	...	44·43	...	...	...	30·21	..	80	48·75	42·08	Ráwalpindi
															Western—
.	...	13·75	23·75	18·12	...	...	...	...	28·12	28·12	...	...	...	42·5	Lyallpur
...	26·56	19·06	25·56	19·37	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	30·78	21·98	24·79	19·22	37·19	28·54	...	...	...	...	...	98·44	..	...	Peshawar
...	...	...	21·25	15·78	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	Dera Ismael Khan
															Sind and Baluchistan—
..	...	...	32·5	20·94	...	...	...	...	27·81	25·62	.	...	...	...	Karachi
...	...	...	30	20·62	...	33·75	...	...	27·5	25		...	...	43·44	Shikarpur
.	35	25			61·25	47·5	44·37	43·12	...	...	..	...	..	...	Quetta
															Bombay—
															Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	...	29·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	Dharwar
...	...	...	...	23·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	70·52	79·79	...	...	Sholapur
...	...	...	32·66	26·09	...	...	...	...	...	22·81	...	...	...	.	Poona
															Khandesh and N. Deccan—
...	...	.	30·78	22·5	...	...	...	...	26·67	...	77·4	86·04	...	...	Ahmadnagar
...	...	.	32·4	...	...	...	...	...	25·75	21·96	...	...	...	...	Dhulia
															Gujarat—
...	..	...	...	...	...	49·37	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Surat
...	...	...	28·75	26·25	40	27·5	...	...	30	25	...	...	.	...	Ahmadabad
															Central Provinces—
															Western—
...	...	..	29·5	23·12	34·62	26·25	...	...	22·5	21·25	72·37	86·87	...	...	Nagpur
															Central—
...	...	...	24·25	21	30·75	28·62	40	37·5	23·5	23·5	76·12	80	47	38·12	Jubbulpore
															Eastern—
...	...	...	24	19·5	30	27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Raipur
															Berar—
...	...	...	34·25	24	33·25	29	...	...	21·5	22	85·25	...	..	...	Akola
...	...	...	30	23·75	31	26	...	...	22·5	20·75	92	80·75	..	.	Amraoti
															Madras—
															South, central—
...	...	...	47·1	42·9	...	...	...	...	35·2	38·5	...	...	...	...	Coimbatore
21·2	...	...	..	...	34·9	26·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	Salem
															Central—
...	...	...	36·9	30·8	25·2	19·6	...	...	23·1	23·1	.	...	...	..	Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	Karnul
															East Coast, central—
25·9	...	...	...	...	27·1	30·6	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	Nellore
															East Coast, south—
...	...	...	33·2	27·7	...	...	48·1	58·2	30·8	32·4	...	...	...	...	Madras
...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	Tanjore
24	...	...	..	...	...	...	65·2	61·8	...	...	...	...	.	.	Trichinopoly
															Southern—
...	...	...	...	...	31·7	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	..	Madura
															Mysore—
22	...	...	26	24·5	47	48	68·59	68·12	...			...	...	.	Mysore
23	...	...	27	26	50	48	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL—*concluded*

Districts	Sesamum (*Til* or *Jinjili*)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (*Gúr*)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer	88·91	72·66	492·19	426·87	61·56	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·27	10
Punjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	470	426·72	61·56	44·37	16·72	15·94	88·91	88·91	145·47	133·28	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	76·15	470	426·72	61·56	50	14·84	14·79	80	88·91	123·28	133·33	...	10
South-eastern—														
Delhi	88·75	66·67	530	474·06	50	47·03	17·19	17·4	80	80	130	133·33	13·12	10
Submontane—														
Amritsar	78·75	75	450	455	...	47·03	14·37	14·37	..	...	120	123·07	...	...
Northern—														
Ráwalpindi	..	...	...	441·35	50	42·08	13·75	15·31	...	100	...	145·47	14·37	14·27
Western—														
Lyallpur	...	..	432·5	405	52·5	48·12	15	15	80	80	...	...	...	...
Multan	...	75	457·5	440	45·62	...	15·47	15·94	...	...	...	149·06	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshâwar	...	.	441·41	406·3	72·71	58·7	15·36	14·95	94·11	...	156·09	145·47	...	3·8
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·37	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karáchi	92·5	77·5	510	440	83·75	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	483·12	445	53·12	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	470 to 540	450 to 485	...	...	.	...	...	..	..	...	...	..
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnátak—														
Dharwar	42·66	33·59	...	...	...	...	.	..	...	..		...	...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	69·01	77·84		.	...	...		..	..	...
Poona	...	...	466·67	417·55	66·67	71·93	.	.	175·42	157·92	92·97	...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	...	...	450	408·33	...	80	..	.	...	...	..	...	...	...
Dhulia	85·1	71·25	...	...	77·5	77·5	..	..	...	...		..	..	.
Gujarat—														
Surat	87·19	...	497·29	410·83	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	470	410	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	82	77·5	500	466·62	...	...	23·37	21·62	83·25	83·37	130	125	11·25	7·5
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66·62	57·12	420	420	...	...	23·5	28·62	100	100	123·12	114·25	6·62	8
Eastern—														
Raipur	...	...	460	425	...	...	25·5	20·5	140	140	...	120	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	78	...	390·5	400	...	...	18·25	20	95·25	96	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	88·25	77·25	500	400	...	...	19	19	156	180	.	..	...	8
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	93·1	88	487·9	487·9	51·1	51·2	22·5	22·4	...	...	92·8	89·6	.	...
Salem	...	...	445·2	445·2	...	...	...	...	188·4	171·2	114·7	78·9	...	..
Central—														
Bellary	77·2	66·2	444·5	380·9	67·4	67·4	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	427·8	460·5	...	...	...	...		...	70·8	82·4	...	...
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	116·6	116·6	74·1	71·9	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	363·6	400	...	...	15·7	15·7		...	.	.	.	...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74·1	75·9	493·8	493·8	54·7	49·4	12·5	12·8	131·7	131·7	75·7	102·9	...	...
Tanjore	...	...	466·6	466·6	...	...	13·1	13·1	...	...	...	..	..	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	641·9	641·9	...	...	17·6	17·6	113·1	123·4	..	...	...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84·2	84·2	540·5	473	...	...	...	...	106·8	106·8	...		.	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	72	76	454·27	445·68	68·54	68·54	..	.	197·13*	197·13*	120	120	8·65	8·65
Bangalore	72	68	480	411·41	60	60	...	...	248·12*	248·12*	171·41	171·41	5·88	5·88

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		* Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Rajputana— *Eastern—*
9·37	6·15	12·19	7·29	...	...	30·78	28·38	100	100	85	85	2·91	2·31	Ajmer
														Punjab— *Southern—*
...	...	...	...	10	7·97	...	...	90	90	150	150	2·37	2·31	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	18·59	8·85	23·44	19·53	180	160	160	140	2·37	2·44	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	18·12	10	11·41	10	22·5	19·48	80	80	150	150	2·16	1·84	Delhi
														Submontane—
...	...	..	...	13·75	8·02	20	15·1	100	120	...	..	2·39	2·47	Amritsar
														Northern—
...	...	...	10	13·12	11·41	21·25	18·18	90	90	100	100	2·19	2·37	Ráwalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	10	5	...	25	100	100	140	140	2·44	2·44	Lyallpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	2·44	2·5	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	6·15	...	6·77	7·71	18·18	12·92	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2·69	2·75	Peshâwar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	2·77	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·94	2	Karáchi
..	...		...	11·25	8·75	18·75	15·31	...	...	...	.	2·28	2·19	Shikárpur
..	.		...	8·75	10·62	26·87	19·37	100 to 200	100 to 200	...	..	2·25	2·36	Quetta
														Bombay— *Deccan and Karnátak—*
...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	2·12	1·56	Dharwar
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	..	1·98	1·84	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·05	1·68	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	..	...	...	34·27	28·59	...	...	...	...	1·97	1·97	Ahmadnagar
...	..	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	2·09	2·19	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
...	..	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	.			...	2·31	Surat
...	...	..	.	...	...	22·5	17·5	..	..	...	...	2·25	2·03	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces— *Western—*
...	.	16	13·37	...	...	...	...	50	50	100	90	1·87	1·87	Nagpur
														Central—
...	...	...	..	7	5	30	25	60	60	70	70	1·75	1·75	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	..	...	...	2·25	1·87	Raipur
														Berar—
..	...	20·75	8·25	...	...	...	...	85	77	58	59	1·87	1·87	Akola
...	...	12·25	7	...	2	33·25	40	60	55	75	100	2·12	2·12	Amráoti
														Madras— *South, central—*
..		4	8·2	12	12	115·2*	109·5*	...	...	50	50	2·13	2	Coimbatore
7·8	7·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†			2·03	2	Salem
														Central—
...	...	6·8	6·8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	140	2·25	2·25	Bellary
...	..	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	...	2	2	Cuddapah
...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		.	2·25	2·5	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
...				...	...	...	...	...	.	.		1·59	1·44	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
3·6	3·6	...	..	14·2	14·2	38·3	26·4	98·75†	98·75†		..	1·79	1·79	Madras
...	.	.	..	...	...	...	...	130†	130†	..	...	1·66	1·72	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	18·1	19·3	42·6	35·3	...	...	..	...	2·33	1·99	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
12·9	6·4	...	...	12·5	12·5	16·9	16·9	...	..	40	40	2	2	Madura
														Mysore—
2·92	2·92	3·65	3·65	...	...	36·72	36·72	80	80	100	100	2·25	2·09	Mysore
5·88	5·88	...	...	...	...	33·8	33·8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	1·87	Bangalore

* Superior quality † Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, May 31, 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912 [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui	..	..	...	..	...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	...	.	7 15	7 15	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13	.	..	8 9	8 9	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...	...	...	...	8 9	8 9	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Rangoon	10 5	10 13	..	...	8 9	8 5	9 —	8 12	...	...	...	...
Maubin	...	.	...	..	6 10	6 10	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	..	...	..	8 13	8 13	8 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	9 3	8 9	...	...	...	...
Henzada	6 15	7 —	...	.	6 4	5 1	8 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Prome	...	...	..	...	7 10	7 10	8 12	8 9	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	8 1	7 14	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo	...	..	...	.	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	...	10 5	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	8 9	9 3	...	..	7 7	7 10	8 3	8 3	14 14	14 14	...	...
Bhamo	...	...	...	..	7 5	7 5	7 12	8 5	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila	...	...	...	..	7 14	7 —	7 15	8 —	17 6	17 4	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...	..	7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	5 —	5 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab	...	...	...	..	7 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	...	...	.	...	8 —	8 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 —	8 —	..	...	8 8	8 8	12 3	12 3	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	..	...	3 4	3 8	8 —	8 4	...	.	...	...
Gáro Hills	...		...	...	3 8	3 8	8 —	10 5	...	...	...	...
Manipur	10 —	12	..	...	20 —	20 —	22 —	22 .	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	...	..	.	...	8 —	10 —	9 —	11 —	...	...	...	.
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	17 —	14 —	...	...	4 8	4 8	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	..	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 8	12 —	...	..	...	...
Nowgong	...	..	...	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	13 —	...	..	...	
Sibságar	...	...		...	4 8	4 8	12 —	13 —	...	...	...	..
Lakhimpur	7 —	8 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong		...	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	.	..	...	...	...	..	9 —	9 8	...	...	...	...
Backerganj		...	...	..	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 —	9 —	8 8	8 8	...	...	10 7	11 7	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	6 4	6 4	10 —	9 11	...	...	...	...
Dacca	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 14	9 2	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	13 —	11 8	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 4	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	...	...	...	...
Calcutta	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 14	7 14	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	..	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 13	12 5	13 5	11 7	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	..	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 8	10 11	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	13 —	12 —	28 —	30 —	...	...	10 8	10 12	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunagi (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		14 —	14 —	Morgui
...	...	...	...	6 13	6 13	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	9 5	9 5	...	...	7 9	7 9	14 4	14 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 2	16 2	Pegu
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 —	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 13	7 13	14 —	14 —	Tharrawaddy
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 4	7 8	17 2	17 2	Henzada
...	...	...	...	10 8	11 7	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Prome
...	...	...	...	9 7	9 7	...	...	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	13 15	13 11	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	18 5	18 5	7 12	8 4	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 1	18 10	18 9	8 10	8 9	16 1	16 2	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	...	...	4 —	4 —	21 4	21 4	Sandoway
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5 —	5 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
...	...	...	...	10 —	9 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	17 —	17 —	Sylhet
...	...	...	...	9 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
...	...	...	...	7 —	7 12	...	...	5 11	6 —	10 —	10 4	Khási and Jáintia Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	...	...	5 —	4 8	14 —	12 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	9 —	Manipur
...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	...	...	5 —	5 4	8 —	10 —	Nágá Hills
...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	...	11 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	18 —	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	12 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darrang
...	...	...	...	7 —	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Nowgong
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Sibságar
	...	...		10 —	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	20 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	15 —	16 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Backergunj
...	...	...	...	11 6	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	...	...	...	11 12	11 12	...	...	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 —	Dacca
												Deltaic—
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	24-Parganas
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 4	...	...	10 —	10 8	20 —	20 —	Howrah
...	...	9 —	9 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Calcutta
...	...	...	...	12 5	13 —	...	...	9 6	9 —	20 —	20 —	Hooghly
...	...	...	...	15 3	16 —	...	...	8 14	8 14	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
...	...	...	...	12 8	16 —	...	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Jessore
...	...	...	...	11 6	13 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLUM (*Andropogon sorghum*)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	11 —	11 8	...	...	...	...	11 4	11 —	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...		...		9 8	10 —	...	...	...	...
Birbhum	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	8 —	...	...	...	...	...	10 10½	10 10½	...	...	...	...
Murshidabad	12 —	13 4	18 —	18 8	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...		5 8	5 8	10 12	10 10	...	...		...
Rajshahi	13 8	13 8	18 —	18 12	6 —	6 —	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Malda	12 8	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Bogra	9 12	9 12	...	...	...	...	12 6	12 —	...	...	...	...
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 8	...	...	8 —	8 8	13 8	13 8	...	...	...	...
Dinajpur	10 12	12 —	...	...	...	...	11 11	12 —	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	9 8	9 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	11	11 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	13 8	14 —	...		...	...	11 8	12 8				
Bhágalpur	12 —	12 —	16 6	16 6	...		11 14	11 14	...	...		...
Darbhanga	12 2	12 1	19 12	18 11	...		11 —	11 —	...	...		...
Muzaffarpur	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Saran	11 — to 12 —	11 — to 11 8	16 —	17 —	...		10 8	10 8			...	...
Champáran	15 —	14 —	17 8	20 —			11 —	11 8		...	...	...
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	14 12	14 8	20 12	21 —			12 8	13 10	...			...
Gaya	12 8	13 13	20 —	17 7	...		12 —	13 4	18 —	18 7	13 —	...
Patna	13 8	13 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	...	...
Shahabad	12 —	12 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	12 —	12 —					9 —	10 —	...	...		
Mánbhum	10 —	10 8	13 —	13 4	...	...	10 —	11 —	...	...	16 —	16 —
Ránchi	10 8	10 4	18	16 —	...		10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Palámau	13 8	13 8	20 4	16 14	...	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	...
Hazáribágh	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	11 13	11 13	...		...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Cuttack	11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	10 10	11 5	...	...	...	...
Balasore	10 —	10 —		...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11	11 8		...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	...	...
United Provinces—												
(a) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	11 —	11 —	15 4	15 —	5 —	5 —	8 8	8 12	...	...	...	16 —
Benares	11 2	11 6	15 3	15 11½	6 —	6 —	8 1½	8 1½	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	11 12	12 12	16 —	16 5	6 4	6 12	10 2	10 5	...	16 —	15 11	15 11
Jaunpur	11 11	12 3	15 11	16 4	5 1	5 1	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	10 —	10	15 8	16 8	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 8	17 —	17 —	15 8	15 8
Central—												
Bánda	13 13	14 12	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	13 4	12 —	16 4	16 8	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hamirpur	11 12	12 12	16 8	15 8	6 3	6 4	8 4	8 4	19 4	19 4	...	14 10
Jalaun	14 8	14 —	18 —	18	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	13 —	13 —
Cawnpore	12 —	11 2	14 12	14 8	...	...	8 12	8 12	18 —	17 8	14 12	15 —
Jhansi	12	11 2	16 15	18 8	5 8	5 12	7 4	8 —	16 12	17 8	...	...
Etáwah	12 4	12 4	14 12	15 4	3 —	3 —	8 8	8 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8
Farukhabad	11 9½	11 8	15 9	15 7	3 9	3 14	8 2	8 2	17 8	18 —	14 1½	13 5
Mainpuri	13 4	12 8	17 4	17 8	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 8	12 8	14 —
Etah	13 8	13 8	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	12 —	12 —
Western—												
Meerut	12 4	11 12	15 —	14 —	3 8	3 8	7 4	7 12	...	...	...	...
Agra	12 —	10 8	14 12	14 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Muttra	11 6	11 —	16 8	17 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Aligarh	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	14 —	14 —
Bulandshahr	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 4	3 —	3 —	5 — to 8 —	5 — to 8 —	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	11 11	11 —	15 10	15 15	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	...	...	13 5	13 10
Azamgarh	11 12	11 12	16 8	16 8	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	13 1	13 8	16 3	16 11	9 —	8 9	10 14	10 14	18 15	18 15	16 3	16 8
Basti	13 —	13 —	17 8	19 8	6 8	6 12	11 4	11 8	...	...	...	...

tate the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Bagi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—*continued*
												Western—
...	...	.	...	14 —	13 —	..	...	11 8	11 12	19 —	18 12	Bankura
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	12 —	12 -	19 —	19 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	.	.	11 8	11 8	...	.	10 —	10 -	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	...	.	..	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 -	12 —	20 —	20 -	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	..	...	14 —	13 —	.	.	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 -	Pabna
...	...	...	..	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 12	15 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	Malda
...	..	.	..	12 —	12 —	...	..	9 3	9 6	19 8	19 8	Bogra
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 -	...	...	8 ..	8 8	17	18 ..	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	..	13 3	12 —	...	...	8 6	8 8	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 8	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	13 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 -	17 —	18 -	Purnea
...	...	...	.	16 4	16 6	16 6	16 6	10 2	10 2	18 8	18 8	Bhágalpur
22 —	22 —	..	-	17 10	18 11	18 11	22 —	9 13	9 14	18 11	17 9	Darbhanga
...	...	...	..	16 —	16 —	21 —	21 —	12 —	10 —	19 -	19 -	Muzaffarpur
...	...	12 —	12 —	17 —	16 8	19 —	20 -	12 —	12 -	18 —	19 —	Sáran
25 —	25 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	25 —	26 —	12 -	9 —	18 -	18 —	Champáran
												Bihar, south—
...	...	..	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	12 -	13 —	16 —	16 -	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	18 12	19 4	18 —	18 —	12 4	12 —	18 8	18 14	Monghyr
...	25 10	14 —	16 6	16 8	16 6	...	24 9	11 —	12 —	16 —	16 6	Gaya
...	...	19 8	19 —	18 —	19 —	22 —	22 —	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	Patna
...	...	.	.	12 —	18 —	18 —	20 —	10 —	10 8	18 8	19 —	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	10 —	11 —	18 -	18 —	Mánbhum
26 —	27 —	...	..	12 4	11 —	20 —	20 —	9 —	8 4	16 —	16 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	...	18 —	16 14	...	27 —	19 2	16 14	18 —	18 —	Palámau
25 —	26 —	...	...	12 —	14 —	17 —	18 —	10 —	10 —	16 -	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Orissa—
...	..	.	...	11 13	12 2	...	...	9 8	9 13	25 -	26 8	Puri
...	...	...	...	11 13	11 13	...	..	11 13	11 13	22 -	22 -	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	11 8 and 12 —	11 8 and 12 —	..	...	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 -	Balasore
...	...	.	...	13 —	14 —	..	...	11 8	11 8	...	16 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	16 —	16 —	16 8	16 — ½	...	...	12 —	12 -	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 11½	15 11½	15 11½	15 11½	...	...	10 13½	10 13½	18 —	18 —	Benares
...	...	...	...	16 13	17 11	...	...	10 14	10 14	17 —	17 -	Ghazipur
9 6	...	17 13	...	16 0	18 14	...	...	12 14	12 14	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	18 —	19 —	...	...	13 8	14 —	20 —	20 —	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	19 10	19 8	...	...	14 8	14 8	18 4	18 4	Bánda
...	...	...	...	18 12	18 8	...	...	15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	22 4	22 4	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Hamirpur
...	...	...	...	20 8	20 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	11 —	11 8	18 —	17 12	18 8	19 —	14 —	14 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	15 10	20 4	20 —	19 12	9 12	10 —	19 8	19 8	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	17 4	17 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	16 3	16 —	19 15	20 10	10 14½	10 10½	19 8	19 7	Farukhabad
...	..	...	...	18 —	17 —	...	...	14 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 12	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	23 —	23 —	Meerut
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 —	...	...	13 —	14 -	22 —	22 —	Agra
...	...	...	...	19 8	20 —	...	...	14 8	14 8	21 .	21 —	Muttra
..	..	6 8	6 8	17 8	18 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 8	24 —	22 —	Aligarh
...	...	...	...	17 4	17 12	15 —	15 —	13 —	14 —	20 8	20 8	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	16 4	15 15	...	18 3	10 6	10 11	16 14	16 4	Ballia
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 —	...	...	10 8	10 8	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	15 5	15 5	21 8	16 2	18 15	18 15	13 13	12 —	18 6	18 6	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	17 8	16 8	...	...	11 8	10 12	19 —	19 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE: Best sort		RICE: Common		JAWAR OR CHOLUM (*Andropogon sorghum*)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(*a*) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	13 8	12 12	16 8	16 8	6 4	6 8	9 —	10 -	...	...	16 —	16 —
Budaun	12 10	12 4	15 12	15 12	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	14 8	15 —
Pilibit	12 6	10 -	15 8	16 4	5 3	5 3	8 10	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bareli	11 7	12 3	14 10	14 12	3 3	3 4	7 6	7 8	16 12	17 —	...	..
Moradabad	12 13	12 10	15 6	15 4	3 14	3 2	7 10	8 4	16 14	16 14	...	...
Bijnor	13 12	14 —	18 8	17 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	11 13	12 6	14 14	14 9	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Saháranpur	12 -	10 10	14 14	14 4	3 8	3 8	7 —	6 14	12 12	12 9	13 12	12 9
Dehra-Dun	10 —	9 9	13 8	13 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	14 —	14 -	13 —	13 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 -	9 —	11 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	7 —	7 -	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Almora	9 8	8 8	12 —	11 8	3 8	3 8	6 12	7 —	..	...	...	...
Garhwál	11 -	10 —	16 —	13 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —		...	...	...
(*b*) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	12 8	12 8	16 8	17 —	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	...	..	...	.
Sultanpur	12 8	12 8	17 —	18 -	5 —	5 -	9 8	9 —	...	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	12 2	12 2	16 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	7 4	7 12	16 —	16 -	10 -	11 —
Unao	12 8	12 2	16 —	16 4	5 —	5 8	7 -	7 8	...	...	...	...
Lucknow	12 12	12 4	17 8	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 4	17 —	...	...	16 —
Hardoi	13 12	13 —	16 8	17 —	3 8	3 8	7 -	7 8	20 -	20	17 —	17 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 —	12 —	16 8	16 8	.	...	8 8	8 8	...	..	...	...
Barabanki	12 8	13 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	8	8 8	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Gonda	12 8	12 —	19 —	20 —	7 4	7 4	8 12	8 12	21 —	21 —	19 —	19 —
Bahraich	13 12	13 4	17 —	18 —	5 4	5 8	9 —	9 8	25 —	27 —	19 —	19 —
Sitapur	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	18 —	12 8	16 —	16 —
Kheri	13 4	13 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 8	9 —	20 -	21 —	17 8	18 —
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	13 —	13 4	18 —	18 —	3 —	3 8	7 8	7 8	17 -	17 -	..	...
Bánswara	12 —	13 4	13 —	14 —	4 —	4 —	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	10 12	9 14	12 9	12 12	6 11	6 6	7 —	7 3	13 5	13 2	9 14	10 14
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	9 2	9 8	11 12	12 4	7 8½	7 12	7 15½	8 4	...	...	.	...
Ajmer	9 12	9 9	12 —	11 12	5 8	5 8	7 -	7 —	12 12	12 12	11 8	11 8
Kishangarh	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 8	4 —	4 —	6 —	6 -	12 —	12	10 —	10 —
Bundi	16 4	16 1	23 12	19 3	2 13	2 15	6 4	5 15	21 4	22 9	11 8	11 14
Kotah	12 8	12 12	16 —	15 8	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —
Jhalawar	12 7	12 4	17 9	18 5	5 12	5 12	8	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Tonk	12 15	10 12	16 4	16 15	4 5	4 —	5 6	5 —	17 4	16 —	...	...
Jaipur	11 9	11 8	14 2	14 10	5 2	5 4	5 10	5 12	14 6	14 6	13 5	13 10
Karauli	11 14	11 9	15 10	15 10	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	...	12 8	12 8
Dholpur	12 4½	...	17 11½	...	5 8	...	5 12	...	18 —	...	13 6	...
Bharatpur	11 10	11 1	14 14	15 —	4 11	4 13	5 8	5 8	...	...	11 10	11 10
Alwar	11 14	11 3	14 9	14 3	5 12	5 12	7 12	7 11	14 4	15 10	14 —	14 1
Deoli	11 15	12 8	14 5	16 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 -	15 8	16 —	15 4	15 4
Nasirabad	10 —	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	14 8	14 8	12 —	12 —
Shahpura	10 9	11 —	13 6	13 12	5 8	5 12	7 —	7 —	15 —	15 —	10 8	10 8
Western—												
Bikaner	8 —	9 4	12 —	13 —	4 8	4 8	6 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	8 —	8 8
Jaisalmer	6 13	7 —	...	...	4 11	4 10	5 13	5 12	8 8	8 13	7 11	7 10
Jodhpur	9 — and 9 4	9 8 and 10 1	12 —	13 -	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	12 8	13 4	10 6 and 10 12	10 6 and 11 —
Bálmer	8 10	9 2	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 9	8 9	10 10	11 6	10 5	11 4
Erinpura	9 9	10 6	14 —	15 8	...	...	5 —	5 4	12 —	12 -	10 —	10 —
Sirohi	9 — and 9 8	9 8 and 10 8	13 -	13 8	4 —	4 —	5 -	5 —	12 —	12 —	10 8	10 8
Anádra	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	10 —	10 —
Abu	9 2	9 2	12 12	12 12	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...		10 -	10 —
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 -	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	10 8	11 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 -	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —
Gwalior	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 4	5 4	6 4	6 4	...	...	..	...
Panjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	10 4	10 4	14 8	15 —	...		7 —	7 —	9 8	11 —	11 8	11 8
Ferozpur	11 4	12 —	14 —	14 8			7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	10 4	10 12	16 —	16 8	...	...	6 12	7 8	9 —	10 8	10 —	10 —
Gujranwala	11 8	11 8	16 4	17 —	...	...	7 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Gujrat	11 —	11 —	16 8	16 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	14 —	...	13 —
Jhelam	10 12	10 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 —	13 —

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces—*continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	20 —	19 —	...	...	14 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	5 —	5	16 12	16 12	18 —	18 —	12 4	12 —	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	12 8		...	19 8	18 8	...	...	11 —	10 4	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	...	.	...	17 4	18 —	...	...	11 4	11 8	20 2	20 4	Bareli
...	...	...	...	16 2	16 10	18 —	18 —	12 10	15 2	19 12	20 4	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	18 —	13 —	..	...	12 8	12 8	18 8	18 8	Bijnor
.	...	...	...	18 —	18 11	16 8	16 8	8 12	8 12	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
13 13	16 —	12 12	14 14	18 —	18 —	17 —	18 —	10 10	10 10	21 4	21 4	Saháranpur
16 —	16 —	.	...	15 4	15 4	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	16 .	16 —	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	...	..	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
12 —	12 —	...	...	11 8	12 —	..	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	Almora
16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	..	...	6 —	6 —	10	10 —	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	..	12 8	11 —	20 —	20 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	18 8	20 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	21 8	21 8	Sultanpur
16 —	16 —	10 —	12 —	16 8	17 8	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 8	...	...	12 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	...	...	19 —	18 8	20 —	21 —	13 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	Lucknow
22 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
...	...	14 8	14 8	19 12	19 10	21 —	20 8	10 8	10 12	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	12 —	20 8	21 —	17 —	17 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	9 8	9 8	18 8	18 8	20 —	20 —	11 8	11 8	18 —	18 —	Gonda
	...	...	...	22 8	23 —	24 —	24 8	12 —	12 —	18 8	18 8	Bahraich
16 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	21 —	21 —	18 —	18 —	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	22 —	21 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Khori
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	..	..		15 8	17 —	16 4	16 4	10 —	10 —	16 8	18 —	Partábgarh
.	.			16 —	17 8	12 4	13 4	8 —	8 —	15 —	16 —	Báuswara
	...	6 11	7 3	13 10	13 14	12 9	12 6	9 14	9 11	18 11	18 7	Mewar (Udaipur)
12 —	12 —	...	...	11 —	11 14	10 2¾	10 5	...	...	15 11½	16 8	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	6 8	6 8	14 4	13 12	11 12	11 12	10 4	10 4	24 .	24 —	Ajmer
.	...	...		12 —	12 —	11 —	11 —	.		20 —	19 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	15 10	14 4	21 4	20 3	...	...	20 —	19 —	Bundi
...	...	...	...	16 4	16 8	17 —	16 —	8 8	8 8	21 .	21 —	Kotah
...	...		.	15 2	15 3	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jhalawar
..	...	...	...	17 4	16 12	...	...	...	..	20 8	18 —	Tonk
...	...	6 12	6 13	12 10 and 15 7	12 13 and 16 7	13 10	14 2	16 7	16 11	23 10	24 —	Jaipur
...	.	...	...	16 12	16 14	...	...	10 —	...	20 10	20 10	Karauli
...	.	6 4	...	20 12	...	...	...	14 8½	...	22 —	...	Dholpur
...	...	9 12	9 12	15 8	15 8	15 8	19 4	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Bharatpur
...	.	13 —	13 —	18 7	19 2	14 4	14 4	19 3	22 6	24 12	24 12	Alwar
...	...	...	...	14 8	15 4	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	21 12	21 12	Deoli
.	...	...	...	14 8	15 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Nasirabad
...	...	...	...	13 4	14 —	13 8	13 8	...	...	22 8	22 12	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...		.	14 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	22 8	22 8	Bikaner
...	...	-	...	8 8	8 13	...	...	...	-	21 .	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 4	...	...	9 —	8 12	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
...	...	...	..	11 10	13 12	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bálmer
..	—	...	...	12 14	13 11	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	...	14 —	14 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Sirohi
...	...	..	...	12 8	12 8	11 8	11 8	...	.	20 —	20 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	11 10	11 10	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...			15 8	15 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 8	...	..	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Panjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	16 8	18 4	...	...		...	24	25 —	Hissar
.	...	.	...	16 —	17 8	...	...	...	...	22 —	22 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 8	13 —	...	9 8	10 —	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	..	...	16 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujrat
..	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912—*continued* [*The figure*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Panjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	...	11 —	15 —	15 —	.	...	6 —	6 —	...	18 —	13 —	13 —
Delhi	10 8	10 8	14 —	14 —	.	...	6 —	6 4	...	14 —	11 8	13 8
Rohtak	11 8	10 8	15 —	15 —	...	..	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —
Karnál	12 8	11 —	15 8	14 4	...	..	7 —	7 —	16 —	19 —	...	...
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 12	12 4	14 4	14 4	.	.	8 4	8 4	18 8	19 8	13 12	13 12
Ludhiána	12 8	12 —	15 8	16 —		.	7 8	7 8	12 12	14 —	12 —	12 —
Jalandhar	12 —	12 8	15 —	17 —		..	8 —	8 —	12 —	16 —	10 —	12 —
Hoshiárpur	13 8	11 5	17 —	18 8	.		6 —	6 —	11 —	12 —	11 —	12 —
Gurdáspur	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	..	.	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...
Amritsar	11 12	13 —	15 —	15 —	.	...	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	11 —	12 —
Siálkot	12 —	11 8	15 —	15 8	...	.	8 —	8 —	12 —	...	12 —	13 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 —	10 —	17 —	17 8			7 —	7 —	14 —	14 —	10 —	11 —
Kángra	11 12	11 13	17 8	20 —	.	...	8 8	8 8		...	...	...
Northern—												
Ráwalpindi	10 12	10 12	15 12	15 —	.		7 —	7 —	10 8	10 —	12 —	12 —
Attock	11 8	11 4	17 —	16	.		8 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Sháhpur	12 —	13 —	...	...	...	..	6 —	7 —	...	..	...	...
Jhang	11 8	11 8	15 —	16 —	.	..	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 8	...	...
Lyallpur	11 12	11 8	...	14 —		...	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	...	...
Multan	11 8	11 4	14 4	14 —	.	.	8 12	8 12	9 12	10 8	10 8	12 4
Montgomery	11 4	10 15	13 —	14 —	...		8 8	8 —	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —
Musaffargarh	11 8	10 12	15 —	15 —	..		12 —	12 —	...	12 8	...	14 —
Dera Ghazi Khan*	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	9 8	9 10	13 6	13 —	3 3	3 3	8 1	8 1	...	...	11 —	11 8
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	18 —	17 —	5 3	5 3	7 13	7 13	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Kohát	11 —	10 6	16 5	14 10	4 —	4 4	9 —	9 4	12 12	12 12	11 8	11 8
Bannu	14 10	14 11	28 —	23 7	3 12	3 12	9 6	8 12	11 4	12 8	11 14	12 3
Dera Ismael Khan	10 9	10 10	15 —	15 —	3 7	3 7	6 4	6 4	10 10	13 12	12 —	13 —
Tochi	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	..	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	13 —	13 —	16 —	17 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	..	...	...	...
Malakand	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	5 8	6 —	12 —	12 8	...	...
Wano	9 3	8 8	12 14	11 12	3 1	3 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	8 8	9 —	...	.	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	9 8	10 —	9 —	9 8
Hyderabad	8 8	8 12	.	.	5 4	6 —	7 —	7 8	10 —	10 4	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkár (Umarkot)	10 —	9 —	...	..	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikárpur	10 —	10 8	...	.	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	10 8
Upper Sind Frontier	9 —	9 —	...	..	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 4
Quetta	9 5 to 9 13	10 — to 10 14	13 1	13 5	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	10 8	10 8	10 —	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	7 13		...	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	9 10	10 2	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	7 9	7 7	..	...	7 4	7 4	8 8	8 3	10 6	10 6	10 10	10 10
Alibág	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 10	7 10	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	7 —	7 2	...	...	5 7	5 7	7 13	7 13	10 7	11 —	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 2	8 2	...	..	6 14	6 14	7 5	7 5	10 3	10 3	10 13	10 13
Deccan and Karnatak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 6	6 6	6 14	6 14	11 14	11 14	10 10	10 10
Belgaum	7 10	7 [illegible]	...	..	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	11 7	11 7	11 2	11 2
Satara	6 —	6 —	...	..	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	9 14	10 4	10 11	10 11
Sholapur	8 7	8 7	...	..	6 7	6 7	8 —	8 8	13 14	13 14	11 9	12 —
Bijapur	7 14	7 14	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	12 4	12 4	11 5	11 5
Poona	6 14	6 14	.	...	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	10 13	10 13	8 6	9 —
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	.	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	12 6	12 6	9 13	9 13
Násik	9 14	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 7	7 9	...	...	9 14	10 4
Dhulia	9 13	9 13	..	...	5 14	5 14	6 15	6 15	12 5	12 5	11 2	11 2
Jalgaon	9 14	9 14		...	5 10	5 10	6 7	6 7	10 10	10 10	9 15	9 15
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 14	7 14	10 3	10 3	9 11	9 11
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	7 6	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	9 8	10 —
Baroda	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Ahmadabad	9 8	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 8
Godhra	9 —	9 —	..	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	..	...	10 —	10 —
Disa	8 12	9 4	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	10 —	10 8	9 4	10 —
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	9 —	9 —	...	..	4 8	4 8	5 —	5 —	10 8	10 8	9 8	9 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	9 1	10 2	.	...	4 6	4 6	7 9	7 9	13 8	12 —	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 11	12 11	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	14 14	.	...
Betul	13 7	13 7	...	...	...	..	8 13	8 3	...	15 15	...	..
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	..	...	6 11	6 11	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	...	..
Nagpur	11 8	11 7	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 7	10 7	12 11	12 11	...	..
Wardha	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	9 9	9 9	14 15	13 13	.	..

* Not reported

tate the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Panjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	13 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	20 —	20	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 8	17 8	17 8	11 —	12 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	12 8	18 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	19 8	18 12	...	...	11 —	12 —	21 —	21 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
16 12	16 12	13 12	13 12	...	18 8	15 12	16 12	12 —	12 —	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	10 8	10 8	17 8	17 8	18 —	18 12	...	...	26 —	26 —	Ludhiána
...	...	7 —	8 —	16 8	17 8	19 8	19 —	...	...	25 —	25 —	Jalandhar
...	...	...	...	14 —	16 —	18 —	18 8	..	...	23 —	23 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	.	...	24 —	24 —	Gurdáspur
..	...	8 —	5 —	16 —	17 —	15 8	16 8	10 —	10 —	27 —	26 8	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	17 —	16 —	17 —	17 —		.	27 —	25 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	12 12	13 8	17 8	17 8	8 8	8 8	17 8	17 8	Simla
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	18 8	18 8	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	13 —	18 —	16 —	16 4	15 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	26 —	26 —	Rawalpindi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	15 —	14 8	8 —	8 —	26	26	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	16 8	17 —	..	...	...	...	23 —	23 —	Sháhpur
17 —	18 —	15 —	15 —	15 4	16 —	13 —	14 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	16 —	17 —	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Lyallpur
...	...	...	13 —	14 8	15 8	14 8	14 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	Multan
...	..	...	...	15 12	16 4	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	14 10	14 10	...	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	..	..	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	12 14	12 14	12 13	12 13	..	...	20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	6 13	8 7	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Peshawar
..	...	..	...	15 8	14 10	12 11	13 6	...	...	25 8	25 8	Kohát
...	...	...	..	19 1	20 4	15 8	15 10	...	..	31 14	31 14	Bannu
...	...	.	...	18 12	17 8	15 —	[illegible] 4	...	9 12	27 —	27 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...		12 —	12 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Toohi
...	...	...	...	...	..	15 —	15 —	...	..	20 —	21 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	..		6 —	6 —	18 —	20	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	.	10 6	...	...		...	Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	..	12 —	12 8	..		9 —	9 —	29 —	29 —	Karáchi
...	...	...	..	12 —	12 8	...		7 —	8 —	24 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	26	26 —	Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	.		9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	..	12 4	12 8		.	9 —	9 —	16	16	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	...	...	11 7	12 5	10 11	11 1	6 —	6 —	16 —	16	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
13 8	13 8	...	...	10 7	10 15	..	.	8 9	8 9	20 10	20 10	Karwar
10 9	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	..	...	8 2	8 12	23 6	23 6	Ratnagiri
...	...	..	...	9 —	9 —	.	...	8 5	8 5	23 12	23 12	Alibág
7 5	7 5	...	...	10 10	10 10	..	...	8 10	8 10	18 14	18 14	Bombay
11 14	11 14	..	...	11 2	11 2	...	.	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Thanna
												Deccan and Karnátak—
...	...	...	...	10 15	10 15	..	...	9 2	9 2	18 —	18 —	Dharwar
14 3	14 3	...	...	10 8	11 —	..	..	8 8	9 —	20 10	20 10	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	10 —	9 4	...	...	8 14	8 14	19 —	19 —	Satara
...	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	...	...	10 6	10 13	18 —	18 —	Sholapur
...	...	...	..	10 14	10 14	..		9 10	9 10	19 10	19 10	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	12 2	12 2		.	9 3	9 3	18 12	19 11	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-W. Deccan—
...	...	...	..	12 11	12 11	.	..	10 8	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmadnagar
13 1	13 10	...	...	11 5	11 5	...	.	8 2	8 14	24 5	22 5	Násik
..	...	...	...	12 10	12 10	.	...	9 10	11 —	18 8	18 8	Dhulia
..	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	..	..	10 15	10 15	16 8	16 8	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	9 11	10 3	.	...	8 13	8 13	26 13	26 13	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	..	...	8 8	9 —	24 9	24 9	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	..	9 8	9 8	26 8	26 8	Kaira
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	.	...	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	.	...	9 —	9 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
...	..	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	11 4	13 —	..	..	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	.	..	...	11 8	12 —	.	.	7 —	7 —	80	80 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	.	..	9 11	9 11	20 7	17 4	Nimar
...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	.	.	11 15	11 15	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...	...	..	15 2	15 2		..	10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Betul
...	...	...	.	15 3	19 —	...	..	9 12	9 12	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
	...	..	.	13 1	14 4	...	...	11 —	11 —	16 —	16	Nagpur
...	...	.	...	10 15	9 11	...	.	13 1	13 —	17 —	17 —	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF APRIL 1912—*concluded* (*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces—*continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 4	11 4		...	5 1	5 1	9 —	9 —	..	...	..	...
Saugor	12 —	11 8	...	.	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	17 1	17 1	...	...
Damoh	12 8	11 15	...	..	7 12	7 12	8 6	8 8	...	...	..	...
Jubbulpore	11 —	11 —	..	..	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	12 13	12 —		...	7 2	8 —	10 4	10 4	...	...	..	...
Seoni	12 —	12 —		.	7 2	7 2	11 5	11 5	...	...	...	...
Bálághát	10 3	10 3	..	...	5 7	5 7	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	11 4	11 4	...	..	.	...	9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
Chánda	10 —	10 —			8 —	8 —	8 15	8 15	16 —	16 —	...	
Eastern—												
Biláspur	14 4	12 13	...	...	9 2	8 —	12 13	12 13	...	...	..	...
Raipur	12 4	12 8	...	.	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	..	.	.	...
Drug	13 12	13 11	...		11 3	11 3	11 14	11 14	.	...	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 11	10 11		...	5 —	5	7 14	7 14	17 5	17 5	..	..
Akola	8 15	8 15		...	7 13	7 13	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 8	10 8	...		6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	16 —	16 —	..	...
Yeotmal	9 11	9 11		.	4 6	4 6	8 1	9 15	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad	7 7	7 6	11 14	10 13	3 8	3 8	6 11	6 2	12 11	12 12	10 14	12 4
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...		...		...		8 2	8 2			...	..
S. Canara	...	.	...	.	...	..	8 1	8 7	.	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore	...		..	.	.		6 10	6 10	9 7	11 —	10 4	12 5
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	.		7 —	7 7	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...			6 3	6 3	10 3	10 3	8 4	8 4
Central—												
Bellary	.	..	...	...	...		7 —	7 —	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	.	...	7 2	7 2	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...		...	7 14	7 13	13 12	13 12	12 9	12 5
Karnul	...	...	..	...	...		7 —	7 —	14 6	14 6		
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	.	...	..	.	7 11	7 11	...	.	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	...	...	...	.		6 7	6 7		.	11 3	11 3
Godávari	.	..	...	...	.		8 2	8 2	14 4	14 4	...	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna		...	...	...	..	.	8 8	8 8	14 1	14 1	...	...
Guntur	...	..	...	...	.	..	7 7	7 7	12 9	12 9	11 8	11 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	..	...	9 14	9 14	12 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	.	...	...	.		...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...			7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	..	...	...	...	..		7 7	7 7	...	...	..	...
S. Arcot	...	.	...	...			7 12	7 13	..	.	11 6	11 10
Tanjore	.	...	..				7 7	8 7	.	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly		..	...	...	..		7 3	7 7	15 11	17 4	...	13 11
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	..		.	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	12 5	12 5
Madura	...	...	..	..		...	7 —	7 —	10 3	10 3	9 4	9 4
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	14 —	16 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 8	7 8	7 —	7 —	5 12	5 12	6 8	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar	..	...	7 —	7 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tumkur	6 8	7 —	6 8	7 —	6 4	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	12 8	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7	7 —	8 —	8 —	..	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 8	6 4	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 8	7 8	9 —	9 8		...	...	...
Aden	6 13	7 —	...	...	5 9	5 9	6 11	7 —	10 —	10 8	9 5	9 5

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces— *continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 7	12 7	13 —	13 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	17 1	18 5	...	...	11 3	11 2	18 .	18 5	Saugor
...	...	...	...	17 14	18 8	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	16	15 —	...	...	12 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	14 12	14 4	...	...	9 10	10 11	14 4	12 13	Seoni
...	...	...	...	11 14	13 1	...	...	10 7	10 2	14 10	14 10	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	13 12	13 12	...	...	10	10 —	18 7	18 7	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	11 7	11 7	20 —	20 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	14 4	16 —	...	...	14 4	14 4	12 13	12 13	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 2	15 2	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	14 15	14 15	...	...	11 1	11 1	16 —	16 —	Buldána
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	10 11	10 11	15 —	15 —	Akola
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	12 10	14 11	18 —	18 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	12 2	12 —	18 5	18 5	Yeotmal
												Nizam's Territories—
14 —	12 3		...	11 —	11 —	...	...	14 1	12 13	14 —	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		19 2	19 3	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	22 3	22 3	S. Canara
												South, central—
12 9	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 9	17 9	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nilgiris
13 11	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 2	14 9	Salem
												Central—
15 —	15 8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 7	17 7	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Anantapur
15 15	15 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 2	21 2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Ganjam
13 2	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
13 —	12 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 13	27 14	Madras
10 10	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Chingleput
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	N. Arcot
13 5	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 6	23 11	S. Arcot
13 5	13 5	.		...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
13 11	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 15	22 1	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	26 3	26 3	Tinnevelly
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...		.	23 13	23 13	Madura
												Mysore—
14 —	16 —	...	.	9 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Mysore
14 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
12 —	13 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	18	18 —	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
22 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	8 —	...	...	8 —	7 —	18 —	18 —	Hassan
16 —	16 —	...	...	8 8	9 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	17 —	16 —	Kadur
17 —	17 —	...	...	9	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Shimoga
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
16 —	16 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	19 —	19 —	Coorg
...	.	...	...	10* 5	9 5	...	...	9 3	9 5	32 —	32 —	**Aden**

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, May 31, 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

TARIFF VALUATION OF SUGAR.

THE following statement shows in respect of each of the descriptions of sugar distinguished in the Tariff Schedule IV (excepting molasses and all other kinds of sugar), *firstly*, the total imports into India in the month of April, 1912, and the average value per cwt. as calculated on the returns received from the Customs Houses; and, *secondly*, a running total showing the total imports into India since the beginning of the year (1st October to 30th September) and the average net value per cwt. so far established. It is published in conformity with the procedure laid down in Customs Circular No. V of 1911 in order to enable merchants to compute the probable rate of duty for the year 1913 :—

Description of sugar.	Imported during the month of April, 1912.		Imported since 1st October, 1911.	
	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.	Quantity.	Average net value per cwt.
	Cwt.	R a.	Cwt.	R a.
Sugar, crystallised, beet	3,150	14 8	4,531	14 12
" " and soft, refined in China	3,289	13 4	58,174	14 4
" " and from Java, 23 Dutch Standard and above	440,929	13 12	3,020,269	12 12
" " and from Java, 16 to 22 Dutch Standard	133,574	12 4	1,771,146	11 8
" " and from Java, 15 Dutch Standard and under	2,000	11 12	76,530	9 0
" " and from Mauritius equal to 16 Dutch Standard and over	334,238	13 8	905,499	13 12

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

CALCUTTA;
The 31st May 1912

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

IMPORTS (in hundredweights) of COTTON (raw), WHEAT, RICE (including paddy), GRAM and PULSE LINSEED, RAPE and MUSTARD SEED, JUTE, and TEA, into certain ports in March 1912, and from 1st January to 31st March 1912 and in the corresponding period of 1911

Whence exported	COTTON, raw										Whence exported
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Madras ports		TOTAL		
	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	
Imports in March											
By Rail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
E. B. and Assam	18,738	16,135	...	...		...	...	...	18,738	16,135	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	56	5	...	...	...	...	7	...	63	5	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	3,984	12,076	11,476	8,772	417	206	...	...	15,877	21,054	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	...	1,126	726	38,976	47,819	192,747	..	...	48,545	232,849	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	64,111	82,405	...	...	64,111	82,405	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	896	...	132,201	101,784	262			...	133,359	101,784	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	...	...	571,274	237,074		...	1,400	449	572,674	238,123	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	3,546	24,416	298,268	532,210	.	.	...	...	301,814	556,626	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	...	296	40,654	92,316		...	2,638	5,345	43,292	97,957	Nizam's Territory
Madras	...	179	1,070	7,868		...	65,582	85,650	66,652	93,697	Madras
Mysore	...	...	530	1,888		...	2,370	...	2,900	1,888	Mysore
TOTAL	27,220	54,233	1,056,199	1,021,488	112,609	275,358	71,997	91,444	1,268,025	1,442,523	TOTAL
By Sea—											*By Sea—*
E. B. and Assam	7,781	1,522		...		..	.	...	7,781	1,522	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	...	...	7,428	...	...	...	...	1,785	7,428	1,785	Bengal
Bombay	2,678	1,747	910	173	33	393	18,773	3,162	22,394	5,475	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	920	...	19,188	63,661		...	...	...	20,108	63,661	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	528	2,874	1,118	2,910	...	..	...	15	1,646	5,805	Madras
Burma	4,290	22,763	...	3,513		...	...	...	4,290	26,276	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	106,706	62,718	..	9	...	...	106,706	62,727	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	503	1,410	12,055	116,007		...	...	101	12,558	118,118	Foreign countries
TOTAL	16,700	30,316	147,405	249,588	33	402	18,773	5,063	182,911	285,369	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	43,920	84,549	1,203,604	1,271,076	112,642	275,760	90,770	96,507	1,450,936	1,727,892	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of March											
By Rail and River—											*By Rail and River—*
E. B. and Assam	83,236	55,045	...	...	.	..	...	...	83,236	55,045	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	722	1,087	...	...		...	7	...	729	1,087	Bengal
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	48,329	32,861	75,540	55,868	2,028	206	2	...	125,899	88,935	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
Panjab	10,759	5,702	65,467	138,496	294,871	514,363	...	..	371,097	658,561	Panjab
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	293,760	202,999	...	..	293,760	202,999	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Raj. and C. India	7,482	...	406,719	261,765	1,179	...	...	...	415,380	261,765	Raj. and C. India
Bombay	2,059	189	1,233,438	1,189,097	.	...	3,704	2,442	1,239,201	1,191,728	Bombay
Cent. Provs. and Berar	29,451	89,843	914,081	2,095,226		...	...	..	943,532	2,185,069	Cent. Provs. and Berar
Nizam's Territory	712	1,537	159,954	296,699	...	.	11,786	19,099	172,452	317,335	Nizam's Territory
Madras	891	410	1,259	8,321	...		76,672	121,048	78,822	129,779	Madras
Mysore	...	...	5,720	4,494	...	...	4,084	395	9,804	4,889	Mysore
TOTAL	183,641	186,674	2,862,178	4,049,966	591,838	717,568	96,255	142,984	3,733,912	5,097,192	TOTAL
By Sea—											*By Sea—*
E. B. and Assam	25,409	13,681	..	...	...	...	...	...	25,409	13,681	E. B. and Assam
Bengal	10	...	7,926	71	...	...	...	1,785	7,936	1,856	Bengal
Bombay	10,652	6,927	5,062	173	562	1,576	56,813	25,449	73,089	34,125	Bombay
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	1,656	...	111,393	178,813	..	...	...	...	113,049	178,813	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
Madras	2,598	5,761	5,584	5,068	...	...	...	15	8,182	10,844	Madras
Burma	20,520	55,984	20	4,678	..	...	179	612	20,719	61,274	Burma
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	286,492	121,763	...	14	...	...	286,492	121,777	Non-Br. Ports in India
Foreign countries	639	9,050	23,035	292,328	...	...	...	12,135	23,674	313,513	Foreign countries
TOTAL	61,484	91,403	439,512	602,894	562	1,590	56,992	39,996	558,550	735,883	TOTAL
TOTAL IMPORTS	245,125	278,077	3,301,690	4,652,860	592,400	719,158	153,247	182,980	4,292,462	5,833,075	TOTAL IMPORTS

N.B.—Provinces named in the first and last columns include their chief port or ports. "Madras ports" includes the ports of Madras, French Ports (Pondicherry and Karikal exclusive of sea imports from Non-British Ports and Foreign countries), Negapatam, Tuticorin, Calicut, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Cuddalore, Cochin, Tellicherry, Cannanore, Masulipatam, Mangalore, Quilon, Porto Novo, and Badagara.

Whence exported	Wheat								Rice (includ			
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		Total		Calcutta		Karachi	
	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
Imports in March												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	13	503	...	...		...	13	503	402,560	672,877	...	...
Bengal	4,881	12,537	9	...	..	..	4,890	12,537	1,124,769	1,428,609	.	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	207,309	172,000	34,876	52,964	461,251	340,815	703,436	565,779	86	927	12	8
Panjab	1,763	..	32,481	13,770	864,412	883,001	898,656	895,771	171	134	1,216	1,308
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	..	..	...	...	31,939	12,700	31,939	12,700	...	..	130,415	90,904
Raj. and C. India	...	.	24,961	74,870	430	...	25,391	74,870	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	27,732	15,196	..	...	27,732	15,196	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	30,309	36,313	62,266	114,844			98,575	151,187	910	508	...	...
Nizam's Territory	.	...	3	157	.	.	3	157	...	..	...	...
Madras		...	...	...	.		...	...	117	10	...	...
Mysore		...	...	...		...	.	..	...	...	...	..
Kashmir		...	...	...	...	...	...	..		...	...	
Total	250,275	221,383	182,328	271,801	1,358,032	1,236,516	1,790,635	1,739,700	1,528,613	2,103,065	131,643	92,220
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	.	..	.	..	...		...	..	..	...	...	...
Bengal	..		...	...	...		...	..	18,687	9,809	...	...
Bombay	...	...	40	...	17	19	57	19	...	3	402	446
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	..	...	2,384	243	...	..	2,384	243	...	...	2,882	7,805
Madras	...	...	82	..	...	..	82	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...	...	...	..			...	...	7,631	3,046	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...		14,494	839	3,679	...	18,173	839	...	...	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	1	1,313	..	387	1	1,730	10	72	..	12
Total	...	...	17,00[illegible]	2,425	3,696	406	20,697	2,831	26,328	12,930	3,284	8,263
Total Imports	250,275	221,383	199,329	274,226	1,361,728	1,236,922	1,811,332	1,732,531	1,554,941	2,115,995	134,927	100,483
Imports to end of March												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	802	1,709		...			802	1,709	1,263,367	2,037,500	...	...
Bengal	88,057	165,399	9	...			88,066	165,399	3,748,412	4,262,203	.	...
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	1,177,653	652,070	114,153	103,960	1,027,033	1,042,200	2,318,839	1,798,830	530	4,265	12	8
Panjab	12,145	...	121,091	49,605	2,955,921	2,712,205	3,089,257	2,761,873	531	530	1,404	1,559
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...		...	97,379	65,554	97,379	65,554	...	...	382,178	354,186
Raj. and C. India	505	3,545	131,779	108,950	6,607	2,468	138,891	204,963	118	290	1	...
Bombay	1	...	116,347	47,969	...	...	116,348	47,969	...	...	...	...
Cent. Provs. and Berar	135,307	160,315	624,319	561,098	...	..	759,626	721,413	3,882	3,962	...	...
Nizam's Territory	...	.	479	752		...	479	752	...	...	...	...
Madras	...		158	...	...	...	158	...	271	229	...	...
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kashmir	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,414,570	983,638	1,108,335	962,394	4,086,940	3,822,430	6,609,845	5,768,462	5,017,111	6,308,979	383,595	355,753
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	49,233	30,272	...	...
Bombay		...	65	...	182	87	247	87	180	37	1,374	926
Sind and Br. Baluchistan			4,286	3,304	...	...	4,286	3,304			21,756	22,940
Madras	...	...	82	...	...	...	82	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	...		...		...	...	...	...	61,731	6,058	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	...	23,266	1,248	8,319	..	31,625	1,248	...	..	...	...
Foreign countries	...	...	1	5,936	169	1,728	170	7,664	81	242	...	12
Total	...	...	27,700	10,488	8,716	1,815	36,410	12,303	111,225	36,609	23,130	23,878
Total Imports	1,414,570	983,638	1,136,035	972,882	4,095,650	3,824,245	6,6,6 255	5,780,765	5,128,336	6,345,588	406,725	379,631

† One maund of paddy is

…ING PADDY)†				GRAM AND PULSE								
Madras ports		TOTAL		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Karachi		TOTAL		Whence exported
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	
Imports in March												
												By Rail and River—
...	...	402,560	672,877	2,411	4,267	...	..	...	...	2,411	4,267	E. B. and Assam
72,574	105,680	1,197,343	1,534,289	240,151	205,922	...	...	..	...	240,151	205,922	Bengal
...	...	98	935	200,301	469,991	18,401	100,683	2,297	26,757	220,999	597,431	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	1,387	1,442	...	1,179	4,820	58,113	137,044	560,215	141,864	619,507	Panjab
...	...	130,415	90,904	...	...	2	...	40,158	2,716	40,160	2,716	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	...	...	660	447	33,920	11,[illegible]	3,317	713	37,897	12,332	Raj. and C. India
4	10	4	10	661	...	93,383	11,931	...	..	94,046	11,931	Bombay
...	...	910	508	16,097	15,552	45,962	59,926	...	...	62,059	75,478	Cent. Provs. and Berar
248	197	248	107	...	...	1,395	403			1,395	403	Nizam's Territory
311,736	271,237	311,853	271,247	...	6,159	...	...	...	...	...	6,159	Madras
20	13	20	13	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	Mysore
...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Kashmir
384,582	377,137	2,044,638	2,572,422	460,283	703,517	197,883	242,228	182,816	590,401	840,982	1,536,146	TOTAL
												By Sea—
...	330,714	...	330,714	.		..	...	...	...	...	...	E. B. and Assam
111,207	28,836	129,894	38,645	...	...	...	...	497	...	497	...	Bengal
24,283	61,315	24,685	61,794	875	...	3,340	3,986	905	343	5,120	4,329	Bombay
7,203	3,963	10,085	11,768	...	...	4,522	7,005	...	...	4,522	7,005	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
36,191	14,905	36,191	14,905	..	2,060	...	..	...	.	...	2,060	Madras
415,178	330,489	422,809	333,535	714	1,014	215	278	...	...	929	1,292	Burma
864	...	864	.	...	...	9,826	249	594	44	10,420	293	Non-Br. Ports in India
28	...	38	84	7	46	483	4,587	...	2,408	490	7,041	Foreign countries
594,954	770,252	624,566	791,445	1,596	3,120	18,386	16,105	1,996	2,795	21,978	22,020	TOTAL
979,536	1,147,389	2,669,404	3,363,867	461,879	706,637	216,269	258,333	184,812	593,196	862,960	1,558,166	TOTAL IMPORTS
Imports to end of March												
												By Rail and River—
...	...	1,263,367	2,037,500	4,978	24,442	...	...	...	...	4,978	24,442	E. B. and Assam
229,779	321,336	3,978,191	4,583,539	632,922	820,963	...	21	...	...	632,922	820,984	Bengal
...	170	542	4,443	432,191	934,909	67,200	406,320	4,147	115,220	503,538	1,456,449	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
...	...	1,935	2,089	3,261	4,579	116,208	244,533	289,908	3,048,854	409,377	3,297,966	Panjab
...	...	382,178	354,186	...	...	2	...	88,457	20,977	88,459	20,977	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	...	119	290	2,953	3,606	103,213	63,424	8,880	29,579	115,046	96,609	Raj. and C. India
193	37	193	37	733	158	227,288	34,981	...	1	228,021	35,140	Bombay
...	2,332	3,882	6,294	28,656	62,165	184,621	183,204	...	248	213,277	245,617	Cent. Provs. and Berar
524	399	524	399	...	221	2,529	8,709	...		2,529	8,930	Nizam's Territory
815,410	779,889	815,681	780,118	65	7,246	158	...	...		223	7,246	Madras
376	564	370	564		...	...	...	...		...	...	Mysore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Kashmir
1,046,282	1,104,727	6,446,988	7,769,459	1,105,759	1,858,289	701,219	941,192	391,392	3,214,879	2,198,370	6,014,360	TOTAL
												By Sea—
...	537,103	...	537,103	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	E. B. and Assam
217,094	453,282	266,327	483,554	...	..	1	...	497	...	498	...	Bengal
102,903	152,086	104,457	153,049	2,648	...	10,225	4,582	2,912	1,005	15,785	5,587	Bombay
34,048	40,846	55,804	63,786	...	...	9,703	15,084	12	241	9,715	15,325	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
86,979	48,916	86,979	48,916	233	10,410	22	439	133	...	388	10,849	Madras
757,639	498,448	819,370	504,506	6,791	4,408	215	298	...	...	7,006	4,706	Burma
4,348	...	4,348	...	...	...	30,917	1,813	2,787	238	33,704	2,051	Non-Br. Ports in India
90	60	171	314	56	104	824	13,759	26	6,103	906	20,026	Foreign countries
1,203,101	1,730,741	1,337,456	1,791,228	9,728	14,922	51,907	35,975	6,367	7,647	68,002	58,544	TOTAL
2,249,383	2,835,468	7,784,444	9,560,687	1,115,487	1,873,211	753,126	977,167	397,759	3,222,526	2,265,372	6,072,904	TOTAL IMPORTS

†Taken as equivalent to 25 seers of rice

Whence exported	Linseed						Rape and Mustard Seed					
	Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total		Calcutta		City of Bombay		Total	
	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912
Imports in March												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	12,560	11,708	...	...	12,560	11,708	34,479	10,699	...	...	34,479	10,699
Bengal	359,054	234,935	...	...	359,054	234,935	122,530	66,700	...	404	123,530	67,104
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	133,637	55,149	51,772	42,117	185,409	97,266	204,358	333,067	121,565	90,524	325,923	423,591
Panjab	...	...	137	20	137	20	9,063	77,734	51	20	9,114	77,754
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	60,213	5,365	88,284	86,472	148,497	91,837	17,957	20,711	24,234	34,025	42,191	54,736
Bombay	...	...	243,494	58,820	243,494	58,820	...	...	42,311	1,047	42,311	1,047
Cent. Provs. and Berar	137,213	13,061	475,219	179,715	612,432	192,776	28,676	11,191	26,514	9,175	55,190	20,366
Nizam's Territory	...	...	408,087	207,728	408,087	207,728	...	...	1,844	115	1,844	115
Madras	...	...	20,960	1,632	20,960	1,632	3,413	6,291	...	...	3,413	6,291
Mysore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...
Total	702,677	320,218	1,287,953	576,504	1,990,630	896,722	420,476	526,393	216,519	135,310	636,995	661,703
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	...	...	...	..	.	...	.	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	114	...	...	...	114	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,000	...	2,000	...
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burma	.		...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	.	...	57,452	12,089	57,452	12,089	...	...	296	67	296	67
Foreign countries	...	...	37	222	37	222	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	...	57,489	12,311	57,489	12,311	114	...	2,296	67	2,410	67
Total Imports	702,677	320,218	1,345,442	588,815	2,048,119	909,033	420,590	526,393	218,815	135,377	639,405	661,770
Imports to end of March												
By Rail and River—												
E. B. and Assam	12,582	12,665	...	...	12,582	12,665	51,579	20,599	...	...	51,579	20,599
Bengal	416,631	310,814	371	13	417,002	310,827	328,852	208,028	957	874	329,809	208,902
U. P. of Agra and Oudh	138,508	67,755	56,246	43,513	194,754	111,268	334,961	431,934	170,663	95,042	505,624	526,976
Panjab	494	...	1,252	639	1,746	639	169,953	132,089	492	20	170,445	132,109
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raj. and C. India	65,505	5,365	90,528	92,599	156,033	97,964	55,868	69,444	73,138	59,533	129,006	128,977
Bombay	...	...	357,665	96,857	357,665	96,857	...	...	70,291	2,946	70,291	2,946
Cent. Provs. and Berar	172,521	13,145	558,149	196,164	730,670	209,309	51,567	73,984	71,831	27,282	123,398	101,266
Nizam's Territory	...	...	608,116	346,013	608,116	346,013	...	..	2,590	174	2,590	174
Madras	...		29,189	3,162	29,189	3,162	3,703	16,744	...	...	3,703	16,744
Mysore	...	...	...	7	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	806,241	409,744	1,701,516	778,967	2,507,757	1,188,711	996,483	952,823	389,962	185,871	1,386,445	1,138,693
By Sea—												
E. B. and Assam	..	...	.	.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	114	...	37	...	151	...
Sind and Br. Baluchistan	...	.	194	...	194	...	...	...	3,700	2	3,700	2
Madras		1	...	...	...	1	...	654	...	...	...	654
Burma	...	...	...	...	.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Non-Br. Ports in India	...	.	64,854	15,424	64,854	15,424	.	...	379	82	379	82
Foreign countries	6	...	152	1,091	158	1,091	...	2	...	...	...	2
Total	6	1	65,200	16,515	65,206	16,516	114	656	4,116	84	4,230	740
Total Imports	806,247	409,745	1,766,716	795,482	2,572,963	1,205,227	996,597	953,478	394,078	185,955	1,390,675	1,139,433

Jute: Calcutta 1911	Jute: Calcutta 1912	Jute: Chittagong port 1911	Jute: Chittagong port 1912	Jute: Total 1911	Jute: Total 1912	Tea: Calcutta 1911	Tea: Calcutta 1912	Tea: Chittagong port 1911	Tea: Chittagong port 1912	Tea: Total 1911	Tea: Total 1912	Whence exported
												Imports in March
												By Rail and River—
421,320	687,023	3,681	25,766	425,001	712,789	3,002	2,292	193	340	3,195	2,632	E. B. and Assam
130,348	328,205	...	...	130,348	328,205	270	45	6	1	276	46	Bengal
10,879	9,573	...	...	10,879	9,573	49	247	...	...	49	247	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
294	...	..	..	294	...	1	7	...	...	1	7	Panjab
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
.	...	...	...	...	.	1	1	...	...	1	1	Raj & C. India
		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	Bombay
785	479		...	785	470	1	1	...	...	1	1	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	...	..	1	1	...	...	1	1	Madras
						...	...	...	...	...	..	Mysore
563,626	1,025,280	3,681	25,766	567,307	1,051,046	3,325	2,594	199	341	3,524	2,935	TOTAL
												By Sea—
1,168	...	...	...	1,168	...	...	23	...	...	...	23	E. B. and Assam
6,390	10,351	..	...	6,390	10,351	..	...	...	...	...	...	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	...	...	1	Bombay
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	Madras
	...	...	...		...	...	2	...	.	...	2	Burma
...	...		...	..	...	...		...	.	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in India
...	42	..	...	...	42	57	23	...	...	57	23	Foreign countries
7,558	10,393	...	...	7,558	10,393	57	49	...	...	57	49	TOTAL
571,184	1,035,673	3,681	25,766	574,865	1,061,439	3,382	2,643	199	341	3,581	2,984	TOTAL IMPORTS
												Imports to end of March
												By Rail and River—
2,114,099	3,121,262	159,213	116,330	2,273,312	3,237,503	112,958	102,173	24,312	19,796	137,270	121,969	E. B. and Assam
844,702	1,638,133	...	4	844,702	1,638,137	3,272	2,902	13	18	3,285	2,920	Bengal
69,381	22,401	...	...	69,381	22,401	527	380	...	...	527	380	U. P. of Agra and Oudh
735	...	...	..	735	..	258	8	...	..	258	8	Panjab
...	.	...		..	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...		..	.	...	...	2	1	...	...	2	1	Raj. & C. India
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	21	...	...	1	21	Bombay
2,335	1,193	...	...	2,335	1,193	2	4	...	...	2	4	Cent. Provs. and Berar
...	.	...	.	.	...	...		...	...	...	...	Nizam's Territory
...	...	...	...	..	...	1	1	...	...	1	1	Madras
...		...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Mysore
3,031,252	4,782,989	159,213	116,334	3,190,465	4,899,323	117,021	105,491	24,325	19,814	141,346	125,305	TOTAL
												By Sea—
8,218	4,508	...	4	8,218	4,512	1,080	3,163	...	57	1,080	3,220	E. B. and Assam
27,374	36,895	...	...	27,374	36,895	...	101	...	...	...	101	Bengal
...	...	...	...	...	...	89	23	...	...	89	23	Bombay
...	..	...	..	..	...	...	12	...	...	...	12	Sind and Br. Baluchistan
...	..	...	...	...	...	26	70	...	...	26	70	Madras
...		...	...	...	.	...	2		...	...	2	Burma
...		...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	Non-Br. Ports in India
50	78	...	...	50	78	201	88	...	.	201	88	Foreign countries
35,642	41,481	...	4	35,642	41,485	1,396	3,459		57	1,396	3,516	TOTAL
3,066,894	4,824,470	159,213	116,338	3,226,107	4,940,808	118,417	108,950	24,325	19,871	142,742	128,821	TOTAL IMPORTS

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, May 31, 1912



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette* The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,
Secretary to the Government of India.

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J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 8th June 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

—May 27th—

264. E. Bignell. *Improvements in concrete piling.*
265. The Kitson-Empire Lighting Company, Limited, and R. H. Stephens. *Improvements in or relating to oil vapour lamps and stoves.*
266. H. Hollings, J. M. M. Richard and W. C. Richard. *Improved method of and means for conveying sheets in connection with platen printing presses.*
267. F. Patterson, T. E. James and W. B. Varian. *Improved means for use in connection with railways and railway vehicles for the prevention of accidents.*
268. A. H. Bennett. *An improved vacuum refrigerating apparatus.*
269. K. H. Vajifdar. *Improvements in or relating to beetle traps.*
270. Roshandin. *The Gurkha ensign football.*

—May 28th—

271. Brown Spin-Wright Company. *Improvements in driving mechanism for spinning, twisting and analogus apparatus.*
272. O. Imray. *Improvements in roller skates.*

—June 1st—

273. J. C. V. Milder. *An improved pick and beater combined.*
274. J. Maden. *The fan breeze distributor.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be for sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Anyone desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

93. Genossenschaft für Textilpatente. *Improvements in pirns or bobbins for looms with spool-changing mechanism.*
181. J. D. High. *Kitchen "chula" for cooking with Indian steam coal as fuel.*
184. N. P. Roe. *Improved concrete proportioning machine.*
194. P. G. Phillimore. *A new transport pannel.*
195. P. G. Phillimore. *An improved transport girth.*
205. T. Bassford. *Improvements in boat propelling and steering gear.*
228. R. Greenhalgh and J. Greenhalgh. *Improvements in dust collectors or filters for willows, openers, corn mills and the like.*
229. W. Dubilier. *Improvements in or relating to high frequency apparatus and also to induction coils.*
234. J. R. Herbert-Percy. *A new or improved device for locating the presence of water, minerals and the like.*
235. Lobnitz and Company, Limited. *Improvements in hoisting machinery for dipper dredgers and excavators.*

236. Lobnitz and Company, Limited. *Improvements relating to the spuds of dipper dredgers.*

237. F. Wilkinson. *Improvements in mechanism for the stamping of letters, post-cards and the like.*

238. J. T. Armstrong and J. Mordan. *Improvements in and relating to the solidification of hydrocarbon oils.*

239. J. Tanner and E. Graham. *Improvements in or relating to loom shuttles.*

240. W. Dubilier. *Improved method of and apparatus for utilizing transformed and primary currents.*

243. M. Churchill-Shann. *Improvements in gas turbines.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

31st May 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each :—

99. C. A. Macpherson. *Improvements in or relating to sights for rifles and the like.*

169. J. G. Robinson. *Improved pressure release valve for use in connection with locomotive and other steam engines.*

173. E. Farina. *An improved spring wheel for vehicles.*

174. W. Paterson. *Improvements in or relating to filtering apparatus and the like.*

175. The Leeds Forge Company Limited and E. deH. Rowntree. *Improvements in brake beams for railway and like vehicles.*

177. W. Raitt. *A new or improved method of isolating or extracting cellulose or paper pulp from fibrous vegetable materials and apparatus therefor.*

182. J. Levick, Junior. *Improvements relating to railway carriage and analogous water-closets.*

187. T. Franke. *Improvements in machines for pressing liquids from materials containing the same.*

189. H. V. Kramer. *Improved means for the regulation and control of railway and the like traffic.*

190. A. Fodor. *Apparatus for connecting conducting wires, cables and the like.*

196. H. R. von Rhöneck. *An improved method of modelling plastic substances and apparatus therefor.*

197. C. M. Acrey, W. B. Acrey, and B. L. Acrey. *Calculating machine.*

198. C. M. Acrey, W. B. Acrey, and B. L. Acrey. *Tax and interest calculating machine.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

17. Brown.
18. Brown.
19. Reynaud.
20. Belanger Spinning Process Co.
21. Friedman.
23. Shepherd.
26. Raja Babu.
28. Shaw.
30. Richardson.
31. Lindquist.
33. Hill.
34. Lee.
36. Wolff.
37. Shepherd.
38. Pilkington Whittaker, Bradshaw and Briggs.
39. Citoplate Gesellschaft mit beschrankter Haftung.

PATENTS SEALED.

1. Browne & Mason.
2. J. Stone & Co., Ld.
3. Killen.
4. Von Augezd.

SPECIFICATION FILED (1888 ACT).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 413 of 1910.—A. R. Angus. *Improvements in and relating to the running gear of railway cars.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 539 of 1910.—C. G. Fletcher. *Improvements relating to golf clubs, cricket and base ball bats, tennis racquets, hockey sticks, croquet mallets and similar sporting requisites.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 635 of 1910.—G. W. Beadle. *Improvements in apparatus for turning over the edges of cartons or like vessels or tubes.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 32 of 1911.—A. R. Angus. *Improvements in or relating to railway safe running devices.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 193 of 1911.—C. Paal. *Improvements in process for the reduction of fats and unsaturated fatty acids.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 195 of 1911.—J. Chudleigh and J. W. Fell. *A supplementary air lock valve and connections to be attached to Westinghouse brake apparatus.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 391 of 1911.—Minerals Separation Limited. *Improvements in or relating to the concentration of ores.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 431 of 1911.—The Vibrocel Company Limited. *Improvements in and relating to the construction of sea walls, piers, pontoons, floating stages, foundations and other structures.* (Specification filed 27 May 1912.)

No. 465 of 1911.—E. W. Graves. *A sap receiving cup.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 475 of 1911.—W. R. D. Innes. *Improvements in railway sleepers.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 501 of 1911.—R. C. Duncan. *An electric stove for tea and other produce drying machinery.* (Specification filed 20 May 1912.)

No. 530 of 1911.—G. W. Beadle. *Improvements in apparatus for printing on cartons or like vessels or tubes.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 543 of 1911.—M. Purser, Jr. *Improvements in or relating to fencing.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 544 of 1911.—A. H. Johnson, and L. W. Williams. *Improvements in and relating to stretchers or gauge bars for railway switches.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 546 of 1911.—A. Parry. *Improvements in or connected with rolling machines for tea and the like.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 547 of 1911.—R. F. Colborne. *Improvements relating to balanced windows for railway cars or carriages.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 548 of 1911.—R. F. Colborne. *Improvements in mechanism for operating wheel brakes by hand for railway purposes.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 558 of 1911.—M. Barr, R. A. Bell, and H. R. Becton. *Improvements in and relating to calculating machines.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 559 of 1911.—R. F. P. Rubow. *Improvements in ventilating corn mills.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 560 of 1911.—A. G. Koechlin. *Improvements in automatic bobbin exchanging devices for looms.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 564 of 1911.—W. F. Wiles, T. Macleod, and F. W. Wiles. *An improved aeroplane.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 570 of 1911.—S. A. Horstmann. *Spring wheels for road vehicles.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 580 of 1911.—Turbo Amalgamator and Extraction Company, Limited. *Improvements in apparatus for the extraction of the precious metals from pulps and solutions.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 581 of 1911.—P. Hoering. *A process for the manufacture of artificial wood.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 583 of 1911.—P. Hoering. *Process and apparatus for the production of bars and boards of any desired shape and length by pressing a disintegrated material.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 586 of 1911.—J. A. Shields. *Improvements in and relating to the treatment of unopened or partly opened bolls of cotton for the purpose of extracting the fibre therefrom.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 669 of 1911.—R. Brown. *Improvements relating to the manufacture of soap* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 702 of 1911.—H. R. Haigh. *Improvements in or relating to valves used in connection with train lighting systems.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 703 of 1911.—H. Knudsen. *Improvements in or relating to internal combustion engines.* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 704 of 1911.—H. Knudsen. *Improvements in internal combustion engines* (Specification filed 22 May 1912.)

No. 706 of 1911.—Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in connection with the manufacture of caoutchouc.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 721 of 1911.—A. Paul and A. Beck. *Apparatus for taking the kernel out of nuts and other fruits with hard pericarp.* (Specification filed 21 May 1912.)

No. 731 of 1911.—E. S. Luard. *Improvements in steam superheaters for locomotive, marine and other boilers.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

260 of 1902. Vacuum Cleaner Co. Ld. (To 12 August 1913.)
68 of 1906. Tice. (To 9 June 1913.)
203 of 1906. Wells and Wells. (To 16 June 1913.)
268 of 1906. Mayo. (To 15 September 1913.)
285 of 1907. Pintsch's Patent Lighting Co., (To 16 July 1913.)
296 of 1907. Courtecuisse. (To 14 September 1913.)
254 of 1908. Brown. (To 16 January 1914.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1906.

375. (Kitsee). 408, (Standen).

1907.

306, (Watson). 340, (Tate). 352, (Mitchell). 358, (Warmsley).
359, (Gill). 360, (Brown). 361, (Brown). 362, (Dow).
488, (Giovanni). 529, (Ouden). 530, (Deutschmann). 600, (Whitney).

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

May 27th to June 1st.

Class 13. 97-99. The Calico Printers' Association Limited, calico printers, St. James's Buildings, Oxford street, Manchester, England. May 21.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques ; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.

Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay—Record Office.

Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.

Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions, so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows:—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.

Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.

„ —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.

Calcutta—Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.

„ —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.

Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.

Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.

London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.

Madras—College of Engineering.

Nagpur—Office of the Director of Agriculture, Central Provinces.

Poona—College of Engineering.

Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. ***Publications*** on sale at the Patent Office :—

	Price. R	a.
(*a*) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911	0	10
(*b*) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912	0	2
(*c*) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)	0	1
Annual subscription with postage	3	0
(*d*) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)	2	0
(*e*) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911 . . . . each	1	0
(*f*) Patent Office Journal, January to March . . . . each	0	8
(*g*) Specifications of Inventions . . . . each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them*. Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910 and 1910-11, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu ; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian ; price R4 per copy.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu ; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian ; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit ; price R2-8.

"Akhlaq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian ; price R5-12 per copy.

**N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are :—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

List showing the serial number of sheets and the names of Districts or parts of Districts contained in each of the U. P. Map. Price including packing and postage annas 8 each.

Serial No.	Names of Districts.
1	Dehra Dun and Tehri State.
2	Dehra Dun, Saharanpur, Muzaffarnagar, Bijnor, Garhwal and Tehri State.
3	Muzaffarnagar, Meerut, Bulandshahar, Muttra, Aligarh, Moradabad, Bijnor and the inset of Meerut City.
4	Muttra, Agra, Etah, Aligarh and the inset of Agra City.
5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
6	Jhansi and the inset of Lucknow City.
7	Almora, Garhwal and Tehri State.
8	Almora, Garhwal, Bijnor, Dehra Dun, Naini Tal and Tehri State.
9	Almora, Naini Tal, Bijnor, Moradabad, Rampur State, Bareilly, Pilibhit, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Budaun, Etah, Aligarh and Bulandshahr.
10	Aligarh, Etah, Budaun, Shahjahanpur, Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Hardoi, Farrukhabad, Mainpuri, Agra, Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao and Lucknow.
11	Etawah, Cawnpore, Unao, Fatehpore, Banda, Hamirpur, Jalaun, Jhansi and Rai Bareli.
12	Banda, Hamirpur and Jhansi.
13	Heading only.
14	Almora and Reference.
15	Lakhimpur, Bahraich and Sitapur.
16	Lakhimpur, Sitapur, Bahraich, Gonda, Basti, Gorakhpore, Azamgarh, Fyzabad, Sultanpur, Bara Banki, Rai Bareli, Unao, Lucknow and Hardoi.
17	Unao, Rai Bareli, Sultanpur, Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ghazipur, Benares, Mirzapur, Allahabad, Banda, Fatehpur, Partabgarh and Jaunpur.
18	Banda, Allahabad and Mirzapur.
19	Heading only.
20	Reference only.
21	The inset of Bareilly and Benares City.
22	Gorakhpore and Basti.
23	Azamgarh, Gorakhpore, Ballia, Ghazipur, Benares and Mirzapur.
24	Mirzapur and the inset of Allahabad City.

	Price including packing and postage. R a. p.
Term and Final Examination papers C. E. Class December 1907 to July 1910.	1 12 0
" " " Upper Sub-Class "	1 6 0
" " " Lower " " "	1 0 0
Tacheometric Plane tabling and Gradient Telemeter Level by Prof. C. J. Veale	1 13 0

E. H. DEV. ATKINSON, Lt.-Col., R.E.,
Principal.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

	POWDER. Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.	Retail rate For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.
	R a. p.	R a. p.
16-oz. tins	5 0 0	6 0 0
8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 8 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 4th June 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 31st May 1912.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										REMARKS.
				COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	
				In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.					
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	4,46,96 280	22,15,72,995	26,62,69 275	4 03,30,177	2,45,67,135	7,86,970	8,55,00 000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29 11,84,228	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500
Cawnpore	...	2,07,85,955	2,07,85,955	1,37,79,346	78,52,335	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,16,31,681	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571
Lahore	...	2,74,17,260	2,74,17,260	1,22,24,343	1,12,08,450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,34,32,793	
Bombay	94,05,000	12,81,21,565	13 75,26,565	2,52,04,121	16,34,18,039	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,86,22,160	
Karachi	...	1,09,17,745	1,09,17,745	35,96,795	6,02,970	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,99,765	
Madras	1,22,55,800	6,46,02,225	7,68,58,025	1,50,05,880	1,31,26,515	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,81,32,395	
Rangoon	...	4,91,26,480	4,91,26,480	1,75,39,608	1,62,48,675	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,37,88,283	
	6,63,57,080	52,25,44,225	58,89,01,305	12,76,80,270	23,70,24,119	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	59,09,91,305	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			*Nil*	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									20,90,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			58,89,01,305								TOTAL RESERVE R		58,89,01,305	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 31st May 1912.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 31st May 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 23RD TO 31ST MAY 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.													Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.											
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta .	...	18	...	18	7	...	7	...	190	11	10	15	226	...	.	..	...	...	...
Bombay .	...	14	...	14	...	...	...	...	100	...	13	13	126	...	...	...		...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 5th June 1912.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount. Rs	a.	p.
Prior to 1842	Collins, —, Sergeant	......	Two children	157	14	1
"	Lee, E., Corporal	......	Two children	111	9	6
"	Smith, Henry, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth	828	0	0
"	Smith, D., Sergeant Major	......	Margaret	78	6	5
"	Story, —, Sergeant	......	Thomas	117	5	4
"	MacConnell, Sergeant	......	John	77	15	3
"	Ratherford, Sergeant	......	Margaret	138	10	8
"	Hewetson, William, Gunner	......	John	47	5	7
"	Taylor, John, Private	......	John	214	11	1
"	Conroy, Peter, Corporal	......	Thomas	274	14	6
"	McCullum, —, Conductor	......	John	354	6	10
"	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	589	2	2
"	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109	12	4
"	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62	12	3
"	Cassidy, —, Corporal	......	John	61	3	9
"	Hyde, Henry, Conductor	......	Thomas	187	1	10
"	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant Major.	11th Dragoons	William	64	8	0
"	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C., 1st Eu. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124	11	6
"	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne.	13	13	9
"	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23	11	0
"	Tailor, John, Bombardier	......	Elizabeth	43	0	0
"	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43	0	0
"	Sherrock, J., Corporal	......	Joseph	160	0	0
"	Moore, Bombardier	......	Dorothy	5	9	5
"	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant.	......	George	11	8	2
"	Creighton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16	12	0
"	McCoy, —, Sub-Conductor	......	John and George	958	3	2
"	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment.	Ann and Robert D.	137	3	9
"	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32	1	4
"	Hills, —, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30	[illegible]	1
"	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10	6	9
"	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134	6	5
"	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6	5	5
"	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn. Arty.	Charles	123	13	4
"	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6	1	4
"	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11	12	9
"	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3	0	6
"	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William, and Margaret.	21	2	11
"	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65	11	9
"	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116	10	9
"	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189	3	6
"	Bryan, D., Sergeant	......	Mortimer	12	10	11
"	Reid, —, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68	6	5
"	South, —, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth Martha	310	0	0
"	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37	14	6
"	Blyth, John, Conductor	......	Children (names not recorded).	12	12	3
"	Smith, T., Sergeant	......	Esther and Amelia	23	15	0
"	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	20th N. I.	Thomas	711	15	2
"	Driver, J., Sergeant Major	......	Robert Charles and John.	141	7	1
"	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23	15	2
"	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died, 11th May 1842).	272	2	6
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded)	......	Bryon, Margaret, and William.	53	8	3
" 29, 1849	(Not recorded)	......	Daly Robert	23	9	1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112	9	0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4	2	8
" 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st Eu. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7	13	3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2	1	8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine.	19	14	9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, —, Private	44th Foot	George	200	0	0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277	11	11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	{ William Thomas	63	9	8
			{ James John	63	9	8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount. R	a.	p.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	27	3	2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, ——, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28	12	0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	130	0	0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156	12	5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, ——, Sergeant Major	......	Harriett M. and James	31	14	1
Feb. 14, 1845	Fry, ——, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12	6	9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	......	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204	7	8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	......	John	61	2	3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28	8	3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant Major	......	Thomas	101	5	4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292	15	8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77	4	11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167	15	5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7	1	7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, ——, Sergeant	......	Julia B. and George J.	120	13	0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	......	Hannah	152	0	9
...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	.....	Ellen Sarah	66	10	3
...	Ridley, Henry, Gunner	......	Henry	34	9	3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20	5	3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	......	Martha	83	3	6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	......	Adam T. and John	79	14	0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104	10	8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125	15	10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, ——, Corporal	......	Maria	59	0	0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	......	C. William and William H.	148	3	5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant Major.	Sirmoor Bn.	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99	6	1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36	5	6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9	8	4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7	6	0
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor	......	Emeline	50	0	0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, ——, Sergeant Major	......	George	69	14	4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26	3	5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29	15	0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23	5	6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25	14	6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9	11	11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36	5	9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97	2	6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49	10	3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206	1	2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61	10	3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	......	Mary Harriet	283	1	11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209	14	0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25	15	6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86	0	0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152	14	2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalzell	39	5	10
Mar. 10, 1864 May 19, 1864	Anderson, William, Gunner	5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35	4	11
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8	0	0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4	0	0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21	1	4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60	0	0
July 6, 1887 June 2, 1888 and Sept. 7, 1888	Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	John Thomas	176	15	1
Apl. 11, 1889	Hyland, M., Drummer	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558	9	8
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399	3	7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113	13	9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

R. H. S. WHITCHURCH, Captain,

For Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and Ex-officio Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION;
Lucknow, the 25th May 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 31st May 1912.

PARTICULARS.	3 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS							4 PER CENT. LOANS							4½ PER CENT. LOANS			GRAND TOTAL.
		of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	...	TOTAL.	of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	...	TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879. 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	TOTAL.	
Balance of 15th May 1912	36,24,700	1,23,58,800	7,64,71,400	1,82,19,400	92,26,400	22,00,200	..	11,24,76,200	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,61,79,933
Add— Amount of transferred to in London																			
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to		...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...		...	...		...										...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	..	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between and	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...									...	...	...
Deduct—	36,24,700	1,23,58,800	7,64,71,400	1,82,19,400	92,26,400	22,00,200	.	11,24,76,200	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,61,79,933
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	35,300	12,77,700	42,000	2,500	22,100		13,79,600	..			...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,79,600
Balance on 31st May 1912	36,24,700	1,23,23,500	6,91,93,700	1,81,77,400	92,23,900	21,78,100		11,10,96,600	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,48,00,333

NOTE.—From 9th June 1807 to 31st Mar. 1912 Enfaced from India 12,187 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,363 lakhs.
" 1st April 1912 " 15th April " ditto 1 lakh. ditto 3 "
" 16th " " " 30th " " ditto 3 lakhs. ditto 8 "
" 1st May " " 15th May " ditto ... ditto 4 "
" 16th " " " 31st " " ditto ... ditto 14 "

12,191 lakhs. 12,392 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 1st June 1912.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 4th June 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	84,06,109	9	9	2,07,62,477	15	7
Public Deposits at Branches	1,23,56,368	5	10			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .				15,49,56,022	15	8
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				10,84,271	4	1
Sundries				27,13,342	1	11
RUPEES .				21,75,16,114	5	3

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities . .				2,71,10,265	0	0
Other authorized Investments				55,60,383	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				3,88,38,198	0	9
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,44,91,339	3	6
Bills discounted and purchased				3,11,43,645	1	2
Balances with other Banks .				31,50,745	4	1
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock . . .				25,40,548	6	11
Stamps				11,640	14	4
Sundries				3,72,017	5	2
				15,32,18,782	3	11
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*3,81,83,999	7	3	6,42,97,332	1	4
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,61,13,332	10	1			
RUPEES .				21,75,16,114	5	3

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value			R5,70,150	0	0
† Do.	do.	do.	R6,17,947	8	0
			R11,88,097	8	0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 6th June 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 35·81.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (a) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (b) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *boná fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R	
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8	per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8	„

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R	
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8	per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11	„

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th May 1912.

No. 62.—3rd class Military Assistant Surgeon G. Mackey, I.S.M.D., is appointed to the Central Research Institute, Kasauli, with effect from the 1st May 1912.

The 31st May 1912.

No. 63.—The services of No. 1179, 2nd class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Siddik Ahmad, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Residency Surgeon and Chief Medical Officer in Baluchistan, with effect from the 4th April 1912.

No. 64.—The services of No. 967, 1st class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Fazl-i-Ilaihi I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Foreign Department for employment at Kashgar, with effect from the 7th May 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 28th May 1912.

No. 1492-*D*.—Mr. H. A. F. Gibbon is appointed Superintendent and Magistrate of Sehore, with effect from the 7th February 1911.

By order, etc.,

L. M. CRUMP,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL, RAJPUTANA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 28th May 1912.

No. 1887.—Assistant Surgeon Ishan Tosh Mitra, late in charge of the Victoria Hospital, Bharatpur, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with furlough for one year, with effect from the 3rd October 1911.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General, Rajputana.

THE HON'BLE THE AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL AND CHIEF COMMISSIONER IN BALUCHISTAN.

NOTIFICATION.

Quetta, the 27th May 1912.

No. 2945-*R*.—Mr. A. Howard, Imperial Economic Botanist, Pusa, took over charge of his duties under the Baluchistan Administration, with effect from the afternoon of the 8th May 1912.

C. ARCHER, Lt., Col.,
Revenue Commissioner,
for Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 28th May 1912.

No. 618-330.—During the period Captain E. H. F. Apthorpe, I.A., officiated as Cantonment Magistrate, Nasirabad, under the authority of the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner's notification No. 413-330, dated the 26th April 1912, he was, under Section 37 of the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act V of 1898), invested with powers to try summarily within the revenue district of Ajmer the offences mentioned in Section 260 of the said Code.

For the same period he was under Section 22 of the said Code appointed to be a Justice of the Peace within and for the districts of Ajmer and Merwara.

The 31st May 1912.

No. 645-390.—The privilege leave for 2 months granted to Mr. Nand Lal, Assistant Surgeon, attached to the Victoria Hospital at Ajmer, in this office notification No. 379-390, dated the 23rd April 1912, is hereby extended by 28 days.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the Intermediate Examination in Science held in March, 1912 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Ghosh, Mohitmohan ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
2	Pal, Asutosh ...	Ripon College.
3	Basu, Bhubanmohan ...	Dacca College.
4	Haldar, Krishnaprasanna ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
5	Basak, Bijaykumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
6	De, Satischandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
7	Sen, Pramodcharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
8	Tripathi, Syamchandra ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
9	Mahanti, Nisamani ...	Ditto.
10	Ray, Nareschandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
11	Gupta, Kanakchandra ...	Ditto.
12	Aditya, Kumudchandra ...	Dacca College.
13	Ghosh, Charuchandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
14	Bandyopadhyay, Gopendrakrishna.	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Mitra, Kshitindrakumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
16	Mukhopadhyay, Brajendrakumar	Cotton College, Gauhati.
17	Sengupta, Ramnath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
18	Bandyopadhyay, Anurupchandra	City College, Calcutta.
19	Mukhopadhyay, Indubhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Shiva Parvati Prasad ...	Patna College.
21	Basu, Satischandra ...	Krishnagar College.
22	Lahiri, Manindramohan ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Majumdar, Kanailal ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
24	Datta, Harendranath ...	Dacca College.
	Kanungo, Dhirendralal ...	Chittagong College.
26	Dhar, Sasindrachandra ...	Dacca College.
27	Brahmeswar Dayal ...	Patna College.
28	Bhaduri, Jnanendrachandra ...	B. N. College, Bankipur.
29	Datta, Kalibar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Narayandas ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Sanyal, Umapada ...	City College, Calcutta.
32	Chakrabarti, Brajendranath ...	Ripon College.
33	Basu, Saralkumar ...	Hughli College.
	Dasgupta, Kedareswar ...	Dacca College.
	De, Manindranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Nagendra Prasad ...	Patna College.
37	Datta, Bijaykrishna ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
38	Chaudhuri, Rabindranath ...	Rajshahi College.
39	Bandyopadhyaya, Rai Bankimchandra.	Presidency College, Calcutta.
40	Mukhopadhayaya, Nagendranath	Metropolitan Institution.
41	Bhattacharyya, Girijapati ...	Presidency College, Calcutta
	Hui, Jatindrachandra ...	Rajshahi College.
43	Bera, Khagendranath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta
44	Bhattacharyya, Pratapchandra ...	Dacca College.
	Das, Jogendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
46	Gangopadhyaya, Sachchidananda	St. Xavier's College.
47	Bandyopadhayaya, Gobindchandra.	Metropolitan Institution
	Bhattacharyya, Sureschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
49	Mallik, Krishnadhan ...	Scottish Churches College.
50	Nag, Apurbachandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
51	Dasgupta, Satindranath ...	Rajshahi College.
52	Ghosh, Satyacharan ...	Hughli College.
	Pal, Dhirendrachandra ...	Chittagong College.
54	Lahiri, Aswinikumar ...	Dacca College.

55	Basu, Sailendranath II ...	Bangabasi College.
	De, Hemchandra ...	Dacca College.
57	Chattopadhyaya, Harabilas ...	Ripon College.
58	Basu, Jogendranath ...	Hughli College.
59	Keshav Dinanath Madgaokar ...	St. Xavier's College.
60	Palit, Umaprasad ...	Krishnagar College.
61	Mitra, Kshetranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Nag, Gaurmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
63	Bandyopadhyay, Mahendranarayan.	Ditto.
	Datta, Sudhirchandra ...	Dacca College.
	Jharkhandi, Sibanath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Omdatul Islam ...	Chittagong College.
67	Chakrabarti, Mahimchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Dasgupta, Bhabanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
69	Chattopadhyay, Niradbaran ...	Ditto.
	Gupta, Susilchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
71	Bhattacharyya, Susilsundar ...	Patna College.
72	Sarkar, Dwijendranath ...	Krishnagar College.
73	Basuray, Susthirchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
74	Chakrabarti, Radhikanath ...	Ditto.
	Sarkar, Arindam ...	Metropolitan Institution.
76	Mitra, Karunamay ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
77	Abdul Majid ...	Ditto.
78	Ghosh, Manomohan ...	Ditto.
	Sinharay, Basantakumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
80	Samanta, Tarasankar ...	Victoria College, Cooch-Behar.
81	Mallik, Hridaybhushan ...	Hughli College.
82	Chattopadhyay, Jogeswar ...	Ditto.
83	Basu, Suryyakanta ...	Ditto.
	Chowdhury Afsar Ali ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
85	Tajammul Ahmed ...	Dacca College.
86	Gangopadhyay, Rameschandra ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath ...	Patna College.
88	„ Budhendranath	Presidency College, Calcutta.
89	Datta, Surendramohan ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
90	Gangopadhyay, Haripada ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Charuchandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
92	Baruya, Chandranath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Bhattacharyya, Ananganath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Ghosh, Matilal ...	Rajshahi College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Satyendra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
96	Basu, Bimalchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Dhara, Nakulchandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
98	De, Kshirodlal ...	Bangabasi College.
	Ghosh, Jogendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
100	Sen, Nagendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
101	Phuldeo Sahay Varma ...	Patna College.
	Sengupta, Jnansankar ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
103	Basu, Bimanchandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Binaybhushan ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Palit, Anilchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
106	Ghosh, Mihirlal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Harischandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
108	Bagchi, Pramodchandra ...	Dacca College.
	Ghosh, Nirendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
110	Bujarbaruya, Prananath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Ghosh, Gaurgopal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Lalmohan ...	Ditto.
113	Bandyopadhyay, Amulyadhan ...	Uttarpapara College.
	„ Atulchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Biswas, Kanailal ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
116	Das, Dharmeswar ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
117	Gupta, Sudhansukumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
118	Datta, Sudhansusekhar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mitra, Narendranath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Sengupta, Gopalchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
121	Pal, Nareschandra ...	Scottish Churches College.

122	Das, Tejendranath	Chittagong College.
	Bhaumik, Jagadischandra	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
124	Bhattacharyya, Bholanath	Ditto.
	Ghosh, Kisorchandra	Scottish Churches College.
	Meghbaran Lal	Patna College.
	Pande, Kalidas	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
128	Basu, Narendranath	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Prasad	Ditto.
130	Ray, Dwijendrakumar	Rajshahi College.
131	Mitra, Satischandra	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Saha, Gopendrakrishna	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
133	Saligram Prasad	B. N. College, Bankipur.
	Whittles, Cyril L.	Non-collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 8.
135	Acharyya, Girischandra	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Jyotischandra	Hughli College.
137	Sarkar, Nalini*	City College, Calcutta.
138	Bhattacharyya, Nrisinhaprasad	Metropolitan Institution.
139	Chaudhuri, Narendranath	Scottish Churches College.
	Sarkar, Murarimohon	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
141	De, Kalikinkar	St. Xavier's College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath	Scottish Churches College.
143	Mitra, Haripada	Bangabasi College.
144	Biswas, Kshudiram	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Fermie, Otto William Patrick	St. Xavier's College.
	Ray, Satischandra	Dacca College.
147	Chattopadhyay, Kalidas	Krishnagar College.
	Ghosh, Jugalkisor	Scottish Churches College.
149	Majumdar, Harendrakrishna	Dacca College.
	Sur, Tinkari	Hughli College.
151	Chaudhuri, Haripada	St. Xavier's College.
	De, Nisikanta	Ripon College.
	Deb, Anandachandra	Dacca College.
154	Sen, Kshetramohan	Presidency College, Calcutta.
155	Datta, Sisirkumar	Metropolitan Institution.
	Ghosh, Upendranath	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Tarananda	Presidency College, Calcutta.
158	„ Narayanchandra	Uttarpara College.
	Ray, Baradaprasad	Metropolitan Institution.
160	Sengupta, Hemkamal	St. Xavier's College.
161	Saha, Ramcharan	Dacca College.
162	Newman, Clinton Vincent	St. Xavier's College.
163	Dasgupta, Pramodranjan	Chittagong College.
	Mitra, Suriti	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Jitendrakumar	Jagannath College, Dacca.
166	Bandyopadhyay, Tarapada	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghoshal, Anukulchandra	Ripon College.
168	Majumdar, Upendralal	Chittagong College.
	Ray, Gopalchandra II	City College, Calcutta.
170	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath	Ditto.
171	Das, Dhirendranath	Metropolitan Institution.
172	Basu, Krishnamohan	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Bhaumik, Sitanath	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Ghosh, Phakirchandra	City College, Calcutta.
	Sahu, Bhutnath	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Saha, Rebatimohan	Jagannath College, Dacca.
177	Basu, Pramathakumar	Ditto.
	Chattopadhyay, Bijaykrishna	Scottish Churches College.
	Gangopadhyay, Satischandra	City College, Calcutta.
180	Das, Kanailal	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghosh, Madhusudan	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Mohammad Sadique	St. Xavier's College.
	Ray, Abinaschandra I	Rajshahi College.
184	Basu, Dulalchandra	City College, Calcutta.
	Ghosh, Harendranath	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Ray, Ramendu	Scottish Churches College.

* She has also passed the I. A. Examination in the First Division as a non-collegiate student.

187	Bandyopadhyay, Binaylal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chattopadhyay, Rabindranath ...	Ditto.
	Lahiri, Upendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
	Sarkar, Srischandra ...	Bangabasi College.
191	Bandopadhyay, Rangalal ...	Hughli College.
	Ray, Mohinimohan ...	Bangabasi College.
193	Mukhopadhyay, Bijaykumar ...	Krishnagar College.
194	Datta, Jatindranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Dhurjatiprasad	Ripon College.
	Palit, Satischandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Raychaudhuri, Rebatinath ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Sur, Sibadas ...	B. N. College, Bankipur.
199	Ray, Nagendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
200	Datta, Amulyakumar ...	Bangabasi College.
201	Mitra, Satyendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Durgagati ...	Ripon College.
	Sarkar, Narendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
204	Mitra, Haraparbatikumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mir Baksh ...	St. Xavier's College.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abdul Ghani Talukdar ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Acharyya, Atalbihari ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Nalinikumar ...	Rajshahi College.
	Adhikari, Dhurjatinath ...	Bangabasi College.
	Aminud-Din Ahmed ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Baksi, Debendralal ...	Ripon College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Amarnath ...	Uttarpara College.
	" Ardhachandra	St. Xavier's College.
	" Basantakumar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
10	" Bijaychandra	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Binaykrishna	Bangabasi College.
	" Hridaydhan ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Krishnadhan	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Kshirodchandra	Scottish Churches College.
	" Lalmadhab ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Manindranath	St. Xavier's College.
	" Manindranath	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 7.
	" Manomohan ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Nalinichandra	Ripon College.
20	" Nirmalchandra	Hughli College.
	" Nrityagopal ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Panchanan ...	Hughli College.
	" Sanatkumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Satyendramohan.	Metropolitan Institution.
	Basu, Bhupendranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Bibhutibhushan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Durgaprasanna ...	Ripon College.
	" Gauriprasanna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Hemendrakumar ...	Ripon College.
30	" Hemendrakumar ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Jogendramohan ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Jyotishchandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Kamakhyaprasanna ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Narendrakumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Nimalchandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Nirmalkrishna ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Subodhkumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Upendranath ...	Ripon College.
	" Bhagwan Prasad ...	Patna College.
40	Bhattacharyya, Abhayapada ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Bibhutibhushan	Patna College.
	" Bidhubhushan ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Gangadhar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Baul N. 1.

	Bhattacharyya, Narendrachandra	Ripon College.
	" Sibasankar ...	Bangabasi College.
	Bhubaneshwari Prasad ...	Patna College.
	Biswas, Brajagopal ...	Krishnagar College.
	" Manmathakumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Surendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
50	" Upendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Brajeswar Sahay ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Chakrabarti, Akhilnath ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Aswinikumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Baninath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Baradakanta ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Birendranath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Jajneswar ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Jitendranath ...	Hughli College.
	" Kamalapati ...	Metropolitan Institution.
60	" Manmathabhushan	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Pratapchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Sureschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Chanda, Bhabanicharan ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Jatindrachandra ...	Jagannath College Dacca.
	" Praphullakumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Chattopadhyay, Basudeb ...	Ditto.
	" Harendranath, I	Ripon College.
	" Hrishikes ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Jatindranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
70	" Jyotirmay ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Lalmohan ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Nityananda ...	Patna College.
	" Santoshkumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Srischandra ...	Scottish Charges College.
	Chaudhuri, Dhirendralal ...	Hughli College.
	" Gopendrakumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Hariprasad ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Hemendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Manindrakumar ...	Ripon College.
80	" Manmathanath, II ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Niradranjan ...	Chittagong College.
	" Praphullaprasun ...	Ripon College.
	Choudhury Md. Abul Khair ...	Rajshahi College.
	Dam, Harinarayan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Das, Asutosh ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Bidhubhushan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Dhirendralal ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Gaurikanta ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Gobardhan ...	Bangabasi College.
90	" Natabar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Narendrachandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Pulinbihari ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Rasbihari ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Sudhenduprasad ...	Dacca College.
	" Sureschandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	Dasgupta, Amiyasankar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Bankimchandra ...	Dacca College.
	" Bhupendralal ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Bhupeschandra ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
100	" Birendramohan ...	Ripon College.
	Datta, Anathnath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Asutosh ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Bhabakanta ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Bishnupada ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Charuchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jaharilal ...	Ditto.
	" Kanaknath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Nripendrakumar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	" Prabodhchandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
110	" Rasbihari ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Sachindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Saratchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.

	Datta, Satischandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Satischandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	De, Debendranath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Dhirendranath	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Jaminikanta	... St. Xavier's College.
	„ Jogendrachandra	... Rajshahi College.
	„ Jogeschandra	... Dacca College.
120	„ Kusalchandra	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Narendranath	... B. N. College, Bankipur.
	„ Panchanan	... Scottish Churches College.
	Deb, Manoharchandra	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Srischandra	... St. Xavier's College.
	„ Suryyakumar	... Rajshahi College.
	De Souza, Leslie	... St. Xavier's College.
	Dhar, Phanibhushan	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Surendralal	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Gagai, Janeswar	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
130	Gangopadhyay, Amulyakumar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Mahadeb	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Panchanan	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Prabhatchandra	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 3.
	Ghosh, Banamali	... St. Xavier's College.
	„ Bimalkanti	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Bipinchandra	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	„ Bishnucharan	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Hiralal	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Hemendranath	... Bangabasi College.
140	„ Jatindramohan	... Ditto.
	„ Jimutnath	... Krishnagar College.
	„ Kalidas	... Ripon College.
	„ Matilal	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Pramathanath	... Ditto.
	„ Praphullachandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Praphullakumar	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Sailendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Santoshkumar	... Ditto.
	„ Satischandra II	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
150	„ Satyamay	... Dacca College.
	„ Satyaranjan	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Satyendrakisor	... Dacca College.
	„ Satyendranath	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sripatinath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Sudebchandra	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Surendranath I	... Ditto.
	Guha, Bhabanicharan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Hemendranath	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Manindrakumar	... Ditto.
160	„ Praphullachandra	... Dacca College.
	„ Saratchandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	Gupta, Basantakumar	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Dwijendranath	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Girijanandan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Sibabandhu	... Ditto.
	Hara Gouri Prosad	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Harihar Prasad	... Patna College.
	Hatton, Sidney Osborne	... St. Xavier's College.
	Hazari Shaikh	... Krishnagar College.
170	Ismail Biswas	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Jasu, Megnath	... Ripon College.
	Jogendra Prosad	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Kar, Harendrakumar	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Satischandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	Karpharma, Surendrakumar	... Ditto.
	Khemka, Ramkumar	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Kole, Pannalal	... Scottish Churches College.
	Kumar Kanakendra Narayan	... City College, Calcutta.
	Kundu, Anathbandhu	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
180	„ Asutosh	... Scottish Churches College.

	Kundu, Kisorilal ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Laha, Harimohan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Lahiri, Jagadindranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Phanindramohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mahanti, Banabihari ...	Ravenshaw College, Kattak.
	Maitra, Manindranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	Maji, Khagendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Majumdar, Amiyakanti ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Basantakumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
190	" Bhupati ...	Hughli College.
	" Dibeshchandra ...	Ditto.
	" Gokulkrishna ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Jyotishchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Kasinath ...	B. N. College, Bankipur.
	" Rameschandra ...	Dacca College.
	Mallik, Abhaycharan ...	Hughli College.
	" Gunendrachandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Narayanchandra ...	Hughli College.
	Mandal, Haripada ...	Rajshahi College.
200	" Saurindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Manna, Upendranath ...	Ditto.
	Misra, Asutosh ...	Bangabasi College.
	Mitra, Abanikanta ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Bhabataran ...	Ripon College.
	" Bijanbihari ...	Hughli College.
	" Kshitischandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Nareschandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Susilkumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	St. Xavier's College.
210	" Anadiprasad ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Bhairabchandra	Krishnagar College.
	" Birendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Debnath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Dhirendranath	Bangabasi College.
	" Dibendranath ...	Ditto.
	" Dinendrachandra	Dacca College.
	" Jogendra Kumar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Jogendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Jogeschandra ...	Ditto.
220	" Lalitmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Manmathanath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Mrigendranath ...	Ditto.
	" Narayandas ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	" Nripendranath	Ripon College.
	" Paresnath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Pramathakumar	St. Xavier's College.
	" Satinath ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Satyendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Siteschandra ...	Bangabasi College.
230	" Tarapada ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Nandi, Gopalchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Kanailal ...	Hughli College.
	Nath, Bhabendralal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Nayak, Debnarayan ...	Patna College.
	Pain, Rameschandra ...	Hughli College.
	Pal, Gauridas ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Gopeswar ...	Ditto.
	" Haridas ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Tarakmohan ...	Bangabasi College.
240	Palchaudhuri, Pranballabh ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Pattadar, Bharatbandhu ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Poddar, Kunjabihari ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Pramanik, Gopinath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Pratihar, Charuchandra ...	Ripon College.
	Raghunandan Prasad ...	Patna College.
	Raisuddin Ahammad ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Rakshit, Aswinikumar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	" Kiranchandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Narendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.

250	Rameswar Dayal	...	Patna College.
	Ray, Ambikacharan	...	Ripon College.
	„ Bhupatibhushan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Bijaychandra	...	Rajshahi College.
	„ Bijaykamal	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Binaybhushan	...	St. Xavier's College.
	„ Gaurendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Gopalchandra, I	...	City College, Calcutta,
	„ Jadablal	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Kiranchandra	...	Ditto.
260	„ Narendranath	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Nirmalchandra	...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Prasadkanta	...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sailajaranjan	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Sasikumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Raychaudhuri, Anilkumar	...	Ripon College.
	„ Sailendrakumar	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Rudra, Sukumar	...	Ditto.
	Sadhukhan, Gokulchandra	...	Hughli College.
	Saha, Jugalcharan	...	Dacca College.
270	„ Satischandra	...	Bangabasi College.
	Sanyal, Kshitischandra	...	Ditto,
	„ Kshitischandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Sarkar, Ganeschandra	...	Ripon College.
	„ Kshetranath	...	Rajshahi College.
	„ Nalinaksha	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Sen, Bhutnath	...	St. Xavier's College.
	„ Narendranath	...	Hughli College.
	„ Nirmalkumar	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Satindrakumar	...	Ripon College.
280	„ Susilkumar	...	Bangabasi College.
	Sengupta, Ajitkumar	...	Ditto.
	„ Amritalal	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Bhabasankar	...	Dacca College.
	„ Dhirendranath	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Dineschandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Jagadischandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Kalipada	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Rajendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Saratchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
290	„ Sudhansuranjan	...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sukantichandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Set, Jugalkisor	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Krishnapada	...	Uttarpara College.
	Sikdar, Narendranath	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Sinha, Birendrakrishna	...	Ripon College.
	„ Gaurisankar	...	Patna College.
	„ Pramathanath	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sur, Jogeschandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Syed Sultan Ahmad	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
300	Talukdar, Dhaniram	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Taraphdar, Panchanan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Tribedi, Krishnapada	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Mrinalkanti	...	Krishnagar College.
304	Upadhyay, Bhupendranath	...	Ripon College.

THIRD DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

Acharyya, Praphullakumar	...	Rajshahi College.
Badiur Rahman	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
Bagchi, Girijasankar	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
Baksi, Nutbihari	...	City College, Calcutta.
Bandyopadhyay, Ganapati	...	Bangabasi College.
„ Jogjiban	...	Scottish Churches College.

	Bandopadhyaya, Prabodhchandra.		Metropolitan Institution.
	Basu, Bibhaschandra	...	Ditto.
	Bhattacharyya, Aswinikumar	...	Krishnagar College.
10	„ Kalidas	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Chaudhuri, Birendrakumar	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Lalmohan	...	Patna College.
	„ Prananath	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Dalalud-Din Ahmed	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Dasgupta, Annendranath	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	De, Banwarilal	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Jogendranath	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Deb, Kumar Lalitnarayan	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Gangopadhyay, Hrishikesh	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
20	Ghosh, Nabakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Sachindranath	...	Ripon College.
	„ Sachindranath	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Satischandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Gupta, Prabhatnath	...	Ripon College.
	Haldar, Udaychand	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Jahan Boksh Sarcar	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Majumdar, Debendranath	...	Bangabasi College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Akshaykumar	...	Ditto.
	„ Jatindrachandra		Ditto.
30	„ Manimohan	...	Ripon College.
	„ Sanatkumar	...	Bangabasi College.
	Nandi, Haripada	...	Ditto.
	„ Naba Kumar	...	Dacca College.
	Pakrasi, Kalicharan	...	Ripon College.
	Pal, Gopiballabh	...	Ditto.
	„ Lalit Mohan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Ray, Sureschandra	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Saha, Pramathanath	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sahakundu, Rabindranath	...	Bangabasi College.
40	Sahu, Rukshminikanta	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Sanyal, Nanigopal	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Sarkar Anukulchandra	...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Sen, Upendranath	...	Rajshahi College.
	Sengupta, Debendramohan	...	Dacca College.
45	„ Nripendrachandra	...	Ditto.

II. The following candidates who, having previously passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts, sat for the Intermediate Examination in Science in Chemistry and Mathematics, respectively, are declared to have passed in the respective subjects :—

Chemistry

Sayeedal Husain	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Mitra, Bimalenduprakas	...	St. Xavier's College.
Ghosh, Asutosh	...	Non-Collegiate student, Roll Cal. N. 1.
„ Bhagirathicharan	...	Non-Collegiate student, Roll Cal. N. 5.

Mathematics.

Mitra, Nripendranath	...	Non-Collegiate student, Roll Cal. N. 2.

G. C. MOOKERJEE,
Assistant Registrar.

SENATE HOUSE, *the 1st June 1912*

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates have passed the Intermediate Examination in Arts, 1912 :—

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Basak, Kiraukumar	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
2	Samaddar, Nirapada	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
3	Dasbarma, Sachindralal	... Scottish Churches College.
4	Basu, Rajendranath	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
5	Bandyopadhyay, Asutosh	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chaudhuri, Rohinimohan	... Scottish Churches College.
7	Gangopadhyay, Pareschandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
8	Lahiri, Hemansusekhar	... Scottish Churches College.
9	Chakrabarti, Annadacharan	... Dacca College.
10	Sinha, Amulyaratan	... Metropolitan Institution.
11	„ Bhupendrakumar	... Ditto.
12	Ray, Jaminiprasanna	... Dacca College.
13	Ghosh, Bankubihari	... Scottish Churches College.
14	Habibur Rahman	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
15	Bhattacharyya, Bamanchandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
16	Chaudhuri, Jatindramohan	... Dacca College.
17	Bandyopadhyay, Durgagati	... Scottish Churches College.
18	Chaudhuri, Brajendrakumar	... Dacca College.
19	Ghosh, Brajendrakumar	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Lauder, Joanna	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 2.
21	Bhaumik, Dwijendranath	... Metropolitan Institution.
22	Bhattacharyya, Kantibhushan	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Chakrabarti, Bholanath	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
24	Gangopadhyay, Anilbhushan	... Scottish Churches College.
	Sen, Atulchandra	... Ditto.
26	Ghosh, Pasupatinath	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
27	Dasgupta, Bidhubhushan	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
28	Das, Dhirendrachandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
29	Chaudhuri, Durgakanta	... Dacca College.
30	Sandys, J. A.	... Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Samuel, N. Nelson	... Bishop's College, Calcutta.
32	Sarangi, Sureschandra	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
33	Cornelius, Cecilia	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 5.
	Nag, Sasimohan	... Dacca College.
35	Chakladar, Bimalnath	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Chakrabarti, Niranjanprasad	... Krishnagar College.
	Taraphdar, Sasibhushan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Ray, Naliniranjan	... Metropolitan Institution.
39	Ghoshal, Basantakumar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
40	Chakrabarti, Jogeschandra	... Ditto.
	Rameswar Prasad	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
42	Bhattacharyya, Kamalapati	... Burdwan Raj College.
	Das, Digindranath	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	De, Kailaschandra	... Krishnagar College.
45	Ray, Anantakumar	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
46	Chattopadhyay, Charusasi	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Gobardhan Lall	... Patna College,
48	Ray, Sudhischandra	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.

49	Das, Aswinikumar ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Kar, Tareschandra ...	Ripon College.
	Pal, Kantichandra ...	Midnapur College.
	Harnarayan Prasad ...	Patna College.
53	Pal, Harendrachandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
54	Gangopadhyay, Bimalamohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
55	Mukhopadhyay, Banikantha ...	Ripon College.
56	Mahapatra, Harikrishna ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
57	Bandyopadhyay, Indubhushan ...	Dacca College.
	Bhattacharyya, Satchidananda ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Guha, Bhupeschandra ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhawanipur.
	Mukhopadhyay, Nagendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
61	Lahiri, Asutosh ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Bindhyeswari Prasad Singh ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
63	Bhattacharyya, Gopalchandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
64	Bandyopadhyay, Bimalacharan	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
65	Chattopadhyay, Adyanath ...	Burdwan Raj College.
66	Kundu, Chandranath ...	Central College, Calcutta.
67	Gangopadhyay, Herambanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mahammud Kader Reza ...	Midnapur College.
69	Basu, Rasikchandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
70	Sanyal, Jatindranath ...	Dacca College.
71	Bagchi, Gopendrakrishna ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Bandyopadhyay, Jatischandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Chakrabarti, Jitendranath ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Datta, Apurbakrishna ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
	Kyaw Din ...	Rangoon College.
76	Abdur Rahim ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Das, Jajneswar ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	De, Indubhushan ...	Chittagong College.
	Nur Ahmed ...	Ditto.
80	Majumdar, Susilkumar ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
81	Datta, Subimalchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
82	Basu, Hrishikes ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	Raychaudhuri, Kalipada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
84	Chattopadhyay, Pulinkumar ...	Uttarpara College.
	Ghosh, Rajendranarayan ...	Narail Victoria College.
86	Chakrabarti, Nibaranchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
87	Browne, Constance ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 7.
	Saha, Bholanath ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
89	Bandyopadhyay, Ramanimohan	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
90	Ghosh, Nagendranath ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Syed Mohammad Sulaiman ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
92	Ghosh, Gaganchandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Ray, Mukundapada ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sukdeonarayan Varma ...	Patna College.
95	Ghosh, Jnanendrakrishna ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
96	Girijapati Sahai ...	Patna College.
97	Peters, Frank B. ...	Rangoon College.
98	Abul Lais Saduddin Mohammad	Ripon College.
	Ray, Pasupati ...	Ditto.
100	Ghosh, Sailendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
101	Chakrabarti, Pramathanath ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Mukhopadhyay, Harakumar ...	Ripon College.
103	Pal, Lalitkumar ...	Dacca College.
	Sarkar, Bhabendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
105	Chathati, Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
106	Bhattacharyya, Bijaykumar ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	Datta, Jnanendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Chaudhuri, Manomohan ...	Narail Victoria College.
	Ghosh, Kedarnath ...	Dacca College.

110	Bagchi, Nrisinhaprasad ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	Das, Nutbihari ...	Uttarpara College.
	Datta, Jatischandra ...	Dacca College.
	Chakrabarti, Narendranath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Sureschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
115	Baldeb Sinha ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
116	Chattopadhyay, Satischandra ...	Ripon College.
	Gholam Mahamad ...	Patna College.
	Karmakar, Jogendralal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Gangopadhyay, Manmathanath...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Sengupta, Subinaychandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
121	Abdul Kader Khan ...	Rangoon College.
	Bhaumik, Jyotishchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Goswami, Hrishikes ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
124	Bhaumik, Haripada ...	Central College, Calcutta.
125	Ray, Bijaykrishna ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
126	Abdul Aziz ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Chakrabarti, Upendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sengupta, Praphullachandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
129	Bhattacharyya, Durgadas ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
130	Bandyopadhyay, Jitendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
131	Abul Quasem ...	Chittagong College.
	Baral, Gadadhar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chakrabarti, Rebatikumar ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Guha, Sailendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Sarkar, Tinkaricharan ...	St. Xavier's College.
136	Mitra, Satischandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal N. 42.
	Ray, Satyendranath ...	Dacca College.
	Sinha, Bholanath ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
139	Mukhopadhyay, Nityananda ...	Scottish Churches College.
140	Ray, Ramanmohan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
141	Basu, Praphullakumar ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Baruya, Hemchandra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Majumdar, Jitendranath ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
144	Bandyopadhyay, Abhaycharan ...	Uttarpara College.
	Gangopadhyay, Satischandra ...	Hughli College.
146	Bhattacharyya, Rasamay ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Syamapada ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
148	Taraphdar, Birendrakisore ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Ghosh, Jitendranath ...	Krishnagar College.
	Das, Surendranath ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
151	Bagchi, Basukumar ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Upadhyay, Ramsaran ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Gupta, Srischandra ...	Dacca College.
154	Chattopadhyay, Haridas ...	D. J. College, Monghyr.
155	Datta, Kalipada ...	Metropolitan Institution.
156	Bhattacharyya, Maninath ...	Hughli College.
	Chattopadhyay, Anadinath ...	Narail Victoria College.
158	Chattoraj, Gobindacharan ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Gangopadhyay, Asutosh ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mitra, Bibhabati ...	Bethune College.
160	Biswas, Sarojnath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	De, Nibaranchandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Rajendra Prasad ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Sengupta, Kalipada ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.

164	Bandyopadhyay, Umeschandra	Bangabasi College.
	Ghosh, Amarchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Atulchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
167	Iswar Das ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Lalita Prasad ...	Patna College.
169	Biswas, Aswinikumar ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	" Pramathanath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Raychaudhuri, Jaladhar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sengupta, Durgaprasanna ...	Muraricband College, Sylhet.
173	Chaudhuri, Jyotishchandra ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	Ghosh, Satischandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Mohammed Yusuff ...	Dacca College.
	Ray, Lalitkumar ...	Scotish Churches College.
	Syed Nasir Haider ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
178	Biswas, Asutosh ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chattopadhyay, Rabindranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Kar, Anantakumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Baidyanath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
182	Acharyyachaudhuri, Budhendukisor.	Ripon College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Anantakumar ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Mohanlal ...	Uttarpara College.
	Gan, Mrityunjay ...	Ripon College.
	Satyadeva Sahay ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
187	Pait, Bhubanmohan ...	Jagannath Collega, Dacca.
	Bandyopadhyay, Nagendrakumar	Metropolitan Institution.
	Bhattacharyya, Radhacharan ...	Ditto.
	Banik, Pyarimohan ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Chattopadhyay, Santa ...	Bethune College.
	Pati, Ratnakar ...	Ravenshaw, College, Katak.
	Freeman, Clara ...	Rangoon College.
	Wilkinson, Phyllis ...	Ditto.
195	Muhammud Asaduddin Choudhury.	Muraricband College, Sylhet.
	Ray, Sripatinath ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Thakur, Vidyanand ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
198	Deb, Amaykrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Pattanayak, Dibakar ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Chaturbhuj Narayan ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur,
201	Craen, R. ...	Rangoon College.
	Mohammad Quasim ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Som, Gaurhari ...	Hughli College.
204	Barton, Frederick ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Chatterjea, Kironbala ...	Diocesan Mission College.
	Das, Basudeb ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Chakrabarti, Niradmohan ...	Dacca College.
	Raychaudhuri, Bijaykanta ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Saha, Kshetramohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra ...	Ditto.
211	Bandyopadhyay, Radhakisor ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Das, Priyanath I ...	Midnapur College.
213	Upadhyay, Jyotishchandra ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	Mahapatra, Basudeb ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Adhikari, Radhabinod ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	Edith Shew Ui ...	Non-Collegiate Female Student.
217	Hajra, Asutosh ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bibhutibhushan	Ditto.
	Sengupta, Satindranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
220	Chattoraj, Srinandan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
221	Nural Islam ...	Dacca College.
	Ghosh, Manindranath ...	Uttarpara College.
	Konar, Sailendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Chattopadhyay, Nirmalchandra	Scottish Churches College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Narendranath ...	Hughli College.

226	Pal, Herambacharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Guha, Arunchandra ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
228	Ahmed Hossain ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Chattopadhyay, Pratulkumar ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Hari Bansi Lal ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Bandyopadhyay, Nanigopal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sen, Hemchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
233	Bandyopadhyay, Nagendranath	Uttarpara College.
	Chit Po ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
235	Basu, Jyotiprasad ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Jitendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Girja Prosad ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Chattopadhyay, Sudhansusekhar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Datta, Saurindramohan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
240	Raychaudhuri, Jyotishchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Badri Nath Lall ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Basu, Kshirodkanti ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Ray, Bhupeschandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Shaikh Taharuddin ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
245	Deb, Sureschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Das, Basantkumar ...	Dacca College.
	Majumdar, Sailendranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Praphullachandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Ramkrishna Prasad ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Jadubir Prasad ...	Ditto.
	Raychaudhuri, Surendrachandra	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Iskot, U. ...	Bishop's College. Calcutta.
	Desbrulais, Alice ...	Non-Collegiate Student. Roll Cal. F. N. 3.
	Sarkar, Debendranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
255	Das, Hiralal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Kanjilal, Bhupendranath ...	Ripon College.
	Sengupta, Bhabeschandra ...	Dacca College,
258	Mitra, Prakaschandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghoshal, Charuchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sen, Ajitkumar ...	Presidency College.
	*Sarkar, Nalini ...	Non-Collegiate Female Student.
262	Brajanandana Sahay ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Datta, Baidyanath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Baidyanath ...	Uttarpara College.
	Gupta, Taraknath ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
266	Sarkar, Binaybhushan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Shaikh Abrar Baksh ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
268	Mukhopadhyay, Phanibhushan ...	Uttarpara College.
	Ray, Prabhaschandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Bose, Daisy ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 6.
271	Syam, Kshitishchandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Chakrabarti, Prabhatchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Majumdar, Bholanath ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Mahanti, Bhagirathi ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Sarkar, Haridas ...	Ripon College.
276	Bagchi, Mahendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Chaudhuri, Umapada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Maung Myint ...	Rangoon College.
	Niyogi, Nalinidhar ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Das, Chandrabhushan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	John Elisha ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
282	Pal, Rajendranath ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Sudhansubhushan.	Bangabasi College.
	Basu, Manmathanath ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur
	Chakrabarti, Narendrachandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Majumdar, Bibhutibhushan ...	Scottish Churches College.

* She has also passed the I. Sc. Examination in the First Division as a student of the City College, Calcutta.

287	Ray, Atulbihari ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	Pande, Bholanath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bandyopadhyay, Gopalchandra	Uttarpara College.
	Abdur Rahman Khan ...	Dacca College.
	Ray, Ramanibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
292	Chattopadhyay, Dineschandra ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Bandyopadhyay, Becharam ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	Dasgupta, Jayantakumar ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
295	Chattopadhayay, Gopalchandra...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 3.
	De, Praphullacharan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sarkar, Nalinimohan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
298	Dhabaldeb, Jagadischandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Maung Po Sa ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Ba Tin, II ...	Rangoon College.
	Chattopadhyay, Kamakhyakinkar	Krishna Chandra College, Hetampur.
302	Shaikh Moazzam Hussain ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Ghosh, Taraprasanna ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
304	Simlai, Benimadhab ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Pramanik, Jatindramohan ...	Edward College, Pabna.
306	Bandyopadhyay, Purnasasi ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sinha, Bijay ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
308	Mukhopadhyay Prabodhnarayan	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Syed Muhibbullah ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Sen, Prabodhchandra ...	City College, Calcutta,
	Tarini Prasad ...	Patna College.
312	Ghosh, Pramodkumar ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	Pradhan, Kesab ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Das, Ambikacharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Acharyya, Biswamani ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Pal, Nandadulal ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	De, Priyanath ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Dhar, Praphullaranjan ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
319	Chackrabarti, Kalidhan ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Basharat Karim Malick ...	Patna College.
	Chackrabarti, Sureschandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chattopadhyay, Amulyaratan ...	Ripon College.
	Pal, Byomkes ...	Hughli College.
324	Raychaudhuri, Jitendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sengupta, Rameschandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Chattopadhyay, Basantakumar ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Mukhopadhyay, Subodhchandra	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Som, Kanailal ...	Uttarpara College.
	Gangopadhyay, Nisikanta ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
330	Chattopadhyay, Lakshmankumar	Burdwan Raj College.
	Raychaudhuri, Satischandra ...	Uttarpara College.
	Senmajumdar, Jogeschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Abdul Majid ...	Dacca College.
	Majumdar, Manmathanath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bandyopadhyay, Gurudas ...	Metropolitan Institution.
336	Raha, Bijaykumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sarkar, Debendralal ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	Ratneshwara Prasad ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Mukhopadhyay, Manindramohan	St. Xavier's College.
	Chakrabarti, Satindrakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
341	Brahmachari, Sailajasankar ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	Bhattacharyya, Janardan ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Gangopadhyay, Srischandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Chattopadhyay, Khagendranath	Hughli College.
	Sen, Pankajkumar ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Mandal, Satischandra ...	Midnapur College.
	Datta, Saratchandra ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.

	Ray, Purnachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Majumdar, Surendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mahanti, Kailaschandra ...	Ripon College.
348	Lilian Deveria ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. F. N. 4.
	Chackravarti, Durgapada ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sengupta, Jogendranath ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
354	Majumdar, Rajanibhushan ...	Ripon College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Sudhansubhushan.	Uttarpara College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Siddheswar ...	Bangabasi College.
	Chattopadhyay, Makhanlal ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
356	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Das, Jagatballabh ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Gupta, Mahimaranjan ...	Ripon College.
	Chaudhuri, Bidhubhushan ...	Chittagong College.
	Sengupta, Kshudiram ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	S. Safiruddin Ahmad ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Mafzalar Rahman ...	Chittagong College.
362	Gangopadhyay, Jnanendranath...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Ambikacharan...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Bhattacharyya, Jaladhar ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Datta, Subodhchandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Chaudhuri, Aswinisankar ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
369	Ray, Nagendranath I ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Chakrabarti, Ramanimohan ...	Dacca College.
	Sircar, Henrietta Abalabala ...	Diocesan Mission College.
	Aditya, Gopeschandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Biswas, Rajaniranjan ...	Chittagong College.
372	Mitra, Satyaranjan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Makhanlal ...	Ripon College.
	Sarkar, Satischandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Das, Dharanidhar ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	Baruya, Haranath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Bandyopadhyay, Pannalal ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
378	Chaudhuri, Brajendrakumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bhattacharyya, Kamalkrishna ...	Ditto.
	Maung Hla ...	Rangoon College.
	Das, Mokshadaranjan ...	Dacca College.
	Aziz Ahmad ...	Patna College.
	De, Surendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bhanja, Harihar ...	Uttarpara College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Kailaschandra...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
387	Mohd. Wahid ...	Ripon College.
	Md. Shamsul Hoda ...	Patna College.
	Bandyopadhayay, Gopendrakrishna.	Uttarpara College.
	Gogai, Himadhar ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Talapatra, Debendrachandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
392	Ray, Ramchandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Datta, Saurabhendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Chakrabarti, Pramathanath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Syed Ahmadulla ...	Chittagong College.
397	Goswami, Ramchandra ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Basu, Kasiswar ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Mahanti, Jonathan ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Saha, Nabadwipchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Ghoshal, Basantakumar ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
401	Lahiri, Ramkamal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghosh, Jatindranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	Chakrabarti, Upendrakumar ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Ghosh, Pankajkumar ...	Dacca College.

	Ray, Bhabataran	...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Chattopadhyay, Sumatimohan	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Datta, Nirmalchandra	...	Ripon College.
407	Ghosh, Charuchandra I	...	Ditto.
	„ Manoranjan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Abdul Karim	...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Chakrabarti, Abhayapada	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Maitra, Rasikranjan	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Lala, Chandrabinod ...	...	Ripon College.
415	Baral, Chaitanyacharan	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Phelaram	...	Bangabasi College.
	Adhikari, Sureschandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Chaudhuri, Sarojaksha	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
419	Maulik, Haripada	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Som, Rameshranjan	...	Muraricharid, College Sylhet.
	Maung Ba Choe II	...	Rangoon College.
423	Niyogi, Kiritikumar	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Sarkar, Saurendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Maung Myo	...	Rangoon College.
	Sarkar, Nihar	...	Bethune College.
	Amir Hosain	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Ghosh, Bagalacharan	...	Burdwan Raj College.
425	Maung San Pe	...	Rangoon College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bijaykrishna	...	Bangabasi College.
	Chattopadhyay, Atulaksha	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ray, Rajendrachandra	...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Sengupta, Nripendrakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Mandal, Rajanikanta	...	Bangabasi College.
	Das, Loknath I	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Ghosh, Krishnadas	...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Chaudhuri, Gajendrachandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Azhar Ali	...	Ditto.
	Mahapatra, Satrughna	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
435	Chandra, Kalipada	...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bhujangabhushan.		Central College, Calcutta.
	Jana, Bibhutibhushan	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Dasgupta, Prabodhkamal	...	Narail Victoria College.
	Ramanugrah Narayan Lal	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Pakrasi, Sibeschandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Das, Panchanan	...	Ripon College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bholanath	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Guhathakurta, Hrishikes	...	Ripon College.
	Maitra, Kshitischandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Abdus Saleem	...	Patna College.
447	Sengupta, Debendranath	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Avodh Kishore Prasad	...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Das, Prasannakumar	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Gopalprasad	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Dwe, E.	...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Chakrabarti, Asutosh	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Mohammad Jamil	...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
457	Ghosh, Sureschandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Md. Ata Karim	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Hajra, Bijaykrishna	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bandyopadhyay, Niradbaran	...	Scottish Churches College.
461	Ghosh, Kesabchandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Dasgupta, Jatindrachandra	...	Bangabasi College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Pannalal	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.

466	Mohammad Rashiduddin	... Patna College.
	Sen, Praphullakumar	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	S. A. Razak,	... Rangoon College.
	Mitra, Rajendranath I	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Das, Kanailal	... Ditto.
	Bhajan, Manomohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	Rai Pashupatinath Sahai,	... Patna College.
	Chakrabarti, Jogeschandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Biswas, Hemchandra	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abadhesh Kumar Verma	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Abdul Gani	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Abdul Gani Khan	... Dacca College.
	Abdul Halim Khan	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Abdul Hamid Duptri	... Presidency College.
	Abdul Karim Khan	... Dacca College.
	Abdul Latif	... Presidency College.
	Abdul Latif Khondker	... Edward College, Pabna.
	Abdul Mannan	... Dacca College.
10	Abdus Sobahan	... Ditto.
	Abdus Sobhan	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Abedali Sarkar	... Rajshahi College.
	Ahquar Kabiruddin Ahmad	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Abul Faiz Muhammad	... Jagannath College Dacca.
	Abul Monsur Mondal	... Bangabasi College.
	Acharyya, Durgamohan	... Jagannath College Dacca.
	,, Hemantakumar	... City College, Calcutta.
	,, Sisirkumar	... Rajshahi College.
20	Adak, Surendranath	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Adhikari, Brajendrakumar	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	,, Jatindranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 2.
	,, Satischandra	... Edward College, Pabna.
	Adhya, Mahimchandra	... Ripon College.
	A. F. Syed Mohammad	... Patna College.
	Ahmed Jonas	... City College, Calcutta.
	Aich, Basantakumar	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Aich, Jyotishchandra	... St. Xavier's College.
	,, Rameschandra	... Ditto.
	Ajodhya Prasad	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
30	Ali Ahmad Khan	... Dacca College.
	Ali Akbar Khan	... Ditto.
	Ameer Hassan	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Anisuddin Ahmed	... Dacca College.
	Anworuddin Ahmed	... Bangabasi College.
	Arshad Ali	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Asad Hossain	... Presidency College.
	Atharuddin Choudhury	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Aung Bon	... Rangoon College.
	Ayodhya Prasad	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
40	Azizuddin Mohamed Chaudhury	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Azizul Haque	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Azizullah	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	Ba Bwa	... Rangoon College.
	Badiar Rahman	... Victoria College, Comilla.

	Bagchi, Amulyachandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	Ditto.
	,, Priyanath ...	Ditto.
	,, Upendralal ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Upendranath ...	Rajshahi College.
50	Ba Hline ...	Rangoon College.
	Ba Htin ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Bairagi, Indubhushan ...	Serampur College.
	Ba Kin ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Baksi, Murarimohan ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Bandyopadhyay, Amarendramohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Asutosh ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	,, Baidyanath ...	Ditto.
	,, Bankimchandra	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	,, Bibhubilas ...	Sanskrit College.
60	,, Binaykrishna...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Brajendralal ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	,, Brajendranath	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	,, Chandranath ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	,, Debabrata ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Digindranath ...	Ripon College.
	,, Durgaprasanna	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	,, Ghanasyam ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Girijanath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Gopeschandra	Krishnagar College.
70	,, Haripada ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	,, Jadabchandra	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	,, Jagatbandhu ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Jatindramohan	Krishnagar College.
	,, Jatindranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Jatindranath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	,, Jatindranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	,, Jnanananda ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Jogendramohan	Bangabasi College.
	,, Jyotishchandra	Ditto.
80	,, Kshetradas ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Lalitkumar ...	Narail Victoria College.
	,, Lalmohan ...	Ripon College.
	,, Mangobinda ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	,, Manindranath	Ditto.
	,, Nepalchandra	Uttarpara College.
	,, Nibaranchandra	Burdwan Raj College.
	,, Prabhaschandra	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Pramathanath	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	,, Pramilasundar	Jagannath College, Dacca.
90	,, Praphullakumar I.	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Praphullakumar II.	Ditto.
	,, Pratibhachandra.	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Ramchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Sambhunath ...	Ripon College.
	,, Sansarnath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Satischandra ..	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Satischandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Sibcharan ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	,, Srischandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
100	,, Sudhirchandra	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	,, Surendramohan	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	,, Taracharan ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	,, Tulsicharan ...	Uttarpara College.

	Bandyopadhyay, Tulsidas	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Umapada	... Bangabasi College.
	Bankay Behari Lall	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Barada Charan	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Barat, Krishnapada	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bardhan, Anathbandhu	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
110	" Banabasi	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Pulinbihari	... Ripon College.
	Barik, Dibakar	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Bartholomew	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Baruya, Annadakanta	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Gaganchandra	... Ditto.
	" Girischandra	... Ditto.
	" Kamaleswar	... Ditto.
	" Lalitkumar	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Santasil	... Metropolitan Institution.
120	Basak, Lalitmohan	... Dacca College.
	" Rameschandra	... Bangabasi College.
	" Tarakchandra	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	Basu, Abanimohan	... Ditto, Cooch Behar.
	" Anandasundar	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	" Anantakumar	... Central College, Calcutta.
	" Atikalal	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Atulkrishna	... Narail Victoria College.
	" Birendrakumar	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Birendramohan	... Rangoon College.
130	" Charuchandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Dhirendranath	... Bangabasi College.
	" Haranchandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jaladhar	... Ditto.
	" Jatindramohan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Jatindranath	... Bangabasi College.
	" Jatindranath	... Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Jogendramohan	... Ananda Mohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Jyotishchandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll, Cal., N. 86.
	" Kartikpada	... Ripon College.
140	" Manilal	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Manindranath	... Ditto ditto.
	" Nalinikanta	... Ravenshaw College, Cuttack.
	" Nanigopal	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Niradbihari	... Hughli College.
	" Prabhatchandra	... Ripon College.
	" Praphullachandra	... Midnapur College.
	" Praphullakamal	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Radhakrishna	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Rameschandra	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
150	" Rameschandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Ramlal	... Ditto.
	" Sachindrakumar	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Satischandra	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Satyacharan	... Narail Victoria College.
	" Satyendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Satyendraprasad	... Krishnagar College.
	" Sisir Kumar II	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	" Surendrakumar	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Surendranath	... Victoria College, Comilla.
160	" Surendranath	... Central College, Calcutta.
	" Susilkumar II	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Tarapada	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Tulsidas	... Bangabasi College.

	Basuchaudhuri, Rajendrakisor ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Ba Swe ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Batabyal, Prakaschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Ba Than I ...	Rangoon College.
	Ba Than, II ...	Ditto.
	Ba Thaw, III ...	Ditto.
170	Bazler Rahman ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Bhadra, Mahendranath ...	Narail Victoria College.
	Bhaduri, Haricharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Surendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Surendranath ...	Dacca College.
	Bhagwat Saran ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Bhanjachaudhuri, Tarapada ...	Ripon College.
	Bhar, Bhabataran ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Bhaskar Rao ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
180	Bhattacharyya, Annadacharan	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Anukulchandra	Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Aparnacharan ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Basantakumar ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	„ Batuknath ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Bisweswar ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	Dacca College.
	„ Girijabhushan ...	Victoria College.
	„ Gauriprasad ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Hemchandra ...	Ditto.
190	„ Jatindranath ...	Uttarpara College.
	„ Jadukulprasad ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Jogendrachandra	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Jogendrachandra	Chittagong College.
	„ Jyotishchandra	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Kalibar ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Kshitischandra	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Manmathanath ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Nirendrabijay ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Nityahari ...	Krishnagar College.
200	„ Panchanan ...	Presidency College.
	„ Phanibhusan ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Pramathanath ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Praphullakumar	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Purnachandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Purnachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Rajkumar ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Bhattasali, Satischandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bhaumik, Jnanendranath ...	Dacca College.
	„ Krisnalal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
210	„ Mathuranath ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	„ Rupendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Surendranath ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Bhawani Prasad ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Pat. N. 6.
	Bireswar Singh ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Biswas, Abhimanya ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Bibhutibhushan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Birendramohan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Gaurchandra ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Indrachandra ...	Burdwan Raj College.
220	„ Induprabha ...	Bethune College.
	„ Jnanendranath ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Surathbandhu ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Rampada Bora ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	Brajabihari Prasad ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Chaki, Charuchandra ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
	„ Kshitishchandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Satischandra ...	Ditto.

	Chakrabarti, Abhaypada	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Adityachandra	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
230	" Amulyamohan	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Anathbandhu	... Central College, Calcutta.
	" Asutosh	... Hughli College.
	" Bankimchandra	... Dacca College.
	" Basantabihari	... St. Xavier's College.
	" Bhabatosh	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Birendrakumar	... Dacca College.
	" Brajendrakumar	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Chandranath	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Debendrakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
240	" Dharaninath	... Ditto.
	" Dineschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Ber., N. 11.
	" Dineschandra	... Bangabasi College.
	" Gaganchandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Girindrakumar	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Gopikrishna	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Haramohan	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Hemchandra	... Presidency College.
	" Jatindranath	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Jatindranath	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
250	" Jnanendrakishor	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Kalimohan	... Brajamohun Institution, Barisal.
	" Madhusudan	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Makhanlal	... Bangabasi College.
	" Manoranjan	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Nalinikanta	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Nalinimohan	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Nibaranchandra	... Dacca College.
	" Parbaticharan	... Midnapur College.
	" Praphullakumar	... Scottish Churches College.
260	" Rameschandra	... Bangabasi College.
	" Rameswar	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Saradagobinda	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Satischandra	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Satischandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Satyabhusan	... Dacca College.
	" Satyacharan	... B. M. Institution.
	" Sripatiprasad	... L. M. S Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Sureshchandra, I	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Suresnarayan	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
270	" Syamapada	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Tarakbrahma	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chanda, Satyendranath	... Dacca College.
	" Surendrachandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	Chandra Narayan	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Chandrikaprasad	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Carew, E. J.	... Rangoon College.
	Chattopadhyay, Abinaschandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Anandagopal	... Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	" Atulkrishna	... City College, Calcutta.
280	" Baghambar	... Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	" Bhagabaticharan	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Bisweswar	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Charuchandra	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Debendranath	... Jagannath College, Dacca
	" Ganapati	... Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.

	Chattopadhyay, Haricharan ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Haripada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Jatindramohan...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Jatindranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
290	" Jatindranath ...	Ripon College.
	" Jatindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Jyotirindranath	Ripon College.
	" Karalikumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Kesablal ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Kshitindranath...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Lalitmohan ...	Sanskrit College.
	" Narendranath ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Pareschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Patitpaban ...	Presidency College.
300	" Phanindranath...	Uttarpara College.
	" Priyatama ...	Diocesan Mission College.
	" Pundarikaksha...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Radhikaranjan...	Ditto.
	" Santoshkumar ...	Uttarpara College.
	" Satischandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Satyakinkar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Satyendranath ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	" Saurindramohan	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Surendranath ...	Uttarpara College.
310	" Sureschandra ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Tinkari ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Chaudhuri, Ahinbhushan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Atulchandra ...	Chittagong College.
	" Baidyanath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Binaybhushan ...	Chittagong College.
	" Brajendranath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Debendralal ...	Chittagong College.
	" Dhirendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Harendrakumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
320	" Hemendramohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Jatindranath ,,,,	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Jitendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jogeschandra ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	" Jyotiprasad ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Kiranchandra ...	Ripon College.
	" Mahananda ...	Dacca College.
	" Manindralal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Manindranath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Manmathanath I ...	Bangabasi College.
330	" Mohinimohan ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	, Nripendrakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Pramathanath ...	Dacca College.
	" Rabindrakumar ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	" Sarojkanta ...	Dacca College.
	" Surendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Sureschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Suryyaprakas ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Upendrachandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
340	Chit Swe, I ...	Rangoon College.
	Chowdhury Mohammad Ayyub...	St. Xavier's College.
	Columba ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Dam, Surendramohan ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Das, Anangamohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Bipinbihari ...	Midnapur College.
	" Biswanath II ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.

	Das, Debendrachandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Debendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Gobindachandra ...	Dacca College.
350	" Gopinath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Gopinath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Goshthabihari ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Harakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Hemantakumar ...	Ditto.
	" H. H. ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	" Jagatbandhu ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Janakilal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Jnanendrakrishna ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Jogendranath ...	Chittagong College.
360	" Jogeschandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Jogeschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Kanailal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Kanailal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Ksishnakisor ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Kshitischandra ...	Dacca College.
	" Kshitischandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Loknath II ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Madanmohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Madhusudan ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
370	" Mahimchandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Mathuranath ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Mohinimohan ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Mokshadamohan ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Muralidhar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	" Nabakisor ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Nagendrakumar ...	Chittagong College.
	" Narendrakumar ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Nitaicharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Nripendranarayan ...	City College, Calcutta.
380	" Panchkari ...	Ditto.
	" Paresnath ...	Presidency College.
	" Purnachandra ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Radharanjan ...	Ripon College.
	" Rameschandra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Rebatimohan ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Satischandra ...	Ditto.
	" Satischandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Satischandra ...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	" Srischandra II ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
390	" Sudarsandhari ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Suprabha ...	Bethune College.
	Das, Uttama ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Dasgupta, Akhilchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Dhirendrachandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Dhirendrachandra ...	Dacca College.
	" Ganga Prasanna ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Gopalchandra ...	Chittagong College.
	" Hiralal ...	Ripon College.
	" Nakuleswar ...	Scottish Churches College.
400	" Narendranath ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Phanibhusan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Pratapchandra ...	Ripon College.
	" Pulinbihari ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Satyendramohan ...	Dacca College.
	" Tamonaschandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Upendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Dasmajumdar, Prakaschandra ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Datta, Abinaschandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla,
	" Balaichand ...	Bangabasi College.

410	Datta, Bhagabanchandra ...	Chittagong College.
	„ Bhupendralal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Binodbihari ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	„ Brajanath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Brindabankisor ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	Presidency College.
	„ Harendrakumar ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Harendranath ...	Ripon College.
	„ Harinath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Hemendranath ...	Chittagong College.
420	„ Indrakumar ...	Uttarpara College.
	„ Indubhusan ...	Ripon College.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Jaygopal ...	Hughli College.
	„ Kalipada ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Krishnakamal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Kshetramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Manindrakumar ...	Chittagong College.
	„ Manindramohan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Murarimohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
430	„ Nagendranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Naresbhushan ...	Ditto.
	„ Nripendramohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Prabhatchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Prabodhchandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Prakaschandra ...	Hughli College.
	„ Praphullachandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Purnahari ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	„ Ramkinkar ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Rohinimohan ...	Bangabasi College.
440	„ Sachindramohan ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Sachindranarayan ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Sajanikanta ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Sarasikumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Saratchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Saratchandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Satischandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Satischandra ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Surendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Dattachaudhuri, Dwijendramohan.	Victoria College, Comilla.
450	„ Jyotishchandra	Dacca College.
	Dattagupta, Satischandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	De, Anadicharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Annadacharan ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Apurbakrishna ...	Ripon College.
	„ Baidyanath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Bharatchandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Bisweswar ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Dineschandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Indranarayan ...	Central College, Calcutta.
460	„ Manischandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Radhaballabh ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Radharaman ...	Ripon College.
	„ Rameschandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	„ Satyaranjan ...	Dacca College.
	„ Sriballabh ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Srishchandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Sukhamay ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Surendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Tilottama ...	Bethune College.
470	„ Tirthaprasad ...	Metropolitan Institution.

	De, Upendrachandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Deb, Dhirendranath	... Presidency College.
	„ Durgakumar	... Dacca College.
	„ Pramodkrishna	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. No. 49.
	„ Satyendranath	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Surendranath	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Debmajumdar, Jagadananda	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Dedalal, Bijayendranath	... Scottish Churches College.
	Deokinandan Sahay	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
480	Deoki Ram	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Desarkar, Rajanikanta	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Dewan, Jaminikumar	... Bangabasi College.
	Dhar, Banabihari	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Praphullachandra	... Dacca College.
	„ Rameschandra	... Bangabasi College.
	Dharamnath Sahay	... Patna College.
	Dhar, Rameschandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Dinda, Sajanikanta	... Midnapur College.
	Dube, Sivaprasad	... City College, Calcutta.
490	Dund Bahadur	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Dwip Lal Sinha	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Fannie Kohn	... Non-Collegiate Female Student.
	Farzand Ahmad	... City College, Calcutta.
	Fauzal Kabir	... Ditto.
	Fazal Ahmed	... Chittagong College.
	Fischer, Felix	... Rangoon College.
	Ganesh Sinha Sarma	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Gangopadhyay, Amulyaratan	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Atulkrishna	... Ditto.
500	„ Matilal	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Nagendranath	... Krishnagar College.
	„ Narendranath	... Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Nisikanta	... Ripon College.
	„ Rajendrachandra	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Rambrahma	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Renupada	... Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Sachindrakumar	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Sisirkumar	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sitalakanta	... Victoria College Cooch Behar.
510	Gauri Shankar Parsada	... Ripon College.
	Ghatak, Dhirendramohan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Ghorai, Gatimadhab	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Ghosh, Abanimohan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Abanindranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Ajendrakrishna	... Ditto.
	„ Akshaykumar	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Amulyakrishna	... Ripon College.
	„ Asutosh	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Asutosh	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
520	„ Atulbihari	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Basantakumar	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	... Ditto.
	„ Bijaychandra	... Ditto.
	„ Bimalakanta	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Binodilal	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Birendrachandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Debendranath	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Dhirenchandra	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Dibakar	... Hughli College.
530	„ Dineschandra	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.

	Ghosh, Dwijendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Harendranath ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Indrabhushan ...	Ripon College.
	„ Jatindranath ...	Ditto.
	„ Jatindranath, II ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jatischandra ...	Midnapur College.
	„ Jitendranath ...	Serampur College.
	„ Jnanendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Jnanranjan ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
540	„ Jogeschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Krishnachandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Kshirodbihari ...	Narail Victoria College.
	„ Lalbihari ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Mahendrakumar ...	Presidency College.
	„ Manoranjan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Narayanchandra ...	Presidency College.
	„ Nagendranath I ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Narendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
550	„ Pankajkumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Phakirprasad ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Praphullachandra ...	Hughli College.
	„ Pulinbihari ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Raicharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Rajaniranjan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Rameschandra ...	Dacca College.
	„ Sachindramohan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Sachindranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Sailendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
560	„ Satishchandra ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	„ Suklal ...	Narail Victoria College.
	„ Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Susilkumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal. N. 71.
	„ Upendramohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Ghosal, Bhupaticharan ...	Ditto.
	„ Jatindramohan ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Jibendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nityaranjan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Prabodhchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
570	„ Sailendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Satyasaran ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Ghoshchaudhuri, Jnanranjan ...	Dacca College.
	Ghoshmaulik, Bibhutibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Gohain, Jogeschanda ...	Ripon College.
	Gomez, Zulia ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. F. N. I.
	Gop, Akshaykumar ...	Dacca College.
	Goswami, Basanta Kumar ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Bibhutibhushan ...	Dacca College.
	„ Gopalchandra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
580	„ Hiranchandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Nagendranath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Srischandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Umakanta ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Guha, Abanimohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Birendranath ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Manindrachandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Priyanath ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Saradaprasanna ...	City College, Calcutta.
590	Gupta, Basukibhushan ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Bholanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Hemantakumar ...	Ripon College.

	Gupta, Jatindranath ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Jogendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Jyotishchandra ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Kshirodeswar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Lalitmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Manindranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Manoranjan ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
600	" Nalinikanta ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Praphullakumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Sadananda ...	Ripon College.
	" Santoshkumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Saratchandra ...	Ditto.
	" Satyendrachandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Sudhirkumar ...	Presidency College.
	" Sukumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Guptabhaya, Dineschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Habibar Rahman ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
610	Habibullah ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Habibur Rahman ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Haldar, Haripada ...	Ripon College.
	" Hemchandra ...	Ditto.
	" Jaharlal ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Mathuranath ...	Daulatpur Hindi Academy.
	" Nalinikumar ...	Braja Mohan Institution, Barisal.
	Hanuman Marwari ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Haradev Narayan ...	Patna College.
	Harbans Sahay ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
620	Harchaudhuri, Saurendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Hareshwar Prasad Sinha ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Harris, Cedric ...	Rangoon College.
	Hasan Nawab Khan ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Hazrat Ali Akhanda ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Hla Bu ...	Rangoon College.
	Immanuel Toppo ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Indu, Hemchandra ...	B. M. Institution.
	Jagadambi Sahai ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Jagdish Pershad ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
630	Jamuna Sinha ...	Ditto.
	Janardanprasad Choudhury ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Janki Saran Varma ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Jannat Hussain ...	Patna College.
	Jena, Sudhakar ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Jha, Pitambar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Joachind, Maurice Hentley Herbert.	St. Xavier's College.
	Joaddar, Annadaprasad ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Kedarnath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Kamalhas Narayan ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
640	Kameshwar Prasad ...	Patna College.
	Kamleshwari Pershad ...	Ditto.
	Kanhaiya Lal Sharma ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Kanjilal, Prabodhchandra ...	Ditto.
	Kanungo, Dineschandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Manindralal ...	Chittagong College.
	Kar, Abanibhushan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Balkrishna ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Jyotiprasad ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Kamalkrishna ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
650	" Narmada ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll, Kat. F. N. 1.
	" Prabodhchandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Rabindranath ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.

	Kar, Sibaprasad	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sudhirprakas	...	Ripon College.
	Kargupta, Debendranath	...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Karmakar, Bankubihari	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Bhushanchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Lalitmohan	...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Khara, Upendranath	...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
660	Khondkar Ali Mohsin	...	Presidency College.
	Khwaja Mohammad Ahsan	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Konar, Byomkes	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Kundu, Bijaychandra	...	City College. Calcutta.
	„ Jogendranath	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Jugalkisor	...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal
	„ Kisorimohan	...	Edward College. Pabna.
	„ Umapati	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Kusari, Anantamohan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Laha, Bimalacharan	...	Presidency College. Calcutta.
670	„ Nirmalchandra	...	Patna College.
	Lahiri, Anadinath	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Dakshinaranjan	...	Krishnath College. Berhampur.
	„ Harischandra	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Taraprasanna	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Lakra, Luther	...	Bishop's College, Calcutta.
	Misra, Loknath	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Long, Marjori	...	Rangoon College.
	Loveday, Gertrude Konoecklotta		Diocesan Mission College.
	Mondal, Mackbul	...	Ripon College.
680	Madhusudan Prasad	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Mafizer Rahman	...	Rajshahi College.
	Mahadeo Damodar Gitay	...	Ripon College.
	Mahamad Nasir	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
	„ Illius	...	Ripon College.
	„ Kabiruddin Ahmed	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Tafazzal Hossain	...	Dacca College.
	„ Fasih	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Mahanti, Indramani	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Ramanath	...	Ditto.
690	„ Ramchandra, I	...	Ditto.
	„ Ramchandra, II	...	Ditto.
	Mahapatra, Jadabessinha	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Kalachand	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Ramkrishna	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Udaynath	...	Bangabasi College.
	Mahboobar Rahman	...	Chittagong College.
	Mahes, Bhubanchandra	...	Burdwan Raj College.
	Mahmudur Rahman	...	Chittagong College.
	Mahomed Tamizuddin Biswas	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
700	Maiti, Bipinbihari	...	Ripon College.
	„ Paresnath	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Maitra, Bangeschandra	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Birendramohan	...	St. Xavier's College.
	„ Haridas	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Kshitischandra	...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Manindramohan	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Mukundanath	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Suryyakanta	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Majumdar, Abanimohan	...	Dacca College.
710	„ Atulchandra	...	Ananda Mohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Bijaygopal	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Chittaharan	...	Dacca College.
	„ Dokarilal	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Jagannath	...	Ditto ditto.

	Majumdar, Madhabchandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Malinakanta	... Ditto.
	„ Mohitbala	... Bethune College.
	„ Nalinikanta	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Narendranath	... Ditto ditto.
720	„ Panchugopal	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Prabhatchandra I	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Sailendrabhushan	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Sasankasekhar	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Satyendralal	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Sureshchandra	... Bangabasi College.
	Mallik, Harendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Prabodhchandra	... Presidency College.
	Maminuddin Khan	... Dacca College.
	Mandal, Abanikanta	... Scottish Churches College.
730	„ Birendrakesari	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Gopimohan	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Pramathanath	... Uttarpara College.
	Maniruddin Taraphdar	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mani Singh Gurung	... Presidency College.
	Matilal, Nagendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	Maung Ba Choe, I	... Rangoon College.
	Maung Ba Thit	... Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Maung Htoon Tin	... Rangoon College.
	Maung Khin, II	... Ditto.
740	Maung Maung, III	... Ditto.
	Maung Po Tha	... Ditto.
	Maung Po Thein	... Ditto.
	Maung Po Thit	... C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	Maung San Shain	... Rangoon College.
	Maung Thein Han	... Ditto.
	Md. Abdul Bari	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Md. Abdul Ghani	... Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Baul., N. 7.
	Md. Abdul Matin	... Dacca College.
	Md. Abdur Rauf	... Behar National College.
750	Md. Islam Uddin	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Md. Karim Boksh	... Ditto.
	Md. Ozair	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Md. Shamsul Hoda	... Ditto ditto.
	Merces, Arthur J.	... St. Xavier's College.
	Mg. Ba Khin, I	... Rangoon College.
	Mg. Ba Thaw, I	... Ditto.
	Mg. Ba Thwin	... Ditto.
	Mg. Maung, I	... Ditto.
	Mg. Ngwe Khin	... Ditto.
760	Mhd. Eunoose	... Ditto.
	Mirza Naqi Quli Khan	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Misra, Gaurchandra	... Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Harihar	... Ravenshaw College Katak.
	„ Nareschandra	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Ramashankar	... Patna College.
	„ Satyanarayan	... D. J. College, Monghyr.
	Mitra, Amritalal	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Amulyasasi	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	„ Asutosh	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
770	„ Bhabendranath	... Narail Victoria College.
	„ Bhupatinath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Bijayranjan	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Dukhisyam	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Gopendraprasad	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Haridas	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Hariprasanna	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Hemantakumar	... Presidency College.

	Mitra, Indrakanta ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jatindrachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
780	„ Jatindranath ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Jatishchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Jnanendramohan ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	„ Jyotishchandra ...	Narail Victoria College.
	„ Kalikumar ...	Dacca College.
	„ Nirmalchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Pasupati ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Purnachandra ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Sailendranath ...	Presidency College.
	„ Satischandra ...	St. Xavier's College.
790	„ Sikhindrabihari ...	Ripon College.
	„ Sudhendrachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Surendranath ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	M. Muslehuddin ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Mobarak Ali ...	Ditto.
	Mofizuddin Ahamad ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mohamad Israil ...	Patna College.
	Mohammad Ahidulla ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mohammad Nural Haque Chowdhury.	Presidency College.
	Mohommod Husain ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
800	Mokhlesur Rahaman ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Muhammad Asiruddin ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	Muhammad Idris ...	Patna College.
	Muhammad Mazharul Haque ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Muhammad Nakari Hossain ...	Presidency College.
	Muhammad Zainul Abdin ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Muhammed Eusuf ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Arabindanath ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Asitaranjan ...	Ripon College.
810	„ Asutosh ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Aswinikumar ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	„ Baidyanath ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Balaichand ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Bhupatinath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Bhushanchandra	Hughli College.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Binaybhushan	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Biswanath ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Brajakanta ...	Burdwan Raj College.
820	„ Dineshchandra	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Goshthabihari...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Harihar ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Haripada ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
	„ Jatindrakumar	Ripon College.
	„ Jatindramohan	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Jatindranath ...	Ripon College.
	„ Jibananda ...	Uttarpara College.
	„ Jitendranath ...	Ditto.
	„ Jitendranath ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
830	„ Jogajiban ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Jugalchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Kalikinkar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kirankumar ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Kunjabihari ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Manomohan ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Matilal ...	Dacca College.
	„ Nagendranath...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Pranabdeb ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Prasannakumar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
840	„ Radhikajiban ...	Metropolitan Institution.

	Mukhopadhyay, Radhikaprasad	Ripon College.
	" Ramsankar ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Rasamay ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	" Sachindrachandra.	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Sadananda ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	" Santoshkumar...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	" Satyapriya ...	Ripon College.
	" Satyaranjan ...	Ripon College.
	" Satyendranath	City College, Calcutta.
850	" Sobha ...	Bethune College.
	" Sudhirkrishna...	Ripon College.
	" Surendranath ...	Ditto.
	" Susilchandra ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	" Tarankrishna ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Tinkari ...	Ripon College.
	" Upendranath ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Mukutt Dhari Lall ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Munsi, Parbaticharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Prangobinda ...	Ditto.
860	Musaheb Khan ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Mustaphi, Charuchandra ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	" Satyendragati ...	Bangabasi College.
	Nag, Dhaneschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Ganendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Girischandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Indhubhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Sajanikanta ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Surendrakumar ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Nandan, Manindranath ...	Bangabasi College.
870	Nandi, Bhubanchandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Bhubankrishna ...	Ditto.
	" Kshirodprasad ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Rasikendra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Nand Kishore Prasad ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Nandkeolyar, R. K. L. ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Nasiruddin Mian ...	Dacca College.
	Nath, Bholanath ...	Krishnagar College.
	" Kasichandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Maheschandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
880	Nayak, Anugraha ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Nicholas, Dora ...	Non-Collegiate Female Student.
	Nirbhay Narayanlal Das ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Niyogi, Anantakumar ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Bijaykumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Muktidabandhu ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Nowaz Ali ...	Dacca College.
	Nozir Ahmed ...	Presidency College.
	Ohn Gaing ...	Rangoon College.
	Orchard, J. A. ...	Ditto.
890	Pal, Amritasekhar ...	Hughli College.
	" Bipinbihari ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Chunilal ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Jatindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Khagendranath ...	Midnapur College.
	" Kshitischandra ...	Ripon College.
	" Upendranath ...	L. M. S, Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Upendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Palai, Tirthabas ...	Ripon College.
	Palit, Dhirendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
900	" Pramathanath ...	Burdwan Raj College.

	Panda, Balunkeswar	... Ravenshaw College.
	Panday Narsingh Sahay	... Patna College.
	Paras Nath I	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Paria, Suryyakumar	... Midnapur College.
	Parida, Kshetramohan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Pathak, Hemchandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Satischandra	... Ripon College.
	Patranabis, Hrishikes	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Pattanayak, Madhusudan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
910	„ Ramchandra	... Ditto.
	Paul, A. G.	... Rangoon College.
	Pe Maung	... Ditto.
	Poddar, Brajabihari	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Radharanjan	... Dacca College.
	Po Myit	... Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Pradhan, Matichand	... Scottish Churches College.
	Pritchard, E.	... Rangoon College.
	Purkat, Girischandra	... Metropolitan Institution
	„ Kshitibhushan	... Ditto.
920	Putatunda Kunjabihari	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	Radhey Krishna	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Raghubir Prosad	... Ditto.
	Raha, Bidhubhushan	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	Rajeswar Prasad	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Rajkhowa, Sailadhar	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Rajmohan Lall	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Rakshit, Harendranarayan	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Nalinibinod	... Ripon College.
	Rama Nanda	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
930	Ramkumar Lall	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Ram Pratap Thakur	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Ramsahay Lall	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Ramsundar Saran	... Patna College.
	Rana, Radhamohan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Rath, Damodar	... Ditto.
	Rath, Jagannath	... Bangabasi College.
	Raut, Madhabchandra	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Ray, Abinaschandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Abinaschandra, II	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
940	„ Amulyaratan	... City College, Calcutta
	„ Amulyaratan	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Atulchandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Badrinarayan	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Barendrakrishna	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Bimalkrishna	... Krishnagar College.
	„ Birendranath	... Sanskrit College.
	„ Charuchandra	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Charuchandra, II	... Ditto.
	„ Damodar	... Scottish Churches College.
950	„ Gaurchandra	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Gurucharan	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Gurupada	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Harendrakrishna	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Hemchandra	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Hiralal	... C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	„ Janakinath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Jatindranath	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Jnanchandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jnanendralal	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
960	„ Jogendranath	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.

	Ray, Jogeschandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	„ Kshitishchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kumudnath ...	Edward College, Pabna.
	„ Mahendraballabh ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Manindrachandra ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Manmathanath ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Manmohan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Mohinimohan ...	Ditto.
970	„ Munindranarayan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nalinibhushan ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	„ Nikhilchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Panchanan ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Prakaschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Pramathanath ...	Ditto.
	„ Pramathanath ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	„ Praphullakumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Pyarilal ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Rabilochan ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
980	„ Ramanisankar ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Rohinikumar ...	B. M. Institution.
	Ruknuddin Khan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Ray, Sachindranath ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Satischandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sripaticharan ...	Ditto.
	„ Subodhranjan ...	Hughli College.
	„ Sudhirkumar ...	Dacca College.
	„ Suhridchandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Supratulchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
990	„ Surendrachandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Surendrachandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Susilkrishna ...	St. Xavier's College.
	„ Syamapada ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Raychaudhuri, Bibhutibhushan	Hughli College.
	„ Debendranath ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Jibapriya ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	„ Karunasindhu ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Krishnamohan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 69.
	„ Kshirodchandra	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
1000	„ Pasupati ...	Ripon College.
	„ Pramodranjan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Ramsisu ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Sambhuchandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Sudhindranath ...	Hughli College.
	„ Subodhchandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Rayhanuddin Ahmed ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Raymahuri, Girijaprasanna ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Richards, Ishwary Bardan ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Saha, Binodbihari ...	Dacca College.
1010	„ Brajagopal ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Dwarkanath ...	Ditto.
	„ Kiranchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nabadwipchandra ...	Jagannath Dacca, College.
	„ Sachindrakumar ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Tarinicharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Sahay, Bikramajit ...	L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	Saligram Prasad, II ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.

	S. Ali Manzar	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	S. Ali Nawab	... Ditto.
1020	Samaddar, Kalipada	... L. M. S. Institution Bhowanipur.
	" Prabodhchandra	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Santra, Annadaprasad	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Sanyal, Aghornath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Kamakhyaprasad	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Mahendrachandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nagendranath	... Ditto.
	" Narendranath	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Nilmani	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nityaniranjan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 8.
1030	" Phanindrabandhu	... Ripon College.
	" Pranendranath	... Bangabasi College.
	" Sasadhar	.. Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Sarangi, Madanmohan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Sarkar, Abinaschandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Amiyakanti	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Apurbakrishna	... Ditto.
	" Atulchandra	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Baidyanath	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Birendramohan	... Ripon College.
1040	" Charuchandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Debendranath	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Debendranath	... Uttarpara College.
	" Jatindramohan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Jatindranath	... Krishnagar College.
	" Jugalkisor	... St. Xavier's College.
	" Lalitmohan	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	" Mohinimohan	... Ripon College.
	" Mrigendranath	... Bangabasi College.
	" Purnachandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
1050	" Radhamadhab	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
	" Rajanikanta	... Ripon College.
	" Rameschandra	... Midnapur College.
	" Ramkinkar	... Burdwan Raj College.
	" Ramkrishna	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Ramsaday	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Sudhirchandra	... Ripon College.
	Sarma, Brajabasi	... Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Chandranath	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Gopinath	... Ditto.
1060	" Rameschandra	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Raseswar	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Taracharan	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Sasmal, Bishnuhari	... Bangabasi College.
	Sen, Anantabimal	... Chittagong College.
	" Basantakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Bibhutibhushan	... Midnapur College.
	" Bipinbihari	... Bangabasi College.
	" Charuchandra, II	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Chiranjib	... Krishnagar College.
1070	" Debendranarayan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Dhirendrachandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Dhirendranarayan	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Dineschandra	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Gaurchandra	... Hughli College.
	" Gaurchand	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Hemchandra	... Bangabasi College.
	" Hemantakumar	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Jaminimohan	... Central College, Calcutta.
	" Jatindrabhushan	... City College, Calcutta.
1080	" Jatindrakumar	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.

	Sen, Jatindranath	... Ripon College.
	" Jitendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Jyotishgobinda	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Kamakhyaprasad	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Lalitmohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Manoranjan	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Nalinsankar	... Presidency College.
	" Nitaichandra	... Hughli College.
	" Pramodkumar	... Dacca College.
1090	" Praphullachandra, I	... Bangabasi College.
	" Rairanjan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Ramendrachandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Ramkumar	... St. Xavier's College.
	" Rasbihari	... C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	" Sarojmohan	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Satischandra	... Chittagong College.
	" Saurendramohan	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Trailokyanath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Senapati, Satyabati	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
1100	Sengupta, Abinaschandra	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Abinaschandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Asutosh	... Bangabasi College.
	" Atulchandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Bankimchandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Binayranjan	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Birendrakumar	... Bangabasi College.
	" Harendranath	... Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	" Jitendranath	... Ripon College.
	" Jitendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
1110	" Jnanchandra	... Burdwan Raj College.
	" Kedarnath	... Dacca College.
	" Krishnachandra	... Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	" Mihirnath	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Narendranath	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Nilkanta	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Niranjan	... Jagannath College, Dacca
	" Nripendrachandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Paresnath	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Pramodkumar	... City College, Calcutta.
1120	" Ramaniranjan	... Chittagong College.
	" Rasaranjan	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Sachindrakumar	... Ripon College.
	" Sanatkumar	... Ditto.
	" Sarojkumar	... Dacca College.
	" Srischandra	... Ditto.
	" Surendrachandra	... Scottish Churches College
	" Surendranath	... Burdwan Raj College.
	" Surendranath	... Bangabasi College.
	Senray, Prabhatchanda	... Edward College, Pabna.
1130	Set, Atulkrishna	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Sharafat Hussain	... St. Xavier's College.
	Shah Qasim-uddin	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Shaikh Habibar Rahman	... City College, Calcutta.
	Shaikh Kalimullah	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Shaikh Md. Sakaulla	... Presidency College.
	Shaikh Syed Ullah	... Ditto.
	Shashishaikhar Prasad Singh	... St. Xavier's College.
	Sheonandan Sahaya	... Patna College.
	Shilwant Sahay	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
1140	Shivanandan Mandal	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Shiva Shankar Prosad	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Si, Nikunjabihari	... Ripon College.

	Sil, Saratchandra	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Sikdar, Amulyacharan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Banabihari	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Benimadhab	...	Edward College, Pabna.
	„ Bipinbihari	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Du. N. 1.
	„ Khagendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Singh, Kailashpati	...	Patna College.
1150	„ Tapeshawer	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Sinha, Asutosh	...	Non-Collegiate School, Roll Cal. N. 48.
	„ Bijaymadhab	...	Ripon College.
	„ Brajendramohan	...	Behar National College Bankipur.
	„ Chakradharprasad	...	Patna College.
	„ Hemchandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jadubansa	...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	„ Jogeschandra	...	Midnapore College.
	„ Jogeschandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Nanigopal	...	Krishnagar College.
1160	„ Praphullakumar	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Ramendramohan	...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	„ Ramkripal	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Samatulkrishna	...	Presidency College.
	„ Sureschandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Tarapada	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sinhamahapatra, Rajanikanta	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Sinharay, Nirmalprasad	...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Satyabrata	...	Dacca College.
	Sircar, Kusumkumari	...	Bethune College.
1170	Som, Kshirodbihari	...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	„ Premeschandra	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	„ Umeschandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Srinarayan Prasad	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Sur, Nagendrakumar	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	„ Hariprasad	...	Ripon College.
	„ Sachipati	...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Sureshwar Prasad	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Surya Narayan	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Swaries, A. M.	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 22.
1180	Swarnakar, Bholanath	...	Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	Syed Ahmadul Hassan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Syed Amanut Hosain	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur
	Syed Ahmed Hossain	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Syed Anwar Hossain	...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Syed Habibar Rahman	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Syed Kabiruddin	...	Behar National College Bankipur.
	Syed Mahbubur Rahim	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Syed Mahomed Ghazial Hoque	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Syed Mahmud	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
1190	Syed Mohammed Majeed	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Syed Muhammad Abdul Hai	...	Patna College.
	Syed Saadut Hossain	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Syed Tasoddaque Hossain	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Syed Wajahut Hussain	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Talapatra, Narendrachandra	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Targett, George C.	...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Taw Sone Teong	...	Rangoon College.

	Thakur Prasad	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	Thakur Prasad	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Pat. N. 4.
1200	Tripathi, Narayan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Sankar	... Ditto.
	Tulal, Gobindachandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	Tun Hlaing	... Rangoon College.
	Tun U.	... Ditto.
	Udai Babu	... Patna College.
	Ukil, Sureschandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	Waliuddin Khoda Bakhsh	... Patna College.
	Wazuddin Ahamed	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
1209	Yeaqub Ali	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.

THIRD DIVISION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abdul Alim	... City College, Calcutta.
	Abdul Haque	... Bangabasi College.
	Abdul Khaleque	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Abdur Rahman, II	... Dacca College.
	Abdus Samad Khan	... Ditto.
	Acharyya, Nakuleswar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Adhikari, Asutosh	... Edward College, Pabna.
	Afsaruddin Ahmed	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Aikath, Saurendranath	... Scottish Churches College,
10	Alaur Rohman	... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	Ameer Ahmad	... Ripon College.
	Amiruddin Ahamed	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Amy Locke	... Rangoon College.
	Bagchi, Sasibhushan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Satyendrakumar	... Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Baksi, Sureschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Cal. N. 13.
	Bandyopadhyay, Bhupendralal	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Bijaychandra	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Ganeschandra	Jagannath College, Dacca.
20	„ Girindrachandra	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Harigopal	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Jatindranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jogeschandra	... Sanskrit College.
	„ Nalinikanta	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Narendranath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Nirmalprakas	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nirupamchandra.	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Praphullanath	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Saratkumar	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
30	„ Subodhchandra	Midnapur College.
	„ Taraknath	... Metropolitan Institution.
	Barari, Abanimohan	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Baruya, Chitramalla	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	„ Priyamadhab	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Surendranath	... Ditto.
	Basu, Brajagopal	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Nalinkumar	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Nareschandra	... Ditto.
	„ Pramathakumar	... Scottish Churches College.
40	„ Sailendrasekhar	... Ripon College.
	„ Subodhchandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Sudhendunath	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.

Basumallik, Amarnath ... Bangabasi College.
" Asoknath ... Ripon College.
Ba Than, III ... Rangoon College.
Bhadra, Panchanan ... Narail Victoria College.
Bhattacharyya, Akhilchandra ... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
" Girijamohan ... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
" Haricharan ... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 88.
50 " Harimohan ... Ripon College.
" Janakiballabh ... Bangabasi College.
" Jatindranath ... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
" Jogeschandra ... Jagannath College, Dacca.
" Krishnakamal ... Dacca College.
" Sadananda ... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
" Surendrachandra, II. Victoria College, Comilla.
" Upendrachandra Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Bhaumik, Sisirkumar ... City College, Calcutta.
Bhuyan, Kamalakanta ... Cotton College, Gauhati.
60 Biswas, Debendranath ... Narail Victoria College.
" Harendrakumar ... Metropolitan Institution.
Biswasbarman, Kalipada ... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
Bose, Amio D. ... Scottish Churches College.
Carey ... Baptist College, Rangoon.
Chakrabarti, Abanikanta ... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
" Akshaykumar ... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
" Aswinikumar ... L. M. S. Institution, Bhawanipur.
" Brajendranath ... Cotton College, Gauhati.
" Girijasankar ... Chittagong College.
70 " Jogendranath ... City College, Calcutta.
" Kalibhushan ... Scottish Churches College.
" Praphullachandra Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
" Praphullachandra Bangabasi College.
" Priyanath ... Jagannath College, Dacca.
" Purnachandra ... Dacca College.
" Radhagobinda ... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 12.
" Rajendralal ... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
" Srischandra ... Presidency College, Calcutta.
" Sureschandra, II Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
80 " Taraknath ... Metropolitan Institution.
" Tribikramdas ... Scottish Churches College.
Chattopadhyay, Bijaybhushan ... L. M. S. Institution, Bhawanipur.
" Birendranath ... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
" Kshirodlal ... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
" Kshitischandra Krishnagar College.
" Nibaranchandra B. M. Institution, Barisal.
" Prabhatchandra Victoria College, Comilla.
" Priyagopal ... Krishnagar College.
" Sanjibchandra ... Bangabasi College.
90 Chaudhuri, Bijaychandra ... Edward College, Pabna.
" Ganeschandra ... Central College, Calcutta.
" Girindranandan ... City College, Calcutta.
" Jaminiranjan ... Chittagong College.
" Kedarnath ... Murarichand College, Sylhet.
" Manikchandra ... Cotton College, Gauhati.
" Radhikanath ... Rajshahi College.
" Saradaranjan ... Chittagong College.
" Syamaprasad ... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 13.
Chit Pe ... ... Rangoon College.
100 Chowdhuri Ali Mahommed ... Bangabasi College.
Cranenburgh, E. L. ... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 3.
Cranenburgh, S. R. ... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 2.

	Das, Annadaprasanna ...	Narail Victoria College.
	" Asutosh ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Asutosh ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Brahmananda ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Chaitanyacharan ...	Ditto.
	" Dayanidhi, I ...	Ditto.
	" Dwarkanath ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
110	" Harendrakumar ...	Ditto.
	" Harendrakumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Karindrakumar ...	Ripon College.
	" Mahendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Mathuranath ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Nagendranath ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Ramkrishna ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Satischandra ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	Dasgupta, Bipinchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Manindralal ...	Chittagong College.
120	" Naliniranjan ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Rajendrakumar ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Sibendranath ...	Brajamohan Institution, Barisal.
	Datta, Bipinchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Jhareswar ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Narendranath ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.
	" Phanindrakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Satischandra ...	Midnapur College.
	" Satischandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Upendrachandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
130	" Upendranath ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Dattachaudhuri, Debendrakumar.	Bangabasi College.
	De, Bangachandra ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Harischandra ...	Midnapur College.
	" Krishnakumar ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Pramathanath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Rajanikanta ...	Chittagong College.
	" Surendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Sureschandra ...	Dacca College.
	Durga Sahai Varma ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
140	Foorkan Khan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Gangopadhyaya, Manindranath...	Bangabasi College.
	" Sailendranath ...	Hughli College.
	Ghatak, Dwijendranath ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Lalitchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghosh, Ajaykrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Bhupalchandra ...	Ditto.
	" Binaykumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Jitendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jnanendrachandra ...	Dacca College.
150	" Khagendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Khetrapal ...	Ditto.
	" Nagendranath ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	" Nirmalkrishna ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	" Prahladchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Sasibhushan ...	Ditto.
	" Sudhendranath ...	Ditto.
	" Surendranath ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Surendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Guha, Abinaschandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
160	" Anukulchandra ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	" Kiranchandra ...	C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	Guhabiswas, Nalininath ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Gupta, Debendranath ...	Annada Mohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Mahimanath ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	" Nareschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Pramodchandra ...	Murarichand College, Sylhet.

	Gupta, Saileschandra	... Dacca College.
	„ Saurendranath	... C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
	Goswami, Dharanidhar	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
170	„ Priyanath	... Ditto.
	Haldar, Purnachandra	... Bangabasi College.
	Hanuk Hassa	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Helaluddin Molla	... Narail Victoria College.
	Jagat Nath	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Jalaluddin Ahmad	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Jas, Brajendranath	... Burdwan Raj College.
	Jugeshwar Prasad	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Kamaleswar Sarma	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Kanungo, Brajendralal	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
180	Kanjilal, Nisibhushan	... Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	Kar, Chandrakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Rajendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	Karmakar, Mahendrachandra	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Radhikamohan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Kazi Md. Abdur Rauf	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Khasnabis, Surendrakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Kundu, Gangaram	... Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Madanmohan	... City College, Calcutta.
	Layek, Bagalaprasad	... Scottish Churches College.
190	Laha, Rajendranath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Mahanti, Kulamani	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Mahomed Afsar Ali	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Maitra, Anukulchandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	Majumdar, Karunadas	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kshitischandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 82.
	„ Prabhatchandra, II	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Satischandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Malakar, Nareschandra	... Bangabasi College.
	Mallik, Susilkumar	... C. M. S. College, Calcutta.
200	Mandal, Jatindranath	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Maung Ba Saing	... Rangoon College.
	Maung Po Ze Ya	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ran. N. 8.
	Md. Abdul Mannan	... St. Xavier's College.
	Md. Khadem Hossain	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mg. Tun Yin	... Rangoon College.
	Mijazuddin Khan	... Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Misra, Matilal	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Umakanta	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Mitra, Amarendrakumar	... L. M. S. Institution, Bhowanipur.
210	„ Asutosh	... Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Chaitanygopal	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Nilmani	... Krishnachandra College, Hetampur.
	„ Sachibhushan	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Surendranath	... Narail Victoria College.
	Mohamad Syddique	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Mohamad Ebrahim Mandal	... Burdwan Raj College.
	Mohamad Khalilullah	... City College, Calcutta.
	Mohamad Musa	... B. B. College, Muzafferpur.
	Mukhopadhyay, Amritalal	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
220	„ Bankimchandra	Sanskrit College.
	„ Gopalchandra	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.

	Mukhopadhyay, Khagendra-chandra.	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Madhusudan ...	Ditto.
	„ Radhanath ...	Uttarpara College.
	„ Sailendranath...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Sibprasad ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 6.
	„ Sukumarchandra.	Ripon College.
	Nag, Mansidh E. ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	„ Nalinchandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
230	Nandi, Satischandra ...	Ditto.
	Nath Sahai ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Nurul Hussain ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Pal, Rajanikanta ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Ramcharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Satischandra ...	Midnapur College.
	Pandit, Jnanendnarayan ...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Rahamat Jan Mian ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Rajkhowa, Ganeschandra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Rakunoddin Ahmad ...	Ditto.
240	Rakshit, Santoshkumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Ramchandra Prasad ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 68.
	Ramchandra Prasada ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Rameswari Dayal ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Ramesharprasad Sinha ...	Ditto.
	Rameshwer Pershad Singh ...	Ditto.
	Ray, Bhupendralal ...	Krishnagar College.
	„ Harendralal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jnanendrachandra ...	Annandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	„ Manoranjan ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
250	„ Mukundalal ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Nagendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Obisor ...	Ditto.
	„ Patitchandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Pranadacharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Radhasyam ...	Burdwan Raj College.
	„ Rajanikanta ...	Central College, Calcutta.
	„ Satischandra ...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	Raychaudhuri, Bhubaneswar ...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	„ Kumudranjan ...	City College.
260	„ Nripendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sadeque Ali Talukdar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Saha, Gaurchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Girijasankar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Jogeschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Makhanchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Manilal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sasimohan ...	Ditto.
	„ Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
	Sahay, Hanumant ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
270	„ Jagdishnandan ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	„ Radhanath ...	Patna College.
	Sahu, Hariprasad ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Sandel, Jetendro Lal ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Sanyal, Nagendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Nrityagopal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Sarju Prosad ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.

	Sarkar, Debendranath	...	Edward College, Pabna.
	" Krishnacharan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Nibaranchandra	...	Ripon College.
280	" Phanindranath	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Sarkhel, Jnanadakanta	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sen, Akhilchandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Aswinikumar	...	Dacca College.
	" Hemantakumar	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Hirendrachandra	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Narendrachandra	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	" Rabindranath	...	Chittagong College.
	" Sudhendusekhar	...	Rangoon College.
	Sengupta, Chintaharan	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
290	" Debendranath	...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Gangadhar	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jyotishchandra	...	Bangabasi College.
	" Kiranbihari	...	Daulatpur Hindu Academy.
	" Pramadacharan	...	Ditto.
	" Pulinbihari	...	Bangabasi College.
	Shaikh Anwar Mallah	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Shaikh Jasimuddeen Ahmed	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sien Ywet	...	Rangoon College.
	Sil, Rasbihari	...	Scottish Churches College.
300	Sinha, Lachhmiprashad	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	" Mahendrakanta	...	Anandamohan College, Mymensingh.
	" Moharlal	...	Hughli College.
	" Nityananda	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Phanindramohan	...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Ramaniranjan	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Ranjitnarayan	...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Sital Prashad	...	City College, Calcutta.
	Som, Makhanlal	...	Bangabasi College.
	Sridhar Narayan	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
310	Sur, Bipinbihari	...	Central College, Calcutta.
	" Debendrakumar	...	Victoria College, Comilla.
	Thein Maung	...	Rangoon College.
313	Dineschandra Verma	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.

II. The undermentioned candidates, who having previously passed the I.Sc. Examination, sat for the I.A. Examination in one subject only, are declared to have passed in the respective subjects under which their names appear:—

Sanskrit.

	Baksi, Rameschandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Cal., N. 90.
	Bandyopadhyay, Birendranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal. N. 14.
	Basak, Bankubihari	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal. N. 95.
	Basu, Kshetranath	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 27.
	Chakrabarti, Haricharan	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 93.
	" Madhusudan	...	Dacca College.
	" Sasimohan	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 94.
	Das, Banambar	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Kat., N. 3.
	" Purnachandra	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Kat. N. 1.
10	Dasgupta, Bhupeschandra	...	Dacca College.
	" Bijaykumar	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 75.

	Datta, Jnanendranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Baul., N. 3.
	De, Suryyakumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 24.
	Deb, Nirmalchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 45.
	Gangopadhyay, Jitendranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 16.
	Ghosh, Gopalchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 21.
	„ Jatindranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll, Cal., N. 63.
	„ Pramathanath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll, Ber., N. 5.
	Ghoshhazra, Rajanikanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Ber., N. 4.
	Gupta, Kishenlal ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Kat. N. 4.
	Kar, Sureschandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 25.
	„ Syamalasundar ...	Dacca College.
	Law, Sailendrakrishna ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 22.
	Maitra, Nalinikanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 52.
	Mitra, Nareschandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 81.
	Mukhopadhyay, Charuchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 10.
	„ Janardan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 97.
	„ Praphullakumar	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 80.
	Nag, Praphullachandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Dac., N. 3.
30	Nandi, Sureschandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Chi., N. 1.
	Palit, Pareschandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 92.
	Ray, Haricharan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Hug., N. I.
	„ Pramathanath ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Kat., N. 2.
	„ Praphullakumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 91.
	„ Radhikabhushan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 96.
	Raychaudhuri, Manoranjan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 11.
	Sen, Atulchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Chi., N. 2.
	Sengupta, Dakshinaranjan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 43.
39	„ Nakuleswar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Ber., N. 7.

History.

Bandyopadhyay, Narendrakumar	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 26.
„ Nibaranchandra	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 38.
„ Shaychand ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 58.
„ Syamananda ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 59,

	Basu, Nisikanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 9.
	Chakrabarti, Jogischandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 98.
	Chattopadhyay, Ramaprasad ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Baul N. 5.
	Dasgupta, Jyotishchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 19.
	Ghosh, Khagendrakrishna ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 35.
10	„ Narendranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 29.
	„ Nareschandra ...	Dacca College.
	Mitra, Santoshkumar ...	Ditto.
	Mukhopadhyay, Amarnath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 4.
	„ Janardanprasad	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 41.
	Niyogi, Kiranchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 72.
	Pal, Manomohan ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 79.
	Ray, Nagendramohan ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 55.
	„ Praphullakumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 6.
	Sarkar, Arunkumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 87.
20	Sarma, Debeswar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 40.
	Sen, Dhirendranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 78.
	„ Harakumar ...	Non-Colleg ate Student, Roll Cal. N. 76.
	Sengupta, Bidhubhushan ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 66.
	„ Jyotishchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 17.
	Sinha, Radharaman ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 8.
26	„ Rajkrishna ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 73.

Logic.

	Rama Bahadur ...	Patna College.
	Bandyopadhyay, Amulyadhan ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 60.
	„ Satyakinkar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 9.
	Basanta Lal ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Basu, Phanindrakrishna ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal N. 5.
	Bhaumik, Krishnachandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Baul. N. 6.
	Bindheswari Prasad Varma ...	Patna College.
	Chakrabarti, Haripada ...	T. N Jub lee College, Bhagalpur.
	Rameshwar, Dayal ...	Patna College.
10	Gangopadhyay, Bhupendranath	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Ghosh, Asitaranjan ...	Dacca College.
	Md. Abdul Gani ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 77.
	Mukhopadhyay, Dhirendranath...	Patna College.
	Niyogi, Harendrakumar ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Rana, Amritalal ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 20.
	Ray, Purnachandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Baul. N. 4.
17	Sen, Bijaykumar ...	Patna College.

III. The undermentioned candidates, who having previously passed the I.Sc. Examination, sat for the I. A. Examination in two subjects only, are declared to have passed in the respective subjects under which their names appear :—

History and Logic.

	Bandyopadhyay, Phanilal ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 57.
	Ghosh, Jyotishchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 54.
	Haldar, Sudhansukumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 74.
	Mukhopadhyay, Rabindramohan	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 53.
5	Ray, Biswaranjan ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 51.

Sanskrit and Logic.

1	Chattopadhyay, Nalinaksha ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 23.

Sanskrit and History.

1	Ghosh, Prabashkrishna ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 56.
2	Mitra, Basantakumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Cal., N. 15.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 1st June, 1912.

G. C. MOOKERJEE,
Assistant Registrar.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the B.Sc. Examination held in March 1912:—

[THESE LISTS ARE NOT FINAL.]

HONOURS LIST.

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

Basu, Nalinimohan ... Scottish Churches College.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

1	Bandyopadhyay, Sudhansukumar	Presidency College.
2	Ray, Surendrakumar ...	Ditto.
3	Sarkar, Bansorilal ...	Ditto.
4	Nahata, Ganeslal ...	Ditto.
5	Datta, Bibhutibhushan ...	Scottish Churches College.
6	Saraswati, Krishnakumud ...	Presidency College.
7	Mukhopadhyay, Makhanlal ...	Ditto.
8	De, Pramathanath ...	Patna College.

PHYSICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

In order of merit.

1	Bandyopadhyay, Durgapada ...	Presidency College.
2	Chakrabarti, Binodlal ...	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

In order of merit.

1	Sen, Niradkanta ...	Scottish Churches College.
2	Mahalanabis, Prasantachandra ...	Presidency College.
2	Misra, Narayan ...	Ditto.
4	Chakrabarti, Kalidas ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
5	„ Mahadeb ...	Presidency College.
6	Ray, Manomohan ...	Dacca College.

CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit).

1	Ghosh, Jogendranath ...	Patna College.
2	Basu, Harischandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.

SECOND DIVISION

(In order of merit.)

1	De, Rajendralal ...	Rajshahi, College, Baulia.
2	Bhattacharyya, Debendranath ...	Presidency College.
3	Ghosh, Upendranath ...	Dacca College.
4	Nandi, Kunjabihari ...	Ditto.
5	De, Jnanankur ...	Presidency College.
6	Datta, Aswinikumar ...	Dacca College.
7	Das, Narendranath ...	Ditto.
8	Sarkar, Arabindu ...	Ditto.
9	Dasgupta, Satyaranjan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.

PHYSIOLOGY.

SECOND DIVISION.

Mitra, Khageschandra	...	Presidency College.

GEOLOGY.

SECOND DIVISION.

De, Rajendranath	...	Presidency College.

Passed with Distinction.

(Arranged in Alphabetical order.)

	Abdus Samad Khan	...	Patna College.
	Bandyopadhyay Dakshinaranjan		Bangabasi College.
	,, Kaliprasad	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chakrabarti, Jitendranath	...	Presidency College.
	,, Sureschandra	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Chanda, Jatindranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Das, Harihar	...	Presidency College.
	,, Narendrakumar	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Panchugopal	...	Krishnagar College.
10	Ghosh, Purnachandra	...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Sureschandra	...	Ditto.
	Guha, Bimalacharan	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mitra, Sudhirchandra	...	Presidency College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Nalinikrishna	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur,
	Nandi, Apurbachandra	...	Dacca College.
	Ray, Akshaykumar	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Bholanath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Birinchilal	...	Non-Collegiate Student Roll, Dac., N. 1.
	,, Nepalchandra	...	Scottish Churches College.
20	Sen, Mohinimohan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Narendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Sukumar	...	Bangabasi College.
	Sengupta, Taraprasanna	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Sikdar, Pramathanath	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Sinha, Sachindranath	...	Patna College.
	Som, Abinaschandra	...	Dacca College.
27	Thakur, Bansidhar	...	City College, Calcutta.

PASS LIST.

(In Alphabetical order.)

	Bagchi, Bibhutibhushan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bandopadhyay, Bilaschandra	...	Patna College.
	,, Bireswar	...	Presidency College.
	,, Ganendranath	...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Gaurmohan	...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Jagadananda	...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Manoranjan	...	Presidency College.
	,, Umanath	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Basak, Bipinbihari	...	Rajshahi College.
10	Basu, Birajmohan	...	Presidency College.
	,, Haridas	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Jatindranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Lalitmohan	...	Presidency College.
	,, Nripendranath	...	Ditto.
	,, Pulinkrishna	...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Sachindranath	...	Ditto.

PASS LIST—*contd.*

	Bhattacharyya, Anukulchandra...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Kedarnath ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Mohitkumar ..	Presidency College.
20	B. W. M. Abdur Rahman ...	Ditto.
	Chakrabarti, Damodardas ...	Ditto.
	,, Dwijendrakumar ...	Dacca College.
	,, Jatindranarayan ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Kaliranjan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chandra, Sureschandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Chattopadhyay, Chandiprasanna	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Ramkrishna ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chaudhuri, Upendranarayan ...	Dacca College.
	Coari, Charuchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
30	Das, Bimalchandra ...	Krishnagar College.
	,, Bimalchandra ...	Presidency College.
	,, Nagendranath ...	Ditto.
	,, Surendralal ...	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Jitendranath ...	Dacca College.
	Datta, Harigati ...	Presidency College.
	,, Narendranath ...	Ditto.
	De, Anilkrishna ...	Dacca College.
	Deb, Sailendrakrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Gangopadhyay, Harisadhan ...	Dacca College.
40	,, Prabodhchandra	Rajshahi College.
	,, Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
	Ghosh, Arunkumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	,, Nalinikanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 3.
	,, Nirmalkrishna ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Sailendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Satyendramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Satyendranath ...	Presidency College.
	,, Sibakinkar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
50	,, Tarapada ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. No. 1.
	Ghoshal, Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Guharay, Nripendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Gupta, Nagendranath ...	Presidency College.
	Guru Sahai Lal ...	Patna College.
	Hajarika, Trailokyanath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Haldar, Jnanaranjan ...	Dacca College.
	Iqbal Narayan ...	Patna College.
	Jana, Srinathchandra ...	Presidency College.
	Kar, Jogendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
60	,, Narayanchandra ...	Presidency College.
	Lahiri, Satinath ...	Bangabasi College.
	Maiti, Kshirodchandra ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Majumdar, Hemchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Jnanchandra ...	Dacca College.
	,, Nagendranath ...	Presidency College.
	,, Ramendramohan ...	Ditto.
	Mallik, Bhagyadhar ...	Ditto.
	,, Hemendrachandra ...	Ditto.
	Mitra, Bhupendrakumar ...	Ditto.
70	,, Chandicharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Kshirodkumar ...	St. Xavier's College.
	,, Raghuprabir ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Santoshkumar ...	Presidency College.
	,, Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Mukhopadhyay, Amulyaratan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Bhupendranath	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Bibhutibhushan	Krishnath College, Berhampur
	,, Sachindranath...	Scottish Churches College.

PASS LIST—*concld.*

	Nag, Nripendrakanta	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
80	Nandi, Jogeswar	...	Ditto.
	Pal, Aswinikumar	...	Ditto.
	„ Pramathanath	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Palit, Manindrachandra	...	Ditto.
	Panchanan, Anilchandra	...	St. Xavier's College.
	Ray, Ambikaprasanna	...	Dacca College.
	„ Dhirendranarayan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Gopendralal	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Jatindranarayan	...	Presidency College.
	„ Mahendranath	...	Bangabasi College.
90	„ Pratibharanjan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Pratulchandra	...	Presidency College.
	„ Surendramohan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Raychaudhuri, Karunakanta	...	Rajshahi College.
	„ Manomohan	...	Presidency College.
	„ Murarimohan	...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Praphullakumar	...	Presidency College.
	„ Susilchandra	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Saha, Srinath	...	Dacca College.
	Sarkar, Gopendrakrishna	...	St. Xavier's College
100	Sayad Wajahat Karim	...	Patna College.
	Sayeed Ahmed	...	Presidency College.
	Sen, Haridas	...	Dacca College.
	„ Prabodhchandra	...	Presidency College.
	Sengupta, Dineschandra	...	Dacca College.
	„ Jogeschandra	...	Rajshahi College.
	„ Pratulchandra	...	Metropolitan Institution.
107	Sinha, Praphullakumar	...	Ditto.

SENATE HOUSE,
The 1st June 1912.

G. C. MOOKERJEE,
Asst. Registrar.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Bangalore, the 31st May 1912.

No. 38.—Whereas it appears to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore that land is required for a public purpose, namely, for relief of congestion :

It is hereby declared that the undermentioned land is required for the said purpose.

This declaration is made under the provisions of section 6 of Act I of 1894 as applied to the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and under section 7 of the said Act, the Collector of the Civil and Military Station is hereby directed to take order for the acquisition of the said land.

Specification of land.

Where situated.	Name of owner.	Description of land.	Area.	Boundaries.				Remarks.
				North.	East.	South.	West.	
Doddigunta Kayamgutha Village.	Veerappa.	Dry (part of S. 119).	7 guntas.	Part of S. 119 and part of S. 103.	Part of S. 119.	Part of S. 116.	Part of S. 119.	
	Munisawmy.	Dry (part of S. 116).	38 guntas.	Part of S. 119.	Part of S. 116.	Part of S. 115.	Part of S. 116.	
	Thoti Muniga *alias* Andiga.	Dry (part of S. 115).	34 guntas.	S. No. 116.	Part of S. 115.	Cart track and Railway line.	Part of S. 116.	
	Munisawmy.	(Dry) part of Survey No. 116.	34 guntas.	Part of S. 116.	Cart track to Tevanhally.	S. No. 115.	Part of S. 116.	

The 1st June 1912.

No. 40.—The licenses issued under sections 6 and 9 of the Indian Christian Marriage Act, 1872 (XV of 1872), to the Rev. James Mathers, B.A., B.D., formerly of the London Mission, in Notifications Nos. 4114 and 4115, dated the 29th August 1903, to solemnize marriages and to grant certificates of marriage within the territories of Mysore including the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, are hereby cancelled.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 28th May 1912.

No. 2672-A.—Mr. N. D. Daru, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, has been granted privilege leave for one month under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the forenoon of the 13th May 1912.

H. H. HAYDEN,
Director, Geological Survey of India.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Pusa, Behar, the 2nd June 1912.

No. 1233.—Mr. H. E. Cross, M.R.C.V.S., D.V.H., A.Sc., Assistant Bacteriologist, Imperial Bacteriological Laboratory, Muktesar, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with three months' special leave on urgent private affairs under Articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 17th June 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 5th June 1912.

No. 1271. Dr. E. J. Butler, M.B., F.L.S., Imperial Mycologist, is granted privilege leave for 20 days, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 17th June 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1272.—Mr. F. J. F. Shaw, B.Sc., A.R.C.S., Supernumerary Mycologist, is appointed to act as Imperial Mycologist in addition to his own duties, during the absence of Dr. E. J. Butler on leave granted to him in Notification No. 1271 of date.

B. COVENTRY,
Agricultural adviser to the Government of India.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 29th May 1912.

No. 489-*S. Ap.*—M. Muhammad Barkat Ali, Superintendent of post offices, 4th grade, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month and fifteen days with effect from the 28th March 1912.

No. 493-*S. Ap.*—Mr. Ramchandra Govind Dashotar, Superintendent of post offices, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 11th May 1912.

M. Jalal-ud-din, Supernumerary Inspector, attached to the office of the Postmaster-General, Punjab and North-West Frontier, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. Ramchandra Govind Dashotar, or until further orders.

The 1st June 1912.

No. 509-*S. Ap.*—Mr. K. Amirthalingam Pillai, Superintendent of post offices, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 20th June 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. K. Venkata Rao Naidu, Inspector of post offices, Vizianagram Sub-division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. K. Amirthalingam Pillai, or until further orders.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 16th May 1912.

No. 381-R.—The following is published for general information, with reference to section 42 of the Land Acquisition Act, I of 1894 :—

AGREEMENT.

Memorandum of agreement made this 15th day of March 1912, between the Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited, a joint stock company, with limited liability, having its registered office at Winchester House, Old Broad Street, London, and the India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited, a joint stock company with limited liability, having its registered office at Orient House, New Broad Street, London (hereinafter called the companies), of the one part and the Secretary of State for India in Council (hereinafter called the Secretary of State) of the other part.

Whereas for the purposes of the construction of a godown and for the purposes subsidiary thereto, such purposes not to include the stocking or depositing of coal, the companies have applied to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam for the acquisition under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, of the piece or parcel of land containing 2 bighas, 1 katta, 8 chhataks or thereabout, situated in the district of Sylhet, subdivision Habiganj, purgana Bajusunaita, village Baban Gotima and Bhimsena Nadir Charbharat and more particularly described in the schedule hereto and delineated in the plan hereunto annexed.

And whereas the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, being satisfied by an enquiry held under section 40 of the said Act, that the proposed acquisition is needed for the aforesaid purposes and that the said work is likely to prove useful to the public, has consented to acquire, on behalf of the companies, the piece or parcel of land hereinbefore described.

And whereas the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam has required the companies under the provisions of section 41 of the abovementioned Act to enter into the agreement with the Secretary of State hereinafter contained. Now this indenture witnesseth that it is hereby agreed and declared as follows :—

1. On demand the companies shall and will pay to the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam all and every compensation in respect of the said land tendered, paid or awarded or to be tendered, paid or awarded by the Collector under the Land Acquisition Act, 1894, or by the Court to which a reference under Part III of the said Act may be made or by the Court or Courts to which an appeal from the award of the said Court may be preferred, and all costs, charges, and expenses of the proceedings in the aforesaid Courts or otherwise incidental to the proposed acquisition or payable in respect thereof under the provisions of the said Act.

2. On demand made by the said Collector the obligation of the companies under the last preceding clause not being hereby limited the companies shall and will deposit with the said Collector such sum or sums of money as in his discretion the said Collector may in anticipation estimate to be necessary for the purposes mentioned in the last preceding clause.

3. On payment by the companies of all demands under the foregoing 1st clause, or, in the discretion of the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam (on deposit by the companies of all estimated amounts as provided in the 2nd clause) but not before possession shall have been taken under the provisions of the abovementioned Act, the Secretary of State shall make over possession of the land to the companies and shall execute and do all such acts and deeds as may be necessary and proper for effectually vesting the same in the companies.

4. The said land shall be held by the companies for the purposes of such a godown as is hereinbefore mentioned and for purposes subsidiary thereto and without the sanction in writing of the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam first had and obtained for no other purpose whatsoever; and without prejudice to the generality of this condition the companies undertake in particular that coal shall not at any time be stacked or deposited thereon.

5. The said godown shall be completed (and fully equipped in all respects ready for use) within three years from the date on which possession of the said land shall have been given to the companies.

6. Should the said godown not be completed and fully equipped in all respects ready for use within the period stated in the last preceding clause or within such further period as in its discretion may be prescribed or allowed by the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam, or should the said land at any time thereafter cease for a period of six consecutive months, to be held and used, or cease to be required for the purpose or purposes provided for in the foregoing fourth clause, or should it, without the sanction in writing of the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam first had and obtained, be used by the

companies for any other purposes than those provided for in the said fourth clause, and, in particular, should it be used for the stacking or depositing of coal, then, and in any such case, the said Government may summarily re-enter upon and take possession of the said land, and thereupon the interest of the companies in the said land shall absolutely cease and determine.

7. On taking such possession the said Government may sell or otherwise, deal with the said land as it may think proper. Should the said Government sell the said land, the said Government after deducting the expenses incurred in connection with the said taking of possession and with such sale shall pay the proceeds to the companies. Should the said Government, on taking possession, decide not to sell the land it shall repay to the companies all sums received from the companies in respect of all and every compensation as provided in the foregoing first clause (less the statutory allowance of 15 per cent.), but will not repay any sums paid and received on account of costs, charges, and expenses.

8. The public shall be entitled to use the godown on the following terms, *viz.*, for the storage of goods booked for despatch or for delivery to the public by the said companies on payment of the rates in force for the time being in accordance with the rules and regulations of the said companies.

9. Should any dispute or difference arise touching or concerning the subject-matter of this agreement or any covenant clause or thing therein contained, the same shall be referred to the said Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam and the opinion and decision of the said Government upon such dispute or difference shall be final and conclusive and binding on the parties hereto.

In witness whereof the India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited, and the Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited, have caused their common seals to be affixed and the Secretary for India in Council hath hereunto set his hand and seal the day and year first above written.

SCHEDULE OF LAND.

Enathganj steamer station.

North—By the waste land of patta No. 9.

South—By the Narkhai river or khal.

East—By the Post office compound and waste land of patta No. 9.

West—By the Goolma river.

	Bighas.	Katta.	Chhataks.
Area	2	1	8

Two bighas, one katta and eight chhataks.

The common seal of the India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited, was hereto affixed in the presence of—

B. A. MARTIN,
Managing Agents, India General Navigation and Railway Company, Limited.

Witness—
ABHOYA KUMAR SEN,
Revenue Peshkar, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Sylhet.
The 15th March 1912.

The common seal of the Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited, was hereto affixed in the presence of—

B. A. MARTIN,
Agents, Rivers Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

Witness—
ABHOYA KUMAR SEN,
Revenue Peshkar, Deputy Commissioner's Office, Sylhet.
The 15th March 1912.

Signed and sealed and delivered by W. M. Kennedy, Second Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, as successor to Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam in the Revenue Department, for the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Eastern Bengal and Assam, acting in the premises for and on behalf of the Secretary of State for India in Council in the presence of—

W. M. KENNEDY,
Second Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, as successor to Secretary to the Government of Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Witness—
SYAM CHAND BASAK,
Head Assistant, Revenue Department, Assam Secretariat, Shillong.

A Plan of

Enathganj Steamer Station

Scale 32" Inches = 1 Mile
or
165' feet = 1" Inch

AREA

ACRE	B.	K	Ch	KEDER	F	J.	P.
69	2	1.	8	2.	1.	1	1

Traced by Sarat Ch. Sarma

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 68 OF 1912.

In the matter of Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut, rice broker, Mogal Street, Rangoon, on the 17th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Haji Abdulla Kassum Bhagut.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 17th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 69 OF 1912

In the matter of Walter Coggan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Steel Brothers & Co., Limited, creditors of Walter Coggan carrying on business in person under the style and firm of Coggan & Co., as Engineer and Builder at Balthazar's Buildings, on the 17th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Walter Coggan was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 21st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 70 OF 1912.

In the matter of Jacob Fauth, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Jacob Fauth, Mechanical Engineer of No. 2, Brooking Street, Rangoon, on the 21st day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Jacob Fauth.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 21st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 71 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. J. Salvador, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 19 9, presented by A. J. Salvador, Piano Tuner of No. 276, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 22nd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. J. Salvador.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 22nd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 72 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. A. Churcher, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. A. Churcher, Assistant of Messrs. Mackenzie & Co., residing at 49, Lewis Street, Rangoon, on the 23rd day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. A. Churcher.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 23rd day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 53 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Ba Pe, late Municipal Thugyi of Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Ba Pe an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 29th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 70 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ko Pe Gyi of Yedwingon, near Municipal Bazar, Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ko Pe Gyi an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 27th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 73 OF 1912.

In the matter of Wan Kan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Goonamal Parasram, jewellers of Merchant Street, Rangoon, creditors of Wan Kan, carried on business as provision supplier and grocer at No. 54, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, under the name and style of Wan Kan & Co., on the 27th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Wan Kan was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 27th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 74 OF 1912.

In the matter of J. M. Xavier, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by J. M. Xavier, Barrister-at-Law, of 18, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 29th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said J. M. Xavier.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 76 OF 1912.

In the matter of Panyothi Tsounas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Panyothi Tsounas, a civil prisoner in the Rangoon Central Jail, on the 30th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Panyothi Tsounas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 77 OF 1912.

In the matter of L. G. David, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by L. G. David, of No. 45, 51st Street, clerk to Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Rangoon, on the 31st day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said L. G. David.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 31st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 78 OF 1912.

In the matter of F. A. Boog, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by F. A. Boog, unemployed, of No. 61, 38th Street, Rangoon, lately of 42nd Street on the 31st day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said F. A Boog.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 31st day of May 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
272—1912	John William Robert Ottley	Eurasian	No. 14, Imperial Mansions, Ripon Road.	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	20th	May	1912	21st	May	1912
273—1912	Harry Simeon Michael	"	Cazi Building, Byculla	Chargeman in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	21st	"	"	"	"	"
274—1912	Behram Bomas Aga	Parsee	Sussex Road, Byculla (Hormuz Building).	Trading under the name and style of Coronation Electric Company as Electrical and Mechanical Engineers and Contractors.	"	"	"	"	"	"
278—1912	Hoodeally Goolam Hoosein Khoja	Mahomedan	No. 261, Samuel Street, Oomarkhadi.	Lately carrying on business as glassware merchant in partnership with Goolam Hoosein Kalian and Mahomed Goolam Hoosein under the name of Goolam Hoosein Kalian at Bombay and Karachi and now unemployed.	23rd	"	"	23rd	"	"
279—1912	Herbert Leopold Owers	Eurasian	Kanialal's Building, Parel	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	"	"	"	24th	"	"
280—1912	Arthur Hope Roberts	"	Do. do.	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	"	"	"	"	"	"

281—1912	Goolam Hoosein Kalian Khoja and Mahomed Goolam Hoosein Khoja.	Mahomedan .	Mowji Soomar's house, Santa Cruz.	Lately carrying on business as glassware merchants in partnership with Hooderally Goolamhoosein under the name of Goolamhoosein Kalian at Bombay and Karachi and now unemployed.	24th	May . .	1912	24th	May . .	1912.
275—1912	Pestonji Beramji Bhownagri . .	Parsee . .	Khetwadi 1st Lane . .	Turner in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	21st	,, .	,,	27th	,, .	,,
276—1912	Pusshotam Appaji Gadkari . .	Hindu . .	Kumbhar Lane, Dadar .	Clerk in the Custom's Account Office, Bombay.	22nd	,, .	,,	,,	,, .	,,
277—1912	Bhojraj Khimji Dussa Ooswal .	,, . .	Dougri Street	Formerly petty dealer in cotton and lately servant in the employ of Goculdas Madhowji and now unemployed.	,,	,, .	,,	,,	,, .	,,
282—1912	Daya Dewsy Koombar and Dayal Dewsy Koombar.	Hindu . .	Bara Omamwada, Nal Bazar	Carpenters	27th	,, .	1912	,,	,, .	,,
284—1912	Henry Edward Meyer . . .	Eurasian . .	Berkley Place. Byculla . .	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	28th	,,	,,	28th	,, .	,,
285—1912	Savliaram Tookaram Valekar .	Hindu .	Nal Bazar	Lately petty dealer in betelnuts and now unemployed.	,,	,, .	,,	29th	,,	,,
283—1912	Ramniklal Motilal Desaj . .	,, . .	Dadysett's Agiary Lane .	Lately hair dresser and now unemployed.	,,	,, .	,,	30th	,, .	,,
286—1912	Shaik Kassum valad Abdul Kadar .	Mahomedan .	New Nagpada Peerkhan Street.	Race horse trainer	29th	,, .	,,	,,	,, .	,,
288—1912	Pandurang Mahadhowrao Mastakar.	Hindu . .	No. 12, 2nd Khaterali Lane .	Lately clerk in the employ of R. H. Meisheri and now unemployed.	30th	,, .	,,	,,	,, .	,,
287—1912	Reginald George Coleman . .	Eurasian .	No. 300, Haines Road .	Fitter in the employ of the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	,,	,, .	,,	31st	,, .	,,

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of Petitions.			Date of the adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
289—1912	Chintaman Janardhan Pathare	Hindu	Dadar	Lately agent to the Peninsular Iron Works (at present in liquidation) under the name of G. Power & Co., and now unemployed.	30th	May	1912	31st	May	1912
259—1912	Jamsetji Sorabji Mooga	Parsee	Grant Road	Lately clerk in the Maneckji Petit Mills and now unmployed.	6th	"	"	"	"	"
290—1912	Narayen Ganesh Khanolkar	Hindu	No. 884, Sarkari, Tabela Girgaum Road.	Lately Commission Agent in the name of Balkrishna Sadashiv and now unemployed.	31st	"	"	"	"	"
291—1912	Louis Dominic Britto	Portuguese	No. 14, Dhobi Talao	Lately clerk in the employ of Jacob Anrelsow & Co., and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort Bombay, this 4th day of June 1912.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

SURVEY OF INDIA—EASTERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Shillong, the 4th June 1912.

No. 3.—Mr. R. M. Wyatt, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, is granted privilege leave for 3 months under Articles 246 and 260, Civil Service Regulations, from 1st July 1912.

G. B. HODGSON, Bt.-Col., I.A.,
Superintendent, Eastern Circle.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment, dated at Poona, this 30th day of May 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9606, Private, Samuel Whipp.
Age—18 years 3 months.
Height—5 feet $3\frac{7}{8}$ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, brown.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—4th January 1909.

Place of enlistment—Chichester.
Parish and County in which born—Hamer, Rochdale, Lancashire.
Date of desertion or absence—Midnight 28th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Poona.
Marks—Scar $2'' \times 1\frac{1}{2}''$ right upper arm; circular scar front of each shin.
Under 5 years' service.

C. E. A. JOURDAIN, Major,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, Loyal North Lancashire Regiment.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, dated at Peshawar, this 4th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—9438, Boy, Harold Stanley Jones.
Age—16 years 8 months.
Height—About 5 feet 5 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—*Nil.*
Date of enlistment—2nd November 1910.

Place of enlistment—Peshawar.
Parish and County in which born—Lahore, India.
Date of desertion or absence—2nd June 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Peshawar.
Marks—Three scars on front of left shin.
Under two years' service.

H. G. ROBINSON, Lieut. and Adjt., for Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

TRANSFER AND TAKING OVER CHARGE.

Simla, the 29th May 1912.

No. 0274-*E.I.F.*—Mr. R. H. Tickell, Superintending Engineer, from the Swat River Canals Circle, which he left on the forenoon of the 7th May 1912 to the Punjab Irrigation Secretariat, which he joined on the afternoon of the 10th idem.

Mr. Tickell took over charge of the duties of the Chief Engineer and Secretary to Government, Punjab and North-West Frontier Province, on the afternoon of the 10th May from Mr. W. E. T. Bennett, Chief Engineer, who proceeded on leave.

R. H. TICKELL,
Offg. Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th May 1912.

No. 458S G.—Mr. B. C. Wernicke, Superintendent of Telegraphs, is granted a further extension of furlough on medical certificate for three days with effect from the 18th October 1911 in continuation of the leave notified in this Department's Notification No. 38-G., dated the 21st February 1911.

This cancels this Department's Notification No. 40-G., dated the 27th February 1912.

The 1st June 1912.

No. 71-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department Resolution No. 9640-9643-133, dated the 21st October 1908, Mr. F. A. D'Silva, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, is appointed to officiate in the grade of Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, for three months with effect from the 2nd May 1912, *vice* Mr. O. A. D. Ross, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, granted three months' privilege leave from that date.

No. 72-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department Resolution No. 9640-9643-133, dated the 21st October 1908, Mr. S. Adams, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, for three months with effect from the 2nd May 1912, *vice* Mr. F. A. D'Silva promoted to officiating Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, *vice* Mr. O. A. D. Ross granted three months' privilege leave.

The 5th June 1912.

No. 1037-T.—Under the authority conveyed in Government of India, Commerce and Industry Department Resolution No. 9640-9643-133, dated the 21st October 1908, Mr. W. J. Blackwell, Telegraph Master, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, for a further period of three months with effect from the 9th June 1912, *vice* Mr. C. O'Doherty, Deputy Superintendent, 2nd class, granted a further extension of three months' leave from that date.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

Calcutta, the 7th June 1912.

No. 1074-T.—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 22nd May to 4th June 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.		Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.			
Harpanahalli	Madras Presidency	1st June	1912	Opened.
Htawgaw	Burma	13th May	"	"
Kirkee Bazar	Bombay Presidency	25th "	"	"
Kodavasal	Madras Presidency	27th "	"	"
Masulipatam North	Ditto	1st June	"	"
	Railway Telegraph Offices.			
Bairahna	East Indian Railway	7th June	1912	Opened.
Banbassa	Rohilkund Kumaon Railway	15th May	"	"
Chakarpur	Ditto ditto	15th "	"	"
Khatema	Ditto ditto	15th "	"	"
Majhola	Ditto ditto	15th "	"	"
Neoriya	Ditto ditto	15th "	"	"
Panhai	East Indian Railway	7th June	"	"
Pilibhit Katcheri	Rohilkund Kumaon Railway	15th May	1912	"
Tanakpur	Ditto	15th "	"	"
Tikaria	East Indian Railway	7th June	"	"
Tukcree	Ditto	7th "	"	"

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified with effect from 1st July 1912.

"Bagherhat"	instead of	"Bagerhat."
"Bakhtiyarpur"	"	"Bakhtiarpur."
"Barabhum"	"	"Barahabhum."
"Benagarhia"	"	"Benagaria."
"Birbati"	"	"Biribati."
"Dhanbaid"	"	"Dhanbad."
"Dharmshala"	"	"Dharmashala."
"Digha"	"	"Digah."
"Dighwara"	"	"Digwara."
"Disergarh"	"	"Dishargarh."
"Fatwa"	"	"Fatua."
"Hasua"	"	"Haswa."
"Hathwa"	"	"Hathuwa."
"Jagatsinghpur"	"	"Jagatsingpur."
"Jahanabad"	"	"Jehanabad."
"Jambu"	"	"Jamboo."
"Jharsagura"	"	"Jharsuguda."
"Keseriya"	"	"Kisoriah."
"Laheria Sarai"	"	"Lahiria Sarai."
"Marhora Factory"	"	"Marhaura Factory"
"Morrellganj"	"	"Morelganj."
"Narahia"	"	"Naraya."
"Nawada"	"	"Nawadah."
"Pakaur"	"	"Pakur."
"Panskura"	"	"Panchkura."
"Pipra Factory"	"	"Peeprah."
"Raxaul."	"	"Raksal."
"Rusera"	"	"Roserha."
"Sheoraphuli"	"	"Seoraphuli."
"Sugauli"	"	"Segowlie."
"Tarakeswar"	"	"Tarakeshwar."
"Tekari"	"	"Tikari."

A. BROKENSHAW,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

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A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. II (D—I), Edition 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R11 or 16*s*. 6*d*. (15*a*.)

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Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a*. or 1*s*. 3*d*. (1*a*.)

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Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (5*a*.)

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(2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.

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Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4*a* or 2*s*. (3*a*.)

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Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government of North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2*a*. 3*p*. or 2½*d*. (1*a*. 6*p*.)

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The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plasmodism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7s. 6d. (11a.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (5a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12a. or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8a. or 2s. 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail, Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (9a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s. 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act. 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals*. (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended. Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover 2a or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12a. or 2s. 3d. (5a.)

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Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (b) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d (6a.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R S Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C., (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911 Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Field Service Regulations, Part II. Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1a.)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d (2a.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover As 10 or 10d. (2a.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. 3p or 11¼d. (2a.)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap Paper cover. 11a or 1[illegible]d. (2a.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1s. 7d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R[illegible] or 1s. [illegible]d [illegible]a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-9 or 2s. 1d (2a.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1s. 9d. (2a.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
- **Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition.** Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
- **Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908.** (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deebe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4*a*.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
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Surya Siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4*a*.
Amarkosa by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.
Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEK ENDING 6TH APRIL 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.
Monthly Weather Review, January 1912. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Notes Nos. 092030, 015610 and 081374 of the 3½ per cent loans of 1842-43, 1879 and 1854-55, respectively, for R20,000, R4,000 and R3,000, respectively, originally standing in the name of Srimati Madhab Mohinee Dassee, the proprietress, by whom they were never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above notes and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in favour of the proprietress. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned securities.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,
Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 041016 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000 originally standing in the name of Prosad Das Boral & Brothers and last endorsed to Purna Chandra Singha, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—KALIDAS RAI CHAUDHURI,
Residence—56, Puddopuker Road, Bhowanipore.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Note No. 122754 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R500 originally standing in the name of Messrs. Macneill & Co. and last endorsed to Rebati Mohan Ghose (on or about 1908), the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank or Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—REBATI MOHAN GHOSE,
Sub-Agent, I. G. & R. S. N. Co., Pabna.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 053179 of the 3½ per cent. of 1900-01 for R200 (Rupees two hundred) originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Lucy Thomas, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above *note* and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress.

Name of the Advertiser—LUCY THOMAS,

Residence—c/o Rev. J. Cooling, Wesleyan Mission House, Royapettah, Madras.

SUMMONS FOR FINAL DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)

IN THE COURT OF MUNSIF AT MIRZAPUR, DISTRICT MIRZAPUR.

SUIT NO. 37 OF 1912.

L. Sarjoo Prasad Agarwala of Mirzapur City . . . . *Plaintiff*,

versus

Ram Prasad, etc. . . . . *Defendants.*

To—Mahadeo Prasad Kasarwani dwelling at Gangapur, Pargana Kaswar, District Benares.

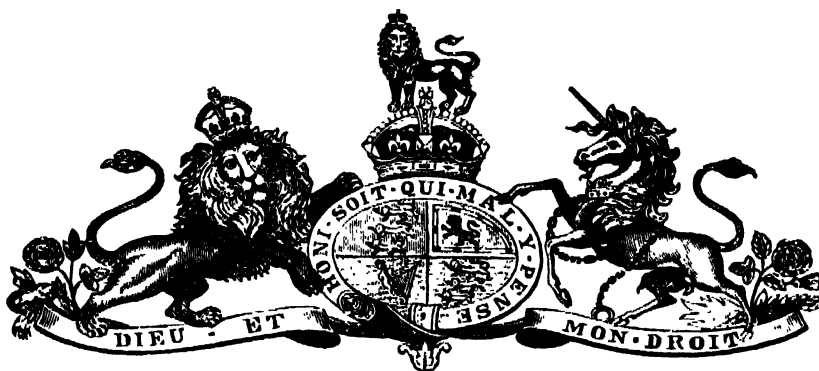
Whereas the above plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for R144-9-0 and costs, etc., you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court, in person, or by a pleader duly instructed, and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied by some person able to answer all such questions on the Nineteenth (19) day of June 1912, at 10-30 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and you are directed to produce on that day all the documents upon which you intend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this 25th day of May 1912.

MUSHTAK ALI,

Munsarim.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 23.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

Total Gross Indian Sea and Land Customs Revenue (excluding Salt Revenue)

[In thousands of Rupees]

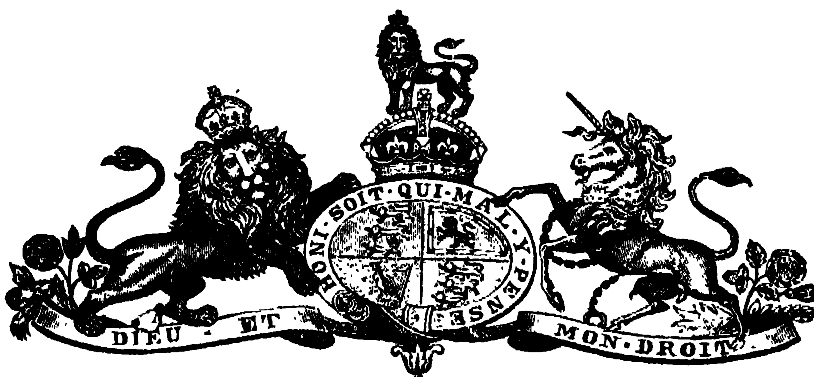
	In the two months, April and May, of									
	1903-04	1904-05	1905-06	1906-07	1907-08	1908-09	1909-10	1910-11	1911-12	1912-13
SEA CUSTOMS										
IMPORTS										
Special Import Duties										
Arms, ammunition, and military stores	59	65	58	65	89	70	82	75	73	99
Liquors—										
Ale, beer, porter, cider and other fermented liquors	38	48	47	43	53	78	84	1,44	1,39	2,00
Spirits and liqueurs	11,08	12,46	13,69	11,49	16,33	16,37	15,97	19,27	18,03	17,73
Wines	60	57	68	63	69	70	63	99	89	91
Opium and its alkaloids*	...	1	1	1	1	1	...	1	1	1
Petroleum	11,17	7,21	7,05	7,15	9,13	9,80	9,10	9,85	12,70	12,74
Silver, bullion and coin (a)	7,17	9,78	5,87	5,94	9,30	11,91	7,80	37,70	23,77	24,90
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1899)	70	3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Sugar (countervailing duties, 1902)	10	2	...	..	...		..	...	...	...
Tobacco (a)	33	40	48	54	65	62	81	3,51	4,28	6,05
General Import Duties										
Articles of food and drink (excluding sugar)	2,05	2,27	2,84	3,02	3,47	3,82	3,39	3,72	3,70	4,22
Sugar (ordinary duties)	3,53	5,79	2,84	9,86	4,99	5,23	5,85	7,42	7,83	8,32
Chemicals, drugs, medicines and narcotics (excluding opium and its alkaloids* and tobacco), and dyeing and tanning materials	1,82	1,77	1,74	1,75	2,55	2,20	2,25	2,89	2,99	3,12
Cotton manufactures—										
Piece goods, grey	9,04	7,67	10,50	11,56	11,83	8,49	9,43	8,39	10,84	13,76
" white	3,57	4,47	5,43	4,36	6,45	6,08	3,56	5,13	6,47	7,99
" coloured	4,25	4,57	5,00	5,16	5,77	5,93	3,22	6,27	6,85	6,96
Other goods	24	39	45	47	44	60	41	69	63	62
Metals (excluding silver, bullion and coin) and manufactures thereof	5,62	7,17	4,72	5,00	6,25	9,91	6,63	8,94	9,15	8,30
Oils (excluding petroleum)	15	16	18	35	33	34	19	26	20	29
Manufactured articles	9,66	11,22	11,92	12,15	13,94	14,66	13,79	16,28	19,12	20,76
Raw materials and unmanufactured articles	1,44	1,80	1,73	1,63	1,90	2,89	1,99	2,31	2,11	3,01
TOTAL IMPORTS	74,39	78,89	76,20	82,12	95,45	1,01,10	86,68	1,35,83	1,31,69	1,42,68
EXCISE DUTY ON COTTON GOODS	2,50	2,38	2,88	2,70	3,17	3,23	3,49	3,13	3,15	5,55
EXPORT DUTIES—										
Rice, husked or unhusked, including rice-flour	22,92	25,83	24,23	29,15	25,92	18,85	18,51	23,75	27,72	34,98
LAND CUSTOMS AND MISCELLANEOUS	1,56	1,59	1,39	1,56	1,73	1,55	2,02	1,85	1,95	2,12
GRAND TOTAL	1,01,37	1,08,69	1,04,70	1,15,53	1,26,27	1,24,73	1,10,70	1,64,56	1,64,51	1,85,33
Provincial distribution of Imports and Exports										
Bengal — Imports	24,75	24,69	25,39	29,30	34,85	29,35	28,65	39,41	41,14	41,21
Bengal — Exports	2,69	3,23	4,12	2,73	2,13	1,07	2,17	3,35	4,83	6,15
Bihar and Orissa — Imports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	...
Bihar and Orissa — Exports	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	24
Bombay — Imports	28,88	34,59	29,98	30,25	36,03	39,59	31,30	65,33	53,65	65,21
Bombay — Exports	41	69	47	36	35	58	70	48	29	38
Sind — Imports	6,84	5,85	7,24	9,05	7,90	10,91	7,90	11,74	13,51	13,64
Sind — Exports	22	33	28	58	91	17	46	30	38	35
Madras — Imports	7,25	6,21	6,44	6,00	8,08	9,73	8,77	9,37	12,31	10,00
Madras — Exports	1,33	1,18	89	1,15	2,32	2,27	89	89	1,46	1,20
Burma — Imports	6,67	7,55	7,15	7,52	8,59	11,52	9,06	9,98	11,08	12,62
Burma — Exports	18,27	20,40	18,47	24,33	20,31	14,76	14,29	18,73	20,76	26,66

* The duty on alkaloids of opium for the years previous to 1910-11 is included under the head "Chemicals, drugs, etc."
(a) Figures for the years previous to 1910-11 represent "*General Import Duties*"

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

H. F. HOWARD,
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, June 5, 1912



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 23.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	Pages.
Part I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	627—644
Part II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	843—928
Part III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations	45—46

	Pages.
Supplement No. 23—	
Indian Customs Revenue	1155—1156
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 1st June 1912	1157—1164
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs., Thursday, the 6th June 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period	1165—1166
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 1st June 1912	1167—1169
Statement showing the number of persons on relief works, etc., for the week ending 25th May 1912	1170
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways	1171—1173

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 7th June 1912.

No. 28.—The following Statute is published for general information :—

THE ARMY (ANNUAL) ACT, 1912.

[2 Geo. 5, Ch. 5.]

ARRANGEMENT OF SECTIONS.

Section.

1. **Short title.**
2. **Army Act to be in force for specified times.**
3. **Prices in respect of billeting.**

AMENDMENTS OF ARMY ACT.

4. Amendment of section 137 of the Army Act.
5. Amendment of section 145 of the Army Act.
6. Amendment of section 163 of the Army Act relating to evidence.
7. Amendment of 44 and 45 Vict., c. 58, ss. 175 (7) and 176 (9) (10).
8. Application of Army Act to forces raised in India and the Colonies.

SCHEDULE.

CHAPTER 5.

AN ACT TO PROVIDE, DURING TWELVE MONTHS, FOR THE DISCIPLINE AND REGULATION OF THE ARMY.

[30TH APRIL 1912.]

WHEREAS the raising or keeping of a standing army within the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland in time of peace, unless it be with the consent of Parliament, is against law:

And whereas it is adjudged necessary by His Majesty and this present Parliament that a body of forces should be continued for the safety of the United Kingdom and the defence of the possessions of His Majesty's Crown, and that the whole number of such forces should consist of one hundred and eighty-six thousand six hundred including those to be employed at the depôts in the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland for the training of recruits for service at home and abroad, but exclusive of the numbers actually serving within His Majesty's Indian possessions:

And whereas it is also judged necessary for the safety of the United Kingdom, and the defence of the possessions of this realm, that a body of Royal Marine forces should be employed in His Majesty's fleet and naval service, under the direction of the Lord High Admiral of the United Kingdom, or the Commissioners for executing the office of Lord High Admiral aforesaid:

And whereas the said marine forces may frequently be quartered or be on shore, or sent to do duty or be on board transport ships or vessels, merchant ships or vessels, or other ships or vessels, or they may be under other circumstances in which they will not be subject to the laws relating to the government of His Majesty's forces by sea:

And whereas no man can be fore judged of life or limb, or subjected in time of peace to any kind of punishment within this realm, by martial law, or in any other manner than by the judgment of his peers and according to the known and established laws of this realm; yet, nevertheless, it being requisite, for the retaining all the before-mentioned forces, and other persons subject to military law, in their duty, that an exact discipline be observed, and that persons belonging to the said forces who mutiny or stir up sedition, or desert His Majesty's service, or are guilty of crimes and offences to the prejudice of good order and military discipline, be brought to a more exemplary and speedy punishment than the usual forms of the law will allow:

44 & 45 Vict., c. 58. And whereas the Army Act will expire in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve on the following days:—

(a) In the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, on the thirtieth day of April; and

(b) Elsewhere, whether within or without His Majesty's dominions, on the thirty-first day of July:

Be it therefore enacted by the King's most Excellent Majesty, by and with the advice and consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons, in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same, as follows:—

Short title. 1. This Act may be cited as the Army (Annual) Act, 1912.

Army Act to be in force for specified times. 2.—(1) The Army Act shall be and remain in force during the periods herein-after mentioned, and no longer, unless otherwise provided by Parliament (that is to say):—

(a) Within the United Kingdom, the Channel Islands, and the Isle of Man, from the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and twelve to the thirtieth day of April one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, both inclusive; and

(b) Elsewhere, whether within or without His Majesty's dominions, from the thirty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred and twelve to the thirty-first day of July one thousand nine hundred and thirteen, both inclusive.

(2) The Army Act, while in force, shall apply to persons subject to military law, whether within or without His Majesty's dominions.

(3) A person subject to military law shall not be exempted from the provisions of the Army Act by reason only that the number of the forces for the time being in the service of His Majesty, exclusive of the marine forces, is either greater or less than the number herein-before mentioned.

Prices in respect of billeting.

3. There shall be paid to the keeper of a victualling house for the accommodation provided by him in pursuance of the Army Act the prices specified in the Schedule to this Act.

AMENDMENTS OF ARMY ACT.

Amendment of section 137 of the Army Act.

4. In paragraph (4) of section one hundred and thirty-seven of the Army Act, which relates to penal stoppages from ordinary pay of officers, after the words "Army Council" shall be inserted the words "or in the case of officers serving in India the Governor-General"; and as a proviso to the said paragraph there shall be added at the end thereof the following:—"Provided that where deductions have been so made from the pay of an officer serving in India the case shall, if he so require, be reported to the Secretary of State for India in Council, who may make such order thereon as he thinks fit".

Amendment of section 145 of Army Act.

5.—(1) The amount which may be deducted from the pay of a soldier in respect of a bastard child under subsection (2) of section one hundred and forty-five of the Army Act shall be increased, in the case of a non-commissioned officer who is not below the rank of sergeant, to sevenpence, and in the case of any other soldier to fourpence, and accordingly the words "in respect of a bastard child sevenpence" and "in respect of a bastard child fourpence" shall be substituted in that subsection for the words "in respect of a bastard child sixpence" and "in respect of a bastard child threepence" respectively.

(2) Where an order has before the commencement of this Act been made under the said section authorising deductions to be made in respect of a bastard child, a further order may be made increasing the amount of the deductions to be made after the commencement of this Act under the former order up to the limit authorised by this section.

Amendment of section 163 of the Army Act relating to evidence.

6. At the end of subsection (1) of section one hundred and sixty-three of the Army Act (which makes certain documents evidence) the following paragraph shall be added:—

"(*j*) Where the proceedings are proceedings against a soldier on a charge of being a deserter or absentee without leave, and the soldier has surrendered himself into the custody of any portion of His Majesty's forces, a certificate purporting to have been signed by the commanding officer of that portion of His Majesty's forces and stating the fact, date, and place of such surrender shall be evidence of the matters so stated."

Amendment of 44 & 45 Vict., c. 58, ss. 175 (7) and 176 (9) (10).

7. In subsection (7) of section one hundred and seventy-five and in subsections (9) and (10) of section one hundred and seventy-six of the Army Act, which relate to persons subject to military law as officers and soldiers, the words "beyond the seas" shall be repealed wherever they occur.

Application of Army Act to forces raised in India and the Colonies.

8.—(1) For the purpose of facilitating the application of the Army Act to forces raised in India or the Colonies, the following amendments shall be made:—

(*a*) At the end of section one hundred and seventy-five of the Army Act (which describes the persons subject to military law as officers) the following paragraph shall be added:—

"(12) All officers of a force raised in India or a colony to which this Act is, in whole or in part, applied by the law of India or the colony, at such times and subject to such adaptations, modifications, and exceptions as may be specified in such law."

(*b*) At the end of section one hundred and seventy-six of the Army Act (which describes the persons subject to military law as soldiers) the following paragraph shall be added:—

"(11) All non-commissioned officers and men belonging to a force raised in India or a colony to which this Act is, in whole or in part, applied by the law of India or the colony, at such times and subject to such adaptations, modifications, and exceptions as may be specified in such law."

(c) In section one hundred and seventy-seven of the Army Act (which relates to persons belonging to colonial forces and subject to military law as officers or soldiers) for the words "and any such law may apply to any such officers, non-commissioned officers, and men all or any of the provisions of this Act so far as they relate to the regular forces or any of the auxiliary forces, as the case may require, subject to such adaptations as may be necessary to make them applicable, and the provisions of this Act so applied shall, subject to such adaptations as aforesaid, be construed as if such officers, non-commissioned officers, and men were included in the expression 'regular forces' or 'auxiliary forces', as the case may require," there shall be substituted the words "and any such law may apply, in relation to such force and to any officers, non-commissioned officers, and men thereof, all or any of the provisions of this Act, subject to such adaptations, modifications, and exceptions as may be specified in such law, and where so applied this Act shall have effect in relation to such force subject to such adaptations, modifications, and exceptions as aforesaid".

(2) If before the commencement of this Act any law of India or a colony has been made or passed applying this Act in whole or in part to any force raised in India or the colony, such law shall have effect as if this section had been in force at the time when such law was made or passed.

SCHEDULE.

Accommodation to be provided.	Maximum Price.
Lodging and attendance for soldier where meals furnished ...	Sixpence per night.
Breakfast as specified in Part I of the Second Schedule to the Army Act.	Fivepence each.
Dinner as so specified	One shilling and one penny each.
Supper as so specified	Threepence each.
Where no meals furnished, lodging and attendance, and candles, vinegar, salt, and the use of fire, and the necessary utensils for dressing and eating his meat.	Sixpence per day.
Stable room and ten pounds of oats, twelve pounds of hay, and eight pounds of straw per day for each horse.	One shilling and ninepence per day.
Stable room without forage	Sixpence per day.
Lodging and attendance for officer	Two shillings per night.

NOTE.—An officer shall pay for his food.

No. 29.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the eighth day of November 1887 the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33rd Vict., Cap. 3), were declared applicable to the territories for the time being under the administration of the Chief Commissioner in British Baluchistan, inclusive of the tracts known as Pishin, Shorarud, Kach, Kawas, Harnai, Sibi and Thal-Chotiali, from the first day of November, 1887;

And whereas the said Chief Commissioner has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same has received the Governor General's assent on the 7th day of June 1912;

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the Gazette of India and in the local Gazette for British Baluchistan.

REGULATION NO. V OF 1912.

A Regulation further to amend the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation, 1890.

V of 1890. WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation, 1890; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short title. **1.** This Regulation may be called the British Baluchistan Forest (Amendment) Regulation, 1912.

V of 1890. Amendment of sections 9 and 10, Regulation V of 1890. **2.** In section 9, sub-sections (1) clause (c) and (6), and in section 10, sub-section (1) of the British Baluchistan Forest Regulation, 1890, for the words "with the previous sanction" the words "subject to the control" shall be substituted.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

PORT BLAIR.

Simla, the 1st June, 1912.

No. 285.—In supersession of the Home Department Notification No. 237, dated the 3rd May 1912, Captain F. A. Barker, M.B., I.M.S., Superintendent of the cellular and female jails, and Civil Surgeon, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, with effect from the 15th July 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 5th May, 1912.

No. 379-140.—Mr. A. J. Grove, B. Sc., M. Sc., Supernumerary Entomologist, is appointed to act as Imperial Entomologist with effect from the 20th April 1912, during the absence on leave of Mr. H. Maxwell-Lefroy, M.A., F.E.S., F.Z.S., Imperial Entomologist or until further orders.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 6th June, 1912.

No. 32.—The services of Major W. H. Ogilvie, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Director of Temporary Works, Delhi.

W. B. GORDON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 3rd June, 1912.

No. 1226-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. William Ross Smith as Acting Consul for Peru at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. J. B. Strain.

No. 1727-*Est.-A.*—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. R. Roberts, C.I.E., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 1st class, are placed at the disposal of the Home Department, with effect from the 11th April, 1912.

No. 1728-*Est.-A.*—Major F. A. Smith, Indian Medical Service (Bombay), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is posted as Residency Surgeon at Indore, and Administrative Medical Officer in Central India, with effect from the 11th April, 1912.

The 4th June, 1912.

No. 1743-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted privilege leave for ninety days out of India, with effect from the 1st May, 1912 :—

Brigadier-General Sir R. E. Grimston, K.C.V.O., C.I.E., Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops.

Pension service—32nd year commenced on the 23rd April, 1912.

No. 1744 *Est.-B.*—Major E. M. J. Molyneux, D.S.O., Inspecting Officer, Punjab Imperial Service Cavalry, is appointed to officiate as Inspector-General, Imperial Service Troops, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 1st May, 1912, and during the absence on leave of Brigadier-General Sir R. E. Grimston, K.C.V.O., C.I.E., or until further orders.

The 5th June, 1912.

No. 1241-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 584-G., dated the 5th March, 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Herr Leo Ulrich as Consul for Germany at Akyab has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 1248-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. G. J. Smidt as Acting Consul General for Norway at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. H. J. Sanders.

No. 1251-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. H. V. Noone as temporarily in charge of the Consulate for Denmark at Madras, during the absence of Mr. R. T. Menzies.

No. 1254-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. G. J. Smidt as Acting Consul for Guatemala at Calcutta, during the absence of Mr. H. J. Sanders.

No. 1757-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. S. Donald, C.S.I., C.I.E., a Resident of the 2nd class, and Resident in Waziristan, is granted privilege leave for two months and eight days, combined with furlough for three months and twenty-three days, with effect from the 14th May, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations.

The 6th June, 1912.

No. 1270-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. J. J. A. Shaw as Acting Vice-Consul for Norway at Moulmein, during the absence of Mr. J. A. Padday.

No. 1276-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. James Meikle as Acting Consul for Italy at Rangoon during the absence of Mr. F. Stork.

No. 1767-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. P. Macdonald of the Political Department is posted as Political Agent in Malwa, with effect from the 24th May, 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

MINT.

Simla, the 4th June, 1912.

No. 104-*F.*—The following statements showing the position of the Gold Standard Reserve are published for general information :

I.—Statement of receipts, charges and balance of the Reserve on the 31st March 1912:

	Dr. £		*Cr.* £
Opening balance	19,592,138		
Net profit on coinage			
Interest on investments including discount on Treasury Bills ...	163,959	Closing balance	19,756,097
Total ...	19,756,097	Total ...	19,756,097

II.—Statement showing the form in which the balance of the Reserve was held on the 31st March 1912:

		£
1. Rupees in India equivalent to		1,934,302
2. Cash placed by the Secretary of State for India in Council at short notice		1,073,710
3. Securities:		
	Nominal value.	
	£	
British Government 2½ per cent consolidated stock ...	4,665,700	
3 per cent Local Loan Stock	200,000	
3 per cent Transvaal Government Guaranteed Stock ...	1,092,023	
2¾ per cent Guaranteed Stock Irish Land	438,720	
3 per cent Exchequer Bonds (1912)	850,000	
3 per cent Exchequer Bonds (1915)	3 885,600	
Canada Government 3¾ per cent Bonds	539,000	
Canada Government 4 per cent Bonds	81,000	
Corporation of London 3¼ per cent Debentures ...	100,000	
Corporation of London 3½ per cent Debentures ...	45,000	
Union of South Africa Bills	500,000	
New Zealand 3½ per cent Debentures	146,400	
New Zealand 3¾ per cent Debentures	45,000	
New South Wales 3½ per cent Inscribed Stock ...	113,000	
New South Wales 4 per cent Bonds	1,000	
Queensland 4 per cent Inscribed Stock	10,000	
Queensland 4 per cent Bonds	17,000	
Southern Nigeria 4 per cent Bonds	100,000	
British Treasury Bills	4,500,000	
	17,332,513 Cost price	16,748,085
	Total ...	19,756,097

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 5th June, 1912.

No. 167-*F.E.*—Mr. F. L. Silva, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st May 1912.

Mr. R. V. Rege, an Accountant, 2nd grade, in the office of the Accountant General, Bombay, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 20th May 1912.

No. 169-*F.E.*—The privilege leave granted to Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Burma, in Notification No. 16-F.E., dated the 2nd May 1912, has been extended by one month and sixteen days.

The services of Mr. B. W. Kissan, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, Burma, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 7th July 1912.

The 6th June, 1912.

No. 173-*F.E.*—Mr. P. N. Mukherji, of the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been placed on special duty in the Government of India, Finance Department Secretariat, with effect from the 6th May 1912 and until further orders.

The 7th June, 1912.

No. 187-*F.E.*—Mr. W. S. Adie, I.C.S., Officiating Accountant General, Burma, has been granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-three days, with effect from the 28th May 1912.

Mr. A. Newmarch has been appointed to officiate as Accountant General, Burma, with effect from the 28th May 1912 and until further orders.

The services of Mr. W. S. Adie, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the 20th August 1912.

No. 188-F.E.—Mr. W. H. Lett, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the Office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that Office, with effect from the 24th May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 189-F.E.—Mr. R. F. George, an Accountant, 1st grade, in the Office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Accountant, Class II, in that Office, with effect from the 20th May 1912 and until further orders.

H. F. HOWARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

No. 4276-4280-133.

Simla, the 4th June, 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

In the Resolution of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 913-918-115, dated the 2nd February 1910, the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department was reorganised, a scheme of administration by circles being introduced on the lines recommended by the Telegraph Committee of 1906. The scheme included the substitution of time scales of pay for the graded system of promotion formerly in force and the introduction of a distinction between the Imperial and the Provincial Services in respect of promotion to the rank of Superintendent by the reservation for the latter service of twelve out of the thirty-four divisional charges sanctioned in that Resolution. The reservation of divisions for the Provincial Service involved the abolition of the system previously in force by which officers of that service received promotion *pari passu* with officers of the Imperial Service. It was hoped that the improvement in the rates of pay would have induced the officers of the Provincial Service to accept the new conditions, but this hope has not been fulfilled. Memorials were received from the officers themselves, from which it was clear that they attached great importance to the continuance of the previous system of equality of promotion with officers of the Imperial Service; and it was further represented that the scale of pay fixed for them, although an improvement on the rates obtaining under the old graded system of promotion, was disproportionate to the improved scale fixed for the Imperial Service and was inadequate. In view of these representations and with the desire to satisfy the reasonable requests of the memorialists the Governor General in Council formulated a revised scheme, which has now received the approval of His Majesty's Secretary of State for India.

2. The Governor General in Council is pleased to announce that in future the reservation of divisions for the Provincial Service of the Telegraph Department will be abolished, and officers of both the Imperial and Provincial Services will, provided they are fully qualified, be equally eligible for promotion to the rank of Superintendent on the occurrence of permanent vacancies in divisional charges. Further, with effect from the 1st April 1911, the following rates of pay have been sanctioned for the officers of the Provincial Service:—

						Rs.
1st	year of service	...	...	...	...	250
2nd	ditto	...	...	...	...	275
3rd	ditto	...	...	...	...	300
4th	ditto	...	...	...	...	325
5th	ditto	...	...	...	...	350
6th	ditto	...	...	...	...	375
7th	ditto	...	...	...	...	400
8th	ditto	...	...	...	...	425
9th	ditto	...	...	...	...	450

		Rs.
10th	year of service	500
11th	ditto	535
12th	ditto	570
13th	ditto	605
14th	ditto	640
15th	ditto	675
16th	ditto	710
17th	ditto	745
18th	ditto	780
19th	ditto	815
20th	ditto	850

After completing five years' service on Rs. 850, a special increment may be granted to deserving officers who may not be promoted to administrative rank. The pay of officers rising to administrative rank will remain as at present.

3. It will be seen that there will be a rise in the rate of increment after the ninth year of service, while the maximum of the scale (omitting consideration of the special increment) will be reached in the 20th year, the conditions of service in both these respects being assimilated to those applying to Imperial officers. In order to secure uniformity of treatment in other respects, it is necessary to make certain further alterations with regard to—

(i) the maximum of pay and allowances admissible to an Assistant Superintendent officiating in charge of a division;

(ii) the maximum pay of an officer who is not declared fit to hold charge of a division; and

(iii) the maximum pay of an Assistant Superintendent who, though declared fit to hold charge of a division, is not actually holding such charge, or a charge which is recognised as of equal importance.

These alterations are explained in the following paragraph.

4. (1) Under the present system an Assistant Superintendent officiating in charge of a division draws an acting allowance of Rs. 100 a month, subject to a maximum salary of Rs. 700 in the Imperial Service (in the case of an officer of less than 8 years' service) and Rs. 650 a month in the Provincial Service. It has now been decided that the pay of the eleventh year shall be the maximum of pay and allowances admissible to an Assistant Superintendent (Imperial or Provincial) with less than 10 years' service, when officiating in charge of a division. That is to say, an Assistant Superintendent officiating in divisional charge, whose pay under the time scale is less than Rs 800 in the case of the Imperial Service or Rs. 535 in the case of the Provincial Service, will draw an officiating allowance of Rs. 100, subject to a maximum of Rs 800 in the former and Rs 5 5 in the latter, and provided further that the sum of pay *plus* acting allowance shall in no case exceed the pay of any permanent Superintendent of the Imperial or Provincial Service, as the case may be.

(2) The existing rules permit an officer not declared fit to hold divisional charge to proceed to Rs. 660 (the pay of the eighth year of service) in the Imperial, and Rs. 600 (the pay of the fifteenth year) in the Provincial Service. For the future an officer who is found unfit for divisional charge will not go beyond the point after which the increments in both services rise, *i.e.*, the pay of the ninth year, Rs. 700 in the Imperial and Rs. 450 in the Provincial Service.

(3) In the case of an Assistant Superintendent qualified for, but not actually holding charge of, a division, or a charge which is recognised as of equal importance, the maximum pay will henceforth be that of the eleventh year for both services, *i.e.*, Rs. 800 in the Imperial and Rs. 535 in the Provincial Service.

5. These revised rates of pay are introduced with retrospective effect from the 1st April 1911; but if in any case any officer has between the 1st April 1911 and the date of this Resolution drawn, in accordance with the terms of the Resolution of 2nd February 1910, a higher total salary than would be admissible under the terms now sanctioned, no refund will be required. Further, any officers who did not elect the revised rates of pay introduced in the Resolution of the 2nd February 1910, or who elected from a later date, are given the option of electing those rates from the 19th December 1909 to the 31st March 1911, but no option is allowed to Provincial Service officers to elect or decline the revised terms now published.

ORDERED—That this Resolution be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information, and that it be communicated to the Home, Finance and Public Works Departments of the Government of India, to the Director General, Posts and Telegraphs, and to the Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs.

TELEGRAPHS.

The 8th June, 1912.

No. 4294—95.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following alterations shall be made in the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry (Telegraphs), No. 6975—137, dated the 16th of September 1909, as subsequently amended, namely:

In Rule 5, for the word "natives" the words "the public" shall be substituted.

In Rule 18, clause "(*g*)" shall be altered to "(*c*)" and placed in its proper alphabetical order.

Clauses "(*c*), (*d*), (*e*) and (*f*)" shall be altered to "(*d*), (*e*), (*f*) and (*g*)", respectively.

In clause (*e*), the quotations "(*c*)" and "(*d*)" shall be altered to "(*d*)" and "(*e*)", respectively.

In clause (*h*), the heading "*Mixed Telegrams*" shall be inserted.

In clauses "(*j*), (*k*) and (*l*)", the quotation "(*g*)" shall be altered to "(*c*)".

In Rule 53, clause (*b*), the quotations "(*c*)" and "(*d*)" shall be altered to "(*d*)" and "(*e*)" respectively.

In Rule 105, for the words "Secret language" the word "Cipher" shall be substituted.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 8th June, 1912.

No. 4330—4.—Mr. F. S. Punnett is appointed a Collector in Class III of the Imperial Customs Service, with effect from the 1st June 1912, and is posted to Bombay.

No 4334—4.—The following permanent and officiating promotions of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 1st June 1912:

Name.	From	To
Mr. J. A. Stevens	Assistant Collector, class II, sub. *pro tem.*	Assistant Collector, class II, substantive.
Rao Bahadur S. T. Bhandare ...	Assistant Collector, class III, sub. *pro tem.* and officiating in class II.	Assistant Collector, class III, substantive, and officiating in class II.
Mr. W. W. Nind	Assistant Collector, class IV, officiating.	Assistant Collector, class IV, substantive.
Mr. G N. Bower	Assistant Collector, class V, substantive.	Assistant Collector, class IV, officiating.
Mr. A. R. Bennett	Assistant Collector, class V, officiating.	Assistant Collector, class V, substantive.

No. 4344—4.—The following permanent promotions of officers in the Bombay Custom House are notified, with effect from the 1st June 1912:

Name	From	To
Mr. H. Crawford	1st Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, sub. *pro tem.*	1st Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, substantive.
Mr. R. W. Maidment ...	2nd Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, sub. *pro tem.*	2nd Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, substantive.

No. 4345—4.—Mr. T. H. Potts, sub. *pro tem.* 3rd Assistant Collector of Customs, Bombay, is reverted to his substantive appointment with effect from the 1st June 1912.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 8th June, 1912.

No. 4368-88.—Mr. G. H. Tipper, Officiating Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the 7th June 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 4369-88.—Dr. G. E. Pilgrim, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is appointed as Palaeontologist, Geological Survey of India, with effect from the 1st June *vice* Mr. G. H. Tipper.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th June 1912.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 524.—The Hon'ble Major-General Sir M. H. S. Grover, K.C.I.E., C.B., Indian Army, Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, is granted combined leave for five months, the first sixty days being privilege leave and the remainder leave on private affairs; with effect from the 13th June 1912 or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

B. HOLLOWAY, *Colonel,*
Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 525.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointments on His Excellency's Personal Staff :—

To be Honorary Aides-de-Camp.

Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Mackenzie, Commandant, Southern Provinces Mounted Rifles, *vice* Colonel A. G. Norton-Knight, Commandant, Madras Artillery Volunteers, " The Duke's Own ", resigned. Dated 7th April 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. J. Agabeg, Chota Nagpur Light Horse. Dated 15th May 1912.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 526.—Mr. W. C. Debenham, officiating Superintendent, 1st Grade, Mr. L. N. Bose, officiating Superintendent, 2nd Grade, and Sub-Conductor R. Tharle-Hughes, officiating Superintendent, 3rd Grade, are confirmed in those grades, *vice* Mr. P. Bonarjee, retired; with effect from the 6th June 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 527.—Major C. M. Mathew, I.M.S., Medical Officer, 92nd Punjabis, is appointed to officiate as Medical Storekeeper to Government, Calcutta, *vice* Major W. D. Hayward, M.B., I.M.S., appointed to act as Medical Storekeeper to Government, Madras, during the absence of Major W. G. Richards, M.B., I.M.S., granted leave; with effect from the 25th March 1912.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 528.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

" London Gazette," dated the 14th May 1912, page 3482.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
May 14, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, Indian Subordinate Medical Department, and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

Augustus de Thierry Mouillot, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 8th April 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Captain to be Major.

Leonard Joseph Montagu Deas, M.B., F.R.C.S.E. Dated 28th December 1911.

NOTE.—The promotion of the undermentioned Majors to their present rank notified in the London Gazette of 22nd March 1912, has effect from 28th December 1911, and not from 28th January 1912, as therein stated :—

James Drummond Graham, M.B.

Cuthbert Allan Sprawson, M.D.

Maxwell MacKelvie, M.B., F.R.C.S E.

William Henry Cazaly, M.B.

Walter Valentine Coppinger, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.

William Mitchell Houston, M.B.

William David Acheson Keys, M.D.

Alexander Chalmers, M.B., F.R.C.S.I.

Samuel Robert Godkin, F.R.C S.I.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeons with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the Honorary rank of Captain.

Dated 12th March 1912.

Daniel O'Connell Murphy.

Valentine Vincent Chiodetti.

To be Senior Assistant Surgeons with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Dated 12th March 1912.

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Reginald Alexander Bœrmel.

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Henry Lovell William Clark.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Assistant Commissary with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant to be Deputy Commissary with the Honorary rank of Captain.

Isaac William Seymore. Dated 4th March 1912.

To be Assistant Commissaries with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Dated 4th March 1912.

Conductor Samuel Knight.

Conductor Rees Ross.

The KING has approved of the resignation of the undermentioned officer of the Indian Army :—

Captain Charles James White. Dated 8th May 1912.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, and Indian Subordinate Medical Department :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Griffiths. Dated 11th November 1911.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Colonel Douglas ffrench-Mullen, M.D. Dated 25th March 1912.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain Cajetan Marie De Souza. Dated 19th April 1912.

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"London Gazette," dated the 17th May 1912, pages 3583 and 3584.

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War Office,

17th May 1912.

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MEMORANDA.

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The undermentioned officers Indian Army to be Colonels. Dated 2nd January 1912:—

Brevet-Colonel Thomas A. Harrison.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander H. Eustace, D.S.O.

Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander S. Cobbe, V.C., D.S.O.

Lieutenant-Colonel William H. Millar.

Lieutenant-Colonel Charles M. Cartwright.

Dated 14th January 1912:—

Lieutenant-Colonel Benjamin Holloway.

Lieutenant-Colonel FitzJames M. Edwards, D.S.O.

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PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 529.—Consequent on the retirement of Lieutenant-Colonel A. S. Rooke, Indian Army, Supernumerary List, the following promotions are made:—

Lieutenant-Colonel E. Waller, 2nd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, is promoted to 1st Grade Cantonment Magistrate, substantively,

Lieutenant-Colonel C. Herbert, D.S.O., 3rd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, is promoted to 2nd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, substantively, and

Captain R. Scott, Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, is promoted to 3rd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, substantively,

with effect from the 7th March 1912.

No. 530.—The undermentioned 3rd Grade Cantonment Magistrates are granted increased Staff pay at the rate of Rs. 400 per mensem:—

Major J. H. Peck, with effect from the 19th May 1912.

Captain A. M. E. H. T. Walker, with effect from the 21st May 1912.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 531.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Lieutenant-Colonels to be Colonels.

23rd February 1912.

Richard Henry Dugdale Thring.

19th March 1912.

Cecil Davis.

Captains to be Majors.

2nd June 1912.

William Desmond Villiers-Stuart, 5th Gurkha Rifles (Frontier Force).

Harry Edward Spiller Cordeaux, C.B., C.M.G., Civil Employ.

William Thurburn Barry, Cantonment Magistrates' Department.

Harold Lake Compton Turner, 9th Gurkha Rifles.

Francis Adams, 28th Light Cavalry.

Lieutenant to be Captain.

6th June 1912.

Edward Bertram Fawcett, 92nd Punjabis.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Army Department Notification No. 282, dated the 7th April 1911.
Army Department Notification No. 822, dated the 29th September 1911.

No. 532.—With reference to the notifications quoted in the margin, the promotion to the present rank of Major Ernest Reinhold Rost, published in Army Department Notification No. 74, dated the 31st January 1908, is antedated from the 2[illegible]th January 1908 to the 29th July 1907.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Amalgamated List.

No. 533.—Staff-Sergeant Frederick Charles Warner to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor James Henry Fitter, Northern Army List, appointed Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Kirkee, *seconded*; with effect from the 24th April 1912.

No. 534.—Sub-Conductor George Edward Clarke to be Conductor on the Southern Army List and Staff-Sergeant Charles Henry Parsons to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List, *vice* Walter Macbeth Nicholson, Southern Army List, deceased; with effect from the 26th April 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 535.—Sub-Conductor James Albert Bosworth to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant William Alfred Darby, (late) Madras List, to be Sub-Conductor, but on the Amalgamated List, to rank next to Sub-Conductor Roland Richard Berthold Cullen,

vice Conductor (Supernumerary Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant) Henry Gilbert Booth, retired; with effect from the 15th March 1912.

No. 536.—Sub-Conductor Hugh Mansfield Alexander to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Oliver Tattersall, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor, but on the Amalgamated List, and to rank next to Sub-Conductor Frederick Perry,

vice Joseph George Waldron, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 30th April 1912.

(Late) Madras List.

No. 537.—Sub Conductor Donald Frederick Cluney Davidson to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Samuel Henry Fowler to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Stephen Daly, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st March 1912.

(Late) Bombay List.

No. 538.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Frederick John Skinner to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Henry Graveson to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Jack Seymour Cooke to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant James Frank Gale, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor, but on the Amalgamated List, and to rank next to Sub-Conductor William Henry Taylor,

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Phillip Phillips, retired; with effect from the 6th April 1912.

Amalgamated List.

No. 539.—Staff-Sergeant Roland Richard Berthold Cullen, (late) Madras List, to be Sub-Conductor and to rank next to Sub-Conductor George Richard Tomlin Stephens, *vice* Arthur Adrian Norton, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 22nd February 1912.

No. 540.—Staff-Sergeant William Henry Taylor to be Sub-Conductor and to rank next to Sub-Conductor William Alfred Darby, *vice* Henry Thomas Acott, (late) Bombay List, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 31st March 1912.

No. 541.—Staff-Sergeant Frederick Perry to be Sub-Conductor and to rank next to Sub-Conductor James Frank Gale, *vice* Henry Heapy, (late) Bengal-Punjab List, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 6th April 1912.

No. 542.—Staff-Sergeant Charles Patrick Echlin to be Sub-Conductor and to rank next to Sub-Conductor Oliver Tattersall, *vice* Edward Sherred, deceased; with effect from the 12th May 1912.

BARRACK DEPARTMENT, PUNJAB-BENGAL.

No. 543.—Sub-Conductor Patrick O'Connor, Assistant Barrack Master, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Ernest Wake, Barrack Sergeant, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice E. McCulloch, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

MISCELLANEOUS LIST.

Madras.

No. 544.—Sub-Conductor Robert Kenny to be Conductor; with effect from the 24th May 1912.

No. 545.—Sub-Conductor George William Twiddy to be Conductor; with effect from the 24th May 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 546.—The following promotions are made:—

Aden Troop.

Kote-Dafadar Muhammad Isa Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Abdul Karim transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 25th February 1912.

21st Kohat Mountain Battery (Frontier Force).

Jemadar Mit Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Khan Beg to be Jemadar, *vice* Harditt Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th May 1912.

1st King George's Own Sappers and Miners.

Jemadar Ram Autar Patak to be Subadar and Havildar Abdul Aziz Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Sher Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st June 1912.

3rd Sappers and Miners.

Havildar Ali Bahadur to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Ahmad, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

2nd Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles.

Havildar-Major Gopi Sing Rawat to be Jemadar, *vice* Jagat Sing Negi, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 20th May 19.2.

99th Deccan Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Shaikh Sadiq Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Nekiram, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 7th August 1911.

1st Battalion, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Jemadar Pirthi Sing Rana to be Subadar and Havildar Kalu Gurung to be Jemadar, *vice* Man Sing Thapa, appointed Subadar-Major, 1st Battalion, 1st King George's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Malaun Regiment); with effect from the 1st January 1912.

1st Battalion, 8th Gurkha Rifles.

Subadar Rukman Sahi to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Makhan Sing Gurung to be Subadar and Havildar Dhanbir Thapa to be Jemadar, *vice* Nawal Sing Rana, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st June 1912.

2nd Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles.

Colour-Havildar Asthir Rai to be Jemadar, *vice* Jangbir Rai, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

Colour-Havildar Lakhdhoj Rai to be Jemadar, *vice* Maniraj Limbu, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 547.—The undermentioned warrant officers have been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the dates specified :—

Sub-Conductor Arthur Adrian N'Con, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bengal-Punjab List,—22nd February 1912.

Conductor Ernest McCulloch, Barrack Master, Military Works Services,—1st May 1912.

No. 548.—The date of the transfer to the pension establishment of Conductor Joseph George Waldron, Supply and Transport Corps, (late) Bengal-Punjab List, is 30th April 1912 and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 464, dated the 17th May 1912.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 549.—No. 1276, 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Gurmukh Singh is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 31st May 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 550.—Mr. P. Bonarjee, Superintendent, 1st Grade, is permitted to retire from the service; with effect from the 6th June 1912.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 551.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Major-General Sir John George Ramsay, K.C.B.,—1st May 1912.

Major Norman Baskervyle Glegg Strong, 26th King George's Own Light Cavalry,—18th June 1912.

Major Harry Edward Spiller Cordeaux, C.B., C.M.G.,— 2nd June 1912.

No. 552.—The undermentioned departmental officer with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the date specified :—

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Brookes, Ordnance Department, Southern Army,—1st May 1909.

(*Army Department Notification No. 656, dated the 9th July 1909, is hereby cancelled.*)

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse, 1st (Southern) Regiment.

No. 553.—Captain Richard Aloysius Plunkett, Army Veterinary Corps, to be Veterinary Officer. Dated 1st March 1912.

Nagpur Volunteer Rifles.

No. 554.—Major Alfred Edmond Lowrie, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No. 555.—Patrick James Anderson to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Henry Hacking to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 556.—Ernest Horatio Ashworth to be Major, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 4th May 1912.

Second Lieutenant Invor Colin Dare, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated 30th March 1912.

Moulmein Volunteer Rifles.

No. 557.—Surgeon-Lieutenant Clarence Griffiths Evers resigns his commission. Dated 1st May 1912.

Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles.

No. 558.—Captain John Charles Burnham resigns his commission. Dated 1st May 1912.

The Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway Rifles.

No. 559.—Captain William Heaton, V.D., resigns his commission and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Major with permission to wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Arthur Wellesley Parsons to be Captain, *vice* W. Heaton, V.D., resigned. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Harold Lingard to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Hugh Fraser to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant John Atholl MacGregor to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. W. Parsons, promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

Percy Charles Woodd to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Assam-Bengal Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 560.—Lieutenant Adam Robertson Cameron resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Ernest Whitney Thomas to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

East Coast Volunteer Rifles.

No. 561.—Captain George Frederick Paddison resigns his commission. Dated 25th April 1912.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

4

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 7th June 1912.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 22nd May and 4th June 1912.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. a. p.	
Edward William Mason*	Sub-Conductor	Military Works Services.	27th December 1911.	Testate ...	592 7 8	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bombay.

* *Widow.*—Mrs. Sarah Anne Mason, C/o Head Clerk, Office of Commanding Royal Engineer, 4th (Quetta) Division, Quetta.
Sons.—(1) Edward Rohan Easter Mason (7 years).
(2) Frederic Charles Horatio Mason (0 years).
Father.—Captain E. W. Mason, late Military Works Services, Shaik Munda, near Quetta.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 7th June 1912.

LEAVE.

No. 32.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Engineer T. Kerr, Royal Indian Marine,—one day (private affairs).

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st June, 1912.

No. 62.—Colonel C. A. R. Browne, Manager, Eastern Bengal Railway, is granted furlough for three months under Article 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations with effect from the 17th May 1912.

No. 63.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 62, dated the 1st June 1912, Mr. H. B. Holmes, Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as Manager of that Railway.

No. 64.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 63, dated the 1st June 1912, Mr. W. E. S. McGregor, Deputy Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as Traffic Superintendent on that railway.

The 5th June, 1912.

No. 65.—Mr. D. Thomson, Coal Superintendent, is granted combined leave for 9 months (privilege leave due and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 7th March 1912.

No. 66.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 65, dated the 5th June 1912, Mr. C. S. Whitworth, Assistant Coal Superintendent, is appointed to officiate as Coal Superintendent.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,
Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE

Simla, the 6th June 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 1st June 1912, is published for general information.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports	Plague seizures	Plague deaths
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	14	10
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port		...
		Broach District		
		Kaira "	...	
		Mahi Kantha Agency		...
		Palanpur "		[illegible]
		Rewa Kantha "		...
		Bulsar Port		...
		Surat Town and Port	...	
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	5	4
		Surat Agency	...	
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra "	2	2
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "		
		Thana "	...	...
		Chinchani Port	1	1
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District		...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	...	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	...	...
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag "	1	...
		Kolaba District		...
		Vengurla Port	2	1
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	41	22
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	...	...
		Kanara "	5	1
		Bijapur "	...	1
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantvadi State		

In the return for the week ending 25th May 1912 *read* 2 imported deaths for *nil* against Ahmedabad City

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	8	12
		Karachi District	...	...
		Sukkur "	...	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	...	...
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	1(a)	1(a)
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	3	3
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	...	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		Murad Port	...	...
		TOTAL	113	88
Madras Presidency	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	2	2
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	2	2
		Godavri "	2(a)	...
		The Nilgiris "	7	5
		Salem District	...	...
		Tinnevelly District	...	...
		Sandur State	...	...
		TOTAL	13	9
Bengal	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	...
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	1	1
		Howrah District	4	4
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	1(a)	1(a)
		Calcutta	33(b)	30
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	39	36

(a) Imported.
(b) Three imported.

In the return for the week ending 25th May 1912 *read* 3 imported seizures and 1 imported death against the Sukkur District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	6	6
		Patna District	25	18
		Gaya Town	...	...
		Gaya District	...	...
		Shahabad District	26	16
	Tirhut	Saran District	61	59
		Champaran District	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	20	13
		Darbhanga District	40	56
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	1	1
		Monghyr District	5	5
		Bhagalpur Town	1	1
		Bhagalpur District	...	...
		Sonthal Parganas District	...	...
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	...	1
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	185	176
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	...	...
		Saharanpur District	1	1
		Muzaffarnagar District	45	40
		Meerut City	2	1
		Meerut District	...	...
		Bulandshahr District	16	15
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	1	1
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	...	...
		Farrukhabad City	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	2	2
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	1	1
		Etawah District	2	2
		Etah District	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	...
		Bareilly District	1	1
		Bijnor District	...	...
		Budaun District	...	...
		Moradabad District	5	7
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	1	2
		Pilibhit District	4	4

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	...	...
		Cawnpur District	...	..
		Fatehpur ,,	...	...
		Hamirpur ,,	...	...
		Allahabad City	...	...
		Allahabad District	7	4
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	...	...
		Jalaun ,,	...	.
	Benares	Benares City	...	...
		Benares District	...	...
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	...	...
		Jaunpur ,,	...	...
		Ghazipur ,,	10	8
		Ballia ,,	56	54
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	11	8
		Basti ,,	5	7
		Azamgarh ,,	12	15
	Kumaun	Naini Tal ,,	7	8
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	8	8
		Lucknow District	17	17
		Unao ,,	18	19
		Rae Bareli ,,	3	3
		Sitapur ,,	12	6
		Hardoi ,,	5	5
		Kheri ,,	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	9	6
		Gonda ,,	4	6
		Bahraich ,,	...	1
		Sultanpur ,,	...	...
		Partabgarh ,,	...	...
		Bara Banki ,,	42	32
		TOTAL	307	284
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City	*	*
		Delhi District	...	...
		Gurgaon ,,	20	20
		Rohtak ,,	19	17
		Karnal ,,	90	86
		Hissar ,,	*	*
		Ambala ,,	74	64
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	56	51
		Jullundur City	...	...
		Jullundur District	60	39
		Ludhiana ,,	76	58
		Ferozepore ,,	*	*

* Report not received.

In the return for the week ending 25th May 1912 *read* 8 for 4 deaths against the Hardoi District and 23 seizures 24 deaths against the Rohtak District.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	11	11
		Amritsar District	...	...
		Gurdaspur District	95	19
		Sialkot District	107	107
		Gujranwala District	*	*
		Lahore City	...	...
		Lahore District	9	5
	Rawalpindi	Gujrat District	55	47
		Shahpur District	22	20
		Jhelum "	...	...
		Rawalpindi District	4	1
		Attock District	*	*
	Multan	Montgomery District	18	17
		Lyallpur "	4	2
		Jhang "	2	2
		Multan "	*	*
		Muzaffargarh "	...	...
	...	Patiala City	5	5
		Patiala State	33	18
		Nabha "	13	18
		Jind State	23	16
		Kapurthala State	*	*
		Kalsia "	*	*
		Dujana "	*	*
		Malerkotla "	...	...
		TOTAL	796	623
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	15	11
		Hanthawaddy District	2	2
		Pegu District	1	1
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	...	...
		Maubin District	3	3
		Pyapon "	2	2
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton District	4	4
		Moulmein Town	16	16
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	...
		Bhamo District	2	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	...	...
		TOTAL	45	40

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	...	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	...
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	...	...
		Saugor District	...	...
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	...	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Norbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	3	3
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	7	7
		Mysore City	...	...
		Mysore District	1	1
		Hassan "	3	...
		Kadur "	...	...
		Kolar "	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	...	...
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga "	3	3
		Chitaldroog "	...	...
		TOTAL	17	14

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	...	...
		Aurangabad "	...	..
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	1	1
		Nander "	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs	...	...
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	...	...
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	...	...
		TOTAL	1 (a)	1 (a)
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	...	...
		Rutlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	...	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Praut of Gwalior	...	...
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	...	...
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

(a) From 20th to 26th May 1912.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitaman State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh "	...	...
		Orchha "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Mewar State	...	...
		Jodhpur City	...	...
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	19	19
		Jaipur	...	...
		Bikanor	...	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	3	1
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	2	1
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Ajmer District	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		Kotah	...	...
		TOTAL	24 (a)	21 (a)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	20	9
		TOTAL	20	9
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	1,560	1,301

(a) For the week ending 31st May 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 6th June 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The feeble advance of monsoon winds referred to last week exhausted itself at sea without giving much rain in the Peninsula, and it was succeeded by another advance on the 2nd which was affecting the Malabar coast up to the close of the week. Rainfall due to this second advance was however not heavy and was confined to southern India. The advance was associated with an area of low pressure such as usually accompanies advances of the monsoon, and the light character of the rainfall and its failure to extend northwards were probably due to the rain current of the monsoon being at a considerable distance from the coast. In northeast India rainfall was local and persistent, while in Burma it occurred chiefly on the last three days of the week. Over the rest of India weather was unusually dry.

2. Temperature conditions were fairly normal except in the area including the Central Provinces, Hyderabad and the Bombay Deccan, where unusually high day temperatures were recorded during the second half of the week.

3. *Burma.*—Very little rain fell on the 30th and 31st May, but on the 1st June rainfall increased in Lower Burma and during the rest of the week was fairly general over the whole province.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rain fell more or less continuously in Assam and North Bengal, and some heavy amounts were registered on the 3rd, 4th and 5th June, but over the rest of the division rainfall was local.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Weather was dry.

Northwest India.—Sonamarg, Udaipur and Rajkot were the only stations that reported falls of rain exceeding a tenth of an inch.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was confined almost entirely to south Madras and occurred chiefly on the 3rd and 4th June. A few falls were reported from Mysore, the Madras Deccan, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.

4. The chief daily falls of rain were as follows:—

May 30th. Victoria Point 2·28", Bhamo 1·15", Mymensingh 2·07", Dinajpur 3·60" and Purnea 1·44".

" 31st. Myitkyina 1·12", Cherrapunji 2·67", Chitaldrug 1·00" and Bellary 0·68".

June 1st. Gauhati 1·43", Cuttack 1·50", Bangalore 1·45" and Cochin 2·06".

" 2nd. Mandalay 2·92", Monywa 1·30", Sibsagar 1·31" and Dinajpur 1·87".

" 3rd. Yamethin 0·99", Mandalay 1·40". Maymyo 0·95", Dhubri 2·00", Mymensingh 3·81", Bogra 3·45", Jalpaiguri 1·27", Purnea 1·67", Mangalore 1·35", Cochin 2·30", Trivandrum 1·57", Trichinopoly 2·70" and Nellore 0·91".

" 4th. Kyaukpyu 1·78", Akyab 2·25", Mandalay 1·09", Maymyo 0·93", Lashio 1·09", Silchar 1·73", Cherrapunji 6·23", Mymensingh 3·11", Jalpaiguri 3·63", Darjiling 3·53", Purnea 1·20", Darbhanga 1·08", Mysore 1·47", Trichinopoly 1·35" and Coimbatore 1·08".

" 5th. Rangoon 1·81", Kyaukpyu 3·54", Akyab 2·28", Myitkyina 0·87", Silchar 2·10", Cherrapunji 4·42", Narayanganj 1·09", Mymensingh 3·73", Bogra 1·99", Dinajpur 3·40", Balasore 0·85", Chaibasa 0·39", Mangalore 1·02" and Calicut 2·09".

5. The week's rainfall was above the average in Bengal, Bihar, Mysore and Madras Southeast, and practically normal in Upper Burma, Assam, Orissa and the Madras Deccan. Of the remaining divisions, the deficiency was largest in the Bay Islands, Lower Burma, the Konkan and Malabar.

The rainfall for the period from 3rd May to 6th June exceeded the normal by more than 20 per cent only in Kashmir and Central India East. It was nearly normal in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Bihar, Mysore and Madras Southeast. Of the divisions in which it was in defect, the deficiency measured in inches was largest in the Bay Islands (14") the Konkan (4") and Malabar (3").

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 6th June 1912. Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Rainfall data from 3rd May 1912 to 6th June 1912. Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Seasonal percentage departure from normal. This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	1·3	5·1	−3·8	6·7	21·0	−14·3	−68	−66
Lower Burma	2·7	4·6	−1·9	15·9	18·1	−2·2	−12	−2
Upper Burma	2·0	2·1	−0·1	7·0	7·3	−0·3	−4	−4
Assam*	3·6	3·7	−0·1	14·2	13·8	+0·4	+3	+5
Bengal	3·6	2·6	+1·0	10·3	9·8	+0·5	+5	−7
Orissa	0·9	0·8	+0·1	1·9	4·2	−2·3	−55	−71
Chota Nagpur	0·2	0·7	−0·5	2·1	3·2	−1·1	−34	−24
Bihar	1·4	1·0	+0·4	3·5	3·5	0	0	−16
United Provinces, East	0	0·2	−0·2	0·7	0·9	−0·2	−22	0
United Provinces, West	0	0·2	−0·2	0·4	0·9	−0·5	−56	−43
Punjab, East and North	0	0·1	−0·1	0·4	0·8	−0·4	−50	−43
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·5	−0·4	−80	−75
Kashmir	0·1	0·3	−0·2	2·9	2·4	+0·5	+21	+33
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	−0·1	0·3	0·7	−0·4	−57	−50
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·1	0·3	−0·2	−67	−67
Sind	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rajputana, West	0	0·1	−0·1	0·1	0·4	−0·3	−75	−67
Rajputana, East	0·1	0·2	−0·1	0·5	0·8	−0·3	−37	−33
Gujarat	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Central India, West	0	0·2	−0·2	0·2	0·6	−0·4	−67	−50
Central India, East	0	0	0	0·6	0·3	+0·3	+100	+100
Berar	0	0·7	−0·7	0	1·1	−1·1	−100	−100
Central Provinces, West	0	0·4	−0·4	0·1	1·0	−0·9	−90	−83
Central Provinces, East	0	0·5	−0·5	0·2	1·2	−1·0	−83	−71
Konkan	0	4·4	−4·4	1·5	5·7	−4·2	−74	+15
Bombay Deccan	0·2	1·1	−0·9	0·9	2·1	−1·2	−57	−30
Hyderabad, North	0	0·5	−0·5	0·4	1·0	−0·6	−60	−20
Hyderabad, South	0·1	0·7	−0·6	0·6	1·4	−0·8	−57	−29
Mysore	2·4	1·1	+1·3	4·6	4·8	−0·2	−4	−41
Malabar	3·2	5·3	−2·1	9·7	12·9	−3·2	−25	−14
Madras, Southeast	1·0	0·4	+0·6	2·4	2·3	+0·1	+4	−26
Madras Deccan	0·5	0·6	−0·1	0·8	1·9	−1·1	−58	−77
Madras Coast, North	0·2	0·6	−0·4	0·4	2·0	−1·6	−80	−86

* Information incomplete.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

Simla;
The 6th June 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 1st June 1912.

Burma.—The rainfall in general was very light but several districts report unusually heavy falls. Ploughing for the winter rice crop is becoming general in Lower Burma. In Upper Burma, ploughing for autumn rice, sesamum, groundnut and cotton is progressing normally. Cattle are in good condition. The price of unhusked rice has risen and is abnormal.

Assam.—The rainfall was moderate and favourable to crops. Harvesting of spring rice is over and sowing of jute is nearly finished. Ploughing for and sowing of winter rice continue. The price of common rice has risen by one per cent.

Bengal.—During the week the weather was seasonable and prospects of crops have on the whole improved. The average price of common rice continues however to rise. The average increase in price over that of the past week is 16 per cent. Cattle disease is reported from Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Bankura, Midnapore, Malda and Chittagong. There is a severe outbreak of disease among cattle in the Bagerhat sub-division of the district of Khulna.

Bihar and Orissa.—During the week generally light showers fell in many districts of the Province but the weather was generally hot. Preparation of land continues. Sowing of paddy and jute is going on. Sugarcane and other standing crops are doing well. The price of common rice is almost stationary. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient.

United Provinces.—The week was practically rainless. Extra crops and sugarcane are doing well. Sowing of cotton in irrigated tracts and of rice, maize and fodder crops in places has commenced. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from several districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is stationary with a slight downward tendency in the case of spring grains.

Punjab.—The week was rainless and hot. Harvesting of wheat continues and the outturn is normal to good. The condition of standing extra spring and autumn crops is good. Sowings of autumn crops are proceeding. The sown area is normal in irrigated tracts but is somewhat restricted in unirrigated tracts. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The week was rainless and the weather hot. The condition of standing crops is unchanged. Harvesting of spring crops continues. The outturn is average on irrigated areas but is below normal on unirrigated areas. Sowings of autumn crops are in progress. Cattle are in good condition. The fodder and water supply is generally sufficient. Prices are stationary but are falling slightly except in Dera Ismail Khan.

Jammu.—Slight rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 12 to 17 and maize from 18 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—No rain fell during the week. Zamindars are engaged in sowing paddy. Prices are unchanged. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is average.

Rajputana.—Local rain was received in several places, the maximum fall being 1 inch 37 cents in one district of Jodhpur. The weather is hot and generally cloudy. Preparations for autumn sowings are in progress. Pasturage and fodder are deficient in Merwara and parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies where cattle are consequently losing condition. The water-supply is deficient in many parts of Kotah and is diminishing in the Hilly Tracts of Mewar and in Merwara. Prices are generally high and stationary. The numbers on relief were:—Merwara, gratuitous relief 85. In the Dungarpur State there were 1,021 on works and 19 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Central India.—Slight showers fell in parts of Gwalior, Malwa and Indore. The weather is warm with occasional dust-storms. Land is being prepared for autumn crops in the Indore, Bhopal, Bundelkhand, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. The outturn of crops is good. Water is scarce in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen slightly in parts of Gwalior, are rising in Malwa and parts of Gwalior, are normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand and are fluctuating in Bhopawar and parts of Indore.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues but is not increasing. People on relief works are in good condition. There is no wandering or emaciation and no disinclination to resort to relief works. There is no influx of foreigners. Fodder is scarce. Prices of food grains range from 10½ to 11 seers per rupee. The number on relief works was:—Dhar 3,159, Ali Rajpur 2,820, Jobat 374 and Jhabua 746. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 661. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 178 and Ali Rajpur 57.

Central Provinces.—The weather is very hot and occasionally cloudy. Little or no rain fell anywhere during the week. Ploughing of land and construction of field embankments in rice districts are in progress. Cattle are in good condition. Insufficiency of water is reported in parts of ten districts and of fodder in six. Prices:—*Juar* rose by 3 and 2½ seers per rupee in Chanda and Buldana, respectively.

Feudatory States.—The usual preparation of land is in full swing. Prices:—Gram sells cheaper by 3 seers per rupee in Sirguja.

Bombay.—Rain fell during the week in parts of the Konkan, the Deccan and the Karnatak. Preparation of land for cultivation of autumn crops is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind and Gujarat and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices are high and generally stationary.

The weekly report on famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. People find employment in digging temporary wells. Suspension of land revenue has been granted and *takavi* is being freely advanced. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 8½ to 10 and maize at 9½ to 10 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 1st June were:—Panch Mahals, works 36,379, gratuitous 39,702, total 76,081. Kathiawar, on works 7,267. On gratuitous relief in Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan and the Karnatak, 20,584. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha and Rewa Kantha there were 6,442 on test works and 6,934 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The numbers on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending 1st June were:—10,291 workers, 3,174 dependents on works and 871 on gratuitous relief, total 14,336.

Hyderabad.—Rain fell throughout the Dominions except the Medak district. The highest falls were:—1 inch 66 cents in Shahpur, 1 inch 56 cents in Deodrug and 1 inch 50 cents in Yellareddi. The average for the Dominions was 33 cents. After the close of the week Mahbubnagar received 70 cents. Lands are being prepared throughout for monsoon sowings. Autumn sowings have commenced in a few parts. Cattle disease prevails in 8 talukas, fodder scarcity in 37 and water scarcity in 32. Prices:—wheat 6¾, coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 12½ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir, and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Bangalore, Tumkur, Mysore, Kadur and Shimoga and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are steady and markets are well supplied. Ploughing operations are in progress. Cattle are generally healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—The rainfall during the week was general. Ploughing for rice continues. Prices of food grains are slightly above normal. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—Light to fair rain fell in most districts. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowing of dry crops and paddy is proceeding normally in parts. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices show a tendency to rise.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	38,337	39,184	77,521	36,379	39,702	76,081	—1,440
Kathiawar	8,007	...	8,007	7,267	...	7,267	—740
Central India States . .	8,271	233	8,504	7,760	235	7,995	—509
Baroda	9,943	4,071	14,014	10,291	4,045	14,336	+322
Rajputana	1,154	69	1,223	1,021	19	1,040	—183
TOTAL .	65,712	43,557	109,269	62,718	44,001	106,719	—2,550

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 25th May 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF.							TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST.	
		Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	326
2	Panch Mahals	1,006	321,000	38,337	667	38,517	39,184	77,521	......	......
3	Kaira ...	1,595	692,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	9,882
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	7,415
5	Poona ...	2,274	329,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	917
6	West Khandesh.	2,530	230,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	756
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,004
8	Belgaum ...	816	113,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	54
9	Nasik ...	514	72,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	114
10	Bijapur ...	200	45,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	113
11	Dharwar ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	8,007	......	......	......	8,007	1,750	3,307
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	3,886	355
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	937	625
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	99	1
	Total Bombay	23,004	3,951,000	46,344	667	38,517	39,184	85,528	6,672	24,872
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	658	......	......	......	658	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur...	836	72,454	2,613	......	56	56	2,669	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	1,946	......	......	......	1,946	......	......
4	Dhar ...	456	69,766	3,054	......	177	177	3,231	......	......
	Total Central India States.	1,516	182,988	8,271	......	233	233	8,504	......	......
	BARODA STATE.									
1	Baroda ...	4,370	1,010,431	9,943	3,170	901	4,071	14,014	......	......
	RAJPUTANA.									
	Districts.									
1	Merwara ...	(Not known)	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	85
	Native States.									
1	Dungarpur	(Not known)	...	1,154	......	69	69	1,223	......	......

Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways.

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SIMLA; FRIDAY, JUNE 14, 1912.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE BATH.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in and appointments to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath :—

To be an ordinary member of the Military Division of the 2nd Class, or Knight Commander of the said Most Honourable Order.

Major-General ROBERT BELLEW ADAMS, V.C., C.B.

To be ordinary members of the Military Division of the 3rd Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order.

Brigadier-General LIONEL HERBERT, C.V.O., Indian Army, Commanding Rangoon Brigade.

Colonel COLQUHOUN GRANT ROCHE THACKWELL, D.S.O., Indian Army.

Colonel Francis Patrick Hutchinson, Indian Army.

Brigadier-General William Hugh Dobbie, Indian Army, Commanding Mandalay Brigade.

Brigadier-General Raleigh Gilbert Egerton, Indian Army, Commanding Ferozepur Brigade.

Brigadier-General Herbert Vaughan Cox, C.S.I., Indian Army, Commanding Rawalpindi Infantry Brigade.

Colonel Arnold Henry Grant Kemball, Indian Army.

Colonel Robert Maximilian Rainey-Robinson, Indian Army.

Colonel Robert Neil Campbell, C.I.E., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Assam.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the King, Emperor of India, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointments to the said Order:

To be Knights Commanders.

The Honourable Mr. John Nathaniel Atkinson, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George.

William Thomson Morison, Esquire, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, retired, lately an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay.

To be Companions.

ABBAS ALI BAIG, Esquire, a Member of the Council of India.

OSWALD CAMPBELL LEES, Esquire, M.I.C.E., retired, lately Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Burma, Public Works Department.

PAUL GREGORY MELITUS, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, lately a Member of the Board of Revenue, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Lieutenant-Colonel ALBERT EDWARD WOODS, Indian Army, Deputy Commissioner, Naga Hills.

WILLIAM EXALL TEMPEST BENNETT, Esquire, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.

Honorary Major SAHIBZADA OBAIDULLAH KHAN, Commandant, Bhopal Imperial Service Troops.

The Honourable Mr. WILLIAM OGILVIE HORNE, Indian Civil Service, 3rd Member of the Board of Revenue and Commissioner of Land Revenue and Forests, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations.

The Honourable Mr. PAZHAMARNERI SUNDARAM AIYAR SIVASWAMI AIYAR, C.I.E., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George.

WILLIAM HARRISON MORELAND, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, lately Director of Land Records and Agriculture, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, on special duty.

EDWARD ALBERT GAIT, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Census Commissioner for India.

Diwan Bahadur CHAUBE RAGHUNATH DAS, Diwan of the Kotah State, Rajputana.

Colonel LESTOCK HAMILTON REID, Judge Advocate-General in India.

The Honourable Surgeon-General HENRY WICKHAM STEVENSON, Indian Medical Service, Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointments to the said Order:

To be Knights Commanders.

JOHN TWIGG, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, retired, lately a Member of the Board of Revenue, and Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, Madras.

GEORGE ABRAHAM GRIERSON, Esquire, C.I.E., PH.D., D.LITT., Indian Civil Service, retired.

MARC AUREL STEIN, Esquire, C.I.E., PH.D., D.LITT., D.SC., Archæological Department, Superintendent, North-West Frontier Circle.

Major-General FRANCIS HENRY RUTHERFORD DRUMMOND, C.B., C.I.E., Indian Army (retired), lately Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops.

His Highness Rai-i-Rayan Maharawal Sri BIJAYA SINGH Bahadur, of Dungarpur, Rajputana.

The Honourable Nawab BAHRAM KHAN, C.I.E., Head of the Mazari Tribe in the Dera Ghazi Khan District and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Panjab for making Laws and Regulations.

HENRY ALEXANDER KIRK, Esquire, C.I.E., Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph.

To be Companions.

PIERCE LANGRISHE MOORE, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, President of the Municipal Corporation of Madras.

ALFRED CHATTERTON, Esquire, B.SC., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., Indian Educational Service, Superintendent of Industrial Education, Madras.

Major ARTHUR ABERCROMBY DUFF, 3rd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, lately Military Secretary to the Governor of Madras.

Major JOHN LAWRENCE WILLIAM FFRENCH-MULLEN, Indian Army, Commandant, Myitkyina Military Police Battalion, Burma.

BERNARD COVENTRY, Esquire, Imperial Agricultural Service, Director of Agricultural Research Institute, Officiating Inspector-General of Agriculture.

ALBERT JOHN HARRISON, Esquire, of the Mekhlanadi Saw Mills Company, Ltd., Lakhimpur, Assam.

RICHARD HAMILTON CAMPBELL, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Rao Bahadur BANGALORE PERUMAL ANNASWAMI MUDALIAR, a Member of the Municipal Committee of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

SIDNEY KILNER LEVETT YEATS, Esquire, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

FREDERICK GEORGE WIGLEY, Esquire, Bar-at-Law, Assistant Secretary, Legislative Department, Government of Bengal.

PRAFULLA CHANDRA RAY, Esquire, D.Sc., Educational Service, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta.

Colonel FRANCIS RAYMOND, F.R.C.V.S., Principal, Veterinary College, Belgachia, Bengal.

Colonel MICHAEL JOSEPH TIGHE, C.B., D.S.O., Commandant, 56th Panjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel WILLIAM BERNARD JAMES, M.V.O., 2nd Lancers, lately on duty with the Coronation Durbar Committee.

Major SYDNEY D'AGUILAR CROOKSHANK, M.V.O., Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces, on special duty.

EDWARD DENISON ROSS, Esquire, PH.D., In charge of the Records of the Government of India, and *ex-officio* Assistant Secretary, Education Department, Government of India.

JOHN HUGH COX, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Excise in Central India.

Khan Bahadur MUHAMMAD ISRAR HASAN KHAN, Provincial Civil Service, Judicial Minister, Bhopal State, Central India.

Major REGINALD O'BRYAN TAYLOR, 19th Lancers, lately Commandant of the Imperial Cadet Corps.

DAVID WANN AIKMAN, Esquire, Public Works Department, Sanitary Engineer, Panjab.

Rai Bahadur Pandit HARI KISHAN KAUL, Panjab Commission, Deputy Commissioner and Superintendent of Census Operations.

Lieutenant-Colonel FREDERICK WILLIAM WODEHOUSE, Bombay Political Department, Resident at Kolhapur, and Political Agent, Southern Mahratta Country.

Colonel RICHARD HENRY EWART, D.S.O., Indian Army, lately Director of Farms.

Colonel MAITLAND COWPER, Indian Army, lately General Staff Officer, Burma Division.

THOMAS WALKER ARNOLD, Esquire, Educational Adviser to Indian Students, India Office.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES HENRY JAMES, I.M.S., Officiating Joint Civil Surgeon of Simla, lately Medical Adviser, Patiala State.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on—

The Honourable Mr. Justice JOHN EDWARD POWER WALLIS, M.A., Bar-at-Law, a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort St. George, Madras.

JAGMOHANDAS VARJIVANDAS, Esquire, J.P., Merchant and Banker, Bombay.

The Honourable Mr. Justice CHETTUR SANKARAN NAIR, C.I.E., B.A., B.L., a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort St. George, Madras.

CAMPBELL KIRKMAN FINLAY, Esquire, Manager in Rangoon of the Burma Oil Company, and lately an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma for making Laws and Regulations.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Companions of the Imperial Service Order.

(a) Office of the Secretary of State for India.

THOMAS CHARLES FENTON, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, Staff Clerk, in charge of the Parliamentary Branch of the Record Department.

WILLIAM EDMONDSON PHELPS, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent of the India Store Depôt.

Sir RICHMOND THACKERAY RITCHIE, K.C.B., Permanent Under-Secretary of State for India.

(b) Civil Services in India.

The Honourable Sir CHARLES BAYLEY, K.C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu CHARU CHANDRA GOSWAMI, Registrar, Assam Secretariat, Revenue and General Departments.

WILLIAM JAMES DRAKE, Esquire, Registrar to the Government of India, Public Works Department.

MAUNG PO SA, Additional District Judge, Thaton, Burma.

JOHN CHARLES CLANCEY, Esquire, F.R.A.S., F.S.I., Assistant Director of Land Records, Burma.

The Honourable Nawab SAIYID MUHAMMAD, Khan Bahadur, Provincial Executive Service, Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

GEORGE JOSEPH ROGERS, Esquire, Extra Assistant Resident, Kashmir, and Superintendent, Kashmir Residency Office.

MUHAMMAD AZIZ-UD-DIN HUSSAIN SAHIB BAHADUR, Khan Bahadur, Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, Madras Presidency.

FRANCIS GEORGE MARSHALL, Esquire, Deputy Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs, Central Division, Madras Presidency.

M. R. RY. CHINGLEPUT RATNA MUDALIAR AVERGAL, Chief Interpreter, Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore, Madras.

ANDREW PETER MITCHELL, Esquire, Provincial Educational Service, Inspector of Schools, Central Provinces.

Babu RAM SMARAN LAL, Provincial Executive Service, Deputy Collector, Farrukhabad, United Provinces.

LEONARD CHARLES DIXON BEAN, Esquire, Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway.

Rao Bahadur KASHINATH KESHAV THAKUR, M.A., LL.B., Provincial Civil Service, Divisional and Sessions Judge, Nagpur, Central Provinces.

CONLY JAMES DEASE, Esquire, Superintendent of Post Offices, North-West Frontier Province.

ISA CHARAN CHANDU LAL, Esquire, Panjab Provincial Civil Service, Settlement Officer, Gujranwala, Panjab.

HENRY RAYNOR GOULDING, Esquire, V.D., Assistant Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Panjab.

Rao Bahadur VITHALRAI HIMATRAM, Daftardar, Kathiawar Agency, Bombay Presidency.

HENRY ALFRED HALL, Esquire, late Superintendent, Deccan Extramural Gang, Bombay Presidency.

Khan Bahadur SAIYED SHAMS-UD-DIN SAIYED MIAN KADRI, Provincial Service, Oriental Translator to Government, Bombay Presidency.

ROBERT GEORGE GIRARD, Esquire, Collector of Income-Tax, Bengal.

GODREZ DORABJEE PUDUMJEE, Esquire, Deputy Accountant-General, Bombay.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

IMPERIAL SERVICE MEDAL

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to grant to the following retired members of His Imperial Majesty's Civil Service not belonging to the Administrative or Clerical branches, the Imperial Service Medal, which was instituted by His late Majesty, for the recognition of long and meritorious service in branches other than those mentioned above:—

DHANMAN, Jemadar, Sikkim Agency.

PUDUPET GUFFER KHAN, Jemadar, Board of Revenue, Madras.

ABDUL RAHIMAN, Deputy Chief Warder, Central Jail, Trichinopoly.

MAHOMMED SADUDDIN, 2nd grade Jemadar, Iskapalle Circle, Madras.

KOLAPANJERI SUBRAYA MUDALI, 1st grade Peon, Covelong Circle, Madras.

DEWAJI SAKHARAM MARATHA, Chaprasi, Commissioner's Office, Nagpur Division, Central Provinces.

JAGOBA DAUBA KUMBI, Chaprasi, Nagpur Division, Central Provinces.

ASHIQ MUHAMMAD, Orderly Peon to the Commissioner, Nerbudda Division, Central Provinces.

Munshi NADIR Khan, Chief Overseer of Post Offices on the Kalka-Simla Line.

SOBHA SINGH, Jemadar of Chaprasis of the Lieutenant-Governor, Panjab.

MEHTAB SINGH, Jemadar of the Settlement Commissioner, Panjab.

MUL CHAND, Jemadar of the Chief Court, Lahore, Panjab.

Havildar MARUTI MALHARI, Peon, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Havildar MADAR PIR MOHAMMED, Peon, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Jemadar MIABHAI NABHU, Kathiawar Agency Office.

HABIB KHAN NUR KHAN, Chobdar in the Collector's Office, Surat, Bombay.

Havildar HARI GOVIND MALPOH, Havildar, Office of the Commissioner, Central Division, Bombay Presidency.

Naik VITHOBA BAHERAJA KAKADI, Naik to the Commissioner, Southern Division, Bombay Presidency.

SAIKOO KHATRI, Hospital Dresser, Residency Charitable Dispensary and Civil Hospital, Nepal.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th June, 1912.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Ram Ranjan Chakrabarti Bahadur, of Hetampur, Birbhum, in Bengal, the title of Maharaja as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Raghuraj Singh, of Mankapur, Gonda District, in the United Provinces, the title of Raja as an hereditary distinction.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as a personal distinction, upon—

Sri Jyoti Prasad Singh Deo, Zamindar of Panchette, Manbhum, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Sarat Chandra Rai Chaudhuri, Zamindar of Chanchal, Malda District, in Bengal.

Maharaj-Kumar Gopal Lal Roy, of Tajhat, Rangpur District, in Bengal.

The Hon'ble Thakur Kushalpal Singh, of Kotla, Agra, in the United Provinces.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Shaikh Ahmad Husain, Khan Bahadur, of Paryawan, Partabgarh, in the United Provinces, the title of Nawab as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Brahma Sri Sundara Sastrigal, of Pazhamarneri, Tanjore District, in the Madras Presidency, the title of Mahamahopadhyaya as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Abu Muhammad Abdul Haq, of Delhi, in the Punjab, the title of Shams-ul-Ulama as a personal distinction.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Vaidyaratna, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Pandit Aradagandy Gopalachar Avergal, of Berhampur, in the Madras Presidency.

Kabiraj Kalidas Bidyabhusan, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Kabiraj Jogendra Nath Sen Bidyabhusan, Calcutta, in Bengal.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Paramagudi Ramaswami Narayana Aiyar Avergal, Deputy Director of Revenue Survey, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Sulur Lakshmi Narasimhayyar Avergal, Landowner, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Muhammad Abdul Hafiz Sahib, Khan Sahib, Deputy Collector, and Chairman, Municipal Council, Coimbatore, in the Madras Presidency.

Sardar Hazar Khan Walad Rahim Khan Khoso, of Kadirpur, Jacobabad Taluka, in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

Sayed Rustom Ali, Registrar, Court of the Political Resident, Aden.

Khan Sahib Manekji Nanabhai, of Deesa, in the Bombay Presidency.

Gustadji Dhanjishah Kapadia, Senior Superintendent, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Maulvi Nadir Hussain, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Bengal.

Khan Sahib Muhammad Ibrahim, Additional Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Maulvi Abdul Karim Khan of Kankata, Naini Tal District, in the United Provinces.

Shaikh Habib Ullah, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the United Provinces.

Maulana Muhammad Wilayat Husain, of Allahabad, in the United Provinces.

Munshi Tajjammul Husain Khan, of Shahjahanpur, in the United Provinces.

Mir Saiyid Husain, Personal Assistant to the Director of Land Records and Agriculture, in the United Provinces.

Khwaja Tasadduk Hussain, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Sardar Muhammad Yusaf, retired Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Khan Sahib the Hon'ble Sayad Mahdi Shah, Honorary Magistrate, Gojra, Lyallpur District, in the Punjab.

Sheikh Wazir-ud-din, Deputy Collector, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, in the Punjab.

Hafiz Muhammad Walayatullah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Sahibzada Sher Ali Khan, eldest half-brother of His Highness the Nawab of the Jaora State, Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Khan Sahib Ardeshir Dosabhai Markar, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Quetta, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib Malik Haji Haroon, Panezai Kakar, of Bostan, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib Sheikh Muhammad Akbar, of Sheikhan, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Ghulam Kadir Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Sher Muhammad, Charas Officer, Leh.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Rai Sahib Tranquebar Tirumalai Kandaswami Mudaliar Avergal, Treasurer of the Currency Office, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Nallatambi Chakkarai Mandradiyar Avergal, Landowner, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Priya Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Promotha Nath Chatarji, late Sub-Judge, 24-Parganas, in Bengal.

Babu Janaki Nath Bose, Government Pleader, Cuttack, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Dr. Hari Nath Ghose, M.D., Assistant Surgeon, in Bengal.

Babu Srish Chandra Sarbadhikari, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Upendra Nath Sawoo, Merchant and Zamindar of Dhankuria, 24-Parganas, in Bengal.

Babu Harihar Prosad Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Dumraon Bench; Vice-Chairman, Local Board, Buxar; Member of the District Board, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Preo Nath Banerji, Government Pleader, Jalpaiguri, in Bengal.

Babu Pramatha Nath Mukherji, Pleader, Barisal, in Bengal.

Babu Ananda Chandra Roy, Zamindar of Comilla, Tippera District, in Bengal.

Babu Sasanka Kumar Ghosh, Government Pleader, Tippera, in Bengal.

Babu Satis Chandra Sen, Government Pleader, Chittagong, in Bengal.

Babu Gopal Chandra Mukherji, M.B., Assistant Surgeon, Civil Surgeon of Malda, in Bengal.

Rai Sahib Mohim Chandra Basu, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, in Bengal.

Babu Mitryunjoy Rai Chaudhuri, Zamindar of Kundi, Rangpur District, in Bengal.

Pandit Radha Krishna, of Muttra, in the United Provinces.

Rai Hari Kishen Pant Sahib, Temporary Executive Engineer, Farrukhabad Division, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Girraj Kishor Dat, Judge, Small Cause Court, Agra, in the United Provinces.

Bhaiya Ganga Bakhsh Singh, of Balrampur, in the United Provinces.

Soti Harbans Lal, of Bijnor, in the United Provinces.

The Hon'ble Babu Ganga Prasad Varma, Editor of the "Advocate", Lucknow, and Member of the Provincial Legislative Council, United Provinces.

Rai Sahib Lala Narayan Das, Ahluwalia, Divisional Judge, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Bishambar Nath, Executive Engineer, in the Punjab.

The Hon'ble Lala Sultan Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Delhi, and Member of the Legislative Council, Punjab.

Dr. Sarat Chandra Banerjee, D.L., Legal Assistant to the Legislative Department, Government of India.

Babu Dasarathi Banerjee, Treasurer, Viceregal Lodge, Simla.

Subadar Sawan Mull, Bhamo Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Sunder Singh, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.

Chaudhri Jagannath Prasad, of Mandla, in the Central Provinces.

Madras Ayyaswami Rathnaswami Mudali, Personal Assistant to the Agent and Manager of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company.

Rai Sahib Ganga Sahai, Diwan of the Datia State, Bundelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Pandit Durga Parshad, Vakil of the Jaipur State, at Mount Abu, in Rajputana.

Daljang Singh Khanka, M.B., House Surgeon, Mayo Hospital, Jaipur, and Medical Officer, Jaipur Transport Corps, in Rajputana.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib Kattuputhur Subrahmanya Ganapati Aiyar Avergal, M.L., Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor, Trichinopoly, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Anantharama Sastri Sundara Sastri Avergal, Government Pleader, Tinnevelly, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Velliyur Appadurai Anantarama Aiyar Avergal, Registrar, Revenue Secretariat, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Parichiappa Chettiar Somasundaram Chettiar Avergal, Managing Director, Malabar Spinning and Weaving Company, Calicut, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Sarvepalli Venkata Narasimha Rao Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Kurnool, in the Madras Presidency.

Rao Sahib Purshottam Balkrishna Joshi, J.P., F.R.G.S., Fellow of the Bombay University.

Damodardas Vrijbhukandas, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Rao Sahib Narayan Vinayak Gole, Pleader, Nasik, in the Bombay Presidency.

Pandit Vishnu Moreshwar Mahajani, retired Inspector of Schools, Akola, in Berar.

Mr. Amrit Ramchandra, Bambawala, B.L., Deputy Superintendent and Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Wardha, in the Central Provinces.

Pandit Damodhar Nilkanth Khare, Chairman of the District Council, Wardha, in the Central Provinces.

Madho Rao Vinayak Kibe, Diwan of the Dewas State (Junior Branch), Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Thakur Sadul Singh, of Sadakheri (Sheogarh), Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Kumar Ram Singh, Judicial Commissioner, Rewa State, Baghelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Rao Sahib Laxmilal Dowlatrai, Manager of the Huzur English Office, Baroda State.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Sheikh Jemal, Contractor, Trichinopoly, in the Madras Presidency.

Sayid Ahmed Kabir Sahib, Sheristadar, District Court, Chingleput, in the Madras Presidency.

Villupuram [illegible]ammad Khan Sahib, Inspector of Police, in the Madras Presidency.

Cawasji Jamsetji Patigara, Inspector, Criminal Investigation Department, Bombay City Police Force.

Mahomed Ismail valad Mahomed Abdulla Bhaiji, of Uran, Kolaba, in the Bombay Presidency.

Kaikhusru Mancherji Clubvala, Superintendent, Karachi Prison, in the Bombay Presidency.

Gulam Husen valad Haji Bava Desai, of Chiplun, Ratnagiri District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Maulvi Abdul Wali, Sub-Registrar, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Choudhri Karamat Husain, Member, District Board; Municipal Commissioner, Arrah; Secretary, Arrah Dispensary Committee, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Maulvi Helimulla, Inspector of Police, Brahmanbaria Sub-Division, Tippera District, in Bengal.

Saiyid Tasadduk Husain, of Aurangabad, Kheri District, in the United Provinces.

Munshi Muhammad Yahiya, of Jaunpur, in the United Provinces.

Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, of Meerut, in the United Provinces.

Mir Aziz Husain, of Etawah, in the United Provinces.

Shaikh Feroz-ud-din, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Malik Sher Bahadur Khan, Inspector of Police, in the Punjab.

Haji Fateh Muhammad Qurraish, Agent, Supply and Transport Corps, 3rd (Lahore) Division.

Sheikh Gulam Yassin, Chief Cash Witness, North-Western State Railway.

Mr. Nasarwanji Merwanji Cama, Post Master, Delhi, in the Punjab.

Syed Mir Padshah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Munshi Akbar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Seth Nazar Ali, Merchant of Ujjain, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Malik Khande Khan, Head of the Hill Jogezais and Jalalzais of Killa Saifulla Tehsil, Zhob District, Baluchistan.

Sardar Alloo Khan, Lahrzai Musakhel, Baluchistan.

Mirza Sher Muhammad, Zahri, late Census Assistant, Baluchistan.

Mansur Khan, of Khazana, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Munshi Abdul Hamid Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Mirza Jamil Ahmad, Tehsildar, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Saadulla Khan, Papolzai, of Charsadda, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Qazi Fazl Ilahi, of Sikandarpur, Hazara District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Sheikh Faiz Muhammad, Indian Merchant, Meshed.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Troop Hari Rao Avergal, Superintendent, Madras Government Secretariat, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Bathlahandra Rama Aiyar Viraraghavayya Avergal, Inspector of Police, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Prasanna Kumar Dutt, Superintendent, Police Training College, Ranchi, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Sarat Kumar Raha, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise, Bengal.

Babu Tarak Nath Sadhu, Pleader, Police Court, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Gour Shyam Mahanty, Superintendent, Nayagarh State, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Umesh Chandra Chaudhuri, Honorary Magistrate, Vishnupur, Bankura, in Bengal.

Babu Akhowri Gonesh Prasad, Vice-Chairman, Local Board, and Municipal Commissioner, Sasaram, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Girindra Kumar Gupta, Hazaribagh, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Satyendra Nath Aditya, Officiating Deputy Examiner, Military Accounts Department, Eastern Circle.

Lala Ram Prasad, Head Assistant, Office of the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle.

Babu Kamal Charan Datta, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Bengal.

Babu Kali Kamal Chatterji, retired Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, in Bengal.

Srijut Deveswar Barua, Deputy Inspector of Schools, in the Province of Assam.

Lala Bishambar Nath, of Lucknow, in the United Provinces.

Babu Jageshwar Rai, retired Assistant Surgeon, Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Babu Har Sarup, Forest Ranger, Chakrata, in the United Provinces.

Babu Prag Das, Jailor, Meerut District Jail, in the United Provinces.

Babu Purna Chandra Ghosh, retired Superintendent of the Camp Press, Naini Tal, in the United Provinces.

Lala Ram Chand, Honorary Magistrate, Multan, in the Punjab.

Lala Mangria Mal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Bishambhar Dayal, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Nibal Chand, Rais and Vice-President of the Municipal Committee of Batala, Gurdaspur District, in the Punjab.

Mian Durga Singh, Wazir, Bilaspur State, in the Punjab.

Lala Wazir Singh, Pleader and Municipal Commissioner, Delhi, in the Punjab.

Babu Upendra Nath Mukerji, Medical Stores Section of the Office of the Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

Loke Nath Bose, Superintendent, Army Department, Government of India.

Gurmukh Singh, 1st Class Surveyor, attached to No. 1 Survey Party.

Lala Devi Chand, Head Time Table Clerk, Traffic Superintendent's Office, North-Western State Railway.

Babu Nagendra Nath Chatterjee, First Assistant, Office of the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Babu Indra Kumar Banerjee, Head Clerk, Invitation Office, Viceregal Lodge, Simla.

Nibaran Chandra Mukerjee, Supervisor, Public Works Department, in Burma.

Mr. Sunder Singh, Temporary Engineer, Lower Burma Railways Surveys.

Mr. Tundilal Powar, Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture, in the Central Provinces.

Mr. Jagannath Prasad, retired Inspector of Police, Central Provinces, lately Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bastar State.

Seth Sukhdeo Munim, Honorary Magistrate, Damoh, in the Central Provinces.

Seth Mulchand Kothari, of Guna, in Central India.

Captain Sadhuram, Gwalior Sappers and Miners, in Central India.

Lala Nathu Mal, Kamdar, Shahpura State, in Rajputana.

Mr. Parmanand, Barrister-at-Law, Abbottabad, Hazara District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Munshi Kishen Lal, Sub-Post Master, Nepal Residency, Nepal.

Lala Makhan Lal, Divisional Engineer, Irrigation, Jammu and Kashmir State.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Kalavala Kannan Chettiar Avergal, Merchant, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Vittal Das Anandji Sait Avergal, Cotton Merchant, Tiruppur, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Malikayil Chandappan Koman Avergal, L.M.S., Assistant to the Professor of Chemistry, Medical College, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Pandurangi Sita Rao Garu, Deputy Collector, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Thottakhadu Ramakrishna Pillai Avergal, F.R.H.S., late Sub-Assistant Registrar, High Court, Madras.

Mr. P. R. Vengu Aiyar, Deputy Examiner, Military Accounts Department, Western Circle.

M. R. Ry. Thiagara Mudaliar Avergal, Station Master, South Indian Railway.

Anant Santaram Malve, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the Bombay Presidency.

Shidramappa Nurindappa Lakshmeshwar, Inspector of Police, Bijapur District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Jivna Mahadu, Inspector of Police, Nasik District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Harilal Desaibhai Desai, Government Pleader, Kaira, in the Bombay Presidency.

Anantarao Dhondiba Mandhre, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.

Mr. Mahipat Ramchendra Padey, Stenographer and Personal Assistant to the President, Railway Board.

Pandit Vinayak Rao Babaji, Head Master of the Chanda High School, in the Central Provinces.

Munshi Amar Singh, Deputy Collector, Bharatpur, Rajputana.

Kunwar Onkar Singh, General Superintendent of Police, Kotah State, in Rajputana.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Kyet thaye zaung shwe Salwè ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Kin Maung, Sawbwa of Möng Mit, in Burma.

Maung Pe Maung, Superintendent of Land Records, in Burma.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Thuyè gaung ngwe Da ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Min Din, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma.

Maung Kyaung Ba, Inspector of Police, in Burma.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Ahmudan gaung Tazeik ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Tun Ya, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Aung Nyun, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Bya, Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Credit Societies, in Burma.

Maung Me Nyo, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla ; the 14th June 1912.

No. 597.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India to—

1. M. R. Ry. T. MADHAVAN NAIR AVERGAL, M.D., Private Medical Practitioner and a Commissioner of the Municipal Corporation of Madras.

2. MISS CATHARINE FRANCES LING, a member of the Church of England Zenana Mission, Madras Presidency.

REVEREND MOTHER MARY OF ST. PAULA, Lady Superior of the College of the Sacred Heart and of the Convent of the Good Shepherd at Bangalore.

4. EDWARD GEORGE HICKIE, ESQUIRE, Secretary, Calcutta Trades Association.

5. ABDUS SAMAD KHAN, Chief Secretary of the Government of His Highness the Nawab of Rampur.

6. PERCY BROOKE BRAMLEY, ESQUIRE, Deputy Inspector-General of Police in the United Provinces.

7. HIS HIGHNESS RAJA MALHAR RAO BABA SAHIB PUAR, of Dewas State, Junior Branch, Central India.

8. HARRY WILLIAM MACLEAN IVES, ESQUIRE, A.M.I.C.E., Public Works Department, Executive Engineer, Irrigation Branch, Upper Chenab Canal, Punjab.

9. SITARAM NARAYAN PANDIT, ESQUIRE, BAR-AT-LAW, of Rajkot, Kathiawar.

No. 598.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India to—

1. REVEREND FATHER PERROY, Superintendent of the Roman Catholic Mission Schools at Thonze, Burma.

2. MAUNG KYAW, 2nd Grade Advocate, Mongwa Town, Lower Chindwin District, Burma.

3. BABU PARBATI CHARAN SARKAR, Zamindar of Jaigunj, Dinajpur District, Bengal.

4. BABU BARODA SUNDAR PAL, Manager of the Estate of the Hon'ble Nawab Sayed Hussain Haidar Chaudhari in the Tippera District, Bengal.

5. MRS. LILIAN DOROTHEA STEWART, wife of the Manager of the Gadi Silk Factory, Muzaffarpur District, Bihar and Orissa.

6. MRS. ALICE RAIKES, Missionary, Hooghly, Bengal.

7. MISS JOSEPHINE ANNIE EVANS, Church of England Zenana Mission, Barnagore, Bengal.

8. THOMAS LEONARD GODFREY, ESQUIRE, Sanitary Inspector, Hyderabad Residency Bazar, Local Fund.

9. WILLIAM FRASER, ESQUIRE, Merchant and Municipal Councillor, Coimbatore, Madras Presidency.

10. RAO SAHIB DAJI RAMCHANDRA, Subordinate Medical Service, Sub-Assistant Surgeon (retired), Nagpur.

11. MRS. FLORENCE PRIDEAUX TAYLOR, wife of Mr. Alfred Taylor of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association, Sehore, Central India.

12. BABU BHAJAN LAL, Head Clerk, Locomotive Superintendent's Office, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, and Municipal Commissioner, Ajmer, Rajputana.

13. MISS ANNA BOLSTER, Lady Superintendent, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service for India, Secunderabad.

14. KHAN ABDUL MAJID KHAN, Pathan, of Jullundar, Inspector of Cooperative Credit Societies.

15. ROBERT HENRY LOCKE, ESQUIRE, Superintendent, Government Imperial Gardens, Delhi, Punjab.

16. TOM SALKIELD, ESQUIRE, Municipal Engineer, Delhi, Punjab.

17. MRS. LOUISE LAWRENCE, wife of H. S. Lawrence, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Collector of Karachi.

18. SISTER FANNIE CECILIA, of the Community of St. Mary the Virgin, Wantage, Sister in charge, Sassoon Hospital, Poona.

19. GANESH KRISHNA CHITALE, ESQUIRE, Pleader and President of the Ahmednagar Municipality.

20. DHONDO KESHAV KARVE, ESQUIRE, Professor at the Fergusson College, Poona.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India,
Home Department.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th June 1912.

REWARDS.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 562.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur".

1. Risaldar-Major Ali Haidar Khan, *Bahadur*, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Amir Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 13th Bombay Infantry, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
2. Subadar Ghulam Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Nawab Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 66th Punjabis, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
3. Risaldar-Major Sardar Janmeja Singh, *Bahadur*, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Ramchandar Sawant, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 3rd Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 5th February 1912.
4. Subadar Sital Sing Lama, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Abhiman Sing Gurung, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles, deceased. Dated 3rd April 1912.
5. Subadar-Major Devasahayam, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Samuel Isaac, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 3rd Bombay Infantry, deceased. Dated 5th May 1912.
6. Subadar Alahdad Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated 14th June 1912.
7. Subadar-Major Dost Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 14th June 1912.
8. Subadar Nathu Sing Sunar, *Bahadur*, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 14th June 1912.
9. Subadar Jwala Singh, *Bahadur*, 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 14th June 1912.
10. Subadar Shaikh Ibrahim, *Bahadur*, 116th Mahrattas. Dated 14th June 1912.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur".

1. Subadar-Major Wazir Khan, 99th Deccan Infantry, *vice* Risaldar-Major Ali Haidar Khan, *Bahadur*, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, promoted. Dated 13th December 1911.
2. Subadar Kanha, 37th Dogras, *vice* Subadar Ghulam Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 13th December 1911.
3. Subadar-Major Amar Sing Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles, *vice* pensioned Subadar Ramaya Bhumaya, late 3rd Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
4. Subadar-Major Atar Singh, I.O.M., 47th Sikhs, *vice* Risaldar-Major Sardar Janmeja Singh, *Bahadur*, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse), promoted. Dated 5th February 1912.
5. Subadar-Major Basawa Singh, 92nd Punjabis, *vice* Subadar Sital Sing Lama, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), promoted. Dated 3rd April 1912.
6. Subadar-Major Dayal Singh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Kasi Ram Baneh, *Bahadur*, late 4th Bombay Rifles, deceased. Dated 1st May 1912.
7. Subadar Kamal Khan, I.O.M., 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar-Major Devasahayam, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, promoted. Dated 5th May 1912.

8. Risaldar Sahaj Ram, 7th Hariana Lancers, *vice* Subadar Alahdad Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, promoted. Dated 14th June 1912.
9. Subadar Madaman, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar Jwala Singh, *Bahadur*, 32nd Sikh Pioneers, promoted. Dated 14th June 1912.
10. Risaldar Mir Jafar Khan, I.O.M., 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 14th June 1912.
11. Subadar-Major Bachitar Singh, 31st Punjabis. Dated 14th June 1912.
12. Risaldar-Major Ghulam Muhiuddin Khan, 17th Cavalry. Dated 14th June 1912.
13. Subadar Jahandad Khan, 40th Pathans. Dated 14th June 1912.
14. Risaldar Ahmad Khan, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse). Dated 14th June 1912.
15. Subadar Govindaraju, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 14th June 1912.
16. Risaldar-Major Thakur Zalim Singh, 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 14th June 1912.
17. Subadar-Major Harjalu, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 14th June 1912.

No. 563.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion in, and appointments to, the Order of British India among Indian Officers of Frontier Militia Corps and Military Police, with effect from the 14th June 1912 :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of " Sardar Bahadur ".

Subadar-Major Tor Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of " Bahadur ".

Subadar-Major Harnam Singh, Burma Military Police, *vice* Subadar-Major Tor Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia, promoted.

Subadar Kochi Ram, Khyber Rifles.

Subadar-Major Jasbahadur Thapa, Burma Military Police.

No. 564.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion in, and appointments to, the Order of British India, among Indian Officers of the Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 14th June 1912 :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of " Sardar Bahadur ".

Major-General Sardar Bakshish Singh, Military Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala.

This appointment will be supernumerary to the authorised establishment.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of " Bahadur ".

1. Major Ganeshi Lal, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.
2. Sardar Pooran Singh, Commander-in-Chief of the Kapurthala State Imperial Service Troops.
3. Kanhai Parshad Dube, Assistant Commandant, Sirmur State Imperial Service Sappers.
4. Major Lutf Ali Khan, Commandant, Indore State Imperial Service Transport Corps.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 565.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to confer the honorary rank of Major in the Army upon Nawab Muhammad Nasrulla Khan, eldest son of Her Highness the Begum of Bhopal.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

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NOTICE TO CONSIGNORS.

The ———— Administration/Company hereby gives public notice :—.

1. That the Railway Administration/Company will not be accountable for any articles unless the same are booked and a receipt for them given by their clerk or agent, and that when the articles are so accepted for conveyance, the responsibility of the Railway for the loss, destruction or deterioration of the articles is subject to the provisions of section 72 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.

2. That the railway receipt given by the Railway Administration/Company for the articles delivered for conveyance must be given up at destination by the consignee to the Railway Administration/Company, otherwise the Railway may refuse to deliver, and that the signature of the consignee or his agent in the delivery book at destination shall be evidence of complete delivery.

If the consignee does not himself attend to take delivery, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it made and if the receipt is not produced, the delivery of the goods may, at the discretion of the Railway Administration/Company, be withheld until the person entitled in its opinion to receive them has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the Railway Administration/Company.

3. That all claims against the Railway Administration/Company for loss or damage to goods must be made to the clerk in charge of the station to which they have been booked before delivery is taken, and that a written statement of the description and contents of the articles missing, or of the damage received, must be sent forthwith to the Traffic Superintendent of the district in which the forwarding or receiving station is situated : otherwise, the Railway Administration/Company will be freed from responsibility.

4. That by section 77 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that a person shall not be entitled to a refund of an over-charge in respect of animals or goods carried by railway, or to compensation for the loss, destruction or deterioration of animals or goods delivered to be so carried, unless his claim to the refund or compensation has been preferred in writing by him or on his behalf to the Railway Administration/Company within six months from the date of the delivery of the animals or goods for carriage by railway.

5. That the Railway Administration/Company have the right of re-measurement, re-weighment, re-classification and re-calculation of rates, terminals and other charges at the place of destination, and of collecting, before the goods are delivered, any amount that may have been omitted or under-charged.

6. That subject to any exceptions from time to time notified by the Railway Administration/Company, the freight on dangerous, explosive and combustible articles must be prepaid, and that by section 55 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if a person fails to pay on demand made by or on behalf of a Railway Administration/Company any rate, terminal or other charge due from him in respect of any animals or goods, the Railway Administration/Company may detain the whole or any of the animals or goods, or, if they have been removed from the railway, any other animals or goods of such person then being in or thereafter coming into its possession.

7. That all goods left on the Railway Administration's/Company's premises are liable to wharfage and demurrage charges as per goods tariff, and these charges will also be levied on goods left on hand, pending payment of freight and charges due on them.

8. That goods booked to stations on the ——Railway or Railways worked by the ————Railway are carried subject to the rules and conditions printed from time to time in the Railway Administration's/Company's goods tariff ; and goods booked to or over a foreign Railway are subject to the rules and regulations and to wharfage and other charges in force on such Railway.

9. That by section 106 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if a person requested under section 58 to give an account with respect to any goods, gives an account which is materially false, he and, if he is not the owner of the goods, the owner also, shall be punished with fine which may extend to ten rupees for every maund or part of a maund of the goods, and the fine shall be in addition to any rate or other charge to which the goods may be liable.

10. That by section 107 of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890, it is enacted that if, in contravention of section 59, a person takes with him any dangerous or offensive goods upon a railway, or tenders or delivers any such goods for carriage upon a railway, he shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees and shall also be responsible for any loss, injury or damage which may be caused by reason of such goods having been so brought upon the railway.

————Head Quarter Office ————

Date———— *Printed name and designation of Railway Officer.*

SCHEDULE III.

________________ Railway.

RISK NOTE, FORM D.

[*Approved by the Governor-General in Council under section 72 (2) (b) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.*]

(To be used when the Sender elects to despatch at a "special reduced" or "Owner's risk" rate dangerous, explosive or combustible articles for which an alternative "Ordinary" or "Risk acceptance" rate is quoted in the Tariff.)

________________ STATION.

________________ 19 .

Whereas the consignment of ____

tendered by $\frac{me}{us}$, as per Forwarding Order No._______of this date, for despatch by the Railway Administration or their transport agents or carriers to_______ station, and for which $\frac{I}{we}$ have received Railway Receipt No.__________of same date, is charged at a special reduced rate instead of at the ordinary tariff rate chargeable for such consignment, $\frac{I}{we}$, the undersigned, do, in consideration of such lower charge, agree and undertake to hold the said Railway Administration and all other Railway Administrations working in connection therewith, and also all other transport agents or carriers employed by them, respectively, over whose Railways or by or through whose transport agency or agencies the said goods may be carried in transit from_________station to_________station, harmless and free from all responsibility for any loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, the said consignment from any cause whatever except for the loss of a complete consignment or of one or more complete packages forming part of a consignment due either to the wilful neglect of the Railway Administration or to theft by or to the wilful neglect of its servants, transport agents or carriers employed by them before, during and after transit over the said Railway or other Railway lines working in connection therewith, or by any other transport agency or agencies employed by them, respectively, for carriage of the whole or any part of the said consignment, provided the term "wilful neglect" be not held to include fire, robbery from a running train or any other unforeseen event or accident.

$\frac{I}{We}$ further agree to accept responsibility for any consequences to the property of the aforesaid Railway Administration (s) and of their transport agents and carriers or to the property of other persons that may be in the course of conveyance, which may be caused by the explosion of, or otherwise, by the said consignment, and that all risk and responsibility whether to the Railway Administration (s) or their transport agents and carriers, to their servants or to others, remain solely and entirely with $\frac{me}{us}$.

WITNESS.	
(Signature)____________	Signature of sender____________
(Residence)____________	Rank or { Father's name________
	Caste______ Age______
WITNESS.	
(Signature)____________	Profession____________
(Residence)____________	Residence____________

NOTE.—The above form is, for the convenience of the public, translated into the vernacular on the reverse, but the form in English is the authoritative form, and the Railway Administration accepts no responsibility for the correctness of the vernacular translation.

SCHEDULE III—*concld.*

———————: Railway.

RISK NOTE, FORM G.

[*Approved by the Governor-General in Council under section 72 (2) (b) of the Indian Railways Act, IX of 1890.*] —— Date

(To be used as an alternative to Risk Note, Form D, in the case of dangerous, explosive or combustible articles, for which an alternative "Ordinary" or "Risk acceptance" rate is quoted in the Tariff, when the sender desires to enter into a general agreement instead of executing a separate Risk Note for each consignment.)

——————————STATION.

——————————19 .

Whereas all consignments of——————————————————————————————————————for which the Railway Administration quotes both Owner's risk or special reduced rates and Railway risk or ordinary rates are (unless I/we shall have entered into a special contract in relation to any particular consignment) despatched by me/us at my/our own risk and are charged for by the said Railway Administration at special reduced or owner's risk rates, instead of at ordinary tariff or Railway risk rates, I/we, the undersigned, in consideration of such consignments being charged for at the special reduced or Owner's risk rates, do hereby agree and undertake to hold the said Railway Administration and all other Railway Administrations working in connection therewith, and also other transport agents or carriers employed by them, respectively, over whose Railways or by or through whose transport agency, or agencies the said consignments of —— may be carried in transit from——————station to——————station, harmless and free from all responsibility for any loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, all or any such consignments from any cause whatever, except for the loss of a complete consignment or of one or more complete packages forming part of a consignment due either to the wilful neglect of the Railway Administration or to theft by or to the wilful neglect of its servants, transport agents or carriers employed by them before, during and after transit over the said Railway or other Railway lines working in connection therewith, or by any other transport agency or agencies employed by them, respectively, for the carriage of the whole or any part of the said consignments, provided the term "wilful neglect" be not held to include fire robbery from a running train or any other unforeseen event or accident.

I/We further agree to accept responsibility for any consequences to the property of the aforesaid Railway Administration (s) and of their transport agents and carriers, or to the property of other persons that may be in the course of conveyance, which may be caused by the explosion of, or otherwise, by all or any of the said consignments, and that all risk and responsibility whether to the Railway Administration (s) or their transport agents and carriers, to their servants or to others, remain solely and entirely with me/us.

Signature of sender——————————

(Address)——————————

WITNESS.

(Signature)——————————

(Address)——————————

WITNESS.

(Signature)——————————

(Address)——————————

NOTE.—The above form is, for the convenience of the public, translated into the vernacular on the reverse, but the form in English is the authoritative form, and the Railway Administration accepts no responsibility for the correctness of the vernacular translation.

SCHEDULE IV.

CERTIFICATE FOR COMPRESSED GASES.

Certified that the cylinder/cylinders containing ________________ tendered by me/us as per Forwarding Order No. ________ of this date to the ______________ Railway for despatch to ______________ Station has/have been packed and tested in accordance, and that the cylinder complies/cylinders comply in every other respect, with the rules promulgated in Chapter III, Part II of the General Rules for working open lines of railway.

Signature of sender/senders ______________

SCHEDULE V.

SUMMARY OF RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE DEPARTMENTAL COMMITTEE ON COMPRESSED GAS CYLINDERS APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR THE HOME DEPARTMENT IN ENGLAND IN 1895.

I.—CYLINDERS OF COMPRESSED GAS (OXYGEN, HYDROGEN, OR COAL GAS).

(a) *Lap-welded wrought iron.*—Greatest working pressure, 120 atmospheres, or 1,800 lbs. per square inch.

Stress due to working pressure not to exceed 6½ tons per square inch.

Proof pressure in hydraulic test, after annealing, 224 atmospheres, or 3,360 lbs. per square inch.

Permanent stretch in hydraulic test not to exceed 10 per cent of the elastic stretch.

One cylinder in 50 to be subjected to a statical bending test, and to stand crushing nearly flat between two rounded knife edges without cracking.

(b) *Lap-welded or seamless steel.*—Greatest working pressure, 120 atmospheres, or 1,800 lbs. per square inch.

Stress due to working pressure not to exceed 7½ tons per square inch in lap-welded, or 8 tons per square inch in seamless cylinders.

Carbon in steel not to exceed 0·25 per cent, or iron to be less than 99 per cent.

Tenacity of steel not to be less than 26 or more than 33 tons per square inch. Ultimate elongation not less than 1·2 inches in 8 inches. Test bar to be cut from finished annealed cylinder.

Proof pressure in hydraulic test, after annealing, 224 atmospheres, or 3,360 lbs. per square inch.

Permanent stretch shown by water jacket not to exceed 10 per cent of elastic stretch.

One cylinder in 50 to be subjected to a statical bending test and to stand crushing nearly flat between rounded knife edges without cracking.

Regulations applicable to all cylinders.

Cylinders to be marked with a rotation number, a manufacturer's or owner's mark, an annealing mark with date, a test mark with date The marks to be permanent and easily visible.

Testing to be repeated at least every two years, and annealing at least every four years.

A record to be kept of all tests.

Cylinders which fail in testing to be destroyed or rendered useless.

Hydrogen and coal gas cylinders to have left-handed threads for attaching connections, and to be painted red.

The compressing apparatus to have two pressure gauges and an automatic arrangement for preventing overcharging. The compressing apparatus for oxygen to be wholly distinct and unconnected with the compressing apparatus for hydrogen and coal gas.

Cylinders not to be refilled till they have been emptied.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A minimum weight to be fixed for each size of cylinder in accordance with its required thickness. Cylinders of less weight to be rejected.

II.—CYLINDERS FOR CARBONIC ACID.

Greatest working pressure to be reckoned as 120 atmospheres.

Cylinders to be of lap-welded wrought iron, lap-welded steel or seamless steel. Stresses, tests, and conditions as to repetition of tests to be the same as for oxygen cylinders.

The marking to be the same with the addition of the weight of the cylinder empty, and the greatest permissible weight of carbonic acid it may contain.

No cylinder to contain more than $\frac{3}{4}$lb. of carbonic acid per pound of water capacity, if for this country (*i.e.*, *England*), or $\frac{2}{3}$lb. per pound of water capacity, if for the tropics.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A notice should be affixed to the cylinder that it contains carbonic acid, and that it should be kept cool and not exposed to the sun or the heat of a stove.

III.—CYLINDERS FOR AMMONIA.

Greatest working pressure to be reckoned as 1,000 lbs. per square inch.

Hydraulic test pressure 1,500 lbs. per square inch.

Greatest working stress 7 tons per square inch for steel, and 6 tons per square inch for wrought iron.

In other respects the material, tests, and rule for repetition of tests to be the same as for oxygen cylinders.

The marking to be similar to that for oxygen cylinders, but the weight of cylinder empty and the greatest permissible weight of ammonia it may contain to be added.

Ammonia cylinders should not contain more than 0·5 lbs. per pound of water capacity.

If cylinders are sent out unpacked, the valve fittings should be protected by a steel cap.

A notice should be affixed to the cylinder that it contains ammonia, and that it should be kept cool and not exposed to the sun or the heat of a stove.

IV.—CYLINDER FITTINGS.

No oil or similar lubricant to be used for cylinder valves, pressure gauges, regulators, or other fittings.

Pressure gauges to have a check to prevent a sudden inrush of gas.

Pressure gauges for hydrogen and coal gas to have left-handed screws, and to be painted red.

SCHEDULE VI.

No. 370-39.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Calcutta, the 13th January 1912.

NOTIFICATION.

Explosives.

I. In supersession of the Notification in this Department, No. 4197—26, dated the 1st June 1906, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 17 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased hereby to declare that acetylene when liquid or when subject to a pressure greater than $1\frac{1}{20}$ atmospheres shall be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the said Act:

Provided that, subject to the conditions hereinafter specified, acetylene, when in admixture with oil-gas, shall not be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the said Act, when under compression—

(1) The acetylene shall be generated only by the Atkins Dry Process.

(2) The proportion of acetylene shall not exceed fifty parts by volume in every one hundred parts of the mixture of acetylene and oil-gas.

(3) The acetylene and oil-gas shall be mixed together in a chamber or vessel before the gases are subjected to compression.

(4) The mixture shall not be compressed to a pressure exceeding one hundred and fifty pounds per square inch.

Provided also, that, subject to the conditions hereinafter specified, acetylene, when compressed into porous substances, with or without acetone, shall not be deemed to be an explosive within the meaning of the said Act—

(1) The porous substance shall fill, as completely as possible, the cylinder or other vessel into which the acetylene is compressed.

(2) The porosity of the substance shall not exceed eighty per cent.

(3) Due precaution shall be taken to exclude air from every part of the apparatus before the acetylene is compressed.

(4) Due precaution shall be taken to prevent undue rise of temperature in compressing the acetylene.

(5) The pressure shall not exceed one hundred and fifty pounds to the square inch.

(6) Every cylinder or other vessel into which acetylene is to be compressed shall be tested by hydraulic pressure of not less than double the pressure to which the vessel is to be submitted in use, such hydraulic pressure being maintained for a period of not less than ten minutes.

(7) The compression pump shall be surrounded by rope mantlets and no reservoir shall be used during compression unless it is also filled with the porous substance.

(8) In the case where acetone is used for absorbing the acetylene, due precaution shall be taken that the quantity of acetone is such that when fully charged with acetylene it does not completely fill the porosity of the porous substance.

(9) The compression of the acetylene shall be carried out only on such premises as shall have been approved by an Inspector of Explosives.

(10) Every cylinder or other vessel in which acetylene has been compressed in virtue of this notification shall be legibly marked with the words—

> "Acetylene compressed into porous substance exempted by Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 370—39, dated the 13th January 1912"

together with the name of the firm by whom the vessel has been charged.

(11) Every facility shall be given to the Inspectors of Explosives to inspect the apparatus and methods by which the cylinders or other vessels are charged in virtue of this Notification.

II. In supersession of the Notification of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 2289, dated the 31st August 1900, and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 6 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), the Governor General in Council is pleased to prohibit absolutely the manufacture, possession and importation of such acetylene as is declared by paragraph 1 of this Notification to be an explosive.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

[Enclosure No. 2 to Railway Department (Railway Board) Resolution No. 1025-R.T., dated the 10th June 1912.]

Add the following as rule 14 to Chapter II, Part II of the open line General Rules :—

14 (1) If any railway servant commits a breach of rule 9, he shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

(2) Any railway servant who has committed a breach of rule 9, shall be liable to the punishment authorised by clause (1) in addition to, and not in substitution for, any punishment to which he may be liable upon prosecution under the Indian Railways Act, 1890 : [IX of 1890.]

Provided that no railway servant shall be thereby rendered liable to be punished twice for the same offence.

Delete the words " and penalties " from the heading of Chapter IV, Part II of the open line General Rules ; *expunge* rule 33 (1) and (2) and *alter* the numbering of the remaining rules in this Chapter, *from* 27-32 *to* 40-45 ; also in rule 43 [old rule 30], *alter* the reference to rule 27 or rule 28 *to* rule 40 or rule 41.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY.

PLAGUE.

Simla, the 13th June 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 8th June 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
Bombay Presidency and Sind	Northern	Bombay City	33	26
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	..
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Kaira „	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Palanpur „	...	...
		Rewa Kantha „	...	...
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	...	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	6	2
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	...	...
		Bandra „	1	1
		Mahim „	...	...
		Bassein „	...	...
		Thana „	...	...
		Chinchani Port	2	2
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	...	...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	...	...
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara „	4	2
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag „	1	1
		Kolaba District	...	...
		Vengurla Port	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum „	21	6
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	25	10
		Kanara „	2	2
		Bijapur „	...	...
		Bijapur Agency	...	...
		Savantvadi State	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Sind	Karachi Town and Port	15	12
		Karachi District	...	..
		Sukkur "	..	...
		Larkana "	1(a)	...
	Political Charges	Baroda State	...	...
		Cutch State	...	...
		Porbandar Port	...	...
		Kathiawar Agency	...	...
		Kolhapur and Southern Maratha Country	10	7
		Satara Agency	...	...
		Savanur State	...	...
		Sholapur Agency	..	...
		Akalkot State	...	...
		Janjira State	...	...
		Murad Port	2	1
		TOTAL	123	72
MADRAS PRESIDENCY	...	Anantapur District	...	...
		North Arcot "	...	...
		Bellary Town	...	...
		Bellary Cantonment	...	...
		Bellary District	...	...
		Mangalore Town and Port	1	2
		South Canara District	...	...
		Chittoor District	...	...
		Coimbatore Town	...	...
		Coimbatore District	3	3
		Godavri "	...	...
		The Nilgiris "	6	4
		Salem District	2	1
		Tinnevelly District	...	...
		Sandur State	...	...
		TOTAL	12	10
BENGAL	Burdwan	Burdwan District	...	...
		Bankura	...	...
		Hooghly District	...	...
		Howrah Town	6	6
		Howrah District	...	...
	Presidency	24-Parganahs	...	...
		Calcutta	32	31
	Dacca	Dacca Town	...	...
		Dacca District	...	...
		Mymensingh District	...	...
		Faridpur District	...	...
	Chittagong	Noakhali District	...	...
	Rajshahi	Jalpaiguri District	...	...
		Pabna District	...	...
		TOTAL	38	37

(a) Imported.

Presidency or Province	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BIHAR AND ORISSA	Patna	Patna Town	9	9
		Patna District	2	4
		Gaya Town	...	...
		Gaya District	...	...
		Shahabad District	14	18
	Tirhut	Saran District	52	49
		Champaran District	...	...
		Muzaffarpur District	33	27
		Darbhanga District	6	13
	Bhagalpur	Monghyr Town	...	...
		Monghyr District	4	4
		Bhagalpur Town	...	...
		Bhagalpur District	...	...
		Sonthal Parganas District	2	1
	Orissa	Sambalpur	...	...
	Chota Nagpur	Hazaribhagh	...	...
		Manbhum District	...	...
		TOTAL	122	125
UNITED PROVINCES	Meerut	Dehra Dun District	...	...
		Saharanpur District	1	1
		Muzaffarnagar District	16	13
		Meerut City	1	1
		Meerut District	...	...
		Bulandshahr District	2	2
		Aligarh City	...	...
		Aligarh District	...	...
	Agra	Muttra District	1	1
		Agra City	...	...
		Agra District	...	...
		Farrukhabad City	...	...
		Farrukhabad District	...	...
		Fatehgarh	...	...
		Mainpuri District	1	1
		Etawah District	...	...
		Etah District	...	...
	Rohilkhand	Bareilly City	...	...
		Bareilly District	...	...
		Bijnor District	2	2
		Budaun District	...	...
		Moradabad District	2	2
		Shahjahanpur City	...	...
		Shahjahanpur District	1	1
		Pilibhit District	1	1

In the return for the week ending 1st June 1912 note the following corrections:—

		Cases.	Deaths.		Cases.	Deaths.
Muzaffarpur District	*read*	51	47	*for*	20	13
Bijnor District	*read*	2	2	*for*	0	0

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
United Provinces	Allahabad	Cawnpur City	...	...
		Cawnpur District	...	...
		Fatehpur "	...	...
		Hamirpur "	...	...
		Allahabad City	...	...
		Allahabad District	1	1
		Jhansi City	...	...
		Jhansi District	...	...
		Jalaun "	...	...
	Benares	Benares City	...	..
		Benares District	...	...
		Mirzapur City	...	...
		Mirzapur District	...	...
		Jaunpur "	...	...
		Ghazipur "	18	14
		Ballia "	17	15
	Gorakhpur	Gorakhpur District	2	2
		Basti "	8	5
		Azamgarh "	18	13
	Kumaun	Naini Tal "	...	...
	Lucknow	Lucknow City	...	...
		Lucknow District	6	6
		Unao "	20	19
		Rae Bareli "	...	...
		Sitapur "	12	8
		Hardoi "	2	2
		Kheri "	...	...
	Fyzabad	Fyzabad City	...	...
		Fyzabad District	8	8
		Gonda "	...	...
		Bahraich "	2	2
		Sultanpur "	...	...
		Partabgarh "	...	...
		Bara Banki "	12	12
		TOTAL	154	132
Punjab	Delhi	Delhi City *	..	...
		Delhi District	...	2
		Gurgaon "	3	3
		Rohtak "	14	4
		Karnal "	23	21
		Hissar "	*	*
		Ambala "	14	12
	Jullundur	Hoshiarpur District	93	88
		Jullundur City	...	...
		Jullundur District	18	8
		Ludhiana "	30	19
		Ferozepore "	*	*

* Report not received.

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
PUNJAB	Lahore	Amritsar City	2	2
		Amritsar District	2	2
		Gurdaspur District	168	154
		Sialkot District	111	110
		Gujranwala District	17	18
		Lahore City	*	*
		Lahore District	...	...
	Rawal-pindi	Gujrat District	89	85
		Shahpur District	20	17
		Jhelum "	1	1
		Rawalpindi District	10	6
		Attock District	...	...
	Multan	Montgomery District	6	3
		Lyallpur "	8	3
		Jhang "	3	2
		Multan "	...	[illegible]
		Muzaffargarh "	...	...
	...	Patiala City	3	3
		Patiala State	326	247
		Nabha "	5	3
		Jind State	19	19
		Kapurthala State	20	9
		Kalsia "	...	...
		Dujana "	*	*
		Malerkotla "	*	*
		TOTAL	1,005	841
BURMA	Pegu	Rangoon Town	9	12
		Hanthawaddy District	...	...
		Pegu District	5	5
	Irrawaddy	Bassein Town	...	...
		Maubin District	...	...
		Pyapon "	...	...
	Tenasserim	Toungoo District	...	...
		Thaton District	...	...
		Moulmein Town	11	11
	Mandalay	Mandalay Town	...	...
		Bhamo District	...	1
	Sagaing	Shwebo District	...	...
	Meiktila	Yamethin District	...	...
		TOTAL	25	29

* Report not received.

The following figures should be noted in the return for the week ending 1st June 1912 :—

		Cases.	Deaths.
Hissar District	..	58	44
Delhi "	...	3	5
Ferozepore District	...	8	8
Gujranwala "	...	6	6
Kapurthala State	...	1	0
Kalsia "	...	4	2

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL PROVINCES	Nagpur	Nagpur Town	...	...
		Nagpur District	...	...
		Kamptee Cantonment	...	...
		Bhandara Town	...	...
		Bhandara District	...	..
		Wardha Town	...	...
		Wardha District	...	...
		Chanda District	...	...
		Balaghat Town	...	...
		Balaghat District	...	...
	Jubbulpore	Jubbulpore Town	...	...
		Jubbulpore Cantonment	...	...
		Jubbulpore District	...	...
		Saugor District	...	...
		Damoh Town	...	...
		Damoh District	...	...
		Seoni Town	...	...
		Seoni District	...	...
		Mandla Town	...	...
	Norbudda	Hoshangabad District	...	...
		Nimar District	...	...
		Narsingpur District	...	...
		Badnur Town	...	...
		Betul District	...	...
		Chhindwara District	...	...
	Chhattisgarh	Raipur Town	...	...
		Raipur District	...	...
		Bilaspur Town	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
MYSORE STATE	...	Bangalore Civil and Military Station	3	3
		Bangalore City	...	...
		Bangalore District	...	...
		Mysore City	.	...
		Mysore District	3	3
		Hassan „	1	2
		Kadur „	...	...
		Kolar „	...	...
		Kolar Gold Fields	...	...
		Tumkur District	...	...
		Shimoga „	3	2
		Chitaldroog „	...	...
		TOTAL	10	10

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
HYDERABAD STATE	...	Usmanabad District	...	...
		Raichur "	...	...
		Aurangabad "	...	.
		Nizamabad "	...	...
		Gulbarga "	...	...
		Bidar "	...	...
		Parbhani "	...	...
		Atrafibalda " Sarf-i-khas	...	...
		Nander "	...	...
		Hyderabad City and suburbs	...	...
		Bir District	...	...
		Adilabad District	...	...
		Medak "	...	...
		Nalgonda "	...	...
		Warangal "	...	...
		Karimnagar District	...	...
		Mahbubnagar "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Nowgong	...	...
		Indore City	...	...
		Indore State	...	...
		Indore Residency Bazars	...	...
		Ujjain City	...	...
		Ujjain District	...	...
		Gwalior State	...	...
		Datia "	...	...
		Ratlam "	...	...
		Mhow Cantonment	...	...
		Dewas (Senior Branch) Town	...	...
		Dewas State (Senior Branch)	...	...
		Dewas State (Junior Branch)	...	...
		Neemuch Cantonment	..	...
		Piploda State	...	...
		Jaora "	...	...
		Dhar "	...	...
		Bagli "	...	...
		Sailana "	...	...
		Jhabua "	...	...
		Manpur	...	...
		Malwa State	...	...
		Malwa Prant of Gwalior	...	...
		Kurwai State	...	...
		Rajgarh State	...	...
		Sehore Agency Limits	...	...
		Sehore Cantonment	...	...
		Bhopal City	...	...
		Bhopal State	...	...
		Rewa "	...	...
		Nagode "	...	...
		Maihar "	...	...

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
CENTRAL INDIA	...	Barwani State	...	...
		Morar Cantonment	...	...
		Sitaman State	...	...
		Sohawal "	...	...
		Narsingarh "	...	...
		Orchha "	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
RAJPUTANA AND AJMER-MERWARA	...	Chitor	...	...
		Udaipur City	...	...
		Jodhpur City	11	11
		Marwar (Jodhpur) State	...	...
		Jaipur City	...	...
		Jaipur	...	...
		Dholpur City	...	...
		Tonk State	...	...
		Tonk Pargana Nimbhera	...	...
		Partabgarh Town	...	...
		Partabgarh State	...	...
		Kishangarh "	...	...
		Alwar State	...	...
		Beawar	...	...
		Karauli City	...	...
		Abu Road	...	...
		Bharatpur State	18	9
		Ajmer Town	...	...
		Shahpura Town	...	...
		Sirohi State	...	...
		Dungarpur	...	...
		TOTAL	29 (a)	20 (a)
N.-W. F. PROVINCE	...	Dera Ismail Khan	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
KASHMIR	...	Mirpur District	...	...
		Kathua "	...	...
		Jammu Province	23	15
		TOTAL	23	15
BALUCHISTAN	...	Sonmiani	...	...
		Hirok	...	...
		Sibi	...	...
		Fort Sandeman	...	...
		Ormara (Las Bela State)	...	...
		TOTAL	...	...
		GRAND TOTAL	1,541	1,291

(a) For the week ending 7th June 1912.

L. C. PORTER,
Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 13th June 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. The monsoon in the Arabian Sea gave rain throughout the week on the west coast, but although moderate to heavy rain extended as far north as Ratnagiri very little occurred inland. Weather was unsettled in northwest India where numerous duststorms and thunderstorms caused light falls of rain, and the prevalence of easterly winds in the Gangetic plain occasioned local rainfall in the United Provinces. In northeast India rainfall has been practically confined to the northern districts and in Burma to the south of the province.

2. Temperature was unusually high up to the 9th in northwest India, but a very rapid fall then occurred owing to rainfall in the Punjab, and for the rest of the week temperature was in more or less large defect. In the Deccan and the south of the Central Provinces temperature was persistently high throughout the period, particularly during the day time.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall was of daily occurrence in Lower Burma, but in Upper Burma there were only occasional showers.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall occurred chiefly during the first half of the week, and weather was practically dry on the 10th, 11th and 12th.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Scattered falls of rain were recorded in the United Provinces almost every day. A few showers were reported from Central India East and the Central Provinces, chiefly from the eastern districts.

Northwest India.—Duststorms and thunderstorms gave several falls of rain in Kashmir and the Punjab on the 9th, 10th and 11th, in the North-West Frontier Province on the 11th, and in Rajputana on the 10th.

The Peninsula.—Rainfall was almost restricted to the west coast as far north as Ratnagiri, and only a few falls occurred in the interior of the Peninsula, chiefly in the Bombay Deccan.

4. The chief daily falls of rain were as follows:—

June 6th. Mergui 2·32″, Toungoo 2·77″, Akyab 3·15″, Monywa 1·11,″ Silchar 1·15″, Chittagong 1·74″, Mymensingh 1·11″, Jalpaiguri 1·93″, Calcutta 1·09″, Darbhanga 1·13″, Mangalore 2·59″, Mercara 1·76″ and Cochin 2·61″.

" 7th. Victoria Point 2·91″, Moulmein 1·52″, Akyab 1·05″, Sibsagar 3·14″, Silchar 1·20″, Cherrapunji 11·06″, Jalpaiguri 1·32″, False Point 1·49″, Cuttack 1·60″, Ranchi 1·04″, Mangalore 1·21″ and Trivandrum 1·37″.

" 8th. Victoria Point 2·03″, Rangoon 3·44″, Mandalay 2·50″, Mymensingh 2·10″, Darbhanga 1·02″, Patna 1·07″, Gorakhpur 0·90″, Bahraich 0·98″, Bareilly 1·66″, Bikaner 0·90″, Goa 2·60″, Calicut 2·24″, Cochin 2·94″ and Trivandrum 3·37″.

" 9th. Victoria Point 2·51″, Diamond Island 2·50″, Cox's Bazar 1·46″, Cuttack 2·25″, Lahore and Multan each 0·50″, Mangalore 1·37″, Calicut 5·56″, Cochin 4·43″ and Trivandrum 3·99″.

" 10th. Victoria Point 2·96″, Mergui 1·55″, Mandalay 0·92″, Mainpuri 0·59″, Pendra 0·54″, Ambala 0·90″, Mount Abu 2·11″, Jodhpur 0·80″, Mangalore 2·50″ and Calicut 2·31″.

" 11th. Mergui 3·46″, Tavoy 2·60″, Cawnpore 1·21″, Lucknow 1·05″, Mainpuri 1·10″, Delhi 1·27″, Peshawar 0·67″, Ajmer 0·57″, Goa 1·85″, Marmagao 1·96″, Calicut 2·46″ and Trivandrum 1·41″.

" 12th. Tavoy 2·69″, Diamond Island 6·35″, Hazaribagh 1·44″, Bhuj 0·80″, Chanda 1·90″, Ratnagiri 1·78″, Goa 4·30″ and Marmagao 4·24″.

5. The week's rainfall has exceeded the normal in the United Provinces, the Punjab, the North-West Frontier Province, Rajputana West and Malabar. It was in defect by more than an inch in Assam, Bengal, Berar, the Konkan, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad South.

The rainfall of the period from the 3rd of May up to date is normal or in defect throughout the Indian region with the exception of Rajputana West. The defect measured in inches is largest in the Bay Islands (12″) and the Konkan (7″).

DIVISION.	Rainfall data for week ending on 13th June 1912.			Rainfall data from 3rd May 1912 to 13th June 1912.			Seasonal percentage departure from normal.	
	Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain-fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	7·1	4·6	+2·5	13·8	25·6	−11·8	− 46	− 68
Lower Burma	6·6	6·1	+0·5	22·5	24·2	− 1·7	− 7	− 12
Upper Burma	1·2	2·0	−0·8	8·2	9·3	− 1·1	− 12	− 4
Assam	2·3	3·9	−1·6	16·6	17·7	− 1·1	− 6	+ 4
Bengal	1·5	2·8	−1·3	11·8	12·6	− 0·8	− 6	+ 5
Orissa	1·9	1·7	+0·2	3·8	5·9	− 2·1	− 36	− 55
Chota Nagpur	1·6	1·5	+0·1	3·7	4·7	− 1·0	− 21	− 34
Bihar	1·0	1·3	−0·3	4·5	4·8	− 0·3	− 6	0
United Provinces, East	1·0	0·6	+0·4	1·7	1·5	+ 0·2	+ 13	− 22
United Provinces, West	0·9	0·6	+0·3	1·3	1·5	− 0·2	− 13	− 56
Punjab, East and North	0·6	0·3	+0·3	1·0	1·1	− 0·1	− 9	− 50
Punjab, Southwest	0·6	0·1	+0·5	0·7	0·6	+ 0·1	+ 17	− 80
Kashmir	0·2	0·3	−0·1	3·1	2·7	+ 0·4	+ 15	+ 21
N.-W. Frontier Province	0·4	0·1	+0·3	0·7	0·8	− 0·1	− 13	− 57
Baluchistan	0	0	0	0·1	0·3	− 0·2	− 67	− 67
Sind	0	0·1	−0·1	0	0·1	− 0·1	−100	0
Rajputana, West	0·9	0·2	+0·7	1·0	0·6	+ 0·4	+ 67	− 75
Rajputana, East	0·3	0·4	−0·1	0·8	1·2	− 0·4	− 33	− 37
Gujarat	0·1	0·4	−0·3	0·1	0·4	− 0·3	− 75	0
Central India, West	0·1	1·0	−0·9	0·3	1·6	− 1·3	− 81	− 67
Central India, East	0·2	0·4	−0·2	0·8	0·7	+ 0·1	+ 14	+100
Berar	0	1·3	−1·3	0	2·4	− 2·4	−100	−100
Central Provinces, West	0·1	1·1	−1·0	0·2	2·1	− 1·9	− 90	− 90
Central Provinces, East	1·1	1·3	−0·2	1·3	2·5	− 1·2	− 48	− 83
Konkan	4·9	7·9	−3·0	6·4	13·6	− 7·2	− 53	− 74
Bombay Deccan	0·3	1·6	−1·3	1·2	3·7	− 2·5	− 68	− 57
Hyderabad, North	0·4	1·2	−0·8	0·8	2·2	− 1·4	− 64	− 60
Hyderabad, South	0	1·1	−1·1	0·6	2·5	− 1·9	− 76	− 57
Mysore	0·5	0·9	−0·4	5·1	5·7	− 0·6	− 11	− 4
Malabar	12·7	7·9	+4·8	22·4	20·8	+ 1·6	+ 8	− 25
Madras, Southeast	0·1	0·3	−0·2	2·5	2·6	− 0·1	− 4	+ 4
Madras Deccan	0	0·7	−0·7	0·8	2·6	− 1·8	− 69	− 58
Madras Coast, North	0·3	1·0	−0·7	0·7	3·0	− 2·3	− 77	− 80

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 13th June 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

MEMORANDUM ON THE METEOROLOGICAL CONDITIONS PREVAILING BEFORE THE ADVANCE OF THE SOUTHWEST MONSOON OF 1912.

Monsoon rainfall in India is affected by previous conditions over various parts of the earth. The recent data of those which appear to be of importance are:—

THE ARGENTINE REPUBLIC.

2. At Buenos Aires monthly pressure was in defect by ·02″ in March, in excess by ·03″ in April, and in defect by ·02″ in May.

CHILI.

3. At Santiago monthly pressure was in excess in March and April by ·01″, and in May by ·02″.

THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

4. At Honolulu pressure during May averaged ·05″ in excess.

AUSTRALIA.

5. Pressure was in excess in April by ·07″ and in May by ·05″.

THE INDIAN OCEAN.

6. (*a*) *Mauritius.*—In May the barometer stood about ·05″ below its normal height: the deficit occurred chiefly during the second and third weeks, and was due in part to the action of a cyclonic storm. The air movement was stronger than usual and nearly normal in direction. Rainfall was much above the average.

(*b*) *Zanzibar.*—The pressure conditions in May were normal in character. Winds were decidedly weaker than the average and were more westerly than usual throughout, except during the third week when their direction was variable.

Rainfall was in defect by 5 per cent during April and 65 per cent during May.

(*c*) *Seychelles.*—During May pressure differed but little from the normal. Variable winds, lighter than usual, prevailed during nearly the whole month, and, as commonly occurs under these conditions, the rainfall was above the average.

(*d*) *Logs of vessels.*—According to the available information the northward extensions of the southeast trades over the west equatorial belt was greatly retarded. The steamship *Surada* which crossed this region from south to north between the meridians of 61° and 66° E. in the beginning of the second week in May experienced light irregular airs and calms to the north of latitude 12° S; whereas in years of ordinary conditions the southern trades reach the equator by the middle of May.

No marine information for the west equatorial regions is forthcoming for the second half of May, but the wind records of Seychelles suggest that the northward progress of the trades was taking place unusually slowly.

In the Arabian Sea two advances of monsoon winds have occurred, but their influence has been confined entirely to the southern portion of the sea. In the central and western parts of the sea where normally monsoon conditions appear in the fourth week of May light unsteady winds and quiet weather still prevail.

In the Bay of Bengal there were two advances of monsoon winds in May, but both proved to be very feeble and short-lived.

AFRICA.

7. *Nyasaland.*—The recent conditions of pressure, temperature and rainfall have only differed slightly from the average.

German East Africa.—Rainfall in April and May has been very deficient.

Uganda Protectorate.—Rainfall in April was in slight excess and in May in slight defect.

Northeast Africa.—The floods of the Nile are mainly due to rainfall in Abyssinia, and the variations of this are fairly closely related with those of the monsoon in northwest India. On the 14th May the river gauges were still falling gradually, and there were no signs of flood water reaching the Blue Nile at Roseires. The Bahr el Jebel had been lower than ever before been recorded, but was rising slowly. Temperature in Egypt was considerably lower than usual and pressure in excess from the 5th to the 14th May.

On the 2nd June temperature in Egypt was still low and pressure high. The gauge at Roseires was reading 20 inches below normal, the first rise there having occurred 20 days later than usual.

SNOWFALL.

8. (*a*) According to the very limited information available the past winter was very severe and prolonged over a portion of Central Asia. In Transcaspia and Russian Turkistan snowfall is reported to have occurred as late as the end of April.

(*b*) In the Persian area the winter commenced in November, earlier than usual. Conditions were more unsettled than usual in December and January, but during the three succeeding months the weather was on the whole drier than usual. Little or no information is available for May, but it is almost certain that no abnormal precipitation occurred in that month.

(*c*) In Baluchistan precipitation was much heavier than usual in November, January and April, and about normal or in defect in other months.

(*d*) In Afghanistan conditions have been nearly normal.

(*e*) In the hill districts of the North-West Frontier Province, according to the available information, the snowfall was above the average in October, November and January, and probably also in April and the earlier part of May, equal to the normal in December, and lighter than usual in February and March.

(*f*) In Kashmir the snowfall was in excess in November and May, and about normal or in defect in December, March and April. On the higher hills near Kargil snow lay five feet deep in the beginning of June.

(*g*) In the Punjab Himalayas the snowfall was probably on the whole less than usual; it was above the average only in October and November. The unsettled weather of April and May appears to have retarded to some extent the melting, and the snow-covering at the present time is probably in some places thicker than usual.

(*h*) In the Kumaon hills the winter began abnormally early, and in November snow is reported to have fallen as low as 4,000 feet in the hills north of Chakrata. The fall was very light in December and rather heavy in January. During the following three months the quantity received was apparently by no means excessive and the aggregate fall of the whole period October to May was probably not very different from the normal.

(*i*) The snowfall in the Assam Himalayas was, as far as can be judged from the few reports received, heavier than that of the two preceding winters, and probably in excess.

On the whole it appears that the winter began unusually early, but was not severe, the snowfall during December, February and March having been below the normal. Depressions of the winter type were more in evidence than usual in April and May, but it is almost certain that no widespread fall of snow occurred in those months.

The accumulations existing at the present time appear however to be on the whole somewhat in excess, owing chiefly to the abnormal thickness of the unmelted residue of last year's heavy snowfall.

INDIA.

9. The average temperature during May in the Punjab, which tends to be low in years of excessive snowfall, has been normal. But there have at times been dry northerly winds over the western half of the Deccan, such as are usually associated with heavy snowfall. The rainfall of May has been decidedly less than usual in most parts of the country.

INFERENCES FROM THE DATA.

10. (*a*) With reference to the general pressure conditions it is favourable for Indian monsoon rainfall when pressure is low in the Indian Ocean and Australia, and high in the Argentine Republic and Chili, at which last two areas pressure tends to vary in the direction opposed to the variations in the Indian Ocean. In the present year the mean of the South American data is very slightly favourable, though there are indications of instability; and the same appears to hold for the pressure data of Mauritius and Australia.

(*b*) Of rainfall conditions it is favourable that April and May rainfall should be deficient at Zanzibar and in the adjacent German East Africa, and these conditions are well marked this year.

(*c*) Excess of snowfall is usually associated with weakness and lateness of the monsoon, especially in north-west India; but happily the excess, though existent, is not strongly marked.

(*d*) The evidence from ships' logs as to the delay in the northward extension of the monsoon and its present weakness is strongly corroborated by the data from Africa: it suggests that during the earlier portion of the monsoon period the rains will be less abundant than usual.

Further it may be mentioned that when the rainfall of India as a whole is affected the result is generally shown to a more conspicuous extent in north-west India.

(*e*) There is so large an uncertainty in our present methods of forecasting that it is only when the indications regarding the total monsoon rainfall are strongly favourable or strongly unfavourable that reliance can be placed on them. In the present year the indications are not strongly marked, nor does it appear that any of the data other than those from which inferences have been drawn are so exceptional as to suggest any very abnormal features in the monsoon of this year.

SUMMARY.

1. It appears likely that monsoon rainfall, which is already overdue on the Konkan coast, will be materially later than usual in establishing itself over the country.

2. The rainfall of the first half of the period is likely to be less abundant and less steady than usual, particularly in north-west India.

3. There appears to be no reason for anticipating that the total monsoon rainfall of India as a whole will be in large excess or large defect.

4. An unusual amount of irregularity in the distribution of rainfall appears likely.

SIMLA;
The 8th June 1912.

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

C

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 8th June 1912.

Burma.—The rainfall was moderate and well distributed except in parts of the dry zone. Ploughing for the winter rice crop is general in Lower Burma. In Upper Burma ploughing for autumn rice and upland crops and reaping of summer rice are progressing normally. The health of cattle is satisfactory. The price of unhusked rice remains altogether abnormal.

Assam.—The rainfall was heavy in the Surma Valley and the adjoining hills and general elsewhere. It has benefited cultivation of land and standing crops. Weeding of jute, ploughing of winter rice, transplanting of sugarcane and tea manufacture continue. Cattle disease is prevalent in six districts. The price of common rice has risen very slightly in comparison with the previous week.

Bengal.—The rainfall during the week was general over the Province. The fall was heavy in Dinajpur, Jalpaiguri, Bogra and Cooch Behar and in parts of Rajshahi, Rangpur, Pabna, Mymensingh and Tippera and generally light to moderate elsewhere. Preparation of land for winter rice and weeding of jute and autumn rice continue. Prospects of standing crops are generally good. The average price of rice is almost stationary as compared with last week. Cattle disease is reported from Murshidabad, Jessore, Khulna, Midnapore and Malda.

Bihar and Orissa.—The rainfall during the week was fairly good over the Province. Preparation of land still continues. Sowing of paddy, jute and autumn crops is going on. Sugarcane and other standing crops are doing well. The price of common rice is almost stationary. The condition of cattle is generally good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient.

United Provinces.—There have been slight but well distributed falls of rain throughout the Provinces. Sugarcane has been benefited and is doing well. Sowing of cotton in irrigated tracts and of rice, maize and fodder crops have commenced. Sporadic cattle disease is reported from several districts but the general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The level of prices is generally stationary.

Punjab.—The week was generally wet and cloudy. Harvesting of wheat still continues and the outturn is normal to good. The condition of standing extra spring and autumn crops is good. Sowings of autumn crops continue in irrigated areas. The sown area is normal in irrigated tracts but is somewhat restricted in unirrigated tracts. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—The weather was rainless and hot. The condition of standing crops is average on irrigated lands but is below average on unirrigated lands. Harvesting of spring crops continues. The outturn is normal on irrigated areas but is below normal on unirrigated areas. Sowings of autumn crops continue. The condition of cattle is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. Prices are generally falling slightly.

Jammu.—No rain fell during the week. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 20 and maize from 10 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell twice during the week. Zamindars are harvesting spring crops and are busy with cultivation of autumn crops. Prices of grains are average and that of *til* has decreased. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is good.

Rajputana.—The weather was hot with occasional dust storms and generally cloudy. Showers fell in isolated places Preparation for autumn sowings are in progress. Pasturage and fodder is deficient in Merwara and parts of the western States, Mewar and Jaipur Residencies where cattle are consequently losing condition. The water supply is deficient in many places in Kotah and is diminishing in the Hilly Tracts of Mewar and in Merwara. Prices are generally high and are rising in the Southern Rajputana States but are steady on the whole. The numbers of relief were :—Merwara, on gratuitous relief 115. In the Dungarpur State there were 983 on works and 19 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Central India.—Slight rain fell in Sailana and Piploda of the Malwa Agency and in Dhar, Jhabua and Barwani of the Bhopawar Agency. Fields have been prepared for autumn crops in Indore and Baghelkhand and are being prepared elsewhere. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior, Indore and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices have fallen in some parts of Gwalior, in Indore City and in the Nimar district of Indore, are rising in Malwa and steady elsewhere.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues but is not increasing. People on relief works are in good condition. There is no

wandering or emaciation and no disinclination to resort to relief works. There is no influx of foreigners. Relief measures are adequate. Private relief has been opened in two centres in Jobat State. Prices of food grains are stationary in Dharampuri and Ali Rajpur but are rising in Kuksi. The number on relief works was :—Dhar 2,059, Ali Rajpur 2,497, Jobat 85 and Jhabua 1,081. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 178 and Ali Rajpur 64. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 346.

Central Provinces.—The weather is very sultry and occasionally cloudy. During the week five districts had slight rain not exceeding 26 cents. Preparation of land for sowing of the next season's crop continues. The supply of fodder and water is inadequate in parts of eight districts. Agricultural stock is generally in good condition. Prices are almost steady but exhibit a tendency to rise slightly.

Feudatory States.—Agriculturists are ploughing land for sowing of the ensuing autumn crops. Prices :—rice rose in Korea by 3 seers per rupee.

Bombay.—Trifling rain fell during the week in parts of the Deccan and the Karnatak. Preparation of land for cultivation of autumn crops is progressing generally. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind, Gujarat and the Deccan and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency proper. Prices are high and have risen generally during the last four weeks.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. Distribution of *takavi* continues. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 7½ to 9½ and maize at 7¼ to 9½ seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 8th June were :—Panch Mahals, works 40,704, gratuitous 39,585, total 80,289. The numbers of works are rising owing to want of rain. Kathiawar on works 6,082. Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan and the Karnatak gratuitous 18,030. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha, Rewa Kantha and Jath there were 7,189 on test works and 5,438 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The numbers on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending 8th June were :—11,499 workers, 3,357 dependents on works and 752 on gratuitous relief, total 15,608.

Hyderabad.—Very little rain fell during the week throughout the Dominions except the Raichur district. The average for the Dominions is 4 cents. The highest falls were 70 cents in Gangawati and 61 cents in Andola. Lands continue to be prepared for autumn crops in all districts. Fodder scarcity prevails in 40 talukas, cattle disease in 7 and water scarcity in 36. Prices :—wheat 6¾, coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 13 seers per rupee. White *juar* is selling at 12¼ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good throughout the State except Shimoga and Chitaldroog. Prices of food grains are generally steady and markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition. Prospects of the season are good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 4 inches 25 cents. Ploughing for rice continues. Sowing of rice has commenced in parts. Prices of food grains have risen slightly. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was heavy in the west coast and the hills and light to fair elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of paddy and dry crops are proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding in parts. The condition of cattle is generally good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices show a tendency to rise.

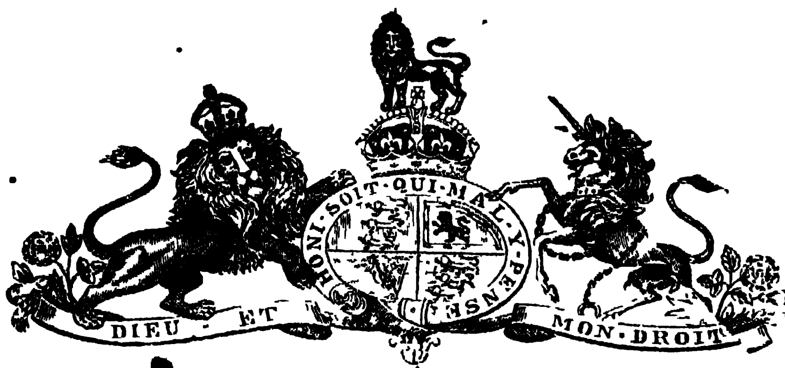
Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	PRECEDING WEEK (REVISED).			PRESENT WEEK.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	36,379	39,703	76,082	40,704	39,585	80,289	+4,207
Kathiawar	7,267	...	7,267	6,082	...	6,082	—1,185
Central India States	7,760	235	7,995	6,068	242	6,310	—1,685
Baroda	10,291	4,045	14,336	11,499	4,109	15,608	+1,272
Rajputana	1,021	19	1,040	983	19	1,002	—38
TOTAL	62,718	44,002	106,720	65,336	43,955	1,09,291	+2,571

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Printed and Publi hed for the GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, *at the* GOVERNMENT CENTRAL PRINTING OFFICE, *Simla.*



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla ... March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those P... addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Gov... of ... Home Department, of August 1901 :—

"It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter f... *India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publ... day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to th... to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. ... February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notific... intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered ... than 2 P.M on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be ... urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gaze*... directed to request that these orders may be more strictly obse... Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely ... can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Ga*... next ... expense ... 9th ... matter ... not later ... extremely ... undersigned is ... ure, and that ... papers which

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Applications for the supply of the *Gazett*... n the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to wh... the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of ... y number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it ... due.

J. J. MEIKLE,
Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 15th June 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

June 4th.

…. Pope. *Improvements in telegraph systems.*

…. G. Constantinescu. *Improvements in vapour generators.*

…77. J. M. Leighton. *A method of recording the volume or sectional area of concrete in piles formed in the ground.*

27… J. S. Davidson. *Improvements in and relating to machines for sorting tea or other substances.*

27… M. Cheifetz and J. -A. C. Rabinowitsch. *Method of and apparatus for determining the geographical latitude of a place.*

28… Marconi's Wireless Telegraph Company, Limited. *Improvements in installations for wireless telegraphy.*

281 W. Castles. *An improved machine for excavating, elevating, and dumping earth, sand, silt or gravel.*

2… W. Sim. *Improved method of and machine for fitting closure caps to cans and the like.*

May 6th.

28… S. Farrell. *A resilient rubberless spring-belt tyre.*

… R. Bullock. *Ginning apparatus.*

June 7th.

285. …Ch. Bhan. *Chullah (stove) for cooking chapatis or other native food by means of coal.*

June 8th.

286. C. …rooke. *Improvements in or relating to roofs, flooring and the like.*

287. D. R…oper, E. M. Murley and J. V. Wyborn. *An improved paint.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby …en that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the …lications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this Gazet… of India give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such oppos…n.

Printed copies of the …cifications in the following list will be for sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Str…, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a cop… posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas …ght by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the c…upon at the foot of the order.

65. A. Minnick. *Improve…ts in electrical systems of train control.*

144. La Société Universelle d… …plosifs (Ancient Berges, Corbin and Cie). *Explosive and proce… for the manufacture of the same.*

215. W. A. Fraser. *Flushing s…tems for water closets.*

242. P. W. Druitt and W. R. Gi…n. *Improvements in apparatus for composing and casting ty…*

245. J. Maden. *The climax hollow …ncrete flooring.*

247. R. H. Morris. *Improvement… … moulding plants for wrought iron pulley bosses.*

249. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *The manufacture and production of new materials suitable for use in tanning.*

250. Badische Anilin & Soda Fabrik. *Improvements in tanning.*

253. Société Générale des Nitrures. *Process for the manufacture of aluminium nitride.*

254. Société Générale des Nitrures. *The manufacture of aluminium nitride.*

255. Société Générale des Nitrures. *Process for the manufacture of ammonia by means of aluminium nitride.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

8th June 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each :—

131. Tej Shanker Kochak and Jagan Nath Prasad. *Improved water lift.*

158. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in non-skid tyres for motor cars and other road vehicles.*

159. W. G. Skew. *Improvements in the treads of non-skid pneumatic tyres.*

193. H. H. Jellett. *Point lock.*

204. H. Leitner. *Improvements in means for regulating electric lamp circuits.*

209. R. K. Biernacki. *Improvements in axle boxes for railway and tramway rolling stock.*

213. W. Meischke-Smith. *An improved machine for delivering measured quantities of liquids.*

219. (Mrs.) A. M. Hart. *Improvements in and the process of the manufacture of nitro-cellulose.*

220. M. Deacon and W. Gore. *Improvements in or relating to apparatus for adding re-agents to liquids or for mixing liquids.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

40. Thomson.
41. Thomson.
43. Read & Morrill, Inc.
44. Mondol.
45. Williams and Gill.
46. Hume.
47. Smallwood.
49. The Metals Extraction Corporation, Ld.
50. Pilkington, Whittaker, Bradshaw & Briggs.
51. Hoering.
55. Burn & Co., Ld. & Shaw.

PATENTS SEALED.

6. Inshaw.
7. McCarter.
8. Edge.
11. Neil.
12. Juarez.
13. Woodward and Burn.

SPECIFICATION FILED (1888 ACT).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 483 of 1911.—Syed Mahommed Azizul Hasan. *Preparing iron oxide paint or an impalpable powder from the crude iron oxide.* (Specification filed 29 May 1912.)

No. 514 of 1911.—S. M. Wadia. *Contrivance for working a punkah or a fan to be attached to any machinery such as sewing machines, laths, engines, etc.* (Specification filed 22 April 1912.)

No. 575 of 1911.—J. J. Heilmann. *An improved direct acting explosion turbine.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 597 of 1911.—Kuchler-Gesellschaft fur Hygienische Milchversorgung m. b. H. *Improvements in milk cans.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 598 of 1911.—Kuchler-Gesellschaft fur Hygienische Milchversorgung m. b. H. *Improvements in apparatus for retailing milk.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 636 of 1911.—H. Joachim. *Improvements in gas kindling devices.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

476 of 1898. Davidson. (To 11 April 1913).
31 of 1899. Stearn (To 30 August 1913).
434 of 1900. Neale. (To 7 June 1913).
162 of 1904. Mather & Platt, Ld. (To 26 July 1913).
297 of 1904. Poulsen. (To 31 August 1913).
153 of 1906. Bryant. (To 20 June 1913).
38 of 1906. Western Syndicate, Ld. (To 14 June 1913).
322 of 1906. Poulsen. (To 10 August 1913).
582 of 1906. Morgan. (To 8 July 1913).
154 of 1907. Poulsen. (To 30 July 1913).
531 of 1907. Lash. (To 4 July 1913).
5 of 1908. Johnson. (To 5 August 1913).
6 of 1908. Shrewsbury. (To 5 August 1913).

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1900.

303, (Wilson and Bennett).

1906.

556, (Chandler).

1907.

143, (Barabasz). 259, (Chew). 276, (Bonnard & Mackillop).
365, (Russell). 439, (Tress & Co.) 566, (Pearson).

1908.

33, (Christensen).

APPLICATION FOR PATENT UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

395 of 1909. K. Thulasi Dass. Water lift I.

DESIGNS.

Entered on the Register.

June 3rd to the 8th.

Class 13. Nos. 100—114. The Calico Printers' Association, Limited, calico printers, St. James' Buildings, Oxford street, Manchester, England, June 5.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.
Bombay—Record Office.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions, so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows:—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
„ —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
„ —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—College of Engineering.
Nagpur—Office of the Director of Agriculture, Central Provinces.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office:—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Patent Office Journal, January to March	each	0	8
(g) Specifications of Inventions	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

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"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

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**N.B.*—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

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NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

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5	The inset of Cawnpore City.
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8 " "	2 8 0	3 0 0
4 " "	1 4 0	1 5 0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

MILITARY ACCOUNTS DEPARTMENT.

Statement of Unclaimed Sums deposited with the Bengal Military Orphan Society in trust for Soldiers' Children, exclusive of those of minors who have not attained the age of 21.

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.		
				R	a.	p.
Prior to 1842	Collins, ——, Sergeant	......	Two children	157	14	1
,,	Lee, E., Corporal	......	Two children	111	9	6
,,	Smith, Henry, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth	828	0	0
,,	Smith, D., Sergeant Major	......	Margaret	78	6	5
,,	Story, ——, Sergeant	......	Thomas	117	5	4
,,	MacConnell, Sergeant	......	John	77	15	3
,,	Ratherford, Sergeant	......	Margaret	138	10	8
,,	Hewetson, William, Gunner	......	John	47	5	7
,,	Taylor, John, Private	......	John	214	11	1
,,	Conroy, Peter, Corporal	......	Thomas	274	14	6
,,	McCullum, ——, Conductor	...	John	354	6	10
,,	Gordon, James	59th Foot	James	589	2	2
,,	Casey, Jeremiah	87th Foot	Daniel	109	12	4
,,	Corbolly, Thomas, Private	59th Foot	Samuel	62	12	3
,,	Cassidy, ——, Corporal	.....	John	61	3	9
,,	Hyde, Henry, Conductor	......	Thomas	187	1	10
,,	Hedgkinson, E., Troop Sergeant Major.	11th Dragoons	William	64	8	0
,,	Anderson, William, Corporal	H. C., 1st En. Regt.	Mary Anne Margaret	124	11	6
,,	White, W., Private	3rd Buffs	George and Mary Anne.	13	13	9
,,	Minogue, T., Private	3rd Buffs	Thomas	23	11	0
,,	Tailor, John, Bombardier	......	Elizabeth	43	0	0
,,	Neal, James, Private	59th Foot	James	43	0	0
,,	Sherrock, J., Corporal	......	Joseph	160	0	0
,,	Moore, Bombardier	... .	Dorothy	5	9	5
,,	Lawson, Henry, Laboratory Sergeant.	... ..	George	11	8	2
,,	Creighton, James, Corporal	13th L. Infy.	Mary Ann	16	12	0
,,	McCoy, ——, Sub-Conductor	......	John and George	958	3	2
,,	Long, R., Sergeant	Allahabad Magazine Establishment.	Ann and Robert D.	137	3	9
,,	Baker, H., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	James	32	1	4
,,	Hills, ——, Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Sophia	30	1	1
,,	Burns, James, Gunner	Artillery	Hannah	10	6	9
,,	McKenney, R., Bombardier	1st Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	Ann Eliza	134	6	5
,,	Smith, J., Gunner	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Margaret	6	5	5
,,	Byrne, F., Hospital Sergeant	2nd Bn. Arty.	Charles	123	13	4
,,	Flynn, J., Gunner	3rd Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Elizabeth	6	1	4
,,	Fagan, J., Gunner	1st Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Mary and James	11	12	9
,,	Johnson, C., Gunner	1st Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	William	3	0	6
,,	Twoomey, M., Gunner	4th Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Michael, William, and Margaret.	21	2	11
,,	Ahern, William, Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	65	11	9
,,	McCormick, J., Gunner	4th Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Bernard	116	10	9
,,	Gavin, J., Gunner	2nd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	Thomas and James	189	3	6
,,	Bryan, D., Sergeant	......	Mortimer	12	10	11
,,	Reid, ——, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	Eleanor and Eunice	68	6	5
,,	South, ——, Sergeant	......	Elizabeth Martha	310	0	0
,,	Cunningham, Mathew, Private	44th Foot	Michael	37	14	6
,,	Blyth, John, Conductor	.. ...	Children (names not recorded).	12	12	3
,,	Smith, T., Sergeant	......	Esther and Amelia	23	15	0
,,	Pierce, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	20th N. I.	Thomas	711	15	2
,,	Driver, J., Sergeant Major	......	Robert Charles and John.	141	7	1
,,	Davis, D., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Thomas	23	15	2
,,	Canty, John, Bombardier	3rd Co., 4th Bn. Arty.	John (died, 11th May 1842).	272	2	8
June 29, 1853	(Not recorded)	......	Bryon, Margaret, and William.	53	8	3
,, 29, 1849	(Not recorded)	......	Daly Robert	23	9	1
Mar. 24, 1843	Nowlon, L., Farrier Sergeant	4th Troop, 2nd B. H. A.	Ellen	112	9	0
Apl. 3, 1843	Farrel, James, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. Arty.	Charlotte	4	2	8
,, 3, 1843	Roach, Edward, Private	1st En. Lt. Infy.	David and Austel	7	13	3
Mar. 9, 1843	Sheehan, B., Gunner	3rd Co., 3rd Bn. Arty.	John and Patrick	2	1	8
June 21, 1844	Evans, George, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	Mary Ann and Catherine.	19	14	9
Sept. 19, 1844	Andrews, ——, Private	44th Foot	George	200	0	0
Oct. 30, 1887	Ward, J., Gunner	O. Batty., 3rd Bde., R.A.	Julia	277	11	11
Dec. 31, 1887	Bunn, T., Gunner	G. Batty., B. Bde., R.H.A.	William Thomas	63	9	8
			James John	63	9	8

Date of Deposit.	Name and rank of father.	Corps.	Names of children.	Amount.		
				R	a.	p.
Mar. 29, 1888	Oxford, W., Private	2nd Royal Lanc. Regt.	A., L., A. and J. T.	27	3	2
Nov. 16, 1844	Gale, ——, Private	10th Foot	John Thomas	28	12	0
" 20, 1844	Sullivan, John, Bombardier	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	John	130	0	0
Jan. 6, 1845	Monaghan, Michael, Sergeant	1st Co., 2nd Bn. Arty.	James	156	12	5
" 15, 1845	Godfrey, ——, Sergeant Major	......	Harriett M. and James	31	14	1
Feb 14, 1845	Fry, ——, Bugle Major	6th Bn. of Arty.	James	12	6	9
" 3, 1842	Wilson	......	Sophia, Thomas and Elizabeth.	204	7	8
" ... 1842	McCarthy, Qr. Mr. Sergeant	......	John	61	2	3
" 14, 1845	Hannoo, J., Drummer	68th Regt., N. Infy.	Mary	28	8	3
July 7, 1845	Hay, A., Sergeant Major	......	Thomas	101	5	4
" 9, 1845	Meaney, John, Sergeant Major	2nd Bde., H. Arty.	Henry and James	292	15	8
" 9, 1845	Murphy, Thomas, Bombardier	2nd Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Ellen	77	4	11
" 9, 1845	Fate, William, Staff Sergeant	4th Co., 15th Bn. of Arty.	Catherine Ann	167	15	5
" 9, 1845	Daley, Owen, Gunner	3rd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Owen	7	1	7
Sept. 1, 1845	Ryan, ——, Sergeant	......	Julia B. and George J.	120	13	0
Aug. 8, 1846	McEnerney, Thomas, Sub-Conductor.	......	Hannah	152	0	9
...	Glasscan, John, Corporal	......	Ellen Sarah	66	10	3
...	Ridley, Henry, Gunner	......	Henry	34	9	3
Oct. 16, 1846	Lewis, Thomas, Gunner	Arty.	Thomas	20	5	3
July 6, 1847	Dobbins, Francis, Gunner	......	Martha	83	3	6
" 19, 1847	Lunn, Adam, Farrier	......	Adam T. and John	79	14	0
" 19, 1847	Clarke, William, Bombardier	1st Troop, 3rd Bde., H. Arty.	Not recorded	104	10	8
" 19, 1847	Prince, W., Sergeant	1st Troop, 1st Bde., H. Arty.	Ditto	125	15	10
Jan. 11, 1848	Byrnes, ——, Corporal	......	Maria	59	0	0
July 6, 1848	Braithwaite, W., Staff Sergeant.	......	C. William and William H.	[illegible]	3	5
Oct. 16, 1848	Butcher, H., Sergeant Major.	Sirmoor Bn	Johannah, Frederick and David Edwin.	99	6	1
May 9, 1849	Sheehan, D., Private	2nd En. Regt.	James	36	5	6
June 2, 1849	Moore, Benjamin, Private	1st En. B. F.	Sarah C.	9	8	4
" 2, 1849	Crowley, Charles, Private	1st En. B. F.	John	7	6	0
Oct. 12, 1849	Deare, W., Conductor	......	Emeline	50	0	0
Nov. 21, 1849	Moget, ——, Sergeant Major	......	George	69	14	4
Feb. 18, 1850	Boote, Daniel, Gunner	1st Co., 4th Bn. of Arty.	James and another	26	3	5
June 29, 1850	Uniack, Patrick, Sergeant	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	John and another	29	15	0
Aug. 19, 1850	Sheehan, P., Gunner	Arty.	Patrick	23	5	6
Oct. 29, 1850	Lees, James, Corporal	2nd En. Regt.	Elizabeth	25	14	6
Nov. 4, 1852	Hodgins, Adam, Gunner	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	William	9	11	11
Feb. 1, 1853	Edwards, Michael, Sergeant	2nd Co., 5th Bn. of Arty.	Jane and Bridget	36	5	9
Apl. 21, 1853	Staples, Edward, Sergeant	Sappers and Miners	E. W. H.	97	2	6
Sept. 13, 1853	Brown, Michael, Sergeant	Arracan Bn.	John	49	10	3
Jan. 24, 1854	Galway, Robert, Bombardier	1st Co., 3rd Bn. of Arty.	William	206	1	2
" 18, 1855	Munrowd, George, Sub-Conductor.	Ordnance Dept.	Georgiana	61	10	3
Sept. 24, 1855	Franks, G., Bazar Sergeant	......	Mary Harriet	283	1	11
Oct. 15, 1857	Earle, Edward, Sergeant	Calcutta Town Guard	William Edward	209	14	0
Dec. 4, 1860	MacDonnel, John, Private	97th Foot	Charles	25	15	6
June ... 1862	Keddie, J., Private	2nd En. B. F.	Jane and James	86	0	0
July 22, 1863	Lawton, William, Color Sergeant.	24th Foot	William and Joseph	152	14	2
Jan. 25, 1864	Jones, John, Gunner	G. Battery, 22nd Bde., Royal Arty.	Henrietta Dalzell	39	5	10
Mar. 10, 1864 May 19, 1864	Anderson, William, Gunner	5th Bn., 25th Bde., Royal Arty.	Duncan	35	4	11
July 18, 1865	Rowland, J., Private	2nd Dragoon Guards	Sophia M. and Elizabeth Ann.	8	0	0
June 25, 1866	Mead, William, Bombardier	4-25th Royal Arty.	Mary and Thomas	4	0	0
Oct. 9, 1871	York, R., Sergeant	Arty.	Henry J.	21	1	4
May 8, 1884	Claydon, Daniel, Color Sergeant.	2nd Lanc. Fus.	Thomas Patrick	60	0	0
July 6, 1887 June 2, 1888 and Sept. 7, 1888	Simons, J., Lance-Corporal	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	John Thomas	176	15	1
Apl. 11, 1889	Hyland, M., Drummer	2nd Bn., The Queen's Royal West Surrey Regt.	Patrick, Emily Matilda and Rosanna.	558	9	8
Aug. 31, 1889	Neil, Thomas, Color Sergt.	2nd West York Regt.	Alfred William and Joseph Thomas.	399	3	7
Nov. 26, 1889	Foster, G., Private	2nd West York Regt.	George E. Ernest	113	13	9

Application for payment of the deposits should be made to the Controller of Military Accounts, Eastern Circle, Lucknow.

R. H. S. WHITCHURCH, Captain,

For Deputy Controller, 8th (Lucknow) Division, and Ex-officio Secretary, Military Orphan Schools.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS,
8TH (LUCKNOW) DIVISION;
Lucknow, the 25th May 1912.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 10th June 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 7th June 1912.

	TOTAL AMOUNT OF NOTES IN CIRCULATION.			RESERVE.										
				COIN AND BULLION.							SECURITIES (PURCHASE PRICE).		TOTAL.	REMARKS.
				In India.			In England.		In Transit between India and England.					
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	TOTAL.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	4,15,05,350	22,13,63,090	26,28,68,440	4,17,46,256	2,46,63,375	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,26,96,547	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500.
Cawnpore	...	2,07,33,035	2,07,33,035	1,53,04,647	71,78,400	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	2,24,83,047	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571.
Lahore	...	3,00,75,080	3,00,75,080	81,23,398	1,54,33,815	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,35,57,213	
Bombay	1,10,31,900	13,08,68,545	14,19,00,445	2,67,20,113	16,14,78,442	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18,81,98,555	
Karachi	...	1,16,66,745	1,16,66,745	36,67,370	5,16,840	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,84,210	
Madras	1,16,82,510	6,60,96,580	7,77,79,090	1,44,67,185	1,26,28,575	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,70,95,760	
Rangoon	...	5,13,44,760	5,13,44,760	1,77,65,708	1,69,42,170	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	3,47,07,878	
	6,42,19,760	53,21,47,835	59,63,67,595	12,77,94,677	23,83,41,617	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	59,[illegible],23,210	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			50,94,385	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									16,50,000	
TOTAL CIRCULATION R			59,12,73,210	TOTAL RESERVE R									59,12,73,210	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 7th June 1912.
† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 7th June 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency.

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 1ST TO 7TH JUNE 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.														Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.												
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.	Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	190	11	13	12	226	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	14	13	127	...	...	...	...	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 12th June 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 11th June 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up . . .				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund . . .				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	90,35,680	11	0			
Public Deposits at Branches	1,26,45,213	4	5	2,16,80,902	15	5
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .				15,70,08,175	15	0
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				11,08,172	2	0
Sundries				26,65,196	0	2
RUPEES .				22,04,62,147	0	7

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities . .				2,67,15,390	0	0
Other authorized Investments				53,87,017	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				3,95,47,218	2	8
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities . . .				4,54,18,420	5	3
Bills discounted and purchased				3,10,08,014	13	8
Balances with other Banks .				24,23,376	0	0
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock . .				25,32,738	14	7
Stamps				12,079	8	2
Sundries				3,72,102	0	2
				15,34,16,356	12	6
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*3,96,66,049	14	1			
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,73,80,040	6	0	6,70,46,090	4	1
RUPEES .				22,04,62,447	0	7

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value	R2,62,215	0	0
† Do. do. do.	R5,98,462	8	0
	R8,60,677	8	0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 13th June 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 5 per cent.

Percentage 36·74.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 „

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 „

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.

Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 53 OF 1911.

In the matter of Maung Ba Pe, late Municipal Thugyi of Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Maung Ba Pe an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 29th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 70 OF 1911.

In the matter of Ko Pe Gyi of Yedwingon, near Municipal Bazar, Kemmendine, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Ko Pe Gyi an insolvent pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 27th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 73 OF 1912.

In the matter of Wan Kan, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Messrs. Goonamal Parasram, jewellers of Merchant Street, Rangoon, creditors of Wan Kan, carried on business as provision supplier and grocer at No. 54, Sule Pagoda Road, Rangoon, under the name and style of Wan Kan & Co., on the 27th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of Insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said Wan Kan was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 27th day of May 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 29th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 74 OF 1912.

In the matter of J. M. Xavier, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by J. M. Xavier, Barrister-at-Law, of 18, Merchant Street, Rangoon, on the 29th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said J. M. Xavier.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 76 OF 1912.

In the matter of Panyothi Tsounas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Panyothi Tsounas, a civil prisoner in the Rangoon Central Jail, on the 30th day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Panyothi Tsounas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 30th day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 77 OF 1912.

In the matter of L. G. David, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by L. G. David, of No. 45, 51st Street, clerk to Messrs. Thomas Cook & Son, Rangoon, on the 31st day of May 1912 an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said L. G. David.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 31st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 78 OF 1912.

In the matter of F. A. Boog, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by F. A. Boog, unemployed, of No. 61, 38th Street, Rangoon, lately of 42nd Street on the 31st day of May 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said F. A Boog.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 31st day of May 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 11 OF 1912.

In the matter of Alagari Naicker of No. 4 Dalla, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Alagari Naicker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 12 OF 1912.

In the matter of Rungasawmy Naicker of No. 4 Dalla, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Rungasawmy Naicker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 80 OF 1912.

In the matter of Adamjee Esoofjee Patel, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Dawoodally & Co. of 31st Street, Rangoon, creditors of A. E. Patel, carried on business in fancy goods at No. 7, 26th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said A. E. Patel was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 5th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 81 OF 1912.

In the matter of Meera Sahib, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Meera Sahib, trader, of No. 34, Crisp Street, Rangoon, on the 5th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Meera Sahib.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 82 OF 1912.

In the matter of Chinnasawmy Joseph, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinnasawmy Joseph, clerk, of 7, College Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinnasawmy Joseph.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 83 OF 1912.

In the matter of Chinnasawmy Thomas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinnasawmy Thomas, clerk, of No. 7, College Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinnasawmy Thomas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 84 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Ba Yin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Yin of 140, Yegyaw Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Yin.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 5th June 1912.

No. 65.—The one month's privilege leave granted to 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon S. D. Rieley, I.S.M.D., in this office notification No. 49, dated the 29th April 1912, has been extended by 3 days.

The 8th June 1912.

No. 66.—The services of 2nd class Assistant Surgeon A. P. Lopez, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Behar and Orissa for employment in the Railway Department.

The 11th June 1912.

No. 67.—The services of 2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon P. J. Figueredo, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, for civil employment in the Cutch Agency with effect from the 6th May 1912.

No. 68.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon A. M. F. Browne, I. S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Director, Indo-European Telegraph Department, for employment on Indo-European Telegraph Steamer "Patrick Stewart" with effect from the 19th April 1910.

No. 69.—The services of 2nd Class Assistant Surgeon C. C. Kelly, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, for employment at the Koweit Political Agency, with effect from the afternoon of the 23rd April 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the B.A. Examination held in March 1912 :—

HONOURS LISTS.

ENGLISH.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Mitra, Panchanan	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
2	Henry N. Khundkar	...	Scottish Churches College.
	S. Muthukumaraswamy	...	Rangoon College.
4	Chaudhuri, Siddheswar	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
5	Mukhopadhyay, Manikumar	...	Scottish Churches College.
6	Maulik, Praphullanath	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
7	Bhattacharyya, Mohinimohan	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
8	Datta, Rabindramohan	...	Ditto.
9	Bandyopadhyay, Bamacharan	...	Dacca College.
	Maitra, Nimaicharan	...	Scottish Churches College.
11	Dorothia E. Lewis	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 3.
	Mukhopadhyay, Kshetragopal	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Raghunandan Panday	...	Patna College.
2	Chattopadhyay, Bagalapada	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Datta, Kshitindrakrishna	...	Scottish Churches College.
4	Neates C. Lebarry	...	Ditto.
5	Maung Kun	...	Rangoon College.
6	Chattopadhyay, Rupamay	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
7	Sambhu Saran	...	Patna College.
8	Ray, Sachindrakumar	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
9	Chaudhuri, Satyaprakas	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ghosh, Jatindramohan	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Ragunath Vinayak Dhulekar	...	Patna College.
12	Dhar, Radharanjan	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
13	Niyogi, Upendrakumar	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
14	Amiruddin Ahmad	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
15	Mukhopadhyay, Nanigopal, I	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
16	Das, Banbihari	...	Ditto.
17	Chakrabarti, Ramanikanta	...	Scottish Churches College.
18	Das, Haripada	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
19	Chaudhuri, Annadacharan	...	Scottish Churches College.
20	Dasgupta, Hirendramohan	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
21	Sinha, Goshthahari	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 31.
22	Bandyopadhyay, Sisirkumar	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
23	Ghosh, Nibaranchandra	...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mitra, Kalidas	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
25	Ghosh, Dharmadas	...	Ditto.
26	Basu, Jnanendranath	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Narendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
28	Datta, Kshitischandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Gupta, Hemchandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
30	Sengupta, Jyotiprasad	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
31	Senniyogi, Sureschandra	...	Scottish Churches College.
32	Bhattacharyya, Manilal	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
33	Kingsley May	...	Rangoon College.
	Palit, Susilchandra	...	Patna College,

35	De, Jibankrishna	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
36	Anugrah Narayan Sinha	...	Patna College.
37	Mirande Wischam	...	Rangoon College.
38	Ray, Sudhirchandra	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
39	Sarkar, Kaminikumar	...	Ditto.
40	Chaudhuri, Atulkrishna	...	Ditto.
	Guha, Jatindrachandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
42	Muhamad Yusuf	...	Ditto.
43	Padmadhar Chaliha	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Makbuller Rahman	...	Ditto.
45	Saha, Surendranath	...	Ditto.
	Bhaumik, Sureschandra	...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
47	Biswas, Surendramohan	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
48	Majumdar, Kesabchandra	...	Scottish Churches, College.
49	Chattopadhyay, Phanindralal	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
50	Gasper, Philip A.	...	Ditto.
51	Mukhopadhyay, Amulyadhan	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
52	Ghosh, Mohinimohan	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
53	" Kisorilal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 29.
	Ray, Bhabatosh	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
55	Mitra, Rabindrakumar	...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Mahomed Cassim	...	Rangoon College.
57	Ray, Hariprasad	...	Ripon College, Calcutta.
58	Ghosh, Gopalchandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
59	" Sureschandra	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	Ray, Manoranjan	...	City College, Calcutta.
61	Sadhusaran, II	...	Patna College.
62	Mukhopadhyay, Jatindramohan		Ripon College, Calcutta.
63	Chattopadhyay, Praphullakumar		Dacca College.
64	Mitra, Debendranath	...	City College, Calcutta,
65	Datta, Hembhushan	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
66	Mohammad Abdur Rab	...	Ditto.
67	Ray, Mrigankakumar	...	Ditto.

SANSKRIT.

FIRST DIVISION.

Guha, Bipinbihari ... City College, Calcutta.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Mukhopadhyay, Hiranlal	...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
2	Bhattacharyya, Surendranath	...	Hughli College.
3	Rana, Ramkanai	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
4	Ghosh, Nabadwipchandra, I	...	Dacca College.
5	Datta, Rajkisor	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
6	Sengupta, Sibnath	...	Scottish Churches College.
7	Bhim Raut	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
8	Saha, Kanailal	...	Dacca College.
9	Dasgupta, Atulchandra	...	Sanskrit College, Calcutta.
10	Majumdar, Satischandra, II	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
11	Mallik, Jagannath	...	Hughli College.
12	Mahanti, Artaballabh	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
13	Majumdar, Dineshchandra	...	Dacca College.
14	De, Abanimohan	...	Bangabasi College, Calcutta.
15	Bhattacharyya, Jogendrachandra		Jagannath College, Dacca.
16	Majumdar, Sitalchandra	...	Sanskrit College, Calcutta.
17	Bandyopadhyay, Brajendusundar		Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 39.
18	Acharyya, Hemchandra	...	Sanskrit College, Calcutta.

PALI.

SECOND DIVISION.

Baruya, Apurbaranjan ... Chittagong College.

PERSIAN.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Aboo Jaafar	Presidency College, Calcutta.
2	Ata Husain	Patna College.

HISTORY.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Chakrabarti, Bhupendranath	Dacca College.
	Maitra, Jitendramohan	Scottish Churches College.
3	Chakrabarti, Birendranath	Ditto.
4	Basu, Birendraprasad	Ditto.
5	Talukdar, Jibanchandra	Dacca College.
6	Lahiri, Birendranath	Scottish Churches College.
7	Sen, Arunchandra	Ditto.
8	Ray, Khagendrabhushan	Presidency College, Calcutta.
9	Mitra, Chittatosh	Scottish Churches College.
10	Gupta, Kisorimohan	Presidency College, Calcutta.
11	Chattopadhyay, Rasbihari	Scottish Churches College.
12	„ Charuchandra	Ditto.
13	Sen, Amalendu	Dacca College.
14	Mitra, Sarojkanta	Ditto.
15	Sengupta, Sailendubhushan	Scottish Churches College.
16	Nag, Kalidas	Ditto.
17	Ray, Nibaranchandra	Ditto.

PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST DIVISION.

Thomas, Rai Rowland	Scottish Churches College.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Chakrabarti, Jitendrakumar	Scottish Churches College.
2	Bhattacharyya, Haridas	Ditto.
3	Mukhopadhyay, Birendrachandra	Presidency College, Calcutta.
4	Raychaudhuri, Mahitoshkumar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
5	Ghosh, Sureschandra	City College, Calcutta.
6	Raychaudhuri, Kalikacharan	Scottish Churches College.
7	Guha, Birajasankar	Presidency College, Calcutta.
8	Mitra, Pareschandra	Scottish Churches College.
9	Rudra, Nityagopal	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
10	Ray, Chandicharan	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
11	Chakrabarti, Prabodhchandra	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Nandi, Ranajitkumar	City College, Calcutta.
	Ray, Prabhaschandra	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
14	Gangopadhyay, Dhirendranath	Scottish Churches College.
15	Kundu, Dwijapada	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
16	Basu, Kesabchandra	City College, Calcutta.
	Mukhopadhyay, Trailokyakanta	Scottish Churches College.
18	Ghoshmajumdar, Jatindranath	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
19	Ghosh, Nrisinhachandra	Presidency College, Calcutta.
20	Chakrabarti, Kunjabihari	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Ghosh, Binodbihari	Victoria College Cooch Behar.
22	Bhattacharyya, Harisatya	Scottish Churches College.
23	Chattopadhyay, Kalidhan	Ditto.
24	Basu, Dwijendranath	Ditto.
25	Bandyopadhyay, Purnachandra	Ditto.
	Sengupta, Rajendrachandra	City College, Calcutta.
27	Datta, Aswinikumar	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
28	Misra, Kripasindhu	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
29	Ray, Upendrachandra	City College, Calcutta.
30	Konar, Prabhakar	Ditto.

POLITICAL ECONOMY AND POLITICAL PHILOSOPHY.

FIRST DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Das, Gobindacharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
2	Chattoraj, Durgagati ...	Presidency College, Calcatta.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Serajul Islam ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
2	Basu, Hemendrakumar ...	Ditto.
3	Solomon, J. J. ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ran. N. 1.
4	Chakrabarti, Dhirendrachandra ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
5	Guha, Satischandra ...	Dacca College.
6	Mathura Prasad ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
7	Bandyopadhyay, Kumarkrishna	Ditto.
8	Majumdar; Akshaykumar ...	Ditto.
9	Saha, Sasimohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
10	Bandyopadhyay, Manmathanath	Dacca College.
11	Chakrabarti, Dhurjhatidas ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
12	Sengupta, Dhirendranath ...	Ditto.
13	Pathak, Prabhaschandra ...	Ditto.

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

Ghosh, Debaprasad ... City College, Calcutta.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Bhattacharyya, Pramathanath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
2	Jyotishi, Balbhadra Prasad ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
3	Sen, Jitendra Prasad ...	Dacca College.
4	Gangopadhyay, Anilendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
5	Abdur Rahman Khan ...	Dacca College.
5	Maung Tin Maung ...	Rangoon College.

PHYSICS.

SECOND DIVISION.

(In order of merit.)

1	Ray, Manindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
2	Abdul Ghafur ...	Dacca College.

PASSED WITH DISTINCTION.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Bah San ...	Rangoon College.
	Baksi, Rajendrabhushan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Bhattacharyya, Syamapada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chakrabarti, Pramathanath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	" Saratchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Subrata ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chattopadhyay, Niranjan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Das, Chandramani ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Datta, Achyutakumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
10	" Jatindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Ghosh, Abaninath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 23.
	Hickey, Margaret ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 1.
	Jha, Satyanarayan ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.

	Knight, Lucy ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. F. N. 2.
	Little, J. H. ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 14.
	Maitra, Sachindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Majumdar, Himansujyoti ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Narendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Mitra, Jatindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
20	Mukhopadhyay, Jadunath ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Jatindramohan	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	,, Phanibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Satyaprasanna ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	,, Satyaranjan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Pantha, Saradakumar ...	Chittagong College.
	Ray, Gatikrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Sadhya, Nagendranath ...	Ripon College.
	Sanyal, Harendranarayan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
29	*Sen, Haripada ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 12.

PASS LIST.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Abdul Alim ...	Patna College.
	Abdul Hamid ...	Dacca College.
	Abdul Hye Chowdhri ...	Presidency College.
	Abdus Suttar ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Abu Salim Serajul Huq ...	Presidency College.
	Acharyyachaudhuri, Birendrakisor.	Ditto.
	Agasti, Brajendrakumar ...	Ditto.
	Ajodhya Prasad, I ...	Patna College.
	Ataul Haq ...	Ripon College.
10	Ba Chit ...	Rangoon College.
	Bagchi, Aswinikumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Dhirendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Kiritibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Priyanath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Bah Hla ...	Rangoon College.
	Ba Kin ...	Ditto.
	Baldeva Sahay ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Bandyopadhyay, Amalchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Amulyacharan	Scottish Churches College.
20	,, Arunkumar ...	Ditto.
	,, Atulchandra ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	,, Bimalendumohan.	Dacca College.
	,, Chintaharan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Girindranath ...	Ripon College.
	,, Haridas ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Hemchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Hemchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Jitendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Manindranath	Metropolitan Institution.
30	,, Manmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Manomohan ...	Ditto.
	,, Manoranjan ...	Krishnagar College.
	,, Mohitkumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Nandalal ...	Presidency College.
	,, Niradkumar ...	Ripon College.
	,, Pramathanath ...	Ditto.
	,, Prankumar ...	Dacca College.
	,, Praphulladhan	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. No. 4.
	,, Priyabhushan	Dacca College.

40	Bandyopadhyay, Radhikaranjan	Bangabasi College.
	„ Sileschandra ...	Dacca College.
	„ Sibadas ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Satyapada ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Satyapriya ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Banik, Purnachandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Barat, Kanailal ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. No. 4.
	Bardhan, Surendrachandra ...	Ripon College.
	Barman, Surendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Barthakur, Gangadhar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
50	„ Indreswar ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Barton, G. ...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
	Barui, Goshthabihari ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Basak, Nagendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Basudeva Narayana ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Basu, Binayendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Debendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Dinabandhu ...	Ripon College.
	„ Gopendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Harendranarayan ...	Ditto.
60	„ Hemantakumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Jitendrakumar ...	Presidency College.
	„ Kalidas ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Kanakchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kiranchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Lokananda ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Manindrakumar ...	Dacca College.
	„ Manmathanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Nalinranjan ...	Ditto.
	„ Parbatinath ...	Bangabasi College.
70	„ Prabhatchandra ...	Dacca College.
	„ Rabindrakumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sibnath ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	„ Subodhchandra ...	Presidency College.
	„ Sureschandra ...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Basuray, Nalininath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ba Than ...	Rangoon College.
	Bezbaruya, Debendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Bhadra, Praphullachandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	Bhaduri, Kisorilal ...	Ripon College.
80	„ Narendranath ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 32.
	„ Srikanta ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bhattacharyya, Basantakumar ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Bhupendranath	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	„ Girijasankar ...	B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	„ Hrishikes ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Jagadischandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Jitendranath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Jnanendranarayan.	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Lalitmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
90	„ Nagendranath ...	Ripon College.
	„ Nalendranath ..	Ditto.
	„ Prakasindu ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Saratchandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Saradaprasad ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Satyajiban ...	Patna College.
	„ Suryyanarayan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Tarakanta ...	Sanskrit College.
	Bhaumik, Biswabijay ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Rangalal ...	Bangabasi College.
100	„ Surendramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Biswas, Aswinikumar ...	Ditto.
	„ Birendrakumar ...	Ditto.

	Biswas, Jyotishchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Biswanath Sahay ...	Patna College.
	Bora, Kumudram ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Brajanandan Prasad ...	Patna College.
	Chakrabarti, Bidhubhushan ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Ganapati ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Hemchandra ...	Dacca College.
110	,, Jyotishchandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	,, Kedarnath ...	Presidency College.
	,, Kshetramohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Manindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Mohinimohan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Narendranath ...	Ditto.
	,, Nripendranath ...	Dacca College.
	,, Pramathabhushan...	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	,, Rajanikanta ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Ramchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
120	,, Rohinikanta ...	Ripon College.
	,, Sachindrakumar ...	Ditto.
	,, Sasikumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	,, Satischandra ...	Presidency College.
	,, Surendranath ...	Ditto.
	,, Sureschandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Upendrachandra ...	Ditto.
	Chaliha, Bharatchandra ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Chanda, Harendrachandra ...	Dacca College.
	Chandra, Amarendrachandra ...	Presidency College.
130	Chattopadhyay, Amulyagopal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Asutosh ...	Dacca College.
	,, Atulkrishna ...	Ripon College.
	,, Bhagabandas ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	,, Bhubanmohan ...	Dacca College.
	,, Dhirendranath...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Harisadhan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Jogendranath ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	,, Kesablal ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Kshitischandra	City College, Calcutta.
140	,, Lalitmohan ...	Hughli College.
	,, Narayanchandra	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Phanindranath	Krishnagar College.
	,, Praphullachandra.	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Praphullachandra.	Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	,, Purnachandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Rajendrakumar	Dacca College.
	,, Sailajlal ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 28.
	,, Sambhunath ...	Ripon College.
	,, Santoshkumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
150	,, Satischandra ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	,, Sureschandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Suryyapada ...	City College, Calcutta.
	,, Taraknath ...	Ditto.
	,, Tulsidas ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Chaudhuri, Gopabandhu ...	Presidency College.
	,, Jagendramohan ...	Dacca College.
	,, Jatindrachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Jnanendrakumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Mahitosh ...	Ripon College.
160	,, Mandaleshwarprasad	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	,, Pramadakanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Bau. 28.
	,, Pramathanath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Pramodlal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Ramananda ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Sailendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.

	Chaudhauri, Saratchandra	... Ripon College.
	" Sasibhushan	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	" Satischandra	... Ripon College.
	Das, Abhaynath	... Scottish Churches College.
170	" Asutosh	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Atindrakumar	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Bhubanmohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Durgacharan	... Ditto.
	" Girijasankar	... Chittagong College.
	" Hariram	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Jatindranath	... Ditto.
	" Jnanendranath	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Kalikinkar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Lalitkumar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Kat. N. 1.
180	" Manmathanath	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nagendranath	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Nisikanta	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nukulchandra	... Ditto.
	" Padmacharan	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Prabodhchandra	... Dacca College.
	" Pramadakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	" Prasannakumar	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber N. 3.
	" Satischandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Gau. N. 1.
	" Surendrakumar	... Scottish Churches College.
190	" Sureschandra	... Dacca College.
	Dasgupta, Anilkumar	... Ditto.
	" Aswinikumar	... Ripon College.
	" Hemchandra	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Jatindranath	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Kiranlal	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nalinikanta	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Nalinikumar	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Praphullakumar	... Ditto.
	" Sitesranjan	... Dacca College.
200	Dasmajumdar, Saratchandra	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Datta, Bibhutibhusan	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Mahimchandra	... City College.
	" Manimohan	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Nilmadhab	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Nripendranath	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Prabhatchandra	... St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	" Ratindranath	... Presidency College.
	Dattachaudhuri, Narendranath	... Dacca College.
	De, Basantakumar	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
210	" Chandicharan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 13.
	" Chandrakumar	... Presidency College,
	" Chandranath	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Debendrachandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Gangacharan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 40.
	" Golakchandra	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Haladhar	... Dacca College.
	" Nibaranchandra	... Ripon College.
	" Pradyumnakumar	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Rajendrakumar ...	... Ripon College.
220	" Saratchandra ...	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal-N. 18.
	" Satischandra ...	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Satischandra, I ...	... Dacca College.
	" Satischandra, II	... Ditto.
	Dhar, Jogeschandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Surendrachandra	... Dacca College.

	Durga Prasad, I ...	... T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Durga Prasad, II ...	... Ditto.
	Dwarka Prasad ...	... Ditto.
	Elamuddin Khan	... Dacca College.
230	Fahimul Haq	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Faizuddin Ahmed Khan Choudhary	... Presidency College.
	Fazlur Rahman	... Rangoon College.
	Fazlur Rahman Khan	... Presidency College.
	Gangopadhyay, Dhirendranath	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Haralal	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Harigopal	... Ripon College.
	" Jogeschandra	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac. N. 11.
	" Kalipada	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Kshirodmohan	... Ditto.
240	" Nagendranath	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Upendrakumar	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Ghosh, Abanimohan	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Ajitkumar	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	" Amritalal	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Atulananda	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Atulkrishna	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	" Bhimapada	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Bhupalkrishna	... Ripon College.
	" Bhupendranath	... Presidency College.
250	" Bibhutibhushan	... Ripon College.
	" Birendranath	... Hughli College.
	" Charuchandra	... Ripon College.
	" Durgaprasad	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Jyotirmay, I	... Ditto.
	" Jyotirmay, II	... Ditto.
	" Jyotishchandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	" Lokendranath	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Manindrakrishna	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Nalinibhushan	... Ripon College.
260	" Nalinkisor	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Narendranath	... Sanskrit College.
	" Nilkanta	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Paresnath	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	" Pramathanath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Hug. N. 1.
	" Praphullanath	... Dacca College.
	" Ranjanlal	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Sachindranath	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	" Satyakinkar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Sitanath	... Jagannath College. Dacca.
270	" Srischandra, I	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Surendrakumar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Surendranath	... Ripon College.
	" Sureschandra	... Metropolitan Institution.
	" Sureskumar	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Upendrakisor	... City College, Calcutta.
	Ghoshal, Pritibala	... Bethune College.
	Gohain, Siddheswar	... Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Gokul Prasad	... Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Goswami, Gobindabijay	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
280	" Madhusudan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	" Saurindramohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	Govind Rung Rao Ganga Khedkar	... Presidency College.
	Guha, Birajaprasanna	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	" Jatischandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	" Jogeschandra	... Dacca College.
	" Mohinimohan	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	" Satischandra	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	Gupta, Amritanarayan	... Ditto.
	" Anilchandra	... Scottish Churches College.

290 Gupta, Dhirendranath, II	...	Metropolitan Insittution.
„ Dineschandra	...	Ditto.
„ Dwijendranath	...	Ditto.
„ Surendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
Hafazat Karim	...	Patna College.
Hajari, Satischandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Jadunath Sahay	...	Presidency College.
Jagannath Prasad Sinha	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
Kamaleswari Prasad	...	Ditto.
Kanungo, Netrananda	...	City College, Calcutta.
300 Khandker Abdul Halim	...	Dacca College.
Krishnadeva Prasad	...	Patna College.
Kundu, Dhirendranath	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Kyaw Tun	...	Rangoon College.
Lahiri, Girijanath	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac. N. 12.
„ Paramananda	...	Scottish Churches College.
„ Prabodhkumar	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
Lala Sarat Kumar	...	Presidency College.
Lal Shatrunjaya Nath Shah Deo		St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
Langley Inez	...	Rangoon College.
310 Mahadeva Prasada	...	Behar National College Bankipur.
Mahammed Anwaral Huq	...	City College, Calcutta.
Mahammad Sanaullah	...	Ditto.
Mahanti, Isanchandra	...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
Mahapatra, Jagannath	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
Mahibuddin Ahmed	...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
Mahomed Anwar Hussain	...	Presidency College.
Maiti, Kedarnath	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
„ Prabhatchandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
„ Suryyakumar	...	Ditto.
320 Maitra, Aswinikumar	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
„ Kumudkanta	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
„ Makhanlal	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Bau. 26.
„ Muktalal	...	Scottish Churches College.
„ Prabodhchandra	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Majidur Rahman	...	Presidency College.
Majumdar, Ajaykumar	...	Ditto.
„ Haralal	...	City College, Calcutta.
„ Haridas	...	Ditto.
„ Indranarayan	...	Bangabasi College.
330 „ Kumar Adhikram	...	Sanskrit College.
„ Niradranjan	...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
„ Saileschandra	...	Dacca College.
„ Sailendrasundar	...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
„ Tulsidas	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Mallik, Mrityunjay	...	City College, Calcutta.
„ Prabhaschandra	...	Ripon College.
Mandal, Asutosh	...	ditto.
„ Dwijendranath	...	Metropolitan Institution.
„ Jitendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
340 „ Sadhucharan	...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
Maung Gyi	...	Rangoon College.
Maung Myint	...	Ditto.
Maung Po On	...	Ditto.
Maung Shi Sho	...	Baptist College, Rangoon.
Mirza Furkhund Ali Baig	...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
Misra, Krishnachandra	...	Ditto.
„ Jayadeva	...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
„ Siddhinath	...	Ditto.
Mitra, Bibhutibhushan	...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Col. N. 36.
350 „ Brajendranath	...	Scottish Churches College.
„ Manoranjan	...	Krishnagar College.
„ Nirmalchandra	...	City College, Calcutta.
Prabhaschandra	...	Presidency College.

	Mitra, Prabhatchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Purnendubhushan ...	St. Columba's College, Hazaribagh.
	„ Radhaballabh ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Satyacharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Sudhansukumar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Mobarok Ali Khan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
360	Mohammad Ali ...	Patna College.
	Mohammad Fariduddin ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Mohammad Naziruddin Ahmad ...	Ditto.
	Mohammad Shamsul Huda ...	Presidency College.
	Mohammad Yusuf ...	Patna College.
	Mohammed Laeequddin ...	Ripon College.
	Mohommad Saghir ...	Presidency College.
	Mohummad Mazaherul Hasan ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	Muhammad Ibrahim ...	Ripon College.
	Muhammad Ibrahim ...	Presidency College.
370	Mukhopadhyay, Bibhutibhushan	Ripon College.
	„ Bijaychandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Dhirendranath	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Gopalkinkar ...	Ditto.
	„ Harendranath	Presidency College.
	„ Harimohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Haripada ...	Ditto.
	„ Jaminipati ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Jatindrakumar	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Jnanendramohan.	Dacca College.
380	„ Jyotirmay ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kalicharan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Khagendranath	Ripon College.
	„ Krishnakinkar	Ditto.
	„ Manaranjan ...	Ditto.
	„ Matilal ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Murarimohan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Nagendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Nalinikanta ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Nanigopal, II ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
390	„ Narendrakisor ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Phanibhusan, II	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Phanilal ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Prasutosh ...	Presidency College.
	„ Pulinbehari ...	Ripon College.
	„ Pulinchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Rajeschandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Raneschandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sachindrakumar	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Sasibhushan ...	Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
400	„ Satyabhushan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Saurindranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sudhakanta ...	Ditto.
	„ Surendralal ...	Ditto.
	„ Thakahari ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Mustafi, Satyacharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Nag, Praphullachandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Supatiranjan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Tarunkrishna ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Nathuni Prasad ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
410	Nandan, Nagendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Nandi, Durgapada ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	„ Narayanchandra ...	Hughli College.
	Nasib Ali ...	Dacca College.
	Niyogi, Charuchandra ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Debendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Indubhushan ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Narul Haque ...	Chittagong College.
	Obed, Jesse S. ...	Bishop's College.
	Pakhira, Dwarkanath ...	Metropolitan Institution.

420	Pal, Bibbaschandra ...	T. N. Jubilee College, Bhagalpur.
	„ Debendrachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Surendranath ...	Ripon College.
	Paladhi, Bhutnath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Palit, Binayendranath ...	Ditto.
	Panigrahi, Dibyasinha ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Parmeshwar Dayal ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
	Phukan, Mokshanath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Pramanik, Haripada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Radha Prasad ...	Patna College.
430	Rakshit, Kisorimohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Ramnoumi Prasad ...	Patna College.
	Ranasinha, Abhirama ...	Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Ray, Amritalal ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Anukulchandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Asutosh ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Dineschandra ...	Ditto.
	„ Girijakanta ...	Ditto.
	„ Jatindranarayan ...	Presidency College.
	„ Jogendrachandra ...	Dacca College.
440	„ Kalinath ...	Ripon College.
	„ Krishnadas ...	Hughli College.
	„ Mahimchandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Nagendrakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Narendranath ...	Ripon College.
	„ Narendranath ...	Dacca College.
	„ Narendranath ...	Presidency College.
	„ Niradbandhu ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Nirmala ...	Bethune College.
	„ Nityaranjan ...	Behar National College, Bankipur.
450	„ Praphullakumar ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Pundarikaksha ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Rajendrakumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 42.
	„ Rameschandra ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Sachindrachandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Saradacharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Satyaranjan ...	Ripon College.
	„ Sureschandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Raychaudhuri, Akhilchandra ...	Ripon College.
	„ Dhirendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
460	„ Janendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	„ Hirankumar ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Praphullanath ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Rajendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Surendramohan ...	Presidency College.
	Ruben Kisku Rapaz ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sadhya, Satischandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	Saha, Bibhutibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Dineskumar ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Haridas ...	Dacca College.
470	„ Rasikchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Sanyal, Banabihari ...	Sanskrit College.
	„ Kaliprasad ...	City College, Calcutta.
	„ Kshitischandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Sardar, Annadacharan ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sarkar, Anathkrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Bipinbihari ...	Presidency College.
	„ Gokulbihari ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	„ Jogendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Nandalal ...	Metropolitan Institution.
480	„ Surendranath ...	Ditto.
	Sau, Upendranath ...	City College, Calcutta.
	Sen, Bhubanchandra ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Bhupendranath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Bijaykesab ...	Scottish Churches College.
	„ Binodbihari ...	City College, Calcutta.

	Sen, Bishnurata	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Brajanath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 8.
	„ Charuchandra	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	„ Debendramohan	... Metropolitan Institution.
490	„ Dhirendramohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Hemchandra	... Sanskrit College.
	„ Jnanendrachandra	... Presidency College.
	„ Jnanendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Bau. 10.
	„ Nirendramohan	... Chittagong College.
	„ Paramesgopal	... Krishnagar College.
	„ Priyabrata	... Dacca College.
	„ Sachindrachandra	... Ditto.
	„ Satyendranath	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 37.
	„ Surendralal	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac. N. 10.
500	„ Sureschandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sureschandra	... Sanskrit College.
	„ Susila	... Bethune College.
	Senchaudhuri, Nalinimohan	... Scottish Churches College.
	Sengupta, Atulchandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Bankimchandra	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Baradakanta	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac. N. 1.
	„ Hemchandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Hemendramohan	... Jagannath College, Dacca.
	„ Jnanaranjan	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
510	„ Lalitkumar	... Victoria College, Cooch Behar.
	„ Nirodchandra	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Pulinbihari	... Bangabasi College.
	„ Tarakumar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	„ Upendranath	... B. M. Institution, Barisal.
	Shaikh Mansoor	... Ravenshaw College, Katak.
	Shankar Dayal	... B. N. College, Bankipur.
	Sharfuddin Ahmed	... Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Shayama Nanda	... B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Sheikh Noor Mahomed	... City College, Calcutta.
520	Siddhanta, Nrisinhaprasad	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 2.
	Sikdar, Jatindranath	... Krishnagar College.
	„ Kshitischandra	... Wesleyan Mission College, Bankura.
	Sil, Purnachandra	... Bangabasi College.
	Sinha, Annadacharan	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Ber. N. 1.
	„ Bibhutibhushan	... City College, Calcutta.
	Sinha, Hargobind Prasad	... Presidency College.
	„ Lakshminarayan	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Nirmalchandra	... City College, Calcutta.
	„ Sarojkumar	... Krishnath College, Berhampur.
530	„ Satyansukumar	... Ditto.
	„ Saurindramohan	... Ditto.
	Sinharay, Gadadhar	... Ripon College.
	S. M. Tofazzle Hossain	... City College, Calcutta.
	S. Nadir Ali	... Chittagong College.
	Som, Hirendrachandra	... Rajshahi College,
	„ Jogeschandra	... Scottish Churches College.
	„ Narendranath	... Hughli College.
	Sukdeo Narain Varma	... Patna College.
	Sur, Amarendrakrishna	... Hughli College.
540	„ Harendrakumar	... Chittagong College.
	Suryyakumar Lall	... Non-Collegiate Student, Roll. Bha. N. 1.
	Syed Abul Hassan	... Patna College.
	Syed Abdul Hakim	... Ripon College.
	Syed Mohommad Amir	... Patna College.
	Syed Muhammad	... Presidency College.

	Syed Muhibbul Haque ...	Dacca College.
	Talukdar, Pareschandra ...	Ditto.
	Tamizuddin Ahamed ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Tapadar, Dakshinacharan ...	Jagannath College, Dacca.
550	Thakur, Sarajunath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Theophilus, A. ...	Bishop's College, Calcutta.
	Tofail Ali Khondaker ...	Dacca College.
	Tun Shein ...	Rangoon College.
	Udai Narayan ...	B. B. College, Muzaffarpur.
	Varma, Maheshprasad ...	Ditto.
556	,, Gopinath ...	Patna College.

The following candidates, who having previously passed the B.Sc. Examination sat for the B.A. Examination in English and Bengali Composition, are declared to have passed in the respective subjects :—

English and Bengali Composition.

Ray, Gaursundar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 19.
,, Khagendrajiban ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac. N. 5.
Sanyal, Basanta Kumar ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 11.

Bengali Composition.

Chaudhuri, Asokchandra ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 20.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Assistant Registrar*.

SENATE HOUSE, *the 10th June 1912.*

ORDERS BY THE HON'BLE THE VICE-CHANCELLOR AND SYNDICATE OF THE CALCUTTA UNIVERSITY.

THE undermentioned candidates are declared to have passed the B.Sc. Examination held in March 1912:—

HONOURS LIST.

MATHEMATICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

Basu, Nalinimohan ... Scottish Churches College.

SECOND DIVISION.

(*In order of merit.*)

1	Bandyopadhyay, Sudhansukumar	Presidency College.
2	Ray, Surendrakumar ...	Ditto.
3	Sarkar, Bansorilal ...	Ditto.
4	Nahata, Ganeslal ...	Ditto.
5	Datta, Bibhutibhushan ...	Scottish Churches College.
6	Saraswati, Krishnakumud ...	Presidency College.
7	Mukhopadhyay, Makhanlal ...	Ditto.
8	De, Pramathanath ...	Patna College.

PHYSICS.

FIRST DIVISION.

(*In order of merit.*)

1	Bandyopadhyay, Durgapada ...	Presidency College.
2	Chakrabarti, Binodlal ...	Ditto.

SECOND DIVISION.

(*In order of merit.*)

1	Sen, Niradkanta ...	Scottish Churches College.
2 {	Mahalanabis, Prasantachandra ...	Presidency College.
	Misra, Narayan ...	Ditto.
4	Saha, Abinaschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
5	Chakrabarti, Kalidas ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
6	„ Mahadeb ...	Presidency College.
7	Ray, Manomohan ...	Dacca College.

CHEMISTRY.

FIRST DIVISION.

(*In order of merit.*)

1	Ghosh, Jogendranath ...	Patna College.
2	Basu, Harischandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.

SECOND DIVISION.

(*In order of merit.*)

1	De, Rajendralal ...	Rajshahi, College, Baulia
2	Bhattacharyya, Debendranath ...	Presidency College.
3	Ghosh, Upendranath ...	Dacca College.
4	Nandi, Kunjabihari ...	Ditto.
5	De, Jnanankur ...	Presidency College.
6	Datta, Aswinikumar ...	Dacca College.
7	Das, Narendranath ...	Ditto.
8	Sarkar, Arabindu ...	Ditto.
9	Dasgupta, Satyaranjan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.

PHYSIOLOGY.

SECOND DIVISION.

	Mitra, Khageschandra ...	Presidency College.

GEOLOGY.

SECOND DIVISION.

	De, Rajendranath ...	Presidency College.

Passed with distinction.

(Arranged in alphabetical order.)

	Abdus Samad Khan ...	Patna College.
	Bandyopadhyay Dakshinaranjan	Bangabasi College.
	,, Kaliprasad ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chakrabarti, Jitendranath ...	Presidency College.
	,, Sureschandra ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Chanda, Jatindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Das, Harihar ...	Presidency College.
	,, Narendrakumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Panchugopal ...	Krishnagar College.
10	Ghosh, Purnachandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
	Guha, Bimalacharan ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
	Mitra, Sudhirchandra ...	Presidency College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Nalinikrishna ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Nandi, Apurbachandra ...	Dacca College.
	Ray, Akshaykumar ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Bholanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Birinchilal ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Dac., N. 1.
	,, Nepalchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
20	Sen, Mohinimohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Narendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Sukumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	Sengupta, Taraprasanna ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Sikdar, Pramathanath ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Sinha, Sachindranath ...	Patna College.
	Som, Abinaschandra ...	Dacca College.
27	Thakur, Bansidhar ...	City College, Calcutta.

PASS LIST.

(In alphabetical order.)

	Bagchi, Bibhutibhushan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Bandopadhyay, Bilaschandra ...	Patna College.
	,, Bireswar ...	Presidency College.
	,, Ganendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Gaurmohan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Jagadananda ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Manoranjan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Umanath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Basak, Bipinbihari ...	Rajshahi College.
10	Basu, Birajmohan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Haridas ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	,, Jatindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	,, Lalitmohan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Nripendranath ...	Ditto.
	,, Pulinkrishna ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Sachindranath ...	Ditto.

PASS LIST—*contd.*

	Bhattacharyya, Anukulchandra ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Kedarnath ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Mohitkumar ..	Presidency College.
20	B. W. M. Abdur Rahman ...	Ditto.
	Chakrabarti, Damodardas ...	Ditto.
	" Dwijendrakumar ...	Dacca College.
	" Haripada ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Jatindranarayan ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Kaliranjan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Chandra, Sureschandra ...	Bangabasi College.
	Chattopadhyay, Chandiprasanna	City College, Calcutta.
	" Ramkrishna ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Chaudhuri, Upendranarayan ...	Dacca College.
30	Coari, Charuchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Das, Bimalchandra ...	Krishnagar College.
	" Bimalchandra ...	Presidency College.
	" Nagendranath ...	Ditto.
	" Surendralal ...	Ditto.
	Dasgupta, Jitendranath ...	Dacca College.
	Datta, Harigati ...	Presidency College.
	" Narendranath ...	Ditto.
	De, Anilkrishna ...	Dacca College.
	Deb, Sailendrakrishna ...	Metropolitan Institution.
40	Gangopadhyay, Harisadhan ...	Dacca College.
	" Prabodhchandra	Rajshahi College.
	" Sureschandra ...	Ditto.
	Ghosh, Arunkumar ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Dhirendranath ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Nalinikanta ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 3.
	" Nirmalkrishna ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Sailendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Satyendramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	" Satyendranath ...	Presidency College.
50	" Sibakinkar ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	" Tarapada ...	Non-Collegiate Student, Roll Cal. N. 1.
	Ghoshal, Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution.
	Guharay, Nripendranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Gupta, Nagendranath ...	Presidency College.
	Guru Sahai Lal ...	Patna College.
	Hajarika, Trailokyanath ...	Cotton College, Gauhati.
	Haldar, Jnanaranjan ...	Dacca College.
	Iqbal Narayan ...	Patna College.
	Jana, Srinathchandra ...	Presidency College.
60	Kar, Jogendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	" Narayanchandra ...	Presidency College.
	Lahiri, Satinath ...	Bangabasi College.
	Maiti, Kshirodchandra ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Majumdar, Hemchandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	" Jnanchandra ...	Dacca College.
	" Nagendranath ...	Presidency College.
	" Ramendramohan ...	Ditto.
	Mallik, Bhagyadhar ...	Ditto.
	" Hemendrachandra ...	Ditto.
70	Mitra, Bhupendrakumar ...	Ditto.
	" Chandicharan ...	Scottish Churches College.
	" Kshirodkumar ...	St. Xavier's College.
	" Raghuprabir ...	Scottish Churches College
	" Santoshkumar ...	Presidency College.
	" Surendranath ...	Metropolitan Institution
	" Surendranath ...	Patna College.
	Mukhopadhyay, Amulyaratan ...	Presidency College.
	" Bhupendranath	Scottish Churches College.

PASS LIST—*concld.*

	Mukhopadhyay, Bibhutibhushan	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
80	,, Sachindranath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Nag, Nripendrakanta ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Nandi, Jogeswar ...	Ditto.
	Pal, Aswinikumar ...	Ditto.
	,, Pramathanath ...	Scottish Churches College.
	Palit, Manindrachandra ...	Ditto.
	Panchanan, Anilchandra ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Ray, Ambikaprasanna ...	Dacca College.
	,, Dhirendranarayan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Gopendralal ...	Rajshahi College, Baulia.
90	,, Jatindranarayan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Mahendranath ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Pratibharanjan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	,, Pratulchandra ...	Presidency College.
	,, Surendramohan ...	Krishnath College, Berhampur.
	Raychaudhuri, Karunakanta ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Manomohan ...	Presidency College.
	,, Murarimohan ...	Bangabasi College.
	,, Praphullakumar...	Presidency College.
	,, Susilchandra ...	Scottish Churches College.
100	Saha, Rakhalraj ...	Presidency College, Calcutta.
	,, Srinath ...	Dacca College.
	Sarkar, Gopendrakrishna ...	St. Xavier's College.
	Sayad Wajahat Karim ...	Patna College.
	Sayeed Ahmed ...	Presidency College.
	Sen, Haridas ...	Dacca College.
	,, Prabodhchandra ...	Presidency College.
	Sengupta, Dineschandra ...	Dacca College.
	,, Jogeschandra ...	Rajshahi College.
	,, Pratulchandra ...	Metropolitan Institution.
110	Sinha, Praphullakumar ...	Ditto.

G. C. MOOKERJEE, *Asst. Registrar.*

SENATE HOUSE, *the 1st June 1912.*

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Abu, the 6th June 1912.

No. 675—5.—In accordance with the provisions of section 25 of the Ajmer Municipalities Regulation (V of 1886) the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara is pleased to notify that with his approval the Extra Assistant Commissioner of Merwara has been elected chairman of the Beawar Municipal Committee with effect from the 2nd January 1912.

No. 678—985.—The Reverend K. C. Horwood, Chaplain of Nasirabad, is confirmed as junior Chaplain, with effect from the 18th March 1912, the date on which he completed his three years' probationary service.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the
Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

KOLAR GOLD FIELD RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

TRANSFER AND RESIGNATION.

Bangalore, the 5th June 1912.

No. 41.—Captain Francis Tom Roskrow is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 1st April 1912.

Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas Joseph O'Donnell, V.D., resigns his commission, with effect from the 13th April 1912.

LEAVE.

The 8th June 1912.

No. 42.—Captain Arthur Gifford is granted leave out of India for eight months, with effect from the 15th June 1912 or date of departure.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

IMPERIAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE IN INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Pusa, Behar, the 11th June 1912.

No. 1376.—In supersession of the Notification of this Department No. 1233, dated the 2nd June 1912, published in Part II of the *Gazette of India* of 8th June 1912, Mr. H. E. Cross, M.R.C.V.S., D.V.H., A.Sc., Assistant Bacteriologist, Imperial Bacteriological Laboratory, Muktesar, is granted privilege leave for 3 months combined with 3 months' special leave on urgent private affairs, under Articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 12th June 1912, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it

B. COVENTRY,
Agricultural Adviser to the Government of India.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 11th June 1912.

No. 24.—Honorary Captain G. F. Silvester, Assistant Engineer, is granted combined leave for 1 year (*viz* privilege leave for 1 month and 17 days and furlough for the remaining period) with effect from the 14th June 1912 or from such subsequent date as he may be permitted to avail himself of it.

This supersedes this office Notification No. 23, dated 21st May 1912.

H. B. HOLMES,
Offg. Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 1st June 1912.

No. 31.—Khan Sahib Sheikh Khair Din, Rates Superintendent in Class III, grade I, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, is granted under Articles 233, 246, 260 and 338 of the Civil Service Regulations combined leave for six months, *viz.*, privilege leave for 3 months and furlough for the remaining period, with effect from 17th February 1912.

E. A. S. BELL,
Offg. Manager, North Western Railway.

NORTHERN INDIA SALT REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Agra, the 29th May 1912.

No. 63.—Mr. R. N. Haygarth, Probationary Assistant Superintendent, is appointed to officiate as Assistant Superintendent, 2nd grade, with effect from the 26th April 1912, during the absence on leave of Mr. F. D. Wilson, Superintendent, or until further orders.

R. A. GAMBLE,
Commissioner, Northern India Salt Revenue.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, The King's Shropshire Light Infantry, dated at Trimulgherry, this 8th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—8518, Private, Albert Edward Heath.
Age—23 years 1 month.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, dark; hair, black; eyes, brown.
Trade—Porter (Railway).
Date of enlistment—28th June 1907.
Place of enlistment—Bridgnorth.
Parish and County in which born—Rochford, Tinbury, Worcestershire, England.
Date of desertion or absence—1st June 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Bombay (on furlough).
Marks—Mole right shoulder.
Under 5 years' service.

R. A. SMITH, Lieut.-Colonel,
Commanding 2nd Battalion, The King's Shropshire Light Infantry.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the Inniskilling Dragoons, dated at Muttra, this 8th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—2414, Private, William Watson.
Age—19 years.
Height—5 feet ½ inch.
Colour of—Complexion, fair; hair, light brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Musician.
Date of enlistment—27th August 1908.
Place of enlistment—Stratford.
Parish and County in which born—Poplar, London, Middlesex.
Date of desertion or absence—28th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Muttra.
Marks—Mole centre of back.
Under 4 years' service.

E. PATERSON, Major,
Commanding The Inniskilling Dragoons.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 75th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery, dated at Bombay, this 6th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—33075, Gunner, H. Kibble.
Age—22 years 5 months.
Height—5 feet 9½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, light brown; eyes, grey.
Trade—Painter.
Date of enlistment—22nd March 1910.
Place of enlistment—Oxford.
Parish and County in which born—St Pancras, London, Middlesex.
Date of desertion or absence—28th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Colaba, Bombay.
Marks—Tattoo bird (Robin) on left forearm.
" I. L. N G " right "
Under three years' service.

W. D. NICHOL, Major, R.G.A.,
Commanding 75th Company, Royal Garrison Artillery.

TREASURE TROVE.

NOTICE.

It is hereby notified under section 5 of the Indian Treasure Trove Act, VI of 1878, that the undermentioned treasure was found on 8th May 1912 while Gaude Subbadu was digging earth in an old abandoned village site bearing Survey Field No. 1232 of Vidavalur, Kovur taluk, Nellore District, and belonging to Uggumudi Subbarami Reddi :—

Gold jewellery weighing about 7¾ tolas (defaced), valued at R125.

2. All claimants to this treasure should appear before the Collector of Nellore on 18th December 1912, so that their claims may be enquired into and disposed of according to law.

R. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
Collector.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th June 1912.

No. 558-*S Ap.*—Mr. V. Narayanaswamy Mudaliar, Postmaster, Madura, pay R300—400, is granted leave on private affairs for five months and nine days with effect from the 4th May 1912, in continuation with privilege leave for three weeks sanctioned in this office Notification No. 293-S.Ap., dated the 11th May 1912.

The following officiating appointments are made during his absence on combined leave, or until further orders :—

Mr. R. R. Peter, Postmaster, Calicut, pay R200—300, to act as Postmaster, Madura, from the 1st June 1912.

Mr. C. V. Krishnaswamy Iyer, Deputy Postmaster, Calicut, pay R100, to act as Postmaster, Calicut, from the 25th May 1912.

No. 562-*S.Ap.*—Mr. F. M. Morley, Postmaster, Peshawar, pay R300—400, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 1st July 1912 or from any later date on which he may avail himself of it.

Lala Mangal Sain, Postmaster, Abbottabad, pay R150—200, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Peshawar, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. F. M. Morley, or until further orders.

No. 566-*S.Ap.*—Mr. Sorabji Dadabhai Surti, Postmaster, Ahmedabad, pay R400—500, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 1st June 1912.

The 10th June 1912.

No. 584-*S.Ap.*—Mr. C. Amos, Postmaster, Tuticorin, pay R200—300, is granted privilege leave for two months with effect from the 1st June 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

Mr. K. Ramaswamy Srinivasa Iyer, Postmaster, Tinnevelly, is appointed to officiate as Postmaster, Tuticorin, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. C. Amos, or until further orders.

2. This supersedes this office Notification No. 154-S.-Ap., dated the 29th April 1912.

No. 588-*S.Ap.*—Lala Nikka Ram, Inspector of post offices, Pathankot sub-division, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent of post offices, 5th grade, with effect from the 19th May 1912 and until further orders, in the arrangements *vice* Mr. C. A. Stowell, Superintendent of post offices, 1st grade, appointed to act as Inspector-General, R. M. S. and Sorting, Southern Circle.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 12th June 1912.

No. 1129-*T.*—The following reversions of members of the Traffic Branch Subordinate Establishment are notified with effect from the 24th of May 1912, consequent on the return of Mr. J. T. D. Rodrigues, Deputy Superintendent, 1st class, from privilege leave. :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. J. Steele . . .	Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, Officiating.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, substantive.
„ J. Davis	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class. Officiating.	Telegraph Master, substantive.

No. 1132-*T.*—The following reversions of members of the Traffic Branch Subordinate Establishment are notified with effect from the 21st May 1912, consequent on the return of Mr. A. Greene, Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, Traffic, from privilege leave :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. A. J. Williams . .	Deputy Superintendent, 1st Class, Officiating.	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, substantive.
„ P. V. D'Souza . .	Deputy Superintendent, 2nd Class, Officiating.	Telegraph Master, substantive.

C. STEWART-WILSON,

Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE.

Simla, the 5th June 1912.

No. 0371-*E.I.F.*—Mr. W. H. Mills, Executive Engineer, attached to the Swabi Division Upper Swat River Canal, is allowed, under Article 311 of the Civil Service Regulations furlough on medical certificate for two months from the 22nd May 1912, or subsequent date.

R. H. TICKELL,

Offg. Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

OFFICE OF THE REVENUE SECRETARY TO THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER, NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE.

NOTIFICATION.

Dated Nathiagali, the 7th June 1912.

No. 4-*H*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 5 and 5 (*a*) of the Scheduled Districts Act, 1874 (XIV of 1874), and with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, the Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, is pleased to extend the Punjab Municipal Act, III of 1911, to the Peshawar, Hazara, Kohat, Bannu and Dera Ismail Khan districts which constitute the North-West Frontier Province, subject to the following modifications, namely —

1. All references to the Punjab or to the territories for the time being administered by the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab shall be construed as referring to the North-West Frontier Province
2. All references to the Lieutenant-Governor or the Local Government shall be construed as referring to the Chief Commissioner of the North-West Frontier Province.
3. All references to the Chief Court shall be construed as referring to the Judicial Commissioner.
4. All references to the Commissioner or the Commissioner of a division shall be construed as referring to the Revenue Commissioner

C. RAWLINSON,
Revenue Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,
N. W. F. Province.

ADMINISTRATOR-GENERAL OF BENGAL.

Notice of deaths sent to the Administrator-General of Bengal under section 64 of Act II of 1874.

Name of deceased.	Place of death.	Date of death.	By whom death reported, and when.	REMARKS.
Mr. C. A. Crosby, driller in the service of the Rangoon Oil Company.	Minbu . . .	1st April 1912	District Judge, Minbu, on 26th April 1912.	The American Vice and Deputy Consul at Rangoon is in communication with the District Judge regarding the representation of the estate.
Mr. J. W. Lathwood, late a Permanent Way Inspector, Eastern Bengal State Railway, Chitpore.	...	12th March 1912 .	District Judge, 24-Parganas, on 23rd April 1912.	The deceased has left a Will (not witnessed). Further report is awaited from the District Judge under section 64 of Act II of 1874.
Mr. E. Fullarton, Covenanted Driver, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, Rawari.	Ajmer . . .	24th " " .	Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, on 6th May 1912.	The Administrator-General is in communication with the deceased's mother in Scotland regarding representation of the estate.
Colonel F. H. H. Montresor.	Almora . . .	31st " "	Commissioner and District Judge, Kumaun Division, on 1st May 1912.	The deceased has left a Will, and the executors named in the Will are in England. They have been written to enquiring whether they intend to take out probate.
Mr. W. H. Blake .	Darjeeling . .	26th " " .	District Judge, Dinajpur, on 25th April 1912.	No information whether the deceased has left any Will. Enquiries are being made if the deceased has left any property.
Mr. George Carty, late an Engine Driver in the service of the North-Western Railway.	Amritsar Hospital .	30th April " .	District Judge, Lahore, on 8th May 1912.	The deceased is said to have left no Will. The deceased's next-of-kin are resident in England, and they have been communicated with to ascertain their wishes as to representing the estate.
Mr. Owen Doyle, Engine-driver of the Maymyo shed, Burma Railways.	Mangswi . . .	29th September 1911 .	Superintendent, Northern Shan States, Lashio, on 21st March 1912.	Messrs. Okeden and Hichens, Solicitors, Rangoon, acting under Power-of-Attorney from the deceased's father, have filed in the Chief Court, Rangoon, an application for Letters of Administration in the estate.
Mr. H. Roberts, late a Guard, East Indian Railway.	Allahabad . .	1st April 1912 .	District Judge, Allahabad, on 8th May 1912.	Second report under section 64 of Act II of 1874 is awaited from the District Judge.
Mrs. Sarah Annie Dunbar.	Lucknow . .	23rd January 1912 .	District Judge, Lucknow, on 9th May 1912.	The deceased died intestate. No application for Letters of Administration has been made. The Administrator-General will not move in the matter, the asset of the estate being under R1,000 in value.
Mr. J. A. Flood, a Civil pensioner.	Saharanpur . .	24th September 1911 .	District Judge, Saharanpur, on 11th May 1912.	Ditto ditto.

HENRY T. HYDE,
Administrator-General of Bengal.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET;
Calcutta, the 30th May 1912.

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A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. II (D—I), Edition 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R11 or 16*s.* 6*d.* (15*a.*)

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Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January, February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. *2a.* or *2d.* (*2a.*) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of February, March and April 1912. No. 11 and No. 12. No. 1 of 1912-13. Royal 8vo. Stitched. *8a.* or *9d.* (*2a.*) each.

Supplement to the Annual Statement (Volumes I and II) of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with British Empire and Foreign Countries, for the official year ending March 31st compared with the preceding year. Foolscap. Board. R5 or *6s. 8d.* (*12a.*)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the calendar year 1911 compared with the years 1909 and 1910. Royal 8vo. Stitched. *8a.* or *9d.* (*2a.*)

Statistics of British India (with Statistics, where available, relating to certain Native States) for 1910-1911 and preceding years, Part VII, Educational, including Statistics relating to Education, Printing Presses and Publications. Fifth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or *1s. 6d.* (*6a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of India. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. III, Part II. Note on the Antiseptic Treatment of Timber in India with special reference to Railway Sleepers. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (3a.)

Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 3d. (1a.)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14a. or 1s. 3d. (1a.)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 8a. or 9d. (5a.)

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (10a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 2a. or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army, in subjects (*d*), (*e*), (*h*) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (*h*) (*ii*) and (*iii*) (Lieutenants, I.M.S.), (*i*) and (*j*) for promotion.

(2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.

(3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical Subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations.

(4) Majors of the Army Veterinary Corps in Technical Subjects, Appendix XV, King's Regulations. Demy 4to. Board. R1 4a. or 1s. 9d. (3a.)

Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4a or 2s. (3a.)

Musketry Schools Regulations, India (Provisional), General Staff, India, 1912. Royal 16mo. Paper. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

The Cantonments (House Accommodation) Act, 1902, and Rules made thereunder—The Cantonments Act, 1910—The Cantonment Code, 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 4d. (2a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book, 1679-1680. Foolscap. Board. R2 4a. or 3s. 6d. (4a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book. Military Department. 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 12a. or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. As. 14 or 1s. 3d. (3a.)

Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government of North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2a. 3p. or 2¼d. (1a. 6p.)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. R2 4a. or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (12*a*.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3*p*. (1*a*.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3*a*. 3*p*. (1*a*.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18*s*. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3*a*. 9*p*. (1*a*.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11*a*. or 1*s*. (3*a*.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a*. or 5*d*. (1*a*.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2*s*. 6*d*.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI—Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33*s*. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (2*a*.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11*s*. 3*d*. (4*a*.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7*s*. 6*d*. (11*a*.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12*a*. or 3*s*. (7*a*.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8*a*. or 2*s*. 6*d*. (5*a*.)

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The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a*. or 3*s*. 9*d*. (4*a*.)

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Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s*. (9*a*.)

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Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2*a*. or 3*d*. (1*a*.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a*. or 9*d*. (2*a*.)

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Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s*. 6*d*. (3*a*.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals.* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

***Working of Mines*—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)**

***Mine Managers and their Certificates*— (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st** April **1906, as subsequently amended. Index. (In pamphlet form.)** Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

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Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

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Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (*b*) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (6a.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R S. Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3s. 6d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4a. or 5d. (1a.) (out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 4s. 3d. (6a.)

Field Service Regulations, Part II, Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8a. or 9d. (1a.)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1a.)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (2a.)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 8vo. Board. R1 6a. or 2s. (2a.)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. (1a.)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-2 or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As 10 or 10d. (2a.)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. 3p. or 11½d. (2a.)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11a. or 11d. (2a.)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1s. 7d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1s. 4d. (3a.)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-9 or 2s. 1d. (2a.)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1s. 9d. (2a.)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. As. 15 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

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Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
- Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
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Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.

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Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.

Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.

Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
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Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4*a*.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8*a*.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4*a*.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June to November 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto Paper cover. R1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEKS ENDING 6TH APRIL AND 15TH JUNE 1912.

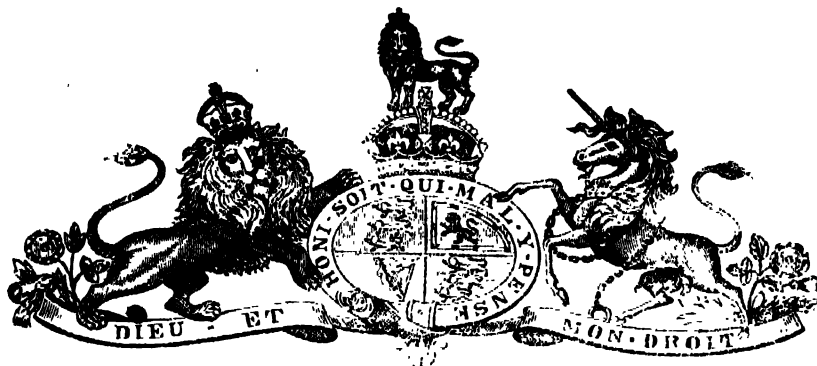
Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XLII, Part I. Director, Geological Survey of India R1.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.

Monthly Weather Review, January 1912. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Note No. 122754 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R500 originally standing in the name of Messrs. Macneill & Co. and last endorsed to Rebati Mohan Ghose (on or about 1908), the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—REBATI MOHAN GHOSE,
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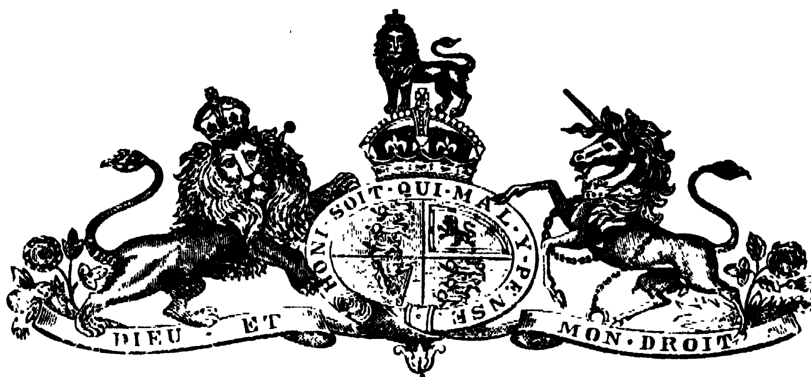
Name of the Advertiser—LUCY THOMAS,
Residence—c/o Rev. J. Cooling, Wesleyan Mission House, Royapettah, Madras.

Stolen.

Four Government Promissory Notes bearing numbers M00088 of the year 1900-1 of 3½ per cent. for R5,000 originally standing in the names of Messrs. W. A. Long, J. R. Coombes and L. G. A. Rebeirs, M013725 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R1,000 originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Madras, M017288 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R 1,000 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Madras, M017289 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R 1,000 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Madras and which were all (all the four) last endorsed to me S. Srinivasa Aiyar, have been stolen on the night of 27th April 1912. They have not been endorsed by me to any other person. Payment of the above notes and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in my favour.

S. SRINIVASA AIYAR,
First Grade Pleader,
Negapatam.

NEGAPATAM:
27th May 1912.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India

No. 24.} CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 15, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL PRICES IN THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912 OF:

RICE
WHEAT AND FLOUR
BARLEY
JAWAR
BAJRA
RAGI
KANGNI
MAIZE
GRAM
ARHAR DÁL
OATS
COTTON SEED
LINSEED
MUSTARD AND RAPESEED
SESAMUM (*Til* or *jinjili*)
GHI
SUGAR, RAW (*Gúr*)
SALT
TOBACCO LEAF
TURMERIC
GRASS AND STRAW
JAWAR STALKS
BHUSA
BRAN
SHEEP AND BULLOCKS
KEROSENE OIL

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1912	Rice, unhusked 1911	Rice, husked 1912	Rice, husked 1911	Wheat 1912	Wheat 1911	Flour (wheat) 1912	Flour (wheat) 1911	Barley 1912	Barley 1911	Jawar 1912	Jawar 1911	Bajra 1912	Bajra 1911	Ragi 1912
Burma*—															
Tenasserim—															
Mergui	...	.	50·39	44·14	...	...			...		...	-	...	.	...
Tavoy	...	..	39·26	39·26	...	...	.	...	...	...	..		..	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	..	...	42·95	44·14	55·65	55·65	...	..	.	...		.	...		...
Pegu (deltaic)—															
Rangoon	...	...	43·54	39·02	41·29	36·16		...	...	.	...	...		.	...
Maubin	.	...	40·23	40	..	...	..		..	.	...	..	..	...	...
Bassein	...	...	50	41·56	..			.		..		.			
Pegu (inland)—															
Henzada			48·48	34·41	56·14	..	...		...	...	...	.	.		
Toungoo	...		35·55	...	...			...	...	...	...	...		..	
Upper Burma—															
Mandalay		...	46·38	36·99	45·07	33·51	...	...	...	...	.	22·46			..
Pakôkku	...	...	45·71	37·21	...	...	..	.	...	...	22·38	22·38		..	..
Arakan—															
Akyab			...		...	..	...	..		..					.
Assam*—															
Brahmaputra—															
Goálpára	15·62	15·62	30	32·5	..			.		...			...	..	...
Gauhati	17·5	20	36·25	38·75	...	.						.	..	..	...
Bengal*—															
Eastern—															
Chittagong	17·5	..	40	36·25	...			...	.	..	..	...		..	..
Dacca	...		45	35	37·5	37·5	.	...	...	17·5			...	...	...
Deltaic—															
Calcutta			0	41·25	40	33·75	...	.	32·5	22·5	..	...	...	...	...
Western—															
Bardwan			43·75	36·25	...		.	...					..	.	...
Midnapur	..	..	40	31·46	...	...		...		...	...		.		
Northern—															
Pabna	21·25		36·25	36·72	35										...
Rangpur	20	.	40	36·25	42·5	45			..			..		.	.
Bihar and Orissa—															
Bihár, north—															
Bhágalpur			35	32·34	33·12	27·5	.	...	25·94	.8·75	..	...		-	...
Muzaffarpur	.		44·37	40	33·28	30·78			22·19	19·06			..	...	...
Bihár, south—															
Patna			30·62	30·31	30·62	29·06		.	20·94	19·06	20	...	...	22·19	...
Orissa—															
Cuttack	.	.	37·19	31·51	35·94	33·85	...	...			..	.	..	..	..
United Provinces—															
(a) Agra—															
Eastern—															
Benares	21·35	21·93	47·92	41·77	34·9	31·15	40·36	37·03	24·84	18·85	...	...	..	20·36	...
Central—															
Cawnpore	26·67	22·86	42·19	40	31·35	29·63	35·52	34·06	20·2	17·4	22·19	16·3	28·07	20·52	...
Jhánsi	...	...	53·28	47·03	32·66	30·16	...	...	23·54	19·53	24·37	17·5	...	...	..
Western—															
Meerut	...	..	51·56	47·03	30·73	28·59	35·68	33·28	25·31	18·12	...	...	...	...	
Agra	50	47·08	53·33	53·33	34·06	31·35	41·56	38·8	26·25	19·06	26·25	19·53	32·66	24·22	...
Submontane, west—															
Shahjahánpur	27·5	18·75	..		28·75	26·61			23·75	15	...	17·5	23·75	18·12	...
(b) Oudh—															
Southern—															
Lucknow	..	...	43·28	41·04	30·73	27·81	38·07	36·35	25	15·36	...	...	...	...	...
Northern—															
Fyzabad	22·5	21·25	44·74	44·37	32·03	26·87	...	..	23·44	17·5	...		...	...	

*The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of common rice

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dal		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Burma—
															Tenasserim—
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	Mergui
	...	...	57·14	57·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	Tavoy
.	...	..	40·76	40·76	50	50	...	...	...	...					Moulmein and Amherst
															Pegu (deltaic)—
..	...	...	33·51	28·19	45·71	45·71	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Rangoon
...	25	31·22	51·61	50	51·61	51·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Maubin
	...	...	43·54	34·22	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...		Bassein
															Pegu (inland)—
.	...	...	40	45·07	54·24	51·2	...	..	...	...		..		.	Henzada
.	...	.	...	.	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	.		Toungoo
															Upper Burma—
...	18·99	17·49	31·22	21·46	45 07	38·79	53·78	65·98	...	...	...	...		.	Mandalay
...	...	...	3[illegible]·22	21·84	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	..		Pakôkku
															Arakan—
.	...	...	42·11	44·44	50	50	...	...	...	...	.	...		..	Akyab
															Assam—
															Brahmaputra—
...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	..	...	58·75	46·25	Goálpára
...		...	-	..	...	...	..	..	...	..	...	110	60	45·94	Gauhati
															Bengal—
															Eastern—
...	...	..	...	30	47·5	40	...	..	...	...	100	...	6[illegible]5	57·5	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	28·75	42·5	37·5	...	...	..	...	...	.	55	...	Dacca
															Deltaic—
...	...	...	32·5	22·5	42·5	30	32·5	31·25	...	...	80	83·75	62·5	55	Calcutta
															Western—
.	...	...	30	23·75	34·37	31·25	...	...	...	...	...		60	55	Burdwan
...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	75	82·5	66·25 and 73·75	58·75 and 61·25	Midnapur
															Northern—
...	...	...	...	26·25	...	37·5	...	...	...	...	71·25	72·5	67·5	47·5	Pabna
...	...	...	..	35·62	35	37·5	...	...	...	...	..	...	65	53·12	Rangpur
															Bihar and Orissa—
															Bihár, north—
...	23·75	19·37	23·75	19·37	38·75	31·25	22·5	22·5	...	...	100	86·25	43·75 and 57·5	43·75	Bhágalpur
...	20	20·94	25	20·94	33·28	30·78	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	Muzaffarpur
															Bihár, south—
...	18·12	17·81	20·94	19 69	33·28	23·12	20	...	...	...	65	87·5	50	51·25	Patna
															Orissa—
...	...	...	33·75	30·47	33·75	25·36	27·66	23·8	...	...	...	..	75	56·67	Cuttack
															United Provinces—
															(a) AGRA—
															Eastern—
.	...	...	24·53	12·66	31·93	27·66	...	...	...	...	81·41	77·24	50·57	46·41	Benares
															Central—
...	21·04	15·1	21·93	18·59	28·54	23·54	31·98	...	20	21·04	72·71	82 03	50	44·43	Cawnpore
...	19·84	12 81	22·24	17·86	...	33·01	..	...	...	25	63·75	66·72	41 87	48·28	Jhánsi
															Western—
	...	...	22·19	19·06	30·78	24·22	22·19	25	...	...	...	...	53·44	...	Meerut
...	...	17·4	23·54	21·04	34·79	25·78	44·43	...	25	21 61	80	80	55·21	50	Agra
															Submontane, west—
...	...	16·25	20	17·5	25.	25	30	32·5	...	21·87	-	...	...	.	Shahjahánpur
															(b) OUDH—
															Southern—
...	...	...	30	19·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	60·67	75·94	53·33	50	Lucknow
															Northern—
...	19·06	...	19·69	18·12	35·47	25	...	...	..	...	60	...	...	42·19	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY—*continued*.

Districts	Sesamum (Til or jinjili)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (Gur)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Burma—														
Tenasserim—														
Mergui	...	...	581·82	492·31	...	...	16·93	18·29	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tavoy	...	...	581·82	533·33	...	...	20·51	20·51	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	...	...	457·14	400	...	...	17·98	18·77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—														
Rangoon	...	...	533·33	492·31	...	...	18·55	17·44	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manbin	...	...	581·82	533·33	...	...	22·86	21·77	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bassein	...	...	492·31	492·31	...	...	22·86	22·86	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—														
Henzada	...	...	533·33	492·31	...	...	22·86	22·15	...	...	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·81	22·61	...	...	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—														
Mandalay	...	...	457·14	457·14	...	...	22·54	22·07	...		...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	...	711·11	581·82	...		22·54	22·54	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arakan—														
Akyab		...	533·33	457·14	...	...	30·77	26·67	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assam—														
Brahmaputra—														
Goálpára		...	460		58·75	70	21·87	...	...	...	...			...
Gauhati	...	...	495	...	65	65	27·5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bengal—														
Eastern—														
Chittagong	...	...	490	480	62·5	60	18·12	18·75	...	55	...	...	...	...
Dacca	...	...	500	460	70	70	22·5	21·25	...	100	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—														
Calcutta	75	63·75	470	450	50	47·5	18·12	19·37	65	77·5	...	...	12·5	12·5
Western—														
Bardwan	...	...	470	460	52·5	52·5	20	28·17	...	...	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	...	...	440 to 550	420 to 440	110	60	20	21·25	115	100	...	...	...	...
Northern—														
Pabna	...	...	480	530	45	47·5	20	20	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	...	...	500	540	55	62·5	22·5	20·62	...	62·5	...	...	...	3·75
Bihar and Orissa—														
Bihár, north—														
Bhágalpur	79·37	...	520	480	40	40	21·25	20·62	90	53·5	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarpur	...	...	457·5	457·5	36·25	50	22·19	22·19	160	200	...	...	...	...
Bihár, south—														
Patna	65	70	425	420	30	45	20	20·62	20	20	...	...	...	...
Orissa—														
Cuttack	85·78	56·67	411·41	411·41	53·33	40·53	15·62	18·12	101·87	101·87	...	...	5	5
United Provinces—														
(a) AGRA—														
Eastern—														
Benares	73·33	61·61	458·91	458·28	43·12	...	22·24	22·92	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central—														
Cawnpore	100	76·2	457·13	426·67	47·08	51·61	17·76	17·76	75	80	107·5	100	...	...
Jhánsi	63·91	61·56	400	387·66	53·28	63·96	20·52	20	...	...	...	...	6·67	...
Western—														
Meerut	...	...	492·5	457·19	...	53·28	17·34	17·34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agra	...	...	441·35	426·67	57·13	53·33	17·76	17·4	80	100	130	120	7·97	5·73
Submontane, west—														
Shahjahánpur	...	...	450	440	...	...	20	20	...	...	130 and 140	110 and 120	...	...
(b) OUDH—														
Southern—														
Lucknow	...	...	460	445	...	57·13	21·04	21·04	...	...	125	115	7·5	5
Northern—														
Fyzabad	...	...	455	500	35	45	20·94	20·94	...	...	...	...	...	...

(*The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds*)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Burma—
														Tenasserim—
...	...	...	...	...	...	10·34	9·33	...	...	..	...	...	3·5	Mergui
...	...	...	.	...	...	11·43	14·1	...	...	...	...	...	3	Tavoy
...	...	...	...	...	...	11·85	11·85	.	...	..		2	2	Moulmein and Amherst
														Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	1·75	1·75	Rangoon
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25·3	...	...	...	...	...	2·62	Maubin
...	...	...	...	...	...	14·29	11·43	...	..	...	...	1·75	1·75	Bassein
														Pegu (inland)—
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1·69	1·81	Henzada
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1·94	1·94	Toungoo
														Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24·43	...	...	...	.	...	...	Mandalay
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	1·81	..	Pakôkku
														Arakan—
...	...		.	...	...	...	...	...	..	...		2·25	2·25	Akyab
														Assam—
														Brahmaputra—
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..		..	2·5	2·25	Goálpára
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	2	1·56	Gauhati
														Bengal—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...		1·78	1·72	Chittagong
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	.	.	2·06	...	Dacca
														Deltaic—
8·75	7·5	...	.	20	19·75	23·75	22·5	...	...	...	...	1·72	1·73	Calcutta
														Western—
6·25	8·75	...	..	...	...	...	22·5	...		...	...	2·03	1·83	Bardwan
5·62	5	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	.	2·03	1·58	Midnapur
														Northern—
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...		2·06	1·87	Pabna
...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...		2·19	2·06	Rangpur
														Bihar and Orissa—
														Bihár, north—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	1·94	1·64	Bhágalpur
...	...	...	...	3·28	3·28	15·94	15·94	...	...	.		2·05	1·7	Muzaffarpur
														Bihár, south—
...	4·37	...	...	6·25	5·62	17·5	17·5	.	...	...		1·87	1·87	Patna
														Orissa—
5·62	5·62	...	...	...	...	6·25	6·25	...	..	..	...	2	1·56	Cuttack
														United Provinces—
														(a) Agra—
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	7·97	8·12	23·54	21·09	...	50	...	40	2·75	2·02	Benares
														Central—
...	...	...	...	6·15	5·31	25·78	16·3	75	75	...	...	2·19	1·83	Cawnpore
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	2·19	2·09	Jhánsi
														Western—
...	...	...	.	6·56	6·56	19·06	19·06	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	Meerut
6·67	7·5	8·91	6·67	6·67	5	21·04	21·04	...	...	80	80	2·34	2·06	Agra
														Submontane, west—
...	...	...	...	5	5	30	28·28	60 and 65	60 and 65	40 and 60	40 and 60	2·22	2·19	Shahjahánpur
														(b) Oudh—
														Southern—
...	...	...	...	5	5·62	20	20	40	40	...	...	2·37	1·97	Lucknow
														Northern—
...	...	...	...	6·25	5·31	...	...	...	...	40	35	2	1·87	Fyzabad

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY—*continued*

Districts	Rice, unhusked 1912	Rice, unhusked 1911	Rice, husked 1912	Rice, husked 1911	Wheat 1912	Wheat 1911	Flour (wheat) 1912	Flour (wheat) 1911	Barley 1912	Barley 1911	Jawar 1912	Jawar 1911	Bajra 1912	Bajra 1911	Ragi 1912
Rajputana—															
Eastern— Ajmer†	...	26·67	...	..	...	30·62	...	...	...	21·04	...	23·49	...	26·67	...
Punjab—															
Southern— Ferozpur	...	...	50	44·37	30·62	25·78	35	28·75	27·5	16·72	...	...	...	...	.
Central— Lahore	35	28·50	55	50	33·28	28·59	38·12	31·98	24·22	17·34	38·12	23·54	36·25	22·19	
South-eastern— Delhi	30	25	63·75	38·07	35	29·63	38·12	34·79	27·5	18·59	35	21·61	33·12	24·27	..
Submontane— Amritsar	33·12	28·07	55·16	50	29·37	25	32·66	28·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Northern— Rāwalpindi	...	25	56·25	57·19	33 12	27·08	37·5	30·78	23·75	17·4	...	20	32·5	20·99	..
Western— Lyallpur	...	..	50	50	31·25	27·81	34·37	31·56	26·25	20	37·5	...	...	...	..
Multan	...	18·75	45·62	37·5	32·66	28·59	36·56	33·44	26·50	17·81	...	20·81	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—															
Peshāwar	24·63	...	56·15	...	36·15	27·97	39 84	32·29	21·98	13·7	34·22	..	33 33	...	...
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	33·49	25	...	...	...	..	...	14·37	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—															
Karāchi	...	...	53·12	43·12	38·44	31·25	...	...	35·31	21·72	...	...	39·32	27·97	
Shikārpur	...		55	46·87	42·34	30·62	...	...	...	21·25	39·37	...	38·91	20·62	..
Quetta	...	...	...	...	41·25 to 43·12	36·25 to 37·5	65	57·5	28·75	23·75	37·5	21 87	.	...	
Bombay—															
Deccan and Karnātak— Dharwar	...		...	...	39·58	..	...	.	...	.	...	24·43	...	...	...
Sholapur	...	.	...	...	44·95	35·57	...	..	...	...	27·03	20·57	...	...	...
Poona	...	...	60 16	50·31	52·66	44·69	...	...	...	...	36·82	27·76	44·43	32 66	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan— Ahmadnagar	...	.	55 36	50·99	38·49	28·75	...	...	...	...	29·69	23·02	36·46	22·81	...
Dhulia	.	...	66·2	...	44·9	35·57	...	.	...	..	33·91	22·45	43·19	29·58	
Gujarat— Surat	..	...	...	...	43·23	37·5	..	...	...	...	36·91	27·29	39 63	...	...
Ahmadabad	...	...	47·5	47·5	41·25	35·62	...	...	30	21·25	31·25	23·75	36·25	28·12	...
Central Provinces*—															
Western— Nagpur		.	36·5	32·75	33·5	27·5	44·37	36·37	...	...	26·12	22·12	...	..	.
Central— Jubbulpore	..	...	34·75	30·75	34·75	29·12	42·12	36·37	...	...	...	...	...		..
Eastern— Raipur	...	..	35·25	32	31	28	45	36	...	...	..	...	...	..	...
Berar—															
Akola	..	...	38	36	37·75	30	...	...	...	...	25	20	...	...	..
Amrāoti	..	...	44·75	42·6	35·75	30	...	48	...	...	25	20	..	...	...
Madras—															
South, central— Coimbatore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	39·3	31·9	41·5	29·3	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32·2
Central— Bellary	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	28·5	20·5	...	...	...
Cuddapah	39·1	25·2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	32·9	27·8	32·8	21·9	...
Kurnool	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	.	...	...
East Coast, central— Nellore	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	26
East Coast, south— Madras	33·3	26·7	...	50·3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Tanjore	28·8	22·6	51	37·2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...
Trichinopoly	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	.	...	...	26·7
Southern— Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39·1	33·8	43	36·5	...
Mysore—															
Mysore	26	16	60	44	56	50	50	49 01	...	..	31	21	...	...	31
Bangalore	28	16	62	52	54	52	67·76	67·76	...		...	...	...	...	30

* The figures under "Rice, husked" represent the prices of cleaned rice

† Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Ragi	Maize		Gram		Arhar dál		Oats		Cotton seed		Linseed		Mustard and rapeseed		Districts
1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
															Rajputana—
.	...	17·4	...	23·12		...	...	61·72	...	...	...	114·27		...	*Eastern—* Ajmer
															Punjab—
...	...	...	24·53	18·12	..	...	..	...	28·75	28·59	70	80	90	41·41	*Southern—* Ferozpur
...	29·69	16·67	25·78	18·12	36·25	27·6	30·78	26·67	28·59	28·59	80	84·22	55	44·43	*Central—* Lahore
	21·87	19·06	23·81	18·59	35	24·63	...	...	23·44	21·61	80	...	56·87	45·73	*South-eastern—* Delhi
...	...	...	26·72	18·8	..	...	...	...	28·75	30	...	...	57·5	47·03	*Submontane—* Amritsar
...	25·62	20	24·37	20·78	...	40	..	...	...	34·79	...	80	51·25	42·08	*Northern—* Ráwalpindi
	25	...	25·31	19·37	...	...	...	...	28·75	28·75	...	..	..	...	*Western—* Lyallpur
.	...	...	25·78	20·94	.	...	..	..	25·47	26·25	...	...	56·87	...	Multan
															N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	29·22	26·09	26·77	21·04	34·22	28·54	..	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	Pesháwar
...	...	...	22·03	15·62	.	...	...	...	...	-	..	..	...	...	Dera Ismael Khan
															Sind and Baluchistan—
..	...	...	31·25	...	...	...	...	...	30·62	25·31			...	...	Karachi
...	—	...	31·72	18·75	41·25	33·75	...	...	27·5	25		..	...	46·25	Shikarpur
	33·75	26·25			60	47·5	44·37	40·94	...	...					Quetta
															Bombay—
.	.	...	...	...	...	39·06	...	...	...	...	...	...			*Deccan and Karnatak—* Dharwar
...		...	29·95	21·61	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83·75		...	Sholapur
...	...	.	32·29	25·42	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		Poona
..	..		31·25	22·31	...	.	...	...	26·67	...	...	86·04			*Khandesh and N. Deccan—* Ahmadnagar
.	.		32·71	26·04	..	...	...	..	28·49	23·49	...	87·76		..	Dhulia
...	.	. .	...	30·26	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..		*Gujarat—* Surat
.	.	...	28·75	26·25	40	27·5	..	..	30	25	...	..		..	Ahmadabad
															Central Provinces—
.	:		29·5	23·12	34·62	26·25	...	...	22·5	21·25	72·37	86·87		...	*Western—* Nagpur
...	.	.	25	21·62	30·75	30·75	40	37·5	23·5	23·5	[illegible]6·12	80	47	38·12	*Central—* Jubbulpore
...	...		24·5	19·5	30	27	...	...	...	...	.				*Eastern—* Raipur
															Berar—
..	...	...	32·25	24	33·25	29	..	...	23·5	22	...	...			Akola
.	..	.	30	23·75	31	26	..	...	25	20·75	92·25	80·75			Amraoti
															Madras—
..	...	.	47·1	47·2		...	...	...	35·2	36·8	..		..	.	*South, central—* Coimbatore
20·4	...	...		...	34·9	26·8	...	..	...	...				...	Salem
...	..	..	36·9	30·8	25·2	19·6	...	...	23·1	23·1		.	..	..	*Central—* Bellary
...	...	..	...		.	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	.	...	Cuddapah
...		.	..	...	..	.	...	...	...	...		...		...	Karnul
25·9	...	...	.	.	27·1	30·6	...	.	...	...	.	.		-	*East Coast, central—* Nellore
...	...	...	36·5	28·8		..	48·1	58·2	30·8	32·4	...	..	...	.	*East Coast, south—* Madras
...	...	...	.		...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...		Tanjore
24	...	...		.	...	...	58·4	61·8	...	...	...	...	.		Trichinopoly
...	...	...		...	31·7	30	...	...	...	...	..	...			*Southern—* Madura
															Mysore—
22	...	...	26	24·5	50	44	68·59	68·12	...		.	...	..	..	Mysore
23	..	...	27	26	50	48	...	...	...	...	...		..	.	Bangalore

WHOLESALE PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY—concluded

Districts	Sesamum (Til or Jinjili)		Ghi		Sugar, raw (Gúr)		Salt		Tobacco leaf		Turmeric		Grass	
	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911
Rajputana—														
Eastern—														
Ajmer (a)	...	72·66	..	426·87	...	50	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	9·74
Punjab—														
Southern—														
Ferozpur	...	...	460	426·72	60	41·37	16·25	15·94	85	82·66	120	133·28	...	...
Central—														
Lahore	80	76·15	470	426·72	...	50	14·84	14·79	80	88·91	123·28	114·27	...	10
South-eastern—														
Delhi	88·75	69·53	530	492·29	50	50	17·19	17·4	80	80	130	133·33	13·12	10
Submontane—														
Amritsar	75	76·25	450	450	..	47·03	14·37	14·37	...	...	120	130	...	...
Northern—														
Ráwalpindi	...	..	...	441·35	50	47·08	13·75	15·31	...	100	...	145·47	14·37	14·27
Western—														
Lyallpur	..	...	435	403·75	52·5	42·5	15	15	80	80	..	...	...	...
Multan	77·5	75	455	437·5	..	46·25	15·47	15·94	...	155·31	.	.	..	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—														
Peshávar	...	..	421·41	441·41	86·67	58·7	15·36	14·95	.	...	...	127 97	...	3·8
Dera Ismael Khan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14·37	...	...	...	..	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—														
Karáchi	...	77·5	495	430	...	...	...		... 53·75	..	...	...	...	...
Shikarpur	...	...	480	447·5	.	...	..	...		...	...	...	...	...
Quetta	...	...	460 to 530	445 to 475	...	...		...	...	...	.	..	...	...
Bombay—														
Deccan and Karnatak—														
Dharwar	...	39·59	...	...	...	...			...				...	...
Sholapur	...	...	...	...	71·09	75 26			... 168·44	... 157 92	94·74	92·97	...	...
Poona	...	...	463·18	417·55	58·02	72·81						...	...	...
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—														
Ahmadnagar	..	...	458·33	408·33	...	78 33			...	...		...		...
Dhulia	93·19	...	552·5	...	69·17	..		.	...			..		...
Gujarat—														
Surat	87·19	79·27	497·29	424·32	...	...		...	.		..	..	...	...
Ahmadabad	.	...	480	430	..	...		...	...			..	...	...
Central Provinces—														
Western—														
Nagpur	82	77·5	500	466·62	...	...	23·25	21·62	83·25	83·37	120	120	11·25	7·5
Central—														
Jubbulpore	66·62	57·12	420	420	...	...	23·5	25	100	100	123	114·25	6·62	8
Eastern—														
Raipur	..	..	465	430	...	...	25·5	20·5	140	140	...	120	...	...
Berar—														
Akola	...	...	394	400	...	...	18·25	20	95	96	...	...	...	...
Amraoti	83·25	77·25	500	400	..	...	19	19	156	130			...	8
Madras—														
South, central—														
Coimbatore	93·1	88	487 9	487·9	51·1	51·2	21·9	22·4		...	96	89·6		...
Salem	..	...	445 2	445·2	...	...	...	...	188·4	171·2	114·7	82·4		..
Central—														
Bellary	77·2	66·2	444·5	380·9	67·4	67·4	.	..		...	...		...	...
Cuddapah	..	...	427·8	400·5	.	...	..	...		...	70·8	82 4	..	...
Karnul	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	116·6	116·6	74·1	71·9	...	...
East Coast, central—														
Nellore	...	...	366·6	400	...	...	15·7	15·7		...				...
East Coast, south—														
Madras	74·1	77·1	493·8	493·8	51·7	54·3	12·5	12·8	131·7	131·7	75·7	104·5	.	...
Tanjore	...	...	466·6	466·6	...	..	...	...	...	...	.		.	...
Trichinopoly	...	...	641·9	641 9	...	...	17·6	18 2	113 1	123·4			...	...
Southern—														
Madura	84·2	84·2	540·5	473	...	...	...	...	106·8	106·8			.	...
Mysore—														
Mysore	72	76	471·41	445·68	68·54	68·54			197·13*	197·13*	120	120	4·43	3·65
Bangalore	72	68	514·27	411·41	60	60	.	.	248·12*	248·12*	171·41	171·41	5·88	5·68

* Includes octroi duty amounting to Rs. 103 per 10 maunds

(a) Not reported yet

(The figures state prices in rupees per ten maunds)

Straw		Jawar stalks		Bhusa		Bran		Sheep, per score		Plough bullocks, per pair		Kerosene oil, per tin		Districts
1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	1912	1911	
														Rajputana— *Eastern—*
...	6·15	...	7·29	...	...	...	28·38	...	100	...	85	...	2·31	Ajmer
														Punjab— *Southern—*
...	...	...	...	7·97	7·97	...	...	90	90	150	150	2·37	2·31	Ferozpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	10·78	7·97	22·19	18·59	...	160	160	160	2·37	2·44	Lahore
														South-eastern—
...	...	18·12	10	11·41	10	25·94	21·61	80	80	150	150	2·16	1·66	Delhi
														Submontane—
...	...	...	...	9·37	6·67	22·5	15·1	100	120	...	...	2·5	2·47	Amritsar
														Northern—
...	...	...	10	12·5	11·41	21·87	18·18	90	90	100	100	2·19	2·31	Ráwalpindi
														Western—
...	...	...	...	8·75	5	27·5	25	100	100	140	140	2·41	2·44	Lyallpur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·48	2·87	Multan
														N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	6·77	6·77	...	13·49	60 to 100	60 to 100	60 to 200	60 to 200	2·69	2·66	Peshâwar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·50	2·66	Dera Ismael Khan
														Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	170	...	...	2	...	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	11·25	8·75	18·75	15	...	...	...	...	2·28	2·06	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	8·75	10·62	28·75	19·37	100 to 200	100 to 200	...	...	2·37	2·34	Quetta
														Bombay— *Deccan and Karnátak—*
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Dharwar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·02	1·84	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·08	1·66	Poona
														Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	...	...	35·73	28·59	...	...	...	...	1·97	1·97	Ahmadnagar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·17	1·97	Dhulia
														Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Surat
...	...	...	...	...	...	22·5	17·5	...	...	...	...	2·25	2·03	Ahmadabad
														Central Provinces— *Western—*
...	...	16	13·37	...	...	...	...	50	50	100	90	1·87	1·75	Nagpur
														Central—
...	...	...	...	7	5	32·5	25	60	60	70	70	1·75	1·75	Jubbulpore
														Eastern—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·12	1·87	Raipur
														Berar—
...	...	28	9	...	...	...	...	85	77	58	59	1·87	1·87	Akola
...	...	12·25	7	...	2	33·25	40	60	55	75	100	2·12	2·12	Amráoti
														Madras— *South, central—*
		4	3·2	12	12	115·2*	109·5*	...	...	60	50	2·19	2	Coimbatore
7·8	7·8	...	...	...	...	...	...	80†	80†	...	...	2·11	2	Salem
														Central—
...	...	6·8	6·8	...	...	...	...	100†	80†	140	140	2·25	2·25	Bellary
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2·25	2·5	Karnul
														East Coast, central—
3·6	3·6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1·69	1·48	Nellore
														East Coast, south—
...	...	...	...	14·2	14·2	38·3	26·4	98·75†	98·75†	...	...	1·79	1·79	Madras
...	...	...	...	...	...	13·6	12·3	130†	130†	...	...	1·66	1·72	Tanjore
...	...	...	...	18·1	15·4	44·2	35·3	...	...	...	...	2·35	2	Trichinopoly
														Southern—
12·9	6·4	...	...	12·5	12·5	16·9	16·9	...	...	40	40	2	2	Madura
														Mysore—
3·65	2·92	5·88	3·65	...	...	36·72	36·72	80	80	100	100	2·5	2·09	Mysore
5·88	5·88	...	...	...	...	33·8	33·8	160	160	120 to 150	120 to 150	2	1·87	Bangalore

* Superior quality † Sheep or goats

FREDERICK NOËL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, June 14, 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912 [*The figures*

DISTRICTS	WHEAT		BARLEY		RICE				JAWAR OR CHOLUM (*Andropogon sorghum*)		BAJRA OR CUMBU (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Burma—												
Tenasserim—												
Mergui			...		...	...	7 12	7 12	...	...	...	...
Tavoy			...		7 15	7 15	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Moulmein and Amherst	6 13	6 13			8 9	8 9	9 2	9 2	...	...	...	...
Pegu (deltaic)—												
Pegu	...		...	.	8 9	8 9	8 12	8 12	..	...	...	...
Rangoon	9 3	10 5		...	8 1	8 9	8 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maubin			.		7 5	6 10	8 2	7 12	...	...	...	...
Bassein				.	7 11	8 13	7 12	8 12	...	...	...	...
Pegu (inland)—												
Tharawadi		..	..	...	6 14	7 4	8 9	9 3	...	...	...	...
Henzada	6 15	6 15	...		6 4	6 4	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Prome	.	...	..	...	7 4	7 10	8 5	8 12	...	...	...	...
Toungoo	...	...	..	...	8 5	8 1	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Thayetmyo		...	...	.	5 6	5 6	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Upper Burma—												
Mandalay	8 14	8 9	...		7 4	7 7	7 12	8 3	...	14 14	...	...
Bhamo	..	..	...	..	7 5	7 5	8 5	7 12	...	...	...	...
Pakôkku	...	..	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	17 14	17 14	...	...
Meiktila	...	..	...	.	6 12	6 14	7 13	7 15	17 8	17 6	...	...
Arakan—												
Sandoway	3 4	3 4	...		7 4	7 4	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
Kyaukpyu	5 —	5	..	..	6 —	6 —	7 -	6 8	...	...	...	...
Akyab	..	.	...		7 —	7 —	8 -	8 —	...	...	...	...
Assam—												
Surma—												
Sylhet	..	...		..	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Cachar	8 —	8 —		..	8 —	8 8	11 8	12 3	...	...	...	...
Hill tracts—												
Khási and Jáintia Hills	6 —	6 —	..	...	3 4	3 4	8 —	8 —	...	.	...	...
Garo Hills	..	...	...	...	3 8	3 8	9 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Manipur	12 -	10 —	..	...	20 —	20 —	22 -	22 —	...	...	...	...
Nágá Hills	..	...	.	...	8 —	8 —	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	..
Lushai Hills	...	...	...	...	4 —	4 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Brahmaputra—												
Goálpára	16 —	17 —	...	..	4 8	4 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Kámrúp	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Darrang	6 —	6 —	..	...	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Nowgong	...	...	.	...	7 —	7 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	
Sibságar	...	...		...	4 8	4 8	11 —	12 —	...	...	...	...
Lakhimpur	7 —	7 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Bengal—												
Eastern—												
Chittagong	...		...	...	...	...	10 —	10 8	...	...	...	...
Noakhali	...	.	...	...	...	..	8 12	9 —	...	...	...	...
Backerganj	...	..	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Maimensingh	9 —	9 —	18 12	8 8	...	...	9 12	10 7	...	...	...	...
Tippera	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 4	8 12	10 —	...	...	...	...
Dacca	10 8	10 8	18 —	18 —	...	...	8 14	8 14	...	...	...	...
Deltaic—												
Khulna	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 12	13 —	...	...	...	...
24-Parganas	..	...	..	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Howrah	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 6	9 6	...	..	...	...
Calcutta	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	7 8	7 14	...	11 —	...	11 —
Hooghly	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 3	9 4	...	..	...	...
Nadia (Krishnagarh)	11 4	11 13	13 —	13 5	...	...	9 —	8 14	...	...	...	...
Jessore	8 —	8 —	11 8	11 8	...	..	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Faridpur	13 —	13 —	16 —	26 —	...	...	10 12	10 8	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas and chittaks) sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dal		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Burma—
												Tenasserim—
...	...	...	.		...	...	.		...	14 —	14 —	Mergui
...	...	.	...	6 13	6 13	...	..	.	...	17 12	17 12	Tavoy
...	...	..	...	9 5	9 5	...	..	7 9	7 9	14 4	14 4	Moulmein and Amherst
												Pegu (deltaic)—
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	6 8	6 8	16 2	16 2	Pegu
...	..	..	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	6 15	6 15	14 -	14 —	Rangoon
...	...	..	..	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	7 12	7 12	17 8	17 8	Maubin
...	...	...	...	8 10	9 8	...	...	.	..	14 —	14 —	Bassein
												Pegu (inland)—
...	...	...	...	12 2	9 8	.	...	8 10	7 13	14 —	14 —	Tharrawadi
...	...	..	..	9 8	9 8		...	7 4	7 4	17 2	17 2	Henzada
...	...	...	..	9 11	10 8	...	...	8 3	8 3	14 4	14 4	Prome
...	...	...	..	9 7	9 7		..	...	...	14 3	14 3	Toungoo
...	...	...	...	7 12	7 12	13 15	13 15	7 9	7 9	14 3	14 3	Thayetmyo
												Upper Burma—
...	...	...	...	10 11	11 10	18 5	18 5	8 4	7 12	16 —	16 —	Mandalay
...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	5 9	5 9	11 6	11 6	Bhamo
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	..		...	17 12	17 12	Pakôkku
...	..	...		12 5	12 3	18 11	18 10	8 11	8 10	16 —	16 1	Meiktila
												Arakan—
...	..	...	-	4 —	4 —	..	.	4 —	4 —	21 4	21 4	Sandoway
...	...	..	..		..	...	.	5	5 —	18 —	18 —	Kyaukpyu
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	12 —	12 —	Akyab
												Assam—
												Surma—
..	...	.	..	10 —	10 —		.	9 7	9 —	17 -	17 —	Sylhet
..	...		.	9 —	9 —		-	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Cachar
												Hill tracts—
..	...	...	...	7 10	7 10	...	...	5 5	5 11	9 7	10 —	Khási and Jáintia Hills
..	...	..	..	6 —	6 -			6 —	6 -	10 —	10 —	Gáro Hills
...	...	..	...	5 —	5 —	16 —	14 —	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	Manipur
.	...	...	...	5 4	5 8	.	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Nágá Hills
..	...	...	...	6 —	6 -	.	...	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	Lushai Hills
												Brahmaputra—
..	...	..	...	12 —	11 -	...	..	8 —	9 —	18 —	16 —	Goálpára
..	...	...		12 8	12 —	.	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Kámrúp
	...	...	..	8 —	8 —	.	...	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darrang
..	...	..	...	7 8	7 -	.	...	8 —	8 —	16 -	16 —	Nowgong
..	...	..	.	10 -	10 .	.	..	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Sibságar
	...	...		10 —	10 —	...		8 —	8 —	16 —	15 —	Lakhimpur
												Bengal—
												Eastern—
...	...	.	..	12 4	11 8	..	...	8 4	8 —	22 —	20 —	Chittagong
...	...	...	..	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...	14 —	15 —	Noakhali
...	...	...	..	8 8	9 —	...	...	..	...	16 -	16 —	Backerganj
..	...	..	...	10 14	11 6	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Maimensingh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Tippera
...	...	...	.	11 12	11 12	...	...	8 8	10 —	17 —	17 —	Dacca
												Deltaic—
.	...	.	..	8 —	8 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Khulna
..	...	...	..	12 8	13 8	...	...	10 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	24-Parganas
..	..	...	..	12 12	13 —	...	...	9 6	10 —	20 —	20 —	Howrah
..	...	8 —	9 —	13 —	12 —	10 —	10 —	9 8	9 8	18 —	18 —	Calcutta
..	..	..	..	12 —	12 5	...	...	9 5	9 6	20 —	20 —	Hooghly
...	..	...	..	13 —	15 3	...	...	8 —	8 14	20 —	20 —	Nadia (Krishnagarh)
.	...	..	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	Jessore
	...	...	...	14 —	11 6	...	...	8 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Faridpur

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat: Half-month of report	Wheat: Previous half-month	Barley: Half-month of report	Barley: Previous half-month	Rice, Best sort: Half-month of report	Rice, Best sort: Previous half-month	Rice, Common: Half month of report	Rice, Common: Previous half-month	Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*): Half month of report	Jawar or cholum: Previous half-month	Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*): Half-month of report	Bajra or cumbu: Previous half-month
Bengal—*continued*												
Western—												
Bankura	10 8	11 —	..	...	...	...	10 8	11 4	...	...	...	...
Bardwan	...	...	...	...	...	...	9 —	9 8	..	...	...	...
Birbhum	10 —	10 —	..	...	...	...	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Midnapur	10 —	8 —	..	...	...	...	10 5	10 10½	...	...	..	..
Murshidabad	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Pabna	...	...	...	...	5 8	5 8	10 8	10 12	...	...	...	..
Rajshahi	11 4	13 8	16 8	18 —	6 —	6 —	10 14	11 4	...	..	...	..
Malda	12 —	12 8	20 —	...	9 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	...	...	...	..
Bogra	9 6	9 12	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 6	...	...	...	..
Jalpaiguri	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	13 —	13 8	...	...	...	..
Dinajpur	10 12	10 12	...	...	...	...	12 —	11 11	...	...	...	...
Rangpur	9 8	9 8	..	...	7 —	7 8	10 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Hills—												
Darjeeling	8 —	8 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	.
Bihar and Orissa—												
Bihar, north—												
Purnea	13 8	13 8	.	...	...	...	11 —	11 8	..	...	...	..
Bhágalpur	12 —	12 —	15 2	16 6	..	...	11 6	11 14	...	...	...	
Darbhanga	12 8	12 2	19 —	19 12	...	...	10 8	11 —	...	..	..	
Muzaffarpur	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	9 —	10 —	..	...	...	.
Sáran	11 4 to 12 —	11 — to 12 —	16 8	16 —	.	...	10 8	10 8	..	...	...	...
Champáran	15 —	15 —	17 —	17 8	..	..	11 —	11 —	...	..	...	..
Bihar, south—												
Santhal Parganas	10 —	10 —	14 —	14 —	...	...	11 11	12 —	...	...	...	...
Monghyr	15 —	14 12	21 —	20 12	..	...	12 12	12 8	.	...	..	
Gaya	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	...	...	13 5	12 —	18 —	18 —	...	13 —
Patna	13 —	13 8	19 —	20 —	...	...	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	...	...
Shahabad	12 —	12 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—
Chota Nagpur—												
Singbhum	11 —	12 —	...	..	.	...	9 —	9 —	...	...		
Mánbhum	10 8	10 —	13 5	13 —	...	...	11 —	10 —	...	...	16 —	16 —
Ránchi	10 8	10 8	16 —	18 —	...	..	10 4	10 —	...	...	...	...
Palámau	13 8	13 8	20 4	20 4	...	...	11 4	11 4	...	...	...	..
Hazáribágh	11 —	11 —	15 —	16 —	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Orissa—												
Puri	10 8	11 13	...	...	...	..	9 3	10 8	...	...	..	..
Cuttack	11 2	11 2	...	...	..	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	...	..
Balasore	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	..	11 8	11 8	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 8	...	...	..	...
United Provinces—												
(*a*) AGRA—												
Eastern—												
Mirzapur	11 —	11 —	14 8	15 4	5 —	5 —	9 —	8 8	...	...	15 8	...
Benares	10 13½	11 2	15 3	15 3	6 —	6 —	7 13	8 1½	...	...	...	...
Ghazipur	11 6	11 12	15 11	16 —	6 1	6 4	9 15	10 2	...	...	15 11	15 11
Jaunpur	12 1	11 11	15 5	15 11	5 6	5 1	8 1	8 —	...	...	...	...
Allahabad	10 —	10 —	15 8	15 8	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	15 8	17 —	14 8	15 8
Central—												
Bánda	14 8	13 13	17 8	17 8	4 —	4 —	7 12	8 —	...	...	...	...
Fatehpur	12 —	12 4	16 8	16 4	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	..	...
Hamirpur	11 12	11 12	18 —	16 8	6 3⅓	6 3	8 4	8 4	18 —	19 4	...	...
Jalaun	14 12	14 8	15 —	18 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	17 —	...	13 —
Cawnpore	12 8	12 —	15 —	14 12	...	...	8 12	8 12	17 8	18 —	14 —	14 12
Jhansi	12 —	12 —	16 12	16 15	5 8	5 8	7 4	7 4	16 3	16 12	...	...
Etáwah	12 12	12 4	15 4	14 12	3 —	3 —	8 8	8 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8
Farukhabad	12 10	11 9½	15 5	15 9	3 9	3 9	8 2	8 2	...	17 8	14 —	14 1½
Mainpuri	13 12	13 4	17 8	17 4	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	14 —	14 —	12 8	12 8
Etah	14 —	13 8	18 —	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	12 —
Western—												
Meerut	12 12	12 4	16 —	15 —	3 —	3 8	7 —	7 4	...	...	...	...
Agra	11 8	14 —	14 12	14 12	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	15 —	16 —	12 —	13 —
Muttra	11 13	11 8	15 11	15 8	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Aligarh	13 8	13 —	15 8	16 —	3 8	3 8	5 —	5 —	15 —	15 —	13 8	14 —
Bulandshahr	13 8	12 8	17 —	16 —	3 —	3 —	5 — to 8 —	5 — to 8 —	13 —	14 —	12 —	12 —
Submontane, east—												
Ballia	12 4	11 11	15 10	15 10	6 8	6 8	10 6	10 6	...	...	...	13 5
Azamgarh	11 12	11 12	16 8	16 8	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	...	...	...	...
Gorakhpur	13 1	13 1	15 13	16 8	8 9	9 —	10 13	10 14	14 7	18 15	11 11	16 8
Basti	13 4	13 —	16 8	17 8	6 8	6 8	11 —	11 4	...	...	...	...

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee]

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine corocana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half month of report	Previous half-month	
												Bengal—*continued*
												Western—
...	...	...	..	13 —	14 —	...	...	11 —	11 8	18 8	19 —	Bankura
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	12 -	12 —	19 —	19 —	Bardwan
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	..	...	9 —	9 —	18 —	18 —	Birbhum
...	...	..	.	11 —	11 8	...	...	9 8	10 —	20 —	20 —	Midnapur
...	...	..	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Murshidabad
												Northern—
...	...	...	...	13 8	14 —	.	..	9 —	9 —	20 —	20 —	Pabna
...	...	...	...	13 8	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	15 12	15 12	Rajshahi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	17 —	Malda
...	...	...	..	12 —	12 —	...	...	9 6	9 3	19 8	19 8	Bogra
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Jalpaiguri
...	...	...	...	13 3	13 3	...	...	8 6	8 6	16 —	16 —	Dinajpur
...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	13 —	13 —	17 —	17 —	Rangpur
												Hills—
10 —	10 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	6 8	6 8	13 —	13 —	Darjeeling
												Bihar and Orissa—
												Bihar, north—
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	7 —	8 —	16 8	17 —	Purnea
...	...	...	...	16 6	16 4	16 6	16 6	10 2	10 2	18 8	18 8	Bhágalpur
22 —	22 —	...	..	17 9	17 10	19 12	18 11	9 14	9 13	17 9	18 11	Darbhanga
...	...	..	...	16 —	16 —	20 —	21 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	19 —	Muzaffarpur
...	...	16 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	19 —	19 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	Sáran
25 —	25 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	26 —	25 —	12 —	12 —	18 —	18 —	Champáran
												Bihar, south—
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Santhal Parganas
...	...	...	...	18 14	18 12	17 8	18 —	12 2	12 4	18 12	18 8	Monghyr
...	...	14 —	14 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	11 8	11 —	16 —	16 —	Gaya
...	...	19 —	19 8	19 —	18 —	22 —	22 —	12 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	Patna
...	...	..	...	12 —	12 —	19 —	18 —	10 —	10 —	18 8	18 8	Shahabad
												Chota Nagpur—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	16 —	16 —	Singbhum
...	...	...	...	13 4	12 —	16 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	16 —	18	Manbhum
26 —	26 —	...	...	12 4	12 4	19 —	20 —	8 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Ránchi
...	...	...	...	18 9	18 —	...	...	18 9	19 2	18 —	18 —	Palámau
24 —	25 —	...	...	14 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	9 12	10 —	16 —	16 —	Hazáribágh
												Orissa—
...	...	...	...	11 2	11 13	...	..	9 3	9 8	25 8	25 —	Puri
...	...	...	...	13 2	11 13	...	..	11 13	11 13	22 —	22	Cuttack
...	...	...	...	11 8 and 12 —	11 8 and 12 —	...	...	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Balasore
...	...	...	..	12 8	13 —	...	..	11 8	11 8	16 —	16 —	Sambalpur
												United Provinces—
												(a) Agra—
												Eastern—
...	...	16 —	16 —	14 —	16 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Mirzapur
...	...	15 11½	15 11½	15 7	15 11½	...	...	10 13½	10 13½	18 —	18 —	Benares
...	...	...	...	16 7	16 13	...	...	10 14	10 14	16 —	17 —	Ghazipur
...	9 6	...	17 13	16 9	16 6	...	...	13 4	12 14	16 —	16 —	Jaunpur
...	...	...	...	17 —	18 —	...	...	14 —	13 8	20 —	20 —	Allahabad
												Central—
...	...	...	...	19 10	19 10	...	...	13 8	14 8	18 4	18 4	Bánda
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 12	...	...	15 —	15 —	18 —	18 —	Fatehpur
...	...	...	...	21 9½	22 4	...	...	12 8	12 8	18 —	18 —	Hamirpur
...	...	...	..	20 8	20 8	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	Jalaun
...	...	11 —	11 —	18 —	18 —	18 8	18 8	13 12	14 —	22 —	22 —	Cawnpore
...	...	...	...	17 12	18 10	19 15	20 —	9 8	9 12	19 —	19 8	Jhansi
...	...	...	...	17 4	17 4	14 8	14 8	14 8	14 8	20 8	20 8	Etáwah
...	...	...	...	16 10½	16 3	...	19 15	11 2	10 14½	19 8	19 8	Farukhabad
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	13 —	14 —	20 —	20 —	Mainpuri
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 8	...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Etah
												Western—
...	...	...	...	17 8	17 12	...	...	12 —	12 —	23 —	23 —	Meerut
...	...	...	...	16 8	17 —	...	...	12 8	13 —	22 —	22 —	Agra
...	..	...	...	18 11	19 8	...	...	14 5	14 8	21 —	21	Muttra
..	..	6 8	6 8	17 —	17 8	17 —	18 —	12 8	12 —	22 —	22 —	Aligarh
...	.	...	...	16 4	17 4	14 —	15 —	13 —	13 —	20 8	20 8	Bulandshahr
												Submontane, east—
...	...	...	...	16 14	16 4	...	...	10 6	10 6	16 14	16 14	Ballia
...	...	...	...	16 8	16 8	...	...	10 8	10 8	17 —	17 —	Azamgarh
...	...	15 6	15 5	20 5	21 3	18 15	18 15	14 7	13 13	18 6	18 6	Gorakhpur
...	...	...	...	18 —	17 8	...	...	12 4	11 8	19 —	19 —	Basti

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912—*continued* [*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice				Jawar or Cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or Cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
					Best sort		Common					
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
United Provinces—*continued*												
(a) AGRA—*continued*												
Submontane, west—												
Shahjahánpur	14 —	13 8	16 12	16 8	6 4	6 4	9	9 —	...	...	16 —	16 —
Budaun	13 10	12 10	15 12	15 12	4 —	4 —	7 12	7 12	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 8
Pilibit	13 4	12 6	16 4	15 8	5 3	5 3	8 —	8 10	...	...	...	...
Bareli	12 12	11 7	15 12	14 10	3 3	3 3	7 6	7 6	16 12	16 12	.	...
Moradabad	13 2	12 13	15 10	15 6	3 14	3 14	8 2	7 10	...	16 14	...	...
Bijnor	13 12	13 12	18 8	18 8	3 8	3 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	...	...
Muzaffarnagar	13 3	11 13	15 15	14 14	6 10	6 10	7 11	7 11	16 8	16 8	13 12	13 12
Sahéranpur	12 9	12 —	15 8	14 14	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	12 9	12 12	13 12	13 12
Dehra-Dun	11 4	10 —	15 8	13 8	3 —	3 —	7 8	7 8	12 8	14 —	13 —	13 —
Hills—												
Naini Tal	9 —	9 —	11 —	11 —	3 —	3 —	6 8	7 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Almora	10 4	9 8	15 —	12 —	3 8	3 8	6 12	6 12	...	..	...	...
Garhwál	11 —	11 —	16 —	16 —	3 —	3 —	5 —	5 —	...		...	...
(b) OUDH—												
Southern—												
Partábgarh	12 8	12 8	16 8	16 8	5 —	5 —	8 —	8 —	..	...		...
Sultanpur	12 8	12 8	17 4	17 —	5 —	5 —	9 8	9 8	..	...	...	...
Rae-Bareli	12 10	12 2	16 —	16 —	6 —	6 —	7 12	7 4	16 —	16 —	10 —	10
Unao	12 10	12 8	16 12	16 —	5 8	5 —	7 8	7 -	..	...	...	...
Lucknow	12 12	12 12	16 —	17 8	4 —	4 —	8 4	8 4	18 —	17 —	16 —	...
Hardoi	13 12	13 12	17 —	16 8	3 8	3 8	7 —	7 —	20	20 -	16 -	17 —
Northern—												
Fyzabad	12 2	12 —	16 8	16 8	...		8 8	8 8	.	...	...	..
Barabanki	13 —	12 8	17 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	8 —	8	16 —	16 —	14 —	14 —
Gonda	12 8	12 8	18 8	19 —	7 4	7 4	8 8	8 12	21 —	21 —	19 —	19 —
Bahraich	14 4	13 12	17 8	17 —	5 8	5 4	9 —	9 —	...	25 —	19 —	19 —
Sitapur	13 8	13 —	16 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	17 —	18 —	15 —	16 —
Kheri	13 8	13 4	17 —	16 —	4 —	4 —	7 —	8 8	21 -	20 -	17 —	17 8
Rajputana—												
Eastern—												
Partábgarh	13 8	13 —	18 —	18 4	2 14	3 —	6 8	7 8	17	17 —	...	.
Bánswara	12 —	12 —	12 8	13 —	4 -	4 -	7 8	7 8	...	.	..	...
Mewar (Udaipur)	9 3	10 12	11 7	12 9	6 15	6 11	7 5	7 —	11 15	13 5	10 6	9 14
Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)	9 —	9 2	9 12	11 12	7 8	7 8½	8 —	7 15½	...	...	...	
Ajmer*	...	9 12	...	12 —	...	5 8	...	7 —	..	12 12	...	11 8
Kishangarh	9 8	9 —	11 —	11 —	4 —	4 —	6	6 —	12 -	12 —	10 —	10 —
Bundi	16 4	16 4	22 8	23 12	2 4	2 13	6 4	6 4	21 4	21 4	12 8	12 8
Kotah	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 -	5 —	5 —	6 —	6 —	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —
Jhalawar	12 2	12 7	18 —	17 9	5 12	5 12	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —
Tonk	12 8	12 15	16 3½	16 4	4 5	4 5	5 6¼	5 6	17 4	17 4	...	...
Jaipur	11 —	11 9	13 10	14 2	5 2	5 2	5 10	5 10	12 14	14 6	12 14	13 5
Karauli	11 6	11 14	15 —	15 10	5 —	5 —	6 4	6 4	...	..	12 8	12 8
Dholpur	12 7½	12 4½	20 4¾	17 11¼	5 8	5 8	5 12	5 12	17 4¼	18 —	12 12¼	13 6
Bharatpur	11 12	11 10	14 14	14 14	4 14	4 11	5 8	5 8	14 10	...	10 —	11 10
Alwar*	..	11 14		14 9	...	5 12	..	7 12	..	14 4	...	14 —
Deoli	11 10	11 15	14 6	14 5	6 —	6 —	7	7 —	15 8	15 8	15 4	15 4
Nasirabad	9 12	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	13 8	14 8	11 8	12 —
Shahpura	10 1	10 9	12 13	13 6	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	14 7	15 —	10 6	10 8
Western—												
Bikaner	9 4	8 —	12 —	13 —	5 —	4 8	6 8	6 8	11 —	11 —	8 —	8 —
Jaisalmer	6 4	6 13	...	...	4 9	4 11	5 11	5 13	8 —	8 8	7 6	7 11
Jodhpur	9 — and 9 6	9 — and 9 4	11 9	12 —	5 3	5 3	6 8	6 8	12 8	12 8	10 6 and 10 8	10 6 and 10 12
Bálmer	8 10	8 10	...	...	4 8	4 8	8 9	8 9	10 10	10 10	10 5	10 5
Erinpura	9 9	9 9	14 —	14 —	...	...	5 —	5 —	12 -	12 —	10 —	10 —
Sirohi	8 4 and 9 —	9 — and 9 8	12 8	13	4 —	4 —	5 —	5 —	12 —	12 —	9 8	10 8
Anádra	9 4	9 8	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 —	7 —	...	...	10 —	10 —
Abu	8 5	9 2	11 4	12 12	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	.	...	9 11	10 —
Central India—												
Indore	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 —	5 —	7 -	7 —	18 —	18 —	12 —	12 —
Nimach	10 4	10 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 -	7 —	15 —	15 —	11 —	11 —
Gwalior	11 8	11 8	...	...	5 — and 5 8	5 4	6 — and 6 8	6 4	...	...	...	...
Punjab—												
Southern—												
Hissar	11 4	10 4	15 —	14 8	...	...	8 —	7 —	9 —	9 8	11 —	11 8
Ferozpur	12 8	11 4	14 —	14 —	...	...	7 8	7 —	...	...	...	...
Central—												
Lahore	...	10 4	16 —	16 —	...	...	7 —	6 12	10 —	9 —	10 8	10 —
Gujranwala	12 8	11 8	15 —	16 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	9 8	...	...	...
Gujrat	13 —	11 —	16 8	16 8	...	...	7 —	7 8	...	...	...	...
Jhelam	12 —	10 12	15 12	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	13 8	13 —

*Not reported yet

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee

Marua or ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, chenna, chola, kadalay, or sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dal		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												United Provinces—*continued*
												(a) Agra—*continued*
												Submontane, west—
...	..	16 —	...	20 —	20 —	...	..	16 —	14 —	19 —	19 —	Shahjahánpur
...	...	5	5 —	17 8	16 12	18 —	18 —	12 8	12 4	20 —	20 —	Budaun
...	...	...	...	19 8	19 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	20 —	20 —	Pilibit
...	...	...	...	17 2	17 4	...	...	13 —	11 4	20 2	20 2	Bareli
...	...	...	...	16 2	16 2	...	18 —	14 2	12 10	19 12	19 12	Moradabad
...	...	...	...	17 4	18 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	19 8	18 8	Bijnor
..	...	...	..	16 9	18 —	16 8	16 8	8 13	8 12	20 14	20 14	Muzaffarnagar
13 13	13 13	12 12	12 12	18 —	18 —	17 —	17 —	10 10	10 10	21 4	21 4	Sahâranpur
16 —	16 —	...	..	15 —	15 4	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Dehra-Dun
												Hills—
...	...	.	...	12 —	12 —	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	Naini Tál
12 —	12 —	..	...	11 8	11 8	...	...	9 —	9 —	13 —	13 —	Almora
16 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	Garhwál
												(b) Oudh—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 —	..	...	13 —	12 8	20 —	20 —	Partábgarh
...	...	...	...	18 12	18 8	...	...	11 8	11 —	21 —	21 8	Sultanpur
10 —	16 —	18 —	10 —	17 8	16 8	16 —	16 —	13 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	Rae-Bareli
...	...	...	...	17 12	18 —	...	..	12 12	12 —	20 —	20 —	Unao
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	...	20 —	14 —	13 —	18 —	18 —	Lucknow
20 —	22 —	16 —	16 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	20 —	14 —	14 —	19 —	20 —	Hardoi
												Northern—
..	..	12 8	14 8	19 10	19 12	20 8	21 —	10 8	10 8	18 8	18 8	Fyzabad
...	...	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 8	17 —	17 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	19 —	Barabanki
12 —	12 —	9 8	9 8	19 —	18 8	20 —	20 —	11 8	11 8	18 —	18 —	Gonda
...		...	...	22 8	22 8	24 —	24 —	12 8	12 —	17 8	18 8	Bahraich
16 —	16 —	11 —	15 —	20 8	21 —	17 8	18 —	12 8	12 8	20 —	20 —	Sitapur
24 —	24 —	10 —	11 —	22 —	21 —	21 —	22 —	12 —	12 —	19 —	20 —	Kheri
												Rajputana—
												Eastern—
...	...	..	...	15 12	15 8	16 4	16 4	10 —	10 —	15 8	16 8	Partábgarh
...	...			15 —	16 —	12 —	12 4	8 —	8 —	15 —	15 —	Bánswara
...	.	6 15	6 11	12 3	13 10	11 7	12 9	8 13	9 14	17 10	18 11	Mewar (Udaipur)
12 —	12 —	...	...	9 12	11 —	9 —	10 2¾	...	...	13 4	15 11½	Hilly Tracts of Mewar (Dungarpur)
...	...	...	6 8	...	14 4	...	11 12	..	10 4	...	24 —	Ajmer
...	.	...	...	12 —	12 —	12 —	11 —	...	...	21 —	20 —	Kishangarh
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 10	22 8	21 4	...	...	20 —	20 —	Bundi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 4	17 —	17 —	8 8	8 8	21 —	21 —	Kotah
...	...	...	...	14 8	15 2	18 —	18 —	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Jhalawar
...	...	...	...	16 3	17 4	...	...	...	...	20 8	20 8	Tonk
...	...	6 12	6 12	13 6 and 14 15	12 10 and 15 7	13 14	13 10	15 7	16 7	23 10	23 10	Jaipur
...	...	...	...	16 4	16 12	...	...	..	10 —	20 10	20 10	Karauli
...	...	6 4	6 4	20 4½	20 12	...	...	13 6	14 8½	22 —	22 —	Dholpur
...	...	9 12	9 12	17 8	15 8	15 8	16 8	11 12	11 12	22 8	22 8	Bharatpur
...	...	...	13 —	...	18 7	...	14 4	...	19 3	...	21 12	Alwar
...	...	...	...	13 14	14 8	15 8	15 8	10 —	10 —	21 12	21 12	Deoli
...	..	...	...	14 —	14 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	24 8	24 8	Nasirabad
...	...	...	...	13 3	13 4	13 8	13 8	...	...	21 9	22 8	Shahpura
												Western—
...	...	...	...	13 8	14 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	22 8	22 8	Bikaner
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jaisalmer
...	...	...	...	13 —	14 —	...	...	8 12	9 —	16 8	16 8	Jodhpur
...	...	...	...	11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Bálmer
...	..	...	...	12 14	12 14	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Erinpura
...	...	14 —	14 —	11 8	12 —	12 —	12 —	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Sirohi
...	...	...	...	11 8	12 8	11 4	11 8	...	...	20 —	20 —	Anádra
...	...	...	...	11 9	12 —	11 10	11 10	8 8	8 8	20 —	20 —	Abu
												Central India—
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 8	16 —	16 —	12 —	12 —	17 —	17 —	Indore
...	...	...	...	14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	22 —	22 —	Nimach
...	...	8 —	8 —	17 —	18 —	...	...	12 — and 15 —	15 —	20 —	20 —	Gwalior
												Punjab—
												Southern—
...	...	...	...	17 8	16 8	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Hissar
...	.	...	...	17 2	16 —	...	...	...	...	23 —	22 —	Ferozpur
												Central—
...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	13 —	13 —	10 8	9 8	25 —	25 —	Lahore
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 —	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Gujranwala
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	...	...	26 —	28 —	Gujrat
...	..	...	...	15 12	16 —	17 8	15 —	9 —	9 —	28 —	28 —	Jhelam

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912—*continued* (*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice — Best sort		Rice — Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Punjab—*continued*												
South-eastern—												
Gurgáon	...	...	15 8	15 —	...	...	5 8	6 —	...	...	12 —	13 —
Delhi	11 —	10 8	14 —	14 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	..	...	11 —	11 8
Rohtak	12 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	11 —	15 —	11 —	13 —
Karnál	13 4	12 8	16 8	15 8	...	...	7 —	7 —	15 —	16 —	...	..
Submontane—												
Ambala	12 12	12 12	15 12	14 4	...	...	8 —	8 4	17 8	18 8	13 12	13 12
Ludhiána	12 8	12 8	15 8	15 8	...	..	7 8	7 8	12 —	12 12	11 8	12 —
Jalandhar	13 —	12 —	15 8	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	11 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Hoshiárpur	13 6	13 8	17 —	17 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	10 —	11 —	10 —	11 —
Gurdáspur	14 —	13 —	20 —	20 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	13 —	13 —	...	...
Amritsar	13 4	11 12	16 —	15 —	...	..	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	10 8	11 —
Siálkot	13 —	12 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	12 —
Hills—												
Simla	10 8	10 —	17 8	17 —	...		7 —	7 —	10 —	14 —	9 —	10 —
Kángra	11 8	11 12	18 —	17 8	...	..	8 4	8 8	...	...	...	...
Northern—												
Rawalpindi	11 8	10 12	15 12	15 12	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 8	10 8	12 —	12 —
Attock	11 8	11 8	17 —	17 —	.	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Western—												
Shahpur	13 —	12 —	...	...	...	...	6 —	6 —	8 8	...	...	...
Jhang	13 —	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...
Lyallpur	12 —	11 12	14 —	..	...		7 8	7 8	10 4	11 —	...	...
Multan	12 —	11 8	14 8	14 4	...	...	8 8	8 12	10 8	9 12	10 4	10 8
Montgomery	11 14	11 4	14 —	13 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	10 —	10 —	11 —	11 —
Muzaffargarh	11 8	11 8	15 —	15 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	10 8	...	...	...
Dera Ghazi Khan*	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
N.-W. Frontier Province—												
Hazára	9 8	9 8	15 4	13 6	3 3	3 3	8 1	8 1	...	...	11 —	11 —
Peshawar	10 —	10 —	18 —	18 —	5 3	5 3	6 13	7 13	11 —	11 —	11 —	11 —
Kohát	12 12	11 —	17 14	16 5	4 —	4 —	9 —	9 —	12 12	12 12	11 8	11 8
Bannu	15 8	14 10	19 8	23 —	3 7	3 12	8 7	9 6	12 3	11 4	12 13	11 14
Dera Ismael Khan	11 9	10 9	14 8	15 —	3 7	3 7	6 —	6 4	12 —	10 10	12 —	12 —
Tochi	11 —	10 —	16 —	14 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Kurram	13 —	13 —	16 —	16 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	...	..	...	...
Malakand	11 —	11 —	15 —	15 —	4 —	4 —	6 —	5 8	13 —	12 —	...	...
Wano	9 2	9 3	11 13	12 14	2 5	3 1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sind and Baluchistan—												
Karáchi	8 8	8 8	..	...	6 8	6 8	7 8	7 8	10 —	9 8	9 —	9 —
Hyderabad	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	10 —	10 —	10 —	10 —
Thar and Parkár (Umarkot)	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	10 —	10 —	...	...	9 —	9 —
Shikárpur	9 8	10 —	...	...	6 8	6 8	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	9 8	10 —
Upper Sind Frontier	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 —	9 —	9 —	10 4	10 —
Quetta	9 5 to 9 11½	9 5 to 9 13	13 1	13 1	3 —	3 —	7 4	7 4	10 3	10 3	9 7	10 —
Bombay—												
Konkan—												
Karwar	6 13	6 13	...	..	6 —	6 —	7 6	7 6	9 10	9 10	9 12	9 12
Ratnagiri	7 7	7 9	...	...	7 4	7 4	8 3	8 3	10 6	10 6	10 10	10 10
Alibág	7 6	7 6	...	...	6 7	6 7	7 10	7 10	...	...	9 8	9 8
Bombay	6 13	7 —	...	...	5 2	5 7	7 8	7 13	10 7	10 7	10 10	10 10
Thanna	8 2	8 2	...	...	6 14	6 14	7 5	7 5	10 3	10 3	9 —	10 13
Deccan and Karnátak—												
Dharwar	9 6	9 6	...	...	6 6	6 6	6 14	6 14	11 14	11 14	10 10	10 10
Belgaum	7 8	7 10	...	...	6 14	7 —	7 7	7 8	11 9	11 7	10 10	11 2
Satara	6 —	6 —	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 7	6 7	9 14	9 14	10 11	10 11
Sholapur	8 7	8 7	...	...	6 7	6 7	8 —	8 —	13 14	13 14	11 2	11 9
Bijapur	7 14	7 14	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 —	7 —	11 13	12 4	11 5	11 5
Poona	6 14	6 14	...	.	5 12	5 12	7 —	7 —	10 3	10 13	8 6	8 6
Khandesh and N.-E. Deccan—												
Ahmadnagar	9 9	9 9	...	...	5 14	5 14	6 10	6 10	12 6	12 6	9 13	9 13
Násik	9 3	9 14	...	...	6 —	6 —	7 7	7 7	...	...	9 8	9 14
Dhulia	8 14	9 13	...	...	5 11	5 14	5 15	6 15	11 13	12 5	9 6	11 2
Jalgaon	9 14	9 14	...		5 10	5 10	6 7	6 7	10 10	10 10	9 15	9 15
Gujarat—												
Surat	8 13	8 13	...	...	5 9	5 9	7 14	7 14	10 3	10 3	9 11	9 11
Broach	8 8	8 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 8	7 8	11 —	11 —	10 —	10 —
Kaira	7 8	7 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	7 —	7 —	11 8	11 8	9 8	9 8
Baroda	8 —	8 —	...	...	5 8	5 8	6 —	6 —	10 —	10 —	9 —	9 —
Ahmadabad	9 —	9 8	...	...	5 8	5 8	8 —	8 —	12 —	12 —	10 —	10 —
Godhra	9 —	9 —	...	...	6 —	6 8	7 8	7 8	...	...	10 —	10 —
Disa	8 8	8 12	...	...	5 4	5 4	5 8	5 8	9 8	10 —	9 4	9 4
Kathiawar—												
Rajkot	8 —	9 —	...	...	4 2	4 8	5 —	5 —	10 —	10 8	8 10	9 8
Central Provinces—												
Western—												
Nimar	9 7	9 1	...	...	4 6	4 6	7 9	7 9	13 3	13 3	...	...
Hoshangabad	12 11	12 11	...	...	4 12	4 12	7 1	7 1	...	...	..	...
Betul	14 6	13 7	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 13	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	13 6	13 6	...	...	6 2	6 11	10 8	10 8	19 —	19 —	..	...
Nagpur	11 8	11 8	...	...	6 8	6 8	10 7	10 7	14 13	12 11	..	...
Wardha	10 —	10 —	...	...	5 2	5 2	8 15	9 9	13 13	14 15	...	...

* Not reported

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

Marua or Ragi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunaga (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Punjab—*continued*
												South-eastern—
...	...	...	...	19 —	19 —	...	13 —	12 —	12 —	20 —	20 —	Gurgáon
...	...	...	...	17 —	17 8	17 8	17 8	11 —	11 —	22 —	22 —	Delhi
...	...	...	...	18 8	18 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Rohtak
...	...	...	...	18 2	19 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	21 —	21 —	Karnál
												Submontane—
16 12	16 12	13 12	13 12	15 12	16 8	15 12	15 12	11 8	12 —	27 —	27 —	Ambala
...	...	10 8	10 8	16 8	17 8	18 8	18 —	...	...	26 —	26 —	Ludhiána
...	...	7 —	7 —	16 8	16 8	19 —	19 8	...	...	25 —	25 —	Jalandhar
...	...	...	...	14 8	14 —	18 —	18 —	...	...	23 —	23 —	Hoshiárpur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —	...	...	24 —	24 —	Gurdáspur
...	...	8 —	8 —	14 8	16 —	15 —	15 8	10 —	10 —	27 —	27 —	Amritsar
...	...	...	...	16 —	17 —	15 —	17 —	...	...	27 —	27 —	Siálkot
												Hills—
...	...	...	...	13 —	12 12	17 8	17 8	9 8	8 8	17 8	17 8	Simla
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 8	...	18 8	8 —	8 —	17 —	17 —	Kángra
												Northern—
...	...	18 —	13 —	15 —	16 —	15 —	15 —	9 —	9 —	26 —	26 —	Ráwalpindi
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	16 —	15 —	8 8	8 —	26 —	26 —	Attock
												Western—
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 8	...	...	...	...	23 —	23 —	Sháhpur
18 —	17 —	15 —	15 —	15 8	15 4	13 —	13 —	...	...	21 —	21 —	Jhang
...	...	...	...	15 —	16 —	15 —	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Lyallpur
...	...	12 —	...	15 —	14 8	15 —	14 8	...	...	24 —	24 —	Multan
...	...	...	...	14 —	15 12	13 —	13 —	8 —	8 —	22 —	22 —	Montgomery
...	...	...	...	14 10	14 10	11 —	...	...	...	21 —	21 —	Muzaffargarh
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	Dera Ghazi Khan
												N.-W. Frontier Province—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 14	12 8	12 13	...	...	20 —	20 —	Hazára
...	...	...	6 13	14 —	16 —	13 —	12 —	11 —	10 —	25 —	25 —	Peshawar
...	...	...	...	15 8	15 8	12 12	12 12	...	...	25 8	25 8	Kohát
...	...	...	...	18 —	19 1	16 8	15 8	...	...	31 14	31 14	Bannu
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 12	...	15 —	9 —	...	27 —	27 —	Dera Ismael Khan
...	...	...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Tochi
...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	20 —	20 —	Kurram
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	6 —	6 —	18	18 —	Malakand
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		Wano
												Sind and Baluchistan—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	.	...	8 —	9 —	29 —	29 —	Karáchi
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	23 —	24 —	Hyderabad
...	...	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	6 —	6 —	26 —	26 —	Thar and Párkar (Umarkot)
...	...	...	...	12 —	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	22 —	22 —	Shikárpur
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 4	...	...	9 —	9 —	16 —	16 —	Upper Sind Frontier
...	...	...	...	11 5½	11 7	11 1	10 11	6 2	6 —	16 —	16 —	Quetta
												Bombay—
												Konkan—
12 8	13 8	...	...	9 8	10 7	...	...	8 1	8 9	20 10	20 10	Karwar
11 3	10 9	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	8 2	8 2	23 6	23 6	Ratnagiri
...	...	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	8 5	8 5	23 12	23 12	Alibág
7 5	7 5	...	...	10 10	10 10	...	...	8 5	8 10	18 14	18 14	Bombay
10 5	11 14	...	...	11 2	11 2	...	...	8 8	8 8	23 2	23 2	Thana
												Deccan and Karnatak—
...	...	...	...	9 2	10 15	...	...	8 3	9 2	18 —	18 —	Dharwar
14 10	14 3	...	...	10 6	10 8	...	...	8 5	8 8	20 15	20 10	Belgaum
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 14	8 14	20 2	19 —	Satara
...	...	...	...	13 2	13 2	...	...	9 15	10 6	18 —	18 —	Sholapur
...	...	...	...	10 14	10 14		...	9 10	9 10	19 10	19 10	Bijapur
...	...	...	...	12 2	12 2	...	...	9 3	9 3	19 11	18 12	Poona
												Khandesh and N.-K. Deccan—
...	...	...	...	12 —	12 11	...	...	9 13	10 8	17 3	17 3	Ahmadnagar
13 1	13 1	...	...	11 5	11 5	...	...	8 2	8 2	22 5	24 5	Násik
...	...	...	...	12 10	12 10	...	...	8 8	9 10	18 11	18 8	Dhulia
...	...	...	...	13 8	13 8	...	...	10 15	10 15	16 8	16 8	Jalgaon
												Gujarat—
...	...	...	...	9 11	9 11	...	...	8 13	8 13	26 13	26 13	Surat
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	24 9	24 9	Broach
11 8	11 8	...	...	11 —	11 —	...	...	9 8	9 8	26 8	26 8	Kaira
11 8	11 8	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	21 —	21 —	Baroda
...	...	...	...	12 8	13 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	26 8	26 8	Ahmadabad
...	...	...	...	12 8	12 8	...	...	8 8	8 8	25 —	25 —	Godhra
...	...	...	...	12 —	11 4	...	...	7 —	7 —	25 —	25 —	Disa
												Kathiawar—
...	...	...	...	11 8	11 8	...		6 2	7 —	80 —	80 —	Rajkot
												Central Provinces—
												Western—
...	...	...	...	12 9	12 —	...		8 8	9 11	17 5	20 7	Nimar
...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	...		11 15	11 15	16 —	16 —	Hoshangabad
...	...		...	15 2	15 2	...		10 8	10 8	15 7	15 7	Betul
...	...		...	...	15 3	...	...	9 12	9 12	16 —	16 —	Chhindwara
...	...			13 10	13 1	...	...	11 3	11 —	16 —	16 —	Nagpur
...	...			10 15	10 15		...	13 1	13 1	17 —	17 —	Wardha

RETAIL PRICES FOR THE FIRST HALF OF MAY 1912—*concluded* (*The figures*

Districts	Wheat		Barley		Rice: Best sort		Rice: Common		Jawar or cholum (*Andropogon sorghum*)		Bajra or cumbu (*Pennisetum typhoideum*)	
	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month
Central Provinces— *continued*												
Central—												
Narsinghpur	11 4	11 4	...	...	5 1	5 1	9 —	9 —	...	...	...	...
Saugor	12 2	12 —	..	...	6 —	6 —	8 —	8 —	18 5	17 1	...	...
Damoh	13 14	12 8	...	...	7 12	7 12	8 8	8 8	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	11 —	11 —	..	.	6 —	6 —	11 —	11 —	...	...	...	...
Mandla	12 13	12 13	..	...	7 2	7 2	10 4	10 4	..	...	...	...
Seoni	1. —	12 —	..	.	7 2	7 2	11 5	11 5	..	..	...	..
Bálághát	10 3	10 3	..	...	5 7	5 7	10 7	10 7	...	...	...	...
Bhandára	11 4	11 4	...	.	...		9 4	9 4	...	...	...	...
Chánda	10 —	10 —			8 —	8 ..	8 15	8 15	16 —	16 —	...	...
Eastern—												
Biláspur	12 13	14 4	...	...	...	9 2	12 13	12 13	...	...	..	..
Raipur	12 4	12 4	...	...	7 8	7 8	11 4	11 4	..	...	...	...
Drug	13 13	13 12	...	.	10 —	11 3	10 4	11 11	...	..	...	...
Berar—												
Buldana	10 —	10 11		...	5	5 —	7 14	7 14	16 —	17 5	...	...
Akola	8 15	8 15	.	...	7 13	7 13	9 —	9 —	15 —	15 —	...	...
Amráoti	10 8	10 8	...		6 8	6 8	8 11	8 11	15 —	16 —	...	...
Yeotmal	9 11	9 11	.	...	4 6	4 6	8 1	8 1	18 5	18 5	...	...
Nizam's Territories—												
Secunderabad	7 7	7 7	10 11	10 14	3 15	3 8	6 8	6 11	12 9	12 11	10 11	10 14
Madras—												
Malabar Coast—												
Malabar	...	...	..	.		...	8 2	8 2	.	.	...	...
S. Canara	..	...	...	..	..	...	8 1	8 1	...	...	...	...
South, central—												
Coimbatore		...	..	.	.	...	6 10	6 10	9 13	9 7	8 4	10 4
Nilgiris	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Salem	...	...	...	...	...	...	6 3	6 3	10 9	10 3	8 9	8 4
Central—												
Bellary		.	...	...	.	...	7 —	7 —	13 4	13 4	...	...
Anantapur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 2	7 2	14 1	14 1	...	...
Cuddapah	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 10	7 14	13 8	13 12	13 —	12 9
Karnul	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	14 6	14 6	..	...
East Coast, north—												
Ganjam	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 11	...	...	...	...
Vizagapatam	...	..	...	...	..	...	6 7	6 7		.	11 3	11 3
Godávari	.	..	...	...	...	...	8 2	8 2	14 4	14 4	..	...
East Coast, central—												
Kistna	...	..	...	...	...	...	8 8	8 8	14 1	14 1	...	...
Guntur	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 11	7 7	12 9	12 9	11 8	11 8
Nellore	...	...	...	...	...	...	11 —	9 14	13 8	12 8	...	...
East Coast, south—												
Madras	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chingleput	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 5	7 5	...	...	...	...
N. Arcot	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 7	7 7	...	...	...	...
S. Arcot	...	...	...	...	..	...	7 9	7 12	...	...	11 5	11 6
Tanjore	...	...	...	...	...	..	6 13	7 7	...	...	12 5	12 5
Trichinopoly	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 3	7 3	16 3	15 11	11 10	...
Southern—												
Tinnevelly	.	...	...	...	...	...	8 11	8 11	...	...	12 5	12 5
Madura	...	...	...	...	...	...	7 —	7 —	10 3	10 3	9 4	9 4
Mysore—												
Mysore	7 —	7 —	6 —	6 —	5 4	6 —	6 8	7 —	13 —	14 —	...	...
Bangalore	7 4	7 8	6 12	7 —	5 8	5 12	6 4	6 8	...	...	...	...
Kolar	...	...	7 —	7 —	4 8	4 8	6 —	6 —	...	...	...	...
Tumkur	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 8	6 4	6 4	7 —	7 —	...	...	...	...
Hassan	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 —	7 —	8 —	8 —	...	...	...	...
Kadur	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	6 8	6 8	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	...	...
Shimoga	6 8	6 8	...	...	5 4	5 —	7 —	7 —	15 —	16 —	...	...
Chitaldrug	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 —	7 8	7 8	16 —	16 —	17 —	17 —
Coorg—												
Coorg	6 —	6 —	6 —	6 —	7 —	7 8	8 8	9 —	...	..	...	...
Aden	7 —	6 13	...	...	5 5	5 9	7 —	6 11	9 5	10 —	8 10	9 5

state the number of seers (of 80 tolas) and chittacks sold for one rupee)

Marua or Kagi (*Eleusine coracana*)		Kangni or Kakun, Italian Millet (*Setaria italica*)		Gram, Chenna, Chola, Kadalay, or Sunagal (*Cicer arietinum*)		Maize (*Zea Mays*)		Arhar Dál		Salt		Districts
Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	Half-month of report	Previous half-month	
												Central Provinces—*continued*
												Central—
...	...	...	...	18 —	18 —	...	...	12 7	12 7	16 —	13 —	Narsinghpur
...	...	...	...	17 1	17 1	...	...	11 2	11 2	18 5	18 5	Saugor
...	...	...	...	18 8	17 14	...	...	8 —	8 —	16 —	16 —	Damoh
...	...	...	...	15 8	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	16 —	16 —	Jubbulpore
...	...	...	...	18 4	18 4	...	...	10 —	10 —	15 —	15 —	Mandla
...	...	...	...	14 12	14 12	...	...	9 2	9 10	14 4	14 4	Seoni
...	...	...	...	11 14	11 14	...	...	10 2	10 7	16 14	14 10	Bálághát
...	...	...	...	12 8	13 12	...	...	10 —	10 —	18 7	18 7	Bhandára
...	...	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	11 7	11 7	20 —	20 —	Chánda
												Eastern—
...	...	...	...	16 —	14 4	...	...	12 13	14 4	12 13	12 13	Biláspur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 8	12 8	16 —	16 —	Raipur
...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	...	...	12 —	12 —	15 2	15 2	Drug
												Berar—
...	...	...	...	14 15	14 15	...	...	11 1	11 1	16 —	16 —	Buldána
...	...	...	...	9 8	9 8	...	...	10 11	10 11	15 —	15 —	Ako[illegible]
...	...	...	...	13 —	13 —	...	...	12 10	12 10	18 —	18 —	Amráoti
...	...	...	...	10 11	10 11	...	...	12 2	12 2	18 5	18 5	Yeotmal
												Nizam's Territories—
13 —	14 —	...	...	10 9	11 —	...	...	15 2	14 1	14 —	14 —	Secunderabad
												Madras—
												Malabar Coast—
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 14	19 2	Malabar
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 6	22 3	S. Canara
												South, central—
12 9	12 9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 9	17 9	Coimbatore
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16 —	16 —	Nilgiris
12 4	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 —	15 2	Salem
												Central—
14 9	15 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17 7	17 7	Bellary
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19 3	19 3	Anantapur
16 10	15 15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	21 2	Cuddapah
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15 1	15 1	Karnul
												East Coast, north—
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	24 —	24 —	Ganjam
13 2	13 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 —	20 —	Vizagapatam
11 10	11 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24 —	24 —	Godávari
												East Coast, central—
13 12	13 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27 —	27 —	Kistna
11 13	11 13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25 8	25 8	Guntur
14 14	14 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Nellore
												East Coast, south—
13 —	13 —	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28 5	27 13	Madras
10 —	10 10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 —	26 —	Chingleput
13 8	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 2	23 2	N. Arcot
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20 15	23 6	S. Arcot
13 5	13 5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 7	23 7	Tanjore
14 7	13 11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21 15	21 15	Trichinopoly
												Southern—
14 1	14 1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26 3	26 3	Tinnevelly
11 2	11 2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23 13	23 13	Madura
												Mysore—
13 —	14 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	7 8	8 —	16 —	16 —	Mysore
13 —	14 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	16 8	16 8	Bangalore
12 8	12 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	7 8	7 8	18 —	18 —	Kolar
14 —	14 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	...	...	8 —	8 —	18 —	18 —	Tumkur
18 —	22 —	...	...	8 4	8 8	...	...	7 —	8 —	16 —	18 —	Hassan
15 8	16 —	...	...	8 —	8 8	...	...	7 8	7 8	17 —	17 —	Kadur
16 —	17 —	...	...	8 12	9 —	...	...	7 —	7 —	16 —	16 —	Shimoga
17 —	17 —	...	...	9 —	9 —	...	...	10 —	10 —	12 —	12 —	Chitaldrug
												Coorg—
15 —	16 —	...	...	15 —	15 —	...	...	7 12	8 —	18 8	19 —	Coorg
...	...	...	...	9 5	10 5	...	...	9 5	9 3	32 —	32 —	Aden

FREDERICK NOEL-PATON,
Director-General of Commercial Intelligence

R. E. ENTHOVEN,
Secretary to the Government of India

Calcutta, June 14, 1912



The Gazette of India.

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☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

CONTENTS.

	PAGES.
PART I.—Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, Leave of Absence, General Orders, Rules and Regulations	645—704
PART II.—Notifications by Comptroller General, Department of Commerce and Industry, Paper Currency Department, Bank of Bengal, Agent to the Governor General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan, Agent to the Governor General, North-West Frontier Province, Administrator General of Bengal, High Court, Survey of India Department, Indian Museum, State Railways, Calcutta University, Post Office, Telegraph Department, Official Advertisements	929—975
PART III.—Advertisements and notices by Private Individuals and Corporations .	47
SUPPLEMENT NO. 24—	
Statement of Wholesale and Retail Prices and certain staple articles of food-grains for the first-half of May 1912	1175—1193
Statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India during the week ending the 8th June 1912	1195—1202
Rainfall Summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs, Thursday, the 13th June 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period .	1203—1204
Memorandum on the Meteorological Conditions prevailing before the advance of the Southwest Monsoon of 1912 .	1205—1207
Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, the 8th June 1912 .	1208—1209
Statement of Approximate Gross Earnings of Indian Railways .	1210—1211

PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th June, 1912.

No. 30.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Major-General Sir M. H. S. Grover, K.C.I.E., C.B., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 31.—In exercise of the power conferred by Section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Colonel Benjamin Holloway, being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Major-General Sir M. H. S. Grover, K.C.I.E., C.B., resigned.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

KAISAR-I-HIND MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 597.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to announce that His Majesty the King-Emperor of India has been graciously pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the First Class for Public Service in India to—

1. M. R. Ry. T. MADHAVAN NAIR AVERGAL, M.D., Private Medical Practitioner and a Commissioner of the Municipal Corporation of Madras.
2. MISS CATHARINE FRANCES LING, a member of the Church of England Zenana Mission, Madras Presidency.
3. REVEREND MOTHER MARY OF ST. PAULA, Lady Superior of the College of the Sacred Heart and of the Convent of the Good Shepherd at Bangalore.
4. EDWARD GEORGE HICKIE, ESQUIRE, Secretary, Calcutta Trades Association.
5. ABDUS SAMAD KHAN, Chief Secretary of the Government of His Highness the Nawab of Rampur.
6. PERCY BROOKE BRAMLEY, ESQUIRE, Deputy Inspector-General of Police in the United Provinces.
7. HIS HIGHNESS RAJA MALHAR RAO BABA SAHIB PUAR, of Dewas State, Junior Branch, Central India.
8. HARRY WILLIAM MACLEAN IVES, ESQUIRE, A.M.I.C.E., Public Works Department, Executive Engineer, Irrigation Branch, Upper Chenab Canal, Punjab.
9. SITARAM NARAYAN PANDIT, ESQUIRE, BAR-AT-LAW, of Rajkot, Kathiawar.

No. 598.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to award the Kaisar-i-Hind Medal of the Second Class for Public Service in India to—

1. REVEREND FATHER PERROY, Superintendent of the Roman Catholic Mission Schools at Thonze, Burma.
2. MAUNG KYAW, 2nd Grade Advocate, Mongwa Town, Lower Chindwin District, Burma.
3. BABU PARBATI CHARAN SARKAR, Zamindar of Jaigunj, Dinajpur District, Bengal.

4. BABU BARODA SUNDAR PAL, Manager of the Estate of the Hon'ble Nawab Sayed Hussain Haidar Chaudhari in the Tippera District, Bengal.

5. MRS. LILIAN DOROTHEA STEWART, wife of the Manager of the Gadi Silk Factory, Muzaffarpur District, Bihar and Orissa.

6. MISS ALICE RAIKES, Missionary, Hooghly, Bengal.

7. MISS JOSEPHINE ANNIE EVANS, Church of England Zenana Mission, Barnagore, Bengal.

8. THOMAS LEONARD GODFREY, ESQUIRE, Sanitary Inspector, Hyderabad Residency Bazar, Local Fund.

9. WILLIAM FRASER, ESQUIRE, Merchant and Municipal Councillor, Coimbatore, Madras Presidency.

10. RAO SAHIB DAJI RAMCHANDRA, Subordinate Medical Service, Sub-Assistant Surgeon (retired), Nagpur.

11. MRS. FLORENCE PRIDEAUX TAYLOR, wife of Mr. Alfred Taylor of the Friends' Foreign Mission Association, Sehore, Central India.

12. BABU BHAJAN LAL, Head Clerk, Locomotive Superintendent's Office, Rajputana-Malwa Railway, and Municipal Commissioner, Ajmer, Rajputana.

13. MISS ANNA BOLSTER, Lady Superintendent, Queen Alexandra's Military Nursing Service for India, Secunderabad.

14. KHAN ABDUL MAJID KHAN, Pathan, of Jullundar, Inspector of Co-operative Credit Societies.

15. ROBERT HENRY LOCKE, ESQUIRE, Superintendent, Government Imperial Gardens, Delhi, Punjab.

16. TOM SALKIELD, ESQUIRE, Municipal Engineer, Delhi, Punjab.

17. MRS. LOUISE LAWRENCE, wife of H. S. Lawrence, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Collector of Karachi.

18. SISTER FANNIE CECILIA, of the Community of St. Mary the Virgin, Wantage, Sister in charge, Sassoon Hospital, Poona.

19. GANESH KRISHNA CHITALE, ESQUIRE, Pleader and President of the Ahmednagar Municipality.

20. DHONDO KESHAV KARVE, ESQUIRE, Professor at the Fergusson College, Poona.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India,

Home Department.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

JUDICIAL.

Simla, the 12th June, 1912.

No. 1115.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Stephen, a Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 24th June 1912, and in continuation furlough up to the 5th September 1912, inclusive.

MEDICAL.

The 11th June, 1912.

No. 534.—Captain H. H. Broome, M.B., I.M.S., Professor of Anatomy, Medical College, Lahore, is, with effect from the 1st October 1912, granted furlough for six months, with study leave for six months in continuation.

The 14th June 1912.

No. 545.—In the Home Department notification No. 436, dated the 17th May 1912, regarding the grant of leave to Lieutenant-Colonel C. Duer, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., *for* "2nd May 1912" *read* "1st May 1912".

No. 546.—In the Home Department notification No. 438, dated the 17th May 1912, announcing that Major H. A. Smith, M.B., I.M.S., held temporary charge of the current duties of the Civil Surgeon, Simla (West), *for* "2nd May 1912" *read* "1st May 1912".

POLICE.

The 10th June, 1912.

No. 912.—The services of Captain J. E. Cruickshank, 2nd Battalion, 2nd Gurkha Rifles, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment in the Burma Military Police.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 14th June 1912.

No. 259.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be substituted for Rule 9 in Part I of the Ecclesiastical Rules published with the Home Department Notification No. 465 dated the 6th November 1909:—

Rule 9.—Where there is a resident chaplain, he is responsible for the arrangements for digging a grave and for the preparation of a coffin. Should he find or anticipate difficulty in making private arrangements for digging a grave and preparing a coffin, he should apply, in military stations, to the senior military officer, and in civil stations, to the chief local magistrate, to make the necessary arrangements; and these officers are authorised to direct any local Public Works officer to do all that is necessary. The local Public Works officer will usually be the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer in military stations and the civil executive engineer in civil stations; but the senior military officer in a military station and the chief local magistrate in a civil station may, in cases of emergency, direct the civil executive engineer or the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer, respectively, to make the necessary arrangements. The resident chaplain is in all such cases responsible that timely notice is given to the Government officers who may be called upon to arrange for digging a grave and preparing a coffin.

The senior military officer in a military station and the chief local magistrate in a civil station may, should the resident chaplain report that private arrangements for digging graves and preparing coffins are not feasible, issue a general order on the Assistant Commanding Royal Engineer and the civil executive

engineer, respectively, to dig graves and prepare coffins upon the requisition of the resident chaplain. The expenditure incurred by the executive engineer will be held in his miscellaneous advance account till repaid by the officer under whose special or general order it was incurred.

During the absence of the resident chaplain from the station, the senior military officer in a military station and the chief local magistrate in a civil station shall be responsible for the arrangements for digging graves and preparing coffins.

NOTE.—The expenses incurred in connection with a burial of paupers who die within cantonment limits will be defrayed from cantonment funds under the authority of section 29 (1) (*l*) of the Cantonment Code. In the case of paupers who die out of cantonment limits, the expenses will be defrayed by the magistrate of the district.

SANITARY.

The 8th June, 1912.

No. 1057.—The services of Captain J. S. O'Neill, M.B., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for employment on plague duty.

The 14th June, 1912.

No. 1093.—The Services of Captain C. L. Dunn, I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for employment in the Sanitary Department.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 8th June, 1912.

No. 1289-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 1058-G., dated the 13th May, 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. W. L. Wanklyn as Consul-General for Sweden at Calcutta, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 1292-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr W. C. A. Danger as Acting Consul for Germany at Moulmein, during the absence of Mr. E. J. Foucar.

No. 1296-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 643-G., dated the 12th March, 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Sir Hugh Stein Fraser, Kt., as Consul for Norway at Madras, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 1299-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 1061-G., dated the 13th May, 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. Edwin Theodore Hicks as Consul for Sweden at Rangoon, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 1302-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Dr. Albert Saunier as Acting Consul for Germany at Bombay, during the absence of Herr F. Heyer.

No. 1310-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 742-G., dated the 26th March, 1912, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Cavaliere Leopoldo Zunini as Consul-General for Italy at Aden, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

The 12th June, 1912.

No. 1819-*Est.-A.*—Captain H. W. Pierpoint, Indian Medical Service, an Officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Kurram, with effect from 8th May, 1912.

No. 1825-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted privilege leave for 90 days, combined with leave on private affairs for 5 months and 2 days, with effect from the 17th June 1912, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of it, under Article 220, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, and India Army Order No. 64 of 1904:—

Major W. W. Bickford, 106th Hazara Pioneers, Commandant, Zhob Levy Corps.

No. 1826-*Est.-B.*—Captain A. E. S. Scott, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse), 2nd-in-Command, Zhob Levy Corps, is appointed to officiate as Commandant of that Corps in addition to his own duties during the absence on leave of Major W. W. Bickford, 106th Hazara Pioneers, or until further orders.

The 13th June, 1912.

No. 1344-*G.*—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. William Archbald as Vice-Consul for Spain at Rangoon.

No. 1348-*G*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Herr F. J. Reinecke as Acting Consul for Germany at Bassein during the absence of Herr F. Feez.

No. 1352-*G.*—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. Willem Bernard Engelbrecht as Acting Consul for the Netherlands at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. F. Stork.

No. 1838-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Kemball, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for one year seven months and twenty-six days, with effect from the 31st May, 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1839-*Est-A.*—Mr. W. E. Jardine, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is posted as Resident at Gwalior, with effect from the 31st May, 1912.

No 1842-*Est.-A.*—*Corrigendum.*—In Foreign Department Notification No. 1417-Est.-A., dated the 8th May, 1912, granting special leave to Mr. W. Fanshawe, *for* "four months in continuation of the College vacation of two months" *read* "three months and twenty three days in continuation of the College vacation of two months and seven days".

No. 1845-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel F. G. Beville, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is placed on special duty under the orders of the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, with effect from the 2nd June, 1912.

No. 1846-*Est.-A.*—Major B. E. M. Gurdon, C.I.E., D.S.O., of the Political Department, on return from leave, is posted as Political Agent in Bhopawar, with effect from the 2nd June, 1912.

The 14th June, 1912.

No 1849-*Est.-A.*—Major F. C. Webb-Ware, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months, with effect from the 24th May 1912, under Articles 233 and 308 (*b*) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 1850-*Est-A.*—Major W. G. Grey of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Chagai, with effect from the 24th May 1912.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE BATH.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 1259-I.B—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to give orders for the following promotion in and appointments to the Most Honourable Order of the Bath :—

To be an ordinary member of the Military Division of the 2nd Class, or Knight Commander of the said Most Honourable Order.

Major-General ROBERT BELLEW ADAMS, V.C., C.B.

To be ordinary members of the Military Division of the 3rd Class, or Companions of the said Most Honourable Order.

Brigadier-General LIONEL HERBERT, C.V.O., Indian Army, Commanding Rangoon Brigade.

Colonel COLQUHOUN GRANT ROCHE THACKWELL, D.S.O., Indian Army.

Colonel FRANCIS PATRICK HUTCHINSON, Indian Army.

Brigadier-General WILLIAM HUGH DOBBIE, Indian Army, Commanding Mandalay Brigade.

Brigadier-General RALEIGH GILBERT EGERTON, Indian Army, Commanding Ferozepur Brigade.

Brigadier-General HERBERT VAUGHAN COX, C.S.I., Indian Army, Commanding Rawalpindi Infantry Brigade.

Colonel ARNOLD HENRY GRANT KEMBALL, Indian Army.

Colonel ROBERT MAXIMILIAN RAINEY-ROBINSON, Indian Army.

Colonel ROBERT NEIL CAMPBELL, C.I.E., M.B., I.M.S., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Assam.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 82-S.I.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointments to the said Order:

To be Knights Commanders.

The Honourable Mr. JOHN NATHANIEL ATKINSON, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George.

WILLIAM THOMSON MORISON, Esquire, C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, retired, lately an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay.

To be Companions.

ABBAS ALI BAIG, Esquire, a Member of the Council of India.

OSWALD CAMPBELL LEES, Esquire, M.I.C.E., retired, lately Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of Burma, Public Works Department.

PAUL GREGORY MELITUS, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, lately a Member of the Board of Revenue, Eastern Bengal and Assam.

Lieutenant-Colonel ALBERT EDWARD WOODS, Indian Army, Deputy Commissioner, Naga Hills.

WILLIAM EXALL TEMPEST BENNETT, Esquire, M.I.C.E., Chief Engineer and Secretary to the Government of the Punjab, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch.

Honorary Major SAHIBZADA OBAIDULLAH KHAN, Commandant, Bhopal Imperial Service Troops.

The Honourable Mr. WILLIAM OGILVIE HORNE, Indian Civil Service, 3rd Member of the Board of Revenue and Commissioner of Land Revenue and Forests, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations

The Honourable Mr. PAZHAMARNERI SUNDARAM AIYAR SIVASWAMI AIYAR, C.I.E., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor of Fort St. George.

WILLIAM HARRISON MORELAND, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, lately Director of Land Records and Agriculture, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh, on special duty.

EDWARD ALBERT GAIT, Esquire, C.I.E., Indian Civil Service, Census Commissioner for India.

Diwan Bahadur CHAUBE RAGHUNATH DAS, Diwan of the Kotah State, Rajputana.

Colonel LESTOCK HAMILTON REID, Judge Advocate-General in India.

The Honourable Surgeon-General HENRY WICKHAM STEVENSON, Indian Medical Service, Surgeon-General with the Government of Bombay, and an Additional Member of the Council of the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India.

ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 11th June, 1912.

No. 100-I.E.—His Excellency the Grand Master of the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire is pleased to announce that His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been graciously pleased to make the following promotions in and appointments to the said Order:

To be Knights Commanders.

JOHN TWIGG, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, retired, lately a Member of the Board of Revenue, and Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue, Madras.

GEORGE ABRAHAM GRIERSON, Esquire, C.I.E., PH.D., D.LITT., Indian Civil Service, retired.

MARC AUREL STEIN, Esquire, C.I.E., PH.D., D.LITT., D.SC., Archæological Department, Superintendent, North-West Frontier Circle.

Major-General FRANCIS HENRY RUTHERFORD DRUMMOND, C.B., C.I.E., Indian Army (retired), lately Inspector-General of Imperial Service Troops.

His Highness Rai-i-Rayan Maharawal Sri BIJAYA SINGH Bahadur, of Dungarpur, Rajputana.

The Honourable Nawab BAHRAM KHAN, C.I.E., Head of the Mazari Tribe in the Dera Ghazi Khan District and an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of the Panjab for making Laws and Regulations.

HENRY ALEXANDER KIRK, Esquire, C.I.E., Director-in-Chief, Indo-European Telegraph.

To be Companions.

PIERCE LANGRISHE MOORE, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, President of the Municipal Corporation of Madras.

ALFRED CHATTERTON, Esquire, B.SC., A.C.G.I., A.M.I.C.E., M.I.M.E., Indian Educational Service, Superintendent of Industrial Education, Madras.

Major ARTHUR ABERCROMBY DUFF, 3rd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders, lately Military Secretary to the Governor of Madras.

Major JOHN LAWRENCE WILLIAM ffRENCH-MULLEN, Indian Army, Commandant, Myitkyina Military Police Battalion, Burma.

BERNARD COVENTRY, Esquire, Imperial Agricultural Service, Director of Agricultural Research Institute, Officiating Inspector-General of Agriculture.

ALBERT JOHN HARRISON, Esquire, of the Mekhlanadi Saw Mills Company, Ltd., Lakhimpur, Assam.

RICHARD HAMILTON CAMPBELL, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

Rao Bahadur BANGALORE PERUMAL ANNASWAMI MUDALIAR, a Member of the Municipal Committee of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore.

SIDNEY KILNER LEVETT YEATS, Esquire, Accountant-General, Posts and Telegraphs.

FREDERICK GEORGE WIGLEY, Esquire, Bar-at-Law, Assistant Secretary, Legislative Department, Government of Bengal.

PRAFULLA CHANDRA RAY, Esquire, D.Sc., Educational Service, Professor, Presidency College, Calcutta.

Colonel FRANCIS RAYMOND, F.R.C.V.S., Principal, Veterinary College, Belgachia, Bengal.

Colonel MICHAEL JOSEPH TIGHE, C.B., D.S.O., Commandant, 56th Panjabi Rifles (Frontier Force).

Lieutenant-Colonel WILLIAM BERNARD JAMES, M.V.O., 2nd Lancers, lately on duty with the Coronation Durbar Committee.

Major SYDNEY D'AGUILAR CROOKSHANK, M.V.O., Royal Engineers, Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, United Provinces, on special duty.

EDWARD DENISON ROSS, Esquire, PH.D., In charge of the Records of the Government of India, and *ex-officio* Assistant Secretary, Education Department, Government of India.

JOHN HUGH COX, Esquire, Indian Civil Service, Commissioner of Excise in Central India.

Khan Bahadur MUHAMMAD ISRAR HASAN KHAN, Provincial Civil Service, Judicial Minister, Bhopal State, Central India.

Major REGINALD O'BRYAN TAYLOR, 19th Lancers, lately Commandant of the Imperial Cadet Corps.

DAVID WANN AIKMAN, Esquire, Public Works Department, Sanitary Engineer, Panjab.

Rai Bahadur Pandit HARI KISHAN KAUL, Panjab Commission, Deputy Commissioner and Superintendent of Census Operations.

Lieutenant-Colonel FREDERICK WILLIAM WODEHOUSE, Bombay Political Department, Resident at Kolhapur, and Political Agent, Southern Mahratta Country.

Colonel RICHARD HENRY EWART, D.S.O., Indian Army, lately Director of Farms.

Colonel MAITLAND COWPER, Indian Army, lately General Staff Officer, Burma Division.

THOMAS WALKER ARNOLD, Esquire, Educational Adviser to Indian Students, India Office.

Lieutenant-Colonel CHARLES HENRY JAMES, I.M.S., Officiating Joint Civil Surgeon of Simla, lately Medical Adviser, Patiala State.

By Order of the Grand Master,

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Most Eminent Order of the Indian Empire.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 1260-I.B.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to confer the honour of Knighthood on—

The Honourable Mr. Justice JOHN EDWARD POWER WALLIS, M.A., Bar-at-Law, a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort St. George, Madras.

JAGMOHANDAS VARJIVANDAS, Esquire, J.P., Merchant and Banker, Bombay.

The Honourable Mr. Justice CHETTUR SANKARAN NAIR, C.I.E., B.A., B.L., a Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Fort St. George, Madras.

CAMPBELL KIRKMAN FINLAY, Esquire, Manager in Rangoon of the Burma Oil Company, and lately an Additional Member of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Burma for making Laws and Regulations.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

IMPERIAL SERVICE ORDER.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 1261-I.B.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to make the following appointments:—

To be Companions of the Imperial Service Order.

(*a*) Office of the Secretary of State for India.

THOMAS CHARLES FENTON, Esquire, Barrister-at-Law, Staff Clerk, in charge of the Parliamentary Branch of the Record Department.

WILLIAM EDMONDSON PHELPS, Esquire, Deputy Superintendent of the India Store Depôt.

Sir RICHMOND THACKERAY RITCHIE, K.C.B., Permanent Under-Secretary of State for India.

(b) Civil Services in India.

The Honourable Sir CHARLES BAYLEY, K.C.S.I., Indian Civil Service, Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu CHARU CHANDRA GOSWAMI, Registrar, Assam Secretariat, Revenue and General Departments.

WILLIAM JAMES DRAKE, Esquire, Registrar to the Government of India, Public Works Department.

MAUNG PO SA, Additional District Judge, Thaton, Burma.

JOHN CHARLES CLANCEY, Esquire, F.R.A.S., F.S.I., Assistant Director of Land Records, Burma.

The Honourable Nawab SAIYID MUHAMMAD, Khan Bahadur, Provincial Executive Service, Inspector-General of Registration, Bengal.

GEORGE JOSEPH ROGERS, Esquire, Extra Assistant Resident, Kashmir, and Superintendent, Kashmir Residency Office.

MUHAMMAD AZIZ-UD-DIN HUSSAIN SAHIB BAHADUR, Khan Bahadur, Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, Madras Presidency.

FRANCIS GEORGE MARSHALL, Esquire, Deputy Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Customs, Central Division, Madras Presidency.

M. R. RY. CHINGLEPUT RATNA MUDALIAR AVERGAL, Chief Interpreter, Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore, Madras.

ANDREW PETER MITCHELL, Esquire, Provincial Educational Service, Inspector of Schools, Central Provinces.

Babu RAM SMARAN LAL, Provincial Executive Service, Deputy Collector, Farrukhabad, United Provinces.

LEONARD CHARLES DIXON BEAN, Esquire, Traffic Superintendent, North-Western State Railway.

Rao Bahadur KASHINATH KESHAV THAKUR, M.A., LL.B., Provincial Civil Service, Divisional and Sessions Judge, Nagpur, Central Provinces.

CONLY JAMES DEASE, Esquire, Superintendent of Post Offices, North-West Frontier Province.

ISA CHARAN CHANDU LAL, Esquire, Panjab Provincial Civil Service, Settlement Officer, Gujranwala, Panjab.

HENRY RAYNOR GOULDING, Esquire, V.D., Assistant Secretary to the Financial Commissioners, Panjab.

Rao Bahadur VITHALRAI HIMATRAM, Daftardar, Kathiawar Agency, Bombay Presidency.

HENRY ALFRED HALL, Esquire, late Superintendent, Deccan Extramural Gang, Bombay Presidency.

Khan Bahadur SAIYED SHAMS-UD-DIN SAIYED MIAN KADRI, Provincial Service, Oriental Translator to Government, Bombay Presidency.

ROBERT GEORGE GIRARD, Esquire, Collector of Income-Tax, Bengal.

GODREZ DORABJEE PUDUMJEE, Esquire, Deputy Accountant-General, Bombay.

A. H. McMAHON,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

IMPERIAL SERVICE MEDAL.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla; the 14th June, 1912.

No. 1262-I.B.—His Imperial Majesty the KING, EMPEROR OF INDIA, has been pleased to grant to the following retired members of His Imperial Majesty's Civil Service not belonging to the Administrative or Clerical branches, the Imperial Service Medal, which was instituted by His late Majesty, for the recognition of long and meritorious service in branches other than those mentioned above:—

DHANMAN, Jemadar, Sikkim Agency.

PUDUPET GUFFER KHAN, Jemadar, Board of Revenue, Madras.

ABDUL RAHIMAN, Deputy Chief Warder, Central Jail, Trichinopoly.

MAHOMMED SADUDDIN, 2nd grade Jemadar, Iskapalle Circle, Madras.

KOLAPANJERI SUBRAYA MUDALI, 1st grade Peon, Covelong Circle, Madras.

DEWAJI SAKHARAM MARATHA, Chaprasi, Commissioner's Office, Nagpur Division, Central Provinces.

JAGOBA DAUBA KUMBI, Chaprasi, Nagpur Division, Central Provinces.

ASHIQ MUHAMMAD, Orderly Peon to the Commissioner, Nerbudda Division, Central Provinces.

Munshi NADIR KHAN, Chief Overseer of Post Offices on the Kalka-Simla Line.

SOBHA SINGH, Jemadar of Chaprasis of the Lieutenant-Governor, Panjab.

MEHTAB SINGH, Jemadar of the Settlement Commissioner, Panjab.

MUL CHAND, Jemadar of the Chief Court, Lahore, Panjab.

Havildar MARUTI MALHARI, Peon, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Havildar MADAR PIR MOHAMMED, Peon, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Jemadar MIABHAI NABHU, Kathiawar Agency Office.

HABIB KHAN NUR KHAN, Chobdar in the Collector's Office, Surat, Bombay.

Havildar HARI GOVIND MALPOH, Havildar, Office of the Commissioner, Central Division, Bombay Presidency.

Naik VITHOBA BAHERAJA KAKADI, Naik to the Commissioner, Southern Division, Bombay Presidency.

SAIKOO KHATRI, Hospital Dresser, Residency Charitable Dispensary and Civil Hospital, Nepal.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th June, 1912.

No. 1263-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Ram Ranjan Chakrabarti Bahadur, of Hetampur, Birbhum, in Bengal, the title of Maharaja as a personal distinction.

No. 1264-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Raja Raghuraj Singh, of Mankapur, Gonda District, in the United Provinces, the title of Raja as an hereditary distinction.

No. 1265-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Raja, as a personal distinction, upon—

Sri Jyoti Prasad Singh Deo, Zamindar of Panchette, Manbhum, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Sarat Chandra Rai Chaudhuri, Zamindar of Chanchal, Malda District, in Bengal.

Maharaj-Kumar Gopal Lal Roy, of Tajhat, Rangpur District, in Bengal.

The Hon'ble Thakur Kushalpal Singh, of Kotla, Agra, in the United Provinces.

No. 1266-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Shaikh Ahmad Husain, Khan Bahadur, of Paryawan, Partabgarh, in the United Provinces, the title of Nawab as a personal distinction.

No. 1267-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Brahma Sri Sundara Sastrigal, of Pazhamarneri, Tanjore District, in the Madras Presidency, the title of Mahamahopadhyaya as a personal distinction.

No. 1268-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer upon Maulvi Abu Muhammad Abdul Haq, of Delhi, in the Panjab, the title of Shams-ul-Ulama as a personal distinction.

No. 1269-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Vaidyaratna, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Pandit Aradagandy Gopalachar Avergal, of Berhampur, in the Madras Presidency.

Kabiraj Kalidas Bidyabhusan, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Kabiraj Jogendra Nath Sen Bidyabhusan, Calcutta, in Bengal.

No. 1270-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Diwan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Paramagudi Ramaswami Narayana Aiyar Avergal, Deputy Director of Revenue Survey, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Sulur Lakshmi Narasimhayyar Avergal, Landowner, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

No. 1271-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

Muhammad Abdul Hafiz Sahib, Khan Sahib, Deputy Collector, and Chairman, Municipal Council, Coimbatore, in the Madras Presidency.

Sardar Hazar Khan Walad Rahim Khan Khoso, of Kadirpur, Jacobabad Taluka, in the Upper Sind Frontier District.

Sayed Rustom Ali, Registrar, Court of the Political Resident, Aden.

Khan Sahib Manekji Nanabhai, of Deesa, in the Bombay Presidency.

Gustadji Dhanjishah Kapadia, Senior Superintendent, Public Works Department, Bombay.

Maulvi Nadir Hussain, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Bengal.

Khan Sahib Muhammad Ibrahim, Additional Inspector of Schools, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Maulvi Abdul Karim Khan of Kankata, Naini Tal District, in the United Provinces.

Shaikh Habib Ullah, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the United Provinces.

Maulana Muhammad Wilayat Husain, of Allahabad, in the United Provinces.

Munshi Tajjammul Husain Khan, of Shahjahanpur, in the United Provinces.

Mir Saiyid Husain, Personal Assistant to the Director of Land Records and Agriculture, in the United Provinces.

Khwaja Tasadduk Hussain, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Sardar Muhammad Yusaf, retired Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Khan Sahib the Hon'ble Sayad Mahdi Shah, Honorary Magistrate, Gojra, Lyallpur District, in the Punjab.

Sheikh Wazir-ud-din, Deputy Collector, Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, in the Punjab.

Hafiz Muhammad Walayatullah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Sahibzada Sher Ali Khan, eldest half-brother of His Highness the Nawab of the Jaora State, Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Khan Sahib Ardeshir Dosabhai Markar, Honorary Magistrate and Municipal Commissioner, Quetta, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib Malik Haji Haroon, Panezai Kakar, of Bostan, Baluchistan.

Khan Sahib Sheikh Muhammad Akbar, of Sheikhan, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Ghulam Kadir Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Dera Ismail Khan, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Khan Sahib Sher Muhammad, Charas Officer, Leh.

No. 1272-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Rai Sahib Tranquebar Tirumalai Kandaswami Mudaliar Avergal, Treasurer of the Currency Office, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Nallatambi Chakkarai Mandradiyar Avergal, Landowner, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Priya Nath Mukharji, Deputy Magistrate and Deputy Collector, in Bengal.

Babu Promotha Nath Chatarji, late Sub-Judge, 24-Parganas, in Bengal.

Babu Janaki Nath Bose, Government Pleader, Cuttack, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Dr. Hari Nath Ghose, M.D., Assistant Surgeon, in Bengal.

Babu Srish Chandra Sarbadhikari, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Upendra Nath Sawoo, Merchant and Zamindar of Dhankuria, 24-Parganas, in Bengal.

Babu Harihar Prosad Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Dumraon Bench; Vice-Chairman, Local Board, Buxar; Member of the District Board, Shahabad, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Preo Nath Banerji, Government Pleader, Jalpaiguri, in Bengal.

Babu Pramatha Nath Mukherji, Pleader, Barisal, in Bengal.

Babu Ananda Chandra Roy, Zamindar of Comilla, Tippera District, in Bengal.

Babu Sasanka Kumar Ghosh, Government Pleader, Tippera, in Bengal.

Babu Satis Chandra Sen, Government Pleader, Chittagong, in Bengal.

Babu Gopal Chandra Mukherji, M.B., Assistant Surgeon, Civil Surgeon of Malda, in Bengal.

Rai Sahib Mohim Chandra Basu, Assistant Inspector of Schools, Dacca Division, in Bengal.

Babu Mitryunjoy Rai Chaudhuri, Zamindar of Kundi, Rangpur District, in Bengal.

Pandit Radha Krishna, of Muttra, in the United Provinces.

Rai Hari Kishen Pant Sahib, Temporary Executive Engineer, Farrukhabad Division, in the United Provinces.

Pandit Girraj Kishor Dat, Judge, Small Cause Court, Agra, in the United Provinces.

Bhaiya Ganga Bakhsh Singh, of Balrampur, in the United Provinces.

Soti Harbans Lal, of Bijnor, in the United Provinces.

The Hon'ble Babu Ganga Prasad Varma, Editor of the "Advocate", Lucknow, and Member of the Provincial Legislative Council, United Provinces.

Rai Sahib Lala Narayan Das, Ahluwalia, Divisional Judge, in the Punjab.

Rai Sahib Bishambar Nath, Executive Engineer, in the Punjab.

The Hon'ble Lala Sultan Singh, Honorary Magistrate, Delhi, and Member of the Legislative Council, Punjab.

Dr. Sarat Chandra Banerjee, D.L., Legal Assistant to the Legislative Department, Government of India.

Babu Dasarathi Banerjee, Treasurer, Viceregal Lodge, Simla.

Subadar Sawan Mull, Bhamo Battalion, Burma Military Police.

Sunder Singh, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.

Chaudhri Jagannath Prasad, of Mandla, in the Central Provinces.

Madras Ayyaswami Rathnaswami Mudali, Personal Assistant to the Agent and Manager of His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company.

Rai Sahib Ganga Sahai, Diwan of the Datia State, Bundelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Pandit Durga Parshad, Vakil of the Jaipur State, at Mount Abu, in Rajputana.

Daljang Singh Khanka, M.B., House Surgeon, Mayo Hospital, Jaipur, and Medical Officer, Jaipur Transport Corps, in Rajputana.

No. 1273-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Bahadur, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Rao Sahib Kattuputhur Subrahmanya Ganapati Aiyar Avergal, M.L., Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor, Trichinopoly, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Ananthararama Sastri Sundara Sastri Avergal, Government Pleader, Tinnevelly, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Velliyur Appadurai Anantarama Aiyar Avergal, Registrar, Revenue Secretariat, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Parichiappa Chettiar Somasundaram Chettiar Avergal, Managing Director, Malabar Spinning and Weaving Company, Calicut, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Sarvepalli Venkata Narasimha Rao Garu, Chairman, Municipal Council, Kurnool, in the Madras Presidency.

Rao Sahib Purshottam Balkrishna Joshi, J.P., F.R.G.S., Fellow of the Bombay University.

Damodardas Vrijbhukandas, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in the Bombay Presidency.

Rao Sahib Narayan Vinayak Gole, Pleader, Nasik, in the Bombay Presidency.

Pandit Vishnu Moreshwar Mahajani, retired Inspector of Schools, Akola, in Berar.

Mr. Amrit Ramchandra, Bambawala, B.L., Deputy Superintendent and Officiating District Superintendent of Police, Wardha, in the Central Provinces.

Pandit Damodhar Nilkanth Khare, Chairman of the District Council, Wardha, in the Central Provinces.

Madho Rao Vinayak Kibe, Diwan of the Dewas State (Junior Branch), Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Thakur Sadul Singh, of Sadakheri (Sheogarh), Malwa Agency, in Central India.

Kumar Ram Singh, Judicial Commissioner, Rewa State, Baghelkhand Agency, in Central India.

Rao Sahib Laxmilal Dowlatrai, Manager of the Huzur English Office, Baroda State.

No. 1274-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Khan Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

Sheikh Jemal, Contractor, Trichinopoly, in the Madras Presidency.

Sayid Ahmed Kabir Sahib, Sheristadar, District Court, Chingleput, in the Madras Presidency.

Villupuram Muhammad Khan Sahib, Inspector of Police, in the Madras Presidency.

Cawasji Jamsetji Patigara, Inspector, Criminal Investigation Department, Bombay City Police Force.

Mahomed Ismail valad Mahomed Abdulla Bhaiji, of Uran, Kolaba, in the Bombay Presidency.

Kaikhusru Mancherji Clubvala, Superintendent, Karachi Prison, in the Bombay Presidency.

Gulam Husen valad Haji Bava Desai, of Chiplun, Ratnagiri District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Maulvi Abdul Wali, Sub-Registrar, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Choudhri Karamat Husain, Member, District Board; Municipal Commissioner, Arrah; Secretary, Arrah Dispensary Committee, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Maulvi Helimulla, Inspector of Police, Brahmanbaria Sub-Division, Tippera District, in Bengal.

Saiyid Tasadduk Husain, of Aurangabad, Kheri District, in the United Provinces.

Munshi Muhammad Yahiya, of Jaunpur, in the United Provinces.

Maulvi Muhammad Ismail, of Meerut, in the United Provinces.

Mir Aziz Husain, of Etawah, in the United Provinces.

Shaikh Feroz-ud-din, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Malik Sher Bahadur Khan, Inspector of Police, in the Punjab.

Haji Fateh Muhammad Qurraish, Agent, Supply and Transport Corps, 3rd (Lahore) Division.

Sheikh Gulam Yassin, Chief Cash Witness, North-Western State Railway.

Mr. Nasarwanji Merwanji Cama, Post Master, Delhi, in the Punjab.

Syed Mir Padshah, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Munshi Akbar Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Central Provinces.

Seth Nazar Ali, Merchant of Ujjain, Gwalior State, in Central India.

Malik Khande Khan, Head of the Hill Jogezais and Jalalzais of Killa Saifulla Tehsil, Zhob District, Baluchistan.

Sardar Alloo Khan, Lahrzai Musakhel, Baluchistan.

Mirza Sher Muhammad, Zahri, late Census Assistant, Baluchistan.

Mansur Khan, of Khazana, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Munshi Abdul Hamid Khan, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Mirza Jamil Ahmad, Tehsildar, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Saadulla Khan, Papolzai, of Charsadda, Peshawar District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Qazi Fazl Ilahi, of Sikandarpur, Hazara District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Sheikh Faiz Muhammad, Indian Merchant, Meshed.

No. 1275-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rai Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Troop Hari Rao Avergal, Superintendent, Madras Government Secretariat, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Bathlahundra Rama Aiyar Viraraghavayya Avergal, Inspector of Police, in the Madras Presidency.

Babu Prasanna Kumar Dutt, Superintendent, Police Training College, Ranchi, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Sarat Kumar Raha, Personal Assistant to the Commissioner of Excise, Bengal.

Babu Tarak Nath Sadhu, Pleader, Police Court, Calcutta, in Bengal.

Babu Gour Shyam Mahanty, Superintendent, Nayagarh State, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Umesh Chandra Chaudhuri, Honorary Magistrate, Vishnupur, Bankura, in Bengal.

Babu Akhowri Gonesh Prasad, Vice-Chairman, Local Board, and Municipal Commissioner, Sasaram, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Girindra Kumar Gupta, Hazaribagh, in the Province of Bihar and Orissa.

Babu Satyendra Nath Aditya, Officiating Deputy Examiner, Military Accounts Department, Eastern Circle.

Lala Ram Prasad, Head Assistant, Office of the Inspector-General, Railway Mail Service and Sorting, Eastern Circle.

Babu Kamal Charan Datta, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Bengal.

Babu Kali Kamal Chatterji, retired Inspector of Schools, Rajshahi Division, in Bengal.

Srijut Deveswar Barua, Deputy Inspector of Schools, in the Province of Assam.

Lala Bishambar Nath, of Lucknow, in the United Provinces.

Babu Jageshwar Rai, retired Assistant Surgeon, Gorakhpur, in the United Provinces.

Babu Har Sarup, Forest Ranger, Chakrata, in the United Provinces.

Babu Prag Das, Jailor, Meerut District Jail, in the United Provinces.

Babu Purna Chandra Ghosh, retired Superintendent of the Camp Press, Naini Tal, in the United Provinces.

Lala Ram Chand, Honorary Magistrate, Multan, in the Punjab.

Lala Mangria Mal, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Bishambhar Dayal, Extra Judicial Assistant Commissioner, in the Punjab.

Lala Nihal Chand, Rais and Vice-President of the Municipal Committee of Batala, Gurdaspur District, in the Punjab.

Mian Durga Singh, Wazir, Bilaspur State, in the Punjab.

Lala Wazir Singh, Pleader and Municipal Commissioner, Delhi, in the Punjab.

Babu Upendra Nath Mukerji, Medical Stores Section of the Office of the Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

Loke Nath Bose, Superintendent, Army Department, Government of India.

Gurmukh Singh, 1st Class Surveyor, attached to No. 1 Survey Party.

Lala Devi Chand, Head Time Table Clerk, Traffic Superintendent's Office, North-Western State Railway.

Babu Nagendra Nath Chatterjee, First Assistant, Office of the Military Secretary to His Excellency the Viceroy.

Babu Indra Kumar Banerjee, Head Clerk, Invitation Office, Viceregal Lodge, Simla.

Nibaran Chandra Mukerjee, Supervisor, Public Works Department, in Burma.

Mr. Sunder Singh, Temporary Engineer, Lower Burma Railways Surveys.

Mr. Tundilal Powar, Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture, in the Central Provinces.

Mr. Jagannath Prasad, retired Inspector of Police, Central Provinces, lately Deputy Superintendent of Police, Bastar State.

Seth Sukhdeo Munim, Honorary Magistrate, Damoh, in the Central Provinces.

Seth Mulchand Kothari, of Guna, in Central India.

Captain Sadhuram, Gwalior Sappers and Miners, in Central India.

Lala Nathu Mal, Kamdar, Shahpura State, in Rajputana.

Mr. Parmanand, Barrister-at-Law, Abbottabad, Hazara District, in the North-West Frontier Province.

Munshi Kishen Lal, Sub-Post Master, Nepal Residency, Nepal.

Lala Makhan Lal, Divisional Engineer, Irrigation, Jammu and Kashmir State.

No. 1276-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Rao Sahib, as a personal distinction, upon—

M. R. Ry. Kalavala Kannan Chettiar Avergal, Merchant, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Vittal Das Anandji Sait Avergal, Cotton Merchant, Tiruppur, Coimbatore District, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Malikayil Chandappan Koman Avergal, L.M.S., Assistant to the Professor of Chemistry, Medical College, Madras.

M. R. Ry. Pandurangi Sita Rao Garu, Deputy Collector, in the Madras Presidency.

M. R. Ry. Thottakhadu Ramakrishna Pillai Avergal, F.R.H.S., late Sub-Assistant Registrar, High Court, Madras.

Mr. P. R. Vengu Aiyar, Deputy Examiner, Military Accounts Department, Western Circle.

M. R. Ry. Thiagara Mudaliar Avergal, Station Master, South Indian Railway.

Anant Santaram Malve, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in the Bombay Presidency.

Shidramappa Nurindappa Lakshmeshwar, Inspector of Police, Bijapur District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Jivna Mahadu, Inspector of Police, Nasik District, in the Bombay Presidency.

Harilal Desaibhai Desai, Government Pleader, Kaira, in the Bombay Presidency.

Anantarao Dhondiba Mandhre, Sub-Assistant Superintendent, Upper Subordinate Service, Survey of India.

Mr. Mahipat Ramchendra Padey, Stenographer and Personal Assistant to the President, Railway Board.

Pandit Vinayak Rao Babaji, Head Master of the Chanda High School, in the Central Provinces.

Munshi Amar Singh, Deputy Collector, Bharatpur, in Rajputana.

Kunwar Onkar Singh, General Superintendent of Police, Kotah State, in Rajputana.

No. 1277-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Kyet thaye zaung shwe Salwè ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Kin Maung, Sawbwa of Möng Mit, in Burma.

Maung Pe Maung, Superintendent of Land Records, in Burma.

No. 1278-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Thuyè gaung ngwe Da ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Min Din, Deputy Superintendent of Police, in Burma.

Maung Kyaung Ba, Inspector of Police, in Burma.

No. 1279-I.B.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to confer the title of Ahmudan gaung Tazeik ya Min, as a personal distinction, upon—

Maung Tun Ya, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Aung Nyun, Extra Assistant Commissioner, in Burma.

Maung Bya, Assistant Registrar, Co-operative Credit Societies, in Burma.

Maung Me Nyo, Senior Grade Sub-Assistant Surgeon, in Burma.

A. H. McMAHON,
Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 11th June, 1912.

No. 210-*F.E.*—Mr. W. T. M. Wright, I.C.S., Deputy Accountant General, United Provinces, has been granted privilege leave for 21 days, with effect from the 27th May 1912.

Mr. J. K. Shaw, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 27th May 1912, and until further orders.

No. 221-*F.E.*—In Notification No. 88-F.E., dated the 21st May 1912, published in Part I of the *Gazette of India* dated the 25th May 1912, *for* "30th April" *read* "29th April".

No. 222-*F.E.*—Mr. S. R. Ewing has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 18th May 1912.

No. 223-*F.E.*—Mr. J. J. Latta has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North-Western Railway, with effect from the 23rd May 1912.

The 14th June, 1912.

No. 239-*F.E.*—Mr. R. C. D. Calder, Officiating Chief Accountant, has been posted to the Office of the Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 21st May 1912.

H F. HOWARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 14th June, 1912.

No. 646-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment and reversion of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made, with effect from the dates specified :—

From the 17th May 1912, vice Rao Saheb V. Ruthnavelu Mudelliar, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, granted leave.

Mr. W. J. Allen to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

From the 27th May 1912, consequent on the return of Rao Bahadur R. D. Moghe from privilege leave.

Mr. W. J. Allen, Officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SALT.

Simla, the 15th June, 1912.

No. 4419-50.—In continuation of the Notification in this Department No. 3730-50, dated the 11th May 1912, Mr. C. C. Chill, Officiating Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, is granted an extension of privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 22nd June 1912.

No. 4480-37.—In continuation of the Notification in this Department No. 3594-37, dated the 11th May 1912, Mr. E. D. Wilson, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, is granted an extension of privilege leave for 20 days with effect from the 26th June 1912.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th June, 1912.

No. 4446-2.—Mr. F. Buckney, an Assistant Collector in Class V of the Imperial Customs Service, is appointed to officiate in Class IV, with effect from the 4th June 1912.

The KING has approved of the restoration to the Active List of the Indian Army of the undermentioned officer on the temporary Half-pay List :—

Lieutenant John Montgomery Fiddes. Dated 22nd March 1912.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the undermentioned officers of the Indian Army and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Major-General Sir Alfred William Lambert Bayly, K.C.B., C.S.I., D.S.O. Dated 19th March 1912.

Major-General Sir John George Ramsay, K.C.B. Dated 1st May 1912.

NOTE.—The transfer of Major-General Sir A. W. L. Bayly to the Unemployed Supernumerary List, notified in the London Gazette of the 5th April 1912, has been cancelled.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Brookes. Dated 1st May 1909.

The KING has approved of the removal of the undermentioned officer from the Indian Army for absence without leave :—

Captain William Marshall. Dated 14th July 1911.

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PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 572.—Lieutenant-Colonel H. G. B. Raitt, Indian Army, 3rd Grade Cantonment Magistrate, is granted Rs. 500 Staff pay per mensem; with effect from the 27th October 1911.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 573.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

9th May 1912.

Lewin Barlow Walton, Commandant, 26th Punjabis.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 574.—Sub-Conductor Henry Hewitt Stuart, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor, *vice* Conductor Herbert Mervyn Clybourne Garth, appointed to the Provincial Engineer Service; with effect from the 1st September 1910.

No. 575.—Sergeant Cuthbert William Skinner, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 4th December 1910.

No 576.—Conductor William James Collins, Sub-Engineer, 1st Grade, United Provinces Public Works Department, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, and

Sub-Conductor Charles Edward Bayliss, Supervisor, 1st Grade, Central Provinces Public Works Department, to be Conductor,

vice Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Vaughan Edwin Lambert, retired; with effect from the 11th December 1910.

No. 577.—Sergeant John Philip Stone, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Frederick William Slade, retired; with effect from the 25th January 1911.

No. 578.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Sidney Hubert Sellens, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor James Henry Gibbons, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, and

Sub-Conductor Frederick James Kerwick, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Burma Public Works Department, to be Conductor.

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain John Scott, retired; with effect from the 21st March 1911.

No. 579.—Sub-Conductor William Henry Griffith, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeant Frederick Charles Dawkins, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice John Henry West Eacott, retired; with effect from the 27th March 1911.

No. 580.—Sub-Conductor George William Sanderson, Supervisor, 1st Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeant George Wyatt, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Nelson Copeman, retired; with effect from the 1st June 1911.

No. 581.—Sub-Conductor Eugene O'Farrell, Supervisor, 1st Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeants Edward William Mason (since deceased), George Charles Farmer and Douglas George Forsyth, Supervisors, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductors,

on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 16th July 1911.

No. 582.—Sub-Conductor Thomas Charlie Hall, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeant Gerald Joseph Griffin, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

on augmentation of establishment; with effect from the 17th July 1911.

No. 583.—Sergeant John Bishop Lewis Jameson, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Edwin Justice Judge, retired; with effect from the 1st September 1911.

No. 584.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain George Frederick Silvester, Assistant Engineer, 2nd Grade, Eastern Bengal State Railway, to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Samuel Cocksedge, Assistant Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Cecil Collins, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Albert Dorsey McDonough, Supervisor, 1st Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeant Alexander Neville Jameson, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Commissary and Honorary Captain Edwin James Tydeman, retired; with effect from the 1st November 1911.

No. 585.—Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant George Farrington, Assistant Engineer, Burma Public Works Department, to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Benjamin Selman, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services (since retired), to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Ernest Robert Etches, Sub-Engineer, 3rd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Conductor and

Sergeant Charles Cuerden, Supervisor, 2nd Grade, Military Works Services, to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Samuel Cocksedge, retired; with effect from the 6th November 1911.

(Army Department Notifications Nos. 267, 268 and 269, dated the 7th April 1911, Nos. 672 and 673, dated the 4th August 1911, No. 728, dated the 25th August 1911, No. 781, dated the 15th September 1911, No. 800, dated the 22nd September 1911, No. 944, dated the 17th November 1911, and No. 41, dated the 19th January 1912, are hereby cancelled.)

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 586.—The honorary rank of Jemadar is conferred, on retirement, on Dafadar (Orderly Room Clerk) Ghulam Muhiyuddin, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse). Dated the 16th April 1912.

REWARDS.

No. 587.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the special promotion of the undermentioned non-commissioned officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, under the provisions of paragraph 470, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, in recognition of the good services rendered by him in connection with the Pienma Expedition, 1910-11 :—

Staff-Sergeant Thomas Neale to be Sub-Conductor (supernumerary).

The promotion will have effect from the 23rd September 1911.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 588.—The undermentioned warrant officer is transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the date specified:—

Conductor Edward James Howe, Ordnance Department, Southern Army,—21st June 1912.

RETIREMENTS.

MILITARY WORKS SERVICES AND PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, INDIA.

No. 589.—Conductor Herbert Mervyn Clybourne Garth, Sub-Engineer, 2nd Grade, Eastern Bengal and Assam Public Works Department, is, on appointment to the Provincial Engineer establishment of the Public Works Department, permitted to resign his rank and retire from the Army, with effect from the 1st September 1910, under the provisions of paragraph 163, Public Works Department Code, Volume I.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Madras Artillery Volunteers, "The Duke's Own".

No. 590.—Major John Frederick Graham to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* A. G. Norton-Knight, resigned. Dated 7th April 1912.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

No. 591.—The Hon'ble Captain Arthur Hill Trevor to be Commandant, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* A. K. Leslie, V.D. Dated 1st April 19'2.

Madras Volunteer Guards.

No. 592.—Lieutenant Charles William Moss resigns his commission. Dated 12th May 1912.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 593.—Major Reginald George Turner, F.R.C.S., I.M.S., to be Medical Officer, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

2nd Battalion, Great Indian Peninsula Railway Volunteer Rifle Corps.

No. 594.—Captain William Stephen Cox Glover resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Burma Railways Volunteer Corps.

No. 595.—Second Lieutenant Ronald Hastings Mackie to be Lieutenant, *vice* L. A. Leapingwell, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 25th March 1912.

Second Lieutenant Michael Spartali, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated 26th April 1912.

Martin Hunter Hailes to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* R. H. Mackie, promoted. Dated 25th March 1912.

Sind Volunteer Rifles.

No. 596.—Second Lieutenant Henry Charles Whitehouse resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 597.—Lieutenant Harry Dale Green to be Captain, *vice* W. J. Littlewood, V.D., resigned. Dated 26th April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Ulric Capel Sandys to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. D. Green, promoted. Dated 26th April 1912.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 598.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officers :—

Chota Nagpur Light Horse.

Major Alfred Arrikiel Agabeg.

Coorg and Mysore Rifles.

Captain Thomas Hunt.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 599.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to amend the Cantonment Code, 1912, to the extent set forth below :—

In section 4 of the Cantonment Code, 1912, after the word "Division" the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"in the case of head-quarter cantonments and cantonments directly under Divisional head-quarters, and in all other cases, the Officer Commanding the Brigade."

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 14th June 1912.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Warrant Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 29th May and 11th June 1912:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
Barrack Department, Madras.	Conductor J. H. Griffiths ...	2nd June 1912	Aden ...	...	Was Barrack Sergeant, 1st Class, Military Works, Aden.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
	General packing regulations.		By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS.				
Acid, Fluoric or Hydrofluoric ...	Must be put into leaden or gutta-percha bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of the cases must be of straw, chaff or saw-dust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk, sand, or dry earth.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds.	......	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, one case only. It must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.
Acid, Hydrochloric or Muriatic or Spirits of Salts. Acid, Nitric or Aquafortis ...	Must be well secured in stone-ware jars, or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of these cases must be of ashes, free from cinders, or of chalk, sand or dry earth. In the case of Hydrochloric Acid the inside packing of the cases containing this acid may be of straw, chaff or saw-dust.			
Acid, Acetic ... ... Acid, Carbolic ... ... Acid, Cresylic ... ... Amorphous Phosphorus ... Bromine ... ... Chloride of Sulphur ... Muriate or Chloride of Zinc ... Perchloride of Iron ... Phosphorus	Must be well secured in stone-ware jars, or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers; the inside packing of these cases must be of straw, chaff, or saw-dust, mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk or sand.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds. Bottles containing "Bromine," "Hydrochloric Acid," "Nitric Acid," or "Ammonia in Solution" must be only three-fourths full to allow for expansion of vapour.	......	Ditto.
Ammonia in Solution ...	Must be put into metal bottles with caps soldered on, standing upright in cases with sloping covers. The inside packing must be of straw, chaff, or saw-dust mixed with coal, wood-ashes, chalk or sand.			
Acid, Phosphoric ... Acid, Sulphurous (solution) ...	In casks.	......	......	Ditto.
Acid, Sulphuric, or Oil of Vitriol, or Vitriol.	(i) Must be well secured in stone-ware jars or glass-stoppered bottles, standing upright in cases with sloping covers and the inside packing of those cases must be of ashes, free from cinders, or of chalk, sand, or dry earth. In the case of Sulphuric Acid, diluted with not less than twice its volume of water, of a specific gravity of 1·250 or below, the inside packing of the cases containing such acid may be straw, or refuse cheap enough for packing, such as grass, wood shavings, etc., instead of ashes free from cinders, or chalk, sand, or dry earth.	The weight of each case, when packed in accordance with clause (i) of *column* (2), must not exceed 2½ maunds: but when packed in accordance with clause (ii), the net weight of the acid must not exceed 112 lbs. When packed in accordance with clause (iv), the weight of each package must not exceed 5 maunds.	......	Ditto.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS—*contd.*				
	(ii) May also be packed in hermetically sealed cisterns made of lead weighing 5 lbs. per square foot enclosed in wooden cases made of one inch thick boards bound with half-inch hoop, iron, the sides of the case being so constructed that the grain runs horizontally on two sides and vertically on the other two. (iii) Must not be put into jars with cork or wooden stoppers. (iv) Acid, Sulphuric, Concentrated, *i.e.*, of a specific gravity not less than 1·84, which must be certified in writing by the consignor, may be packed in strong hermetically sealed iron or steel drums which must be in good condition and free from rust.			
Arsenic	Must be packed in cases, casks or iron drums, and must not be carried in bags.	The word " Poison " must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	May be despatched by brake-van of mixed or passenger train in any quantity at any time, if desired. The cases, casks or iron drums must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van
Bisulphite of Lime Solution, saturated with Sulphur Dioxide Gas.	Must be packed in casks or in glass bottles (not carboys) packed in cases or hampers.	.....	......	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, one case only. It must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.
Chloroform	Must be packed in strong air-tight iron drums or in bottles packed in sawdust in cases.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds.	.....	Ditto.
Chlorate of Barium ...	Must be packed in iron drums or paper-lined casks, of sufficient strength not to allow any of their contents to escape through wear and tear of transport. Chlorate of Potash may also be carried in jars or bottles packed in cases.	......	......	Ditto.
Chlorate of Potash ...				
Chlorate of Soda ...				
Nitrate of Barium ...	Must be packed in cases, casks, or iron drums, and must not be carried in bags.			
Nitrate of Lead ...				
Nitrate of Iron... ...				
Nitrate of Potash, Nitre, or Saltpetre [other than manures].	Must be packed in bags or casks.			
Nitrate of Soda [other than manures].	Must be packed in bags or casks or in tins packed in cases.			

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
II.—DANGEROUS, CORROSIVE AND POISONOUS CHEMICALS—*concld.*				
Muriate of Tin or Tin Liquor...	Must be packed in casks or iron drums.	......	......	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train, one case only. It must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.
Potassium	Must be packed in iron drums hermetically sealed. Any quantity under four pounds, for chemical purposes, may also be packed in mineral oil in stoppered bottles contained in tin cases.			
Sodium	Must be packed in iron drums enclosed in strong wooden cases, or in approved air-tight and water-tight iron drums, packed in strong wooden cases; also in approved steel cases, each containing not more than 3 cwts. of sodium, closed with air-tight locked lever-lids. Any quantity under four pounds, for chemical purposes, may also be packed in mineral oil in stoppered bottles contained in tin cases.	......	......	Ditto.
Tri-nitro-toluol	Must be packed in staunch and substantial barrels or in cases constructed of wood not less than one inch in thickness.	The word "Poison" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.		
III.—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES.				
Acetylene compressed into porous substances subject to the conditions specified in the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 370-39, dated the 13th January 1912—*vide* Schedule VI.	Must be packed in steel cylinders contained (i) in a crate in such a manner that the label is plainly visible, or (ii) in a covering made of closely plaited 1 inch (circumference) hemp or coir to which an additional metal label marked as directed in *column 3*, is attached by wire, or (iii) in a strong wooden case with additional metal label marked, as directed in *column 3*, on the outside thereof.	Each cylinder must be legibly marked with the words— "Acetylene compressed into porous substances exempted by the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry, Notification No. 370-39, dated the 13th January 1912", together with the name of the firm by whom the vessel has been charged.	......	......
Carbide of Calcium ..	Must be packed in hermetically closed metal drums or cases sufficiently strong to remain in that condition through ordinary wear and tear of transport, so that the Carbide of Calcium cannot be affected by air or moisture. There must be no copper in the composition of any drum or case containing the Carbide of Calcium. The label on each hermetically closed metal drum or case must bear in conspicuous characters the	No drum or case must contain a quantity exceeding 2·24 lbs. of Carbide of Calcium. Carbide of Calcium, while in the possession of a railway for transport, must be stacked in the open under water-proof sheets and so placed as to prevent its getting wet. If any Carbide of Calcium is wetted while in the possession of a railway	......	

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
III.—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES —*contd.*				
	words "*Dangerous if not kept dry*" and with the following caution:— "*The contents of this drum (or case) are liable if brought into contact with moisture, to give off a highly inflammable gas.*" The name and address of the sender should also be labelled on each drum or case.	for transport it shall be destroyed by immersion in at least twenty times its bulk of water. NOTE.—*The fact of Carbide of Calcium having become wet will be indicated by the outward appearance of the drum or case and probably by a disagreeable odour showing a leakage of gas.* Vehicles used for the carriage of "Carbide of Calcium" must be thoroughly ventilated and rendered impervious to rain.		
Compressed Atmospheric Air... Compressed Oxygen ... Compressed or Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas (Carbon Dioxide). Compressed Coal Gas ... Compressed Hydrogen ... Compressed Ammonia Gas or Liquefied Anhydrous Ammonia. Compressed or Liquefied Nitrous Oxide. Compressed or Liquefied Sulphurous Acid Gas (Sulphur Dioxide).	(*a*) These gases must be packed in cylinders. (*b*) Cylinders must be made of wrought iron or mild steel of the best quality and must comply in every other respect with the recommendations made by the Departmental Committee on compressed gas cylinders appointed by the Secretary of State for the Home Department in England in 1895, and must not exceed 8 feet in length and 10 inches in diameter. Special attention is directed to the extract from the recommendations of the Departmental Committee, printed as Schedule V to these rules.* (*c*) Cylinders must be separately and securely packed in a strong wooden case or in a covering made of closely plaited 1 inch (circumference) hemp or coir, except that— (*i*) Several small cylinders not exceeding 24 inches in length and 4 inches in diameter may be packed in one box, provided that each cylinder is contained in a separate compartment or is separately encased in closely plaited 1 inch (circumference) hemp or coir. Each box must not contain more than 25 small cylinders and the gross weight of each box and contents must not exceed $3\frac{1}{2}$ maunds. (*ii*) Small cylinders not exceeding 12 inches in length and 3 inches in diameter containing Nitrous Oxide may be packed in wicker-work baskets containing two such cylinders in separate compartments. (*d*) Cylinders containing Compressed Atmospheric Air, Coal Gas, Hydrogen, or Oxygen, must not be charged to a greater pressure than 1,800 lbs. per square inch.	Cylinders must be carefully handled, and must not be placed near a fire, or exposed to other source of heat.	......	"Compressed or Liquefied Carbonic Acid Gas," "Compressed Atmospheric Air," "Compressed Oxygen" and "Compressed Hydrogen" may be allowed, as exceptions to the other compressed gases, to be carried in the rear brake-van of mixed or passenger trains, subject to a limit of two cylinders per van. The cylinders must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.

* NOTE.—This rule (*b*), so far as it relates to "Carbonic Acid Gas", will be held in abeyance up to 24th February 1913 to allow of light German cylinders which do not altogether comply with the tests here specified, being used under certain conditions.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
III.—MISCELLANEOUS DANGEROUS ARTICLES —*concld.*				
	(c) No cylinder may contain per pound of water capacity, more than $\frac{2}{3}$ lb. of carbon dioxide (carbonic acid gas); $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. of anhydrous ammonia; $\frac{3}{4}$ lb. of nitrous oxide; or $1\frac{1}{4}$ lbs. sulphur dioxide (sulphurous acid gas), respectively.			
Matches, safety ... ... Matches, non-safety ... NOTE.—*Matches which ignite by simple friction and Bengal lights (Pyrotechnic matches) which, while not ordinarily igniting by simple friction, are capable of doing so under chemical decomposition and are liable to spontaneous combustion should be considered as coming within the class "matches, non-safety," while those which require to be rubbed on the prepared surface of the box which contains them to be ignited should be considered as coming within the class "matches, safety".*	(1) Must be packed in strong dust-tight wooden cases having a metal lining. (2) The outer wooden cases used for the carriage of matches shall be of the following thickness of wood: if gross weight of case with contents does not exceed 4 maunds in weight, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick throughout; if gross weight of case with contents exceeds 4 maunds, $\frac{7}{8}$ inch thick throughout. (3) "Matches, safety," may, however, be carried in the tins in which they are imported, provided that such tins are strong enough as outer packages, that they do not exceed a limit in size of 2′ × 1′ × 1′ weighing approximately $13\frac{1}{2}$ seers and do not contain more than 120 packets of "matches, safety".	......	......	......
Oily Bagging	......	......	......	......
,, Canvas ...	In tarpaulin bags, bales, hampers, parcels or cases.	......	......	......
,, Covers ...	In tarpaulin bags, bales, hampers, parcels or cases.	......	......	......
,, Paper	In air-tight and damp-proof cases, and in bales.	......	......	......
,, Rags	......	......	......	......
,, Waste	In thoroughly sound cases ...	......	......	......

SCHEDULE II.

Consignment Note for Dangerous, Explosive, and Combustible Articles.

________________ Railway __________

To the ____________________ Railway *Administration / Company* __________ Station.

Dated ________________ 19 .

The ________________ Railway *Administration / Company* are requested to receive for despatch to __________ Station on the __________ Railway, the following packages consigned to __________ of __________, containing the dangerous, explosive or combustible articles which are specified below, and I hereby declare that the contents of the packages are known to me, that the conditions laid down in the General Rules sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council for the packing and carriage of dangerous, explosive and combustible articles have been complied with and that the actual weight of the article contained in each separate package or case is entered herein. ***I also declare that** the original / the true copy of the certificate signed by ________ which now accompanies this consignment refers to samples of the ________ forwarded under this Consignment Note.*

(1) By whom consigned.	To whom consigned.	Station and address.	No. of articles.	Description and marks.	Sender's weight.		Carriage to be paid by.
					Maunds.	Seers.	

NOTE.—The words printed in italics should be scored out where they are not required.

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the description, marks and weight or quantity of goods consigned by me have been correctly entered in this Consignment Note.

(Space for printing foregoing certificate in the necessary vernaculars.)

Signature of Sender or Deliverer of Goods ________________

Address ________________

Date ________________

The attention of the sender or deliverer of the goods is invited to the principal terms and conditions applying to the carriage of goods by railway, which are set forth in the Public Notice on the back of this document.

No alteration is to be made in the above entries after this Consignment Note has been signed by the Consignor.

The forms below to be filled up by Railway Staff only.

Description.	No. of articles.	Marks.	Class.	Actual weight.		Weight charged.		Rate per maund.	Paid.		To pay.		Remarks as to condition, etc.	Receipt No.	Invoice No. and date.		Wagon No.
				Maunds.	Seers.	Maunds.	Seers.		Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.			No.	Date.	

Particulars of Weighment.

No. of Articles.	Description.	Weight.		
		Maunds.	Seers.	
				Checked by..................Date..................
				Weighed by.................. " ....
				Loaded by.................. " ....
				Invoiced by.................. " ....
				Receipt No.................. " ....
				Invoice No.................. " ....
				Wagon No.................. " ....

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2*	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—*contd.* CLASS A.—*contd.*	Not less than. (4) When the capacity exceeds 8 but does not exceed 20 gallons . 16 B. W. G. (5) When the capacity exceeds 20 but does not exceed 30 gallons . 14 B. W. G. (6) When the capacity exceeds 30 but does not exceed 40 gallons . 12 B. W. G. (*iii*) The drums or receptacles must be so substantially constructed and secured as not to be liable, except under circumstances of gross negligence or extraordinary accident, to be broken or become defective, leaky or insecure in transit. A certificate must be entered on the consignment note by consignor to the effect that an air space of at least one-tenth of its capacity was left in each drum or receptacle at time of filling	The chief danger to be apprehended is from leakage as the vapour of these goods is heavier than air and is inflammable. The vapour is also explosive when mixed with certain proportions of air in a confined space. Wagons containing these inflammable liquids should not be placed next to the engine, but should be separated therefrom by at least three wagons not loaded with explosives or other traffic of an inflammable nature. The words "highly inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender. Drums or receptacles in a damaged condition must not be accepted and the staff must always ascertain that the screw plugs or caps of empty drums or receptacles are securely fastened.		

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron covered vehicles shall be used.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—*contd.* CLASS A.—*concld.*				
Cements, Compositions, Paints, Polishes, and other articles partly composed of Naphtha or other highly inflammable liquids.	Must be packed in approved drums or receptacles of the pattern referred to above, or in thoroughly strong and sound casks, not exceeding 50 gallons in capacity, containing not less than 5 per cent of air space when filled, and securely closed so as to prevent leakage, or in hermetically sealed tins or bottles packed in saw dust in cases, or in securely closed tins, packed in saw dust in cases, containing not more than ½ gallon of liquid per package.	The conditions specified above as regards the production of a license by the sender and the declaration of the flashing point on the consignment note and its entry on the railway receipt and invoice apply to these articles also. The words "highly inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	......
Rubber Solution composed of Rubber and Naphtha.	Must be packed in iron drums, or iron cans, strongly made and securely closed so as to prevent leakage, or in hermetically sealed tins or airtight collapsible tubes packed in sawdust in cases, or in air-tight tins packed in sawdust in a wooden box as an inner package, or air-tight collapsible tubes packed in sawdust in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood, with sides not less than ⅝ inch thick, and ends ¾ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 10 lbs. of Rubber Solution, or in air-tight collapsible tubes, each containing not more than 1 fluid ounce of Rubber Solution, packed in sawdust in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution and to be packed in an outer package made of wood with sides not less than ⅜ inch thick, and ends ¾ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 30 lbs. of Rubber Solution.			
Spirit varnish ...	Must be packed in casks, cases, cans, iron drums or in hampers. Jars and glass or earthenware bottles only to be carried when protected by basket-work and none exceeding 7 gallons in measure must be accepted for conveyance.	The word "highly inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	......

Description of goods.	General packing regulations. The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenge train. [Normally, dangerou goods may only be se in wagons by mixed t where no goods trair are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS.—*contd.* CLASS B. *Liquids the vapours of which have flashing points at 76° Fahr., and higher temperatures (subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act of 1899).* *Note.—Lubricating oils having a flashing point at or above 200° Fahr., shall not be deemed to be dangerous goods for the purposes of this rule.*				
Cements, Compositions, Paints, Polishes, and other articles partly composed of Naphtha or other inflammable liquids.	Must be packed in casks, iron drums or iron cans strongly made and securely closed so as to prevent leakage, or in hermetically sealed tins or bottles packed in sawdust in cases, or in securely closed tins packed in sawdust in cases containing not more than ½ gallon of liquid per package.	The word "inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	... ..	
Kerosine or Paraffin oil, non-dangerous, *i.e.*, having a flashing point at or above 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899. Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, non-dangerous, *i.e.*, having a flashing point at or above 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.	When not loaded in tank wagons specially constructed for the carriage of dangerous goods, must be securely packed, to prevent leakage, in iron or steel drums, or in strong tins or in bottles corked and sealed, and such tins or bottles should be enclosed in wooden cases. When bottles are used, they must be packed in straw or saw-dust.	In the case of all "Kerosine oils" and all "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils," senders to declare on the consignment note whether the flashing point is below, or at or above, 76° Fahr., and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice. "Kerosine or Paraffin oil, non-dangerous", and "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, non-dangerous", in quantities exceeding 500 gallons must not be accepted unless sender produces a special or general license. The word "inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender. If without outer wooden cases, a layer of *durma* matting or other suitable dunnage must be placed on the floor of the wagon and between each tier of tins, and where the goods are transhipped from one wagon to another, the matting or other dunnage originally used at the place of loading, must also be transhipped and properly laid down.	......	

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments, and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried.	
			By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron-covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS—*concld.*				
CLASS B.—*concld.*				
Wood Naphtha or Wood Spirit.	Must be packed in stoneware jars or glass-stoppered bottles, or in vessels of tin or copper provided with screw stoppers or corked with caps, covering their mouths, soldered on.			
Oil of Turpentine ... Spirits of Turpentine ... Terebine Oil ... ... Terebinth ... ... Turpentine Substitutes ... Varnish	Must be packed either in iron or steel drums or tins properly soldered or in corked or capsuled bottles, the bottles or tins being securely packed in wooden cases.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds. The word "inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	......
Spirit, Methylated ... Spirit of Wine	Must be packed either in corked and capsuled bottles or in corked and capped drums securely packed or in strongly made casks, securely closed so as to prevent all possibility of leakage.*			
Rubber Solution composed of Rubber and Naphtha.	Must be packed in casks, iron drums, or iron cans, strongly made and securely closed so as to prevent leakage, or in hermetically sealed tins or air-tight collapsible tubes packed in saw-dust in cases, or in air-tight tins packed in saw-dust in a wooden box as an inner package, or air-tight collapsible tubes, packed in saw-dust, in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood, with sides not less than ⅜ inch thick, and ends ⅝ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 10 lbs. of Rubber Solution, or in air-tight collapsible tubes, each containing not more than 1 fluid ounce of Rubber Solution, packed in saw-dust, in stout cardboard boxes or cartons as an inner package, each such inner package to contain not more than 1 lb. of Rubber Solution, and to be packed in an outer package made of wood with sides not less than ⅜ inch thick, and ends ⅝ inch thick, strongly bound with hoop iron or crescent wire, and containing a total of not more than 30 lbs. of Rubber Solution.	Senders to declare on the consignment note whether the flashing point is below, or at or above, 76° Fahr., and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice. The word "inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	......

CHAPTER III.

I.—CARRIAGE OF OFFENSIVE GOODS.

15. The following goods shall be deemed to be offensive goods for the purposes of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, namely :— IX of 1890.

(1) Blood, dried,

(2) Bones,

(3) Carcases of dead animals,

(4) Corpses,

(5) Municipal or street sweepings or refuse,

(6) Manures of any kind, except chemical manures,

(7) Rags, other than oily rags,

(8) Any decayed animal or vegetable matter.

16. Unless it be otherwise notified by the Railway Administration, consignments of offensive goods will only be accepted for conveyance by rail, subject to the following conditions, namely :—

(1) that the loading, unloading and handling of the offensive goods is done by the consignors and consignees or their servants ;

(2) that freight is prepaid by the consignor.

II.—CARRIAGE OF DANGEROUS GOODS.

17. In addition to explosives, as defined in section 4 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, the following goods shall be deemed to be dangerous goods for the purposes of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 : IV of 1884. IX of 1890.

I.—Inflammable Liquids—

Class A. Liquids the vapours of which have flashing points below 76° Fahr.

Class B Liquids the vapours of which have flashing points at 76° Fahr., and higher temperatures

Proviso (1). In ascertaining the flashing point of petroleum for the purposes of this rule, regard shall be had to the proviso to section 2 (*b*) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899. VIII of 1899.

Proviso (2). Lubricating oils having a flashing point at or above 200° Fahr. shall not be deemed to be dangerous goods for the purposes of this rule.

II.—Dangerous, Corrosive and Poisonous Chemicals.

III.—Miscellaneous dangerous articles.

18. The transport by rail of explosives, as defined in section 4 of the Indian Explosives Act, 1884, is regulated by rules made by the Government of India under that Act. Nothing in these rules applies to such explosives. IV of 1884.

19. The dangerous goods specified in Schedule I shall only be accepted for conveyance by rail or be conveyed by rail, subject to rules 20 to 35 below and in accordance with the conditions set forth in Schedule I against each specified class of goods.

20. No dangerous goods, other than those specified in Schedule I hereto annexed, shall be accepted for conveyance by rail.

21. There is no restriction as to the maximum quantity of dangerous goods which may be despatched by goods train, but such goods shall be loaded in iron-covered vehicles. The carriage of dangerous goods in the same goods vehicle

with explosives or ordinary merchandise is prohibited, except where otherwise stated in column 4 of Schedule I.

22. Notwithstanding anything contained in rule 19, a Railway Administration may notify that it will not convey by rail for the public any particular dangerous goods specified in Schedule I. After the issue of such a notice no such dangerous goods shall be accepted for conveyance or despatch on any railway of the said Railway Administration.

23. Dangerous goods shall be carefully handled and shall not be stored in any of the Railway Administration's enclosed sheds or warehouses.

24. Only one kind of dangerous goods and no other kind of goods shall be put into one case, except that different articles of "Inflammable Liquids—Class A" may be packed together.

25. Subject to any exceptions from time to time notified by the Railway Administration, no consignment of dangerous goods shall be accepted for conveyance by rail, unless previous notice of the intention to send such consignment has been given as prescribed in rule 26, and unless the officer in charge of the station from which it is proposed to despatch the consignment has intimated, in writing, that the consignment can be received.

26. The notice required by rule 25 shall be addressed to the officer in charge of the station from which the goods are to be despatched and it shall be sent at least 48 hours before the consignment is sent upon such railway, unless a shorter period is prescribed by the Railway Administration concerned. It shall contain a statement of the following particulars, namely :—

(1) The name and quantity of the dangerous goods in the consignment;

(2) the name and address of the consignor;

(3) the name and address of the consignee;

(4) a declaration that the goods are packed in accordance with the directions contained in Schedule I.

27. No consignment of dangerous goods shall be despatched by rail unless the consignor has executed—

(1) a consignment note on the form set forth in Schedule II of these rules, and

(2) if the goods are booked at owner's risk, a risk note in Form D or in Form G, as set forth in Schedule III of these rules.

28. No consignment of Compressed Gases shall be accepted for conveyance by rail unless the consignor also furnishes a certificate in the form set forth in Schedule IV of these rules.

29. If, upon the arrival of any dangerous goods at their destination, the consignee does not take delivery of and remove the same within the time notified by the Railway Administration, they may be kept in the vehicle in which they were carried until delivery is effected, or until they are disposed of under the provisions of section 56 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, or otherwise. IX of 1890.

30. Unless it be otherwise notified by the Railway Administration, the loading, unloading and handling of all dangerous goods shall be done by consignors and consignees or their servants.

31. All handling of dangerous goods shall be done by daylight, provided that dangerous goods carried in passenger, mixed, tranship or road van trains may be handled at any time of the day or night.

32. Unless it be otherwise notified by the Railway Administration, the freight on all consignments of dangerous goods shall be prepaid.

33. It shall be the duty of every officer in charge of a station to cause every package of dangerous goods, which it is proposed to despatch by rail or which has been received at any station for transhipment or delivery to the

consignee, to be stored at a safe distance from the station buildings, either in a covered vehicle or completely covered with tarpaulin or such other suitable material, so that it may not be exposed to the sun, and if necessary, to be protected by a police guard.

34. Every railway servant despatching any consignment of dangerous goods by rail shall certify on the invoice that the consignor has complied with rule 27, and, where the consignment consists of Compressed Gases, that the certificate required by rule 28 has been furnished by the consignor.

35. A " Dangerous " label, *i.e.*, a white label with a red cross on it, shall be affixed to both sides of every vehicle in which dangerous goods are stored for delivery or transit and such vehicle shall always be kept locked and sealed.

36. In times of great public emergency, the quantities prescribed in column 5 of Schedule I may, in the case of Government consignments, be exceeded and vehicles containing dangerous goods, the property of Government, may, at the special request, in writing, of the local military authorities, or of the Director-General of Ordnance in India, or of the Directors under his control, or of the Assistant Director of Stores or of the Senior Ordnance Officer (including a Superintendent of Factories), be attached to mixed or passenger trains, it being left to the Railway Authorities to arrange for the safest method of despatch. All such certificates shall be submitted subsequently to the Agent or Manager of the railway, by the Railway Official concerned, for information.

37. The application of these rules to goods tendered or delivered for carriage by order or on behalf of Government or to any goods which any officer, soldier, sailor or police-officer or person enrolled as a volunteer under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869, may take with him on a railway in the course of his employment or duty as such, shall be subject to the limitations imposed by section 59, sub-section (5) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890.

XX of 1869.
IX of 1890.

38. No person shall smoke or take or leave any naked light, unprotected lamp or inflammable article near any vehicles containing dangerous goods, or near any place where such goods are stored or are being loaded, unloaded or handled. Any person committing a breach of this rule shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

39. Any person despatching dangerous goods—

(1) in contravention of any of the above rules, or

(2) otherwise than in accordance with the rules set forth in Schedule I, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

Description of goods.	The Indian Ordnance and Medical Departments and the Stores Department of the India Office, are exempt from the rules in this column, provided that a written declaration of the contents of the package is given by a duly authorized officer, and that it is certified on the consignment note that the goods have been packed in accordance with the departmental regulations relating to the packing of such goods. General packing regulations.	Supplementary packing, transport, loading and unloading regulations. [Every package of dangerous goods shall be marked in conspicuous characters with the name of the article or articles which it contains.]	Conditions under which and amount which may be carried. By goods train. [Normally, no restrictions as to quantity, and iron covered vehicles shall be used.]	By mixed or passenger train. [Normally, dangerous goods may only be sent in wagons by mixed train where no goods trains are running.]
1	2	3	4	5
I.—INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS. CLASS A. *iquids the vapours of which have flashing points below 76° Fahr. (subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act of 1899).*				
ethyl Alcohol ... ... isulphide of Carbon ... ollodion ther ... ... thyl Alcohol or Absolute Alcohol.	Must be well secured in stoneware jars or glass-stoppered bottles standing upright in cases with sloping covers, or in metal vessels made of tin or copper, provided with screw stoppers or corked with caps, covering their mouths, soldered on. In the case of boxes containing these liquids the inside packing must be of straw, chaff, or saw-dust, mixed with coal, wood ashes, chalk or sand.	The gross weight of each package must not exceed 2 maunds. The words "highly inflammable" must be distinctly marked on each package by the sender.	......	...
myl Alcohol or Fusel Oil ...	Must be securely packed in strong tins or in bottles corked and sealed which must be enclosed in wooden boxes. If bottles are used they must be packed in straw or saw-dust.			
enzine or Benzole ... enzoline or Gasoline ... erosine Oil, dangerous, i.e., having a flashing point below 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899. otor Car Spirit ... otor Spirit ... ... aphtha, Mineral ... etrol ... ... etroleum and other hydro-carbon oils, dangerous, i.e., having a flashing point below 76° Fahr., subject to the proviso in section 2 (b) of the Indian Petroleum Act, 1899.	(i) In drums or receptacles of not more than forty gallons capacity. (ii) The drums or receptacles containing the goods must be made of gas-tight tinned or galvanized sheet iron, steel or lead plate, and fitted with well made filling holes and well fitting screw plugs, or with screwcap or other cap with metal air-tight under-cap and they must be packed in strong wooden cases, the thickness of the wood to be not less than three-eighths of an inch; provided that wood cases shall not be necessary where the drums or receptacles are made of tinned or galvanized sheet iron or steel and have the following thickness of metal:— Not less than. (1) When the capacity does not exceed 2 gallons . 27 B. W. G. (2) When the capacity exceeds 2 but does not exceed 4 gallons . 22 B. W. G. (3) When the capacity exceeds 4 but does not exceed 8 gallons . 20 B. W. G.	None of these articles shall be accepted unless sender produces a license: provided that a license shall not be required for quantities not exceeding three gallons if placed in separate glass, stoneware or metal vessels, each of which contains not more than a pint and is securely stoppered, and if these vessels are securely packed in other receptacles. In the case of all "Kerosine Oil" and all "Petroleum and other hydro-carbon oils," senders to declare on the consignment note whether the flashing point is below, or at or above, 76° Fahr., and the railway staff to enter the same on the railway receipt and invoice. Tanks of motor cars and motor cycles, when tendered for carriage, should be examined to see that they are empty, thoroughly clean and free from vapour.	Must be despatched in through vehicles to destination or to junction at break of gauge. Other commodities, which are not explosives and not dangerous goods, may be loaded in the same vehicle with these liquids, provided that they are well separated from them.	By brake-van of mixed or passenger train in drums or receptacles of not more than four gallons capacity up to a limit of twelve gallons in one train. The drums or receptacles must be carried in the rear brake-van which should be well ventilated. They must be placed as far as possible from other packages in the brake-van.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 15th June, 1912.

No. 4512-78.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to make the following promotions and reversion in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. G. W. Talbot ...	Superintendent	Director, 4th Class.	Officiating ...	4th April 1912.
Mr. C. W. Sowerby-Coo ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	10th May 1912.
Mr. G. W. Talbot ...	Director, 4th Class, Officiating.	Superintendent	Reversion ...	10th May 1912.

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th June 1912.

REWARDS.

ORDER OF BRITISH INDIA.

No. 562.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotions in, and appointments to, the Order of British India, with effect from the dates specified :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of " Sardar Bahadur ".

1. Risaldar-Major Ali Haidar Khan, *Bahadur*, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Amir Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 13th Bombay Infantry, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
2. Subadar Ghulam Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Nawab Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 66th Punjabis, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
3. Risaldar-Major Sardar Janmeja Singh, *Bahadur*, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Ramchandar Sawant, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 3rd Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 5th February 1912.
4. Subadar Sital Sing Lama, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Abhiman Sing Gurung, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 1st Battalion, 10th Gurkha Rifles, deceased. Dated 3rd April 1912.
5. Subadar-Major Devasahayam, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Samuel Isaac, *Sardar Bahadur*, late 3rd Bombay Infantry, deceased. Dated 5th May 1912.
6. Subadar Alahdad Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry. Dated 14th June 1912.
7. Subadar-Major Dost Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 106th Hazara Pioneers. Dated 14th June 1912.

8. Subadar Nathu Sing Sunar, *Bahadur*, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles. Dated 14th June 1912.
9. Subadar Jwala Singh, *Bahadur*, 32nd Sikh Pioneers. Dated 14th June 1912.
10. Subadar Shaikh Ibrahim, *Bahadur*, 116th Mahrattas. Dated 14th June 1912.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur".

1. Subadar-Major Wazir Khan, 99th Deccan Infantry, *vice* Risaldar-Major Ali Haidar Khan, *Bahadur*, 38th King George's Own Central India Horse, promoted. Dated 13th December 1911.
2. Subadar Kanha, 37th Dogras, *vice* Subadar Ghulam Muhammad, *Bahadur*, 27th Punjabis, promoted. Dated 13th December 1911.
3. Subadar-Major Amar Sing Negi, 1st Battalion, 39th Garhwal Rifles, *vice* pensioned Subadar Ramaya Bhumaya, late 3rd Sappers and Miners, deceased. Dated 13th December 1911.
4. Subadar-Major Atar Singh, I.O.M., 47th Sikhs, *vice* Risaldar-Major Sardar Janmeja Singh, *Bahadur*, 21st Prince Albert Victor's Own Cavalry (Frontier Force) (Daly's Horse), promoted. Dated 5th February 1912.
5. Subadar-Major Basawa Singh, 92nd Punjabis, *vice* Subadar Sital Sing Lama, *Bahadur*, 2nd Battalion, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles), promoted. Dated 3rd April 1912.
6. Subadar-Major Dayal Singh, 102nd King Edward's Own Grenadiers, *vice* pensioned Subadar-Major Kasi Ram Baneh, *Bahadur*, late 4th Bombay Rifles, deceased. Dated 1st May 1912.
7. Subadar Kamal Khan, I.O.M., 54th Sikhs (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar-Major Devasahayam, *Bahadur*, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, promoted. Dated 5th May 1912.
8. Risaldar Sahaj Ram, 7th Hariana Lancers, *vice* Subadar Alahdad Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, promoted. Dated 14th June 1912.
9. Subadar Madaman, 57th Wilde's Rifles (Frontier Force), *vice* Subadar Jwala Singh, *Bahadur*, 32nd Sikh Pioneers, promoted. Dated 14th June 1912.
10. Risaldar Mir Jafar Khan, I.O.M., 9th Hodson's Horse. Dated 14th June 1912.
11. Subadar-Major Bachitar Singh, 31st Punjabis. Dated 14th June 1912.
12. Risaldar-Major Ghulam Muhiuddin Khan, 17th Cavalry. Dated 14th June 1912.
13. Subadar Jahandad Khan, 40th Pathans. Dated 14th June 1912.
14. Risaldar Ahmad Khan, 20th Lancers (Deccan Horse). Dated 14th June 1912.
15. Subadar Govindaraju, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners. Dated 14th June 1912.
16. Risaldar-Major Thakur Zalim Singh, 3rd Skinner's Horse. Dated 14th June 1912.
17. Subadar-Major Harjalu, 52nd Sikhs (Frontier Force). Dated 14th June 1912.

No. 563.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion in, and appointments to, the Order of British India among Indian Officers of Frontier Militia Corps and Military Police, with effect from the 14th June 1912 :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of "Sardar Bahadur".

Subadar-Major Tor Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of "Bahadur".

Subadar-Major Harnam Singh, Burma Military Police, *vice* Subadar-Major Tor Khan, *Bahadur*, I.O.M., Northern Waziristan Militia, promoted.

Subadar Kochi Ram, Khyber Rifles.

Subadar-Major Jasbahadur Thapa, Burma Military Police.

No. 564.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the following promotion in, and appointments to, the Order of British India among Indian Officers of the Imperial Service Troops, with effect from the 14th June 1912 :—

To the 1st Class, with the title of " Sardar Bahadur".

Major-General Sardar Bakshish Singh, Military Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Patiala.

This appointment will be supernumerary to the authorised establishment.

To the 2nd Class, with the title of " Bahadur ".

1. Major Ganeshi Lal, Bharatpur Imperial Service Infantry.
2. Sardar Pooran Singh, Commander-in-Chief of the Kapurthala State Imperial Service Troops.
3. Kanhai Parshad Dube, Assistant Commandant, Sirmur State Imperial Service Sappers.
4. Major Lutf Ali Khan, Commandant, Indore State Imperial Service Transport Corps.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 565.—His Majesty the King-Emperor has been graciously pleased to confer the honorary rank of Major in the Army upon Nawab Muhammad Nasrulla Khan, eldest son of Her Highness the Begum of Bhopal.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 566.—With reference to Army Department Notification No. 524, dated the 7th June 1912, the following appointments are made, *vice* the Hon'ble Major-General Sir M H. S. Grover, K.C.I.E , C.B., Secretary to the Government of India, Army Department, proceeding on combined leave, with effect from the 16th June 1912 :—

Colonel B Holloway, Indian Army, Deputy Secretary, to officiate as Secretary;

Major A. H. O. Spence, 39th King George's Own Central India Horse, Assistant Secretary, to officiate as Deputy Secretary ; and

Major R. B. Graham, 33rd Punjabis, to officiate as Assistant Secretary.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 567.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel W. A. L. Cowie, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner, North-West Frontier Province, for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 568.—The services of Major W. G. Hodgson, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 569.—The services of Captain W. D. Reid, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

No. 570.—The services of Captain E. A. Trafford, Indian Army, have been placed at the disposal of the Government of the United Provinces for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 571.—The following extracts are published for general information :—

" London Gazette," dated the 24th May 1912, pages 3794, 3795, 3796, 3797 and 3798.

* * * * * * * *

War Office,

24th May 1912.

REGULAR FORCES.

* * * * * * * *

MEMORANDA.

The dates of promotion to the rank of Colonel of the undermentioned Officers, Indian Army, is as now given, and not as stated in the Gazettes of 26th March and 17th May 1912 :—

Charles V. Mainwaring, 3rd October 1911.
Frederick A. Hoghton, 23rd October 1911.
Nigel G. Woodyatt, 25th October 1911.
Charles A. Fowler, D.S.O., 12th November 1911.
Thomas A. Harrison, 12th November 1911.
Alexander H. Eustace, D.S.O., 1st December 1911.
Alexander S. Cobbe, V.C., D.S.O., 2nd December 1911.
William H. Millar, 26th December 1911.
Charles M. Cartwright, 1st January 1912.

* * * * * * * *

Commissary and Honorary Captain George W. Gurr, Indian Ordnance Department, is granted the honorary rank of Major. Dated 25th May 1912.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
May 24, 1912.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army, Indian Medical Service, and Indian Army Departments :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Captain to be Major.

John Grattan, 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force). Dated 18th April 1912.

Lieutenants to be Captains.

Dated 22nd March 1912.

Montague Sheridan Young, 14th Murray's Jat Lancers.

Dated 25th March 1912.

Harry George Claude Hynes, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

Dated 22nd April 1912.

John Arthur Claude Kreyer, 28th Light Cavalry.

Edward Dorling Roberts, 11th Rajputs.

Ronald Despard Davies, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Wilfrid Richardson Peacock Henry, 12th Cavalry.

William Alexander Hagger, 126th Baluchistan Infantry.

Henry Victor Reynolds, 82nd Punjabis.

Llewelyn Griffith, 107th Pioneers.

Eustace Jotham, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force).

Horace Gough Turner, 106th Hazara Pioneers.

Henry Godwyn Sutton, 42nd Deoli Regiment.

John Cyril Spitta, 88th Carnatic Infantry.

Arthur John Herbert Chope, 2nd King Edward's Own Gurkha Rifles (The Sirmoor Rifles).

Hubert Edward Peter Dyke Acland, 11th King Edward's Own Lancers (Probyn's Horse).

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Lieutenant-Colonel to be Colonel.

Arthur Owen Evans. Dated 21st November 1911.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

To be Assistant Commissary with the Honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor James Brookes. Dated 8th September 1908.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 5th and 11th June 1912.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
					Rs. A. P.	
Harold George Chippindall.*	Lieutenant	Royal Engineers	10th September 1911.	Intestate	1,864 13 6	13th August 1912.
Robin Burn Strickland Dunlop.†	Captain	27th Light Cavalry	3rd April 1912.	Intestate	745 9 8	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bombay.
Charles Septimus Pike ‡	Captain	107th Pioneers	1st March 1912.	Testate	649 13 9	Claims should be submitted to the Administrator-General of Bombay.

* *Next-of-kin.—Father.*—Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Chippindall, R.E., (retired).
Address.—Fairbank Cottage, Kirkby Lonsdale, England.

† *Widow.*—Mrs. Gladys Sybil Dunlop.
Address.—13, Lansdown Crescent, Cheltenham, England.
Father.—A. Dunlop, M.D.
Address.—Belgrave House, Jersey.

‡ *Widow.*—Mrs. Dorothy Mary Pike.
Address.—7, Hexham Gardens, Kensington, W.
Brother.—Captain W. N. Pike.
Address.—East York Regiment, Junior A. and N. Club, Horse Guards Avenue, Whitehall, S.W.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 14th June 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 33.—The following appointment is made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 23rd April 1912 :—

To be an Assistant Engineer.

Percival Russell Wale.

RETIREMENTS.

No. 34.—The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, with effect from the 13th April 1912 :—

Commander A. W. McArthur, Royal Indian Marine.

No. 35.—Marine Department Notification No. 26, dated the 23rd May 1912, is hereby cancelled.

M. H. S. GROVER, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 13th June, 1912.

No. 67.—Mr. J. D'Cunha, Traffic Inspector, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 19th April 1912, and until further orders.

No. 68.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 184, dated the 7th July 1911, Mr. W. R. Bain, Officiating Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, reverted to his substantive appointment of Superintendent of the office of the Traffic Superintendent of that railway on the 5th February 1912 and again officiated as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway from the 17th February 1912 to the 21st March 1912.

No. 69.—Mr. W. R. Bain, Superintendent of the office of the Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that railway, with effect from the 18th April 1912, and until further orders.

No. 70.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendents in class III, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, and posted to the railway noted against their names :—

Mr. John Wilmot Henderson ...	North Western Railway.
Syed Ali Hamid ...	Eastern Bengal Railway.
Sheikh Moizuddin ..	Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

The 14th June, 1912.

No. 72.—The services of Major H. A. L. Hepper, R.E., who is lent to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 31st March 1912.

No. 73—Captain W. K. Russell, R.E., Executive Engineer, is transferred from the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway to the North-Western Railway.

No. 74.—Mr. E. Verrieres, Executive Engineer, is transferred from the North-Western Railway to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 75.—Mr. N. C. Haldar, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed, as a temporary measure, to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent of that Railway, in class I, with effect from the 9th May 1912, *vice* Major H. A. Cameron, R.E., Deputy Traffic Superintendent, granted combined leave.

Notification No. 32, dated the 3rd May 1912, is hereby cancelled.

No. 76.—Mr. A. T. Stowell, District Traffic Superintendent, North-Western Railway, in class II, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in class I with effect from the 18th April 1912, *vice* Mr. V. H. Boalth, Officiating Deputy Traffic Superintendent, granted combined leave.

Notification No. 20, dated the 19th April 1912, is hereby cancelled.

No. 77.—The services of Mr. E. A. S Bell, Executive Engineer, State Railways, are lent to the Mysore Darbar, with effect from the 3rd June 1912.

The 13th June, 1912.

No. 71.—The following is published for general information :—

No. 1025-R.T., dated the 10th June 1912.

RESOLUTION—By the Railway Board.

Revision of Chapter III and Appendix A, Part II, and consequent amendments in Chapters II and IV, Part II, of the General Rules for working open lines of railway.—Revised rules to regulate the packing and carriage by railway in India of offensive and dangerous goods, and penalties for the breaches, and re-numbering, of certain rules.

RESOLUTION.—The rules regulating the packing and carriage by railway in India of offensive and dangerous goods, which are contained in Chapter III and in Appendix A, Part II, of the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway, having been found to require modification, the Railway Board,

in consultation with the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India and the Secretary, Indian Railway Conference Association, revised and re-arranged them; and with their Notification No. 305, dated the 17th November 1911, they published a draft of the revised rules, for criticism, in Part I of the *Gazette of India* of the 18th idem.

2. The criticisms which have been received have been carefully considered by the Railway Board, in consultation with the Chief Inspector of Explosives in India, and, the rules have been further revised, where necessary, in the light of the suggestions made.

3. The revision of the rules in Chapter III, Part II, of the General Rules also necessitates a modification of rule 33 (1) and (2) of Chapter IV, Part II, which provides for penalties for breaches of rule 9 of Chapter II and of rules 20, 21 and 22 of Chapter III, Part II, as well as the re-numbering of the rules in Chapter IV, Part II.

4. In exercise, therefore, of the powers conferred by the notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, the Railway Board sanction, under section 47, sub-section (3) of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in supersession of the existing rules contained in Chapter III and in Appendix A, Part II, of the General Rules of 1906 for working open lines of railway and of all other rules made in this behalf, the adoption by the administrations of all lines of railway in British India administered by the Government and for the time being used for the public carriage of passengers, animals or goods, of the accompanying revised rules in enclosure No. 1 to this Resolution, declaring for the purposes of the said Act what shall be deemed to be dangerous or offensive goods and regulating the carriage of such goods. The Railway Board similarly sanction the adoption by the administrations of the railways referred to above of the amendments in Chapters II and IV, Part II of the General Rules, which are set forth in enclosure No. 2 to this Resolution.

5. The Railway Board also desire that the administrations of the several railways not administered by Government will submit formal application for the adoption of the said revised rules and the amendments on their respective lines.

ORDER.—Ordered that this circular, with the accompanying revised rules and the amendments, be published under a notification in Part I of the *Gazette of India*, as required by section 47, sub-section (3), of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and that a copy thereof be kept open for inspection at railway stations as directed by sub-section (6) of the same section; also that a copy of this circular and of its enclosures be communicated to the Local Governments and Administrations and to the Officers noted on the margin,* for information and necessary action, and to the Local Governments and Administrations and to the Officers noted on the margin,† for information; and to the Department of Commerce and Industry, the Army and Legislative Departments of the Government of India, for information.

* The Government of Bombay, Political Department.
The Government of Bengal, Railway and Marine Departments.
The Governments of the United Provinces and Bihar and Orissa, Public Works Department.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General for Rajputana.
The Agents, Assam-Bengal, Barsi Light, Bengal and North-Western, Bengal-Nagpur, Bombay, Baroda and Central India, Burma, East Indian, Great Indian Peninsula, Madras and Southern Mahratta, Rohilkund and Kumaon, and South Indian Railways.
The Agent and Manager, His Highness the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railways (through the Hon'ble the Resident at Hyderabad).
The Managers and Engineers-in-Chief, Bengal-Dooars, Gondal-Porbandar, Jamnagar and Junagad Railways.
The Manager and Executive Engineer, Morvi Railway.
The Manager, Bhavnagar Railway.

† The Governments of Madras and the Punjab, Public Works Department.
The Government of Bombay, Public Works Department.
The Government of Burma, Commerce and Industry Department.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore and Chief Commissioner, Coorg.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General in the North-West Frontier Province.
The Managers, North Western, Oudh and Rohilkhand and Eastern Bengal Railways.
The Senior Government Inspectors of Railways, Circles Nos. 1 to 7.
The Secretary, Indian Railway Conference Association.
The Chief Inspector of Explosives in India.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.

[Enclosure No. 1 to Railway Department (Railway Board) Resolution No. 1025 R.T., dated the 10th June 1912.]

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 801, dated the 24th March 1905, and in pursuance of section 47 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890, [IX of 1890.] and in supersession of all previous rules on the same subject, the Railway Board hereby make for the railways in British India administered by the Government the following general rules declaring for the purposes of the said Act what shall be deemed to be dangerous or offensive goods and regulating the carriage of such goods.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1912.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART II.

Notifications by High Court, Comptroller General, etc.

GAZETTE OF INDIA.

NOTICE.

The 14th March 1912.

From the 6th April next till further notice, Parts I, IV, V and VI of the *Gazette of India* and the Weather and Crop Report will be published at Simla. After the 30th March all notifications and other matter intended for publication in those Parts should be addressed to the Officiating Publisher at Simla.

Attention is invited to the following Circular Memorandum of the Government of India, Home Department, of August 1901 :—

" It has been brought to the notice of this Department that matter for the *Gazette of India* is sometimes sent to the Press late on Friday evenings for publication in the next day's *Gazette*, and that this involves considerable inconvenience to the Press and expense to Government. In the Circular Memorandum of this Department, No. 777—79, dated 9th February 1870, the Government of India directed that all notifications or other matter intended for insertion in the *Gazette of India* should be delivered at the Press not later than 2 P.M. on Friday, and that any papers sent thereafter must be certified to be extremely urgent in order to ensure their appearance in the next day's *Gazette*. The undersigned is directed to request that these orders may be more strictly observed in future, and that Departments will refrain from sending to the Press as extremely urgent any papers which can without harm or inconvenience be held over for the next *Gazette*."

J. P. HEWETT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

Rates of subscription.	Per annum. R	a.	p.
Subscription for *Gazette* and Supplement	15	0	0
Postage	5	8	0
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Subscription for Parts IV, V, and VI, or any of them	4	0	0
Postage	2	8	0
Subscription for Supplement only	5	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
Subscription for Supplement and Part VI	6	0	0
Postage	3	0	0
For a single copy of the *Gazette* and Supplement	0	8	0
For a single copy of Parts I, II, and III, or IV, V and VI, or Supplement	0	4	0

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Postage on single copies varies according to weight.
Rules and Notifications issued under Legislative Acts, and having the force of law, may be obtained separately at, per page, 2 pice.

By order of Government, all subscriptions must be paid *in advance*.

Applications for the supply of the *Gazette* on the *public service* should be addressed to the Department of the Government of India, Local Government, Head of Department or other officer empowered in this behalf to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Complaints regarding non-receipt of any number of the *Gazette* should be forwarded within a week after the date on which it is due.

J. J. MEIKLE,

Publisher, *Gazette of India*.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

PATENTS and DESIGNS.

Calcutta, the 22nd June 1912.

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 3.

—June 10th—

288. D. Baldassare and H. Hartley. *Improvements in or relating to musical instruments.*

289. M. Mayer and W. Holwech. *Improvements in apparatus for making air-gas.*

290. A. Soro. *Improvements in and relating to means for obtaining power.*

291. C. Graaff. *Transportable fire extinguisher.*

292. W. Jackson. *Improvements in apparatus for drying tea-leaf, or other produce.*

293. W. N. Dennison. *Improvements relating to talking machines.*

294. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements relating to talking machines.*

295. A. C. Diehl. *Improvements relating to talking machines.*

296. J. C. English. *Improvements in or relating to talking machines.*

297. N. de Bothezat. *Aeroplane having automatic stability.*

—June 11th—

298. A. Lines. *Improvements in self-closing locks.*

299. A. W. Empson. *Improvements in and relating to fluxes and the like.*

300. J. E. Anderson. *Improvements in steam superheaters.*

301. S. Block. *Improvements in regenerating burnt out electric filament lamps.*

—June 12th—

302. H. S. Hele-Shaw and F. L. Martineau. *Improvements in hydraulic transmission apparatus.*

—June 14th—

303. J. R. Anderson and A. W. Oates. *Adjustable noiseless hub of wheels.*

—June 15th—

304. J. Affleck-Robertson and W. A. Gilbert. *The Affleck-Robertson and Gilbert tea gathering machine and hedge or border trimmer.*

305. H. L. Mandal. *Improvements in toggle lever type jute baling press.*

APPLICATIONS ACCEPTED AND ADVERTISED UNDER SECTION 6.

Notice is hereby given that all persons interested in opposing the grant of a Patent on any one of the applications, referred to below, may at any time within three months of the date of this *Gazette of India* give notice at the Patent Office in the prescribed form No. 5 of such opposition.

Printed copies of the specifications in the following list will be on sale at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, within about three weeks.

Any one desiring a copy posted to an address in British India should send to the Patent Office the sum of annas eight by money order on which the number of the application should be stated on the coupon at the foot of the order.

127. P. Girard and J. Sonnery. *A process and machine for the production of artificial fibres.*

156. J. S. Campbell. *Improvements in the treatment of seaweed in the production of artificial rubber, artificial leather and the like substances.*

217. W. A. Freymuth. *Improvements in receptacles for drawing water, known as "mhotes" or "chursas."*

230. J. Begg. *Improvements in hoppers for spreading tea leaf and the like.*

248. J. A. Olsen and H. Petrie. *A new or improved boat lowering gear and releasing apparatus connected therewith.*

251. S. W. Bonsall. *Improvements in rotary drying apparatus.*

257. B. Chapiro. *Improved process for rendering fabrics and paper "solid" and impervious.*

258. Postum Cereal Co., Ld. *Beverage extracts.*

262. E. J. Faraday. *Improvements in power operated portable hammers for use with percussive tools for rivetting, caulking, chipping and the like.*

PRINTED SPECIFICATIONS PUBLISHED.

12th June 1912.

Printed copies of the undernoted specifications may be purchased at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, annas eight each :—

161. A. M. Sayad, V. R. Kokatnur, G. M. Chiplunker, G. N. Sahasrabuddhe and D. L. Sahasrabuddhe. *The Bharat steam cooker.*

171. H. D. H. DaCosta. *An improved method for the preparation of red ferric-oxide paint and the like from other natural earth pigments from the crude ores.*

216. Vickers, Limited. *Improvements in means for supplying liquid fuel to internal combustion engines.*

222. American Sign Company. *Signs.*

225. G. Ranson. *Improvements in the manufacture of oxide of zinc by direct extraction from its minerals or compounds.*

226. J. A. Snee. *Method of obtaining carbon or lamp black.*

227. J. H. Corthesy and W. K. L. Dickson. *Improvements in turbines.*

SEALING FEES DUE UNDER SECTION 10.

Notice is hereby given that a patent may now be sealed on the applications referred to below. If it is desired that a patent should be sealed, a request on the prescribed form No. 7, accompanied by the fee, R30, should be sent to the Controller of Patents, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :—

15. Lassen.
24. Stock.
64. Mooraj.
67. Pilkington, Whittaker, Bradshaw and Briggs.
69. Braun.

PATENTS SEALED.

10. Simpson and Oviatt.
17. Brown.
18. Brown.
19. Reynaud.
20. Belanger Spinning Process Co.
21. Friedman.
23. Shepherd.
28. Shaw.
30. Richardson.
31. Lindqvist.
33. Hill.
37. Shepherd.
38. Pilkington, Whittaker, Bradshaw and Briggs.
39. Citoplate Gesellschaft mit beschrankter Haftung.

SPECIFICATIONS FILED (1888 ACT).

Specifications of the under-mentioned inventions have been filed, under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act of 1888, in the office of the Secretary appointed under that Act, and copies have been sent to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, and Burma and the Director of Industries, Cawnpore, United Provinces of Agra and Oudh. These and other specifications are open to public inspection, from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M. daily and Saturdays 11 A.M. to 1 P.M. at the Patent Office, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta, on payment of a fee of one rupee, and a certified copy of any one of them will be supplied on payment of the fixed expenses of copying.

No. 370 of 1911.—Minerals Separation, Limited. *Improvements in and relating to the concentration of ores.* (Specification filed 28 May 1912.)

No. 498 of 1911.—W. D. Douglas-Jones. *Improvements in and relating to carts and wagons adapted more especially for military use.* (Specification filed 5 June 1912.)

No. 536 of 1911.—G. A. Praed. *A new or improved object indicator, rectangulating device and range finder for military, sporting or other purposes.* (Specification filed 5 June 1912.)

No. 539 of 1911.—J. Tanne and J. Fluss. *An improved soap and process for manufacturing the same.* (Specification filed 4 June 1912.)

No. 545 of 1911.—F. Lobnitz. *Improvements in navigable rock cutters.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 561 of 1911.—H. E. Gresham. *Improvements in injectors.* (Specification filed 25 May 1912.)

No. 584 of 1911. A. W. Southey. *Improvements in and relating to the production of gaseous fuel.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 585 of 1911.—R. F. Colborne. *Improvements in combined lavatory and passenger compartment railway cars or carriages.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 599 of 1911.—S. Milne. *Improved method of and means for treating bamboo preparatory to making it into pulp.* (Specification filed 5 June 1912.)

No. 602 of 1911.—R. Thomson and W. A. Thomson. *Improvements in ferro-concrete floors.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 603 of 1911.—R. Thomson and W. A. Thomson. *Improvements in the reinforcement of columns, ferro-concrete pillars and the like.* (Specification filed 1 June 1912.)

No. 663 of 1911.—J. Ashford and S. Leggett. *Pneumatic or buoyancy weir shutters.* (Specification filed 5 June 1912.)

No. 664 of 1911.—J. Ashford. *Improvements in and relating to the mechanism for raising and lowering sluice gates.* (Specification filed 4 June 1912).

No. 755 of 1911.—J. N. Curtis, and E. D. Sampson. *Improvements in brake apparatus for railway vehicles and the like.* (Specification filed 8 June 1912.)

RENEWAL FEES PAID.

108 of 1900. Brown. (To 11 October 1913.)

444 of 1900. Begg. (To 2 July 1913.)

73 of 1903. Hodgkinson. (To 29 July 1913.)

225 of 1903. The Consolidated Railway Electric Lighting and Equipment Co. (To 21 July 1913.)

246 of 1903. Ruping. (To 18 November 1913.)

542 of 1904. Lundholm. (To 7 July 1913.)

128 of 1905. Jellett. (To 28 July 1913).

320 of 1905. La Société Anonyme Westinghouse and Leblanc. (To 3 November 1913.)

526 of 1905. Kitson. (To 19 June 1913.)

516 of 1905. Aktien Gesellschaft fur Mechanische Holzbearbeitung A. M. Luther. (To 25 July 1913.)

581 of 1905. Angus. (To 4 July 1913.)

6 of 1906. Willson. (To 1 August 1913.)

35 of 1906. Buhne. (To 7 September 1913.)

170 of 1907. Martin. (To 19 August 1913.)

510 of 1907. Godrej. (To 1 June 1913.)

565 of 1907. American Linen Co. (To 8 September 1913.)

573 of 1907. Macpherson and Heys. (To 24 June 1913.).

589 of 1907. Begg. (To 14 July 1913.)

226 of 1908. Michaud and Delasson. (To 4 July 1913.)

CESSATION OF EXCLUSIVE PRIVILEGE.

1899.

331, (Marsland).

1903.

475, (Mouchel).

1905.

375, (Cosserat). 449, W. and F. Walker, Ld., and Freestone.

1907.

15, (Walters). 89, (Stockle). 377, (International Marine Signal Co., Ld.). 378, (Gillies). 379, (Friend). 380, (Riley, Spiers and Strettell). 381, (Société FranCaise Des Wagons Aerothermiques). 389, (Brooke and Fell). 522, (Briggs), 582, (Lewis Automatic Coupling Co., Ld.)

1908.

34, (Irwin). 48, (Berry).

APPLICATIONS FOR PATENTS UNDER SECTION 81.

Within three months of this advertisement any person may give notice of opposition to the conversion.

460 of 1908. D. H. Stent. *Automatically compensating the expansion and contraction caused by variations of temperature and weather in ropes, metal wires, bars or chains used in the manipulation of railway or tramway signalling, etc.*

PATENT SEALED UNDER SECTION 81.

476 of 1898. Davidson.

NOTICES.

THE PATENT OFFICE.

1, COUNCIL HOUSE STREET, CALCUTTA.

Public room, open 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.; Saturdays, 11 A.M. to 1 P.M.

1. *All communications* relating to applications for patents and for registration of designs under the Indian Patents and Designs Act (II of 1911), or in continuation of applications under the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) should be addressed to the Controller of Patents and Designs, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta. Documents sent by post should be carefully packed.

2. *Directions* for the guidance of inventors and others are given in the Indian Patents and Designs Act, 1911 (price, 10 annas), and in the Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912 (price, 2 annas). These should be consulted before an application is made to the Controller.

3. *Fees* are payable in *cash* and must be received in the Patent Office within the time allowed by the Acts. When cheques are offered in payment of fees, it must be clearly understood that the office cannot hold itself responsible for any delay that may occur in the collection of cash on the cheques ; any cheque not payable in Calcutta is subject to commission. In cases where it is not possible to have the fees handed in at the Patent Office, it is preferable to send them by money-order or postal order payable at Calcutta to the Controller of Patents and Designs, and to advise him that they have been so sent. Stamps will not be received in payment of fees.

4. *Trade and property marks* are not registered and *medicines* are not patented under the Indian Patents and Designs Act. There is no provision of Law in British India for their registration.

5. *Specifications* of inventions which have been notified in the *Gazette of India* as filed under the provisions of the Inventions and Designs Act (V of 1888) may be inspected on payment of a fee of one rupee at:—

Calcutta—Patent Office, 1, Council House Street.
Madras—Record Office, Egmore.

Bombay---Record Office.
Rangoon—Office of the Revenue Secretary to the Government.
Cawnpore—Office of the Director of Industries, United Provinces.

6. *Printed Specifications* of applications, which have been accepted, are published within about three weeks after acceptance has been notified in the *Gazette of India*. These specifications can be purchased at the Patent Office at a uniform price of 8 annas per copy and may be seen at the offices mentioned in the preceding paragraph. Arrangements are also being made to place these specifications at various public libraries and institutions, so that they may be inspected on application free of charge. A preliminary list is as follows :—

Bangalore—Indian Institute of Science.
Bombay—Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Byculla.
„ —The Bombay Textile and Engineering Association, No. 1A, Sussex Road, Parel.
Calcutta—Office of the Director-General of Commercial Intelligence.
„ —Civil Engineering College, Sibpur.
Hyderabad—Revenue Department of His Highness the Nizam's Government.
Lahore—Office of the Director of Agriculture and Industries, Punjab.
London—The Patent Office, 25, Southampton Buildings, W.C.
Madras—College of Engineering.
Mysore—Office of the Secretary to Government, General and Revenue Department.
Nagpur—Victoria Technical Institute.
Poona—College of Engineering.
Roorkee—Thomason College.

7. *Publications* on sale at the Patent Office :—

		Price. R	a.
(a) The Indian Patents and Designs Act, II of 1911		0	10
(b) The Indian Patents and Designs Rules, 1912		0	2
(c) Weekly Notifications (extract from the *Gazette of India*)		0	1
Annual subscription with postage		3	0
(d) Inventions (consolidated subject-matter index 1900—1908 and Chronological lists 1900—1904)		2	0
(e) Inventions and Designs. Annual indexes for the years 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 1909, 1910, 1911	each	1	0
(f) Patent Office Journal, January to March	each	0	8
(g) Specifications of Inventions	each	0	8

H. G. GRAVES,
Controller of Patents and Designs.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS.

NOTICES.

The following books may be obtained on application from the Secretary, Board of Examiners, 1, Council House Street, Calcutta :

"Specimens of Persian Manuscripts" for the use of candidates for the Degree of Honour and High Proficiency examinations in Persian, published in facsimile by the Board of Examiners, Fort William, under the authority of the Government of India. Price R6 per copy.

For the convenience of Civil and Military officers desirous of appearing for examination in oriental languages, the Board of Examiners publish annually a collection of specimen papers set for the examination held by them.* Collections of papers for 1902-1903, 1903-1904, 1904-1905, 1905-1906, 1906-1907, 1907-1908 and 1908-1909, price R3 per copy, and for 1909-1910 and 1910-11, price R3-8 per copy, are ready for sale.

"Diwan-i-Sarkhush" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R3 per copy.

"Kalam-i-Urdu," the text-book for the Proficiency Standard in Urdu; price R2-12.

"Qaani" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R7-8 per copy.

"Diwan-i-Andalib" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency in Persian; price R4 per copy.

*N.B.—The languages in which specimen papers are published are:—
Arabic, Bengali, Hindi, Persian, Sanskrit, Urdu and Uriya.

Glossary to the "Ar-Rauzatu-z-Zakiyah," the text-book for the Higher Standard Examination in Arabic; price R6-4 per copy.

"Nazm-i-Muntakhab," one of the text-books prescribed for the Degree of Honour examination in Urdu; price R5 per copy.

"Siyahat-Nama-i-Ibrahim Beg" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the High Proficiency examination in Persian; price R5 per copy.

"Raghuvansam"—Expurgated Text (official edition), prescribed for the High Proficiency examination in Sanskrit; price R2-8.

"Akhlaq-i-Jalali" (official edition), one of the books recommended for the Degree of Honour examination in Persian; price R5-12 per copy.

C. L. PEART, Capt.,
Secretary and Member, Board of Examiners.

THOMASON CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE, ROORKEE.

NOTIFICATION.

Roorkee, the 10th June 1908.

A Registry Office for men of the undermentioned grades is kept up by the Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee. Officers and employers of labour requiring men are requested to apply to the Principal:—

1. Engineers.
2. Overseers.
3. Sub-Overseers.
4. Draftsmen and Surveyors.
5. Motor Car Drivers.
6. Engine Drivers.
7. Men trained in—
   (*a*) Photo-Mechanical and Lithographic Work.
   (*b*) Workshops (both Electrical and Mechanical sides).

E. ATKINSON, Major, R.E.,
Principal, Thomason College, Roorkee.

SULPHATE OF QUININE AND SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

Manufactured at the Bengal Government Cinchona Plantation.

These articles are guaranteed to be free from wilful admixture with other Cinchona alkaloids. Quinine can be purchased by Government officers, District and Local Boards. It can also be purchased by Missionaries for *bonâ fide* public purposes. Otherwise it is not sold to private persons or firms. Cinchonidine is for sale to Government officers and to dealers. Both Quinine and Cinchonidine are for sale for cash only and may be obtained from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates for both drugs from 1st April 1911 are as follows:—

SULPHATE OF QUININE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8-8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11-8 "

SULPHATE OF CINCHONIDINE.

	R
For quantities of not less than 6 lbs. in one delivery	8 per lb.
For any less quantity than 6 lbs. in one delivery	11 "

Quinine is sold in 1 oz., ¼ lb., ½ lb., 1 lb. and 4 lb. tins.
Cinchonidine is sold in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tins.

Carriage or postage is in addition to the above prices in every case.

DEPARTMENT OF ISSUE OF PAPER CURRENCY.

Calcutta, the 18th June 1912.

Abstract of the accounts of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency on the 15th June 1912.

	Total amount of notes in circulation.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In India.			Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In England.		Reserve. Coin and Bullion. In Transit between India and England.		Reserve. Securities (Purchase Price).		Total.	Remarks.
	In Reserve Treasuries.	Elsewhere.	Total.	Silver Coin.	Gold Coin and Bullion.*	Silver Bullion under Coinage.†	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Gold Coin and Bullion.	Silver Bullion.	Held in India.	Held in England.		
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	
	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R	R (a)	R (b)	R	
Calcutta	4,31,82,300	22,51,38,695	26,83,20,995	4,16,32,016	2,43,50,745	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	29,22,69,677	(a) Nominal value—R10,20,81,500
Cawnpore	...	2,07,67,560	2,07,67,560	1,48,63,512	66,30,195	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,14,93,707	(b) Nominal value—R4,69,26,571
Lahore	...	2,80,07,710	2,80,07,710	92,19,673	1,17,85,350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,10,05,023	
Bombay	1,29,68,340	13,37,17,905	14,66,86,245	2,91,78,291	17,46,47,174	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20,38,25,465	
Karachi	...	1,27,93,085	1,27,93,085	36,48,095	5,04,510	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	41,52,605	
Madras	1,27,05,105	6,72,87,890	7,99,92,995	1,49,36,885	1,21,89,570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,71,26,455	
Rangoon	...	5,19,23,270	5,19,23,270	1,81,43,508	1,66,43,745	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,47,87,253	
	6,88,55,745	53,96,36,115	60,84,91,860	13,16,21,980	24,67,51,289	7,86,970	8,55,00,000	...	...	...	9,99,99,946	4,00,00,000	60,46,60,185	
Deduct—Withdrawn from circulation by Foreign Circles and in course of remittance to Circle of Issue			48,91,675	*Deduct*—Amount due on Bill drawn by one circle on another									10,60,000	
Total Circulation R			60,36,00,185								Total Reserve R		60,36,00,185	

* There was no transfer of Gold between the Paper Currency Reserve and the Gold Standard Reserve during the week ending 15th June 1912.

† The Silver held in the Gold Standard Reserve amounted on the 15th June 1912 to 2,90 lakhs in coined rupees.

M. F. GAUNTLETT,
Head Commissioner of Paper Currency

STATEMENT OF SILVER OPERATIONS AT THE CALCUTTA AND BOMBAY MINTS FOR THE PERIOD FROM 8TH TO 15TH JUNE 1912.

(In Lakhs of Standard Tolas.)

Name of Mints.	Coinage of British India Government Coins.														Coinage of British Dollars.			Subsidiary Coinage for the Straits Settlements Government.		
	Receipts.				Coinage.			Balance of Bullion and Coin.												
	Purchased Silver.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins from Treasuries, etc.	Native State coins.	Total.	New rupees and small silver coins delivered to Treasuries or Currency Department.	New rupees made over to Native States.	Total.	New coin ready for delivery.	Gold Standard Reserve.	Currency Bullion.	Other Government Bullion.	Withdrawn and uncurrent coins.	Total.		Receipt of Bullion for Dollar Coinage.	Dollar coined and paid over.	Closing balance of Bullion.	Receipt of Bullion for subsidiary coinage.	Subsidiary coin coined and paid over.	Closing balance.
Calcutta	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	190	11	16	7	224		...	...	...	...	...	...
Bombay	...	1	...	1	2	...	2	...	100	...	12	14	126		...	...	...	...	...	...

W. G. R. CORDUE, Lieut.-Col., R.E.,
Master of the Mint.

HIS MAJESTY'S MINT;
Calcutta, the 18th June 1912.

BANK OF BENGAL—PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE.

Statement of Government Promissory Notes enfaced for payment of Interest in London, under deduction of amount re-transferred to India, and outstanding in the Books of the Bank of Bengal on the 15th June 1912.

PARTICULARS.	5 PER CENT. OF 1896-97.	3½ PER CENT. LOANS of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	of 1865.	of 1879.	of 1900-01.	...	TOTAL.	4 PER CENT. LOANS of 1832-33.	of 1835-36.	of 1842-43.	of 1854-55.	Transfer of 1865.	Reduced 4 per cent. Loan of 1879.	TOTAL.	4½ PER CENT. LOANS ...	TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879, 4½ PER CENT. PORTION.	TOTAL.	GRAND TOTAL.
Balance of 31st May 1912	36,24,700	1,23,23,500	6,91,93,700	1,81,77,400	92,23,900	21,78,100	...	11,10,96,600	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,48,00,333
Add—																			
Amount of transferred to in London	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount issued in London by Conversion under Notification No. 6201-A, dated 3rd November 1908, up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...			...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Madras up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Bombay up to	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amount enfaced at Calcutta between and	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...								...	...	...
Deduct—	36,24,700	1,23,23,500	6,91,93,700	1,81,77,400	92,23,900	21,78,100	...	11,10,96,600	6,933	5,000	...	500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	23,500	11,48,00,333
Amount written off in the London Registers	...	12,900	16,06,600	400	...	3,38,300	...	19,58,200	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19,58,200
Balance on 15th June 1912	36,24,700	1,23,10,600	6,75,87,100	1,81,77,000	92,23,906	28,39,800	...	10,91,38,400	6,933	5,000		500	36,600	1,500	50,533	...	28,500	28,500	11,28,42,133

NOTE.—From 9th June 1867 to 15th April 1912 Enfaced from India 12,188 lakhs, re-transferred from London 12,366 lakhs.
,, 16th April 1912 ,, 30th ,, ,, ditto 3 lakhs, ditto 8 ,,
,, 1st May ,, ,, 15th May ,, ditto ... ditto 4 ,,
,, 16th ,, ,, ,, 31st ,, ,, ditto ... ditto 14 ,,
,, 1st June ,, ,, 15th June ,, ditto ... ditto 19 ,,

12,191 lakhs. 12,411 lakhs.

PUBLIC DEBT OFFICE,
BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 18th June 1912.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

BANK OF BENGAL.

Statement of the Affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 18th June 1912.

LIABILITIES.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Capital paid up				2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund				1,80,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits at Head Office	77,54,448	12	7	1,80,13,134	8	10
Public Deposits at Branches	1,02,58,685	12	3			
Other Deposits at Head Office and Branches . . .				15,80,87,846	11	2
Bank Post Bills, etc. . .				8,95,526	6	3
Sundries				28,06,948	1	0
RUPEES .				21,78,03,455	11	3

ASSETS.

	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
Government Securities . .				2,61,58,415	0	0
Other authorized Investments				53,14,612	0	0
Loans on Government and other authorized Securities .				3,71,56,004	2	6
Accounts of Credit on Government and other authorized Securities				4,46,77,133	3	6
Bills discounted and purchased				2,95,88,674	14	3
Balances with other Banks .				30,83,761	11	7
Bullion				...		
Dead Stock				25,31,052	0	9
Stamps				11,529	1	2
Sundries				3,70,829	8	8
				14,88,92,011	10	5
Cash and Currency Notes at Head Office	*4,17,96,622	12	7	6,89,11,444	0	10
Cash and Currency Notes at Branches	†2,71,14,821	4	3			
RUPEES .				21,78,03,455	11	3

* Includes Sovs., & ½ Sovs., value	R3,40,725	0	0
† Do. do. do.	R5,08,567	8	0
	R8,49,292	8	0

By order of the Directors,

BANK OF BENGAL;
Calcutta, the 20th June 1912.

H. MITCHELL,
Offg. Chief Accountant.

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

Rate for Demand Loans 4 per cent.
Percentage 38·32.

BANK OF BENGAL.

NOTICE.

Calcutta, the 20th June 1912.

The Directors have made the following change in the Bank's European Establishment:—

Mr. A. Eager to act as Agent, Akyab Branch, *vice* Mr. P. A. Selfe transferred to Head Office.

By order of the Directors,

L. G. DUNBAR,
Secretary and Treasurer.

CINCHONA FEBRIFUGE.

Cinchona Febrifuge both in powder and in 3½-grain tablet forms can be purchased for cash only by Government officers and the general public from the Superintendent, Juvenile Jail, Alipur, Calcutta.

The rates from 1st April 1911 are:—

POWDER.

	Wholesale rate For 6 lbs. or more in one delivery.			*Retail rate* For any quantity below 6 lbs. in one delivery.		
	R	a.	p.	R	a.	p.
16-oz. tins	5	0	0	6	0	0
8 " "	2	8	0	3	0	0
4 " "	1	4	0	1	8	0

Carriage or postage extra. Cinchona Febrifuge in powder and in tablet forms is sold also by the principal Druggists in Calcutta.

SURVEY OF INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 12th June 1912.

No. 619.—Mr. H. B. Simons, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 5th grade, is granted privilege leave for 27 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 5 months and 3 days under Articles 233, 260 and 336 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 5th June 1912.

S. BURRARD, Colonel, R.E.,
Surveyor General of India.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 11 OF 1912.

In the matter of Alagari Naicker of No. 4 Dalla, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Alagari Naicker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 12 OF 1912.

In the matter of Rungasawmy Naicker of No. 4 Dalla, Rangoon.

Notice is hereby given that the order of this Court adjudging the said Rungasawmy Naicker an insolvent, pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, was annulled by an order made on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 4th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 80 OF 1912.

In the matter of Adamjee Esoofjee Patel, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition presented by Dawoodally & Co. of 31st Street, Rangoon, creditors of A. E. Patel, carried on business in fancy goods at No. 7, 26th Street, Rangoon, on the 4th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency pursuant to the provisions of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, against the said A. E. Patel was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the 4th day of June 1912.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 5th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 81 OF 1912.

In the matter of Meera Sahib, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Meera Sahib, trader, of No. 34, Crisp Street, Rangoon, on the 5th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Meera Sahib.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 82 OF 1912.

In the matter of Chinnasawmy Joseph, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinnasawmy Joseph, clerk, of 7, College Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinnasawmy Joseph.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 83 OF 1912.

In the matter of Chinnasawmy Thomas, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Chinnasawmy Thomas, clerk, of No. 7, College Street, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Chinnasawmy Thomas.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 84 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Ba Yin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Ba Yin of 140, Yegyaw Quarter, Pazundaung, Rangoon, on the 6th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Ba Yin.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 7th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 75 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Nyun, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Nyun, clerk, of No. 189, Dalhousie Street, Rangoon, on the 11th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Nyun.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 12th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 85 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Po Myin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Po Myin, meat seller of Kemendine, Rangoon, on the 10th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insol vency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Myin.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 11th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 86 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Po Ta, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Po Ta, of No. 56, 3rd Street, Rangoon, on the 11th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Ta.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 12th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 87 OF 1912.

In the matter of Saw Maung Maung, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Saw Maung Maung, clerk, of No. 57, 18th Street, Rangoon, on the 12th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Saw Maung Maung.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 88 OF 1912.

In the matter of M. A. Wadood, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by M. A. Wadood, Contractor, of 66, Sparks Street, Rangoon, on the 12th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said M. A. Wadood.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 89 OF 1912.

In the matter of Maung Po Kyin, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by Maung Po Kyin, paddy broker, 75, Upper Puzundaung, Rangoon, on the 12th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said Maung Po Kyin.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 90 OF 1912.

In the matter of E. A. Manasseh, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by E. A. Manasseh, trader and broker of Mogul Street, Rangoon, on the 13th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said E. A. Manasseh.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 13th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 92 OF 1912.

In the matter of S. C. Dhar, Insolvent.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by S. C. Dhar, 2nd grade pleader of A. 2 Shafraz Road, Rangoon, on the 14th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said S. C. Dhar.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 14th day of June 1912.

IN THE CHIEF COURT OF LOWER BURMA.

Insolvency Jurisdiction.

CASE NO. 91 OF 1912.

In the matter of A. S. Mohamed Aboobucker.

Notice is hereby given that on a petition for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909, presented by A. S. Mohamed Aboobucker, merchant of No. 34, 37th. Street, Rangoon, on the 14th day of June 1912, an order of adjudication of insolvency was made by the Chief Court of Lower Burma on the same day against the said A. S. Mohamed Aboobucker.

J. HORMASJI,
Registrar.

RANGOON;
The 14th day of June 1912.

IN THE COURT OF THE DISTRICT JUDGE.

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

INSOLVENCY PETITION NO. 11 OF 1912.

Hyder Khan, son of Hamed Khan, residing in Noah Street, Blockpally, Bangalore . . . . (petitioner).

Donti Venkatram Setty & Sons and others . . . . (creditors).

Notice, under clause 2 of section 12 of Act III of 1907, is hereby given that the above-named petitioner has applied to this Court for being declared an insolvent and that his application is posted to 26th June 1912 for hearing.

Any creditor wishing to oppose the same may appear before this Court either in person or by pleader on the said date.

A. RAMAYA PUNJA,
District Judge.

BANGALORE;
The 10th June 1912.

DIRECTOR-GENERAL, INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 13th June 1912.

No. 70.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon V. G. Mathews, L.R.C.S.I., L.A.H. (Dub)., I.S.M.D., are replaced at the disposal of the Director, Medical Services in, India, with effect from the 18th January 1911.

No. 71.—The services of No. 1160, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Lachman Singh, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Senior Medical Officer, Port Blair, with effect from the 21st May 1912.

The 15th June 1912.

No. 72.—3rd Class Assistant Surgeon W. E. F. Hart, I.S.M.D., has been granted one month's privilege leave, with effect from the 4th January 1912.

No. 73.—The services of 3rd Class Assistant Surgeon W. S. Martin, I.S.M.D., are placed at the disposal of the Government of Madras, with effect from the 23rd May 1912.

The 17th June 1912.

No. 74.—No. 1121, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Muhammad Zaki, I.S.M.D., has been granted two months' privilege leave, with effect from the 13th May 1912.

C. P. LUKIS, M.D., Surgn.-Genl.,
Director-General, Indian Medical Service.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT FORT WILLIAM IN BENGAL.

IN INSOLVENCY.

On the dates enumerated below orders were made by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the several persons below as Insolvents.

Number.	Names.	Address in Calcutta.	Description.	Date of the Adjudication	
				Month.	Year
65	Guy Liebenhals	24, Ripon Lane	Formerly a Preventive officer, at present unemployed	12th March	1912.
99	David Moses Cohen	3, Old Court House Lane	Without any occupation	13th May	1912
103	Karim Buksh Cashmere	130, Lower Chitpore Road	Dealer in shawls	22nd ,,	1912
104	Panchu Gopal Das	41, Nebutollah Lane	No occupation	25th ,,	1912.
105	Gopal Chunder Chatterjee	31, Ram Mohun Ghose's Lane.	Pleader, Small Cause Court, Calcutta.	23rd ,,	1912
106	Gobindram Seroogi	69, Shib Thakur's Gully.	Dealers in piece-goods	23rd ,,	1912
107	Mutty Lall Borooah	10, Lolit Mohun Das's Lane	Without any occupation	24th ,,	1912
108	Theo Dirkmann	6, Metcalfe Street	Assistant, Gramophone Coy, Ld	24th ,,	1912.
109	Shivadutt Roy, Jaidoyal and Mathura Dass	8, Mullick's Street	Late a dealer in piece-goods	24th ,,	1912
110	Purna Chunder Chuckerbutty	1/2, Nundoram Sen's Lane	Formerly a jute dealer, at present a clerk in the employ of Lolit Mohun Chatterjee & Co.	28th ,,	1912
111	Hari Ram	2, Bysack's Lane	At present without any employment.	28th ,,	1912
112	Woodaycurn	14, Noormall Lohia's Lane	Merchants	29th ,,	1912.
113	Dhirendra Nath Sarcar	2, Muddon Ghose's Lane	Without any employment	30th ,,	1912
114	Durga Charan Ghosh	198, Cornwallis Street	Late a Druggist, at present without any occupation	31st ,,	1912
116	Assaram and Balkissen	102, Harrison Road	Dealers in piece-goods	31st ,,	1912
117	Aroon Chunder Dutt	7, Soorti Bagan Lane	Assistant in the shop of Dino Nath Dutt.	31st ,,	1912
118	Gangadin	6, Shama Gully	Late a dealer in flour, ghee, etc at present without any employment	5th June	1912
119	Pronab Kumar Tagore	65, Pathooriaghatta Street	Without occupation	7th ,,	1912.
121	Panch Kari Bannerjee	14, Ram Mohun Saha's Lane	A Building Contractor	10th ,,	1912.
122	Bunkim Chundra Ghosh	40/1, Sri Gopal Mullick's Lane	Without occupation	10th ,,	191
124	John DeSilva	1, Cockburn's Lane	Employed in the Photo-Litho Office, Survey of India Department	10th ,,	191
125	Kumud Nath Mookerjee	131, Lower Chitpore Road	Late a Tailor, at present without any employment	10th ,,	1912
126	Nundo Lall Shaw	38/2, Lower Chitpore Road	Lately a Pleader at present without any occupation	11th ,,	1912
127	Jogendra Nath Bannerjee	50/1, College Street	Dealer in hardware and plumbering materials	11th ,,	191
128	Asmond Nicholas Devereux	25, Free School Street	Assistant, Messrs Brown and Co	12th ,,	1912
129	Charles Alexander Pascal	14, Lower Circular Road	Without any occupation	12th ,,	1912

NOTE.—All debts due to the estate should be paid to me.

C. E. GREY,
Official Assignee of Calcutta.

CALCUTTA,
The 18th day of June 1912.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

IN INSOLVENCY.

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909).

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of Presentation of Petitions.			Date of the Adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
293—1912	Ramchandra Dwarkaji Pathare	Hindu	No. 149, Worlee	Carpenter in the Crescent Mills Company, Ltd.	4th	May	1912	5th	May	1912
294—1912	Vithaldas Jadhowji Ghandi	"	Old Modykhana	Lately petty dealer in spices and now unemployed.	5th	"	"	"	"	"
292—1912	Liladhar Karsondas Thucker	"	Holy Chukla	Formerly petty dealer in coal in partnership with Tricumdas Karsondas and now servant in the employ of Vasanji Monji.	4th	"	"	6th	"	"
295—1912	Pandoo Kaloo Gurday	"	Mahim (Gopi Talao)	Lately toddy drawer and now unemployed.	5th	"	"	"	"	"
296—1912	Abram Shabhai Vhora	Mahomedan	Chakuwala's Chawl, Khandia Street, New Nagpada.	Milk vendor	6th	"	"	"	"	"
297—1912	Sadanand Anandrao Wardhe	Hindu	Grant Road (Topiwala's Chawl).	Clerk in the employ of Messrs. Blascheck & Co.	7th	"	"	7th	"	"
298—1912	Anandji Chuturbhuj Khatri	"	Khalasi Chukla	Lately furniture maker and now unemployed.	"	"	"	"	"	"
299—1912	John Marshall Rodricks	East Indian Portuguese.	Parel Road (Victoria Gardens)	Clerk to Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ltd.	"	"	"	"	"	"

300—1912	John Williamson	Eurasian	Dadar (near station)	Fitter in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Coy.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
301—1912	Anant Ganesh Karekar and Pandurang Ganesh Karekar.	Hindu	Improvement Trust Chawl, Vincent Road, Dadar.	Goldsmiths	10th	„	.	„	10th	„	.	„
302—1912	Luxuman Krishnaji Todunkar	„	Parbhadevi, Mahim	Beam-folder in the Warping Department, Sping Mill, Naigaum.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
303—1912	William Blades	Eurasian	No. 51, Mody Bay, Frere Road.	Compositor in the *Times of India* Press, Bombay.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
306—1912	Jamnadas Goverdhandas Kapadia	Hindu	No. 231, Gaiwadi	Lately General Speculator and now unemployed.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
304—1912	Merwanji Rustomji Mody	Parsee	No. 41, Hornby Road. (Nawab's Building.)	Lately carrying on business under the name and style of Mehernush & Co., as a Loan and Commission Agent and now unemployed.	„	June	.	„	„	June	.	„
305—1912	Canji Nagpar Sha	Hindu	Dana Bundar	Lately grain merchant and Commission Agent, etc., in partnership with Chapsy Jethsy, Moolji Jethsy, Pasoo Hirji, Monsy Dewsy, Bhimsy Varjan, and Abdul Rahiman Salemahomed in the name of Salemahomed Oomer Doslani & Co., and now servant in the employ of Cooverji Moonsy.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
307—1912	Walji Pema Lala	„	No. 51, Delisle Road, Parel	Fireman in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.	11th	„	.	„	11th	„	.	„
308—1912	Suleman Tyeb Naviwala	Mahomedan	Budroo Building, Nagdevi Street.	Carrying on business in Bombay and Sangli under his own name as General Merchant and Commission Agent.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„
309—1912	Horatio Emanuel Bearcroft	European	No. 9, Byculla	Guard in the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company.	„	„	.	„	„	„	.	„

Notice is hereby given that the petitions of the several persons hereunder named and described have been presented to this Court, praying, respectively, for the benefit of the Presidency-Towns Insolvency Act, 1909 (III of 1909)—*contd.*

No.	Names.	Denomination.	Address in Bombay.	Description.	Date of presentation of Petitions.			Date of the adjudication.		
					Day.	Month.	Year.	Day.	Month.	Year.
310—1912	Mancherji Framji Mehta	Parsee	Dhobi Talao	Assistant Master in the Fort and Proprietary High School.	11th	June	1912	12th	June	1912
313—1912	Lalbhai Mangalashankar Vyas and Dalpatram Jiwanji.	Hindu	......	Lately trading in the name of L. D. Motiwala & Co., as Gold and Silver Embroidery Merchants at Grant Road outside the Fort of Bombay.	„	„	„	11th	„	„
311—1912	Oomer Haji Nur Mahomed Memon	Mahomedan	Nos. 206 and 208, Kambekar Street.	Dealer in cloth	„	„	„	12th	„	„
312—1912	Rustomji Manekji Hiramanek	Parsee	Grant Road	Lately carrying on buisness as Mill Agent, Muccadum, and Contractor under the name, style and firm of K. M. Hiramanek & Co., and Hiramanek Hyderally & Co. and at present employed in David Mills Company, Ltd.	„	„	„	„	„	„
314—1912	Purshotum Jugjiwan Koomaria	Hindu	Parel	Carpenter	12th	„	„	„	„	„
315—1912	Lukas Placius Mascarenhas	Portuguese	DeSa's Building, Sonapur Lane.	Lately coach builder and petty general merchant and now unemployed.	„	„	„	„	„	„
316—1912	Frederick Seymour Dove	European	No. 11, Elphinstone Circle	Assistant to Messrs. Marcks & Co., Ld.	„	„	„	„	„	„

317—1912	Summa Sutta Sha	Hindu	Dongri Noor Bag Chawl	Lately money-lender in partnership with Asla Hakma and Lada Hakma under the name of Lada Hakma & Co., and now servant in the employ of Sumna Ooma & Co.	13th	„	„	13th	„	„
318—1912	Madhowrao Balkrishna Vagal and Mukundrao Balkrishna Vagal.	„	Mugbhat	1st Debtor lately clerk in the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company and now unemployed and the 2nd Debtor extra fitter.	„	„	„	„	„	„
319—1912	Morarji Dayal Thucker	„	Old Modykhana	Carrying on business as cloth merchant under the name of Anandji Morarji.	14th	„	„	14th	„	„
320—1912	Bhagirath Sheobux Marwaree	„	Bhuleshwar (Anantwadi)	Formerly loan broker and now servant in the employ of Narandas Ramsookh.	15th	„	„	15th	„	„
321—1912	Motilal Runchod Joshi	„	Nos. 200—201, Cavel	Brahmin Priest	„	„	„	„	„	„

Orders in the matters of the abovenamed Debtors' Petitions that the said Debtors have been adjudged Insolvents and that the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court, have been duly made.

R. B. PATEL,
Chief Clerk.

CHIEF CLERK'S OFFICE, HIGH COURT;
Fort, Bombay, this 17th day of June 1912.

SURVEY OF INDIA—SOUTHERN CIRCLE.

NOTIFICATION.

Bangalore, the 17th June 1912.

No. 20.—Mr. J. H. S. Wilson, Extra Assistant Superintendent, 4th grade, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 15 days under Articles 246 and 260, Civil Service Regulations, with effect from 20th May 1912.

T. F. B. RENNY-TAILYOUR, Bt.-Colonel, R.E.,
Superintendent, Southern Circle.

AGENT TO THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN CENTRAL INDIA.

NOTIFICATION.

Central India Agency, Indore, the 11th June 1912.

No. 259.—The following provisional promotions are hereby ordered in the Malwa Bhil Corps, with effect from the 22nd March 1912:—

(1) Jemadar Numla I, to be a Subadar *vice* Subadar Padamsing, deceased.
(2) Havildar Mania to be a Jemadar *vice* Numla I, promoted Subadar.

By order, etc.,

G. D. OGILVIE,
First Assistant Agent to the Governor General for Central India.

THE HON'BLE THE RESIDENT IN MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

BANGALORE RIFLE VOLUNTEERS.

TRANSFER.

Bangalore, the 12th June 1912.

No. 43.—Lieutenant Charles Bowers Maiden is transferred to the Supernumerary List with effect from the 27th May 1912.

P. B. WARBURTON,
First Assistant Resident.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION—IMPERIAL LIBRARY.

NOTIFICATION.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Calcutta, the 18th June 1912.

No. 1263-A.—Mr. J. A. Chapman, Librarian, Imperial Library, is granted privilege leave from the 20th of May to 18th of June 1912, both days inclusive.

Mr. E. W. Madge, Superintendent of the Reading Room, is appointed, in addition to his own duties, to officiate as Librarian, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. J. A. Chapman.

By order of Library Council,

E. W. MADGE,
Offg. Secretary to the Council of the Imperial Library.

ORDERS BY THE HONOURABLE THE CHIEF COMMISSIONER OF AJMER-MERWARA.

NOTIFICATION.

Abu, the 15th June 1912.

No. 723—772.—In supersession of this office Notification No. 1138, dated the 14th October 1889, and in exercise of the power conferred by section 2 of Act VIII of 1851 (The Indian Tolls Act, 1851), the Honourable the Chief Commissioner is pleased to direct (1) that the rates of Toll specified in the Schedule annexed to this Notification shall be levied throughout the whole year on the Pushkar Road with effect from the 1st July 1912, and (2) that the collection of the said Tolls shall be made under the management of the District Board of Ajmer-Merwara, subject to the general control of the Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.

SCHEDULE.

On every ekka	Nine pies.
On every country cart including thelas	" "
On every other vehicle per wheel	Four and half pies.

By order,

R. E. A. HAMILTON, Major,
First Assistant to the Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara.

NORTH WESTERN RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Lahore, the 14th June 1912.

No. 32.—Messrs. E. R. Casement and E. B. N. Taylor, Assistant Engineers, passed the professional examination prescribed in the State Railway Construction Code, Chapter VII, paragraphs 639 to 641.

[illegible] D. WAGHORN, Major, R. E.,
Offg. Manager, North Western Railway.

EASTERN BENGAL STATE RAILWAY.

NOTIFICATION.

Calcutta, the 14th June 1912.

No. 26.—Mr. M. M. Lomax, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, Eastern Bengal State Railway, is granted, by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, 4 months' leave on medical certificate, in extension of one year's combined leave already granted to him with effect from the 5th July 1911.

H. B. HOLMES,
Offg. Manager, Eastern Bengal State Railway.

ROYAL INDIAN MARINE.

NOTIFICATION.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

Bombay, the 15th June 1912.

No. 18.—The undermentioned officer is permitted to proceed on leave out of India on private affairs under the leave rules contained in paragraph 131, Marine Regulations, India, Volume I, Part II; the specified period to count from the date of being struck off duty, *i.e.*, 30th May 1912 :—

Commander A. Hamilton, R. I. M. . . . 12 months.

F. DOBSON,
for Director, Royal Indian Marine.

CURRENCY NOTE.

The following Currency Note of the Calcutta Circle is stated to have been destroyed and payment of its value has been claimed by the person whose name is placed against the number; any other person claiming a right to it is warned to communicate at once with the undersigned:—

Note wholly destroyed.

Register No.	Number of Note.	Value. R	Name of Claimant.
W. 63 of 12-13.	VA 91 27228	100	Jadu Nath Gaswami, Village and Post Office Uthali, Dacca.

M. SUBRAHAMANYAM,
for Assistant Comptroller-General, in charge Paper Currency.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT,
The 17th June 1912.

REPORTS OF DESERTIONS.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 2nd Battalion, Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders, dated at Bangalore, this 12th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—7487, Private, Francis Leonard.
Age—24 years 4 months.
Height—5 feet 4½ inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, light blue.
Trade—Labourer.
Date of enlistment—5th May 1906.
Place of enlistment—Glasgow.
Parish and County in which born—Barony, Glasgow, Lanark.
Date of desertion or absence—4th June 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Bangalore.
Marks—Back of each hand F. L., dot each web, front of left forearm J. M.
On furlough to Bombay.
Under 7 years' service.

P. T. C. BAIRD, Captain,
for Officer Commanding 2nd Battalion, Queen's Own Cameron Highlanders.

Report of a Deserter or Absentee without leave from the 67th Battery, Royal Field Artillery, dated at Neemuch, this 12th day of June 1912.

Number, Rank, and Name—48815, Bombardier, Arthur George West.
Age—27 years 8 months.
Height—5 feet 7 inches.
Colour of—Complexion, fresh; hair, brown; eyes, blue.
Trade—Machinist.
Date of enlistment—1st November 1907.
Place of enlistment—Dover.
Parish and County in which born—Westminster, London, Middlesex.
Date of desertion or absence—27th May 1912.
Place of desertion or absence—Ajmer, India.
Marks—Lineal scar ½" right forearm near bend of elbow, scar ½" middle front of left forearm, several tattoo designs on both arms and chest and star on right side of right leg.
On furlough (working B. B. & C. I. Ry. course).
Under 5 years' service.

G. HEYGATE, Lieut., for Major, R.F.A.,
Commanding 67th Battery, Royal Field Artillery.

POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 13th June 1912.

No. 615-S. Ap.—Mr. J. H. Owens, Superintendent of post offices, officiating in the 4th grade, and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster-General, Burma, is granted privilege leave for six weeks with effect from the 4th June 1912 or from the date on which he may avail himself of it.

The 14th June 1912.

No. 100-*S.-Tl.*—It is hereby notified that with effect from Thursday, the 4th July 1912, postal articles of the letter mail intended for transmission by post by the train leaving Madras for Bombay on Thursday of each week with the outward foreign mails for Europe, may be posted, or tendered for registration, at the Park Town post office in Madras between the hours mentioned below on payment of the special late letter fee noted opposite, in addition to the postage or the postage and registration fee, as the case may be :—

(*i*) On each unregistered article posted within a quarter-of-an-hour of the time fixed for closing the mail . . . . . . Two annas.

(*ii*) On each registered article tendered for registration between 6-0 P. M. and 7-0 P. M. . . . . Four annas.

2. The late letter fee shall be prepaid in the same way as the postage and registration fee by means of postage stamps affixed to the postal article.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs.

INDIAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Calcutta, the 17th June 1912.

No. 1194-*T.*—Mr. A. G. N. Bremer, Honorary Assistant Superintendent, pay R400--500, is granted privilege leave for 1 month and 23 days combined with leave on medical certificate for 4 months and 7 days, with effect from 3rd June 1912.

C. STEWART-WILSON,
Director-General of Posts and Telegraphs

Calcutta, the 20th June 1912.

No. 1260-*T.*—Offices reported opened and closed during the period 5th June to 18th June 1912 :—

Name of office.	Where situated.	Date.	Remarks.
	Government Telegraph Offices.		
Ajgain	United Provinces	31st May 1912	Closed
Budhavarapupeta	Madras Presidency	17th June "	Opened.
Domel	North-West Frontier	10th " "	"
Huvinahadgalli	Madras Presidency	11th " "	"
Stone House Hill	Ditto	8th " "	"
Usalampatti	Ditto	10th " "	"
	Railway Telegraph Offices.		
Chalkhoa	Dibru-Sadiya Railway	1st May 1912	Opened.
Daulatganj	Assam-Bengal Railway	19th " "	"
Dibrugarh Outer Ghat	Dibru-Sadiya Railway	27th April "	Closed.

The following alterations in the names of Government Telegraph Offices are notified with effect from 1st July 1912 :—

" Attareekhat " instead of " Singribarihat."
" Baidyanath Junction " instead of " Jasidih."
" Chaibasa " instead of " Chaibassa."
" Rajshahi Court " instead of " Harogram."

E. L. BAGSHAWE,
for Director, Traffic Branch.

NORTH-WEST FRONTIER PROVINCE—PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT
IRRIGATION BRANCH.

NOTIFICATION.

TAKING OVER CHARGE.

Simla, the 17th June 1912.

No. 0549-*E. I. F.*—Mr. S. H. Bigsby, Assistant Engineer, attached to the Lower Swat River Canal Division, took over executive charge of that Division, on the afternoon of the 2nd June 1912, from Mr. T. M. Bostock, Executive Engineer, who proceeded on leave.

R. H. TICKELL,
Offg. Secretary for Irrigation, North-West Frontier Province.

GOVERNMENT PUBLICATIONS FOR SALE.

BY THE SUPERINTENDENT OF GOVERNMENT PRINTING, INDIA, 8, HASTINGS STREET, CALCUTTA.

A General Catalogue of all Government Publications may be obtained gratis from the Government Central Press, Calcutta.

All books published by the Superintendent of Government Printing, India, can be purchased either directly or through the following or any other booksellers:—

AGENTS IN EUROPE.

Messrs. Constable & Co., 10, Orange Street, Leicester Square, W.C.

Messrs. Kegan Paul, Trench, Trübner & Co., 68-74, Carter Lane, E.C.

Mr. Bernard Quaritch, 11, Grafton Street, New Bond Street, W.

Messrs. P. S. King & Son, 2 and 4, Great Smith Street, Westminster.

Messrs. H. S. King & Co., 65, Cornhill, and 9, Pall Mall, London.

Messrs. Grindlay & Co., 54, Parliament Street, London, S.W.

Mr. T. Fisher Unwin, 1, Adelphi Terrace, London, W.C.

Messrs. W. Thacker & Co., 2, Creed Lane, London E.C.

Mr. Otto Harrassowitz, Mr. Karl Hiersemann } Leipzig.

Messrs. R. Friedlander & Sohn, Berlin W. N. Carlstrasse, 11.

Mr. Ernest Leroux, 28, Rue Bonaparte, Paris.

Mr. Martinus Nijhoff, The Hague, Holland.

Mr. B. H. Blackwell, 50 and 51, Broad Street, Oxford.

Messrs. Deighton Bell & Co., Cambridge.

Messrs. Luzac & Co., 46, Great Russell Street, London, W.C.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs. Thacker, Spink & Co., Calcutta and Simla.
Messrs. Newman & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. R. Cambray & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. S. K. Lahiri & Co., Calcutta.
Messrs. B. Banerjee & Co., Calcutta.
The Calcutta School Book and Useful Literature Society, 1, Wellington Square, Calcutta.
Messrs. Butterworth & Co. (India), Ltd., Calcutta.
The Weldon Library, 18-5 Chowringhee Road, Calcutta.
Messrs. Higginbotham & Co., Madras.
Messrs. V. Kalyanarama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs. G. A. Natesan & Co., Madras.
Messrs. S. Murthy & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thompson & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Temple & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Combridge & Co., Madras.
Messrs. P. R. Rama Iyer & Co., Madras.
Messrs. Thacker & Co., Ld., Bombay.
Messrs. A. J. Combridge & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. D. B. Taraporevala, Sons & Co., Bombay.
Mrs. Radhabai Atmaram Sagoon, Bombay.
Mr. Sunder Pandurang, Bombay.
Messrs. Gopal Narayan & Co., Bombay.
Messrs. Ram Chandra Govind & Son, Kalbadevi, Bombay.
Superintendent, American Baptist Mission Press, Rangoon.
Rai Sahib M. Gulab Singh & Sons, Mufid-I-Am Press, Lahore and Calcutta.
Mr. N. B. Mathur, Superintendent, Nazir Kanun Hind Press, Allahabad.
Messrs. A. Chand & Co., Punjab
Messrs. A. M. & J. Ferguson, Ceylon.
Babu S. C. Talukdar, Proprietor, Students and Company, Cooch Behar.
Manager, Educational Book Depôts, Nagpur and Jubbulpore.*
Manager of the Imperial Book Depôt, 63, Chandney Chauk Street, Delhi.*
Manager, *East Coast News*, Vizagapatam.*
Manager, "The Agra Medical Hall and Co-operative Association, Limited" (Successors to A. John & Co., Agra.)*
Mr. T. K. Seetharama Aiyar, Kumbakonam.*
Superintendent, Basel Mission Book and Tract Depository, Mangalore.*
Messrs. P. Varadachary & Co., Madras.*
Mr. H. Liddell, Printer, etc., 7, South Road, Allahabad.*
Messrs. D. C. Anand & Sons, Peshawar.*

*Agents for sale of the Legislative Department publications.

NOTICE.—Books and Acts required for private use only can be purchased. Applications should be accompanied by a remittance, unless it is wished that the books should be sent by value-payable post, in which case, besides the ordinary postage, an additional charge is made for registration and commission.

Books and Acts required for the public service should be obtained through the Local Government to whom the applicant is subordinate.

Application for Government publications which are no longer in print should be made to the Agent to the particular Government under whose orders they were originally issued.

[The amounts within parentheses are for packing and postage.]

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. II (D—I), Edition 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R 11 or 16*s*. 6*d*. (15*a*.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. April to June 1912. Foolscap. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 20. Corrected to 1st April 1912. 11*a.* or 1*s.* (3*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Scientific Memoirs by Officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Preliminary Report on an investigation into the Etiology of Oriental Sore in Cambay. By Captain W. S. Patton. New Series. No. 50. Super Royal 8vo. Board. 6*a.* or 8*d.* (3*a.*)

Fauna of British India including Ceylon and Burma. Coleoptra by W. W. Fowler. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R15 or 22*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

The Proceedings of the First All-India Sanitary Conference held at Bombay on 13th and 14th November 1911. Foolscap. Board. R2 10*a.* or 4*s.* (5*a.*)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly List of the Foreign Department. No. 22. Corrected up to the 1st April 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8*a.* or 3*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th February March and April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Financial Statement and Budget for 1912-1913. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (6*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Budget Estimate of the Indian Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Budget Estimate of the Indo-European Telegraph Department for the year 1912-13 Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Post Office Budget Estimate of Revenue and Expenditure for 1912-13. Foolscap Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

DIRECTOR GENERAL OF COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Agricultural Statistics of India for the years 1905-06 to 1909-1910. Vol. II. Twenty-sixth issue. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (5*a.*)

List of Joint Stock Companies in British India and in the State of Mysore for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 or 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of December 1911, January and February 1912. Royal 8vo Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in January. February and March 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2*a.* or 2*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of February, March and April 1912. No. 11 and No. 12. No. 1 of 1912-13. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*) each.

Supplement to the Annual Statement (Volumes I and II) of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with British Empire and Foreign Countries, for the official year ending March 31st compared with the preceding year. Foolscap. Board. R5 or 6*s.* 8*d.* (12*a.*)

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the calendar year 1911 compared with the years 1909 and 1910 Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Statistics of British India (with Statistics, where available. relating to certain Native States) for 1910-1911 and preceding years, Part VII, Educational, including Statistics relating to Education, Printing Presses and Publications. Fifth issue Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Commercial Guide to the Forest Economic Products of India. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (4*a.*)

The Indian Forest Records, Vol. III, Part II. Note on the Antiseptic Treatment of Timber in India with special reference to Railway Sleepers. By R. S. Pearson, Esq. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a.* or 1*s.* 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Bark-boring beetle attack in the Coniferous Forests of the Simla Catchment Area, 1907-1911. By R. S. Hole, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 10 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3*a.* or 3*d.* (1*a.*)

A further Note on Some Casuarina Insect Pests of Madras. By Subramania Iyer, Esq. Forest Bulletin No. 11 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 14*a.* or 1*s.* 3*d.* (1*a.*)

COMPTROLLER GENERAL.

Appropriation Report on the Accounts of the Government of India for 1910-11. By R. W. Gillan, Esq. Foolscap. Board. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (5*a.*)

Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (10*a.*)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 12*a.* or 3*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

Report on the Examination held in India, October 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular Army in subjects (*d*), (*e*), (*h*) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (*h*) (*ii*) and (*iii*) (Lieutenants, I.M.S.), (*i*) and (*j*) for promotion.

(2) Majors of the Regular Army in Tactical Fitness for Command, Part I.

(3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical Subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations.

(4) Majors of the Army Veterinary Corps in Technical Subjects, Appendix XV, King's Regulations. Demy 4to. Board. R1 4*a.* or 1*s.* 9*d.* (3*a.*)

Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Pay and Allowances and Non-effective Pay corrected up to 1st April 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 4*a* or 2*s.* (3*a.*)

Musketry Schools Regulations, India (Provisional), General Staff, India, 1912. Royal 16mo. Paper. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

The Cantonments (House Accommodation) Act, 1902, and Rules made thereunder—The Cantonments Act, 1910—The Cantonment Code, 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (4*a.*)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Administration of Land Records and Agriculture, Estates under the Court of Wards, Government Litigation and the Alienation of Land Act in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R2 8*a.* or 3*s.* 4*d.* (2*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book, 1679-1680. Foolscap. Board. R2 4*a.* or 3*s.* 6*d.* (4*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book. Military Department. 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 12*a.* or 4*s* 3*d.* (6*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1754. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3*s.* (5*a.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Country Correspondence. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. As. 14 or 1*s.* 3*d.* (3*a.*)

Report of the Chemical Examiner to Government of North-West Frontier Province for the year 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 2*a.* 3*p* or 2½*d.* (1*a.* 6*p.*)

Records of Fort St. George. Diary and Consultation Book. Military Department, 1755. Foolscap. Board. R2 4*a.* or 3*s.* 6*d.* (6*a.*)

LIST OF BOOKS PUBLISHED FROM OCTOBER 1911 TO MARCH 1912.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

The Indian Explosives Act, 1884 (IV of 1884), as modified up to 1st October 1911. 4a. 9p. (1a.)

Chronological Tables and Index of the Indian Statutes, Vol. II, Edition 1911. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R5 or 7s 6d. (12a.)

Act 13 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 14 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 15 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Act 16 of 1911 in Urdu. 3p. (1a.)

Act 17 of 1911 in Urdu and Hindi. 3p. (1a.) each.

Table showing effect of legislation in the Governor General's Council during 1911. Stitched. 3a. 3p. (1a.)

A Digest of Indian Law Cases, Vol. I (A—C), Edn. 1912. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R12 or 18s. (R1.)

List No. II of 1911, dated 31st December, 1911. Addenda et Corrigenda to List of General Rules and Orders. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 3a. 9p. (1a.)

HOME DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments, Government of India, No. 18, corrected to 1st October 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Home, Education and Legislative Departments. Government of India, No. 19. Corrected to 1st January 1912. Royal 8vo. Board. 11a. or 1s. (3a.)

Quarterly List of Officers in the Departments of the Government of India. January to March 1912 Foolscap. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (1a.)

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

Plaudism, being the Transaction of the Committee for the study of Malaria in India, No. 3, July 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 2s. 6d.

Archæological Survey of India, New Imperial Series, Vol. XXXVI - Antiquities of Chamba State, Part I (Inscription of the Pre-Muhammadan Period). Super Royal. Cloth. R22 or 33s. (R1)

Census of India, 1911. Final figures showing the Population of each Province, District and State, and the distribution of the Population by Religion. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

Fauna of British India. Fresh water Sponges, Hydroids and Polyzoa, by Dr. Annandale. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R7-8 or 11s. 3d. (4a.)

Occasional Report, No. 6, Educational Buildings in India. Demy 4to. Board. R5 or 7s. 6d. (11a.)

Annual Report of the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (5a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Investigations into the Jail Dietaries of the United Provinces with some observations on the influence of Dietary on the Physical Development and well-being of the People of the United Provinces by Major D. McCay, M.B., M.R.C.P., I.M.S., New Series. No. 48. Super Royal. Board. R1 12a. or 3s. (7a.)

Scientific Memoirs by officers of the Medical and Sanitary Departments of the Government of India. Epidemic Dropsy in Calcutta, being the final Report of an enquiry carried out by Major E. D. W. Greig, M.D., D.Sc., I.M.S. New Series. No. 49. Super Royal. Board. R1 8a. or 2s. 6d. (5a.)

Alphabetical List of the titles of works in the Chinese Buddhist Tripitaka, being an Index to Bunyin Nanjio's Catalogue and to the 1905 Kioto report of the Buddhist Canon by E. Denison Ross. Royal 8vo. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d.

Annual Report of the Director-General of Archæology for the year 1910-11. Part I—Administrative. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

Report on the working of the Dispensaries, Jail Hospitals, on Vaccination, and on the Registration of Vital Statistics in the Central India Agency for 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

The Quarterly Civil List of the Foreign Department No. 21. Corrected up to the 1st January 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 8a. or 3s. 9d. (4a.)

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

Statistics compiled from the Finance and Revenue Accounts of the Government of India—Receipts and Disbursements of Home and Indian Accounts. From 1st April 1901 to 31st March 1909. Foolscap. Board. R2 or 3s. (4a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th September 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.)

Classified List of Officers of the Indian Finance Department, 25th October and 25th December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 4a. or 5d. (2a.) each.

Report of the Administration of the Mints at Bombay and Calcutta for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

Rules made under section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Mines for Manganese, Mica and Limestone (Returns, Notices and Appeals—Management and Working). Paper cover. Royal 16mo. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

Administration Report of the Indian Telegraph Department for 1910-1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Annual Administration Report of the Civil Veterinary Department for the official year 1910-1911. Foolscap. Board. 12a. or 1s 2d. (3a.)

Annual Report on the Post Office of India for the year 1910-11, with a review of the Progress of the Department for the quinquennial period 1906-07 to 1910-11. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (4a.)

Returns of Wrecks and Casualties in Indian Waters for the year 1910. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d. (3a.)

Tables for the reduction of Spirits of strengths between 65° O. P. and 70° U. P. by C. H. Bedford, D. Sc., M.D. Demy 4to. Leather back. Cloth sides. Tables without Supplement. R5 8 or 8s. 3d. (8a.) With Supplement. R6 4a. or 9s. 5d. (10a.)

Rules made under Section 20 of the Indian Mines Act, 1901 (VIII of 1901), applicable to Coal Mines—*Returns, notices and appeals.* (Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 11793-103, dated 30th September 1908).

Working of Mines—(Government of India Notification, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, No. 864-68-20, dated 10th March 1904.)

Mine Managers and their Certificates—(Government of India Notification, Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2968-82, dated 21st April 1906, as subsequently amended. Index. (In pamphlet form.) Demy 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE DEPARTMENT.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the month of June 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Note on the Production and Consumption of Coal in India up to the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in July, August and September 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or [illegible]d. (1a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Seaborne Trade and Navigation of British India for the month of August 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.)

Prices and Wages in India, 28th is[illegible]ap. Board. R2 or 3s. (5a.)

Seaborne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts of the Trade carried by rail and river in India in the official year 1910-11 and the four preceding years. Foolscap. Board. R1 12a. or 2s. 3d. (5a.)

Statistics of cotton spinning and weaving in the Indian Mills in October and November 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 2a. or 2d. (1a.) each.

Accounts of the External Trade of British India for the months of September and October 1911. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Sea-borne Trade and Navigation Accounts of British India for the months of November and December 1911 and January 1912. Royal 8vo. Stitched. 8a. or 9d. (2a.) each.

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter ending June 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 1 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

Statistics of British India for 1909-10 and preceding years. Part IV (*b*) Finance and Revenue including Statistics relating to Principal Heads of Revenue, Land Revenue, Opium, Salt, Stamps, Customs, etc. Foolscap. Board. R1 or 1s. 6d (6a.)

Annual statement of the Sea-borne Trade and Navigation of British India with the British Empire and Foreign Countries in the year ending March 31st, 1911, Vol. II. Forty-fifth issue. Super Royal. Board. R3 or 4s. 6d. (14a.)

Accounts relating to the Trade carried by Rail and River in India in the quarter and six months ending September 1911, compared with the corresponding periods of the years 1909 and 1910. No. 2 of 1911-12. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8a. or 9d. (4a.)

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. I, Part I, on some Indian Forest grasses and their oecology. Super Royal. Board. R5-8 or 5s. 6d. (9a.)

Monograph on the Life History of Chermes Himalayensis; Steb. on the Spruce (Picea Morinda) and Silver Fir (Abies Webbiana) by E. P. Stebbing, F.L.S., F.Z.S., F.R.G.S. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1-12 or 2s. 7d. (3a.)

A Manual of Forest Mensuration by R S Troup. Royal 8vo. Cloth. R1 4a. or 2s. (3a.)

Progress Report of Forest Administration in the Andamans for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-4 or 2s. (2a.)

(Forest Branch.)

Memorandum on the oil value of some Sandal Woods from Madras. Forest Bulletin No. 6, 1911. Super Royal 8vo Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (2a.)

Note on the Chemistry and Trade Forms of Lac. Forest Bulletin No. 7, 1911. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 3a. or 4d. (2a.)

Indian Forest Records, Vol. II, Part IV. Hot Plants of the Sandal tree. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2 or 3s. (3a.)

Indian Forest Memoirs, Vol. II, Part II (Forest Zoology Series) on some important insect pests of the coniferæ of the Himalaya with notes on some insects predaceous and parasite upon them by E. P. Stebbing. Super Royal 8vo. Board. R1 14a. or 3s. (4a.)

Note on the Resin-value of Podophyllum Emodi and the best season for collecting it by Puran Singh, F.C.S., Forest Bulletin No. 9 of 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1a. 3p. or 2d. (1a.)

A Note on some Germination Test with Sal seed (Shorea Robusta) by R. S. Troup, I.F.S., F.C.H. Forest Bulletin No. 8, 1912. Super Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 2a. or 3d. (1a.)

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Annual Report on Architectural work in India for the year 1910-11. (Public Works Department Technical Paper No. 25, May 1911.) Foolscap. Paper cover. R3 or 4s. 6d. (3a.)

Classified List and Distribution return of Establishment corrected up to 31st December 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1s. 6d. (2a.)

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

The Quarterly Indian Army List for October 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R2-12 or 3s. 0d. (6a.)

Report on the Examination held in India, March 1911, of (1) Lieutenants and Captains of the Regular army in subjects (d), (e), (h) (Lieutenants, R. A. M. C.), (h) (ii) and (iii) (Lieutenants, I. M. S.), (i) and (j) for promotion. (2) Majors of the Regular army in Tactical fitness for Command, Part I. (3) Majors of the Royal Army Medical Corps in Technical subjects, Part I, Appendix XIV, King's Regulations. Demy 16mo. Board. R1-4 or 1s. 11d. (3a.)

War Establishments, India (Provisional), for 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9d. (3a.)

Mobilization Regulations, India (including Concentration and Embarkation), 1911. Demy 16mo. Board. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*) (Out of stock.)

Training and Manœuvre Regulations, 1909—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 4*a.* or 5*d.* (1*a.*)

Training Manual, Signalling—Indian Supplement (Provisional). Demy 16mo. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*) (Out of print.)

Guide to Courts-Martial under the Army Act, 1911. Foolscap. Paper cover. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*)

The Quarterly Indian Army List for January 1912. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R 3-12 or 4*s.* 3*d.* (6*a.*)

Field Service Regulations, Part II. Organization and Administration, 1909. (Indian Supplement.) Royal 16mo. Cloth. 8*a.* or 9*d.* (1*a.*)

Medical Training (Military), India. Royal 16mo. Paper cover. As. 2 (1*a*)

Hand Book for 5·4 inch B.-L. Howitzer, Mark I, 1911. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. R1 or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

Medical Manual (War), India. Royal 16mo. Board. As. 8 or 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the Examination for admission to the Staff College, Quetta, held in October 1911 with copies of the Examination Papers. Demy. 4to. Board. R1 6*a.* or 2*s.* (2*a.*)

Training Education and Efficiency Requirements of Volunteers. (Extracts from Army Regulations, India, Vol. IX, as amended by January 1912. Appendix to India Army Orders.) Printed as a pamphlet for the use of officers of the Volunteer Force. Royal 8vo. Paper cover. 1*a.* (1*a.*)

RAILWAY BOARD.

History of Services of the Officers of the Engineer and State Railway Revenue Establishments. Corrected to 1st July 1911. Royal 8vo. Board. R2-3 or 3*s.* 9*d.* (4*a.*)

OTHER LOCAL GOVERNMENTS AND ADMINISTRATIONS.

Report on the Season and Crops of the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11 Foolscap. Paper cover. 10*a.* or 10*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the working of District Boards in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a.* 3*p.* or 11½*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the Public Instruction in the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 11*a.* or 11*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on Police Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-3 or 1*s.* 7*d.* (3*a.*)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province for 1910-11. R1 or 1*s.* 4*d.* (3*a.*)

Administration Report of the North-West Frontier Province of the Public Works Department for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-0 or 2*s.* 1*d.* (2*a.*)

Report on the working of the Municipalities in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. R1-5 or 1*s.* 9*d.* (2*a.*)

Progress Report on Forest Administration in the North-West Frontier Province for the year 1910-11. Foolscap. Paper cover. 15*a.* or 1*s.* 6*d.* (2*a.*)

LIST OF NEW BOOKS FOR SALE AT THOMASON COLLEGE, ROORKEE, WHICH WERE NOT ADVERTISED BEFORE.

Roorkee Treatise and Civil Engineering—
Section IX, Railways, 5th Edition. Revised by F. G. Royal Dawson, 1908. R4-4.
Section V, Manual of Estimating, 7th Edition, 1908. (Reprint.) R3-12.

Thomason College Calendar for 1908. R5-2.

Examination question papers of the Thomason College Civil Engineer Class and Upper Subordinate Class Entrance Examination and the 4th grade P. W. Accounts Examination from 1905-1909 published by the Newul Kishore Press, Lucknow. R1-4.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS AND PERIODICALS FOR SALE AT THE LIBRARY OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY OF BENGAL, 1, PARK STREET, CALCUTTA.

SOCIETY'S PUBLICATIONS.

Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VI. Nos. 11-12 (Jatu Glossary) at R2.
Journal and Proceedings, Vol. VII. Nos. 1-8 at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 1. Ramacarita by Sandhyakara Nandi. Edited by Mahamahopadhyaya Haraprasad Shastri at R2.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 2. An alchemical compilation of the thirteenth century A.D. by Mr. H. E. Stapleton, B.A., at R1.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 3. The Journal of Major James Rennell by Mr. T. H. D. LaTouche at R4.
Memoirs, Vol. III, No. 4. Lisu (Yawyin) tribes of the Burma-China Frontier by Messrs. A. Rose and Coggin Brown at R3.
Memoirs, Vol. IV, No. 1. Sanskrit Tibetan Vocabulary by Alexander Csoma de Koros. Edited by Dr. E. Denison Ross and Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R5.

BIBLIOTHECA INDICA.

Memoirs of Tahmasp. By Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Kiranavali. Fasc. 1-2 by M. M. Shib Nath Sarvabhamma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 1. Fasc. 2-5 by Kamikha Nath Tarkabagis at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Vivrity, Vol. 2. Fasc. 1 by M. M. Jadunath Sarvabhauma at As. 10 each.
Tattacintamoni Diditi Prokas. Fasc. 3, 4, by Guru Charan Tarkadarsantirtha at As. 10 each.
Nyaya Vartika Tatparya Parisudhi. Fasc. 1-2 by Vindeshwari Deehe and Lakhnan Shastri at As. 10 each.
Mugdhabodh Vayakarane. Fasc. 1-3 by Pandit Ajit Nath Nayaratna and Siva Narain Siromani at As. 10. each.
Anuman Didhiti Prasarini. Fasc. 1-2 by Pandit Prasanna Kumar Tarkavidi at As. 10 each.
Avadhan Kalpalata, Vol. I. Fasc. 9. Vol. Fasc. 9-10 by Sarat Chander Rai Bahadur at R1 each.
Vidhan Parijat, Vol. 2. Fasc. 5, by Pandit Taraprasana Vidyaratna at R1 4a.
Faras Nama of Zabardast Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Faras Nama of Hakimi Khan by Lieutenant-Colonel D. C. Phillott at R1.
Tirthacintamoni. Fasc. 2, 3, by Kamal Krishna Smrititirtha at As. 10 each.
Surya siddhanta. Fasc. 2, by M. M. Sudhak Divedi at R1 4a.
Amarkosh by M. M. Satis Chandra Vidyabhusana at R2.
Tantravartika. Fasc. 10 by M. M. Ganga Nath Jha.
Nirukta, Vol. I, by Pandit Hitabrata Samakhanta, at R1 4a.
Hidiqatu L. Hiqiqat by Major J. Stephenson, at R3 8a.
Marhamu L. Ilali L. Mudilu, Fasc. 2 by Dr. E. D. Ross, at R1.
Akbar Nama, Vol. 3. Fasc. 1 by H. Beveridge at R1 4a.
Maasir-i-Rahimi, Fasc. 2, by Maulabi M. Hidayet Husain, at R2.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT FROM 1ST OCTOBER 1911 TO 31ST MARCH 1912.

Monthly Weather Review, June-September 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1 per month.

Annual Summary of the Monthly Weather Review, 1910. (Illustrated by 6 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R3.

LIST OF NEW BOOKS PUBLISHED BY THE GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OF INDIA DURING THE WEEKS ENDING 6TH APRIL AND 15TH JUNE 1912.

Memoirs of the Geological Survey of India, Palæontologia Indica, New Series, Volume IV, Memoir No. 2. Guy E. Pilgrim, D. Sc. (Lond.), F.G.S. R8.

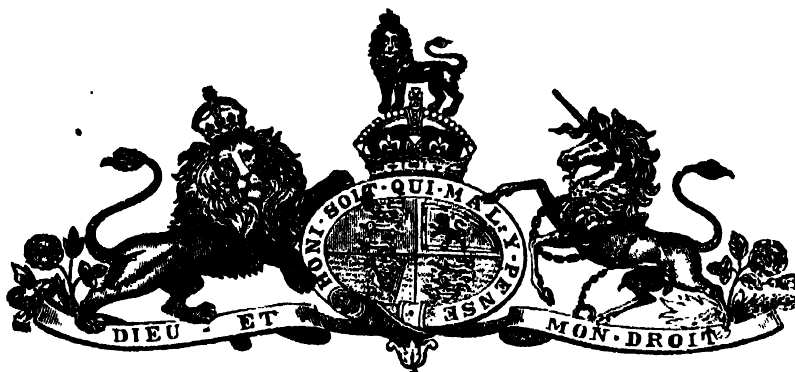
Records of the Geological Survey of India, Volume XLII, Part I. Director, Geological Survey of India R1.

LIST OF PUBLICATIONS ISSUED BY THE METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE CURRENT QUARTER.

Monthly Weather Review, December 1911. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.

Monthly Weather Review, January 1912. (Illustrated by 7 plates.) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.

Monthly Weather Review, February 1912. (Illustrated by 7 plates) Quarto. Paper cover. R1.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

CALCUTTA, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1912.

☞ Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

PART III.

Advertisements and Notices by Private Individuals and Corporations.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 053179 of the 3½ per cent. of 1900-01 for R200 (Rupees two hundred) originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Lucy Thomas, the proprietress, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person. Payment of the above *note* and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietress.

Name of the Advertiser—LUCY THOMAS,

Residence—c/o Rev. J. Cooling, Wesleyan Mission House, Royapettah, Madras.

Stolen.

Four Government Promissory Notes bearing numbers M000088 of the year 1900-1 of 3½ per cent. for R5,000 originally standing in the names of Messrs. W. A. Long, J. R. Coombes and L. G. A. Rebeirs, M013725 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R1,000 originally standing in the name of the Accountant-General, Madras, M017288 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R1,000 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Madras, M017289 of the year 1865 of 3½ per cent. for R1,000 originally standing in the name of the Bank of Madras and which were all (all the four) last endorsed to me S. Srinivasa Aiyar, have been stolen on the night of 27th April 1912. They have not been endorsed by me to any other person. Payment of the above notes and interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, and application is about to be made for the issue of duplicates in my favour.

S. SRINIVASA AIYAR,
First Grade Pleader,
Negapatam.

NEGAPATAM:
27th May 1912.

Stolen.

The Government Promissory Note No. B012051 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1900-01 for R1,000 (one thousand) only, originally standing in the name of the National Bank of India, Limited, and last endorsed to B. P. D'Costa, the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been stolen, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser—B. P. D'COSTA,

Residence—Railway Block No. 67, Burns Road,
Naulakha, Lahore.

Lost.

The Government Promissory Note No. 151985 of the 3½ per cent. loan of 1865 for R1,000, originally standing in the name of the Bank of Bengal and last endorsed to Har Narain minor (deceased), the proprietor, by whom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost, notice is hereby given that payment of the above note and the interest thereupon have been stopped at the Public Debt Office, Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the proprietor. The public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the abovementioned security.

Name of the Advertiser:—

PANDIT JWALA PARSHAD,
Certificate holder,
Retired Reader.

Residence:—Katra Shahab Khan,
New City, Etawah.

In the goods of John Maurice Turner, deceased.

Pursuant to section 320 of Act X of 1866 and 42 of Act XXVIII of 1866, all persons having claims against the estate of the abovenamed deceased, who died on the 17th day of February 1911 at the Grange Bletchley in the County of Buckingham in England, and to whose estate Letters of Administration (with copy of the will annexed) have been granted by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal to Thomas Horatio Westmacott, are hereby required to send full particulars of their claims, a statement of their account and the nature of the securities (if any) held by them to us, the undersigned, as solicitors for the said Thomas Horatio Westmacott, on or before the 15th day of July 1912, after which date no claims will be admitted and the assets of the estate will be distributed.

Dated this 11th day of June 1912.

Pugh & Co.,
10, Old Post Office Street,
Calcutta.
Solicitors to the said
Thomas Horatio Westmacott.

By Order of the Munsif of Mirzapur.

SUMMONS FOR DISPOSAL OF SUIT.

(ORDER 5, RULES 1 AND 5.)

IN THE COURT OF MUNSIF AT MIRZAPUR, DISTRICT MIRZAPUR.

Suit No. 247 of 1912.

Naik Ahir, son of Sheo Nandan, of City Mirzapur . . *Plaintiff*,

versus

Ganga Din Kalwar . . . . *Defendant.*

To Ganga Din Kalwar, at present dwelling at No. 4-2, Rup Chand Street, Amartalla Bara Bazar, Calcutta.

Whereas the above Plaintiff has instituted a suit against you for R 85 and costs, etc, you are hereby summoned to appear in this Court in person or by a pleader duly instructed and able to answer all material questions relating to the suit, or who shall be accompanied, by some person able to answer all such questions, on the twenty-eighth (28th) day of June, 1912 at 10-30 o'clock in the forenoon, to answer the claim; and as the day fixed for your appearance is appointed for the final disposal of the suit, you must be prepared to produce on that day all the witnesses upon whose evidence and all the documents upon which you iontend to rely in support of your defence.

Take notice that, in default of your appearance on the day before mentioned, the suit will be heard and determined in your absence.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 6th day of June 1912.

By order,
AZIZUR RAHMAN KHAN,
Munsarim

Proclamation.

In the Court of Sayed Wali-Shah, District Judge, Gurgaon.

Chiranji-lal, etc., Mahajans of Khori, now residing at Unao . . *Objectors,*

versus

Mathra-Parshad and Kura-Mal, etc., of Unao . . . *Judgment-debtors.*

Objection for release of an Hawili and shops attached, situated at Rewari District, Gurgaon.

Whereas Kura-Mal, son of Gopal-Sahai, Mahajan resident of Unao Sadar Bazaar, District Unao, Judgment-debtor, does not present himself in the Court to answer the above objection and is avoiding service of notices, it is hereby notified that if he will not present himself in the Court on the 5th July 1912, either personally or through an authorised agent or a pleader, *ex-parte* preceedings will be taken against him.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court, this 12th day of June 1912.

S. WALI-SHAH,
District Judge.

No. 264-*F.E.*—Mr. C. Subrahmanya Ayyar, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, North Western Railway, has been granted privilege leave for two months, with effect from the 6th May 1912.

No. 265-*F.E.*—Mr. T. H. Worgan has been posted as Assistant Accountant General and Examiner of Local Fund Accounts, Bombay, with effect from the 30th May 1912.

Mr. J. S. Milne has been posted as Deputy Accountant General, Madras, with effect from the 4th June 1912.

No. 269-*F.E.*—Mr. P. Raghavendra Rao has been appointed a probationer in the General List of the Indian Finance Department and has been posted to the office of the Accountant General, Bengal, with effect from the 1st June 1912.

No. 271-*F.E.*—Mr. R. D. Thomson, I.C.S., has been placed on special duty in the Finance Department, with effect from the 4th June 1912.

The 21st June, 1912.

No. 280-*F.E.*—Mr. H. B. Rau, Deputy Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been granted privilege leave for six weeks, with effect from the 10th June 1912.

Mr. U. C. Banerjee, a Superintendent in the office of the Comptroller, India Treasuries, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, with effect from the 10th June 1912, and until further orders.

No. 281-*F.E.*—Mr. R. A. O'Connor, an officer of the Indian Finance Department, attached to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, has been granted privilege leave for three months, and in continuation, furlough for one year, with effect from the 25th May 1912.

No. 282-*F.E.*—Mr. G. H. Bailey, Audit Officer, Temporary Works, Delhi, has been granted privilege leave for two months and twenty-six days, with effect from the 14th June 1912.

Mr. R. C. D. Calder, an Officiating Chief Accountant, has been appointed to officiate as Audit Officer, Temporary Works, Delhi, with effect from the 14th June 1912, and until further orders.

H. F. HOWARD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 21st June, 1912.

No. 682-*Accts.*—The following officiating appointment and reversion of Deputy Examiners, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, are made, with effect from the date specified :

From the 4th June 1912 vice *Mr. T. Smith granted privilege leave.*

Mr. A. P. Cody to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

Rai Saheb Satyendra Nath Auditya, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to revert to Superintendent.

No. 683-*Accts*—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :

Lieutenant-Colonel T. H. Henderson, I.A., Controller of Military Accounts, (Medical Certificate) for four months.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

2

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 22nd June, 1912.

No. 4641-75.—The Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following promotion and reversions in the Superior Establishment of the Indian Telegraph Department, with effect from the dates specified :—

Name.	From	To	Nature of promotion.	With effect from
Mr. H. S. Styan ...	Director, 2nd class, temporary.	Director, 3rd class.	Reversion ...	6th November 1911.
Mr. H. S. Styan ...	Director, 3rd class.	Director, 2nd class.	Sub. *pro tem.* ...	5th December 1911.
Mr. J. W. Hensley ...	Director, 2nd class, temporary.	Director, 3rd class.	Reversion ...	5th December 1911.

This cancels the notifications referring to these two officers in this Department's Notification No. 1000-36, dated the 3rd of February 1912.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 22nd June, 1912.

No. 4645-92.—Mr. K. A. K. Hallowes Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with study leave for nine months, with effect from the 3rd July 1912 or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of the leave.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

The 22nd June, 1912.

No. 4733-91.—Mr. S. C. W. Rose, Superintendent of Post Offices, 2nd grade, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Postmaster General, 3rd grade, Bengal, with effect from the 29th May 1912 and until further orders, in the arrangements *vice* Mr. W. J. O'Grady, Officiating Deputy Postmaster General, 1st grade, Bengal, on privilege leave.

Babu Amulya Nath Roy, Superintendent of Post Offices, 3rd grade and Personal Assistant to the Postmaster General, Bengal, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Deputy Postmaster General, Bengal, in addition to his own duties, for the period from the 24th to the 28th May 1912, both days inclusive.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 22nd June, 1912.

No. 4752-2.—The following reversion and temporary promotion of officers in the Imperial Customs Service are notified, with effect from the 16th June 1912 :—

Name.	From	To
Mr. A. H. Lloyd, I.C.S., *on leave* ...	Assistant Collector, Class II, sub. *pro tem.*	Assistant Collector, Class III, substantive.
Mr. N. Walker, I.C.S.	Assistant Collector, Class II, officiating.	Assistant Collector, Class II, sub. *pro tem.*

R. E. ENTHOVEN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st June 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 600.—Colonel K. E. Lean, C.B., British Service, to be Inspector of Volunteers, *vice* Major-General W. du G. Gray, C.B., vacated, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 28th April 1912.

No. 601.—Colonel W. F. Cockburn, British Service, to be Inspector of Royal Garrison Artillery, *vice* Brigadier-General H. P. Hickman, vacated, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 1st June 1912.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 602.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following officiating appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff :—

Captain A. A. Tod, 2nd Battalion, The Rifle Brigade (The Prince Consort's Own), Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Viceroy, to officiate as Comptroller of the Household, in addition to his own duties, *vice* Captain J. Mackenzie, C.I.E., 35th Sikhs, granted eight months' combined leave from the 19th March to 18th November 1912, the first ninety days being privilege leave.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 603.—The undermentioned military pupils, having passed their final examination, to be 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 15th April 1912:—

Luis Damian Chrysostom Menezes.
Cecil Gerald Sedgeley Corner.
Francis Gregory Martin.
James Hartigan Bartley.
Albert Edward Leavers.
Mervyn Joseph D'Silva.
Harold Arthur Thompson Wells.
Ernest Victor Lupprian.
George Norton D'Santos.
Wilfred Edwin Rodgers.
Malcolm Joseph Nicholas.
Frederick Kinchant Blakeman Quanbrou.
Anthony Herbert Brodie.
Eustace Weville Colvin Woutersz.
John Luke Isidore D'Silveira.
Joseph Celestin Pereira.
William Harold Thyne.
Hubert Thomas Giblin.
Walter Nicholas Sargent.
Paul Edwin Cordeiro.
Henry Gordon Montgomery Campbell.
William Herbert Bailie.
Edwin Brook Holt.
Bosworth Vincent.
Joseph Francis Clarence Rose'Meyer.
Charles Michael DeCunha.
Charles Devine.
Patrick James Donoghue.
Robert Douglas Mason.
Heyward Norman Murphy.
William Johnson.
Louis Bernard Cooper.
Leslie Hope Fairbairn Michael.
Roderick Paul Lewis.
John Parnell McGuire.
Harold Andrew Fruvall.

William Wiseman Bailly Dransfield.
Albert Edward Martin.
Lawrence John Lawrie.
Charles Joseph Smith.
Ronald Binnie Forbes.
Richard Campbell Gale.
James Edward Sweeney.
Anao Saturnino Rego.
Thomas Edmund Garthwaite.
Irenaeus Pinto Phillips.
Herbert John Bedell.
Patrick Joseph Doran.
Arthur James Hixon.
James Roland Cartner.
Dennis Donald James Major.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 604.—The following extract is published for general information:—

"London Gazette," dated the 23rd April 1912, page 2903.

* * * * * * * *

India Office,
April 23, 1912.

The KING has approved of the following appointments:—

Major-General Edward Charles William Mackenzie-Kennedy, C.B., Commanding Bangalore Brigade, to be Colonel of the 61st King George's Own Pioneers.

Major-General Sir James Alexander Bell, K.C.V.O., Commanding Aden Brigade, to be Colonel of the 42nd Deoli Regiment.

The KING has approved of the promotion of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Army Departments:—

INDIAN ARMY.

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Dated 13th February 1912.

Skipton Hill Climo, D.S.O., Commandant, 24th Punjabis.

Dated 3rd March 1912.

Henry King MacGeorge, 117th Mahrattas.

Captains to be Majors.

Dated 7th March 1912.

Robert Blackall Graham, 33rd Punjabis.
Ernest Frederick Orton, 37th Lancers (Baluch Horse).
Robert John Cuming, 12th Pioneers (the Kelat-i-Ghilzie Regiment).
Bertram Charles Kauntze, 86th Carnatic Infantry.
Bernard Underwood Nicolay, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
Duncan Alured Elmsly Will, Military Accounts Department.
William Ogilvie Grant, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.
Gustavus Arthur Perreau, 4th Gurkha Rifles.
Robert James Hilson, 91st Punjabis (Light Infantry).
Walter John Lambert, 29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).
Harold Tatum, The 101st Grenadiers.

INDIAN ARMY DEPARTMENTS.

To be Assistant Commissary with the honorary rank of Lieutenant.

Conductor James Garrett Coleburt. Dated 2nd December 1911.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Army :—

ON TRANSFER TO THE SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

Captain to be Captain.

William Brown, from the Army Service Corps. Dated 9th March 1912, but to rank from 22nd May 1909. Captain Brown's rank as Lieutenant is postdated to 22nd August 1902.

The KING has approved of the retirement of the following officers of the Indian Army and Indian Medical Service :—

INDIAN ARMY.

Major-General John Walter Graham Tulloch, C.B. Dated 1st April 1912.

Brevet-Colonel Charles Arnulph Shrewsbury Montgomery. Dated 29th March 1912.

Brevet-Colonel Hugh David McIntyre. Dated 15th April 1912.

Brevet-Colonel Henry Bathurst Vaughan. Dated 17th April 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Edward Hyde Cates. Dated 7th April 1912.

Lieutenant-Colonel George Frederick Chenevix-Trench, C.I.E. Dated 10th April 1912.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

Colonel Francis Casement Reeves. Dated 21st November 1911.

* * * * * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 605.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

10th May 1912.

Walter Henry Brown, Commandant, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry.

30th May 1912.

Kenneth James Grant Dunolly, Commandant, 122nd Rajputana Infantry.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 606.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Captain to be Major.

28th December 1911.

James Charles Stewart Oxley, F.R.C.S.E.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 607.—No. 149, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Dhondi Nagooji Vizrac to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar, *vice* 2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Jemadar, P. J. Figueredo, seconded for civil employment ; with effect from the 6th May 1912.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 608.—The following promotions are made :—

29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

Risaldar Ahmad Khan to be Risaldar-Major, Ressaidar Jubban Singh to be Risaldar, Jemadar Ghulam Dastaghir Khan to be Ressaidar and Kote-Dafadar Mir Haidar Ali to be Jemadar, *vice* Shaikh Muhammad Afzal Husain, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

1st Brahmans.

Havildar Mahesar Dube to be Jemadar, *vice* Ramratan Misr, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th May 1912.

14th King George's Own Ferozepore Sikhs.

Jemadar Lal Singh to be Subadar and Havildar Wazir Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Kala Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th May 1912.

62nd Punjabis.

Jemadar Narain Singh, I.O.M., to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Gulzara Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Attr Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1912.

73rd Carnatic Infantry.

Subadar Abdur Rahim to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Duraisami to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Bhagavati to be Jemadar, *vice* Azhagarsami, *Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 13th January 1912.

Jemadar Muhammad Mustofa to be Subadar and Havildar Abdul Aziz Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Muhammad Yakub, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th March 1912.

Jemadar Abdul Ghafur to be Subadar and Havildar Shaikh Inayatullah to be Jemadar, *vice* Shamsuddin, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 24th April 1912.

97th Deccan Infantry.

Jemadar Bhagwan Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Ramdhari Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Lachman Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 27th April 1912.

112th Infantry.

Jemadar Toda Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Shiu Ram Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Jiu Raj, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 14th May 1912.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

6th Mule Corps.

No. 609.—Kote-Dafadar Sham Singh, appointed Jemadar on probation, is confirmed in that rank; with effect from the 9th June 1911.

SPECIAL.

No. 610.—With reference to paragraph 305, Army Regulations, India, Volume II, the undermentioned officer having been absent from military duty for ten years, is transferred to the Supernumerary List, with effect from the date specified:—

Captain George Robert Keppel Williams, Assistant Commissioner, 3rd Grade, Burma,—20th June 1912.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 611.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the date specified:—

Conductor Joseph Charlton, Ordnance Department, Southern Army,—6th May 1912.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 612.—No. 1135, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kartar Singh is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 15th July 1912.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Behar Light Horse.

No. 613.—Major Townley Richard Filgate, V.D., is granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated 1st April 1912.

Bombay Light Horse.

No. 614.—The Hon'ble Captain (Honorary Major) Sir Henry Edward Edleston Procter, Kt., Honorary Aide-de-Camp to His Excellency the Viceroy, to be Major to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Herbert Stanley Reed to be Captain, *vice* Sir H. E. E. Procter, Kt., promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Duncan William Wilson to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. S. Reed, promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

Bombay Volunteer Artillery.

(Electrical Engineer Company.)

No. 615.—Lieutenant Newman Taylor to be Captain, *vice* B. Triggs, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 26th April 1912.

Simla Volunteer Rifles.

No. 616.—Lieutenant George William Marshall to be Captain, *vice* B. J. Gould, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1912.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No. 617.—Captain Albert Hedley Jackman, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated 21st May 1912.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 618.—Louis Marshall to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* M. H. Reynolds, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 10th May 1912.

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 619.—Lieutenant-Colonel Henry Burvill Holmes, V.D., to be Commandant, *vice* C. A. R. Browne (Colonel, R. E.), resigned. Dated 1st February 1912.

Second Lieutenant Henry Owen Weller to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

2nd Battalion, Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 620.—Captain (Honorary Major) Seymour Charles Gore Wood, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Baluchistan Volunteer Rifles.

No. 621.—Captain (Honorary Major) James Shaw, V.D., resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

2nd (Presidency) Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles:

No. 622.—Lieutenant Alphonse Marie Leonard Vonck, V.D., resigns his commission and is granted the honorary rank of Captain, on retirement, with permission to wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated 1st April 1912.

Kolar Gold Fields Rifle Volunteers.

No. 623.—Lieutenant Percy Meyrick Morris Davies to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Harry Chynowith Richards resigns his commission. Dated 1st April 1912.

Lieutenant Albert Edward Hammill to be Captain, *vice* F. T. Roskrow, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Gerald Routh Jones to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant Arnold Baker to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. E. Hammill, promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

Second Lieutenant John Stephens to be Lieutenant, *vice* H. C. Richards, resigned. Dated 1st April 1912.

Thomas Pryor to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* A. Baker, promoted. Dated 1st April 1912.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No 624.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Behar Light Horse.

Lieutenant John Bowman Norman.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 625.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 24 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to amend the Cantonment Code, 1912, to the extent set forth below :—

After section 4, the following shall be inserted :—

"*Exception.*—In the Cantonment of Landour the non-official members of the cantonment committee may be appointed from among owners of property in the Cantonment who are resident in the Mussoorie Municipality."

After section 7, sub-section (1), the following shall be inserted :—

"*Exception.*—Monthly meetings of the cantonment committee of Landour are not obligatory during the winter season from November to March yearly."

B. HOLLOWAY, *Colonel,*
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 21st June 1912.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 36.—Commander A. Hamilton, Royal Indian Marine, Port Officer, Bassein, is granted an extension in that appointment up to the 29th May 1912.

No. 37.—The services of Commander A. St. C. Bowden, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma, for employment as Port Officer, Bassein, *vice* Commander A. Hamilton, Royal Indian Marine ; with effect from the 30th May 1912.

No. 38.—The following appointment has been made in the Royal Indian Marine by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India, with effect from the 8th February 1912 :—

To be Sub-Lieutenant.

Roderick Alastair Hugh McConnell.

B. HOLLOWAY, *Colonel,*
Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 19th June, 1912.

No. 78.—Mr. H. J. Rogers, Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, *vice* Mr. S. C. Lahiri, Superintendent, 3rd grade, and Officiating Superintendent, 2nd grade, granted privilege leave.

No. 79.—Mr. C. Pratt, Senior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 1, Calcutta, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with special leave for three months under articles 233, 260 and 316 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 22nd March 1912.

Railway Board's Notification No. 394, dated the 16th February 1912, is cancelled.

No. 80.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a survey being carried out by the agency of the Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway Company for a line of railway on the metre gauge from Jharekapur station on the Lucknow-Bareilly Railway to the banks of the Chouka river, a distance of about 20 miles.

This survey will be known as the Jharekapur Chouka river Railway Survey.

No. 81.—Mr. F. C. Freeman, Assistant Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Storekeeper on that railway with effect from the 1st May 1912, *vice* Mr. F. W. Thorp, Storekeeper, on combined leave.

Mr. Freeman will officiate in class II during the privilege leave portion of Mr. Thorp's leave and thereafter hold temporary rank in class II, grade 4.

No. 82.—Mr. W. M. McGregor, Assistant Storekeeper, Eastern Bengal Railway, is promoted from class III, grade 3, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, to class III, grade 2, sub. *pro tem.*, with effect from the date he took over charge of the Kanchrapara Depôt and until further orders.

The 20th June, 1912.

No 83.—Captain L. E. Hopkins, R.E., Executive Engineer, Karachi Extension Railway Survey, is granted special examination leave for one month and twenty-one days, under paragraph 864 of Chapter VII of the State Railway Construction Code, with effect from the 30th May 1912, or subsequent date.

No. 84.—Mr. Ivor Lightowler is appointed a probationary Assistant Storekeeper, in class III, grade 4, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, and posted to the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

No. 85.—Major W. D. Waghorn, R.E., Deputy Manager, North Western Railway, is, on return from leave, appointed to officiate as Manager of that railway, with effect from the 3rd June 1912, during the absence of the Hon'ble Sir H. P. Burt, K.C.I.E., on privilege leave or until further orders.

The 21st June, 1912.

No. 86.—Mr. W. H. Young, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, sub. *pro tem.* of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in class II, with effect from the 18th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 87.—Mr. T. C. Hales, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in class II, with effect from the 24th April 1912 and until further orders.

No. 88.—Mr. C. C. T. Brereton, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in class II, with effect from the 1st May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 89.—Mr. F. R. Hawkes, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 2, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent on that Railway in class II, with effect from the 3rd May 1912 and until further orders.

No. 90.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 64, dated the 1st June 1912, Mr. F. H. Reaks, District Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, in class II, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a Deputy Traffic Superintendent in class I of that establishment.

No. 91.—The following permanent promotions are ordered in the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st April 1912:

Names	From	To
Milki Ram, Rai Bahadur ...	Class II, grade 2	Class II, grade 1.
Wadley, F. W.	Class II, grade 2, and Officiating Chief Storekeeper.	Class II, grade 1, and Officiating Chief Storekeeper.
Meade, G. A.	Class II, grade 4	Class II, grade 3.
Thorp, F. W.	Class II, grade 4	Class II, grade 3.
Langer, C. F.	Class II, grade 4	Class II, grade 3.
Muirhead, A. K.	Class III, grade 3	Class III, grade 2.
Mahony, F. V.	Class III, grade 3	Class III, grade 2.

No. 92.—In the first column of the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 230, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain local authorities by the Administration of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway,

for "Belgaum ditto" *read* "Belgaum Cantonment"

for "Bijapur ditto" *read* "Bijapur Municipality"

for "Tirupati ditto" *read* "Tirupati Municipality".

No. 93.—In pursuance of sub-section 2 (1) of Section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No 230, dated the 24th August 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the Schedule hereto annexed the additional tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authority.	Tax.
1	2
Tirupati Municipality	Water-tax.

No. 94.—In the first column of the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 219, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain local authorities by the Administration of the Bengal Nagpur Railway,

for "Parvatipuram do" *read* "Parvatipuram Union"

for "Ranchi do" *read* "Ranchi Municipality".

No. 95—In pursuance of sub section (1) of Section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 219, dated the 24th August 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Bengal Nagpur Railway shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the local authorities set out in the Schedule hereto annexed, the additional taxes specified against each in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authorities.	Taxes.
1	2
Berhampore Municipality	Water and drainage taxes.
Parlakimedi ditto	House and land taxes.
Unsani Union	Chowkidari tax.
Bhubaneshwar Union	Chowkidari tax.
Ramrajatollah Union	Chowkidari tax.

No. 96.—In the first column of the schedule annexed to the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 235, dated the 24th August 1911, specifying the taxes payable in aid of the funds of certain local authorities by the Administration of the South Indian Railway,

for " Tiruvannamalai do " *read* " Tiruvannamalai Municipality "

for " Polur do " *read* " Polur Union "

for " Tirupattur do " *read* " Tirupattur Municipality "

for " Krishnagiri do " *read* " Krishnagiri Union "

for " Wellington Cantonment Committee—House tax and Scavenging fees " *read* " Wellington Cantonment—House and Water taxes and Scavenging fees ".

No. 97.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of Section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 235, dated the 24th August 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the South Indian Railway shall be liable to pay, in aid of the funds of the local authorities set out in the Schedule hereto annexed the additional taxes specified against each in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

Local authorities.	Taxes.
1	2
Erode Municipality	Land tax.
Trichinopoly Municipality	Land tax.
Karur Municipality	Land tax.
Chingleput Municipality	Land tax.

No. 98.—The following permanent promotions are ordered in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Traffic Department, with effect from the 1st April 1912:

Names.	From	To
Sage, H. C. V.	Class II, grade 2 ...	Class II, grade 1.
Stowell, A. T.	Ditto	Ditto.
Watson, A.	Ditto	Ditto.
William, S. E. S.	Class II, grade 3 ...	Class II, grade 2.
Sparke, H. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
Reaks, F. H.	Ditto	Ditto.
Haldar, N. C.	Ditto	Ditto.
Trench, J. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
Keelan, D. H.	Class II, grade 5 ...	Class II, grade 4.
Sandys, U. C.	Ditto	Ditto.

Names.	From	To
Watson, Capt. C. S. M C., R.E. ...	Class II, grade 6 ...	Class II, grade 4.
Trevor, D. B.	Ditto	Ditto.
Chanan Din, Khan Sahib	Class III, grade 1, and Class II, *officiating*.	Class II, grade 5.
Khair Din, Khan Sahib	Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 5, *temporary*.	Ditto.
Hawkes, F. R.	Class III, grade 2 ...	Class III, grade 1.
Baxter, R. H. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
Jackson, F.	Ditto	Ditto.
Ritchie, C. S.	Ditto	Ditto.
Manson, S. D, ...	Ditto	Ditto.
Yeld, P. H.	Class III, grade 3 ...	Class III, grade 2.
Raynor, V. O.	Ditto	Ditto.
Nicolls, R. N.	Ditto	Ditto.
Meakins, H. W.	Ditto	Ditto.
Fraustadt, Lt. L., R.E.	Ditto	Ditto.

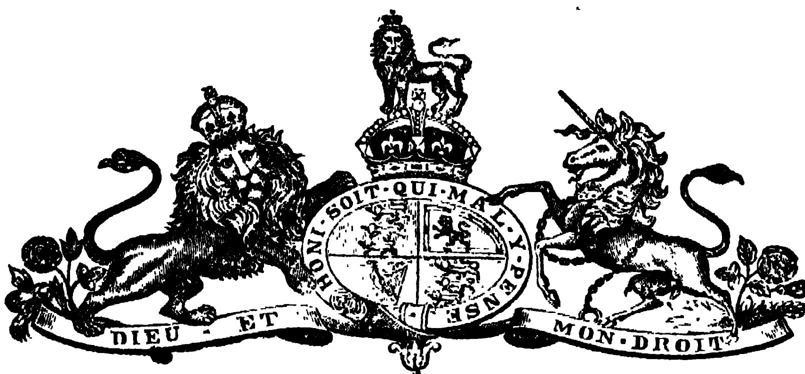
No. 99.—Mr. N. D. Calder, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway, is promoted from class III, grade 1, to class II, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways with effect from the 11th April 1912.

No. 100.—The following permanent promotions are ordered in the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Locomotive Department, with effect from the 1st April 1912 :

Names.	From	To
Wright, G. E.	Class II, grade 2 ...	Class II, grade 1.
Pearse, A. E.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
White, H. G. N.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Kirkhope, K. M.	Class II, grade 3 ...	Class II, grade 2.
Burton, E.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Smellie, J. H.	Class II, grade 3, and Officiating Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in Class I.	Class II, grade 2, and Officiating Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, Class I.
Cole, H. L.	Class II, grade 4 ...	Class II, grade 3, s. p. t.
Gregson, J. A.	Class II, grade 5 ...	Class II, grade 4.
McPherson, D. L.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Furley, H. D.	Class III, grade 1, and Class II, grade 5, *temporary*.	Class II, grade 5.
Thomson, G.	Class III, grade 2, and Class II, *officiating*.	Class III, grade 1 and Class II, grade 5, *temporary*.
Crosbie, A.	Class III, grade 2 ...	Class III, grade 1.
Brown, H. A.	Class III, grade 3 ...	Class III, grade 2.
Whalley, F. S.	Ditto ...	Ditto.
Mitchell, W. G.	Ditto ...	Ditto.

R. C. F. VOLKERS,

Secretary, Railway Board.



SUPPLEMENT TO

The Gazette of India.

No. 25.] SIMLA, SATURDAY, JUNE 22, 1912.

OFFICIAL PAPERS.

A SUPPLEMENT *to the* GAZETTE OF INDIA *will be published from time to time, containing such Official Papers and information as the Government of India may deem to be of interest to the Public, and such as may usefully be made known. The Debates of the Legislative Council of His Excellency the Governor General will in future be published in* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE *may receive the* SUPPLEMENT *separately on a payment of five Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or eight Rupees if sent by Post. The* SUPPLEMENT *and* PART VI *of the* GAZETTE *can also be subscribed for separately on a payment of Rupees six per annum if delivered in Calcutta or Rupees nine if sent by Post.*

No Official Orders or Notifications, the Publication of which in the GAZETTE OF INDIA *is required by Law, or which it has been customary to publish in the* CALCUTTA GAZETTE, *will be included in the* SUPPLEMENT. *For such Orders and Notifications the body of the* GAZETTE *must be looked to.*

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Rainfall summary for the seven days ending at 8 hrs. on Thursday, the 20th June 1912, based on the Indian Daily Weather Reports of the period.

1. As during the preceding week, the Arabian Sea monsoon gave rain mainly on the west coast of the Peninsula. Beyond a few scattered thundershowers no rainfall of importance occurred in the interior of the Peninsula and the Central Provinces. In north-west India weather was practically dry, except in Gujarat where nearly general rain fell towards the end of the week owing to the northward extension of the monsoon.

Rainfall was of daily occurrence in Burma and some large amounts were reported from the coast districts; but in northeast India only occasional rainfall occurred, chiefly in Assam and the east of Bengal. The rest of northeast India, the United Provinces and Central India were practically rainless throughout the week.

2. Temperature was unusually high in Rajputana, Central India, the Central Provinces and the Deccan, and during the second part of the week in the Punjab and the United Provinces.

3. *Burma.*—Rainfall was nearly general over the whole province up to the 16th, but after that it decreased considerably in Upper Burma.

Northeast India, including Orissa.—Rainfall was very unsteady and occurred chiefly in Assam and Bengal.

The United Provinces, Central India and the Central Provinces.—Only a few scattered falls of rain were reported.

Northwest India.—Gujarat is the only area where rainfall of any importance occurred.

The Peninsula.—Owing to the failure of the monsoon to extend inland rainfall was restricted almost entirely to the west coast, only a few showers occurring in other parts of the Peninsula.

4. The chief daily falls of rain were as follows:—

June 13th. Port Blair 4·44", Victoria Point 2·81", Tavoy 4·45", Moulmein 3·67", Akyab 6·25", Yamethin 1·13", Monywa 1·20", Chittagong 1·43", Mangalore 1·58" and Trivandrum 1·48".

„ 14th. Tavoy 2·95", Kyaukpyu 7·52", Minbu 2·45", Maymyo 1·28", Cox's Bazar 1·16", Mangalore 3·22" and Calicut 2·61".

„ 15th. Slipper Island 2·80", Mergui 3·63", Moulmein 5·10", Bassein 3·68", Monywa 2·40", Cox's Bazar 2·00", Karwar 1·21" and Cochin 2·05".

„ 16th. Slipper Island 4·80", Tavoy 4·24", Akyab 2·06", Bhamo 1·72", Silchar 1·02", Darjiling 1·57", Ratnagiri 2·38", Karwar 3·40" and Cochin 1·56".

„ 17th. Slipper Island 3·90", Victoria Point 3·20", Mergui 2·46", Akyab 2·78", Rajkot 1·20", Ratnagiri 3·86", Mercara 1·87" and Cochin 1·37".

„ 18th. Tavoy 2·90", Moulmein 4·71", Silchar 3·13", Darjiling 1·19", Cox's Bazar 2·40", Jessore 3·12", Sambalpur 1·61", Dwarka 0·60", Veraval 3·56", Ahmadabad 1·53", Bombay 1·29", Goa 3·86", Marmagao 3·83" and Cochin 2·18".

„ 19th. Moulmein 2·05", Diamond Island 1·70", Myitkyina 1·37", Tezpur 1·25", Cox's Bazar 3·82", Saugor Island 2·51", Ranchi 1·73", Mukteswar 2·44", Rajkot 0·75", Veraval 7·80", Bombay 3·37", Goa 3·51", Belgaum 0·97", Calicut 8·20", Cochin 5·58", Cuddalore 1·55" and Madras 1·41".

5. The week's rainfall has exceeded the normal in Burma, Gujarat, Malabar and Madras Southeast, and has been practically normal in the Bay Islands, the Konkan and Hyderabad North.

The rainfall of the period from the 3rd of May to date differs from the normal by less than 20 per cent in Burma, Assam, Bengal, Kashmir, Rajputana West, Malabar, Mysore and Madras Southeast. It is 37 per cent in excess in Gujarat, mainly owing to very heavy rain reported from Veraval on the last two days of the week; and is in defect over the rest of the country. The largest deficiencies expressed in inches occur in the Bay Islands (11") and the Konkan (7").

DIVISION.	RAINFALL DATA FOR WEEK ENDING ON 20TH JUNE 1912. Actual rainfall in inches.	Normal rain-fall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	RAINFALL DATA FROM 3RD MAY 1912 TO 20TH JUNE 1912. Actual rainfall of season to date in inches.	Normal rainfall in inches.	Excess or defect in inches.	SEASONAL PERCENTAGE DEPARTURE FROM NORMAL. This week.	Last week.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Bay Islands	5·3	4·7	+0·6	19·1	30·3	—11·2	— 37	— 46
Lower Burma	11·2	8·1	+3·1	33·6	32·3	+ 1·3	+ 4	— 7
Upper Burma	3·0	1·5	+1·5	11·2	10·8	+ 0·4	+ 4	— 12
Assam	1·7	4·4	—2·7	18·3	22·1	— 3·8	— 17	— 6
Bengal	1·4	3·6	—2·2	13·2	16·2	— 3·0	— 19	— 6
Orissa	0·7	2·7	—2·0	4·5	8·6	— 4·1	— 48	— 36
Chota Nagpur	0·9	3·0	—2·1	4·6	7·7	— 3·1	— 40	— 21
Bihar	0·1	2·6	—2·5	4·6	7·4	— 2·8	— 38	— 6
United Provinces, East	0	1·2	—1·2	1·7	2·7	— 1·0	— 37	+ 13
United Provinces, West	0	1·0	—1·0	1·3	2·5	— 1·2	— 48	— 13
Punjab, East and North	0	0·5	—0·5	1·0	1·6	— 0·6	— 37	— 9
Punjab, Southwest	0	0·4	—0·4	0·7	1·0	— 0·3	— 30	+ 17
Kashmir	0·1	0·2	—0·1	3·2	2·9	+ 0·3	+ 10	+ 15
N.-W. Frontier Province	0	0·1	—0·1	0·7	0·9	— 0·2	— 22	— 13
Baluchistan	0	0·1	[illegible]	0·1	0·4	— 0·3	— 75	— 67
Sind	0	0·1	—0·1	0	0·2	— 0·2	—100	—100
Rajputana, West	0	0·5	—0·5	1·0	1·1	— 0·1	— 9	+ 67
Rajputana, East	0·2	0·6	—0·4	1·0	1·8	— 0·8	— 44	— 33
Gujarat	2·5	1·5	+1·0	2·6	1·9	+ 0·7	+ 37	— 75
Central India, West	0·4	1·3	—0·9	0·7	2·9	— 2·2	— 76	— 81
Central India, East	0	2·1	—2·1	0·8	2·8	— 2·0	— 71	+ 14
Berar	0·4	1·6	—1·2	0·4	4·0	— 3·6	— 90	—100
Central Provinces, West	0·3	2·1	—1·8	0·5	4·2	— 3·7	— 88	— 90
Central Provinces, East	0·3	2·3	—2·0	1·6	4·8	— 3·2	— 67	— 48
Konkan	9·4	8·9	+0·5	15·8	22·5	— 6·7	— 30	— 53
Bombay Deccan	0·5	1·3	—0·8	1·7	5·0	— 3·3	— 66	— 68
Hyderabad, North	1·5	1·8	—0·3	2·3	4·0	— 1·7	— 43	— 64
Hyderabad, South	0·2	1·5	—1·3	0·8	4·0	— 3·2	— 80	— 76
Mysore	0·1	0·7	—0·6	5·2	6·4	— 1·2	— 19	— 11
Malabar	10·8	7·8	+3·0	33·2	28·6	+ 4·6	+ 16	+ 8
Madras, Southeast	0·5	0·3	+0·2	3·0	2·9	+ 0·1	+ 3	— 4
Madras Deccan	0·2	0·6	—0·4	1·0	3·2	— 2·2	— 69	— 69
Madras Coast, North	0·2	1·1	—0·9	0·9	4·1	— 3·2	— 78	— 77

GILBERT T. WALKER,
Director-General of Observatories.

E. D. MACLAGAN,
Secretary to the Government of India.

SIMLA;
The 20th June 1912.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

Season and Crop Prospects for the week ending Saturday, 15th June 1912.

Burma.—The rainfall during the week was general and sufficient. Ploughing for winter rice in Lower Burma and sowing of early sesamum, groundnut, cotton and other upland crops in Upper Burma are progressing normally. The condition of cattle is satisfactory. The price of unhusked rice remains very high.

Assam.—(Report not received.)

Bengal.—Rain fell all over the Province except in Malda. The fall was moderate in parts of Jessore, Rangpur, Mymensingh, Bakarganj, Chittagong, Tippera and Noakhali and generally light in the rest of the Province. Preparation of land for winter rice and weeding of jute and autumn rice continue. More rain is wanted for standing crops and for sowing of winter rice seedlings in most districts of the Province. The average price of rice has risen by about 2·7 per cent as compared with last week. Cattle disease is reported from Murshidabad, Khulna, Malda and Noakhali.

Bihar and Orissa.—Light rain was fairly general but the weather was generally hot. Preparation of land continues. Sowing of paddy and autumn crops is going on. Sugarcane, jute and vegetables are doing well. The price of common rice is almost stationary with a tendency to rise. The condition of cattle is good. The supply of fodder and water is sufficient.

United Provinces.—There has been widespread rain throughout the Provinces, most districts receiving at least ½ inch. Sowings have now generally commenced. Sugarcane has been benefited by the rain. Harvesting of extra crops is nearing completion. Sporadic cattle disease is reported but appears to be diminishing. The general condition of agricultural stock is good. The fodder and water supply is sufficient. The general level of prices is steady [illegible] slight upward tendency.

Punjab.—The week was generally wet but hot. Harvesting of wheat still continues and the outturn is normal to good. The condition of extra spring and autumn crops is good. Sowings of autumn crops continue. Cattle are generally healthy but fodder is still scarce. Prices remain high.

North-West Frontier Province.—(Report not received.)

Jammu.—Rainfall *nil*. Prices are fluctuating. Wheat sells from 9 to 20 and maize from 10 to 28 seers per rupee. The condition of standing crops is fair. Fodder is sufficient.

Kashmir.—Slight rain fell during the week. Zamindars are harvesting spring crops and are busy with autumn cultivation. Prices of grain are average and those of oil-seeds cheaper. There is no disease among cattle. Fodder is good.

Rajputana.—Partial rain is reported in all States and in Ajmer-Merwara, varying from slight in the southern States to 202 cents in Kishengarh. The weather is hot and generally cloudy. Preparations for autumn sowings are in progress. The condition of cattle is deteriorating in some places in western, southern, eastern and Central Rajputana owing to deficiency of pasturage. The water supply is generally sufficient except in Kotah but is diminishing in the Hilly Tracts of Mewar and in Merwara. Prices are generally high but steady on the whole. The numbers on relief were :—Merwara, on gratuitous relief 116. In the Dungarpur State there were 803 on works and 19 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Central India.—Slight rain fell in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Baghelkhand, Malwa, Bundelkhand and Bhopawar Agencies. The weather is warm with occasional high winds. Land is being prepared for autumn crops everywhere. The outturn of crops is good in the Gwalior and Bhopawar Agencies. Water is scarce in the Baghelkhand, Bundelkhand, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Cattle disease is prevalent in parts of the Gwalior, Indore, Bhopal, Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies. Fodder is insufficient in parts of the Gwalior and Bhopawar Agencies. Prices are steady in Gwalior and Bundelkhand, are rising in the Malwa and Bhopawar Agencies and normal in Bhopal and Baghelkhand.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows :—Distress continues but is not increasing. There is no wandering or emaciation. The condition of people is good. Prices of food grains range from 10½ to 12 seers per rupee. People are returning to agricultural pursuits in Jobat. Fodder is scarce. The number on relief works was :—Dhar 2,068, Jhabua 1,282, Ali Rajpur 2,498 and Jobat 132. On *takavi* works in Jhabua 314. On gratuitous relief in Dhar 186 and Ali Rajpur 53.

Central Provinces.—The weather continues unsettled. All districts had slight showers of rain except Damoh and Akola. Preparation of land for sowing of autumn

crops is in full swing. Sowing of rice has commenced in rice-producing tracts. Fodder and water are sufficient except in parts of a few districts. Cattle are in good condition. Prices are stationary with slight fluctuations.

Feudatory States.—During the week six States had a sprinkling of rain. Ploughing of land continues and sowing of rice has started in places. Prices are almost stationary.

Bombay.—Good rain fell during the week throughout the Konkan and slight rain in parts of Sind, the Deccan and the Karnatak. Preparation of land for autumn cultivation is progressing generally. Sowing is in progress in the Konkan and in tracts near the Ghats. The fodder supply is generally inadequate. Agricultural stock is deteriorating in parts of Sind, Gujarat and the Deccan and is deficient in parts of the Deccan. The water-supply both for irrigation and drinking purposes is deficient in parts of the Presidency Proper. Prices continue high and have risen in Gujarat.

The weekly report on the famine and scarcity is as follows:—Distress continues throughout the Panch Mahals and parts of Kathiawar. There is no wandering. People on relief works are in good condition and relief measures are adequate. The public health is generally good. Distribution of *takavi* continues. Grain stocks are sufficient. *Bajri* sells at 8 to 9 and maize at 8¼ to 9 seers per rupee. The numbers on relief for the week ending 15th June were:—Panch Mahals, works 47,096, gratuitous 38,846, total 85,942. The numbers on works are rising owing to want of rain. Kathiawar, works 8,422. Ahmedabad, Kaira, the Deccan and the Karnatak, gratuitous 22,366. In the Native States of Kathiawar, Palanpur, Mahi Kantha, Rewa Kantha and Jath there were 8,789 on test works and 5,553 in receipt of gratuitous relief.

Baroda.—The numbers on relief in the Kadi and Amreli districts of the Baroda State for the week ending 15th June were:—13,036 workers, 3,798 dependents on works and 973 on gratuitous relief, total 17,807.

Hyderabad.—Slight scattered showers fell during the week except in the Nander, Usmanabad, Nizamabad and Warangal districts where the rainfall was somewhat general and light to fair. The highest fall was 2 inches 15 cents in Biloli. The average for the Dominions was 33 cents. After the close of the week Nizamabad received 15 cents of rain. Lands continue to be prepared for autumn sowings which have commenced in a few parts. More rain is being awaited. Fodder scarcity prevails in 43 talukas, cattle disease in 8 and water scarcity in 31. Prices:—wheat 6¼, coarse rice 5¾ and *juar* 12¾ seers per rupee, showing a rise of ¼ seer in the price of *juar*. White *juar* is selling at 12¼ seers in Hyderabad City. The highest price in districts is 9 seers in Raichur and the lowest 20 seers in Bir, Parbhani and Nander.

Mysore.—The rainfall was good in Kadur and Shimoga and slight elsewhere. Prices of food grains are generally steady. Markets are well supplied. Standing crops are in good condition and prospects of the season are good. Cattle are healthy. Water and fodder are available.

Coorg.—Rainfall 6 inches 27 cents. Ploughing for and sowing of rice continue. Prices of food grains are rising. The public health is fair. Water and fodder for cattle are sufficient.

Madras.—The rainfall was very heavy on the west coast and light to fair elsewhere. Standing crops are fair to good. Harvesting of dry crops and paddy is proceeding and the outturn is fair to normal. Sowings of dry crops and paddy are proceeding in parts. The condition of cattle is good. Fodder and water are generally sufficient. Prices are stationary.

Statement showing the number of persons in receipt of relief.

Name of Province or State.	Preceding week (Revised).			Present week.			Increase or decrease.
	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	Relief works.	Gratuitous relief and special relief.	Total.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bombay	42,700	39,594	82,294	47,096	38,846	85,942	+3,648
Kathiawar	6,082	...	6,082	8,422	...	8,422	+2,340
Central India States	6,068	242	6,310	6,294	239	6,533	+223
Baroda	16 499	4,109	15,608	13,036	4,771	17,807	+2,199
Rajputana	1'983	19	1,002	803	19	822	−180
Total	67,332	43,964	111,296	75,651	43,875	119,526	+8,230

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.
DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

FAMINE.

Statement showing the number of persons on relief works and in receipt of gratuitous relief in the Districts of British Provinces and in Native States affected by famine or scarcity in India.

For the week ending 8th June 1912.

No.	Name of district or State.	AREA UNDER FAMINE RELIEF. Area affected in square miles.	Estimated population of area in column 3.	Number of persons employed on relief works.	NUMBER OF PERSONS ON GRATUITOUS AND SPECIAL RELIEF. Dependents of relief workers relieved on works.	Relieved in villages, kitchens, poor-houses, etc.	Total.	Grand total on relief.	TRACTS UNDER OBSERVATION AND TEST. Number of persons on test works.	Number of persons in receipt of gratuitous relief.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	BOMBAY.									
	Districts.									
1	Ahmedabad	3,816	827,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	326
2	Panch Mahals	1,006	321,000	[illegible]	714	38,880	39,594	82,294	......	......
3	Kaira ...	1,595	692,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	10,655
4	Ahmednagar	6,586	945,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	4,347
5	Poona ...	2,274	329,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	917
6	West Khandesh.	2,530	230,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	756
7	Sholapur ...	3,097	377,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	1,004
8	Belgaum ...	816	113,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	81
9	Nasik ...	514	72,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	114
10	Bijapur ...	200	45,000	......	......	......	......	......	......	113
11	Dharwar ...	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	......	3
	Native States.									
1	Kathiawar...	(Not known)	...	6,082	......	......	......	6,082	1,879	3,971
2	Rewa Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	4,163	294
3	Palanpur ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	1,057	730
4	Mahi Kantha	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	1
5	Jath ...	(Ditto)	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	441
	Total Bombay	23,004	3,951,000	48,782	714	38,880	39,594	88,376	7,099	23,758
	CENTRAL INDIA STATES.									
1	Jobat ...	140	15,561	85	......	......	......	85	......	......
2	Ali Rajpur...	836	72,454	2,497	......	64	64	2,561	......	......
3	Jhabua ...	84	25,207	1,427	......	......	......	1,427	......	......
4	Dhar ...	456	69,766	2,059	......	178	178	2,237	......	......
	Total Central India States.	1,516	182,988	6,068	......	242	242	6,310	......	......
	BARODA STATE.									
1	Baroda ...	4,370	1,010,431	11,499	3,357	752	4,109	15,608	......	......
	RAJPUTANA.									
	Districts.									
1	Merwara ...	(Not known)	...	......	......	......	......	......	......	115
	Native States.									
1	Dungarpur	(Not known)	...	983	......	19	19	1,002	......	......

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

SANITARY

PLAGUE

Simla, the 2[illegible]th June 1912.

The following preliminary statement of plague seizures and deaths reported in India, during the week ending the 15th June 1912, is published for general information:

Presidency or Province.	Division.	Districts, States, Towns of 50,000 or more inhabitants, and Ports.	Plague seizures.	Plague deaths.
BOMBAY PRESIDENCY AND SIND	Northern	Bombay City	29	27
		Ahmedabad City	...	...
		Ahmedabad District	...	...
		Broach Port	...	...
		Broach District	...	...
		Kaira "	...	...
		Mahi Kantha Agency	...	...
		Palanpur "	...	...
		Rewa Kantha "	...	...
		Bulsar Port	...	...
		Surat Town and Port	[illegible]	...
		Rander Port	...	...
		Surat District	4	8
		Surat Agency	...	...
		Bhiwndi Port	8	1
		Bandra "	...	...
		Mahim "	...	...
		Bassein "	...	...
		Thana "	...	...
		Chinchani Port	1	...
		Thana District	...	...
	Central	Ahmednagar District	...	...
		West Khandesh	...	...
		East Khandesh District	...	...
		Nasik District	...	...
		Poona City	1(a)	1(a)
		Poona District	...	...
		Satara "	8	3
		Sholapur Town	...	...
		Sholapur District	...	...
	Southern	Panvel Port	...	...
		Alibag "	...	...
		Kolaba District	...	...
		Vengurla Port	...	...
		Ratnagiri District	...	...
		Belgaum "	23	16
		Hubli Town	...	...
		Dharwar District	...	...
		Kanara "		
		[illegible]ijapur "	1	
		Bijapur Agency		
		Savantvadi State		

(a) Imported.